## SPRING CORE ASSIGNMENT

#### **SECTION A**

- 1) Create an Address class with the following attributes:- street, city, state, zip, country
- 2) Create an Customer class with the following attributes:- customerId, customerName, customerContact, customerAddress.
- 3) Inject the Address bean into Customer bean using setter injection
- 4) Create a Test class with main() method, get Customer bean from ApplicationContext object and print details of Customer.
- 5) Also write the JUnit Test cases for above program.
- 6) Modify the above application and inject the bean using constructor injection
  - Use XML based Configuraion.

```
Address.java
```

```
public class Address {
      private String street;
      private String city;
      private String state;
      private String country;
      private int zip;
      //constructor
      public Address(String street,String city, String state, String country, int zip) {
             this.street = street;this.city=city;this.state=state;
             this.country=country;this.zip=zip;}
      //getters and setters
      public String getStreet() {return street;}
      /** public void setStreet(String street) { this.street = street; }*/
      public String getCity() {return city;}
      /** public void setCity(String city) { this.city = city; }*/
      public String getState() {return state;}
      /** public void setState(String state) { this.state = state; }*/
      public String getCountry() {return country;}
      /** public void setCountry(String country) { this.country = country; }*/
      public int getZip() {return zip;}
      /** public void setZip(int zip) { this.zip = zip; } */
}
Customer.java
public class Customer {
      private int customerId;
      private String customerName;
      private int customerContact;
      private String customerAddress;
      Address addressone:
      //getters and setters
      public int getCustomerId() {return customerId;}
      public void setCustomerId(int customerId) {this.customerId = customerId;}
      public String getCustomerName() {return customerName;}
```

```
public void setCustomerName(String customerName) {this.customerName = customerName;}
      public int getCustomerContact() {return customerContact;}
      public void setCustomerContact(int customerContact) {this.customerContact = customerContact;}
      public String getCustomerAddress() {return customerAddress;}
      public void setCustomerAddress(String customerAddress) {this.customerAddress = customerAddress;}
      public void showInfo() {
             System.out.println("Customer ID: "+getCustomerId()+" Customer Name: "+ getCustomerName() +
"Customer Contact: "+getCustomerContact()+ "Customer Address: "+getCustomerAddress());
             System.out.println(addressone.getCity());
             System.out.println(addressone.getCountry());
             System.out.println(addressone.getState());
             System.out.println(addressone.getStreet());
             System.out.println(addressone.getZip());}
}
Test.java
public class Test {
      public static void main(String args[]) {
      ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("assignments.xml");
      Customer c= new Context.getBean("customer");
      c.showInfo();}
      }
Assignments.xml
<Beans>
      <bean id="customer" class="org.assignment.Customer">
             cproperty name="customerId" value="21"/>
             cproperty name="customerName" value="Lokesh"/>
             cproperty name="customerContact" value="9900660055"/>
             cproperty name="customerAddress" value="shaitaan gali"/>
             cproperty name="addressone" ref="address"/>
      </bean>
      <bean id="address" class="org.assignment.Address">
             <!-- <pre><!-- <pre>cycle="street" value="new Street"/>
             cproperty name="city" value="ldh"/>
             cproperty name="state" value="PB"/>
             cproperty name="country" value="IN"/>
             cproperty name="zip" value="141005"/> -->
             <constructor-arg index="0" value="new Street"/>
             <constructor-arg index="1" value="Ldh"/>
             <constructor-arg index="2" value="PB"/>
             <constructor-arg index="3" value="IN"/>
             <constructor-arg index="4" value="141005"/>
      </bean>
</Beans>
TestTest.java
@Nested
```

```
@DisplayName("checking customer Class")
class TestTest {
    Customer c=new Customer();

    @Test
    void test() {
        assertEquals("shaitaan gali",c.getCustomerAddress());
        assertEquals("21",c.getCustomerId());
        assertEquals("Lokesh",c.getCustomerName());
        assertEquals("9900660055",c.getCustomerContact());
    }
}
```

## **SECTION B**

Example of Injecting collections (List, Set and Map)

- 1) Create a class Question with following attributes: questionId, question, answers.
- 2) There are 3 cases for above program.
  - a. Write a program where answers is of type List or String []
  - b. Write a program where answers is of type Set
  - c. Write a program where answers is of type Map In case of Map, Integer value represents answer's sequence number.
  - d. Create a Test class with main() method, get Question bean from ApplicationContext object and print question and its answers.
  - e. Also write the JUnit Test cases for above program.
  - f. Use XML based configuration.

