spmR: an R package for fMRI data analysis

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Overview

- 1. Software for fMRI data analysis (in R)
- 2. What is spmR?
- 3. What has (NOT) been ported?
- 4. How did we proceed?
- 5. Example
- 6. The future of spmR

Software for fMRI data analysis

- SPM (Matlab)
- FSL (binary, written in C and C++)
- AFNI (binary, written in C)
- BrainVoyager (closed-source)
- ..
- Neuroimaging in Python (http://nipy.sourceforge.net/)

Software for fMRI data analysis in R

- CRAN Task View: Medical Image Analysis
 - AnalyzeFMRI (GLM + ICA, includes tk/tcl based GUI)
 - arf (Activated Region Fitting; uses Gaussian shape spatial models to parameterize active brain regions)
 - **fmri** (structural adaptive smoothing methods)
 - **neuroim** (R-Forge: S4 classes for handling brain imaging data)
 - cudaBayesreg (provides a CUDA implementation of a Bayesian multilevel model for the analysis of brain fMRI data)
- JSS, Vol. 44 (Oct 2011): Special Volume on Magnetic Resonance Imaging in R
 - arf3DS4 (arf with S4 classes)
 - **neuRosim** (simulating fMRI data)

What is spmR?

- spmR is an R package for fMRI data analysis
- spmR is nothing more than an R port of (parts of) the widely used SPM package (http://http://www.fil.ion.ucl.ac.uk/spm)
- for standard fMRI analyses, the **spmR** package can be used as a plugin replacement for SPM, yielding exactly the same results
- spmR can be used instead of SPM:
 - if the Matlab environment is not available (for example in high-performance computing environments)
 - if the fMRI analysis is just a part of a larger pipeline which is entirely written in R
 - if you need to understand what SPM is doing and you are more comfortable reading R code
- only fMRI (no EEG, PET, ...)

How to get it?

- **spmR** is not on CRAN
- you can install it from our local R archive:

- current version: 0.8-1
- no documentation, only source code, a few functions, and 1 example script

Which parts of SPM have been ported?

- using **spmR** you can:
 - read in a 4D nifti file (**spmR** uses Rniftilib)
 - specify your design
 - fit the GLM for each voxel (using the SPM algorithms)
 - optionally write out images for the parameters/residuals
 - specify and estimate one or several T/F contrasts
 - optionally write out contrast images and an $SPM\{T\}$ or $SPM\{F\}$ map
 - corrections for multiple testing (Random Field, FWE only)
 - print the results table

Which parts of SPM have NOT been ported (yet)?

- no GUI
- no preprocessing
- no second-level analysis (multiple subjects)
- multiple sessions: not fully tested
- conjunctions (combining several contrasts): not fully implemented
- FDR: not finished yet
- ..

How did we proceed? (1)

- studying the SPM5 Matlab code + literature: trying to figure out what is happening (somewhere in 2008)
- version 0.1 0.6: translating the 'logic' in R
 - using lm() to fit the regression model
 - writing all c-code in R
 - representation of voxel data: just a 4D array (no spm_vol, spm_get_dat
- big update: from SPM5 to SPM8: many changes
- more updates, more changes, giving up
- version 0.7: starting over again, but staying much closer to the original Matlab code
- version 0.8: adding some c-code again, adding multiple testing code

How did we proceed? (2)

- the source directory in spmR contains two types of files:
 - spm_* files correspond very closely to the original SPM matlab files:

```
spm_add.R
                       spm_fMRI_design.R
                                           spm_P_RF.R
spm_bwlabel.R
                       spm_get_bf.R
                                           spm_Q.R
spm Ce.R
                       spm_get_lm.R
                                           spm_reml.R
spm_clusters.R
                       spm_get_ons.R
                                           spm_resels_vol
spm conman.R
                       spm_getSPM.R
                                           spm_resss.R
spm contrasts.R
                       spm global.R
                                           spmr.R
spm_dctmtx.R
                       spm_hrf.R
                                           spm_sample_vol
spm defaults.R
                       spm_list.R
                                           spm spm.R
spm_dx.R
                       spm_max.R
                                           spm_sp.R
spm_est_smoothness.R
                       spm orth.R
                                           spm_SpUtil.R
spm FcUtil.R
                       spm P Bonf.R
                                           spm_uc.R
spm_filter.R
                       spm_P.R
                                           spm_Volterra.R
```

