



DeepLearning.AI

Math for Machine Learning

Linear algebra - Week 4

Bases

Span

Orthogonal and orthonormal bases

Orthogonal and orthonormal matrices

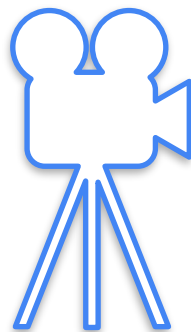


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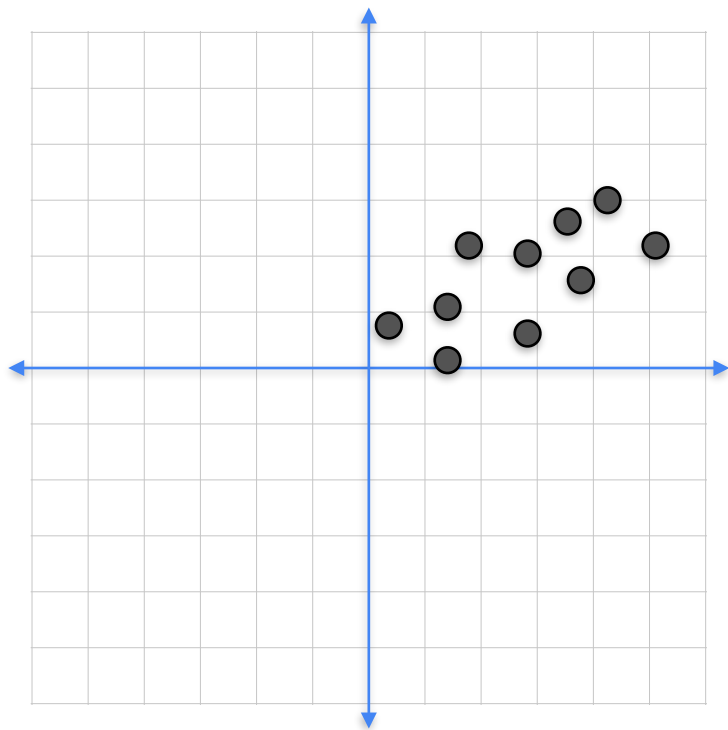
Determinants and Eigenvectors

Machine learning motivation

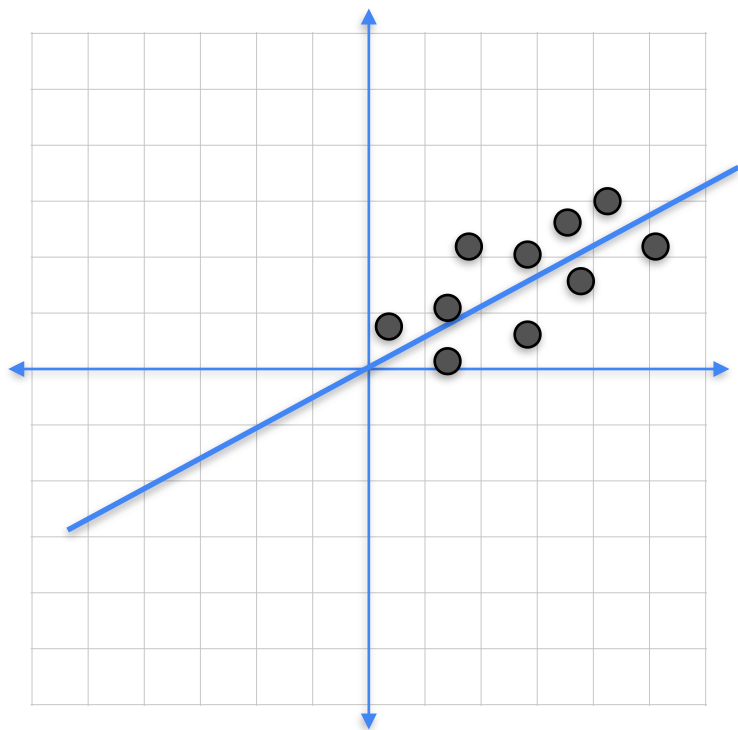
PCA



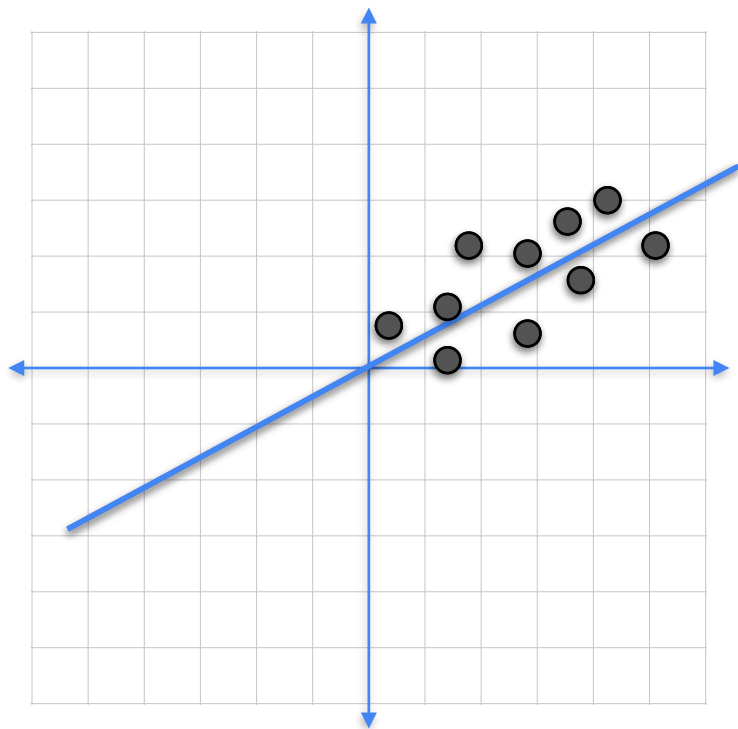
Principal Component Analysis



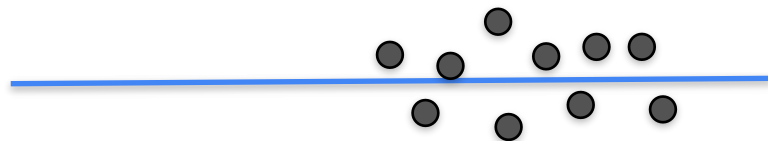
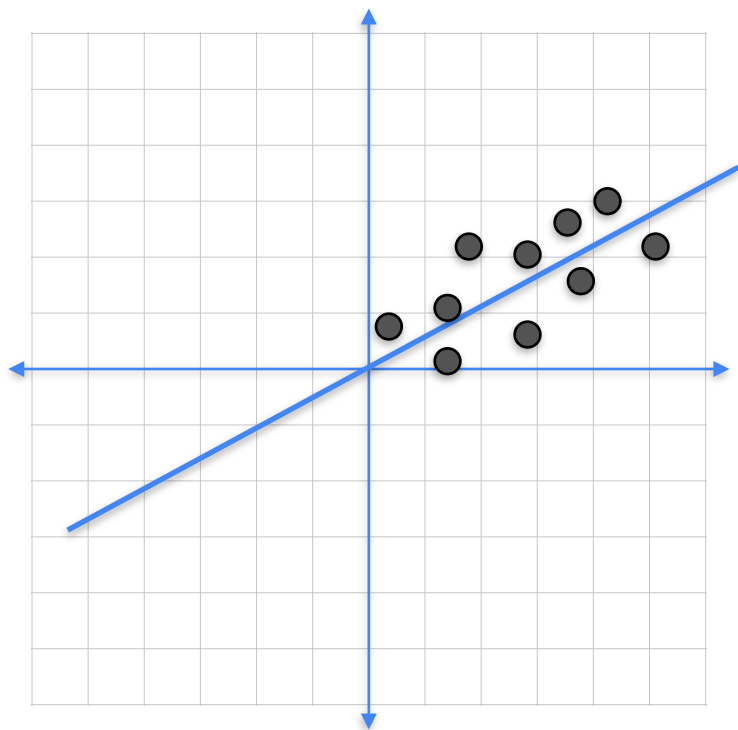
Principal Component Analysis



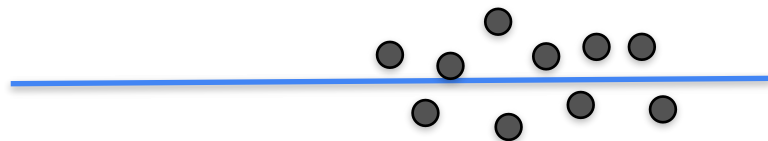
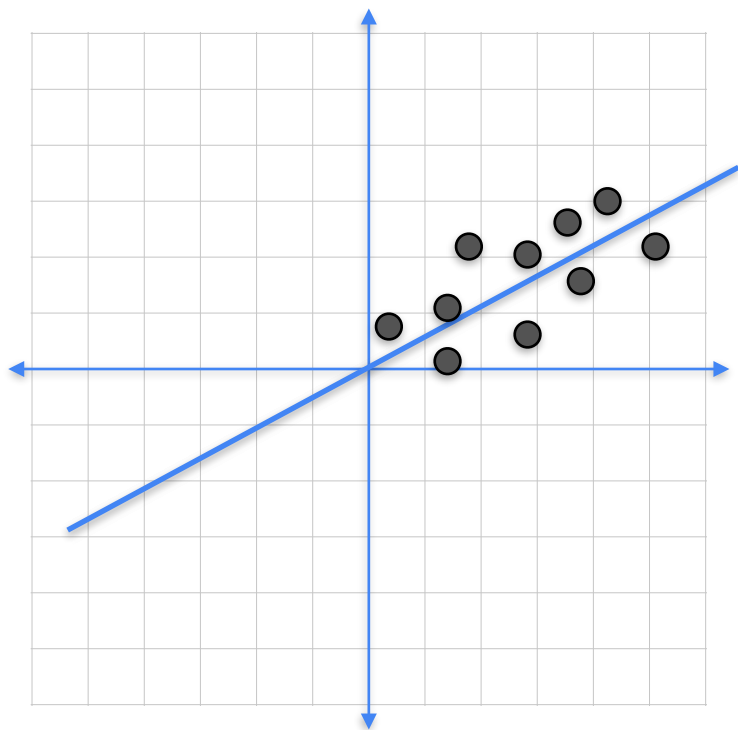
Principal Component Analysis



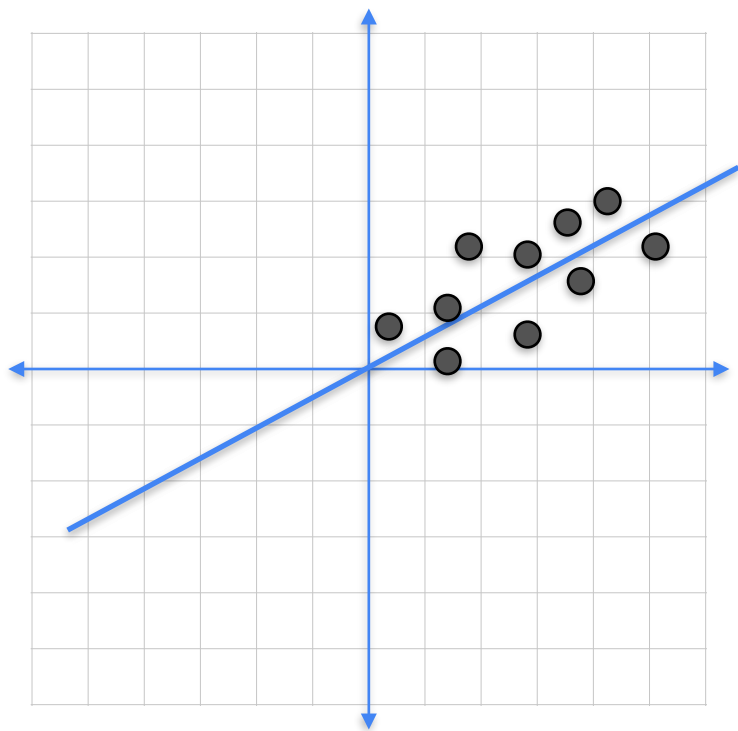
Principal Component Analysis



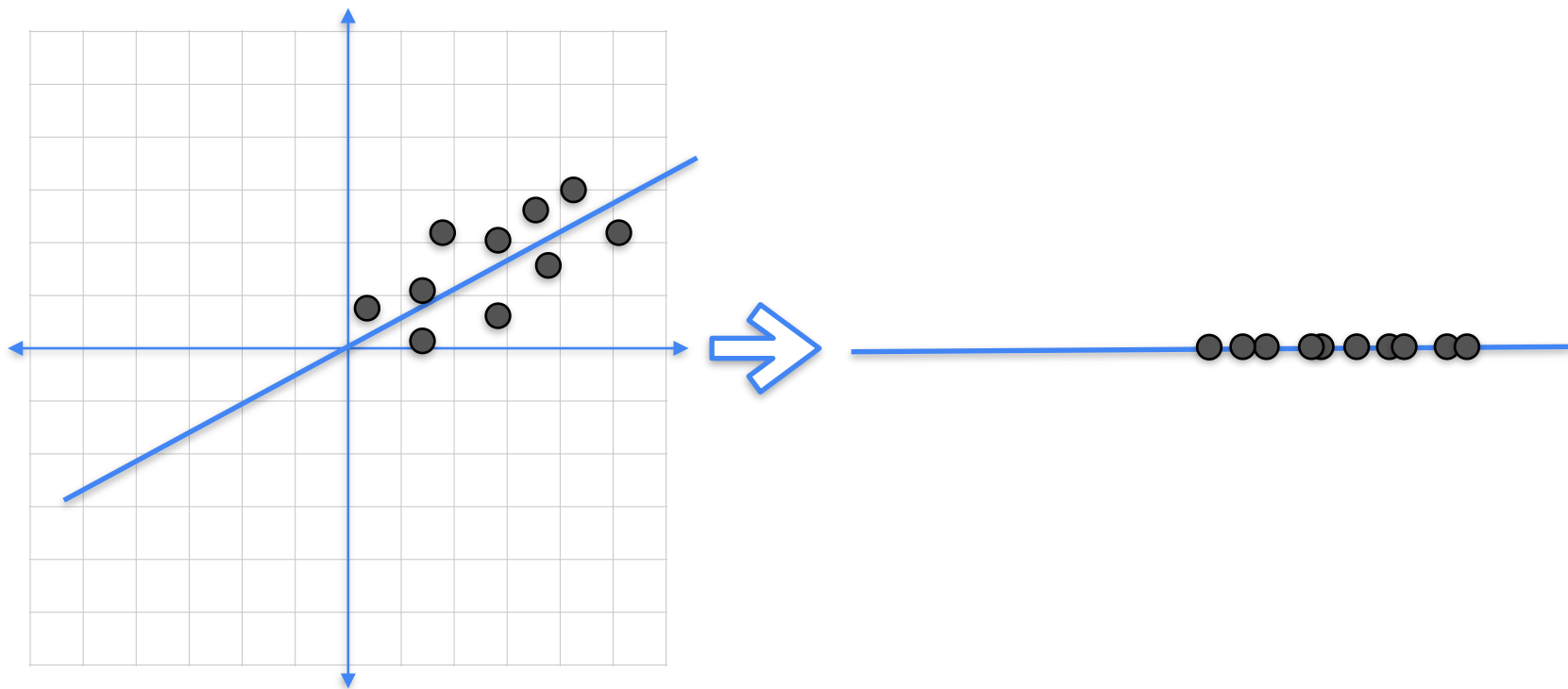
Principal Component Analysis



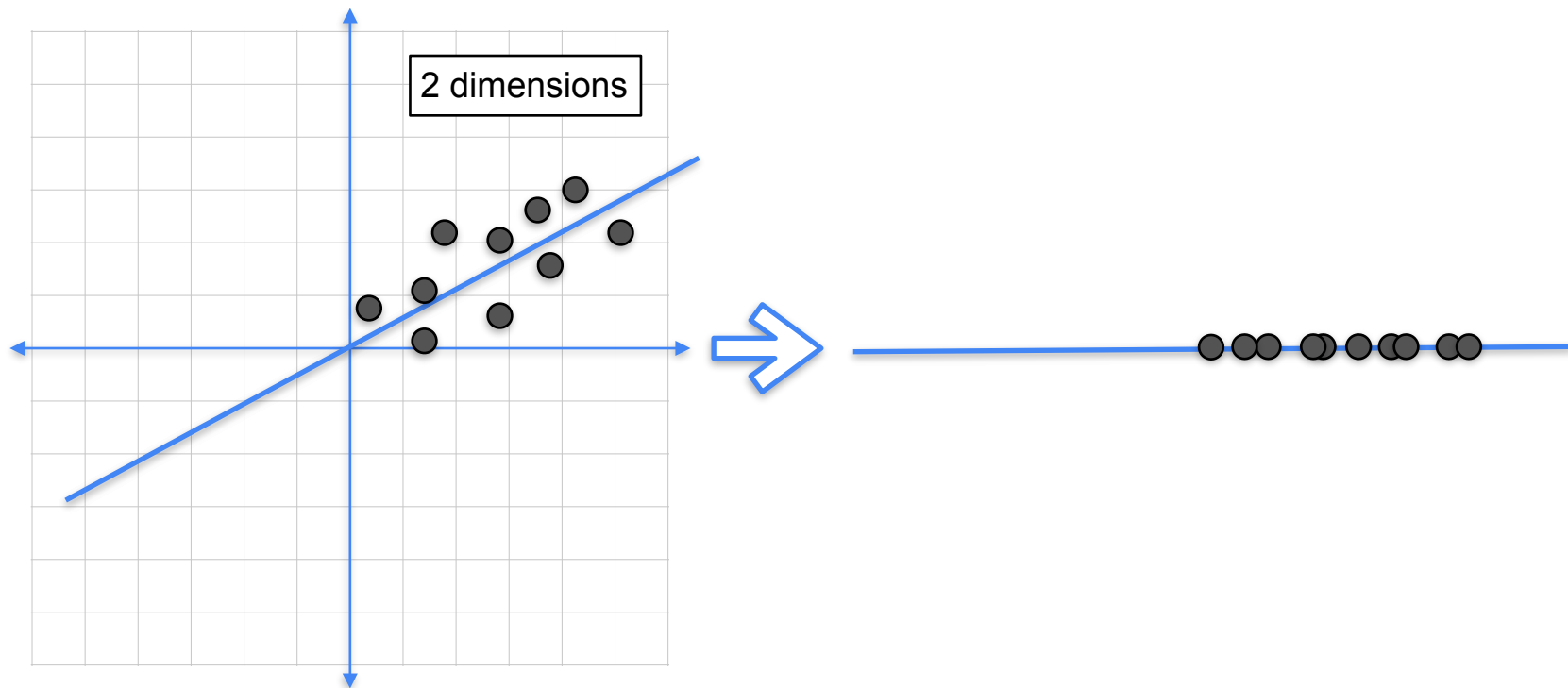
Principal Component Analysis



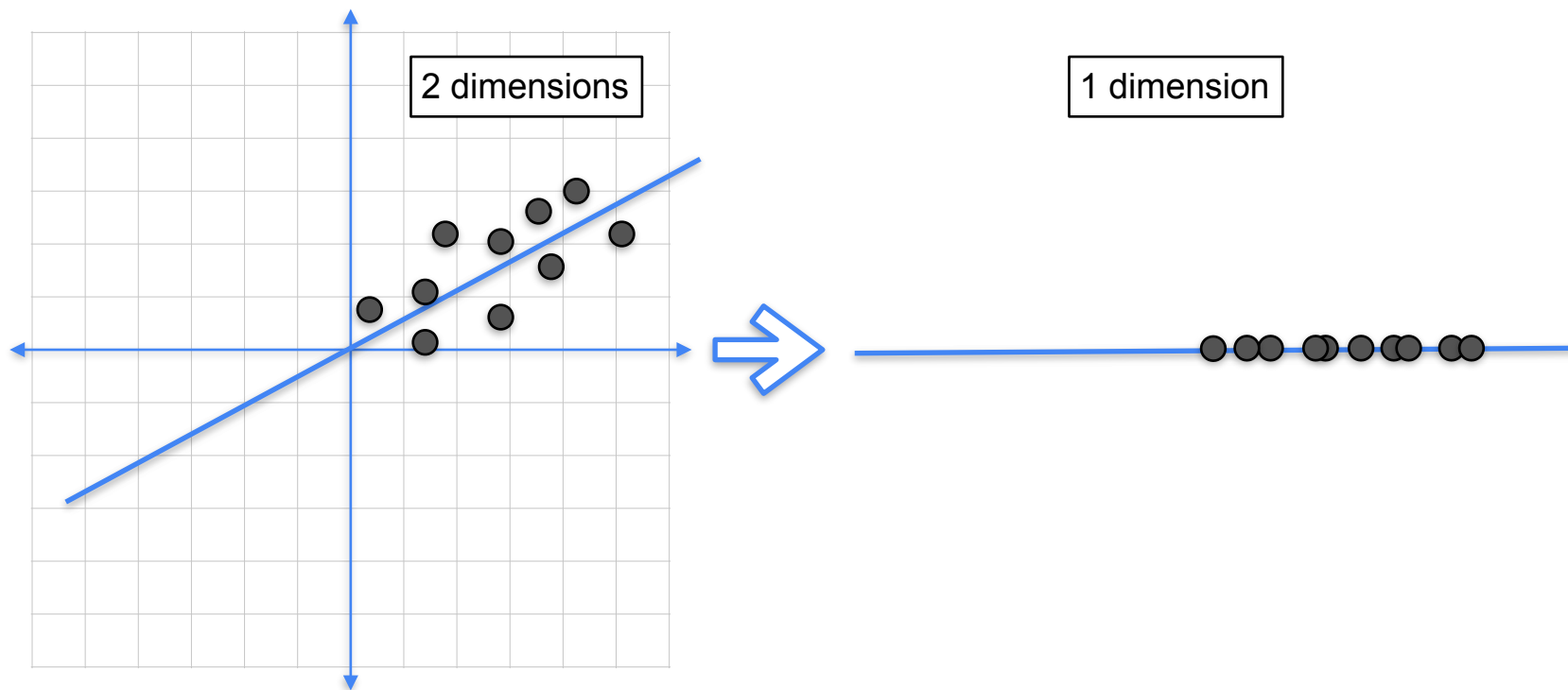
Principal Component Analysis



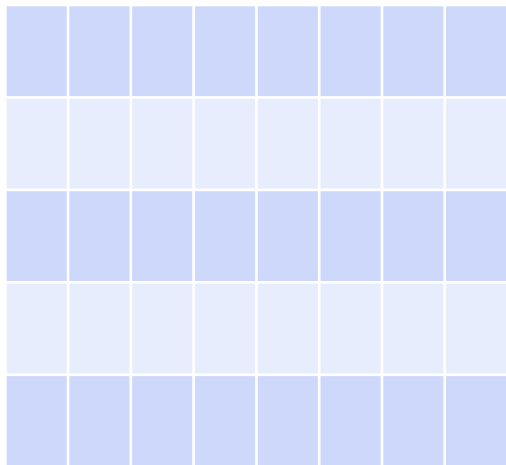
Principal Component Analysis



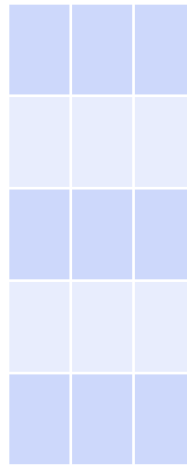
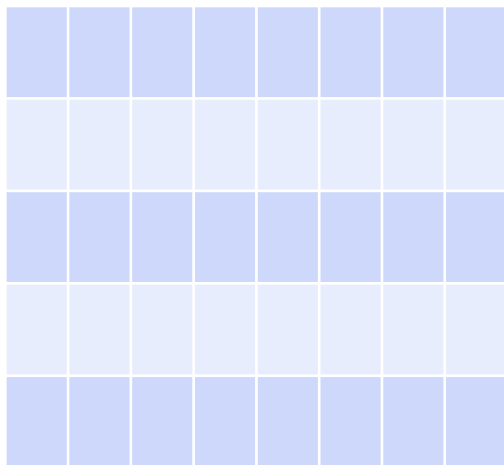
Principal Component Analysis



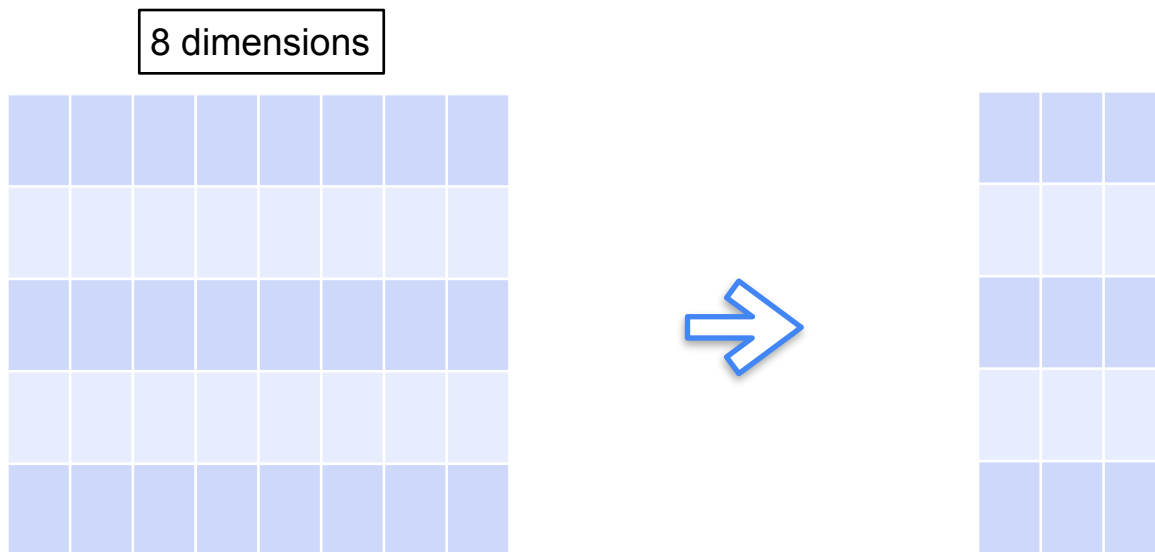
Principal Component Analysis



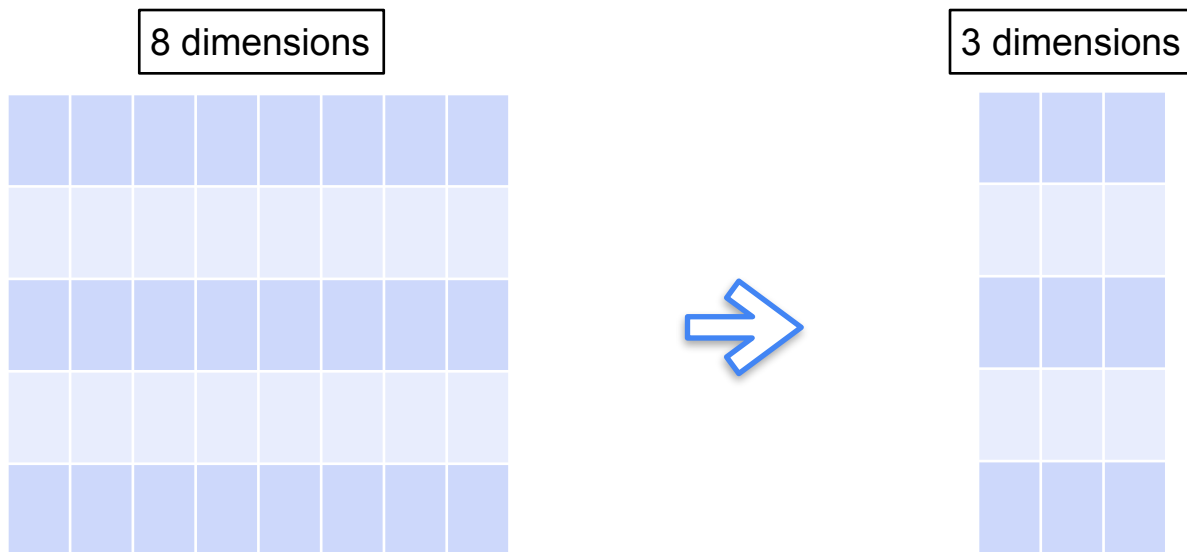
Principal Component Analysis



Principal Component Analysis



Principal Component Analysis





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Determinants and Eigenvectors

Singularity and rank of linear transformations

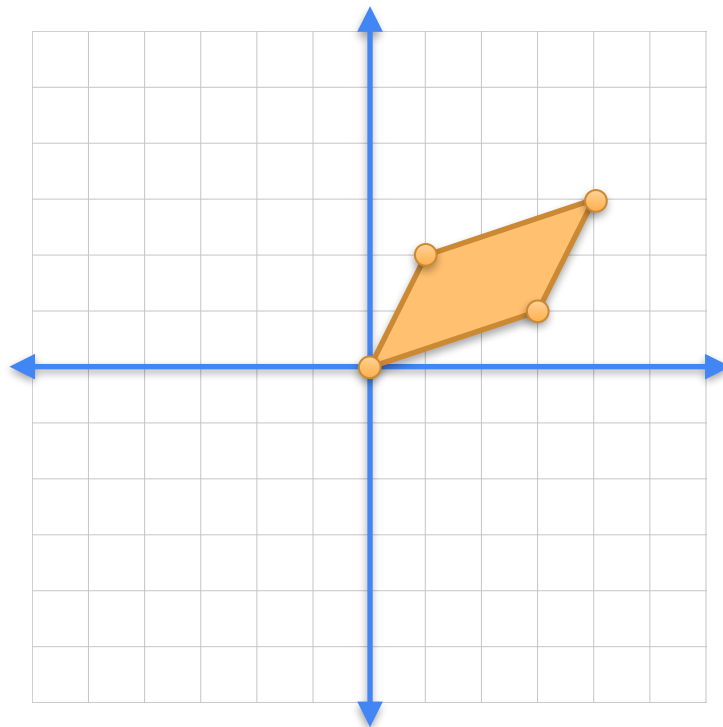
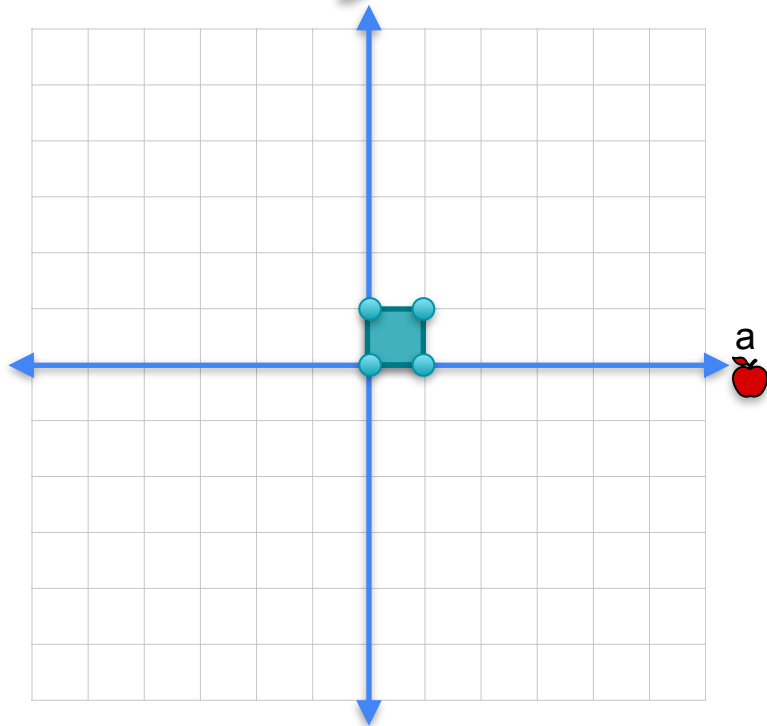
Non-singular transformation

 b





3	1
1	2

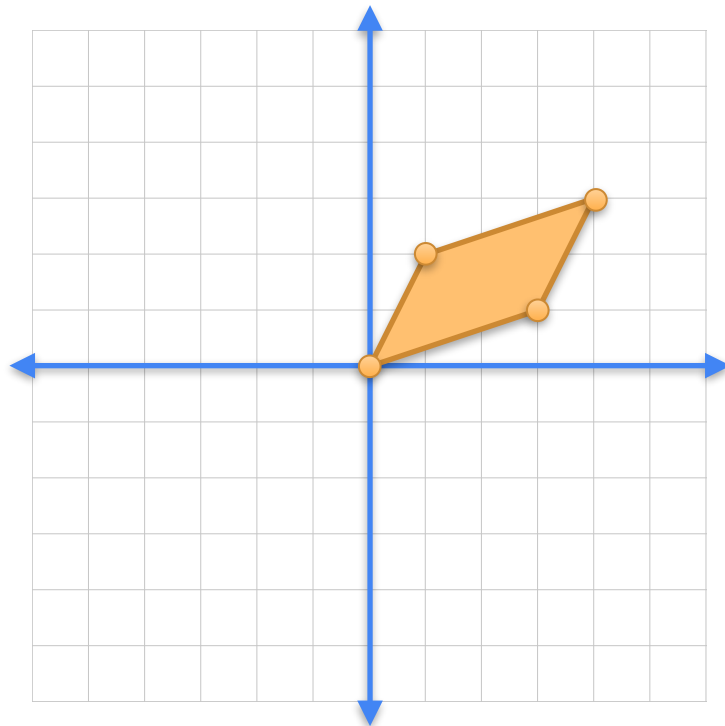
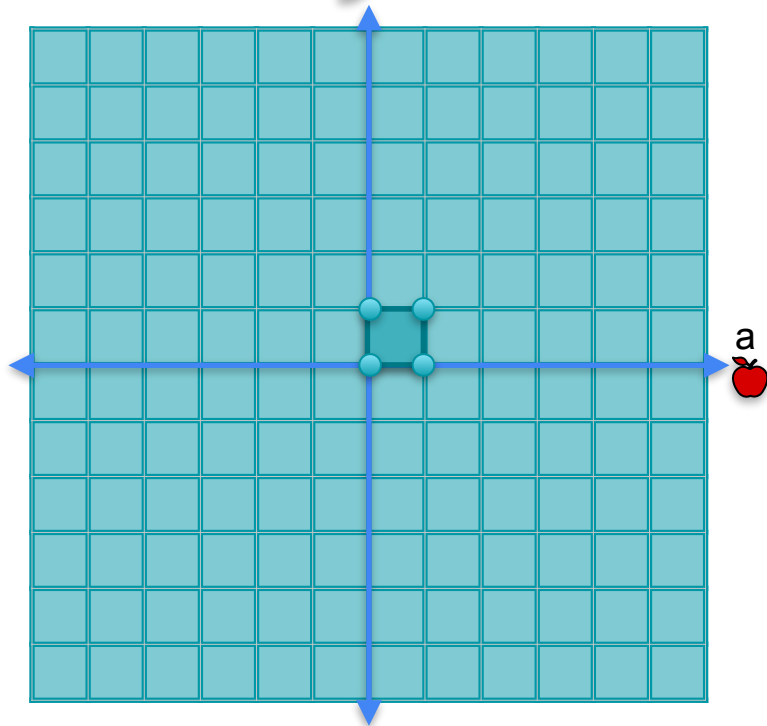


