



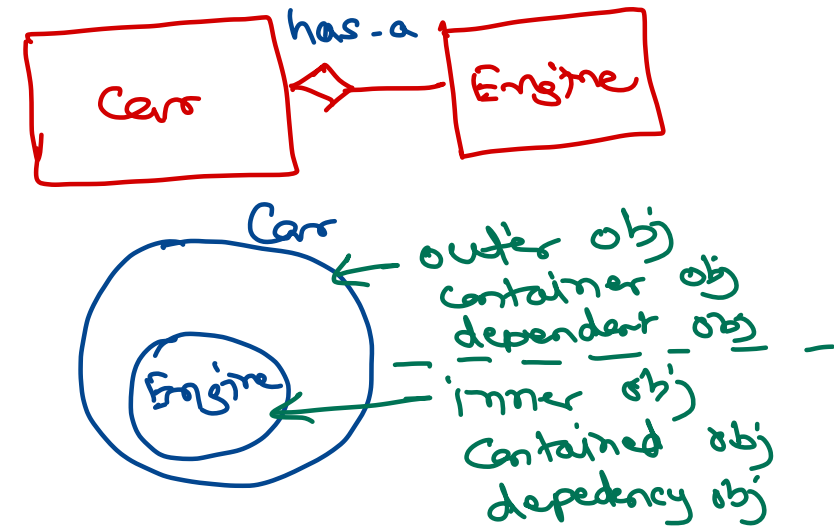
**Trainer: Niles Ghule**

*Wake up from Hibernate, Spring up!!!*



# Agenda

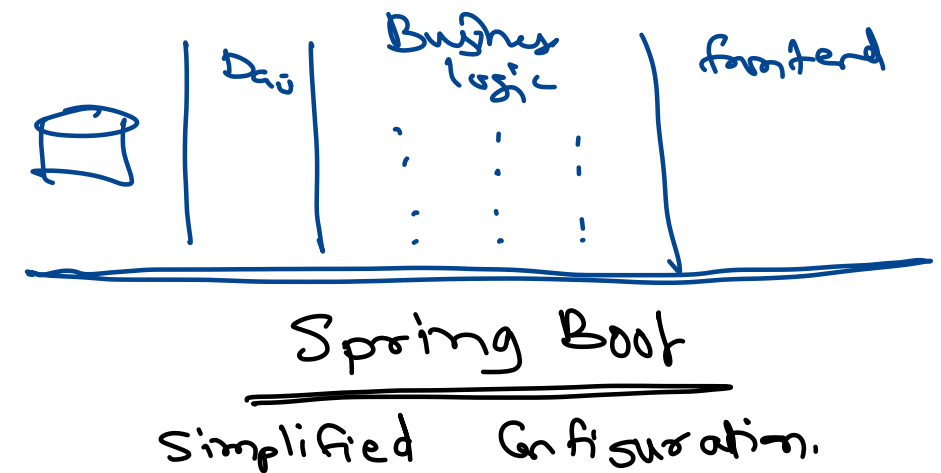
- Spring Introduction ✓
- Dependency injection ✓
- XML config DI ✓
- Bean factory ✓
- Application context ✓
- XML based DI ✓
  - properties ✓
  - beans ✓
  - collections ✓
- Polymorphism with Spring beans ✓
- Annotation config ✓
- Mixed config ✓
- Auto-wiring ✓