# Question.java

```
public class Question {
      private int questionid;
      private String question;
      //private List<String> answers;
      //private Set<String> answers;
      private Map<Integer,String> answers;
      //getters and setters
      public int getQuestionid() {return questionid;}
      public void setQuestionid(int questionid) {this.questionid = questionid;}
      public String getQuestion() {return question;}
      public void setQuestion(String question) {this.question = question;}
      /*public List<String> getAnswers() { return answers; }
      public void setAnswers(List<String> answers) { this.answers = answers; }
      public Set<String> getAnswers() {return answers;}
      public void setAnswers(Set<String> answers) {this.answers = answers;}
      public void showInfo() {for(String ans: answers) {System.out.println(ans);}}*/
      for(Map.Entry m:map.entrySet()){System.out.println(m.getKey()+" "+m.getValue());}}}
Assignment.xml
<bean id="question" class="org.assignment.Question">
                    cproperty name="questionid" value="1"/>
```

```
cproperty name="question" value="what is java"/>
      cproperty name="answers">
      <!-- <List>
                   <value>java is a language</value>
                   <value>java is a technology</value>
                   <value>java is everything</value>
             </List> -->
      <Set>
             <value>java is a language</value>
             <value>java is a technology</value>
             <value>java is everything</value>
      </Set>
      <map>
             <entry key="1" value="Java is a programming Language"></entry>
             <entry key="2" value="Java is a Platform"></entry>
      </map>
      </property>
</bean>
```

# Test.java

```
ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("assignments.xml");
Question q = (Question) Context.getBean("question");
q.showInfo();
```

### SECTION C

Design and Develop a Banking Application as follows:

- a. Create a BankAccount class with following attributes: accountId, accountHolderName, accountType, accountBalance
- b. Create an interface BankAccountRepository with following methods: public double getBalance(long accountId) public double updateBalance(long accountId, double newBalance): Note: Above method returns updated balance.
- c. Create a class BankAccountepositoryImpl that implements BankAccountRepository interface. You can use database or any collection object as persistence store.
- d. Create an interface BankAccountService with following methods: public double withdraw(long accountId, double balance) public double deposit(long accountId, double balance) public double getBalance(long accountId) public boolean fundTransfer(long fromAccount, long toAccount, double amont)
- e. Create a class BankAccountServiceImpl that implements BankAccountService interface.
- f. Create a class BankAccount controller with following operations: public double withdraw(long accountId, double balance) public double deposit(long accountId, double balance) public double getBalance(long accountId) public boolean fundTransfer(long fromAccount, long toAccount, double amont)
- g. Create a Test class with main() method, get BankAccountController bean object from ApplicationContext and perform all the operations.

h. Also write the JUnit Test cases for above program. - Use XML based configuration and perform autowiring with different types

```
BankAccount.java
package org.bank;
public class BankAccount {
      private int accountId,accountBalance;
      private String accountHolderName, accountType;
      //getters and setters
      public int getAccountId() {return accountId;}
      public void setAccountId(int accountId) {this.accountId = accountId;}
      public int getAccountBalance() {return accountBalance;}
      public void setAccountBalance(int accountBalance) {this.accountBalance = accountBalance;}
      public String getAccountHolderName() {return accountHolderName;}
      public void setAccountHolderName(String accountHolderName) {this.accountHolderName =
accountHolderName;}
      public String getAccountType() {return accountType;}
      public void setAccountType(String accountType) {this.accountType = accountType;}
}
BankAccountRepository.java
package org.bank;
public interface BankAccountRepository {
      public double getBalance(long accountId);
      public double updateBalance(long accountId, double newBalance);
}
BankAccountRepositoryimpl.java
package org.bank;
public class BankAccountepositoryImpl implements BankAccountRepository{
      BankAccount bankaccount;
      @Override
      public double getBalance(long accountId) {
             accountId=bankaccount.getAccountId();
             return bankaccount.getAccountBalance();
      }
      @Override
      public double updateBalance(long accountId, double newBalance) {
             accountId=bankaccount.getAccountId();
             return (bankaccount.getAccountBalance()+newBalance);
      }
}
```

```
BankAccountService.java
package org.bank;
public interface BankAccountService {
      public double withdraw(long accountId, double balance);
      public double deposit(long accountId, double balance);
      public double getBalance(long accountId);
      public boolean fundTransfer(long fromAccount, long toAccount, double amont);
}
BankAccountServiceImpl.java
package org.bank;
public class BankAccountServiceImpl implements BankAccountService{
      BankAccount bankaccount;
      @Override
      public double withdraw(long accountId, double balance) {
             accountId=bankaccount.getAccountId();
             return (bankaccount.getAccountBalance()-balance);
      @Override
      public double deposit(long accountId, double balance) {
             accountId=bankaccount.getAccountId();
             return (bankaccount.getAccountBalance()+balance);
      }
      @Override
      public double getBalance(long accountId) {
             accountId=bankaccount.getAccountId();
             return bankaccount.getAccountBalance();
      }
      @Override
      public boolean fundTransfer(long fromAccount, long toAccount, double amont) {
             fromAccount=(long)bankaccount.getAccountId();
             toAccount=(long)bankaccount.getAccountId();
             bankaccount.getAccountBalance();
             return true;
      }
}
BankAccountController.java
package org.bank;
public class BankAccountcontroller {
      BankAccount bankaccount;
      public double withdraw(long accountId, double balance) {
             return bankaccount.getAccountBalance()-balance;
      public double deposit(long accountId, double balance) {
             return bankaccount.getAccountBalance()+balance;
      }
```

```
public double getBalance(long accountId) {
             return bankaccount.getAccountBalance();
      public boolean fundTransfer(long fromAccount, long toAccount, double amont) {
             return true;
      }
}
Bank.xml
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans>
      <bean id="BankAccount" class="orq.bank.BankAccount" autowire="byName">
             cproperty name="accountId" value="100"/>
             cproperty name="accountBalance" value="10000"/>
             cproperty name="accountHolderName" value="jai prakash"/>
             cproperty name="accountType" value="savings"/>
      <bean id="bankaccountepositoryimpl" class="org.bank.BankAccountepositoryImpl"/>
      <bean id="bankaccountserviceimpl" class="org.bank.BankAccountServiceImpl"/>
</beans>
Test.java
package org.bank;
public class test {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("bank.xml");
             BankAccountcontroller b=(BankAccountcontroller)context.getBean("BankAccount");
             b.deposit(100, 100000);
             b.fundTransfer(100, 100, 5000);
             b.getBalance(100);
             b.withdraw(100, 50);
      }
}
```

