GRADE 80%

Linear Programming Quiz

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE 80%

1. What is the minimum number of linear inequalities needed to define the figure pictured below?





✓ Correct

The figure is cut out by 8 flat surfaces. Thus 8 equations are needed.

2. Given a solution to a linear program, one could try to show that it is optimal by finding a matching solution to the dual program. Which of the following theorems will make it easier to do so?

1/1 point

1/1 point

- O Separation of convex sets from outside points by hyperplanes.
- Complementary slackness.
- O Polytopes achieve optimum values at vertices.

✓ Correct

Correct! Complementary slackness tells you that your dual solution only uses equations that are tight in solutions to the primal.

- 3. Which of the following statements are true?
 - A system of linear equations has always 0, 1, or infinitely many solutions.

✓ Correct

This statement is true. Unless there are no solutions, the solution set has some number of free variables. If there are no free variables, there is a unique solution. If there is at least one free variable, there are infinitely many solutions.

🗹 A system of linear equations has a solution unless they can be combined in some combination to give the equation 0=1

This statement is true. There is a solution unless the corresponding row reduced matrix has a row corresponding to this equation, this will happen only if 0=1 can be obtained by combining the original equations.

- A system of n linear equations in n variables always has a unique solution.
- 4. Suppose that you are trying to solve the optimization problem:

0 / 1 point

Maximize $v\cdot x$ subject to $Ax\geq b$ for some $A\in\mathbb{R}^{m\times n}$ (i.e. trying to solve an optimization problem in n variables with m linear inequality constraints).

This problem can be reduced to running a solution finding algorithm on a different system of linear equations in k variables. What is the smallest value of k for which this can be done?

Preview

Incorrect

- 5. What is the largest possible value of x+y achievable by pairs x,y of real numbers satisfying the constraints:

- x <= 7
- y <= 10
- 2x+y <= 21
- -x + 2y <= 12
- 5x-y <= 30

1/1 point

