

Capstone Project 5

LIVE CLASS MONITORING SYSTEM (FACE EMOTION RECOGNISATION)

Individual Project

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INTRODUCTION

Face Emotion Recognition is Process of Identifying Human Emotion

Facial expressions are a form of nonverbal communication.

There is strong evidence for the universal facial expressions of seven emotions which include: neutral happy, sadness, anger, disgust, fear, and surprise.

It is very important to detect these emotions on the face as it has wide applications in the field of Computer Vision and Artificial Intelligence.

PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Global Education System undergoes rapid changes over last 10 years owing to the advancement of web based learning services, specifically, eLearning platforms. Global E-learning is grown upto 8 times India is expected to grow with a CAGR of 44% crossing the 10M users mark in 2021.
- Despite market growth there are few challenges associated with digital learning when compared to conventional classroom based learning
- Adaptive Teaching: Digital learning provides good quality content but less adaptive for teacher. In a physical classroom teacher can see the faces and assess the emotion of the class and tune their lecture accordingly
- In Digital classrooms it's not possible for medium scale class (25-50) to see all students and access the mood. students are not focusing on content due to lack of surveillance.
- But with the power of AI and Computer Vision and Deep learning backed system not only solves the surveillance issue, but it also removes the human bias from the system, and all information is no longer in the teacher's brain rather translated in numbers that can be analyzed and tracked.
- The proposed solution to this problem is by recognizing facial emotions.

DATA SUMMARY

I have built a deep learning model which detects the real time emotions of students through a webcam so that teachers can understand if students are able to grasp the topic according to students' expressions or emotions and then deploy the model. The model is trained on the FER-2013 dataset .

This dataset consists of 35887 grayscale, 48x48 sized face images with seven emotions - angry, disgusted, fearful, happy, neutral, sad and surprised.

Here is the dataset link:- <https://www.kaggle.com/msambare/fer2013>

- Label Emotion Number of images for Training Number of images for Testing

Label	Emotion	Number of images for Training	Number of images for Testing
0	angry	3995	958
1	disgust	436	111
2	fear	4097	1024
3	happy	7215	1774
4	sad	4830	1247
5	supprised	3171	831
6	neutral	4965	1233

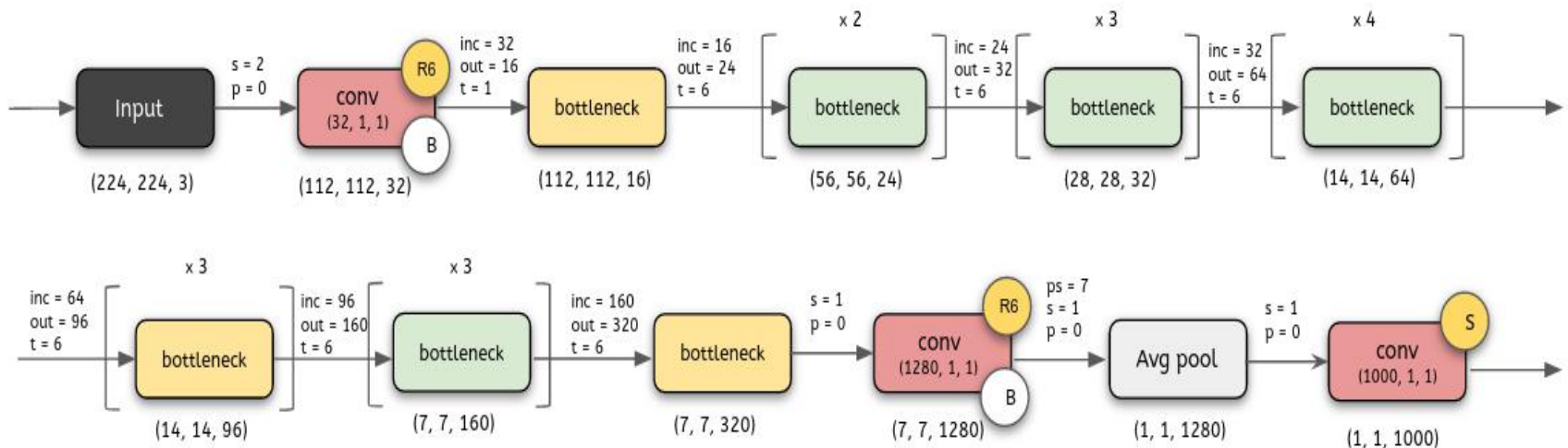
DEPENDENCIES

1. Python 3
2. Tensorflow 2.0
3. Streamlit
4. Streamlit-WebRTC
5. OpenCV

MODEL OVERVIEW

- 1) Transfer learning : MobileNetV2-removing last layer + some additional dense layer + adding Final Layer Contains seven output equivalent to number of classes i.e angry, disgust, fear, happy, neutral, sad, and surprise
- 2) Face Detection : Haar Cascade Classifier
- 3) Building web app via streamlit
- 4) webcam feed image in model via streamlit-webrtc

floor = True (for Pytorch Conv2d)