Non-singular transformation

 b

3	1
1	2



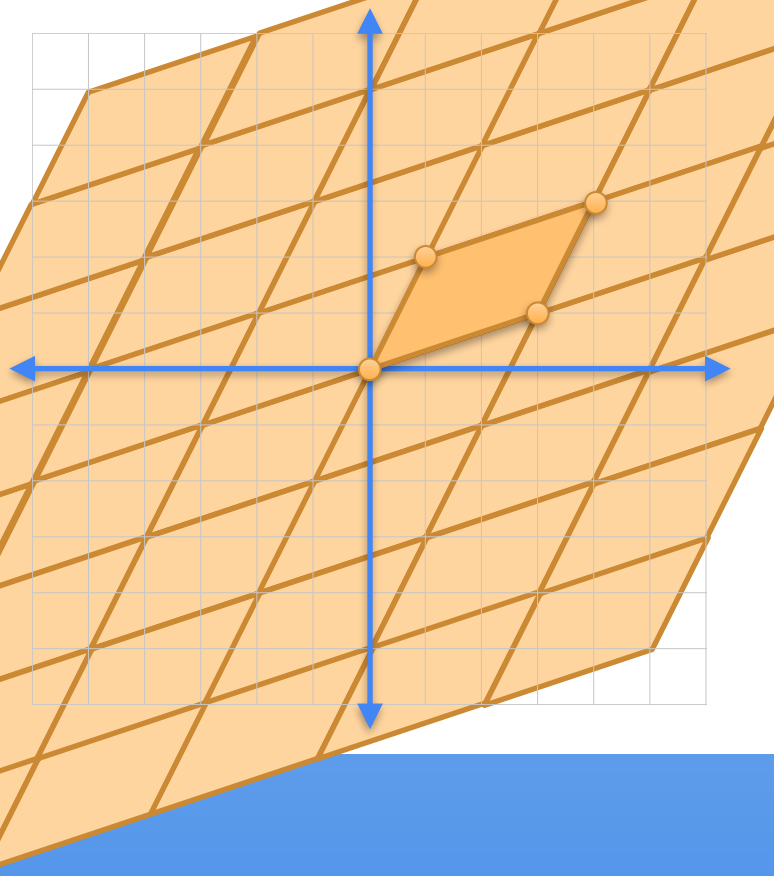
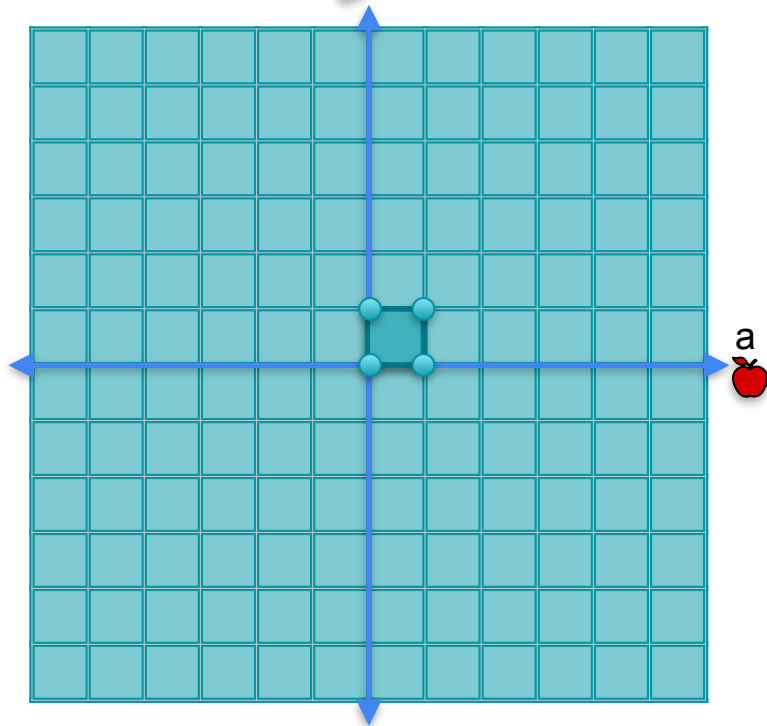
Non-singular transformation

 b





3	1
1	2



Singular transformation

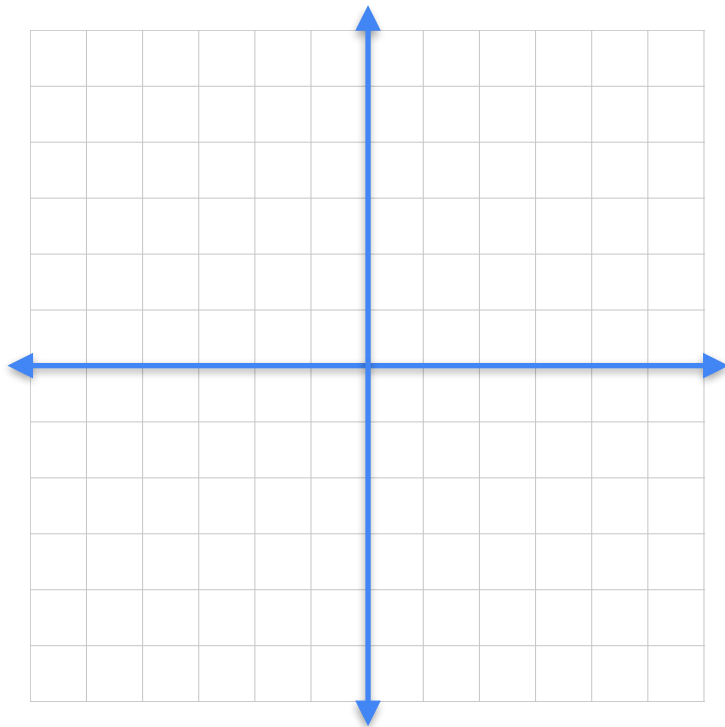
 b





1	1
2	2

a

Singular transformation

b

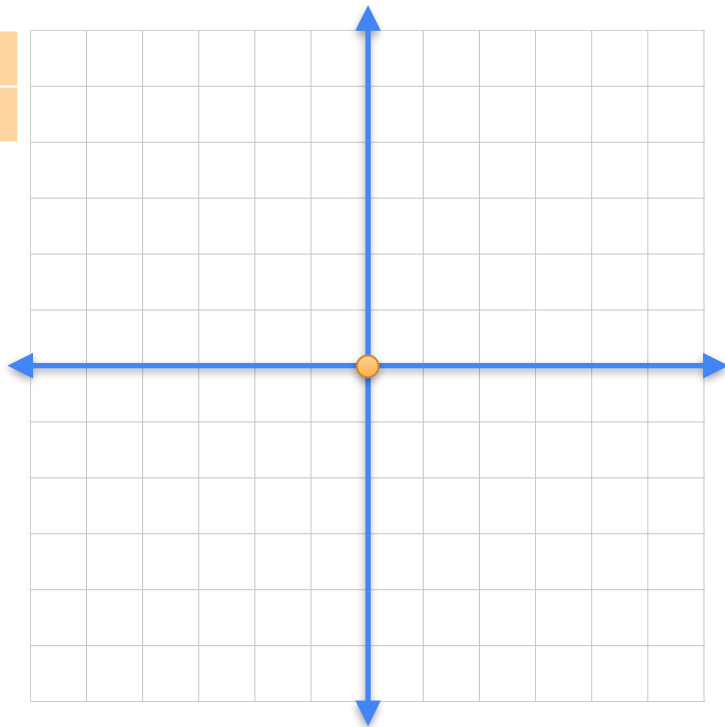
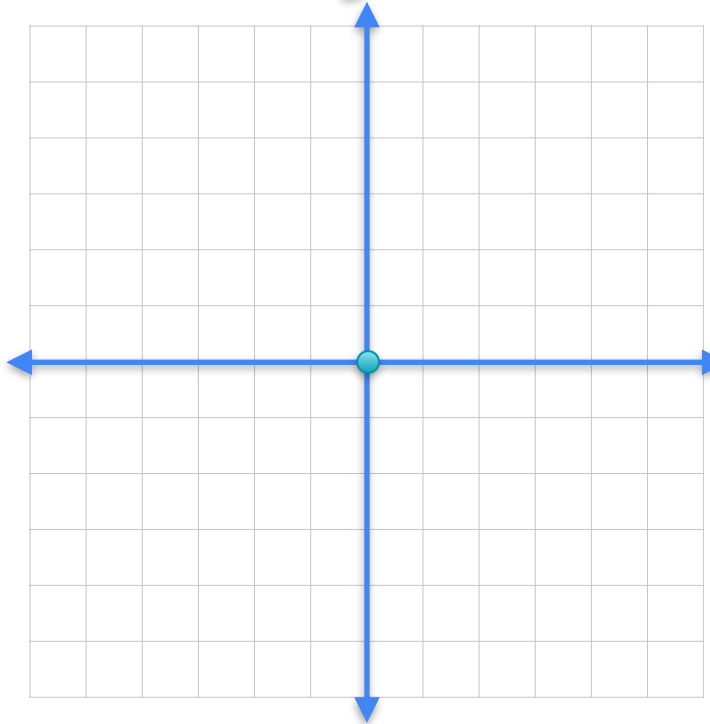
a

1	1	0	0
2	2	0	0

 $=$

0	0
0	0

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$



Singular transformation

b

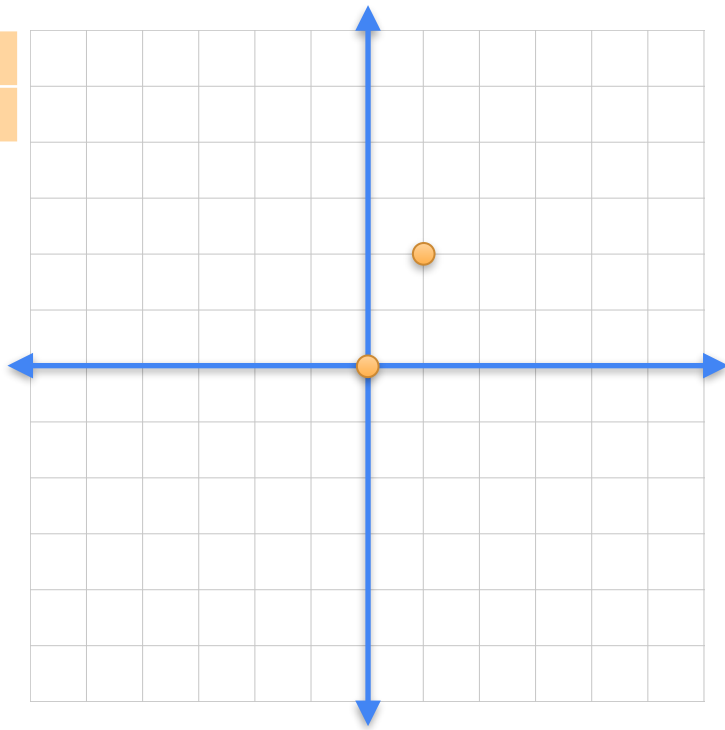
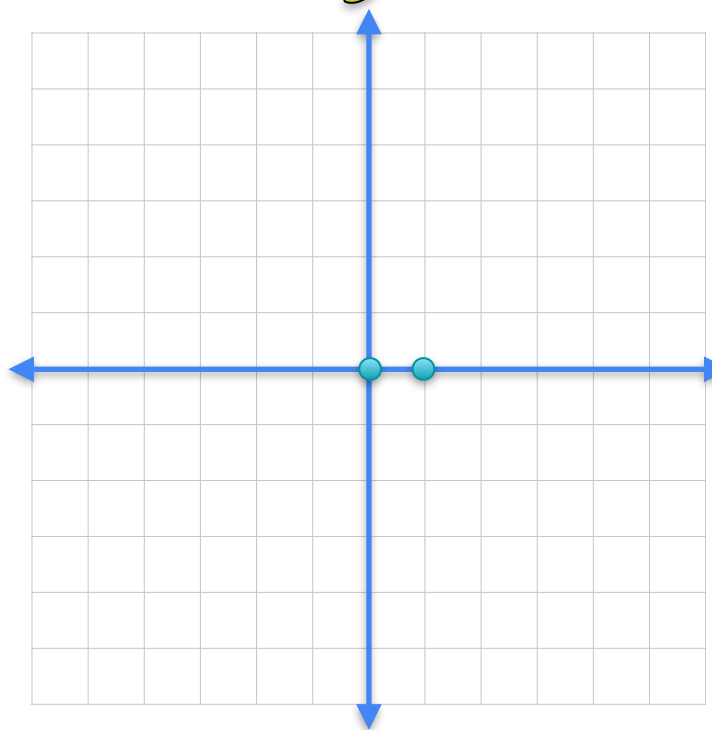


$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$$

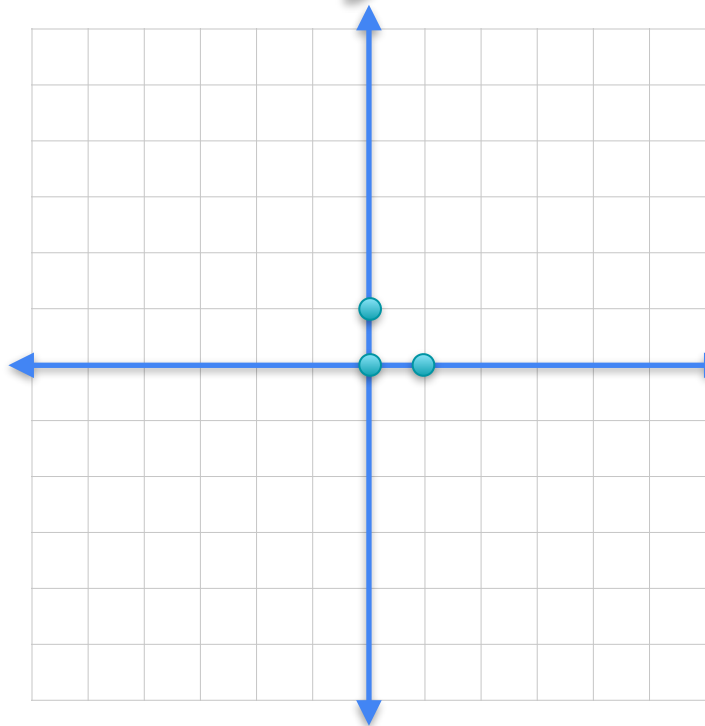
$$(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$$

a



Singular transformation

b



apple banana

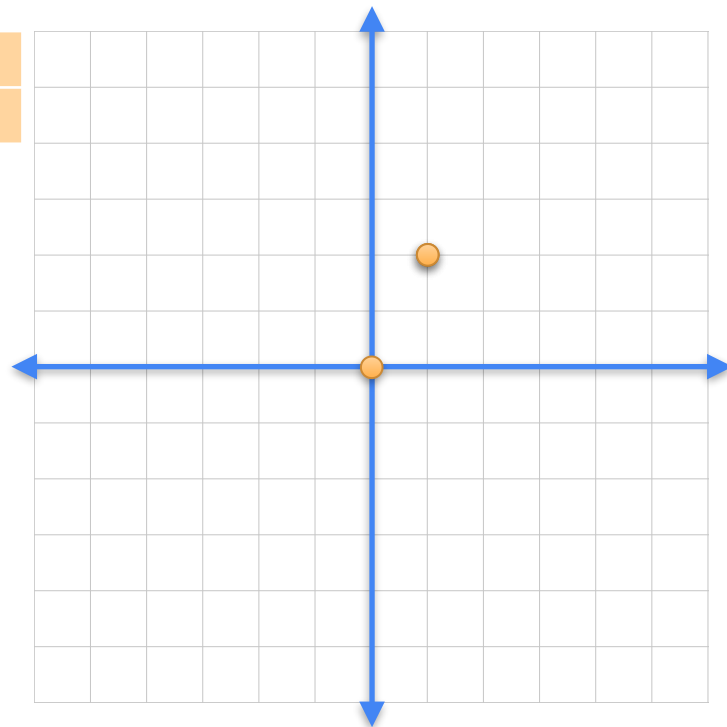
1	1	0	=	1
2	2	1		2

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$

$(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$

$(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$

a



Singular transformation

b

🍎 🍌

1	1	1	=	2
2	2	1		4

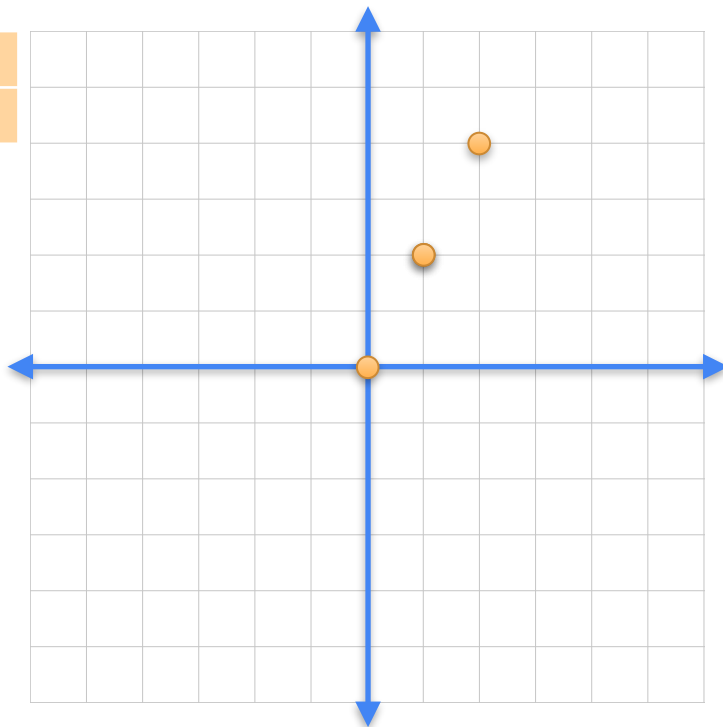
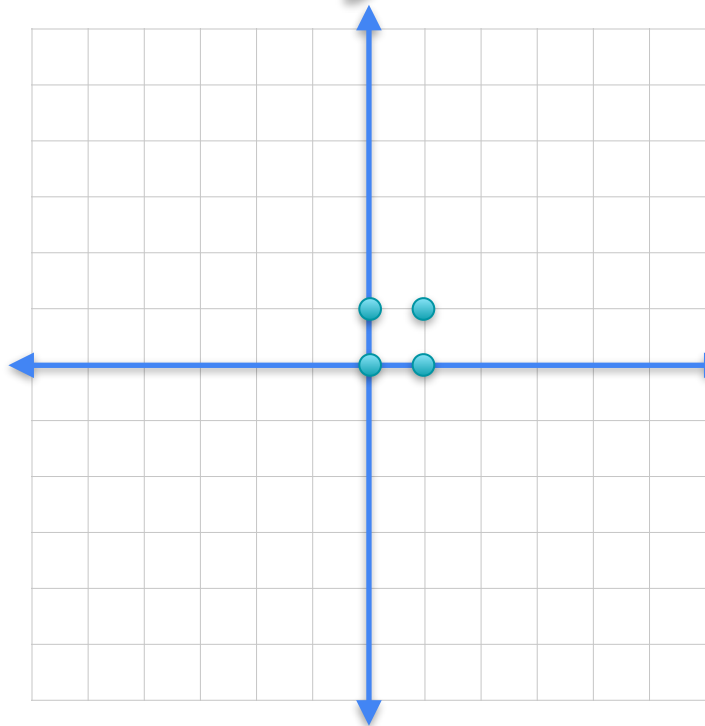
(0,0) → (0,0)

(1,0) → (1,2)

(0,1) → (1,2)

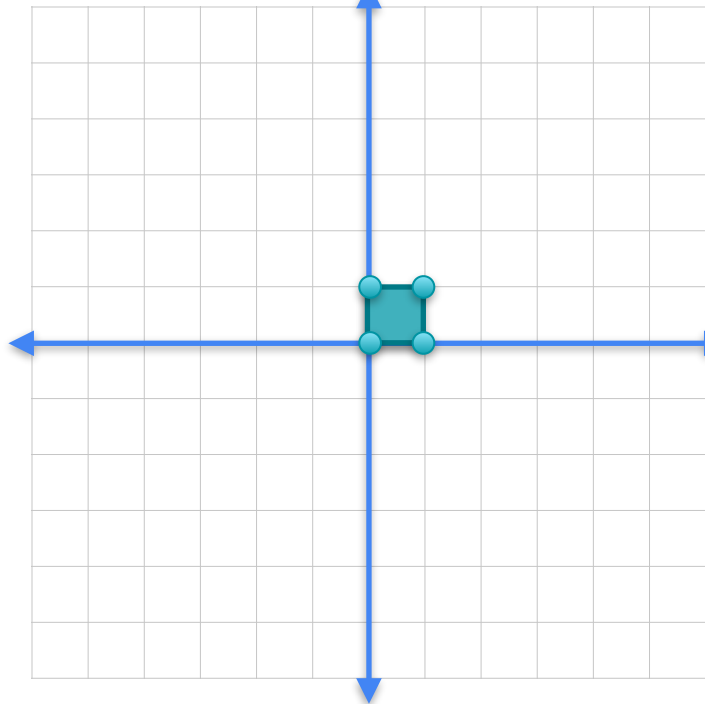
(1,1) → (2,4)

a



Singular transformation

b



a

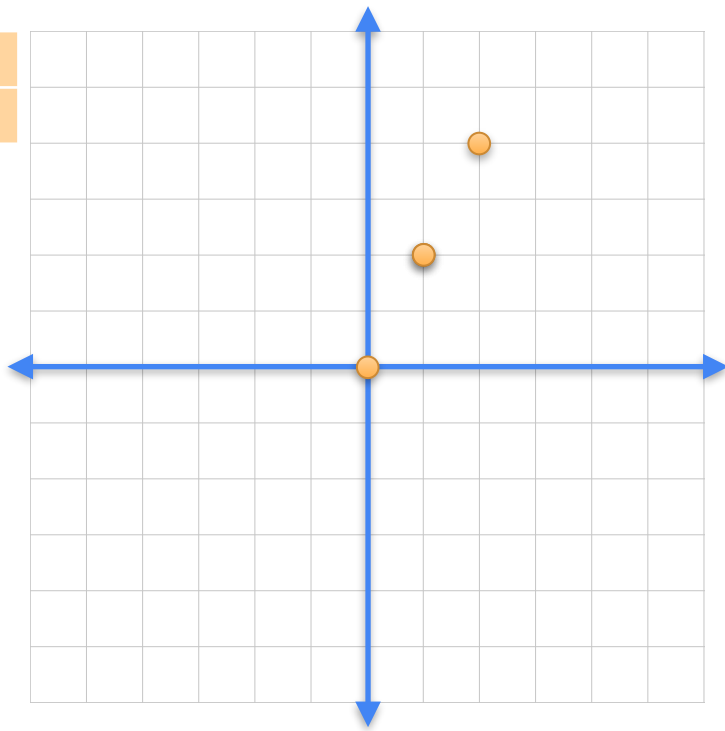
1	1	1	=	2
2	2	1		4

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$

$(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$

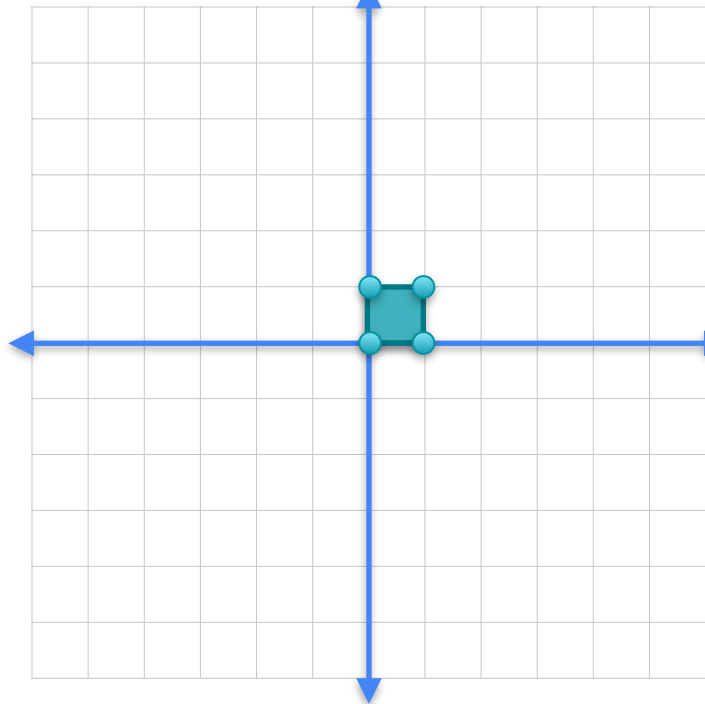
$(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$

$(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$



Singular transformation

b

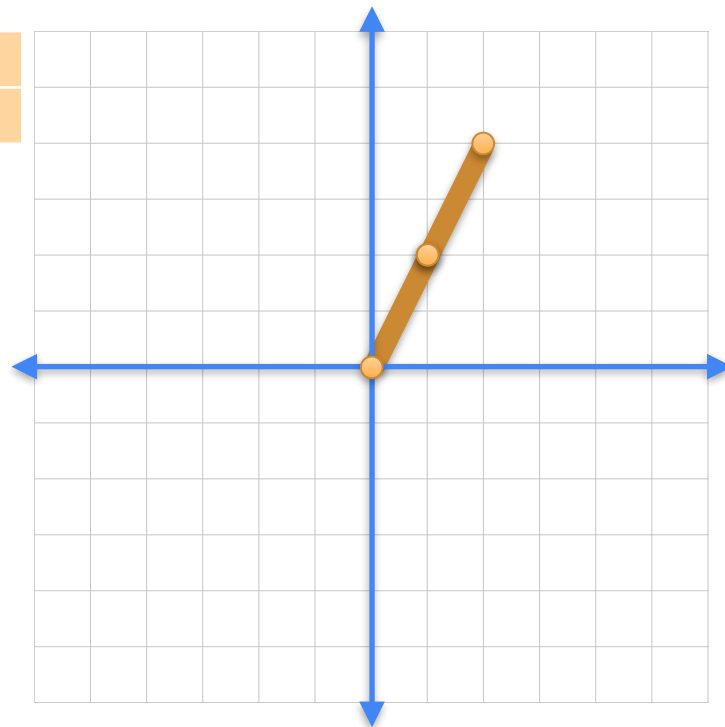


🍎 🍌

1	1	1	=	2
2	2	1		4

a

(0,0) → (0,0)
(1,0) → (1,2)
(0,1) → (1,2)
(1,1) → (2,4)



Singular transformation

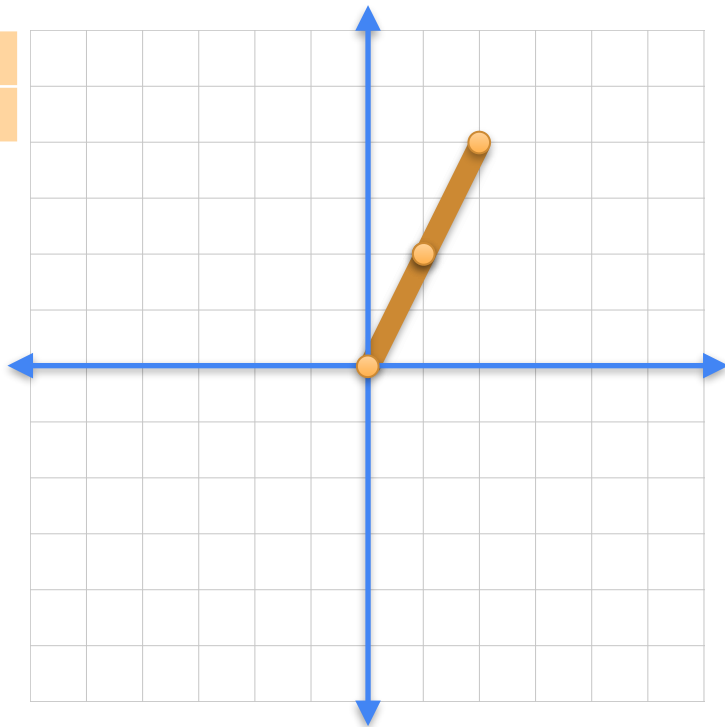
b

🍎 🍌

1	1	1	=	2
2	2	1		4

a

(0,0) → (0,0)
(1,0) → (1,2)
(0,1) → (1,2)
(1,1) → (2,4)



Singular transformation

b

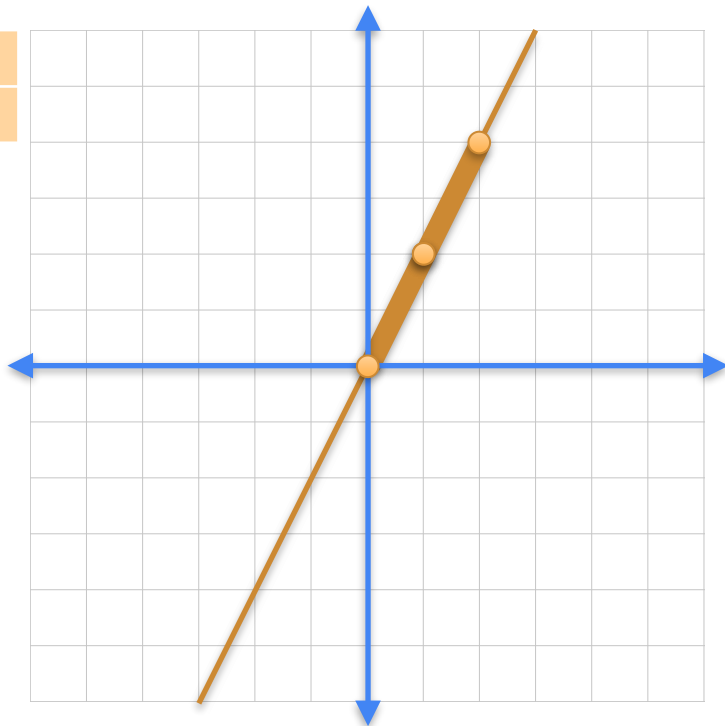
🍎 🍌

1	1	1	=	2
2	2	1		4

a

🍌

(0,0) → (0,0)
(1,0) → (1,2)
(0,1) → (1,2)
(1,1) → (2,4)