- spmr * files for user-visible functions
- the SPM object in spmR contains the same fields as the SPM.mat object in Matlab/SPM

Example Matlab file

```
function P = spm_P_Bonf(Z,df,STAT,S,n)
% Returns the corrected P value using Bonferroni
```

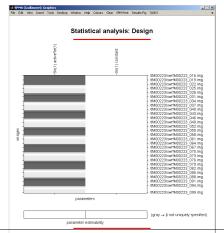
```
if STAT == 'Z'
 P = 1 - spm Ncdf(Z);
elseif STAT == 'T'
  P = 1 - spm_Tcdf(Z, df(2));
elseif STAT == 'X'
 P = 1 - spm Xcdf(Z,df(2));
elseif STAT == 'F'
  P = 1 - spm Fcdf(Z, df);
end
P = S*P.^n;
P = min(P,1);
```

Example R file

```
spm P Bonf <- function(Z,df,STAT,S,n) {
   if(STAT == "Z")  {
        P \leftarrow 1 - pnorm(Z)
    } else if(STAT == "T") {
        P < -1 - pt(Z, df[2])
    } else if(STAT == "X") {
        P \leftarrow 1 - pchisq(Z, df[2])
    } else if(STAT == "F") {
        P \leftarrow 1 - pf(Z, df[1], df[2])
    } else {
         stop ("wrong value for STAT argument", STAT)
    P <- S*P^n
    P < - min(P, 1.0)
```

Example: Auditory dataset from the SPM manual

- the 'auditory fMRI data' from the SPM manual
- single subject/session, 84 scans, block design (30s On, 30s Off)





Statistics: p-values adjusted for search volume

set-level		cluster-level				peak-level							
p 0.000	С	p _{FWE-corr}	q _{FDR-corr}	k _E 1720	p _{uncorr}	p _{FWE-corr}	q _{FDR-corr}	T 13.61	(Z ₌) Inf	p _{uncorr}	mm mm mm		
	12	0.000					0.000				62	-28	10
						0.000	0.000	11.46	Inf	0.000	64	-24	2
						0.000	0.000	10.92	Inf	0.000	66	-12	0
		0.000	0.000	1316	0.000	0.000	0.000	12.93	Inf	0.000	- 58	-22	8
						0.000	0.000	11.63	Inf	0.000	-66	-14	-8
						0.000	0.000	9.60	7.69	0.000	-58	-40	0
		0.000	0.000	156	0.000	0.000	0.000	7.72	6.58	0.000	-38	-30	-18
		0.000	0.002	29	0.001	0.000	0.014	6.68	5.88	0.000	-54	6	46
		0.000	0.000	42	0.000	0.003	0.082	6.15	5.50	0.000	32	-32	-22
						0.025	0.539	5.57	5.07	0.000	40	-34	-20
		0.001	0.023	15	0.012	0.003	0.082	6.15	5.50	0.000	32	-26	12
		0.008	0.238	4	0.159	0.005	0.121	6.03	5.41	0.000	-30	-24	8
		0.005	0.153	6	0.090	0.007	0.169	5.93	5.34	0.000	-38	-26	6
		0.016	0.376	2	0.313	0.013	0.311	5.75	5.20	0.000	44	40	6
		0.024	0.481	1	0.481	0.038	0.814	5.44	4.97	0.000	-48	28	20
		0.016	0.376	2	0.313	0.040	0.833	5.42	4.95	0.000	-38	-26	40
		0.024	0.481	1	0.481	0.046	0.917	5.38	4.92	0.000		-54	

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table shows 3 local maxima more than 8.0mm apart