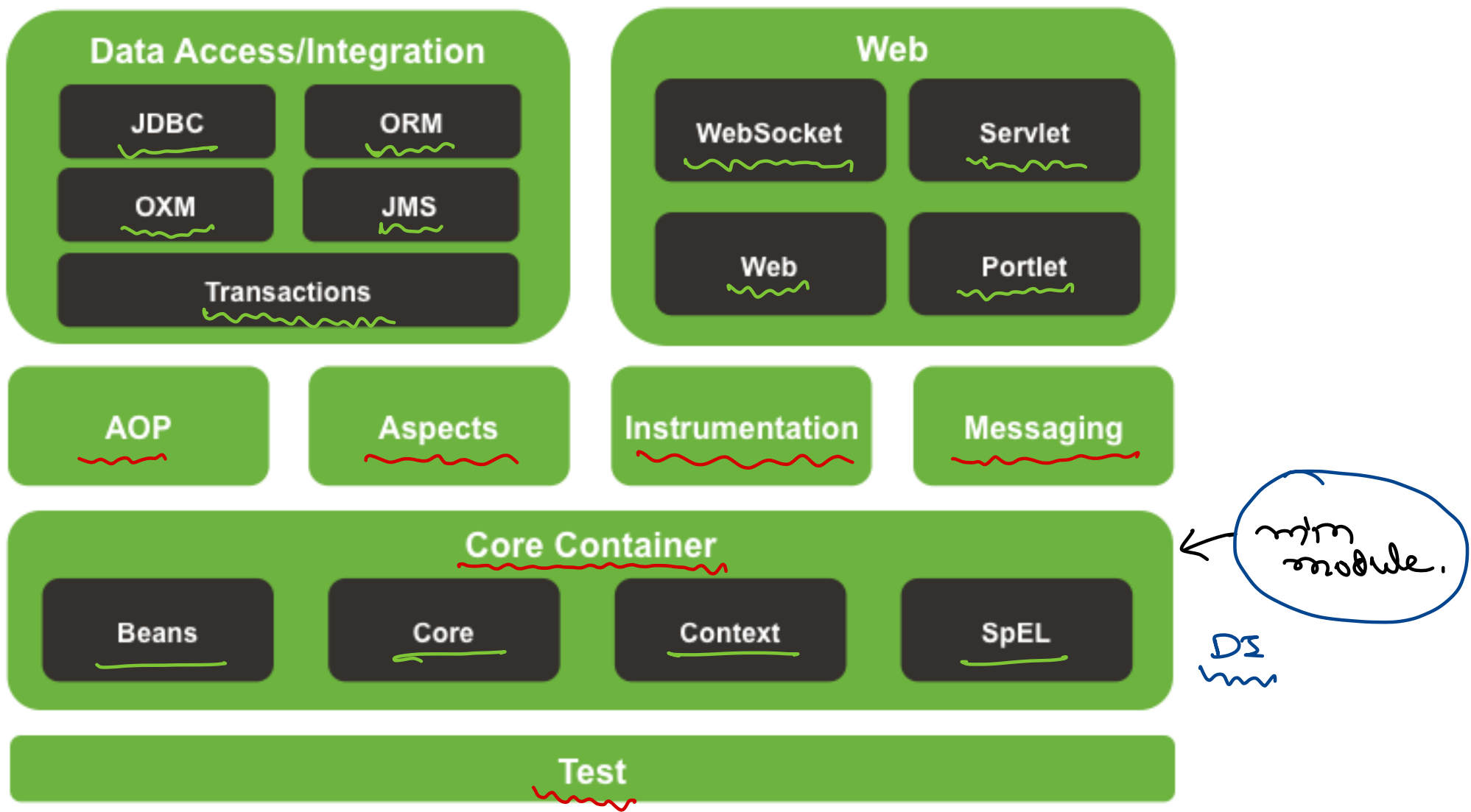
# Introduction

Java is simple — 1995 - Java 2 | Java 5  
Java 8

- Spring is light-weight comprehensive framework to simplify Java development.
  - ① light-weight → minimal overheads
  - comprehensive → small framework - can develop many app. web, db, batch, jms, ...
  - simplify → than plain java devel.
- Spring framework is originally developed by Rod Johnson. 2003
- Spring 3 version added support of annotation configuration. 2009
- Spring pros & cons
  - Flexible ✓ NO all or nothing.
  - Modular ✓ core, orm, web, jms, ...
  - Test driven ✓ built in unit test.
  - Maintainable ✓ n-tier appn, aop, ...
  - Extendable ✓ design with interface.
  - Tedious configuration ✗ heavy config.