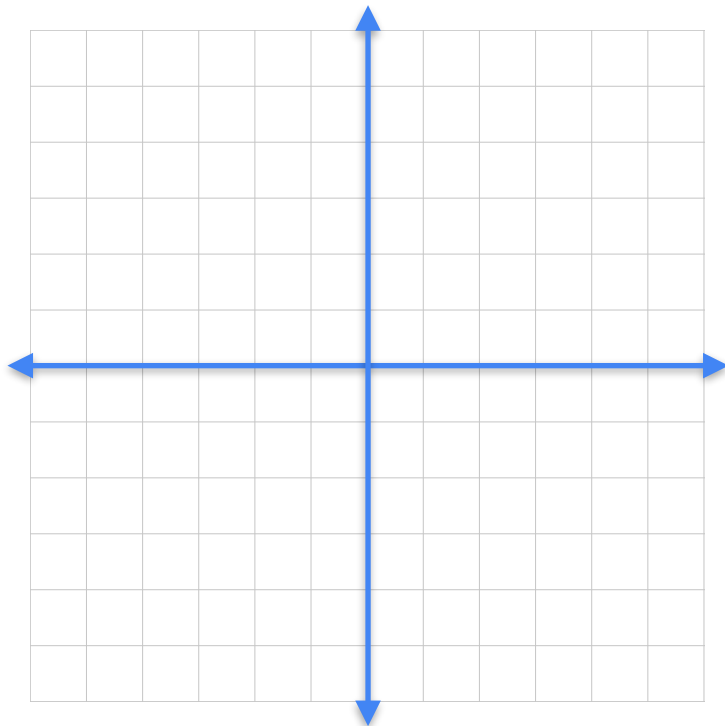
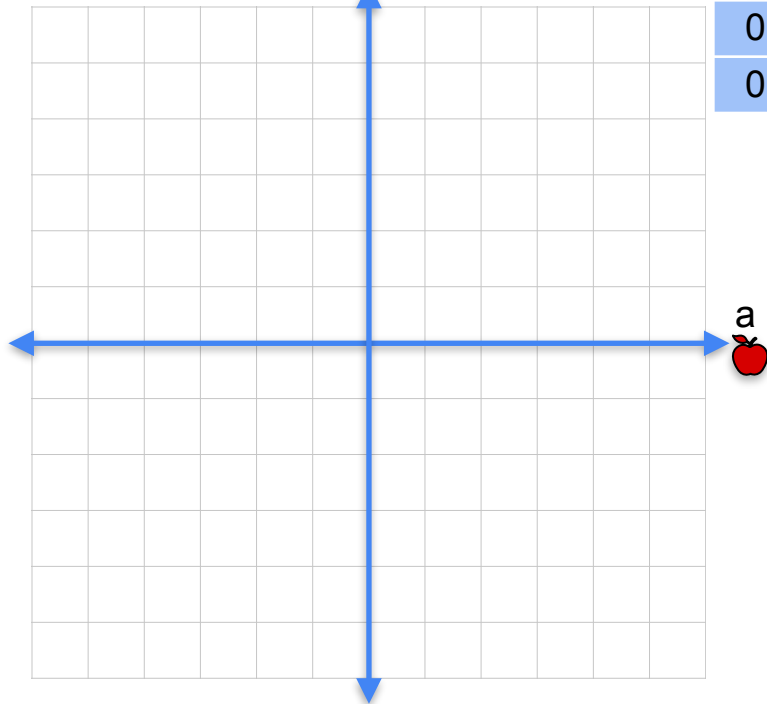


Singular transformation

 b

0	0
0	0



Singular transformation

 b





0

0

a

0

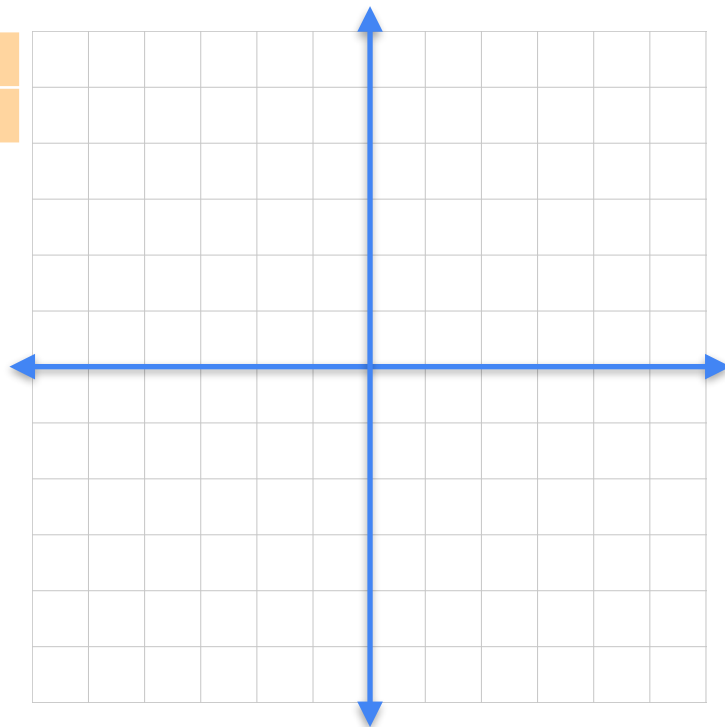
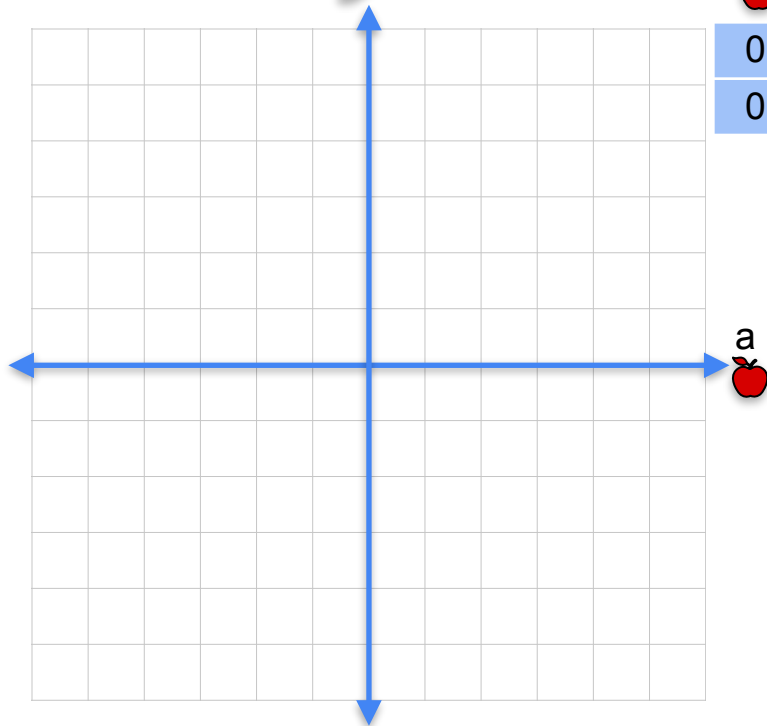
0