Height threshold: T = 5.36, p = 0.000 (0.050) Extent threshold: K = 0 voxels, p = 1.000 (0.050) Expected voxels per cluster, «k = 2.128 Expected number of clusters, «c> = 0.05 FWED: 5.359, FDRD: 6.422, FWEC: 1, FDRC: 15 Degrees of freedom = [1.0, 73.0] FWHM = 9.6 9.6 8.3 mm mm mm; 4.8 4.8 4.1 {voxels} Volume: 1821728 = 227716 voxels = 2240.7 resels Voxel size: 2.0 2.0 2.0 mm mm mm; (resel = 94.56 voxels)

specify 1st level (1)

```
library(spmR)
# first session/subject
session1 <- list()
session1$scans <- c("auditory.nii.gz")</pre>
session1$nscans <- 84
# first condition
condition1 <- list(name="Condition 1",</pre>
                    onset=c(6, 18, 30, 42, 54, 66, 78),
                    duration=6
session1$cond <- list(condition1)
```

specify 1st level (2)

bf.name = hrf (with time and dispersion derivatives) "

estimate model

```
SPM <- spmr_fmri_estimate(SPM, method="classical")</pre>
```

specify and estimate t - contrasts

inference: compute (corrected) p-values

```
Table <- spmr_results(SPM, type="table")
# print table
round(Table[,c(1,2,3,5,6,7,9,10,11,12,13,14)], 3)
attr(Table, "footer")</pre>
```

					_		_					_
	Р	c cl.p.FWE	.corr	Cl.kE	cl.p.unc p	.FWE.corr	T	(Z) p	.unc	х	Y	Z
1	0	12	0.000	1720	0.000	0.000	13.611	Inf	0	62	-28	10
2	NA	NA	NA	. NA	. NA	0.000	11.458	Inf	0	32	-32	-22
3	NA	NA	NA	. NA	. NA	0.000	10.924	Inf	0	40	-34	-20
4	NA	NA	0.000	1316	0.000	0.000	12.934	Inf	0	-58	-22	8
5	NA	NA	NA	. NA	. NA	0.000	11.629	Inf	0	32	-32	-22
6	NA	NA	NA	. NA	. NA	0.000	9.604	7.694	0	40	-34	-20
7	NA	NA	0.000	156	0.000	0.000	7.724	6.582	0	-38	-30	-18
8	NA	NA	0.000	29	0.001	0.000	6.682	5.883	0	-54	6	46
9	NA	NA	0.000	42	0.000	0.003	6.153	5.504	0	32	-32	-22
10	NA	NA	NA	. NA	. NA	0.025	5.567	5.066	0	-32	-32	-20
11	NA	NA	0.001	15	0.012	0.003	6.151	5.503	0	32	-26	12
12	NA	NA	0.008	4	0.159	0.005	6.031	5.415	0	-30	-24	8
13	NA	NA	0.005	6	0.090	0.007	5.927	5.338	0	-38	-26	6
14	NA	NA	0.016	2	0.313	0.013	5.745	5.201	0	44	40	6
15	NA	NA	0.024	1	0.481	0.038	5.439	4.967	0	-48	28	20
16	NA	NA	0.016	2	0.313	0.040	5.422	4.954	0	-38	-26	40
17	NA	NA	0.024	1	0.481	0.046	5.384	4.924	0	64	-54	-8

- > attr(Table, "footer")
- [1] "Height threshold: T = 5.36, p = 0.000 (0.050)"
- [2] "Extent threshold: k = 0 voxels, p = 1.000 (0.050)"
- [3] "Expected voxels per cluster, <k> = 2.128"
- [4] "Expected number of clusters, <c> = 0.05"
- [5] "FWEp: 5.359, FDRp: NA, FWEc: NA, FDRc: NA"
- [6] "Degrees of freedom = [1.0, 73.0]"
- [7] "FWHM = 9.6 9.6 8.3 mm mm mm; voxels = 4.8 4.8 4.1 {voxels}"
- [8] "Volume: 1821728 = 227716 voxels = 2240.7 resels"
- [9] "Voxel size: 2.0 2.0 2.0 mm mm mm; (resel = 94.56 voxels)"

The future of spmR

- once your package is on CRAN, people will start using it, and ask for support, more features, . . .
- I do not wish to be the maintainer of such a package (cfr. lavaan)
- spmR as part of a larger package for fMRI data analysis?

• open for discussion