# Rajalakshmi Engineering College

Name: jaiwanth a

Email: 240701206@rajalakshmi.edu.in

Roll no: 240701206 Phone: 7358844460

Branch: REC

Department: I CSE AH

Batch: 2028

Degree: B.E - CSE



# NeoColab\_REC\_CS23231\_DATA STRUCTURES

REC\_DS using C\_Week 3\_MCQ\_Updated

Attempt : 1 Total Mark : 20

Marks Obtained: 20

Section 1: MCQ

1. Pushing an element into the stack already has five elements. The stack size is 5, then the stack becomes

Answer

Overflow

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

2. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define MAX_SIZE 5
int stack[MAX_SIZE];
int top = -1;
int isEmpty() {
```

```
return (top == -1);
int isFull() {
      return (top == MAX_SIZE - 1);
   void push(int item) {
      if (isFull())
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      else
        stack[++top] = item;
   int main() {
      printf("%d\n", isEmpty());
    push(10);
      push(20);
      push(30);
      printf("%d\n", isFull());
      return 0;
   }
   Answer
   10
   Status: Correct
                                                                         Marks: 1/1
```

3. Consider the linked list implementation of a stack.

Which of the following nodes is considered as Top of the stack?

Answer

First node

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

4. Here is an Infix Expression: 4+3\*(6\*3-12). Convert the expression from Infix to Postfix notation. The maximum number of symbols that will appear on the stack AT ONE TIME during the conversion of this expression?

Answer

Status : Correct

Marks : 1/1

5. In the linked list implementation of the stack, which of the following operations removes an element from the top?

#### Answer

Pop

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

6. Which of the following Applications may use a Stack?

### Answer

All of the mentioned options

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

7. In a stack data structure, what is the fundamental rule that is followed for performing operations?

#### Answer

Last In First Out

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

8. What is the advantage of using a linked list over an array for implementing a stack?

### Answer

Linked lists can dynamically resize

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

9. What is the primary advantage of using an array-based stack with a fixed size?

## Answer

Efficient memory usage

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

10. What is the value of the postfix expression 6 3 2 4 + - \*?

#### Answer

-18

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

11. When you push an element onto a linked list-based stack, where does the new element get added?

### Answer

At the beginning of the list

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

12. Consider a linked list implementation of stack data structure with three operations:

push(value): Pushes an element value onto the stack.pop(): Pops the top element from the stack.top(): Returns the item stored at the top of the stack.

Given the following sequence of operations:

push(10);pop();push(5);top();

What will be the result of the stack after performing these operations?

### Answer

The top element in the stack is 5

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

240101206 13. In an array-based stack, which of the following operations can result in a Stack underflow?

### Answer

Popping an element from an empty stack

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

14. What will be the output of the following code?

```
#include <stdio.h>
    #define MAX_SIZE 5
    void push(int* stack, int* top, int item) {
     if (*top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
        printf("Stack Overflow\n");
         return:
      stack[++(*top)] = item;
    int pop(int* stack, int* top) {
      if (*top == -1) {
        printf("Stack Underflow\n");
         return -1;
      return stack[(*top)--];
    int main() {
      int stack[MAX_SIZE];
      int top = -1;
      push(stack, &top, 10);
      push(stack, &top, 20);
      push(stack, &top, 30);
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
return 0;
      printf("%d\n", pop(stack, &top));
```

Answer 302010Stack Underflow-1 Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 15. Which of the following operations allows you to examine the top element of a stack without removing it? Answer Peek Marks : 1/1 Status: Correct 16. The user performs the following operations on the stack of size 5 then at the end of the last operation, the total number of elements present in the stack is push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3);pop(); push(4); pop(); push(5); **Answer** 1 Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 17. The result after evaluating the postfix expression 10 5 + 60 6 / \* 8 - is Answer 20142

Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 18. Elements are Added on \_\_\_\_\_ of the Stack. Answer Top Status: Correct Marks: 1/1 19. A user performs the following operations on stack of size 5 then which of the following is correct statement for Stack? push(1); pop(); push(2); push(3);pop(); push(2); pop(); pop(); push(4);pop(); pop(); push(5);Answer **Underflow Occurs** Marks: 1/1 Status: Correct 20. What will be the output of the following code? #include <stdio.h> #define MAX\_SIZE 5 int stack[MAX\_SIZE]; int top = -1; void display() { if (top == -1) {

```
240701206
print
} else {
        printf("Stack is empty\n");
         printf("Stack elements: ");
         for (int i = top; i >= 0; i--) {
           printf("%d ", stack[i]);
         printf("\n");
      }
    }
    void push(int value) {
       if (top == MAX_SIZE - 1) {
         printf("Stack Overflow\n");
      } else {
         stack[++top] = value;
    int main() {
       display();
       push(10);
       push(20);
       push(30);
       display();
       push(40);
       push(50);
       push(60);
     display();
      return 0:
```

# **Answer**

Stack is emptyStack elements: 30 20 10Stack OverflowStack elements: 50 40 30 20 10

Status: Correct Marks: 1/1

240701206

240701206

240701206

240101206