0

b

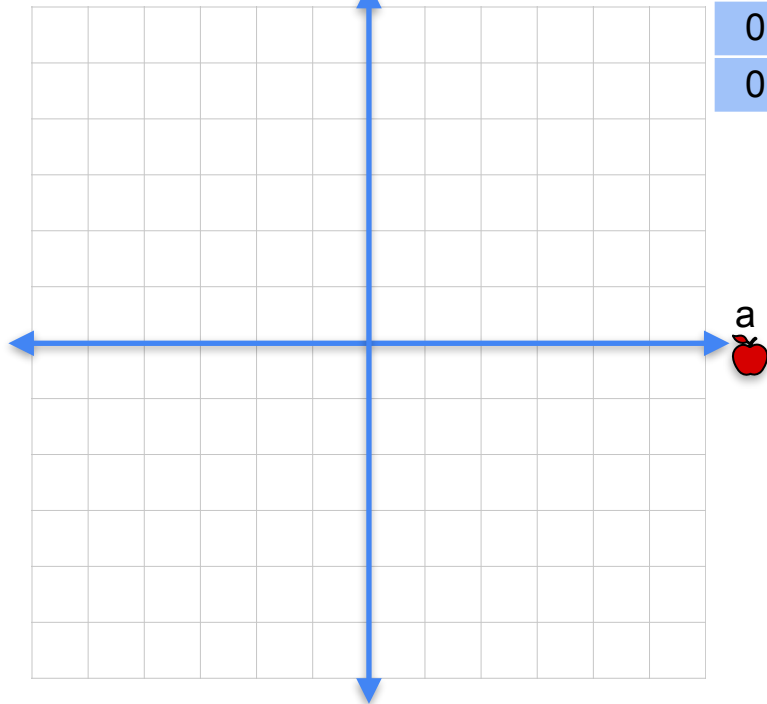
0

=



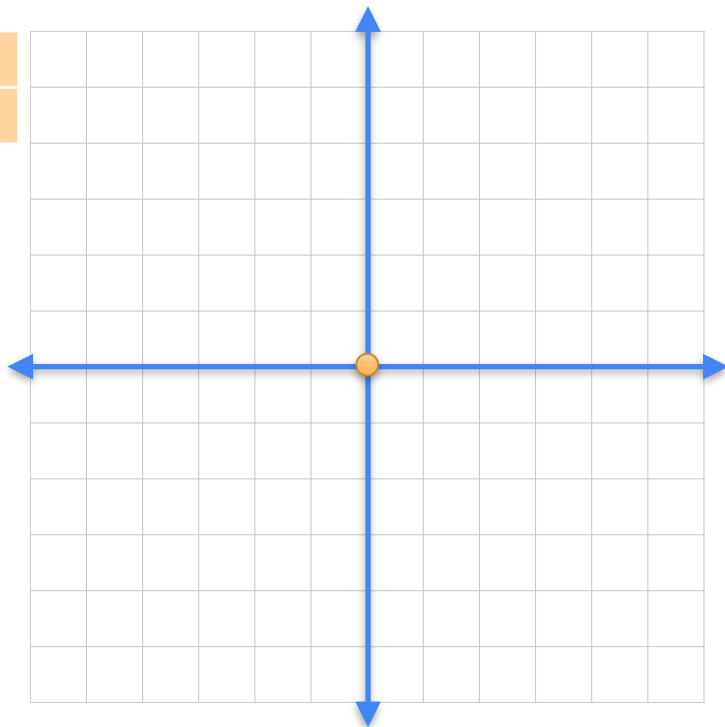
Singular transformation

 b

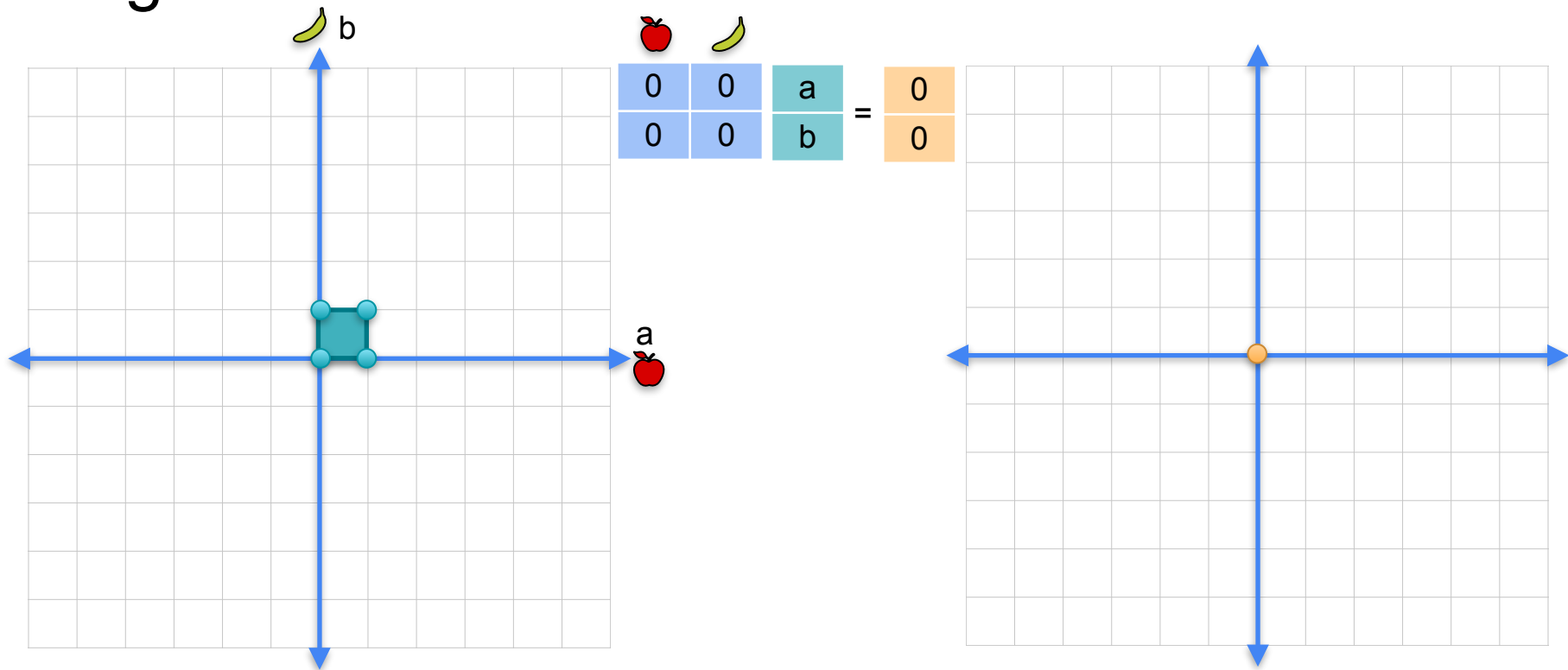


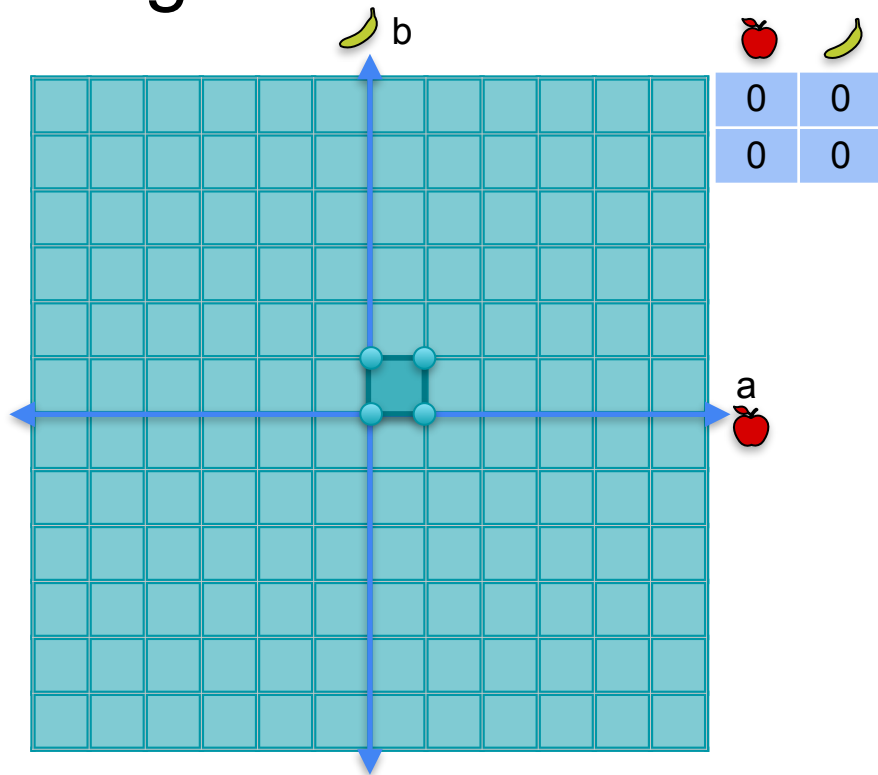
0	0	a	=	0
0	0	b		0



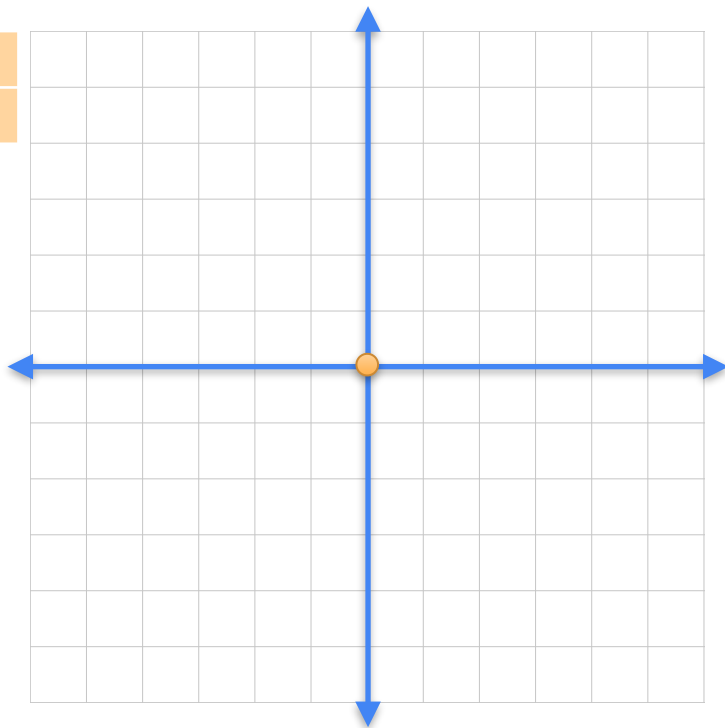
Singular transformation



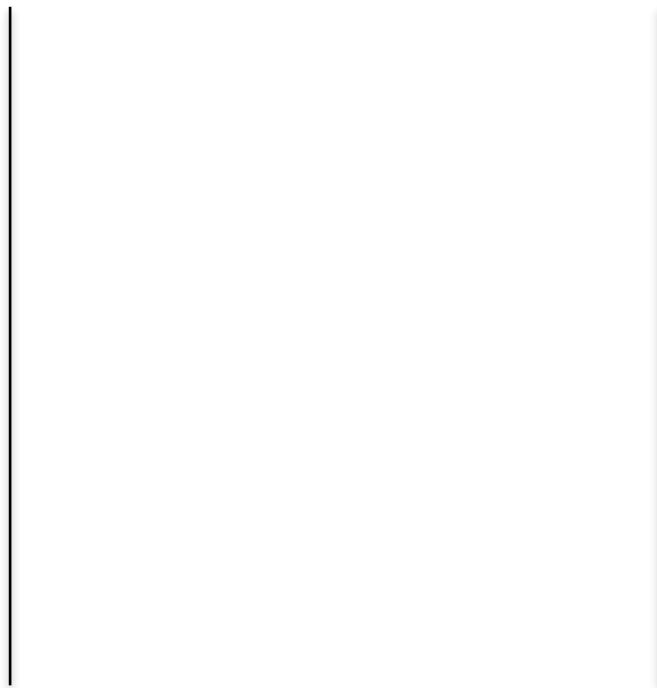
Singular transformation



0	0	a	=	0
0	0	b		0



Singular and non-singular transformations

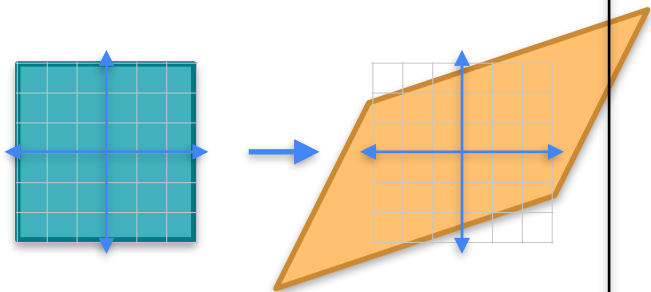


Singular and non-singular transformations

Non-singular



3	1
1	2

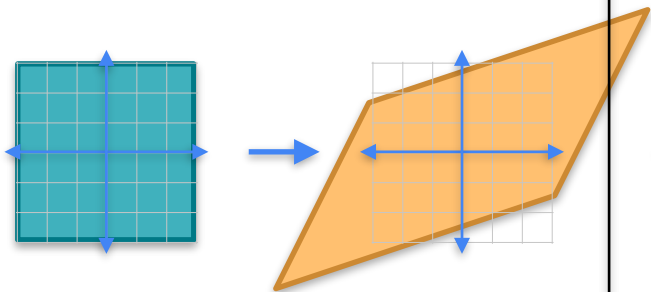


Singular and non-singular transformations

Non-singular



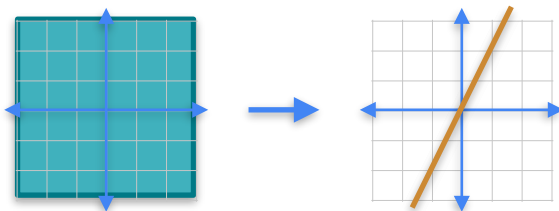
3	1
1	2



Singular





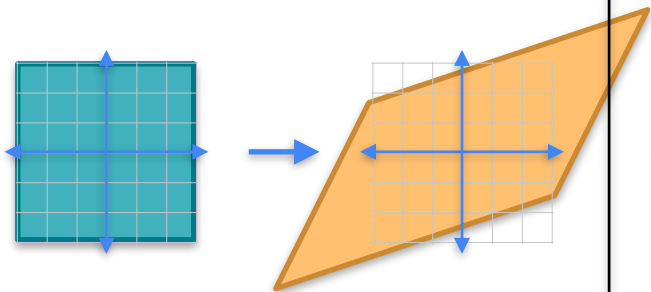
1	1
2	2





Singular and non-singular transformations

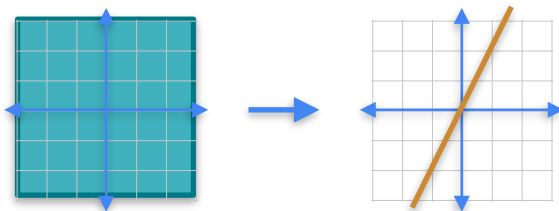
Non-singular

	
3	1
1	2





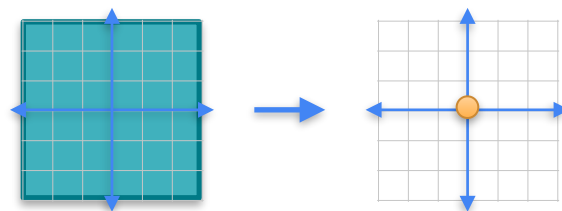
Singular

	
1	1
2	2





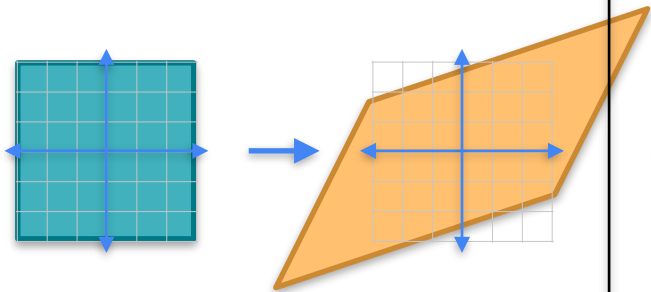
Singular



	
0	0
0	0

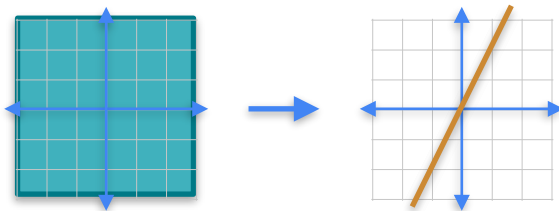




Rank of linear transformations

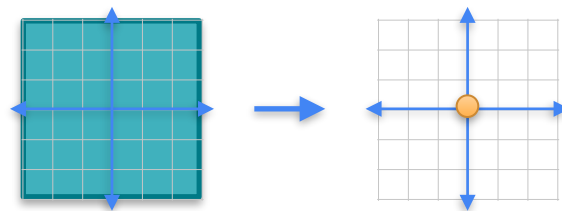
	
3	1
1	2





	
1	1
2	2

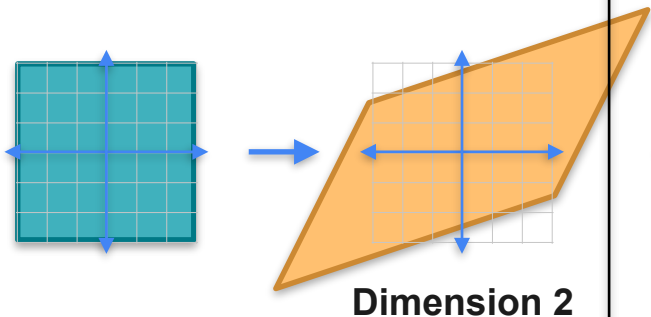




	
0	0
0	0

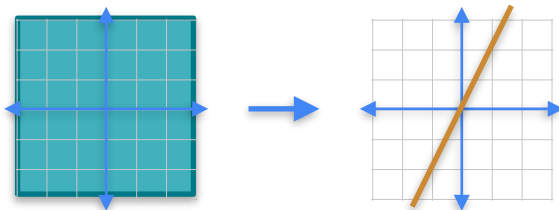




Rank of linear transformations

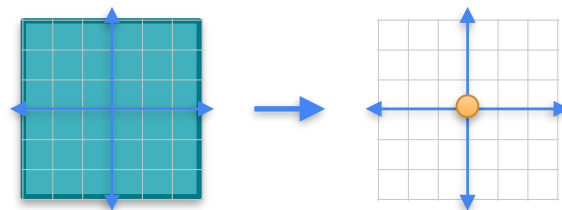
	
3	1
1	2



	
1	1
2	2





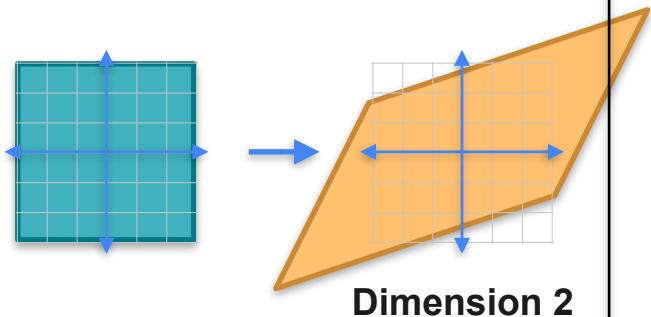
	
0	0
0	0





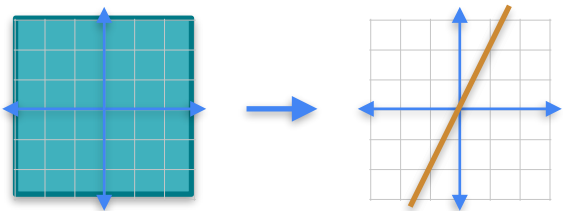
Rank of linear transformations



Rank 2

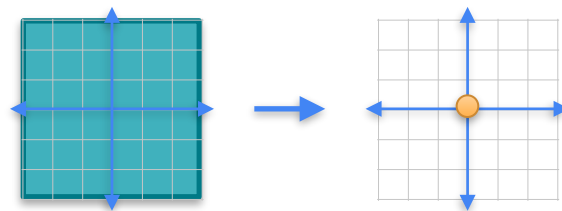
	
3	1
1	2



	
1	1
2	2





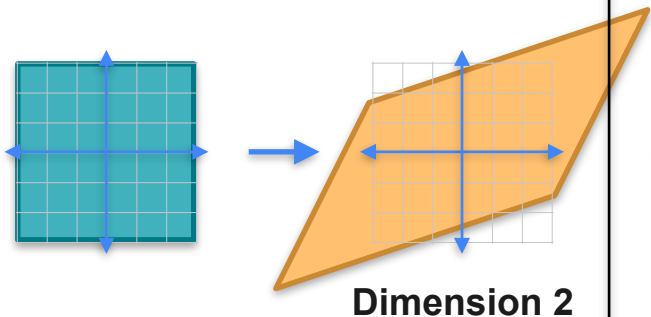
	
0	0
0	0





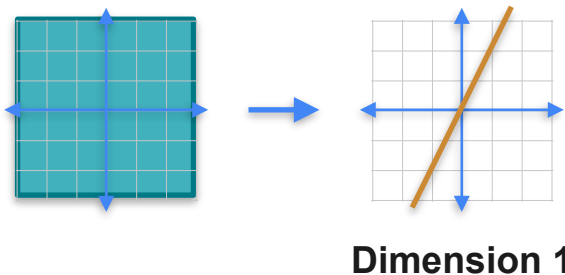
Rank of linear transformations



Rank 2

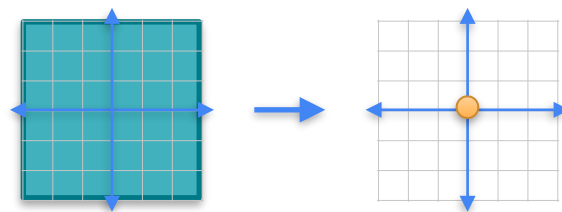
	
3	1
1	2



	
1	1
2	2





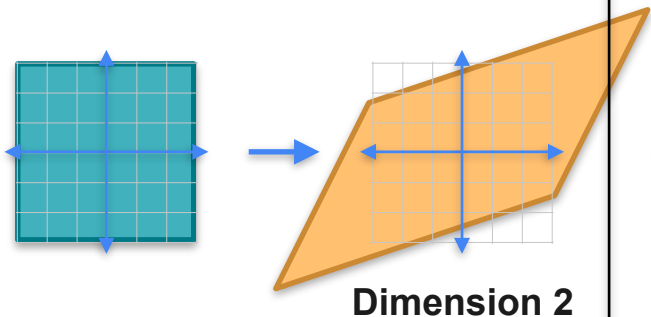
	
0	0
0	0





Rank of linear transformations

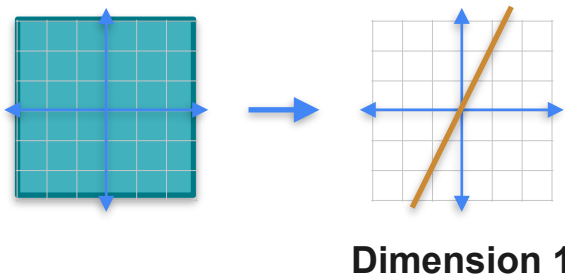
Rank 2



	
3	1
1	2

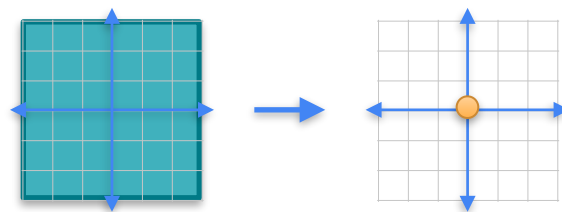


Rank 1

	
1	1
2	2





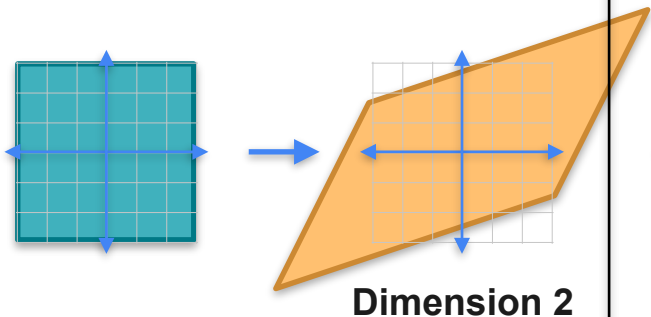
	
0	0
0	0





Rank of linear transformations

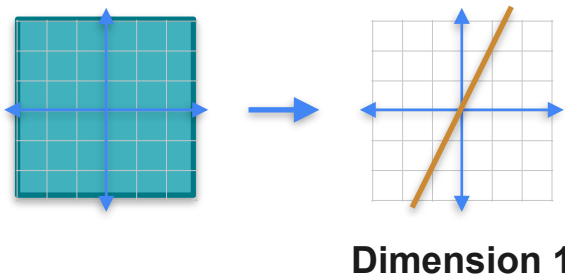
Rank 2



	
3	1
1	2

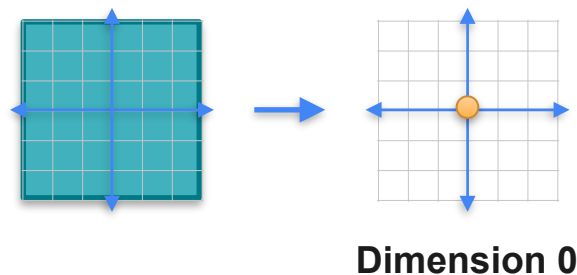


Rank 1

	
1	1
2	2





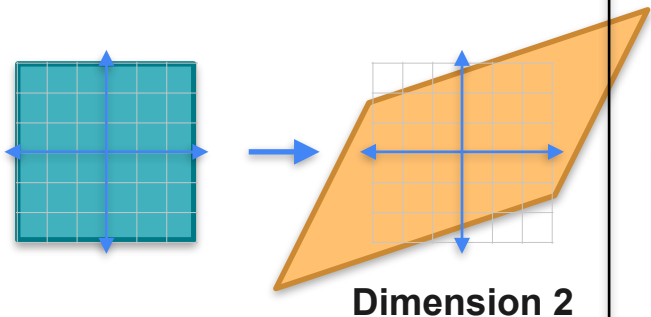
	
0	0
0	0





Rank of linear transformations

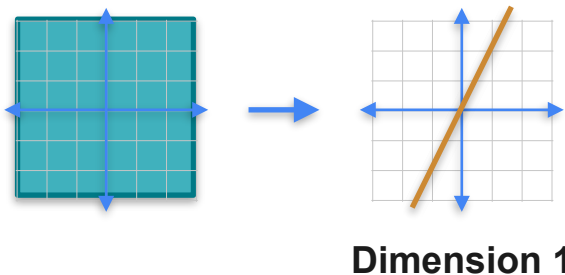
Rank 2

	
3	1
1	2





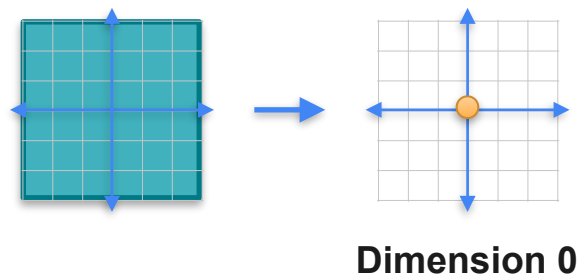
Rank 1

	
1	1
2	2



Rank 0

	
0	0
0	0





DeepLearning.AI

Determinants and Eigenvectors

Determinant as an area

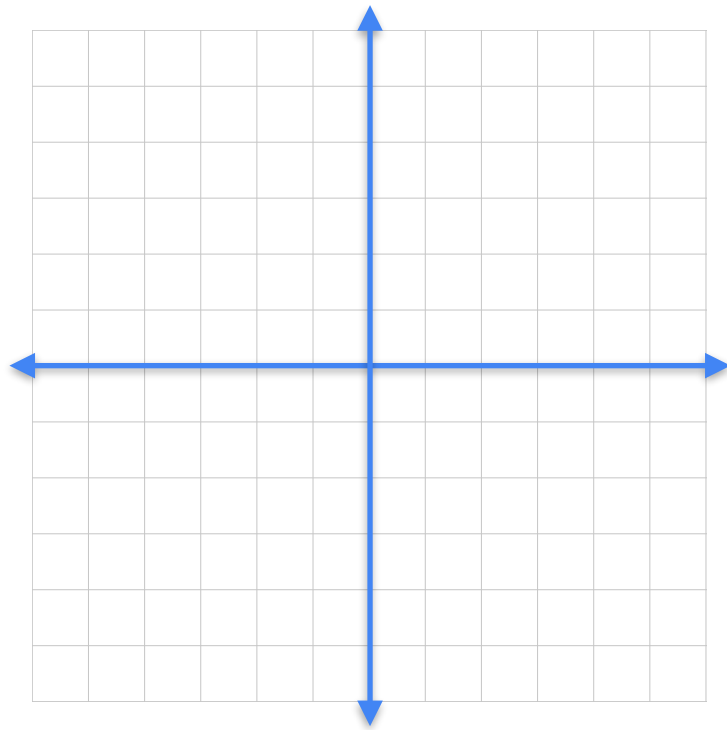
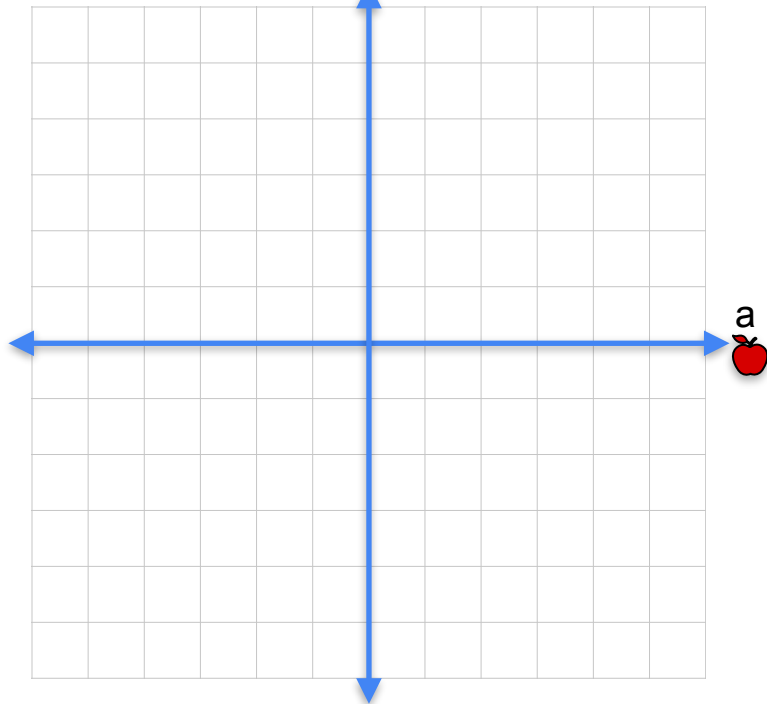
Determinant as an area

 b





3	1
1	2



Determinant as an area

 b



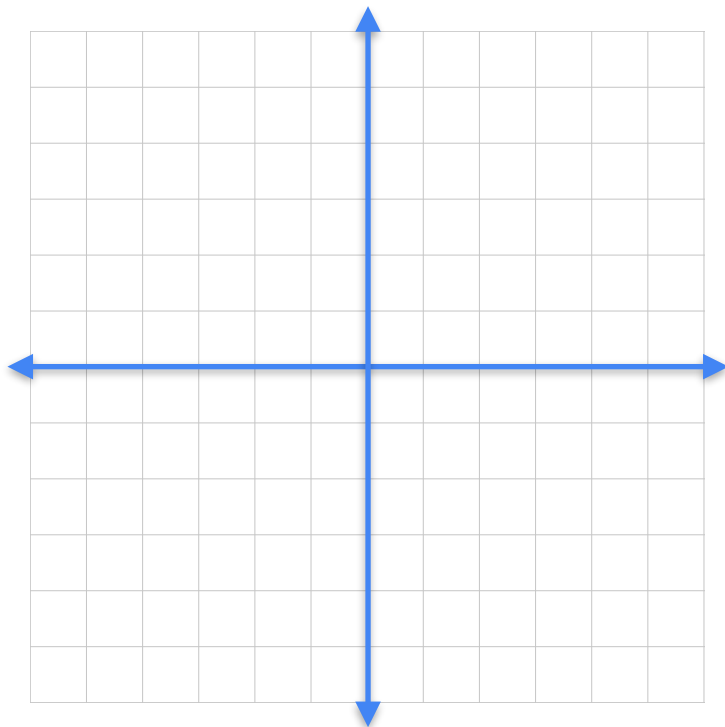
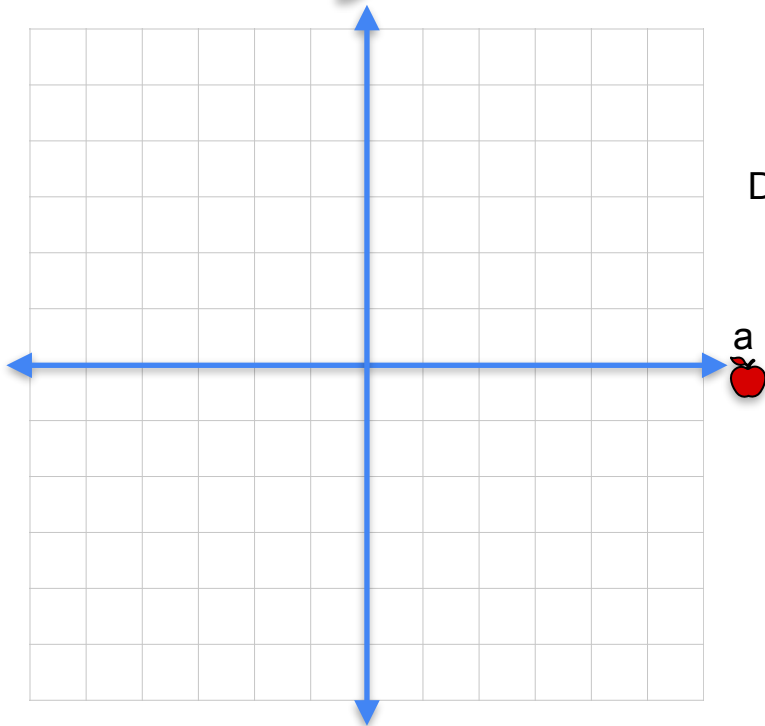


