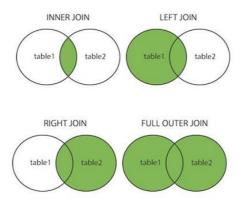
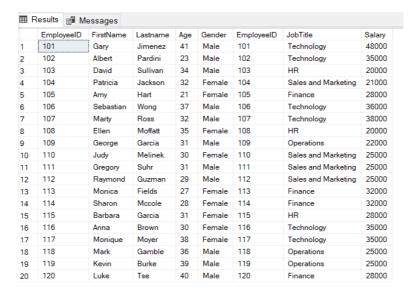
# **Intermediate SQL Queries**



## (1)Inner Join:

Inner join shows information that is overlapping in both tables. In this example, I have queried information common on both the tables based on the employee ID

```
SELECT *
FROM [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeDemographics
Inner Join [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeSalary
ON EmployeeDemographics.EmployeeID = EmployeeSalary.EmployeeID
```

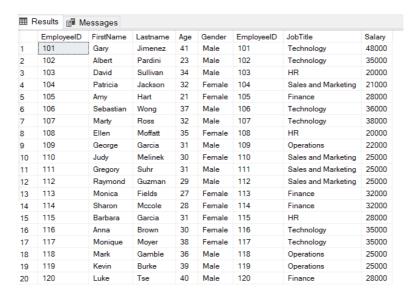


## (2) Full Outer Join:

This shows information on both the tables regardless if there are match

```
SELECT *
FROM [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeDemographics
Full Outer Join [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeSalary
ON EmployeeDemographics.EmployeeID = EmployeeSalary.EmployeeID
```

## Result:



## (3) Left Outer Join:

```
SELECT EmployeeSalary.EmployeeID, FirstName, JobTitle
FROM [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeDemographics
Left Outer Join [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeSalary
ON EmployeeDemographics.EmployeeID = EmployeeSalary.EmployeeID
```

#### Result:

Results							
	Emplo	yeelD	FirstNam	e JobTitle			
1	101		Gary	Technology			
2	102		Albert	Technology			
3	103		David	HR			
4	104		Patricia	Sales and Marketing			
5	105		Amy	Finance			
6	106		Sebastia	n Technology			
7	107		Marty	Technology			
8	108		Ellen	HR			
9	109		George	Operations			
10	110		Judy	Sales and Marketing			
11	111		Gregory	Sales and Marketing			
12	112		Raymon	d Sales and Marketing			
13	113		Monica	Finance			
14	114		Sharon	Finance			
15	115		Barbara	HR			
16	116		Anna	Technology			
17	117		Monique	e Technology			
18	118		Mark	Operations			
19	119		Kevin	Operations			
20	120		Luke	Finance			

## (4) Right Outer Join:

```
SELECT EmployeeDemographics.EmployeeID, JobTitle, Salary
FROM [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeDemographics
Right Outer Join [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeSalary
ON EmployeeDemographics.EmployeeID = EmployeeSalary.EmployeeID
```



Let's try to find out the average salary of all the Sales and Marketing employees

```
SELECT JobTitle, AVG(Salary)

FROM [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeDemographics

Inner Join [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeSalary

ON EmployeeDemographics.EmployeeID = EmployeeSalary.EmployeeID

WHERE Jobtitle = 'Sales and Marketing'

GROUP BY JobTitle
```



# (5) Aliasing:

```
SELECT FirstName + ' ' + LastName AS FullName
FROM [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeDemographics
```



## (6) Partition By:

```
SELECT FirstName, LastName, Gender, Salary,

COUNT(GENDER) OVER (PARTITION BY Gender) as TotalGender

FROM [SQL Queries]..EmployeeDemographics dem

JOIN [SQL Queries]..EmployeeSalary sal

ON dem.EmployeeID = sal.EmployeeID
```

## Result:

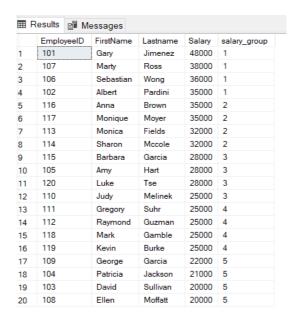


## (7) Ntile:

The following statement uses this function to divide the employees into five buckets based on their salaries:

```
SELECT EmployeeDemographics.EmployeeID, FirstName, Lastname, Salary,
NTILE(5) OVER
(ORDER BY salary DESC)
salary_group
FROM [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeDemographics
Right Outer Join [SQL Queries].dbo.EmployeeSalary
ON EmployeeDemographics.EmployeeID = EmployeeSalary.EmployeeID
```

#### Result:



## (8) Percent rank:

The following statement returns the percentile ranking of employees by their salaries per department:

```
SELECT FirstName, Lastname, Salary, JobTitle,
ROUND(
PERCENT_RANK() OVER (
PARTITION BY JobTitle
ORDER BY salary
)
,2) percentile_rank
FROM [SQL Queries]..EmployeeDemographics dem
JOIN [SQL Queries]..EmployeeSalary sal
ON dem.EmployeeID = sal.EmployeeID
```

Ⅲ F	Results 📳	Messages			
	FirstName	Lastname	Salary	JobTitle	percentile_rank
1	Amy	Hart	28000	Finance	0
2	Luke	Tse	28000	Finance	0
3	Monica	Fields	32000	Finance	0.67
4	Sharon	Mccole	32000	Finance	0.67
5	David	Sullivan	20000	HR	0
6	Ellen	Moffatt	20000	HR	0
7	Barbara	Garcia	28000	HR	1
8	George	Garcia	22000	Operations	0
9	Mark	Gamble	25000	Operations	0.5
10	Kevin	Burke	25000	Operations	0.5
11	Patricia	Jackson	21000	Sales and Marketing	0
12	Judy	Melinek	25000	Sales and Marketing	0.33
13	Gregory	Suhr	25000	Sales and Marketing	0.33
14	Raymond	Guzman	25000	Sales and Marketing	0.33
15	Albert	Pardini	35000	Technology	0
16	Anna	Brown	35000	Technology	0
17	Monique	Moyer	35000	Technology	0
18	Sebastian	Wong	36000	Technology	0.6
19	Marty	Ross	38000	Technology	0.8
20	Gary	Jimenez	48000	Technology	1