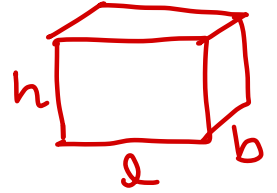
# Spring architecture



# Spring Dependency Injection

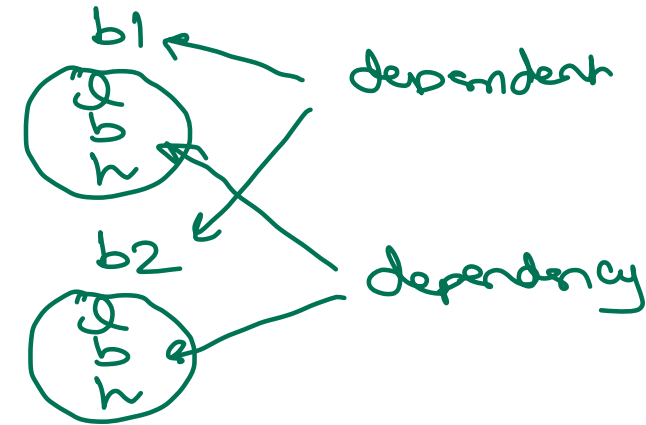
initialization ←

- Spring container injects dependency beans into dependent beans.
- Spring container is also called as IoC container.



```
class Box {  
    int len, br, ht;  
    Box() { }  
    Box(l, b, h) { }  
    get/set() { }  
    toString() { }  
    double calcVolume() {  
        return len * br * ht;  
    }  
};
```

```
main() {  
    Box b1 = new Box();  
    b1.setLen(5);  
    b1.setBr(4);  
    b1.setHt(2);  
    // 1  
    r1 = b1.calcVolume();  
    Box b2 = new Box(5, 4, 3);  
    // 2  
    r2 = b2.calcVolume();  
}
```



Design Principle : Inversion of Control

Design Pattern : Dependency Injection



# XML based DI

→ SSS 3.7

- Spring beans are declared into Spring bean configuration file.
- Bean factory or application context reads the file. It instantiate and initialize bean objects at runtime.
- Dependency Injection
  - ⌚ Setter based DI
  - ⌚ Constructor based DI
  - ⌚ Field based DI

↑  
DS

main() {

Box b1 = new Box();

b1.setLen(5);

b1.setBr(4);

b1.setHt(2);

res1 = b1.calcVolume();

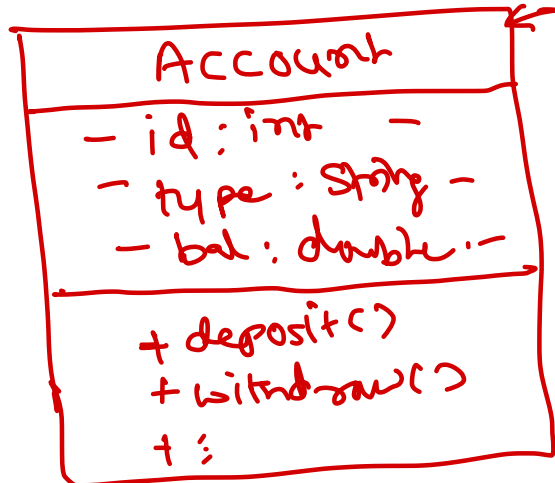
Box b2 = new Box(5, 4, 3);

res2 = b2.calcVolume();