3	1
1	2

$$\text{Det} = 3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$$

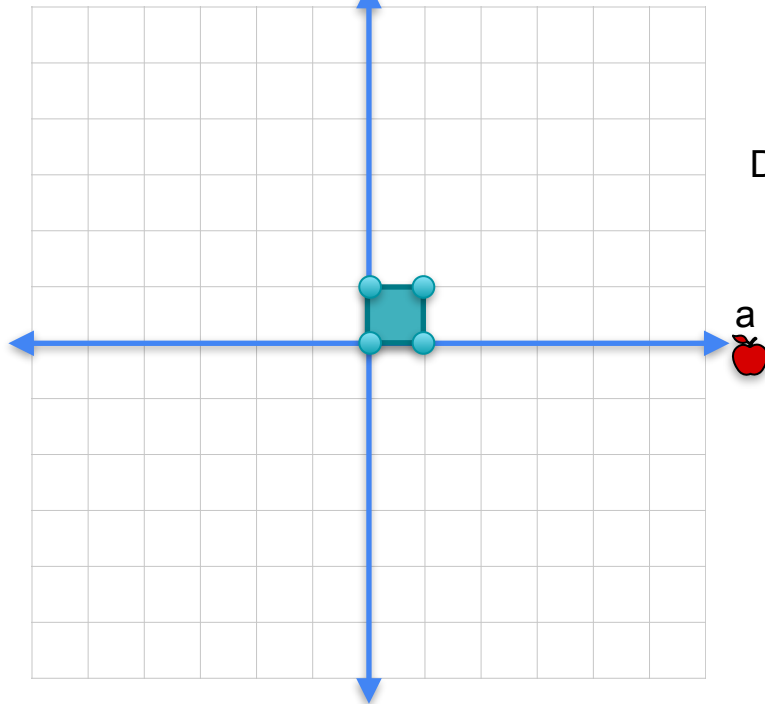
$$\text{Det} = 5$$



a 



Determinant as an area

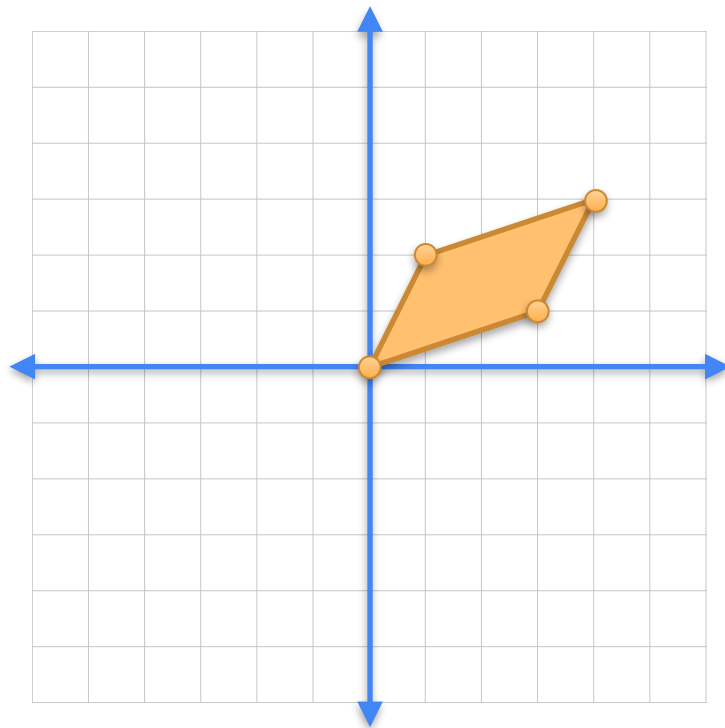
 b



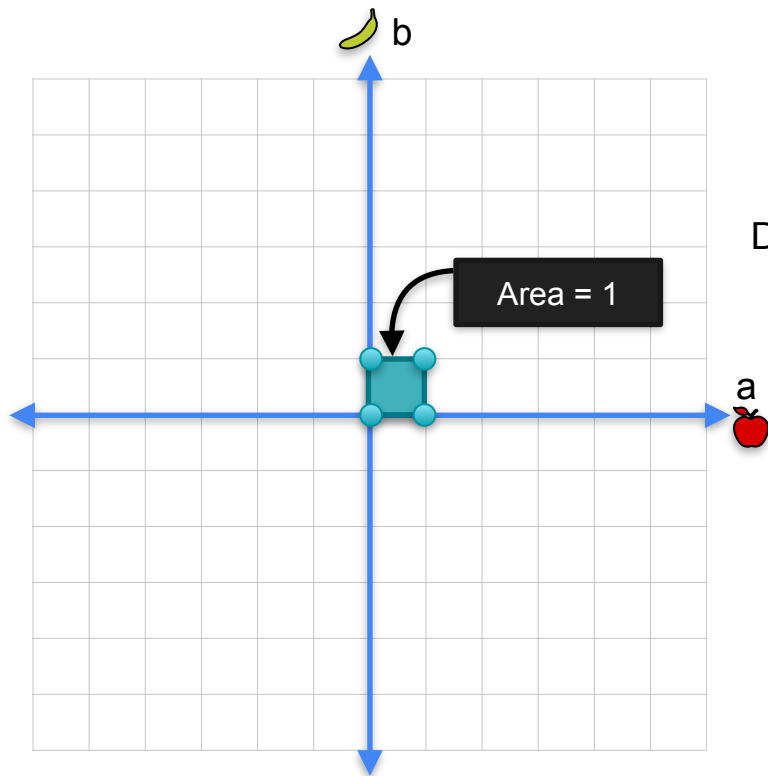
	
3	1
1	2



$$\text{Det} = 3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$$

$$\text{Det} = 5$$



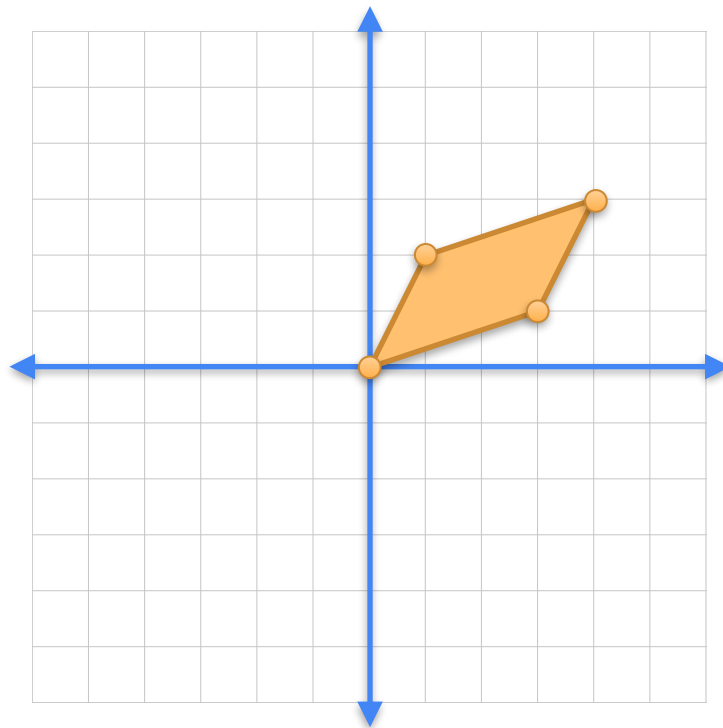
Determinant as an area



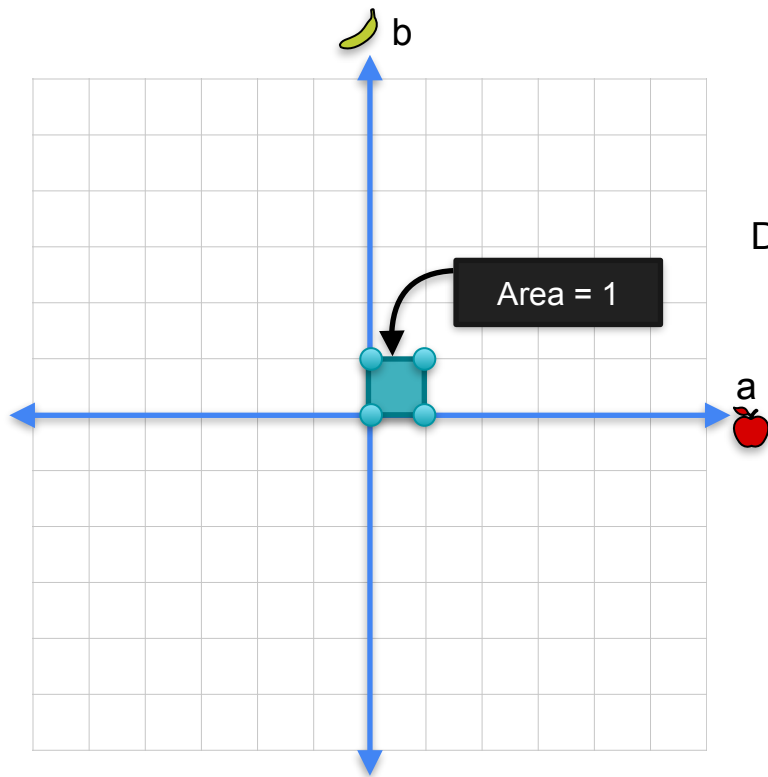
 3	 1
1	2



$$\text{Det} = 3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$$

$$\text{Det} = 5$$



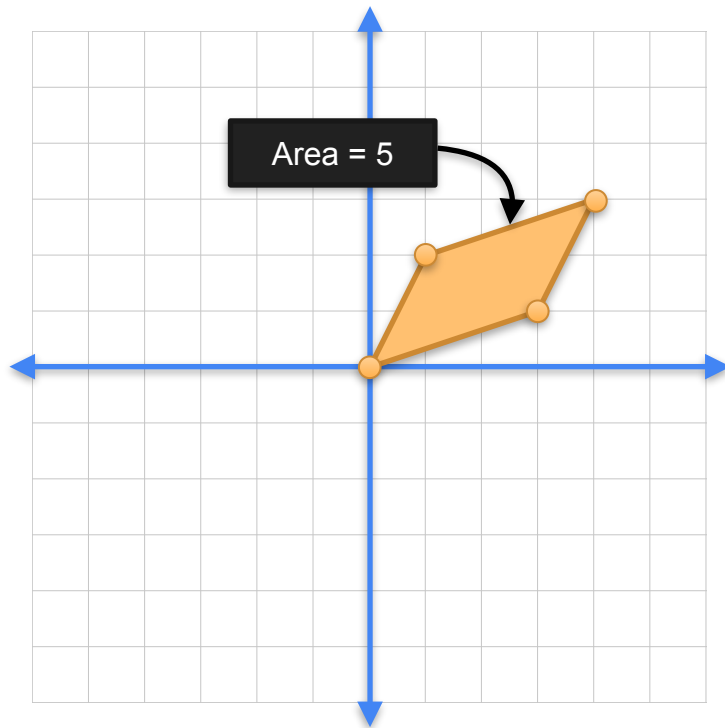
Determinant as an area



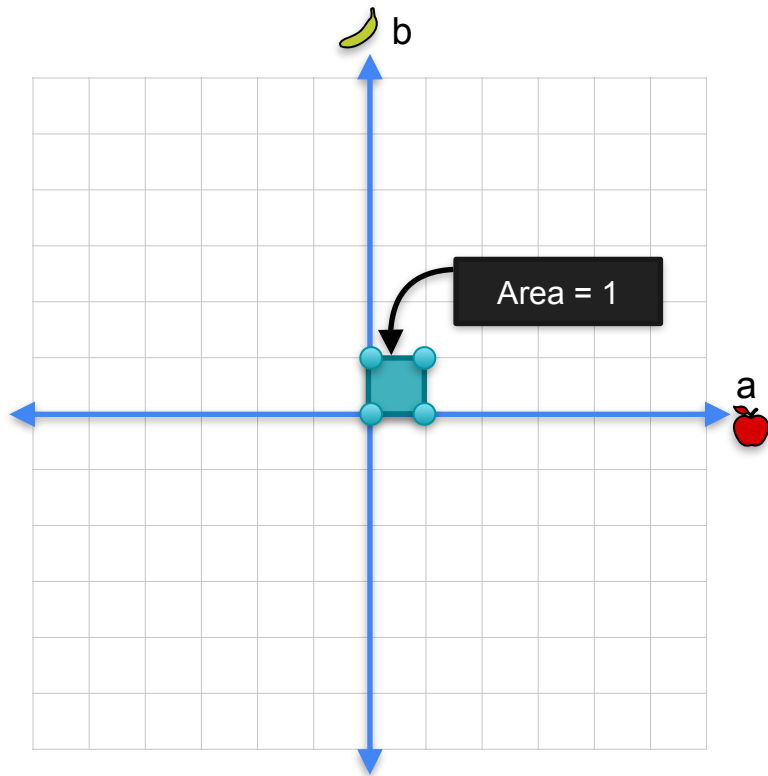
 3	 1
1	2



$$\text{Det} = 3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$$

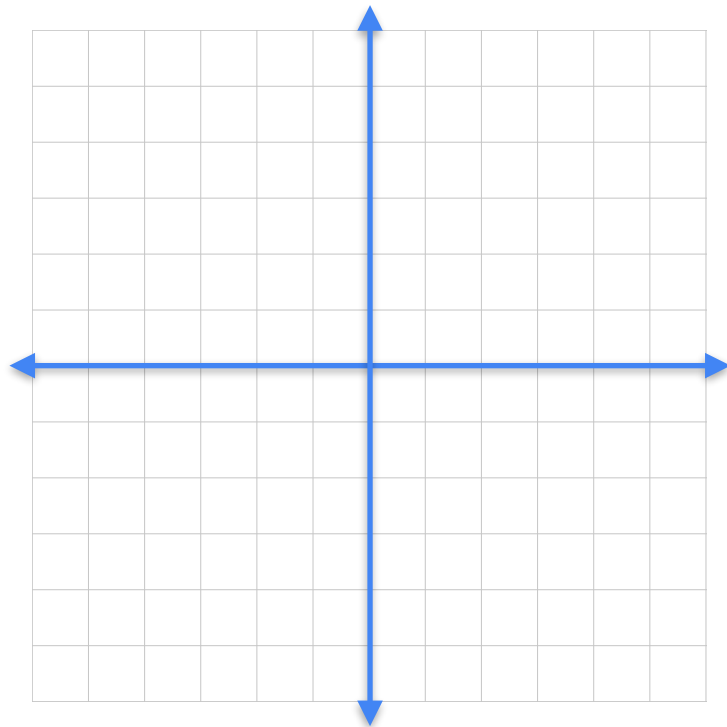
$$\text{Det} = 5$$



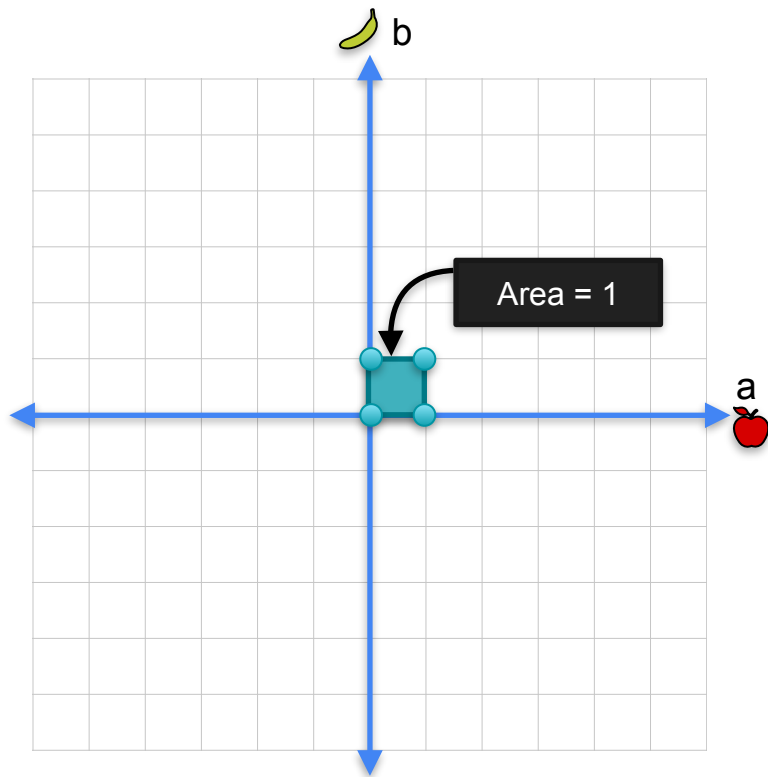
Determinant as an area





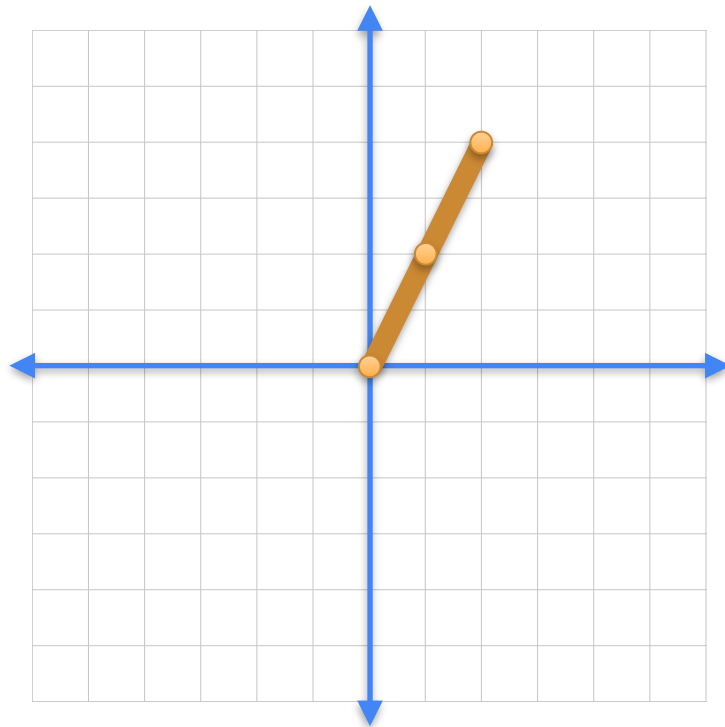
 1	 1
2	2



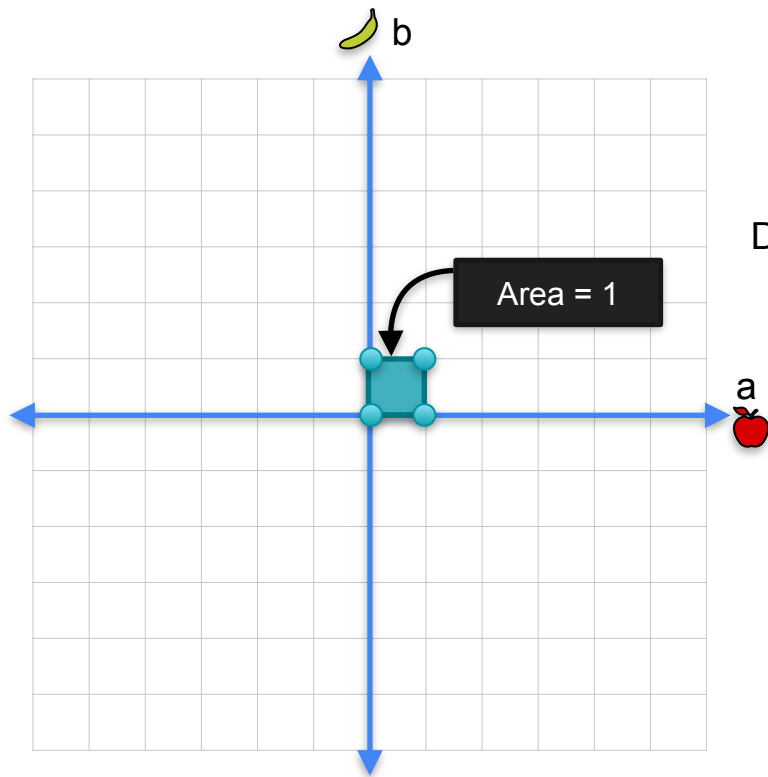
Determinant as an area





	
1	1
2	2



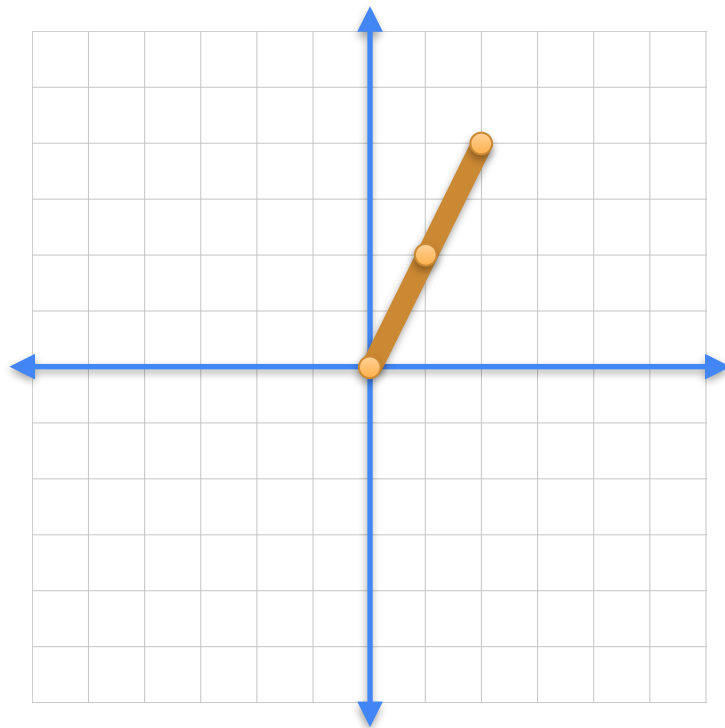
Determinant as an area



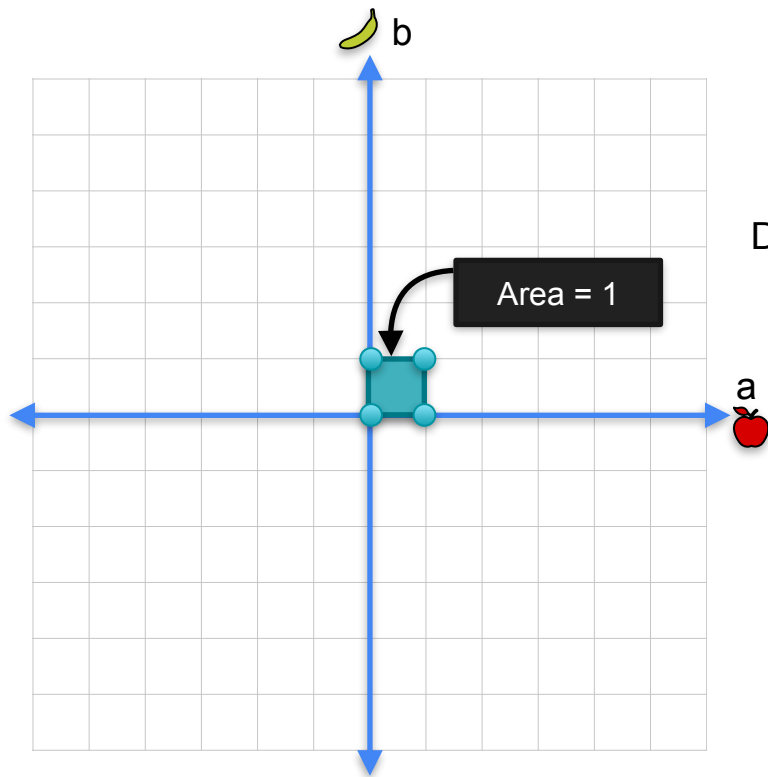
 1	 1
2	2



$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 2$$

$$\text{Det} = 0$$



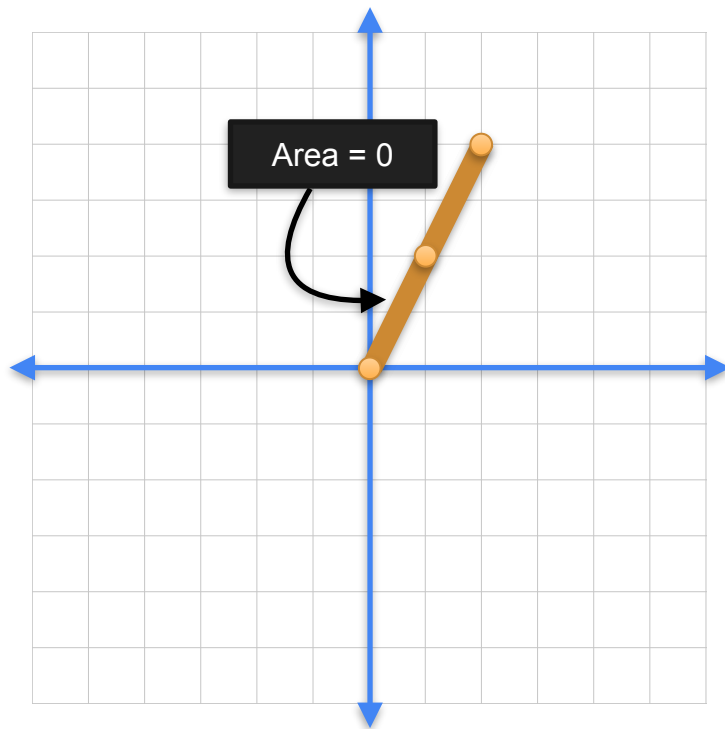
Determinant as an area



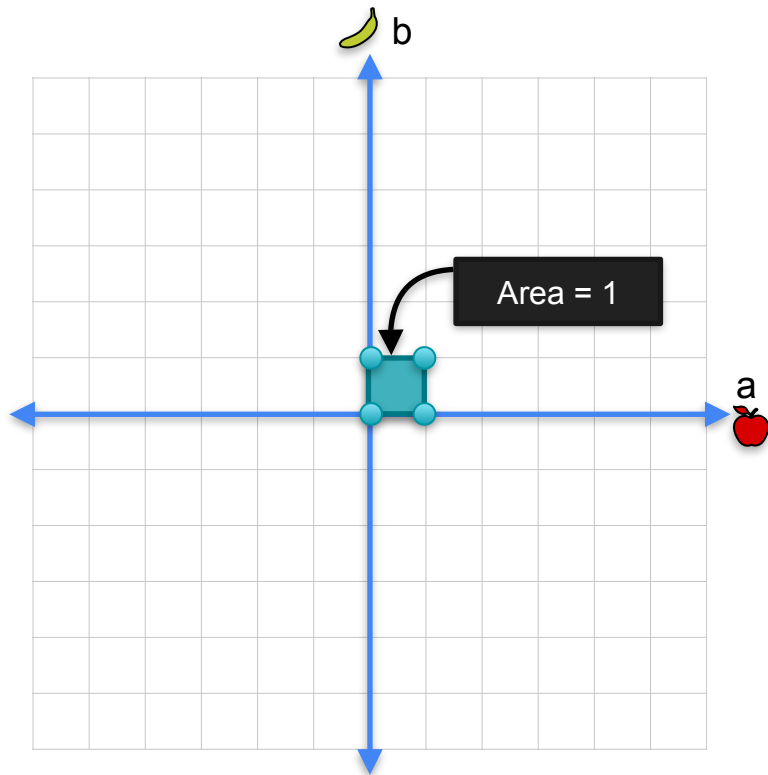
 1	 1
2	2

$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 2$$

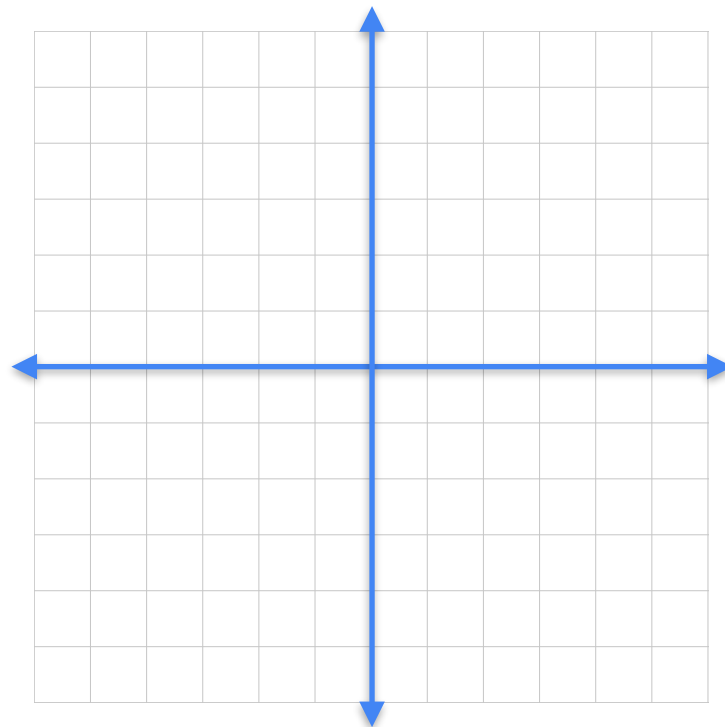
$$\text{Det} = 0$$



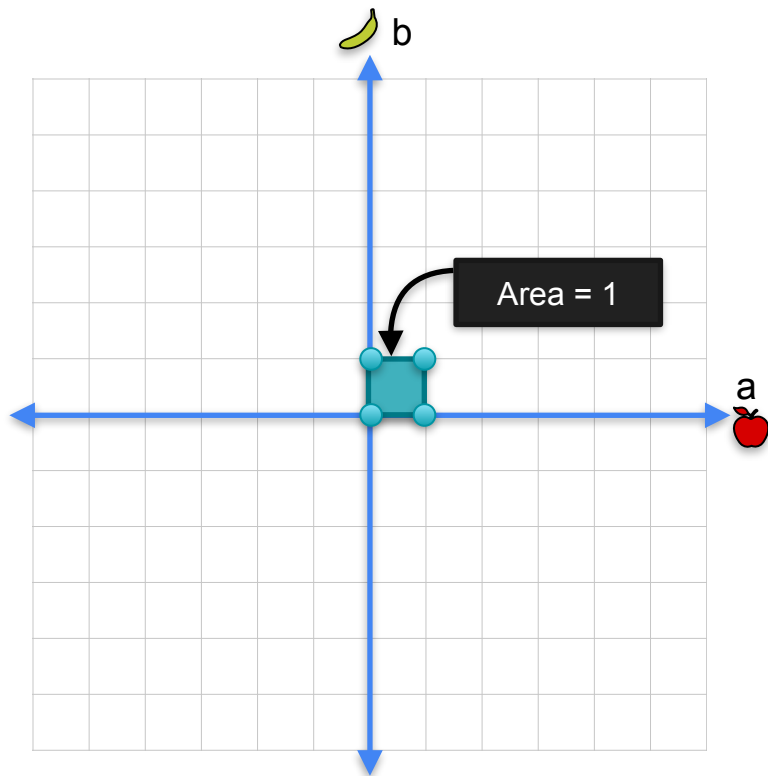
Determinant as an area



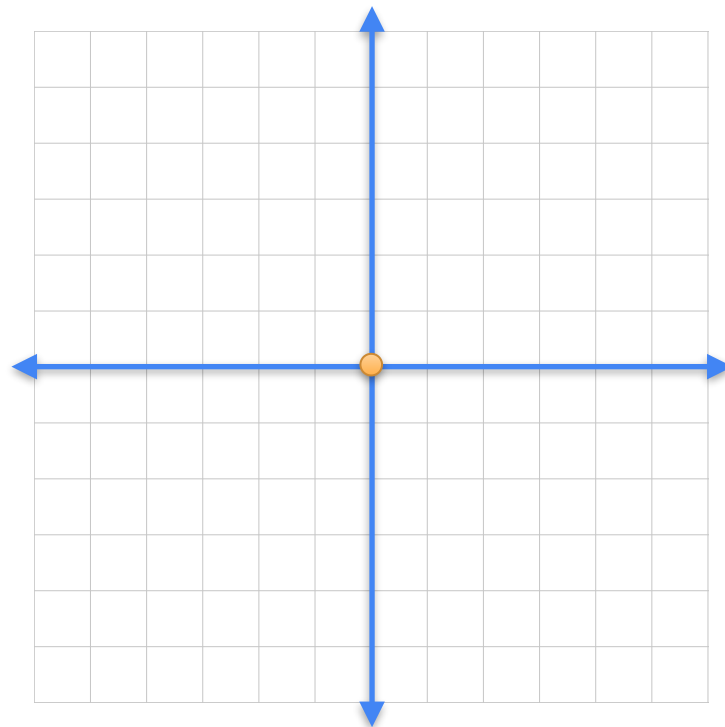
🍏	🍌
0	0
0	0



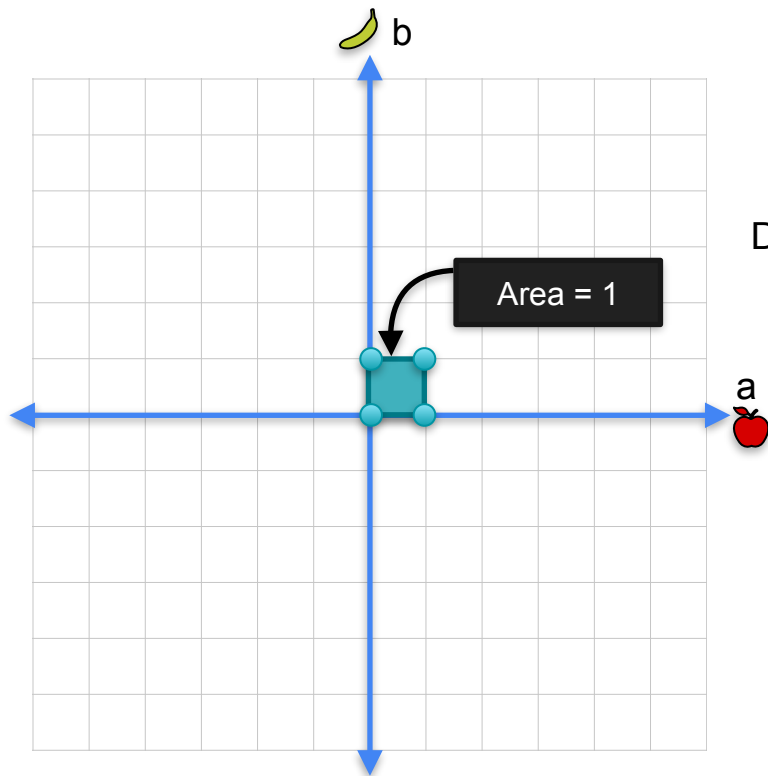
Determinant as an area



🍎	🍌
0	0
0	0



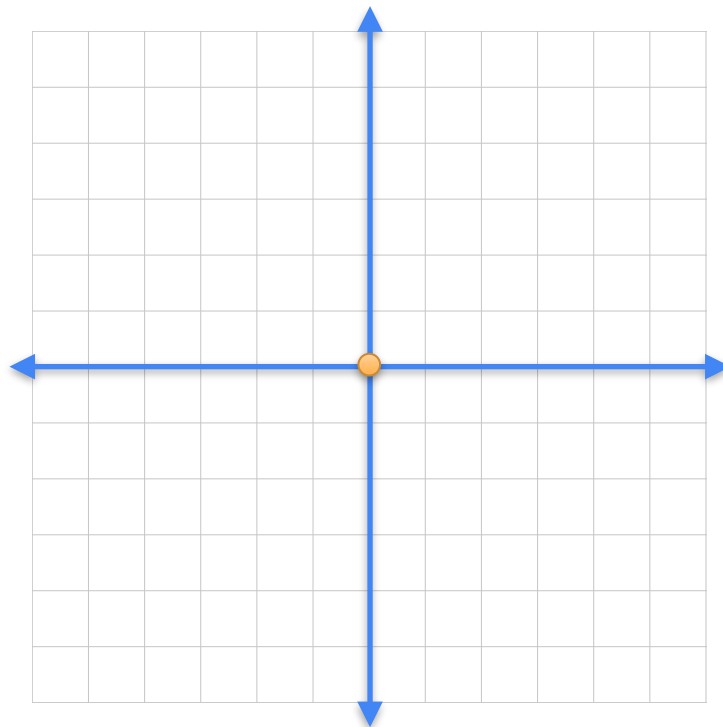
Determinant as an area



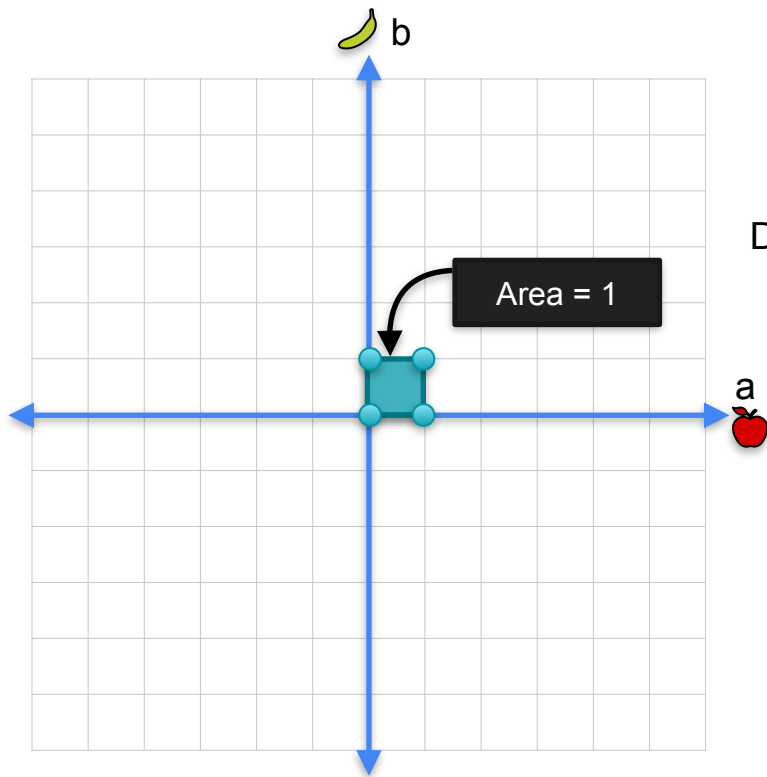
🍎	🍌
0	0
0	0



$$\text{Det} = 0 \cdot 0 - 0 \cdot 0$$

$$\text{Det} = 0$$



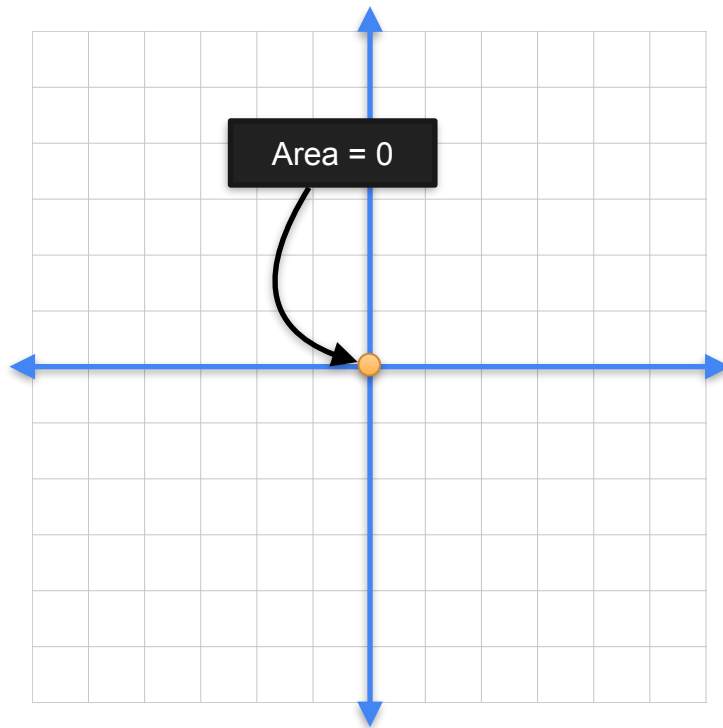
Determinant as an area



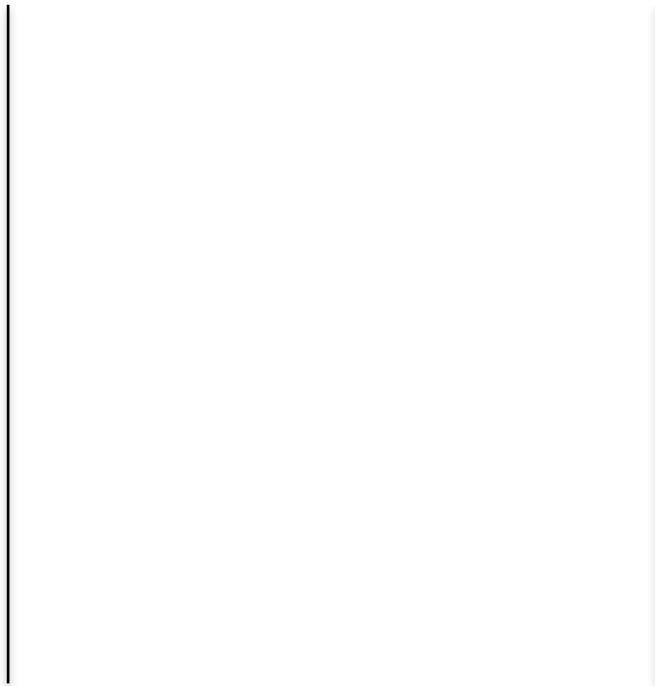
	
0	0
0	0

$$\text{Det} = 0 \cdot 0 - 0 \cdot 0$$

$$\text{Det} = 0$$



Determinant as an area



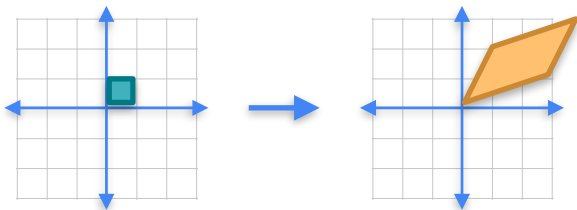
Determinant as an area

Non-singular



3	1
1	2

Determinant = 5



Area = 5

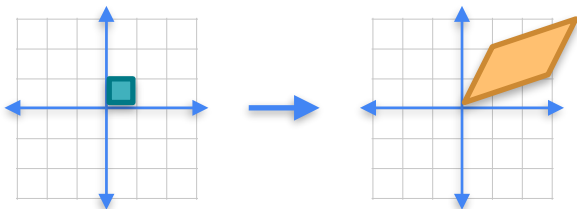
Determinant as an area

Non-singular



3	1
1	2

Determinant = 5



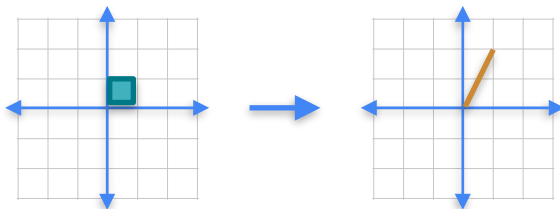
Area = 5

Singular



1	1
2	2



Determinant = 0



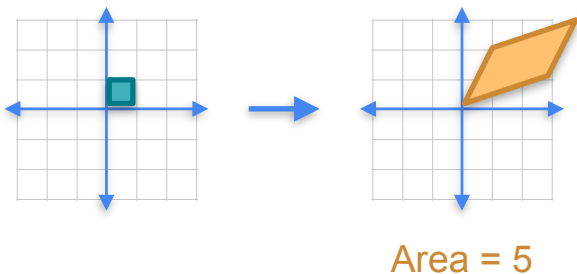
Area = 0

Determinant as an area



Non-singular

	
3	1
1	2

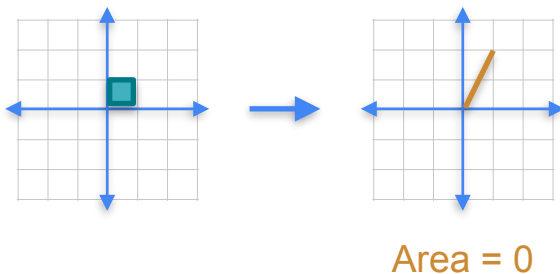
Determinant = 5





Singular

	
1	1
2	2

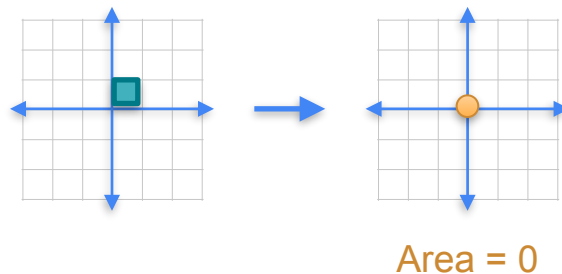
Determinant = 0





Singular

	
0	0
0	0



Determinant = 0



Negative determinants?





3	1
1	2



1	3
2	1



Negative determinants?



3	1
1	2



$$\text{Det} = 3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$$

$$\text{Det} = 5$$



1	3
2	1



Negative determinants?