DEPLOYMENT

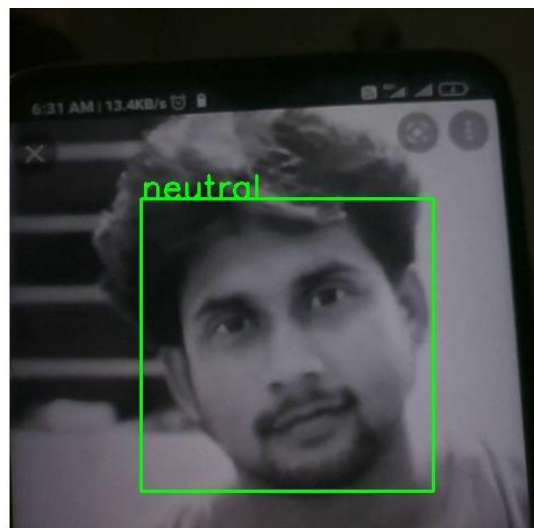
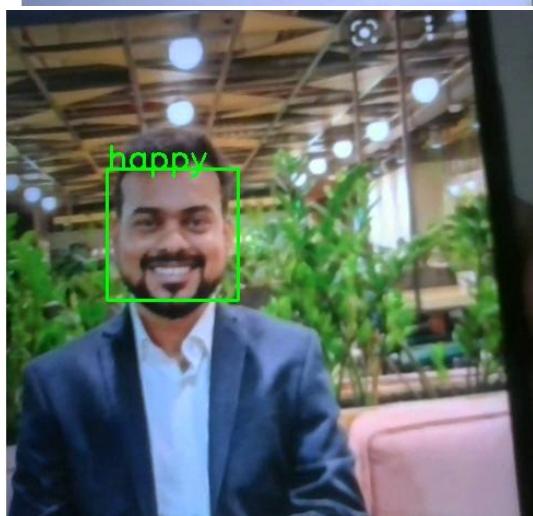
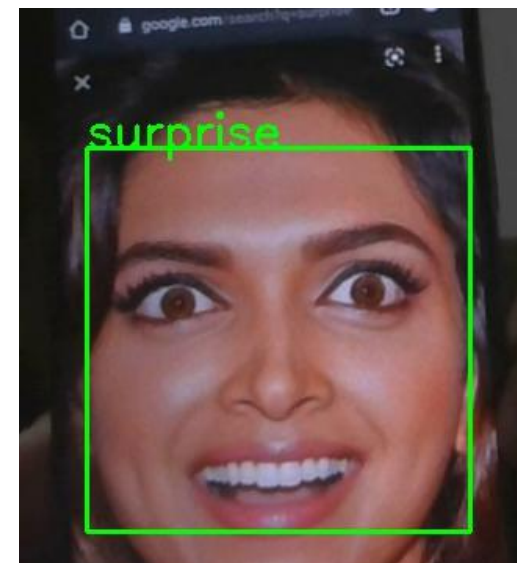
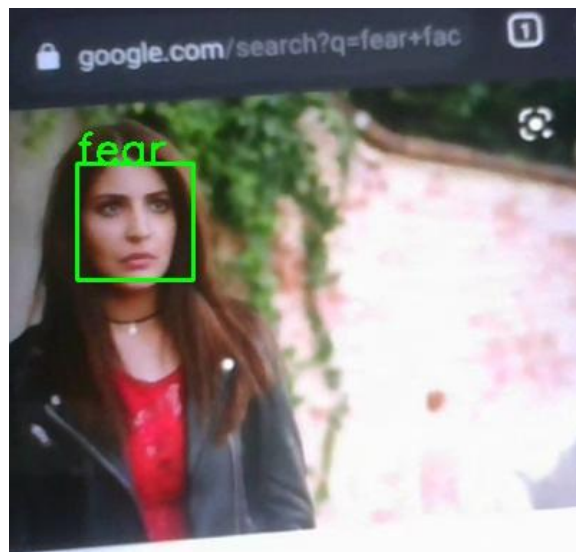
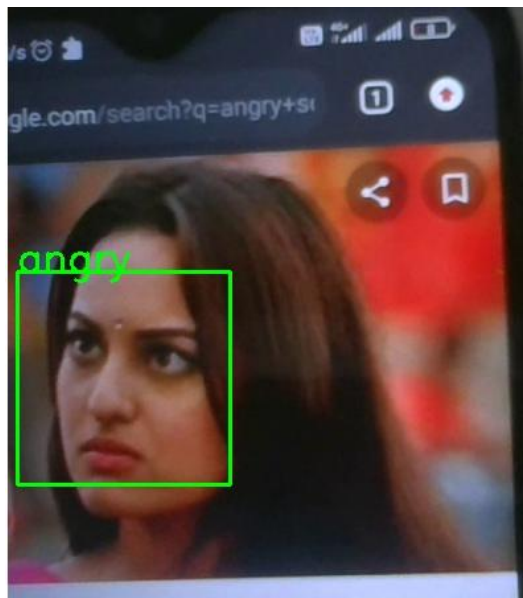
Different type of Deployment Platform such as Azure, Heruko, Streamlit-Sharing, AWS etc.

Used-AWS-EC2-Instance

AWS Link:- <http://18.218.31.105:8501/>

Prediction

AI



Conclusion

- Finally I build the WebApp using streamlit and deployed in Amazon AWS.
- The model which was created by CNN layers gave training accuracy of 95% .

Challenges

- Large Image Dataset to handle.
- Couldn't able to connect GPU with Jupyter Notebook.
- finding the models weights requires lots of training.
- Continuous Runtime and RAM Crash due to large dataset.