← Automated  
setter based DI

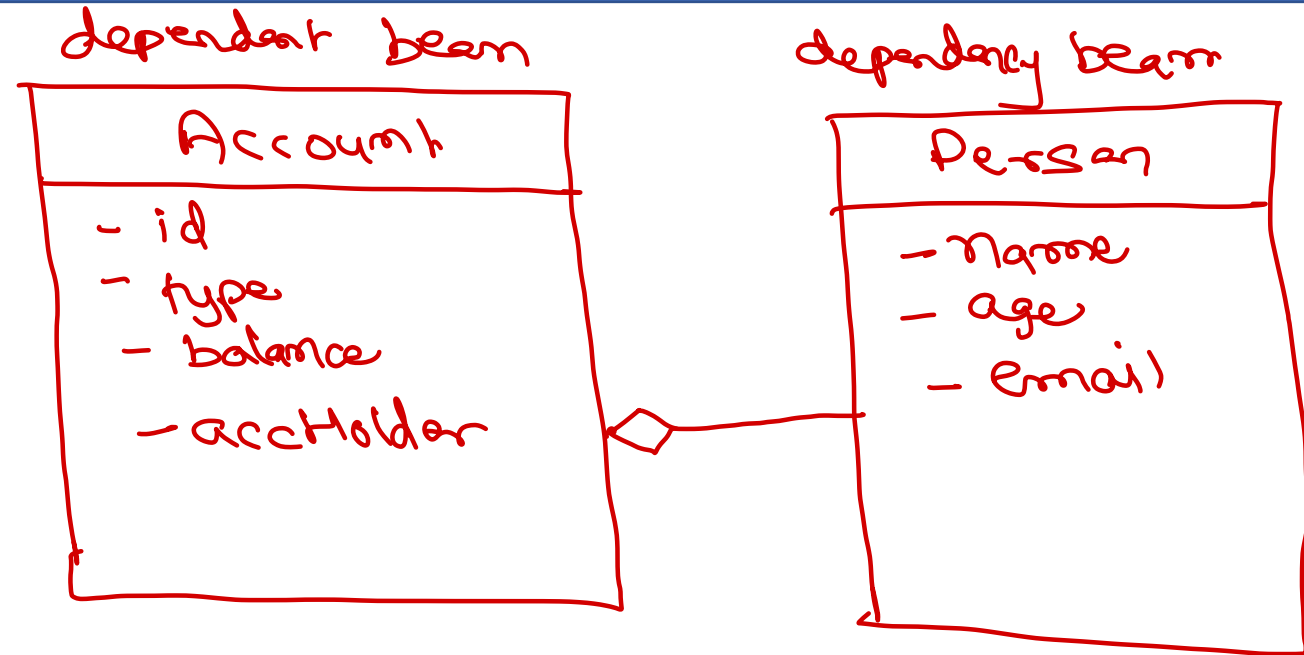
← automate  
ctor based DI

}



# Dependency Injection

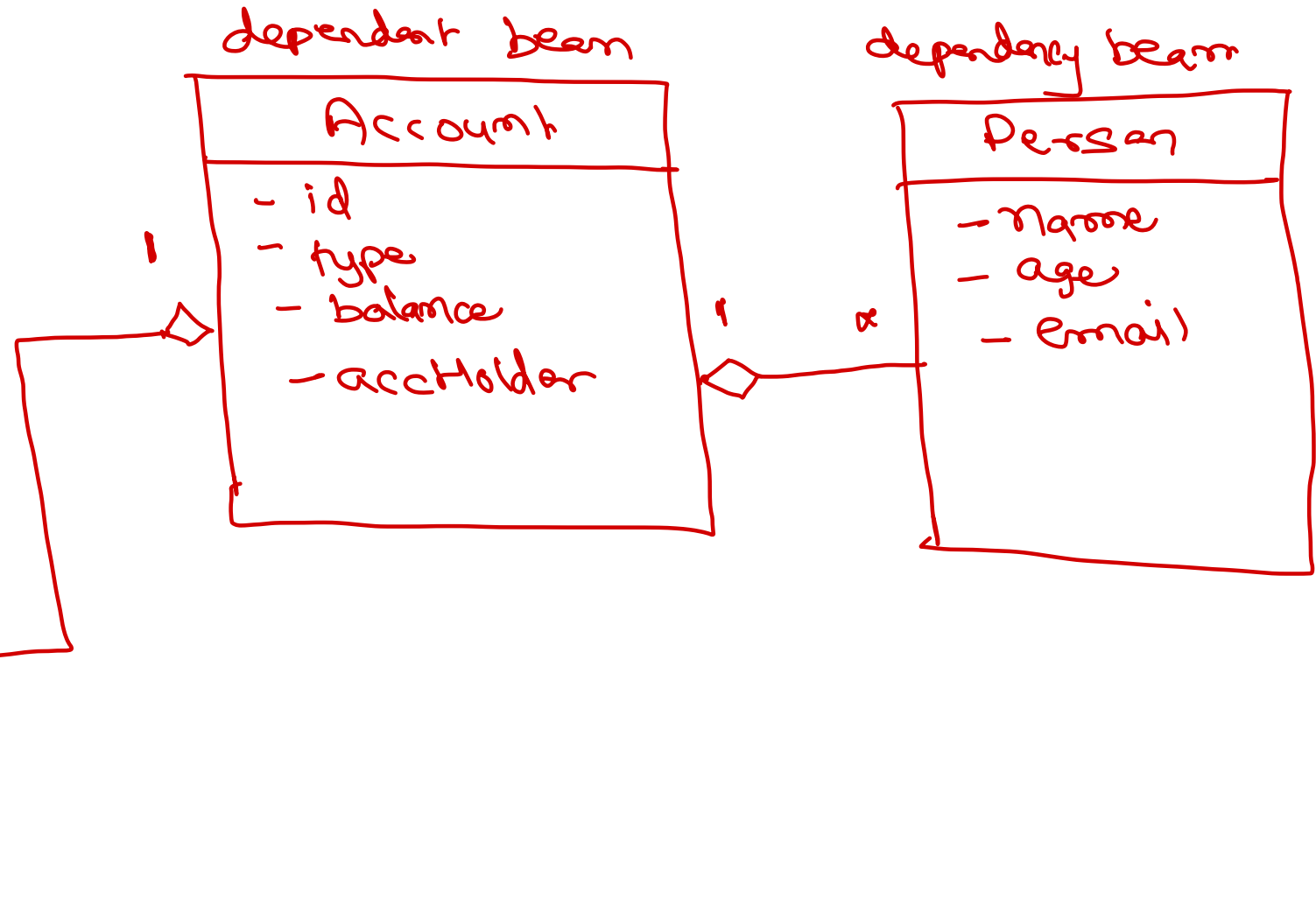
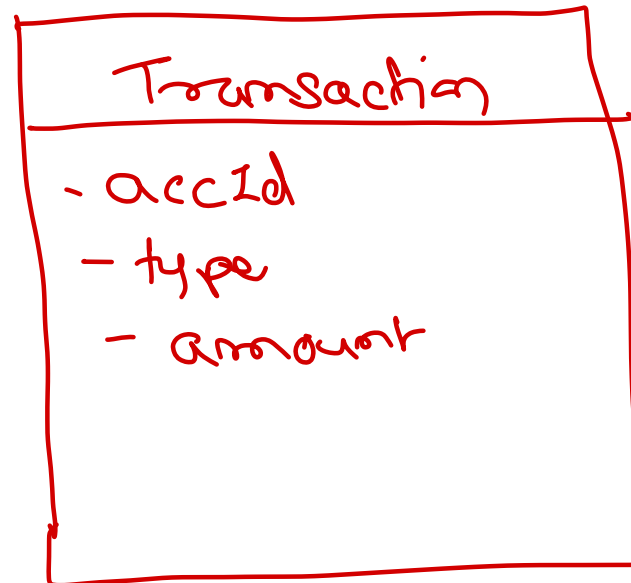
- Initializing properties
- **Initializing dependency beans**
- Initializing collections