#### SECTION D

4) Example on @Controller, @Service, @Repository, @Autowired, @Configuration and @Bean Modify the above application, use annotations and java based configuration

```
Bankaccountcontroller.java
@Controller
public class BankAccountcontroller {
public void setBankaccount(BankAccount bankaccount) {
      this.bankaccount = bankaccount;
}}
BankAccountrepository.java
@Repository
public class BankAccountepositoryImpl implements BankAccountRepository{
      BankAccount bankaccount;
      @Autowired
      public void setBankaccount(BankAccount bankaccount) {
             this.bankaccount = bankaccount;
      }
}
Bankaccountservice.java
@Service
public class BankAccountServiceImpl implements BankAccountService{ }
@Configuration
public class BankAccount {
      private int accountId,accountBalance;
      private String accountHolderName, accountType;
      @Bean
      public void setAccountId(int accountId) {this.accountId = accountId;}
SECTION E
  5) Write a program to demonstrate use of @Resource, @Inject, @Required annotations
  public class BankAccountcontroller {
      BankAccount bankaccount;
      //GETTERS and setters
      public BankAccount getBankaccount() {return bankaccount;}
      @Required
      @Resource(name="BankAccount")
      public void setBankaccount(BankAccount bankaccount) {
```

```
this.bankaccount = bankaccount;
        }
SECTION F
Example of @Component, @Value, @PropertySource & Environment
a. Create a dbConfig.properties file which contains database configuration details like driver class name, dburl, username,
password.
b. Create a Java class in which you have to read all properties and display on a console. (Use @Component, @Value or
Environment and @PropertyResource).
SECTION G
Write a Java program to demonstrate SPEL (Spring Expression language)
import org.springframework.expression.Expression;
import org.springframework.expression.ExpressionParser;
import org.springframework.expression.spel.standard.SpelExpressionParser;
public class Test {
public static void main(String[] args) {
ExpressionParser parser = new SpelExpressionParser();
Expression exp = parser.parseExpression("'Hello SPEL'");
String message = (String) exp.getValue();
System.out.println(message); } }
8) Write a Java program to demonstrate InitializingBean and DisposableBean. Try Different ways: (Use init-method and
destroy-method in xml config file) (Use @PostConstruct and @PreDestroy)
InitializingBean and DisposableBean
Test.java
```

ApplicationContext context = new ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("assignments.xml");

public class Test {

public static void main(String args[]) {

context.registerShutDownHook();

```
Customer c= (Customer)Context.getBean("customer");
               c.showInfo();}}
Customer.java
public class Customer implements InitializingBean, DisposableBean{
public void afterPropertiesSet() throws Exception{
           System.out.println("Initialising bean through propertySet"); }
       public void destroy() throws Exception{
               System.out.println("Destruction of bean through destroy method");}}
@PostConstruct
       public void init() {
               System.out.println("init method"); }
        @PreDestroy
       public void destroy() {
               System.out.println("destroy method"); }
assignments.xml
<context:annotation-config/>
<bean id="customer" class="org.assignment.Customer" init-method="init" destroy-method="destoy">
9) Write a Java program to demonstrate Complete Bean Life cycle.
assignments.xml
<bean id="address" class="org.assignment.Address" init-method="init" destroy-method="destoy"/>
address.java
public class Address{
public void init() {
       System.out.println("init method"); }
```