3	1
1	2

$$\text{Det} = 3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$$

$$\text{Det} = 5$$

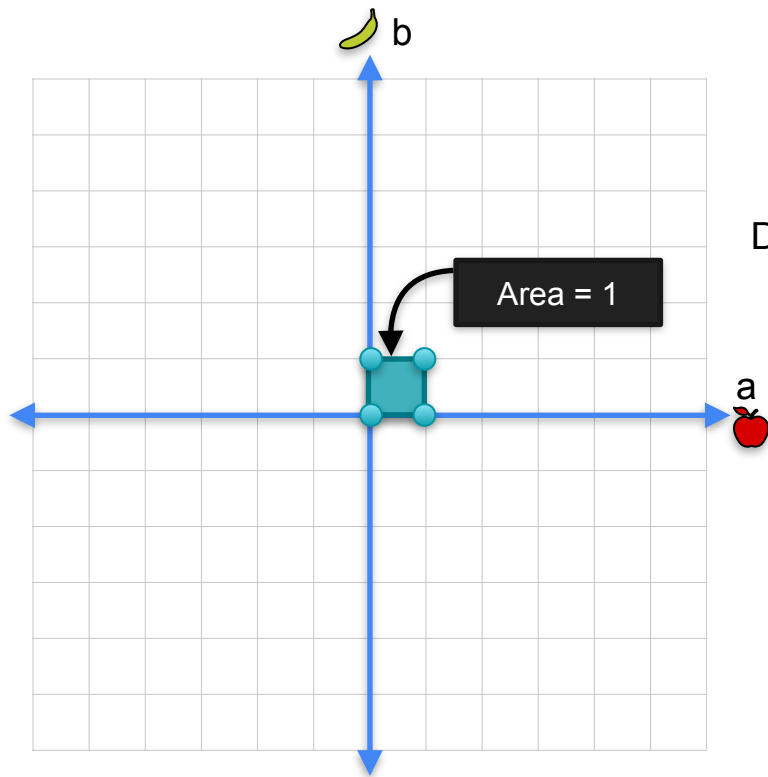




1	3
2	1

$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$\text{Det} = -5$$

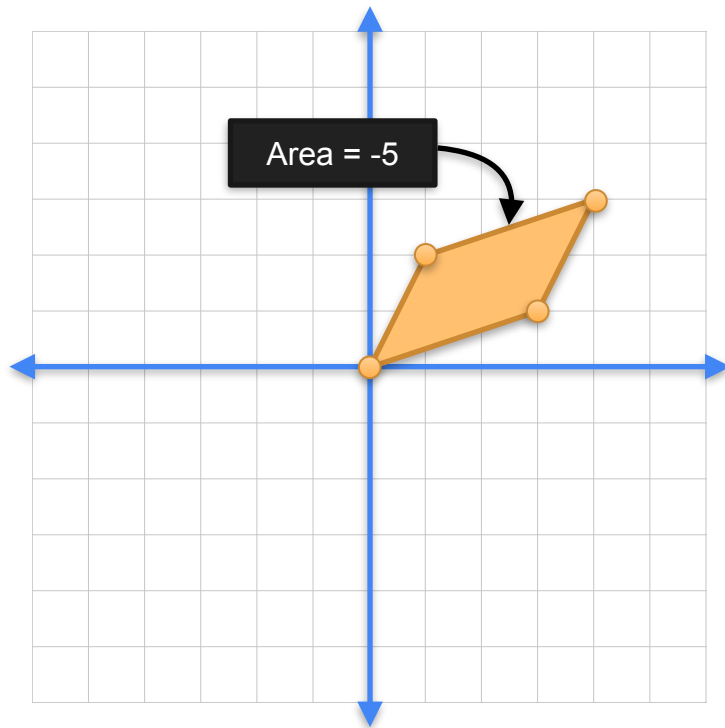
Determinant as an area



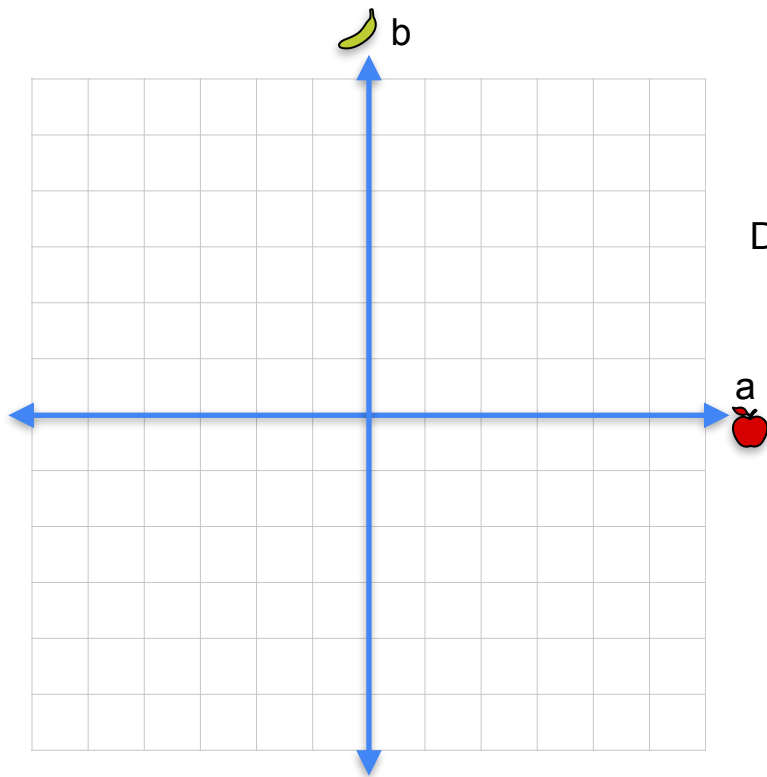
 1	 3
2	1



$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$\text{Det} = -5$$



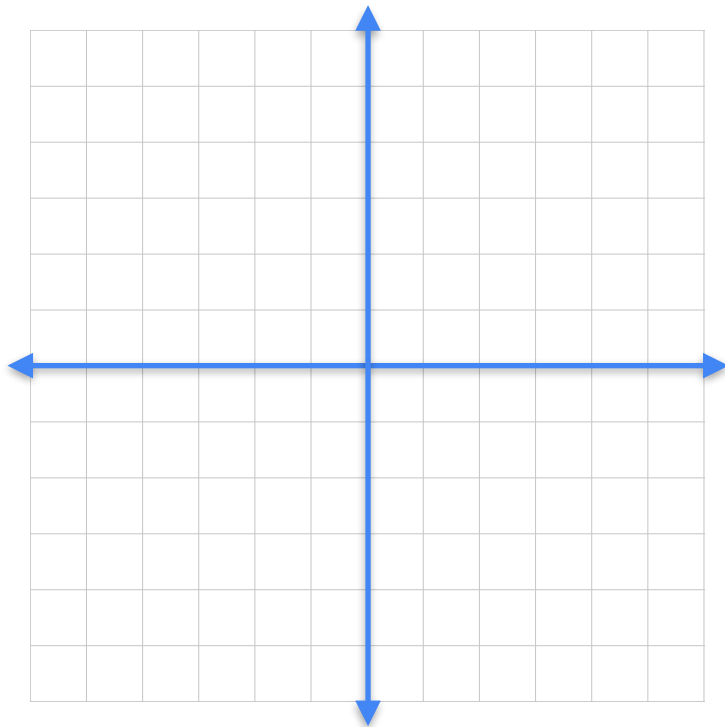
Determinant as an area



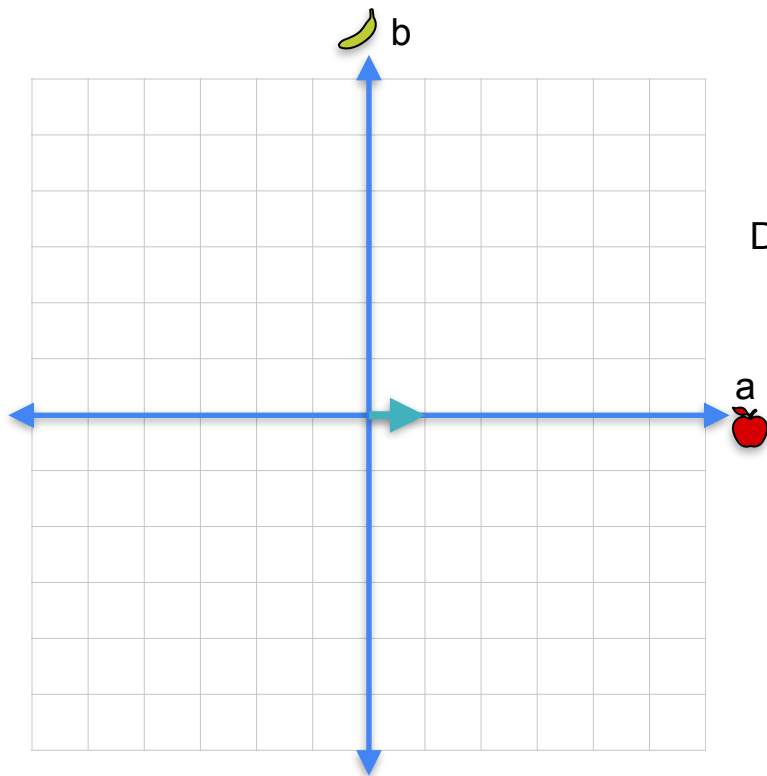
	
1	3
2	1



$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$\text{Det} = -5$$



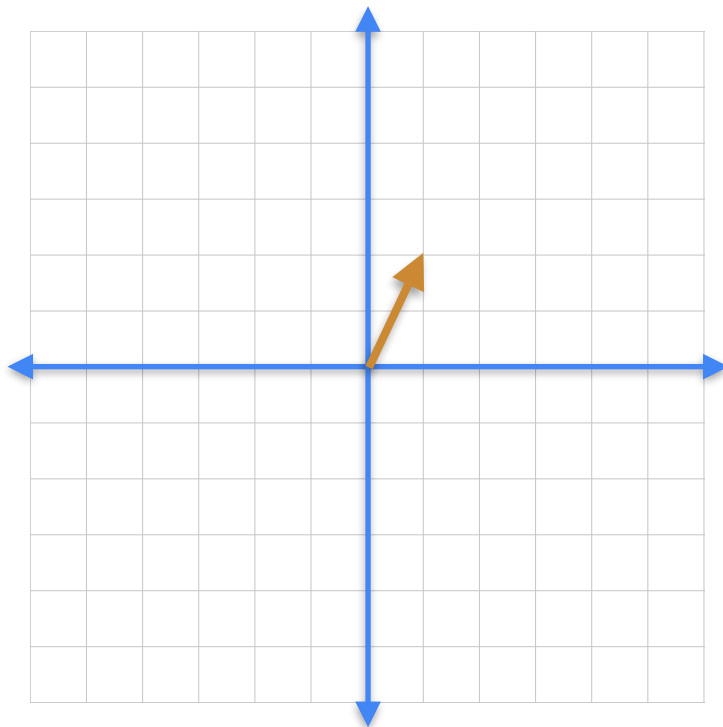
Determinant as an area



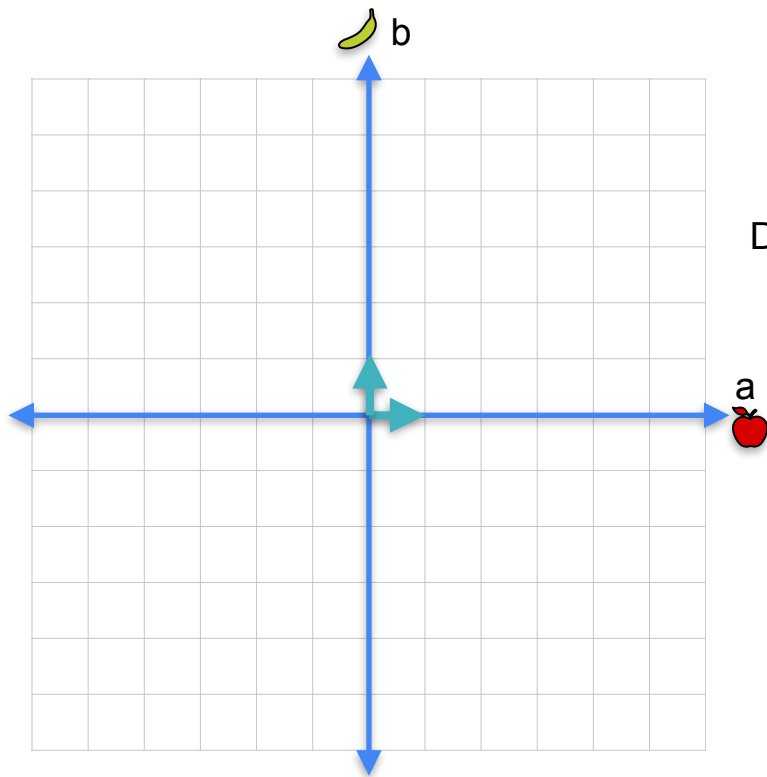
 1	 3
2	1



$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$\text{Det} = -5$$



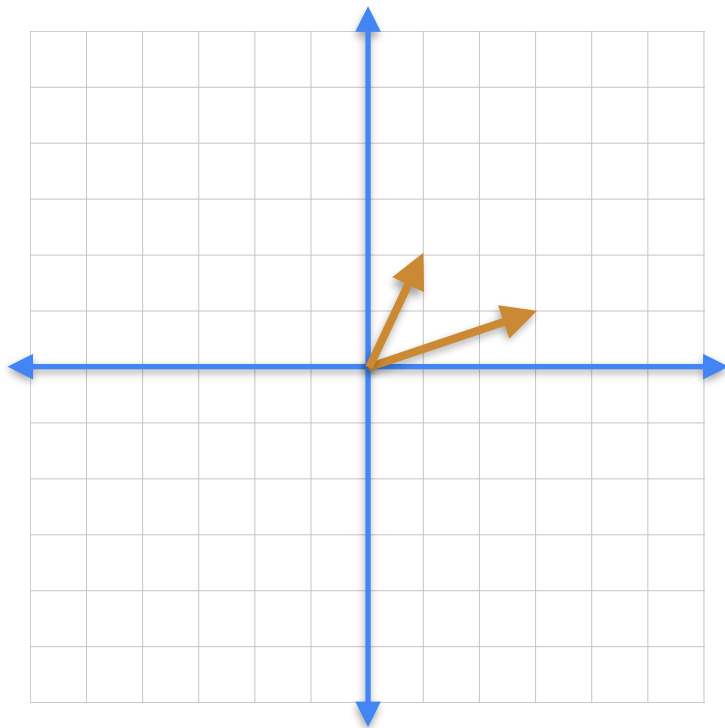
Determinant as an area



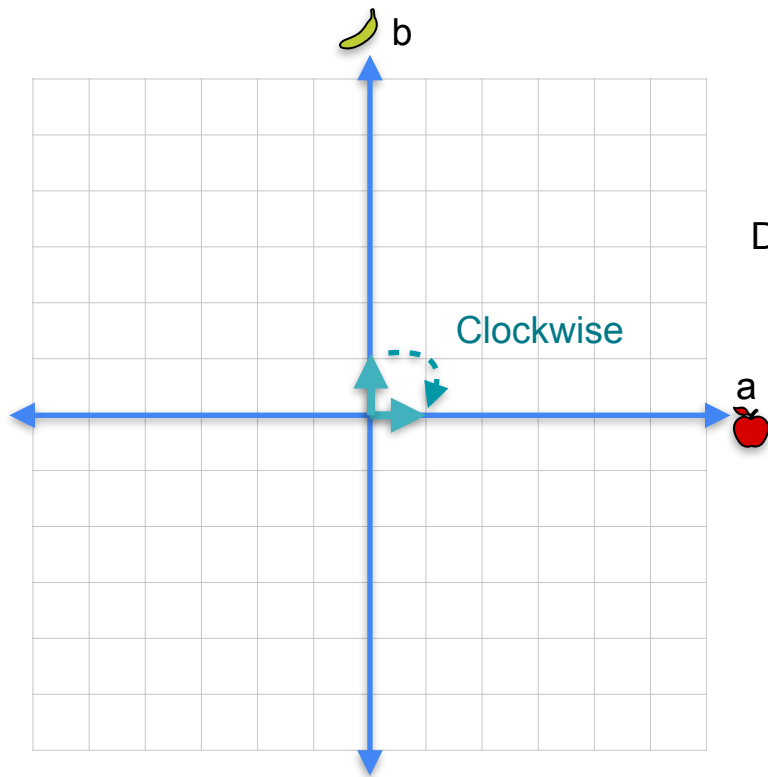
 1	 3
2	1



$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$\text{Det} = -5$$



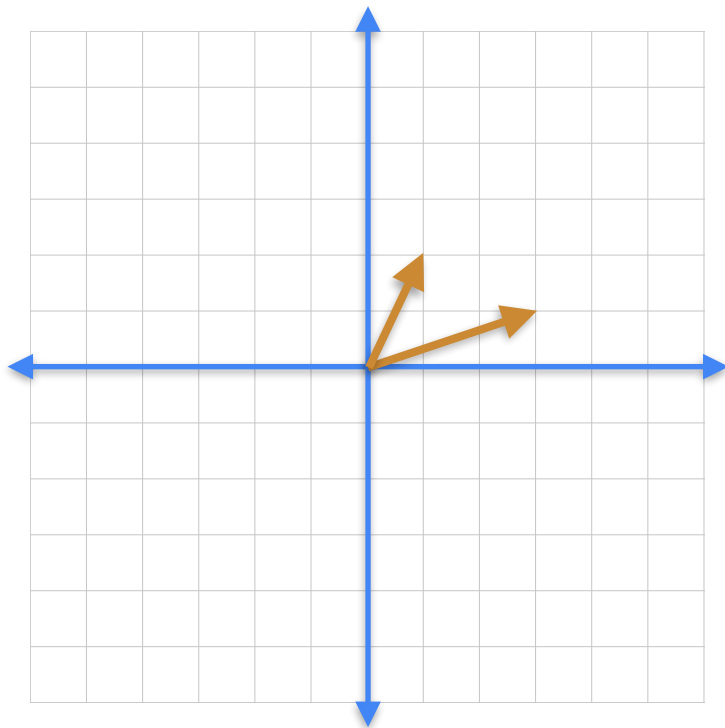
Determinant as an area



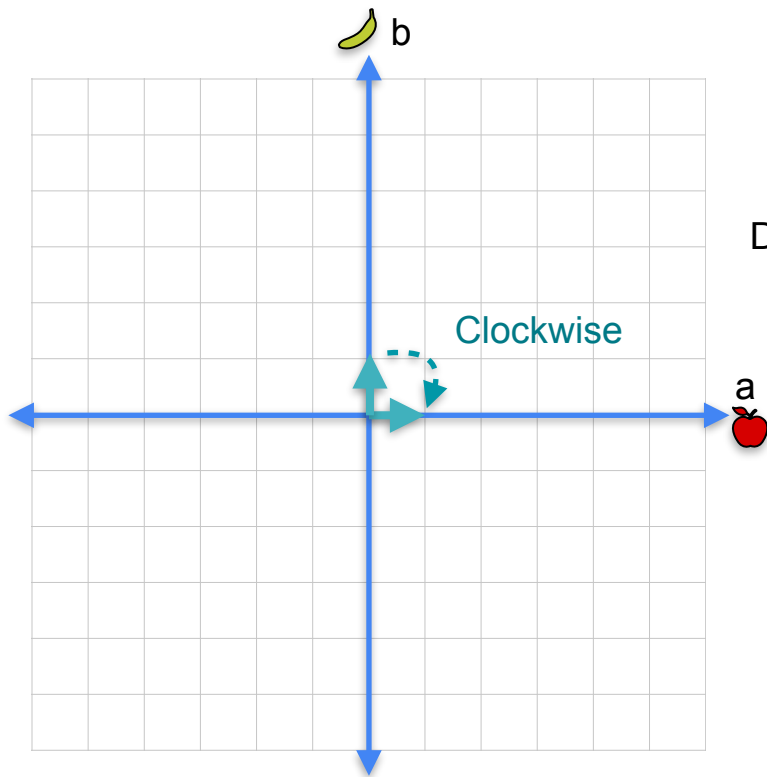
	
1	3
2	1



$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$\text{Det} = -5$$



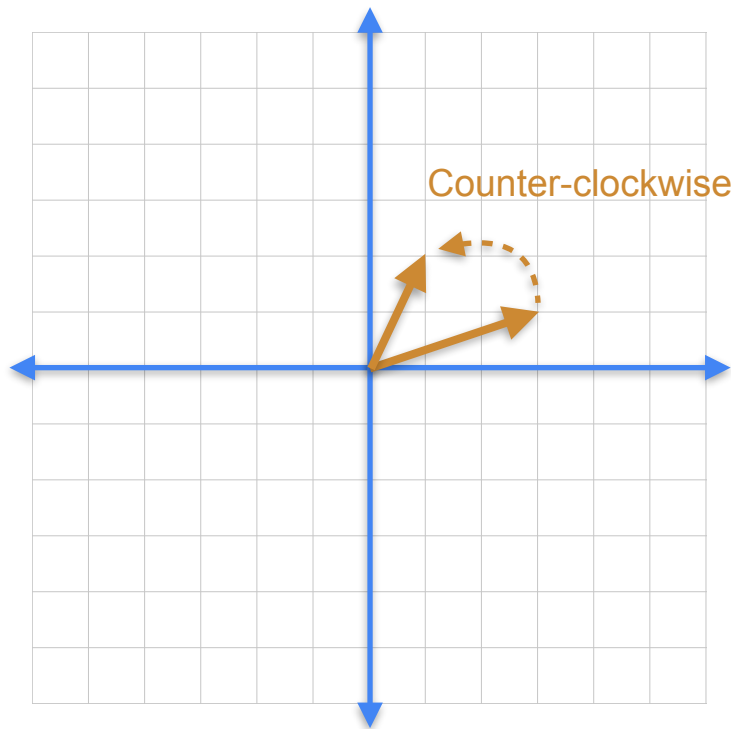
Determinant as an area



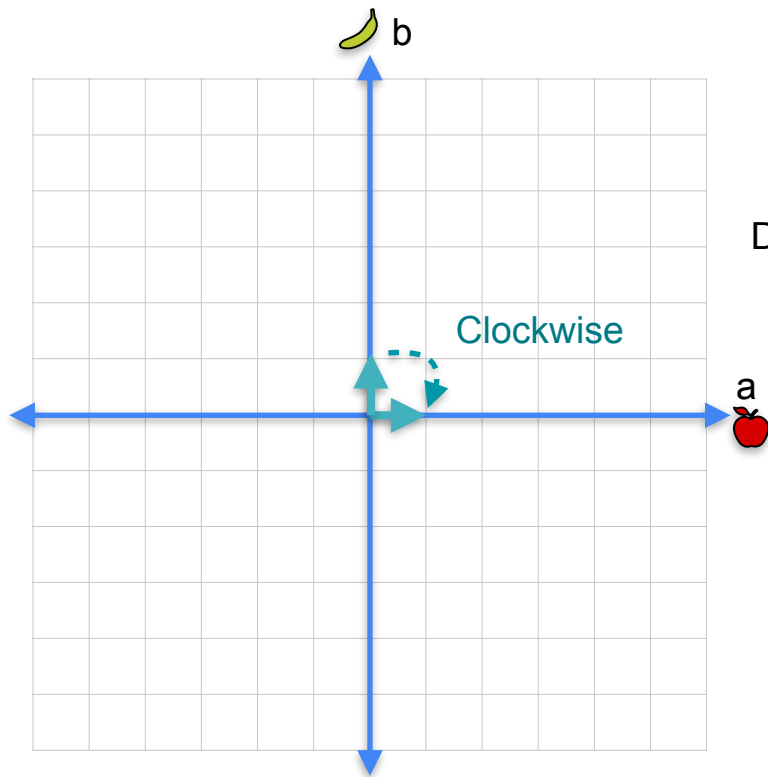
 1	 3
2	1



$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$\text{Det} = -5$$



Determinant as an area

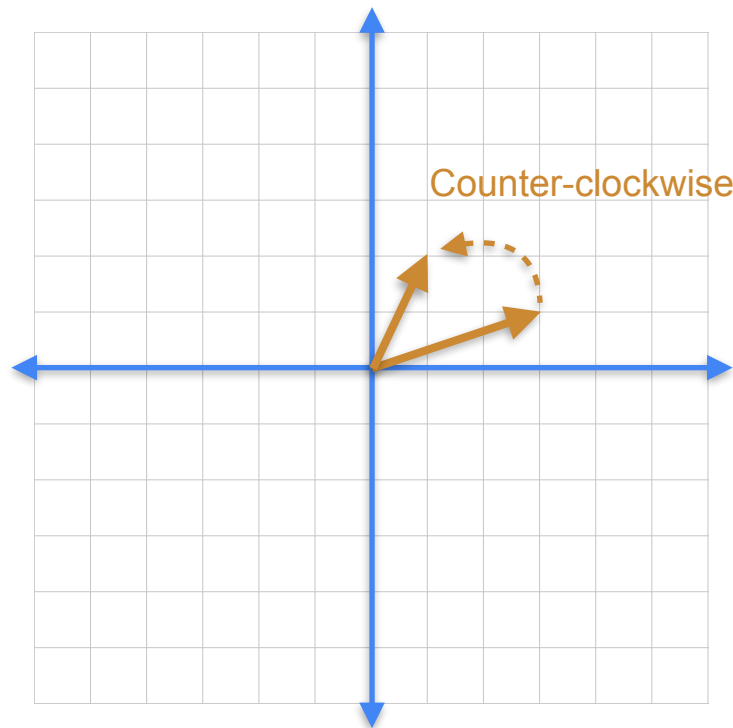


 1	 3
2	1

$$\text{Det} = 1 \cdot 1 - 3 \cdot 2$$

$$\text{Det} = -5$$

Negative





DeepLearning.AI

Determinants and Eigenvectors

Determinant of a product

Determinant of a product

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 8 \\ 7 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Determinant of a product

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 8 \\ 7 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det = 5$$

$$3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$$

Determinant of a product

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 16 & 8 \\ 7 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det = 5$$

$$3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$$

$$\det = 8$$

$$5 \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 1$$

Determinant of a product

3	1
1	2

det = 5

$$3 \cdot 2 - 1 \cdot 1$$

5	2
1	2

det = 8

$$5 \cdot 2 - 2 \cdot 1$$

=

16	8
7	6

det = 40

$$16 \cdot 6 - 8 \cdot 7$$

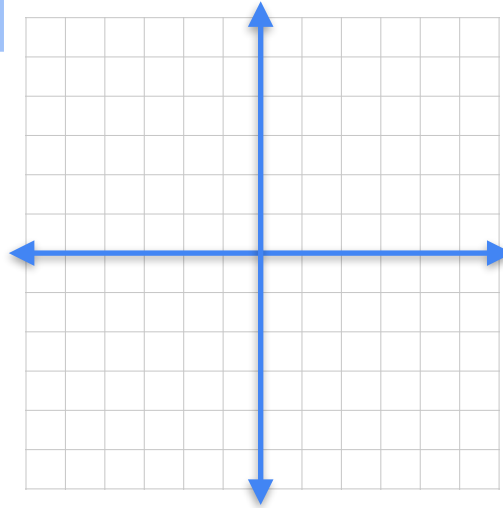
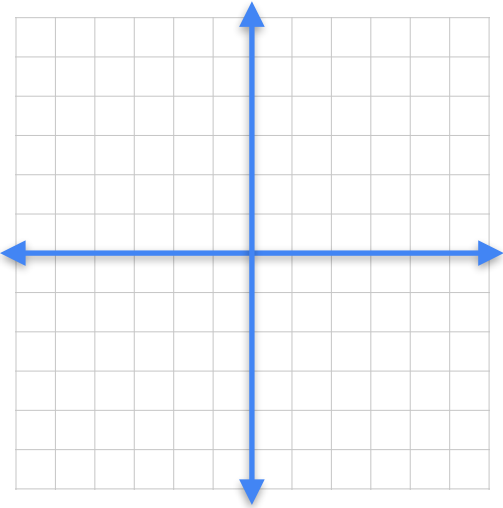
Determinant of a product

$$\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$$

Determinant of a product

3	1
1	2

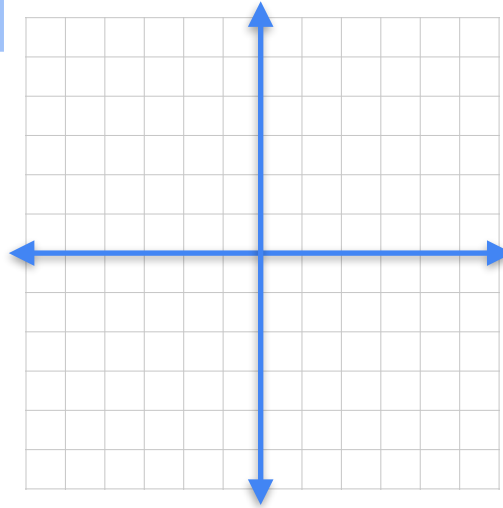
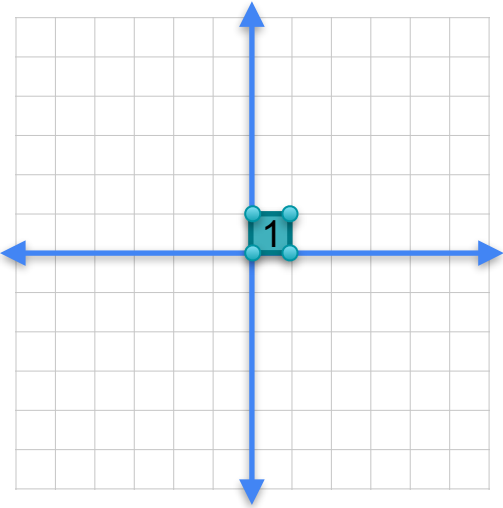
Det = 5



Determinant of a product

3	1
1	2

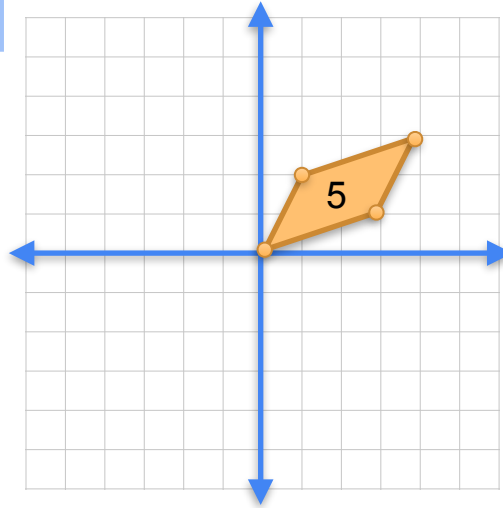
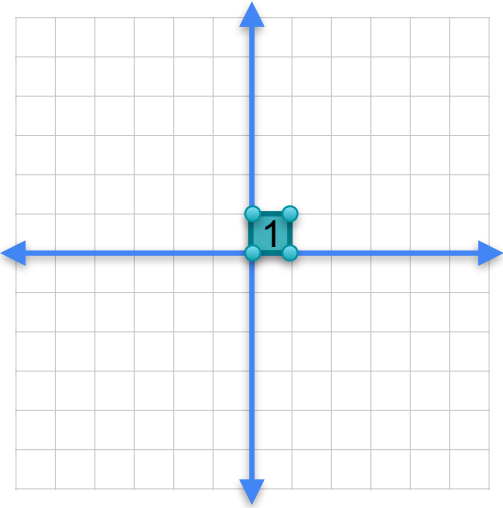
Det = 5



Determinant of a product

3	1
1	2

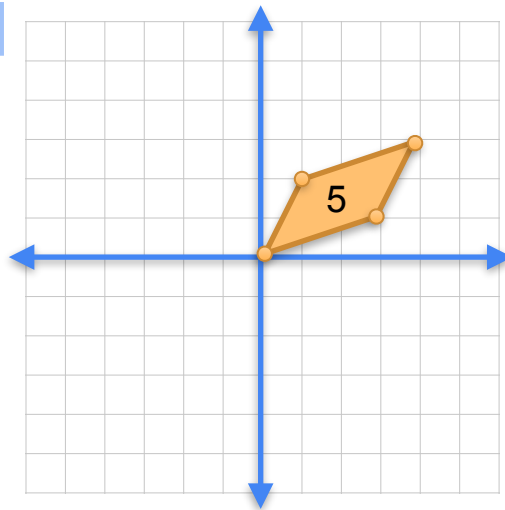
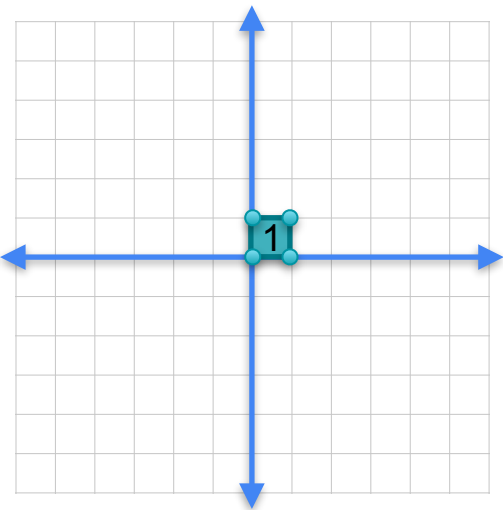
Det = 5