# Dependency Injection

- Initializing properties
- Initializing dependency beans
- **Initializing collections**

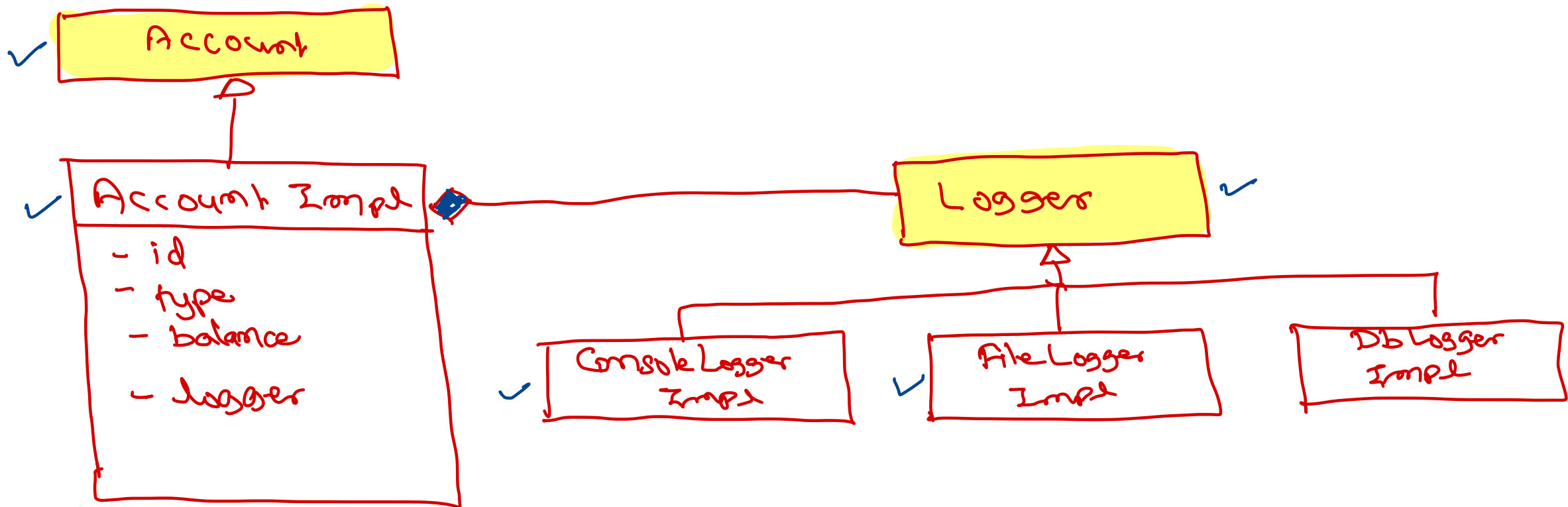
↳ <list>      <array>  
    <set>      <properties>  
    <map>





# Dependency Injection

- One interface may have multiple implementations.
- This makes application more extendable and maintainable.
- Desired implementation can be plugged in using DI.



# Annotation config *as Java Config*

- Does spring configuration without using any XML file.
- The bean creation is encapsulated in @Configuration class and beans are represented as @Bean methods.
- Annotation configuration is processed using AnnotationConfigApplicationContext.





*Thank you!*

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