Message queues

- 1. ftok Link 1
 - o key t ftok(const char *pathname, int proj id)
 - The ftok() function uses the identity of the file named by the given pathname (which must refer to an existing, accessible file)and the least significant 8 bits of proj_id (which must be nonzero) to generate a key_t type System V IPC key. The resulting value is the same for all pathnames that name the same file when the same value of proj_id is used.
- 2. msgget Link 1
 - o int msgget(key t key, int msgflg)
 - The msgget() system call returns the message queue identifier associated with the value of the key argument. It may be used to obtain the identifier of a previously created message queue or create a new one. The msgflag field can be modified using bitwise operations to use the function differently. For example, msgget (key, PERMS | IPC_CREAT) will create a new message queue with the id key if it already does not exist.
- 3. msgrcv Link 1(Highly recommended)
 - o ssize_t msgrcv(int msqid, void *msgp, size_t msgsz, long
 msgtyp, int msgflg)
 - An appropriate explanation regarding the function can be found in the link mentioned above.
- 4. msgsend Link 1(Highly recommended)
 - o int msgsnd(int msqid, const void *msgp, size_t msgsz, int msqflq)
 - An appropriate explanation regarding the function can be found in the link mentioned above.
- 5. fgets Link 1
 - o char *fgets (char *str, int n, FILE *stream)
 - str is a pointer to an array of chars where the string read is copied. n is the
 maximum number of characters copied into str(including the terminating null
 character). *stream is a pointer to a FILE object that identifies an input
 stream. The fgets() function returns a pointer to the string where the input is
 stored.
- 6. msgctl Link 1, Link 2(Highly recommended)
 - o int msgctl(int msgid, int cmd, struct msgid ds *buf)
 - The msgctl() function shall provide message control operations as specified by cmd. Refer to Link 2, as mentioned above, for more information on what each value of cmd would do. Information about buf can be found in Link 1, but the field can be kept NULL or 0 depending on the purpose for which the msgctl() function is used.
- 7. sprintf Link 1, Link 2
 - o int sprintf(char *str, const char *format, ...)
 - sprintf stands for "string print." In C programming language, it is a file-handling function that sends formatted output to the string. Instead of printing on the console, the *sprintf()* function stores the output on the char buffer specified in sprintf.

Problem 0

Write a C program (reader.c) that creates a message queue and prints the first message from it. Additionally, write another program (writer.c) that sends a message to this queue.

Solution

1) reader.c

```
#include <errno.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#define PERMS 0644
// Struct for the message
struct my msgbuf {
 long mtype;
 char mtext[200];
};
int main() {
 struct my msgbuf buf;
 int msgid;
 int len;
  key t key;
  // Generate System V IPC key
  if ((key = ftok("writer.c", 'B')) == -1) {
     printf("Error in ftok");
     exit(1);
  }
  // Get the message queue ID using key
  if ((msqid = msgget(key, PERMS | IPC_CREAT)) == -1) {
     printf("Error in creating message queue");
     exit(1);
  }
  // Read the message
  if (msgrcv(msqid, \&buf, sizeof(char) * 200, 0, 0) == -1) {
     printf("Error in receiving the message");
     exit(1);
  }
```

```
printf("Reader: \"%s\"\n", buf.mtext);
  // Delete the message queue
  if (msgctl(msqid, IPC RMID, NULL) == -1) {
     printf("Error in deleting the message queue");
     exit(1);
  }
 return 0;
}
2) writer.c
#include <errno.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <sys/ipc.h>
#include <sys/msg.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#define PERMS 0644
// Struct for the message
struct my_msgbuf {
 long mtype;
 char mtext[200];
};
int main() {
  struct my_msgbuf buf;
 int msqid;
  int len;
  key_t key;
  // Generate System V IPC key
  if ((key = ftok("writer.c", 'B')) == -1) {
     printf("Error in ftok");
     exit(1);
  // Create the message queue and get its ID using key
  if ((msqid = msgget(key, PERMS)) == -1) {
     printf("Error in getting message queue ID. Did you run the
reader?");
     exit(1);
  }
 buf.mtype = 1;
```

```
sprintf(buf.mtext, "%s", "Hi");
len = strlen(buf.mtext);

// Send the message
if (msgsnd(msqid, &buf, len + 1, 0) == -1) {
    printf("Error in sending the message");
    exit(1);
}

return 0;
}
```