Determinant of a product

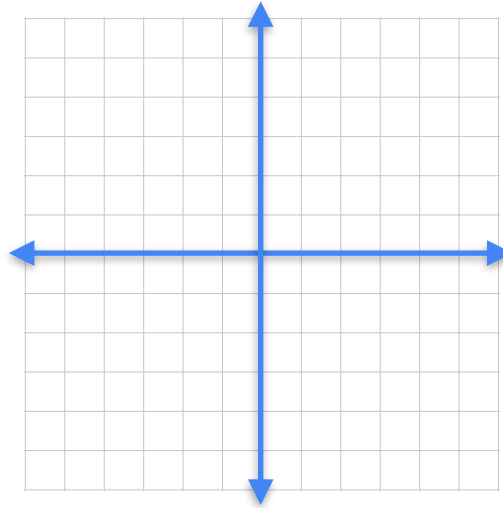
3	1
1	2

Det = 5



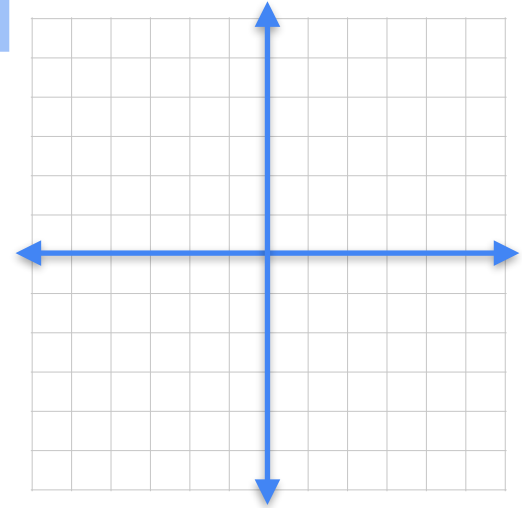
Area blows up by 5

Determinant of a product

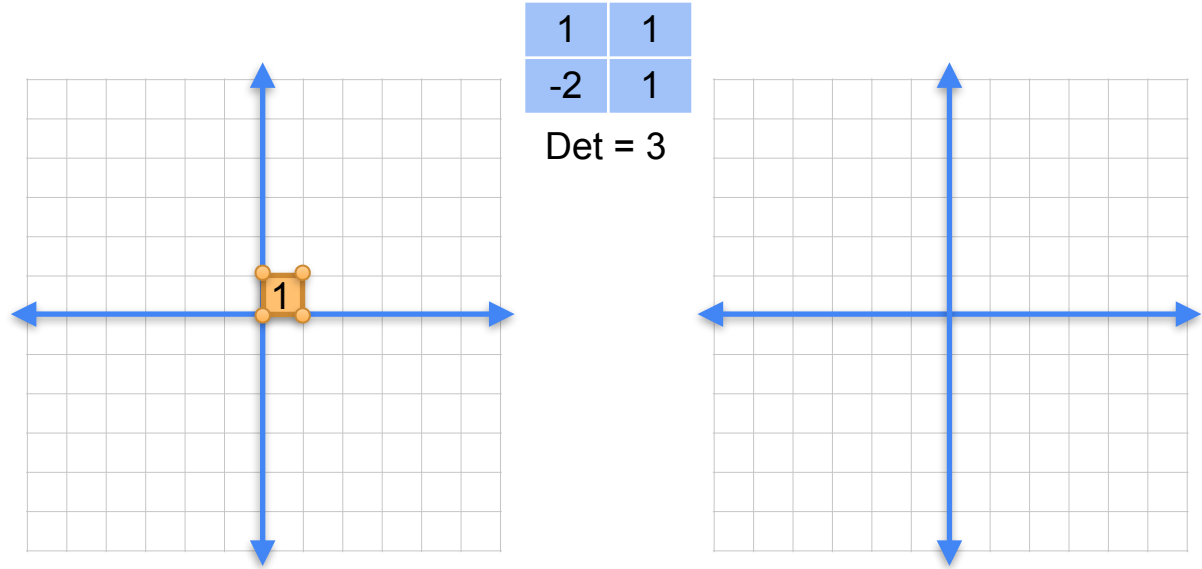


1	1
-2	1

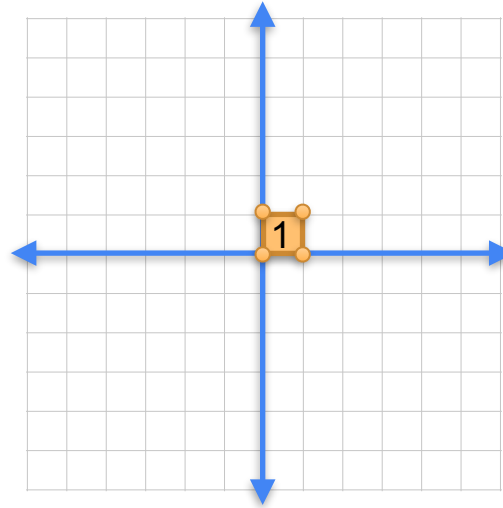
Det = 3



Determinant of a product

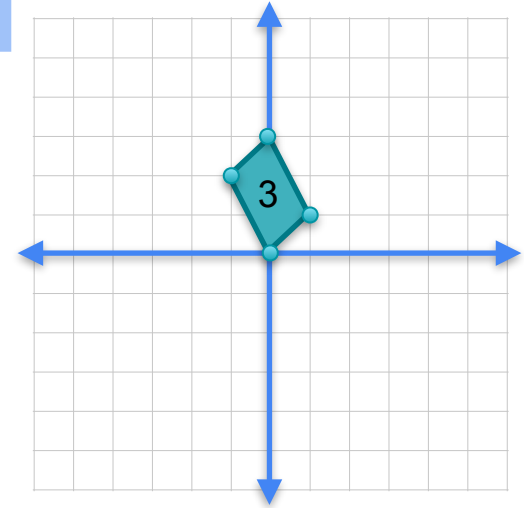


Determinant of a product

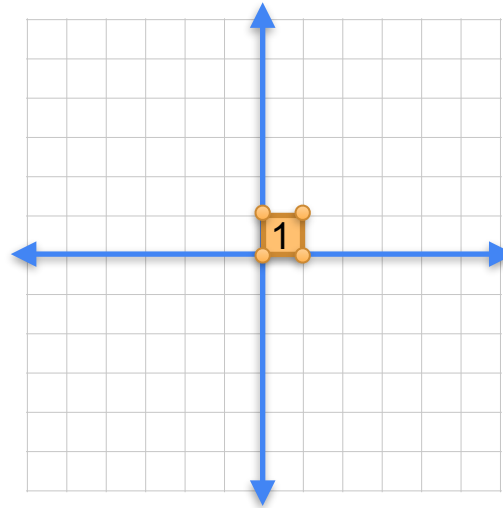


1	1
-2	1

Det = 3

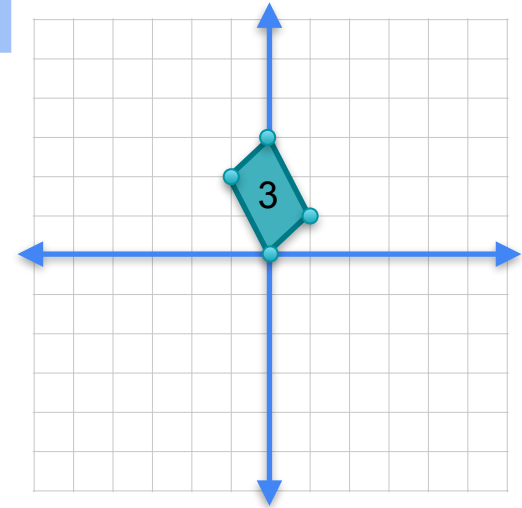


Determinant of a product



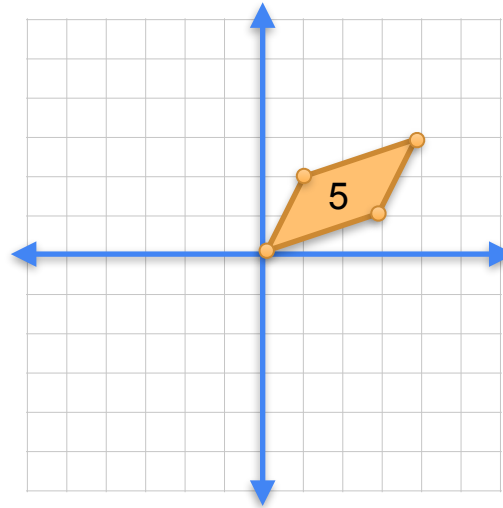
1	1
-2	1

Det = 3



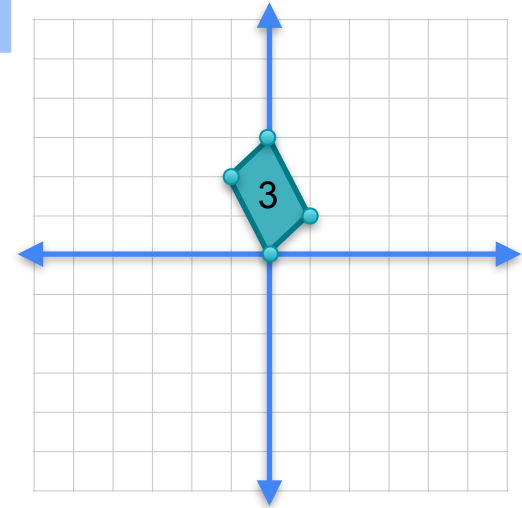
Area blows up by 3

Determinant of a product



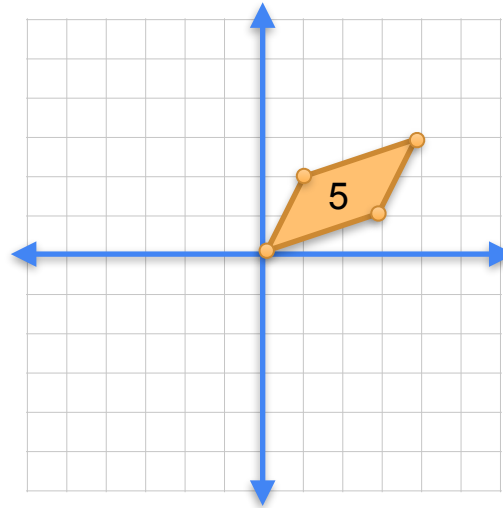
1	1
-2	1

Det = 3



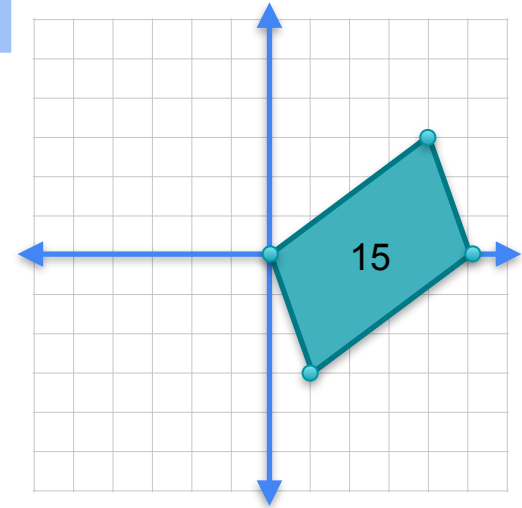
Area blows up by 3

Determinant of a product



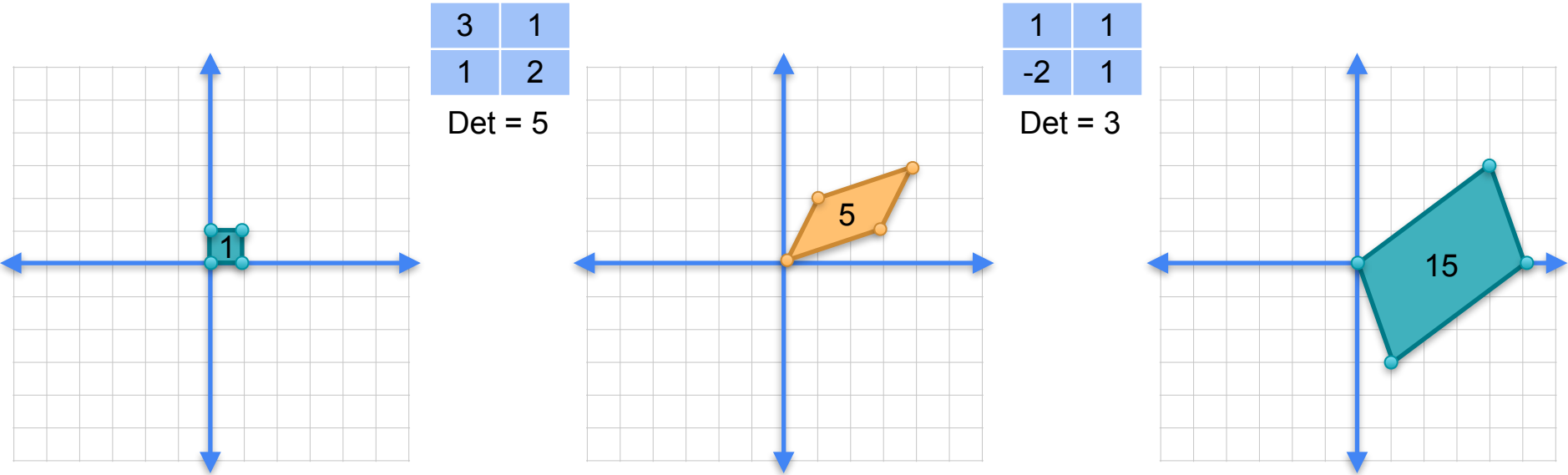
1	1
-2	1

Det = 3

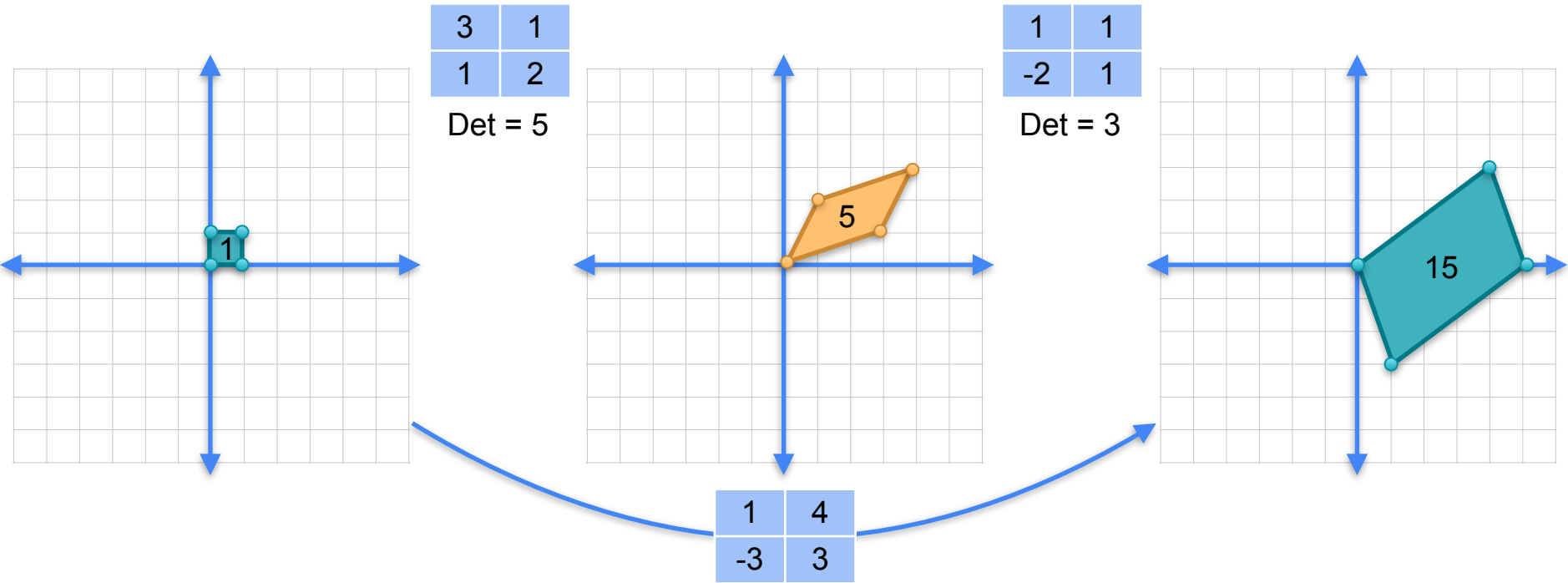


Area blows up by 3

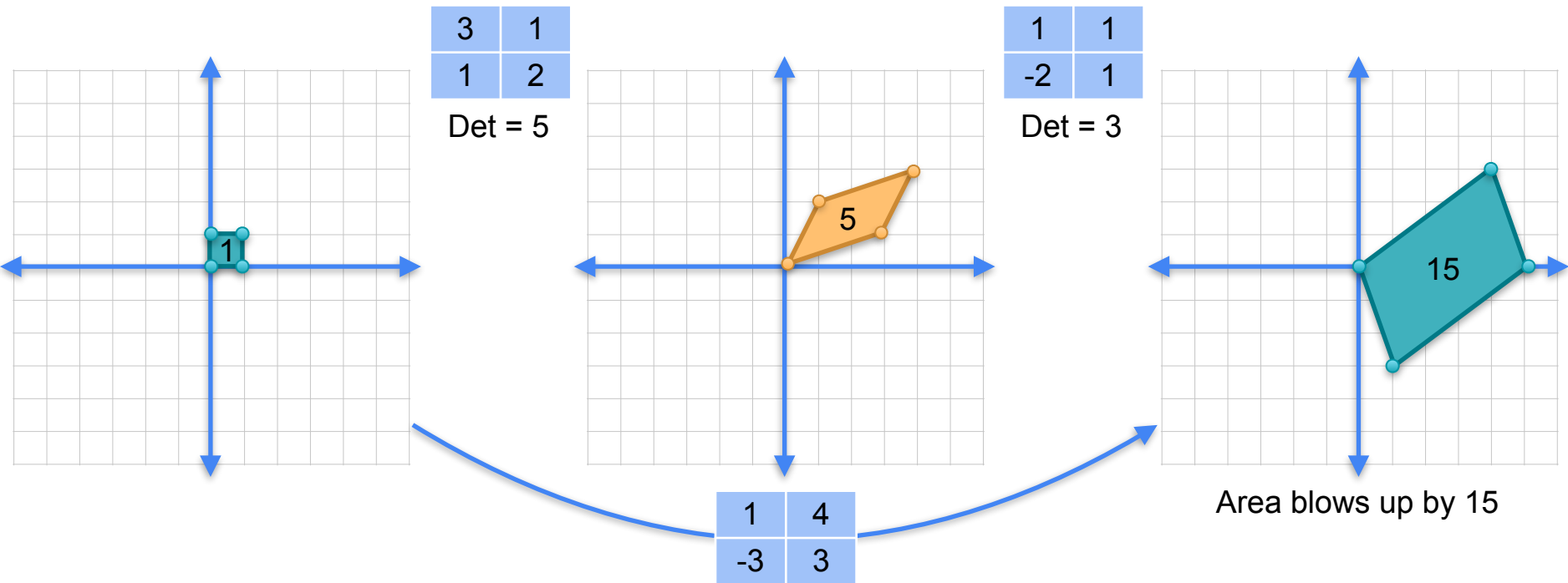
Determinant of a product



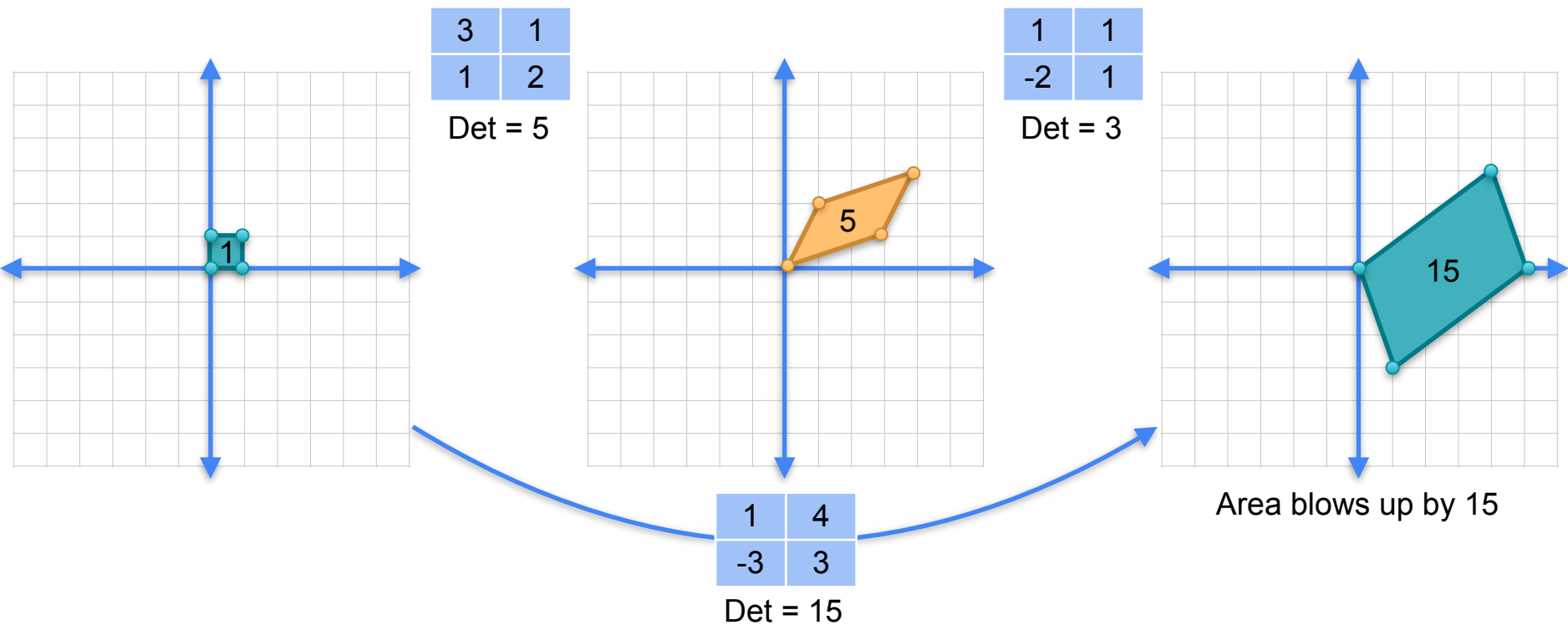
Determinant of a product



Determinant of a product



Determinant of a product



Quiz

- The product of a singular and a non-singular matrix (in any order) is:
 - Singular
 - Non-singular
 - Could be either one

Solution

- If A is non-singular and B is singular, then $\det(AB) = \det(A) \times \det(B) = 0$, since $\det(B) = 0$. Therefore $\det(AB) = 0$, so AB is **singular**.

When one factor is zero

When one factor is zero

5

When one factor is zero

$$5 \cdot 0$$

When one factor is zero

$$5 \cdot 0 = 0$$

When one factor is singular...

Non-singular	Singular		Singular												
<table><tr><td>3</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr></table>	3	1	1	2	<table><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>2</td></tr></table>	1	2	1	2	=	<table><tr><td>4</td><td>8</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>6</td></tr></table>	4	8	3	6
3	1														
1	2														
1	2														
1	2														
4	8														
3	6														
Det = 5	Det = 0		Det = 0												

If one factor is singular...

3	1
1	2

Det = 5

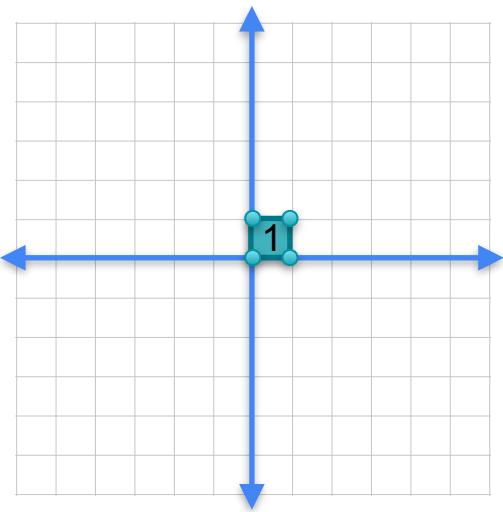
1	2
1	2

Det = 0

4	8
3	6

Det = 0

If one factor is singular...



3	1
1	2

Det = 5

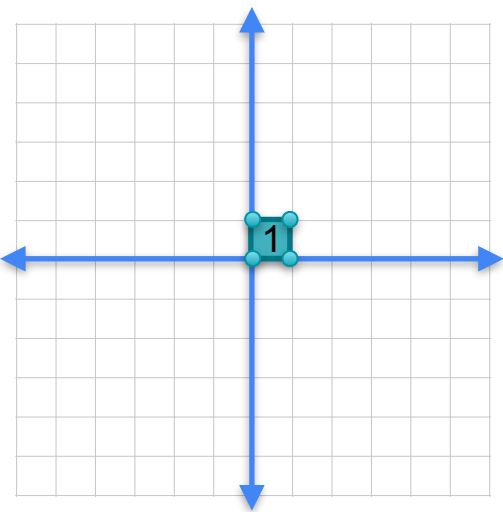
1	2
1	2

Det = 0

4	8
3	6

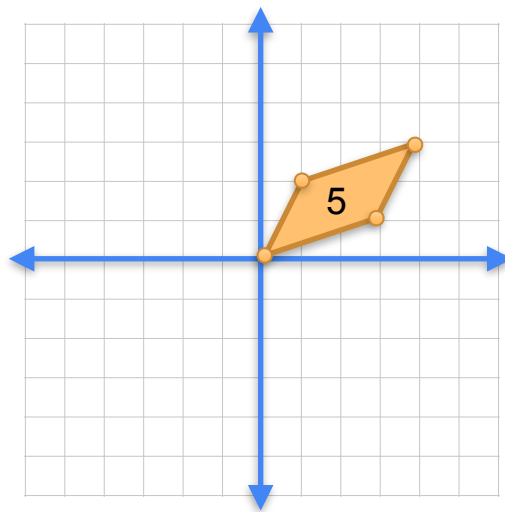
Det = 0

If one factor is singular...



3	1
1	2

Det = 5



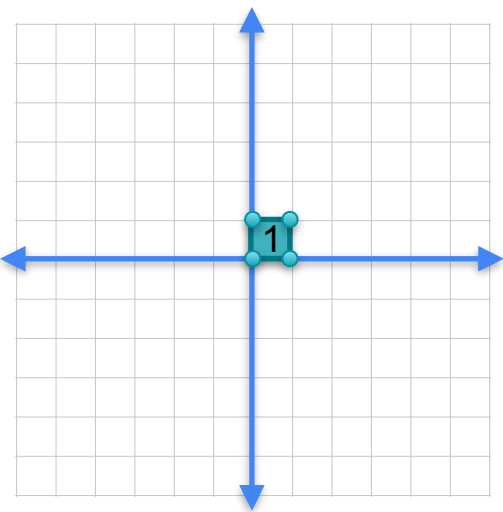
1	2
1	2

Det = 0

4	8
3	6

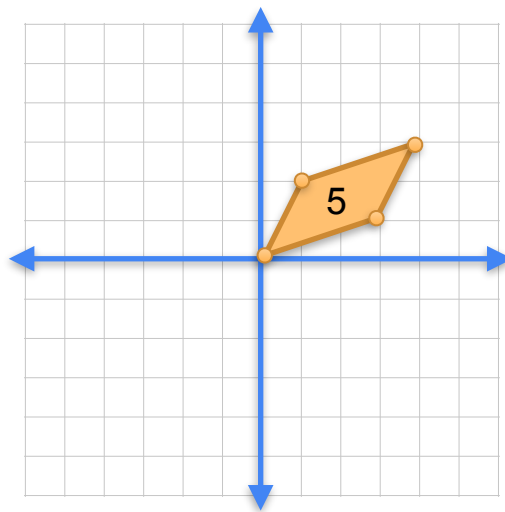
Det = 0

If one factor is singular...



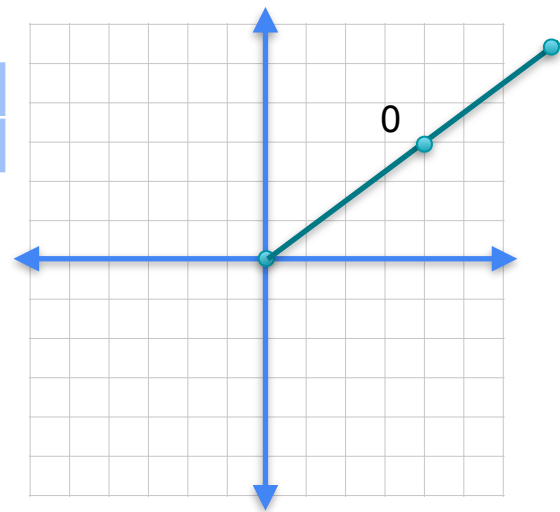
3	1
1	2

Det = 5



1	2
1	2

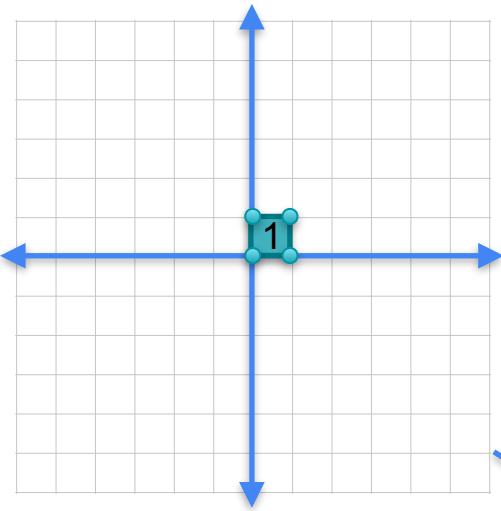
Det = 0



4	8
3	6

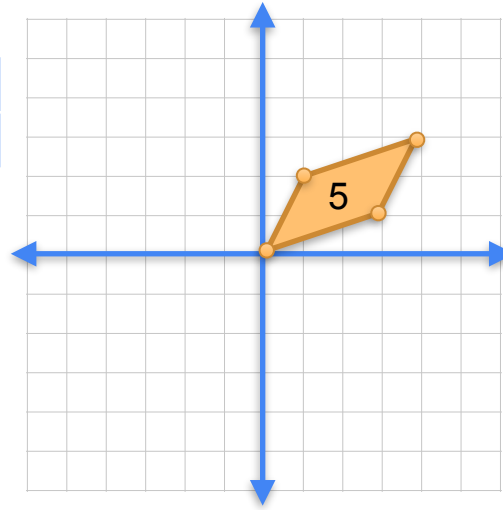
Det = 0

If one factor is singular...



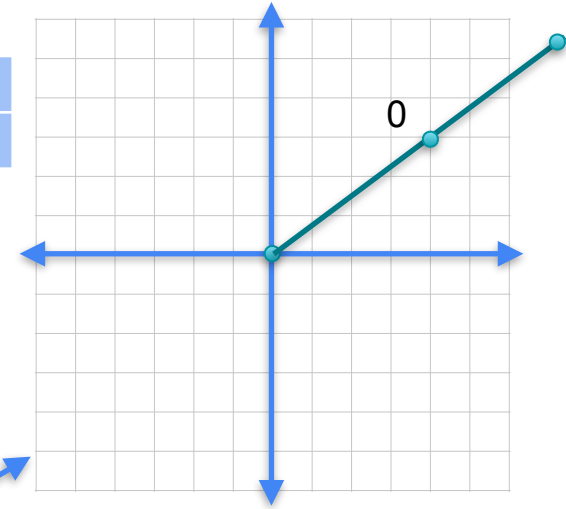
3	1
1	2

Det = 5



1	2
1	2

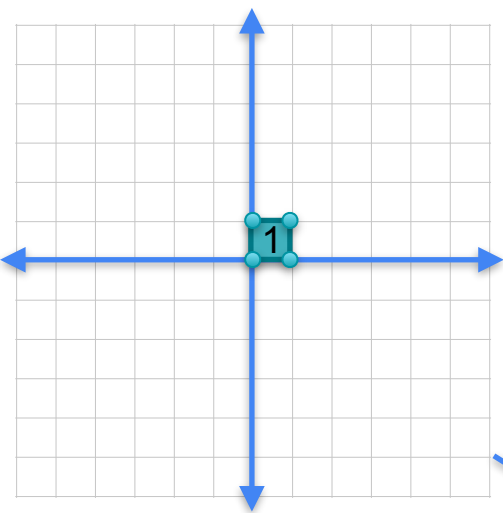
Det = 0



4	8
3	6

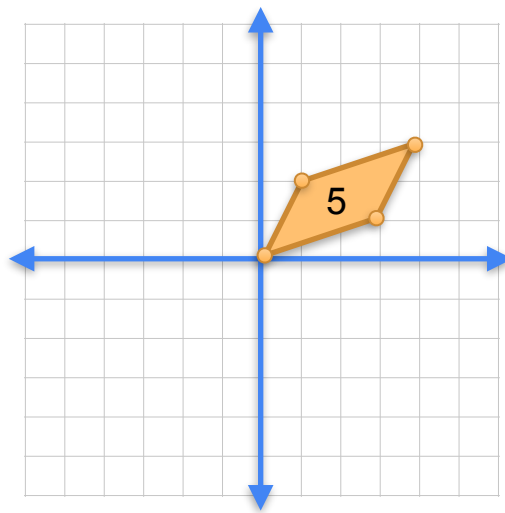
Det = 0

If one factor is singular...



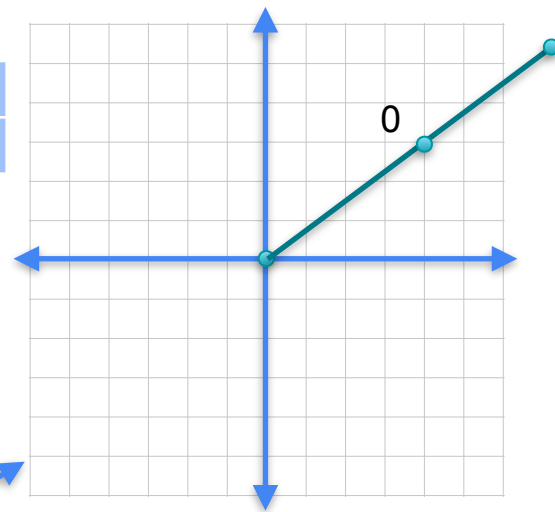
3	1
1	2

Det = 5



1	2
1	2

Det = 0



Area blows up by 0

4	8
3	6

Det = 0



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Determinants and Eigenvectors

Determinant of inverse

Quiz

- Find the determinants of the following matrices

0.4	-0.2
-0.2	0.6

0.25	-0.25
-0.125	0.625

Solution

$$\text{Det} \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix} = (0.4)(0.6) - (-0.2)(-0.2) = 0.2$$

$$\text{Det} \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & -0.25 \\ -0.125 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix} = (0.25)(0.625) - (-0.125)(-0.25) = 0.125$$

Determinant of an inverse

Determinant of an inverse

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Determinant of an inverse

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

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det = 5

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Determinant of an inverse

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det = 5$$

$$\det = 0.2$$

$$5^{-1} = 0.2$$

Determinant of an inverse

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

det = 5

det = 0.2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & -0.25 \\ -0.125 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$5^{-1} = 0.2$$

Determinant of an inverse

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det = 5$$

$$\det = 0.2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & -0.25 \\ -0.125 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det = 8$$

$$5^{-1} = 0.2$$

Determinant of an inverse

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

det = 5

det = 0.2

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & -0.25 \\ -0.125 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix}$$

det = 8

det = 0.125

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Determinant of an inverse

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

det = 5

det = 0.2

$$5^{-1} = 0.2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & -0.25 \\ -0.125 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix}$$

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Determinant of an inverse

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & -0.25 \\ -0.125 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix}$$

det = 8

det = 0.125

$$8^{-1} = 0.125$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? & ? \\ ? & ? \end{bmatrix}$$

Determinant of an inverse

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.4 & -0.2 \\ -0.2 & 0.6 \end{bmatrix}$$

det = 5

det = 0.2

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? & ? \\ ? & ? \end{bmatrix}$$

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det = ???

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 0.25 & -0.25 \\ -0.125 & 0.625 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det = 8$$

$$\det = 0.125$$

$$8^{-1} = 0.125$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} ? & ? \\ ? & ? \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det = 0$$

$$\det = ???$$

$$0^{-1} = ???$$

Determinant of an inverse

$$\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

Why?

Why?

Why is this?

$$\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

Why?

$$\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$$

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Why is this?

$$\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

$$\det(AA^{-1}) = \det(A) \det(A^{-1})$$


Why?

Why is this?

$$\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

$$\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$$

$$\det(AA^{-1}) = \det(A) \det(A^{-1})$$


$$\det(I) = \det(A) \det(A^{-1})$$

Why?

Why is this?

$$\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

$$\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$$

$$\det(AA^{-1}) = \det(A) \det(A^{-1})$$

$$\det(I) = \det(A) \det(A^{-1})$$

$$\frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

Why?

Why is this?

$$\det(A^{-1}) = \frac{1}{\det(A)}$$

$$\det(AB) = \det(A) \det(B)$$

$$\det(AA^{-1}) = \det(A) \det(A^{-1})$$

$$\det(I) = \det(A) \det(A^{-1})$$

\uparrow
 1

\uparrow
 $\frac{1}{\det(A)}$

Determinant of the identity matrix

$$\det \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 1 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array} = 1 \cdot 1 - 0 \cdot 0 = 1$$

Determinant of the identity matrix

$$\det \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 1 & 0 \\ \hline 0 & 1 \\ \hline \end{array} = 1 \cdot 1 - 0 \cdot 0 = 1$$

$$\det(I) = 1$$

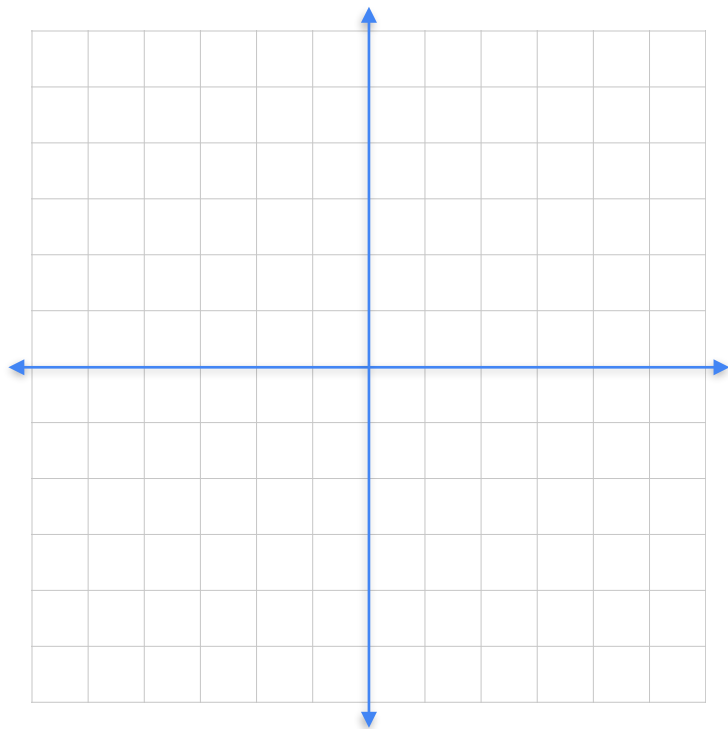


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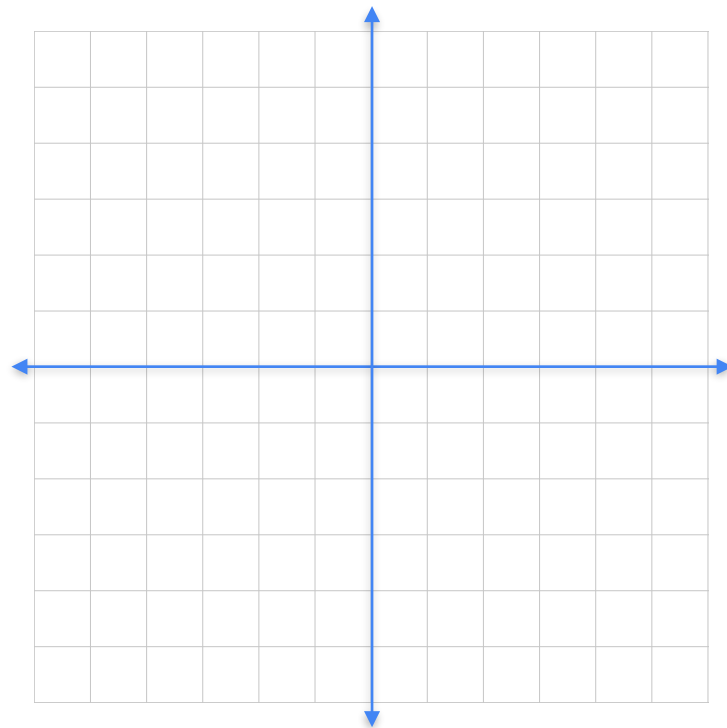
Determinants and Eigenvectors

Bases

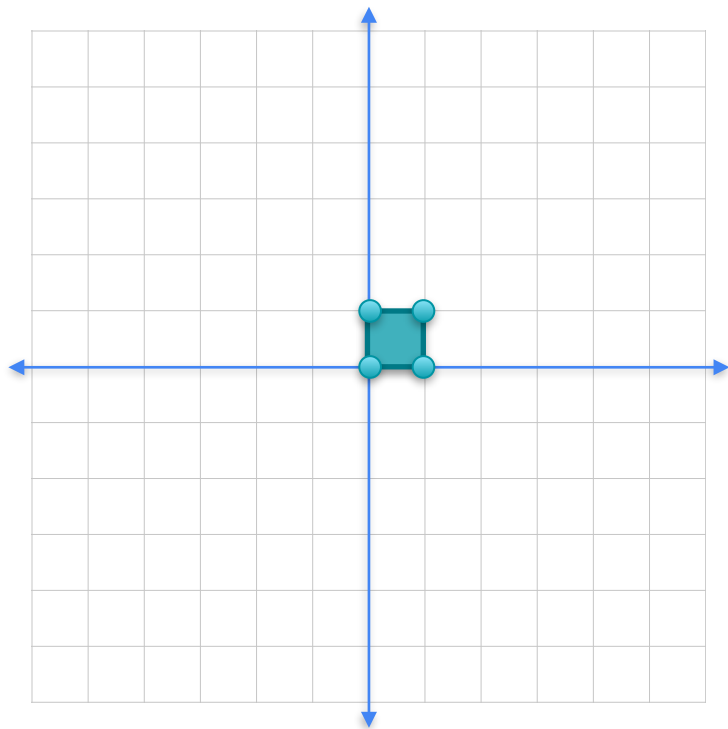
Bases



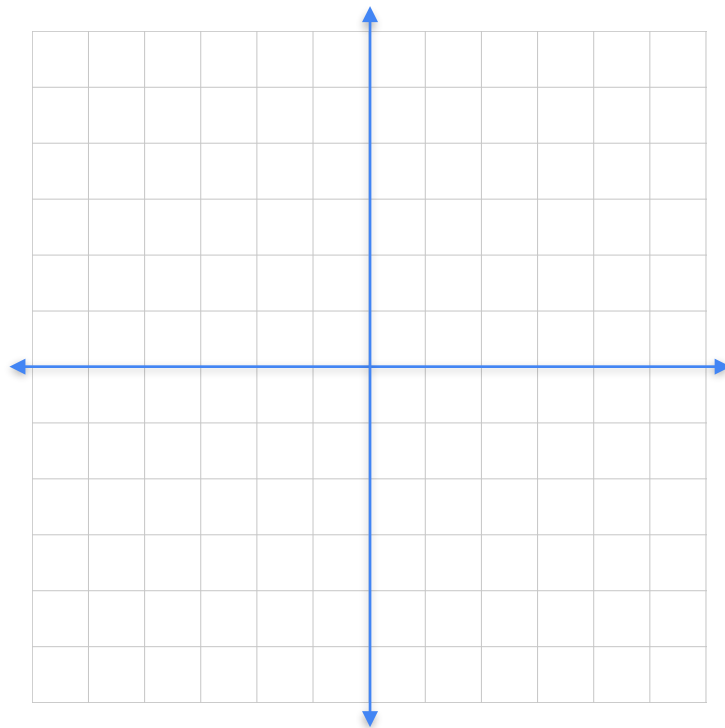
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1	2



