```
In [1]: import torch
import numpy as np
import os
import cv2
```

In [2]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from keras.preprocessing.image import img_to_array

Using TensorFlow backend.

```
In [3]: device = torch.device('cuda')
    dtype = torch.float32
```

```
In [4]: # positive - Malaria infected
    # negative - No malaria (Uninfected)
    positive = os.listdir('../input/cell_images/cell_images/Parasitized/')
    negative = os.listdir('../input/cell_images/cell_images/Uninfected/')
```

In [5]: print(positive[:10])

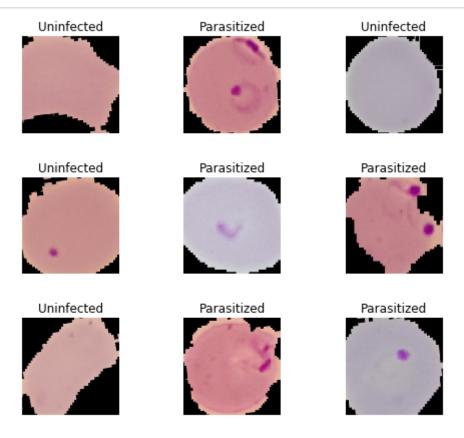
['C140P101ThinF_IMG_20151005_211735_cell_159.png', 'C175P136NThinF_IMG_20 151127_142326_cell_232.png', 'C97P58ThinF_IMG_20150917_152032_cell_162.pn g', 'C68P29N_ThinF_IMG_20150819_133236_cell_183.png', 'C129P90ThinF_IMG_2 0151004_134306_cell_140.png', 'C126P87ThinF_IMG_20151004_105100_cell_129.png', 'C68P29N_ThinF_IMG_20150819_133350_cell_183.png', 'C84P45ThinF_IMG_20150818_101412_cell_98.png', 'C132P93ThinF_IMG_20151004_152353_cell_158.png', 'C80P41ThinF_IMG_20150817_111544_cell_138.png']

In [6]: print(negative[:10])

['C214ThinF_IMG_20151106_131748_cell_148.png', 'C188P149ThinF_IMG_2015120 3_134419_cell_40.png', 'C158P119ThinF_IMG_20151115_181558_cell_45.png', 'C100P61ThinF_IMG_20150918_145042_cell_59.png', 'C114P75ThinF_IMG_2015093 0_150733_cell_19.png', 'C201ThinF_IMG_20150930_143502_cell_186.png', 'C22 4ThinF_IMG_20151112_111955_cell_121.png', 'C96P57ThinF_IMG_20150824_11244 2_cell_163.png', 'C162P123ThinF_IMG_20151116_104114_cell_27.png', 'C157P1 18ThinF_IMG_20151115_163611_cell_9.png']

```
In [7]: | x = []
         y = []
         for pos in positive:
             if pos.endswith('png'):
                 img = cv2.resize(cv2.imread('../input/cell_images/cell_images/Paras
                 x.append(img to array(img, data format='channels first'))
                 y.append(1)
         for neg in negative:
             if neg.endswith('png'):
                 img = cv2.resize(cv2.imread('../input/cell_images/cell_images/Uninf
                 x.append(img to array(img, data format='channels first'))
                 y.append(0)
         x = np.array(x)
         y = np.array(y)
In [28]: print(x.shape)
         print(y.shape)
         (27558, 3, 64, 64)
         (27558,)
In [9]: %reload ext autoreload
         %autoreload 2
         %matplotlib inline
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from fastai import *
         from fastai.vision import *
         from fastai.callbacks.hooks import *
         img_dir='../input/cell_images/cell images/'
         path=Path(img dir)
         path
Out[9]: PosixPath('../input/cell images/cell images')
In [10]: data = ImageDataBunch.from folder(path, train=".",
                                            valid pct=0.2,
                                            ds_tfms=get_transforms(flip_vert=True, ma
                                            size=224,bs=64,
                                            num workers=0).normalize(imagenet stats)
In [11]: print(f'Classes: \n {data.classes}')
         Classes:
          ['Parasitized', 'Uninfected']
```

```
In [12]: data.show_batch(rows=3, figsize=(7,6))
```



```
In [13]: x_train,x_validation,y_train,y_validation = train_test_split(x, y, train_si
    /opt/conda/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/model_selection/_split.py:
    2179: FutureWarning: From version 0.21, test_size will always complement
    train_size unless both are specified.
    FutureWarning)
```

```
In [14]: print(x_train.shape)
    print(x_validation.shape)
    print(y_train.shape)
    print(y_validation.shape)

(27000, 3, 64, 64)
    (558, 3, 64, 64)
    (27000,)
    (558,)
```

```
In [15]: x_train = [i.flatten() for i in x_train]
```

Training Model with priors - (Accuracy 63.60%)

```
In [18]:
         from sklearn.naive bayes import GaussianNB
         model = GaussianNB()
         model.priors = [0.1, 0.9]
         model.fit(x_train,y_train)
Out[18]: GaussianNB(priors=[0.1, 0.9], var smoothing=1e-09)
In [19]: print("Model accuracy: {:.2f}%".format(model.score(x_train, y_train)*100))
         Model accuracy: 63.60%
         Training Model without priors (Accuracy 63.57%)
In [26]: model_without_prior = GaussianNB()
         model without prior.fit(x train,y train)
Out[26]: GaussianNB(priors=None, var smoothing=1e-09)
In [27]:
         print("Model accuracy: {:.2f}%".format(model without prior.score(x train, y
         Model accuracy: 63.57%
In [20]: classes = {1: 'malaria infected cell',
                     0: 'not a malaria cell'}
         for i in range(10):
             ynew = model.predict(x validation[i].reshape(1,-1))
             print(ynew)
         [1]
         [1]
         [1]
         [1]
         [1]
         [0]
         [1]
         [1]
         [0]
         [1]
In [21]: predictingReshapedArray = []
         for i in range(len(x validation)):
             predictingReshapedArray.append(x validation[i].T)
         predictingReshapedArrayFinal = np.asarray(predictingReshapedArray)
         print(predictingReshapedArrayFinal[0].shape)
         (64, 64, 3)
```

PREDICTING 2 RANDOM TEST DATA

I think this is: not a malaria cell



```
In [25]: index = 8
    predictionvalue = model.predict(x_validation[10].reshape(1,-1))
    print("I think this is: " + classes[str(predictionvalue[0])])
    from PIL import Image
    svimg=Image.fromarray(predictingReshapedArrayFinal[10].astype('uint8'))
    svimg.save(("cellImage"+str(index)+".png"))
```

I think this is: malaria infected cell