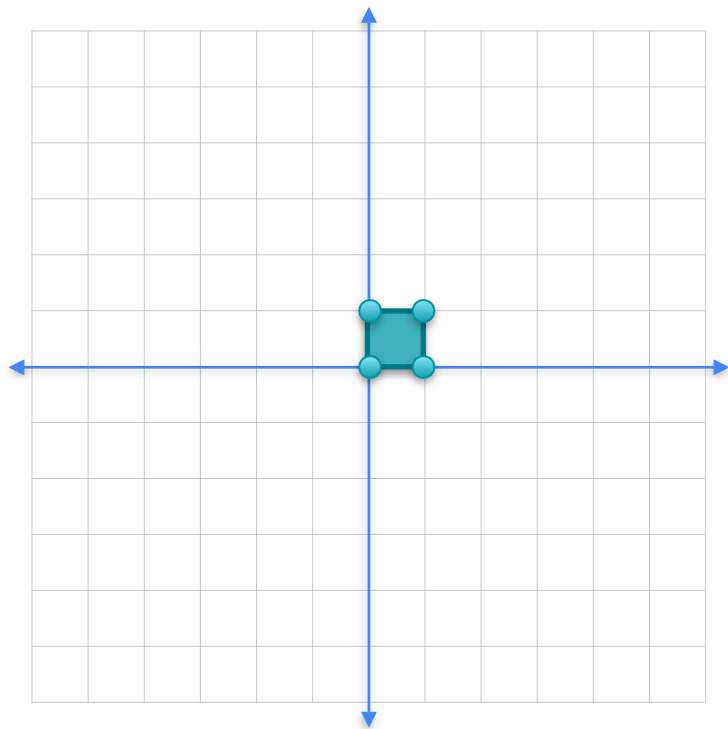
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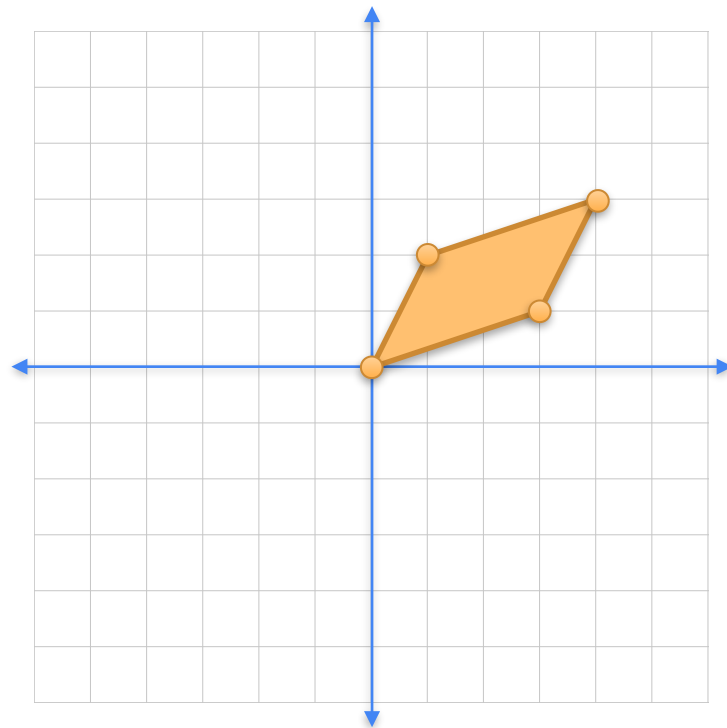
3	1
1	2



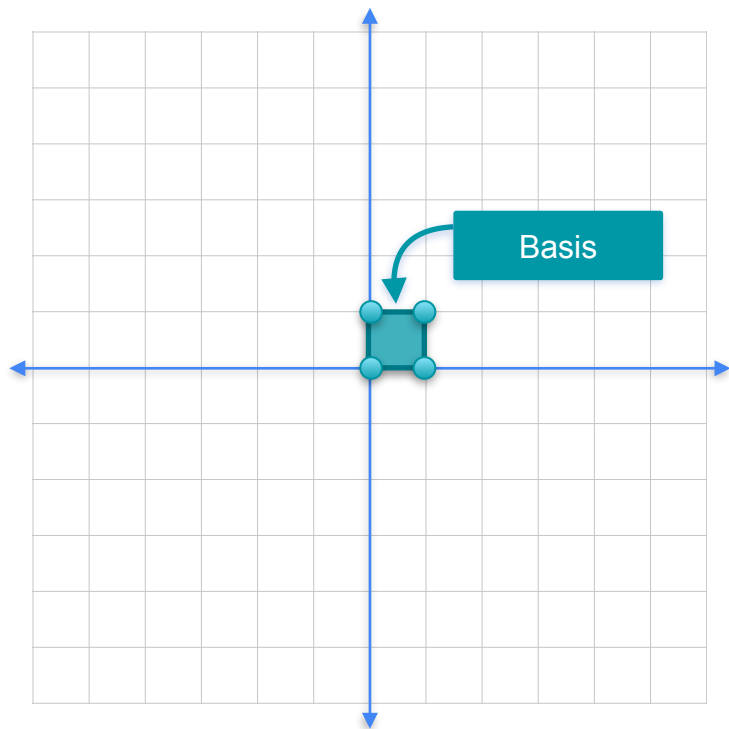
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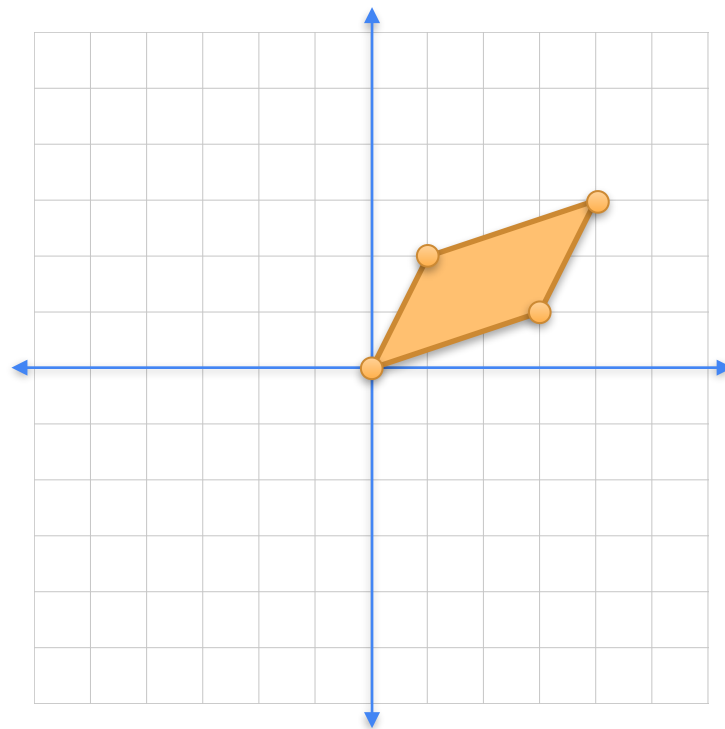
3	1
1	2



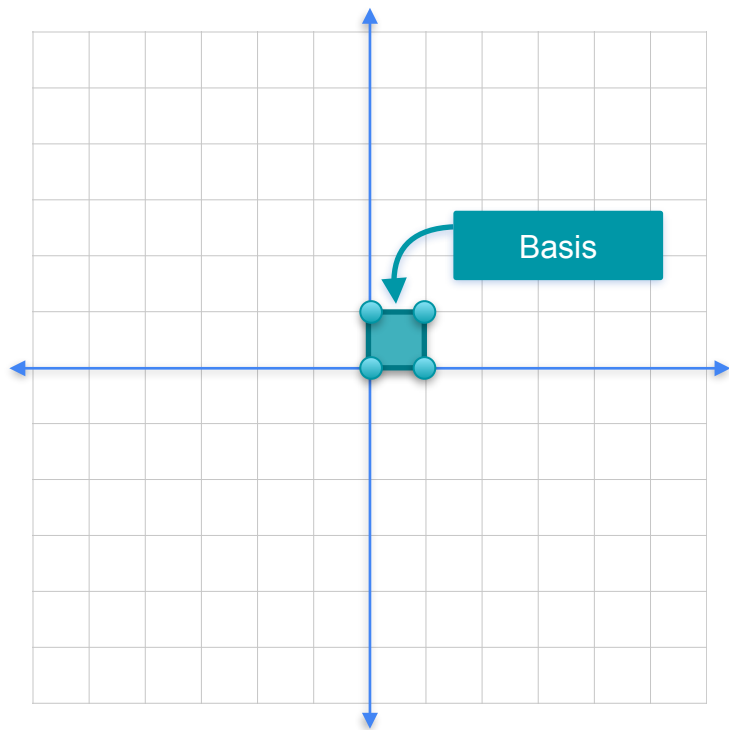
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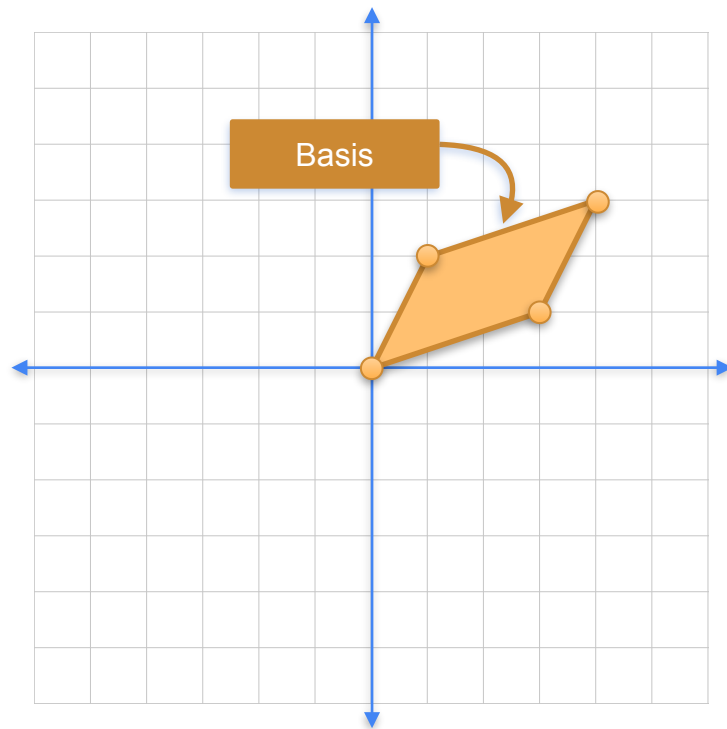
3	1
1	2



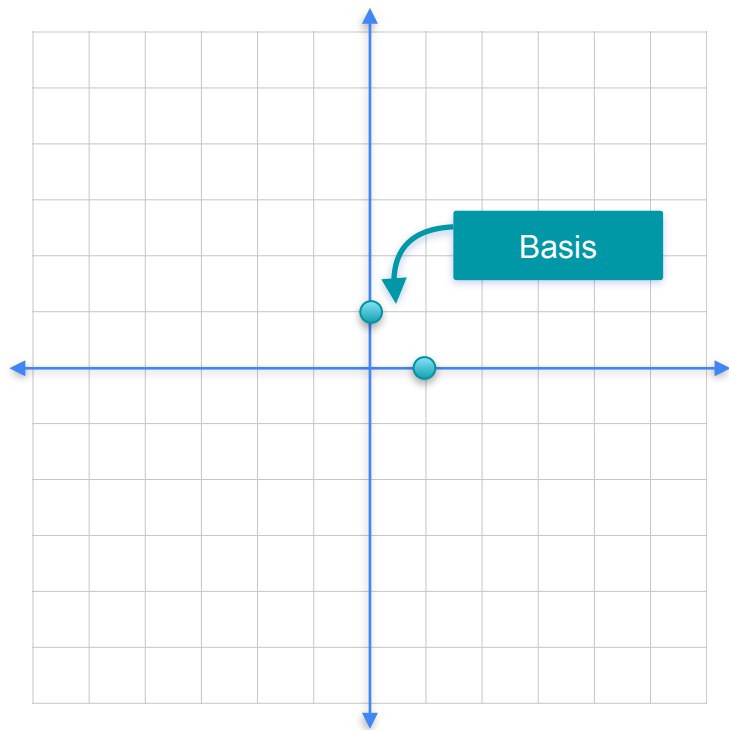
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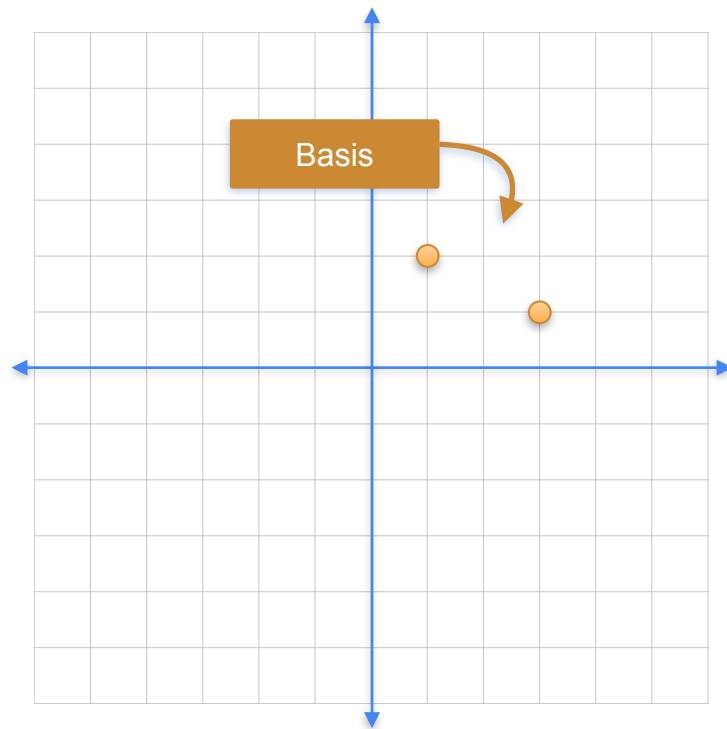
3	1
1	2



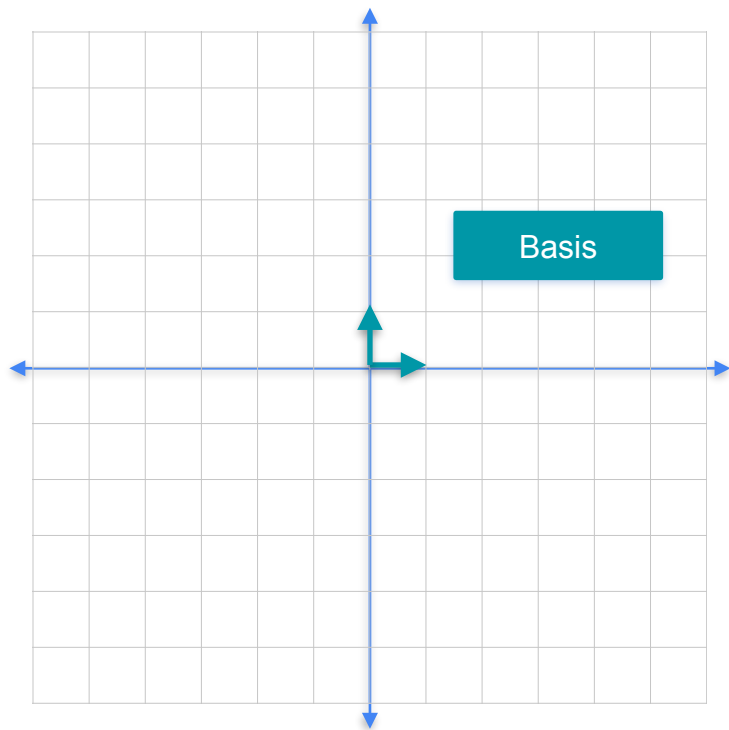
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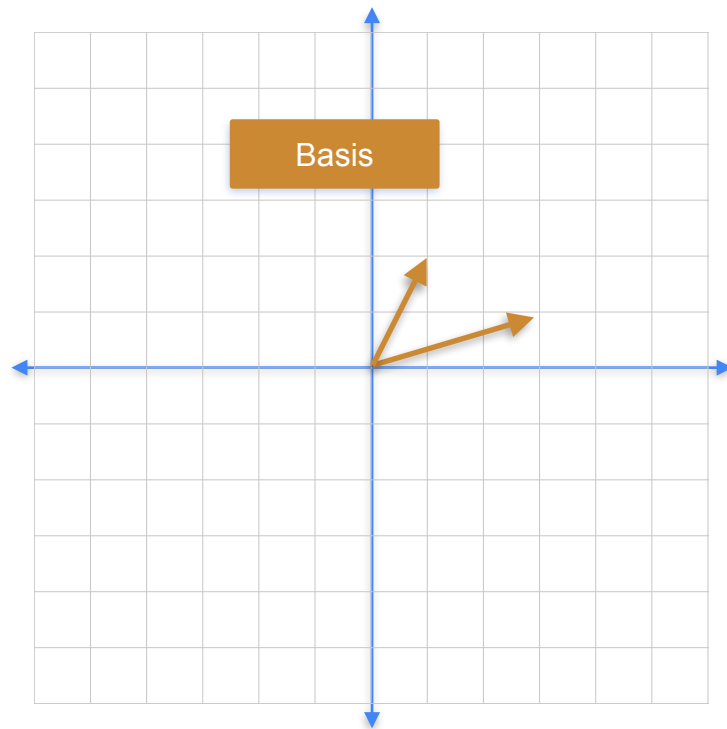
3	1
1	2



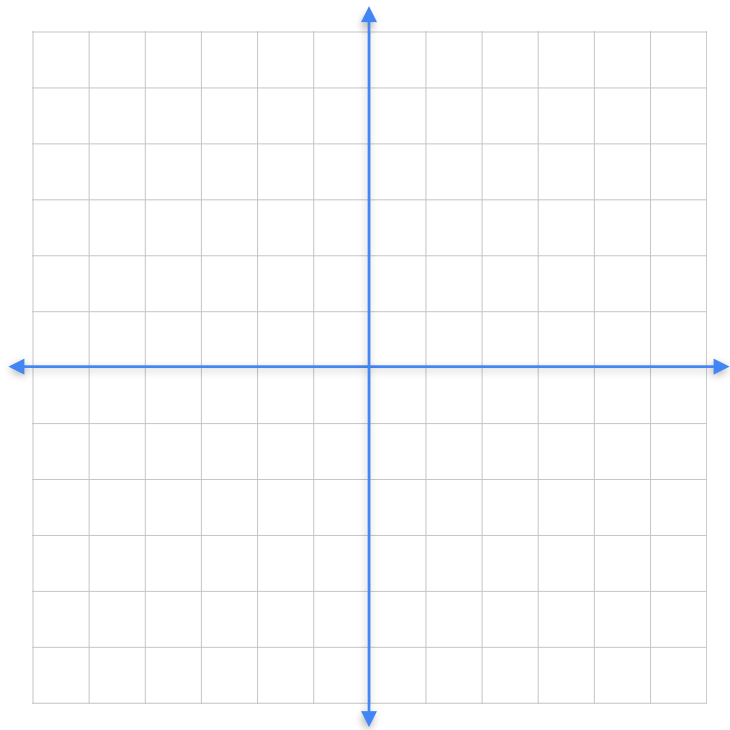
Bases



3	1
1	2

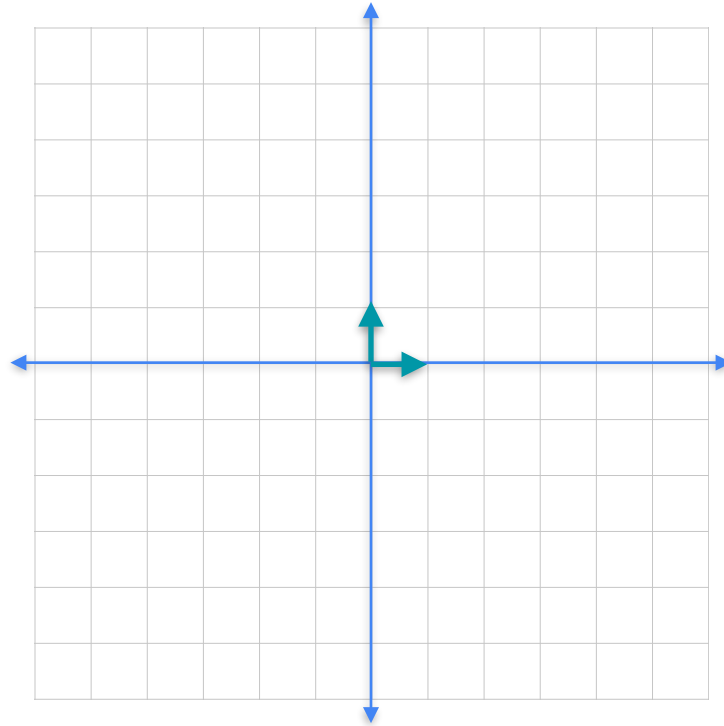


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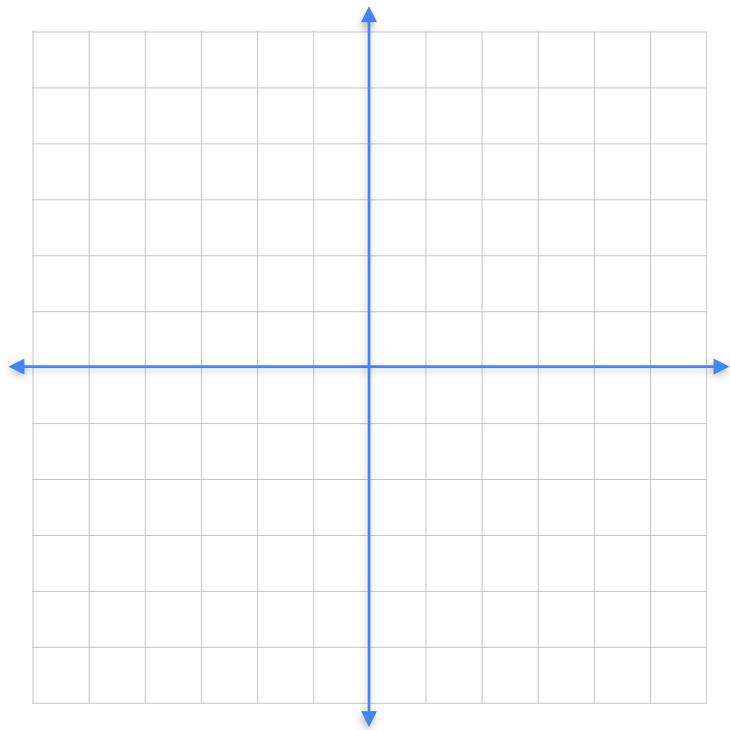
Bases

Bases

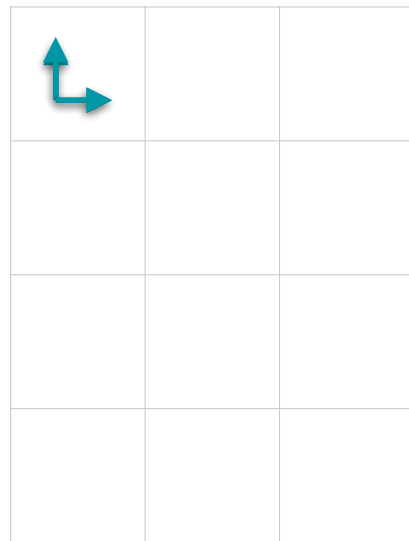


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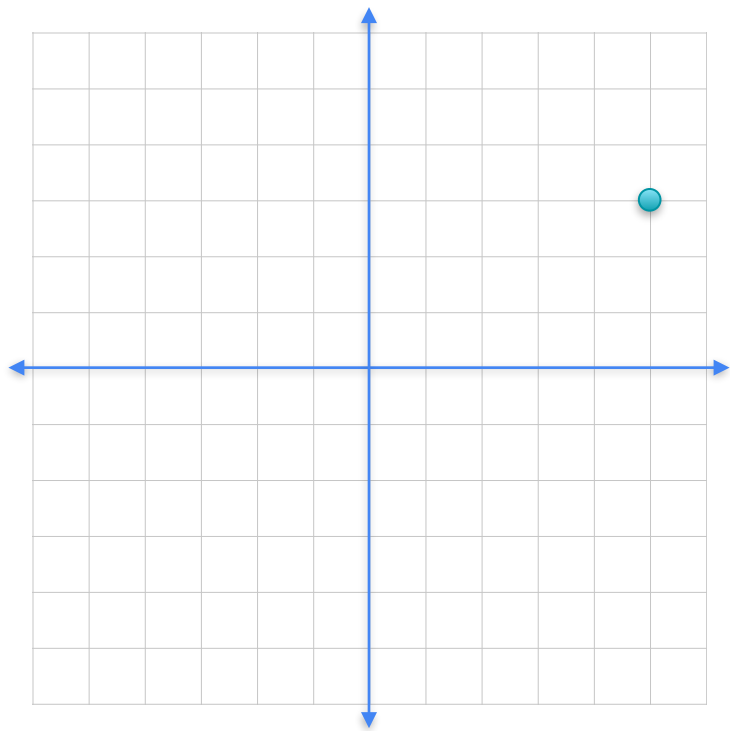
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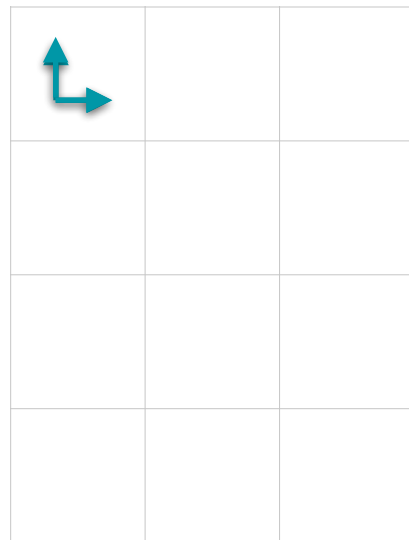
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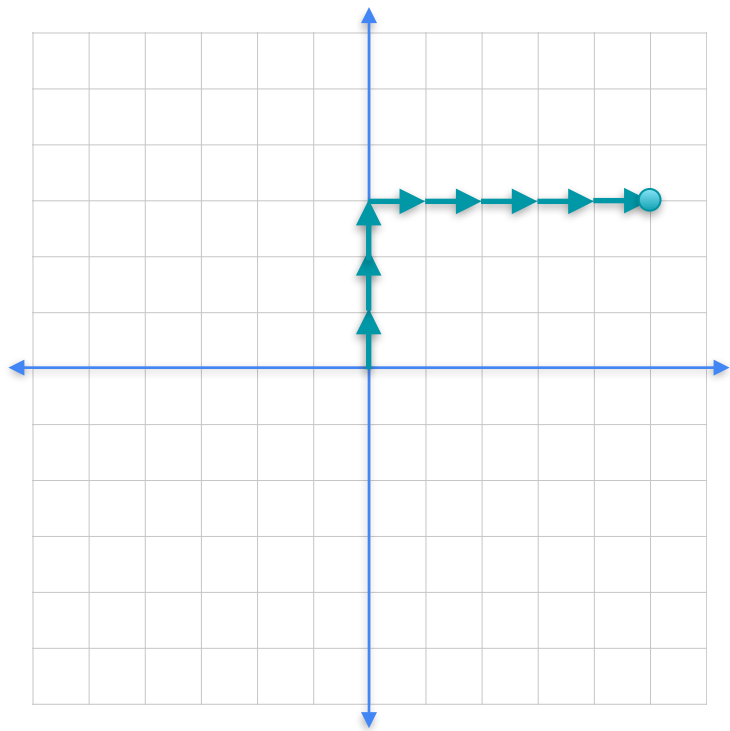
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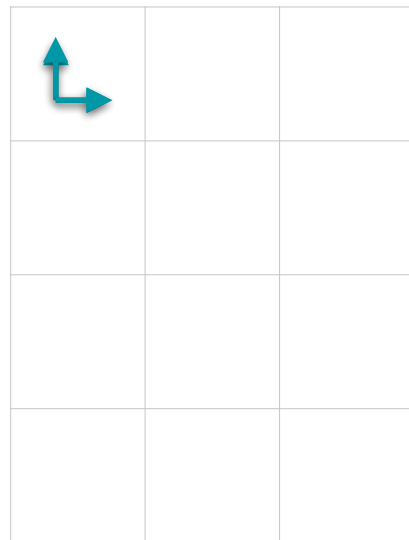
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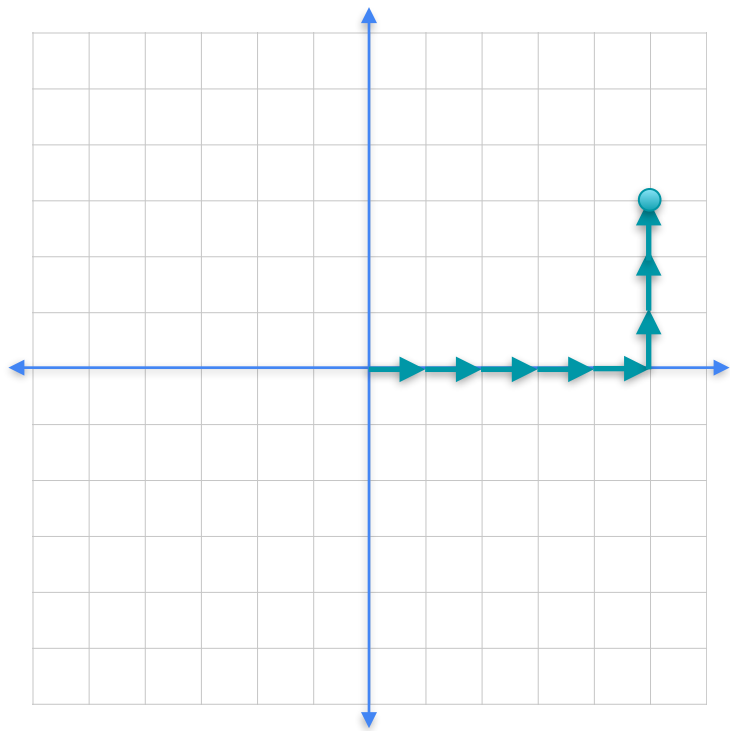
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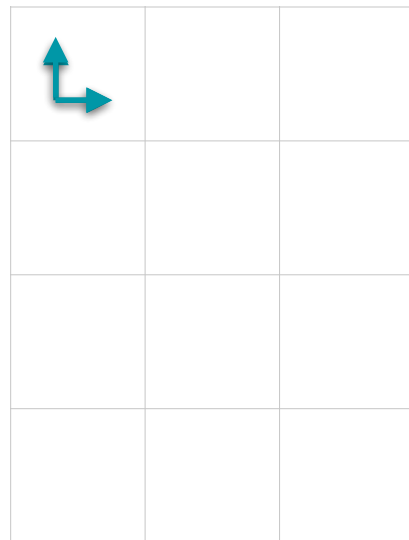
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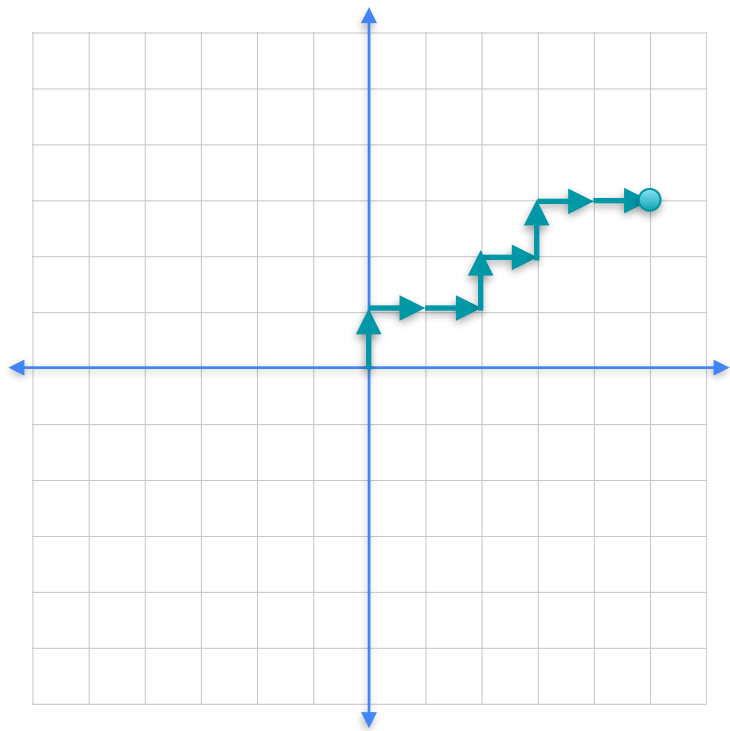
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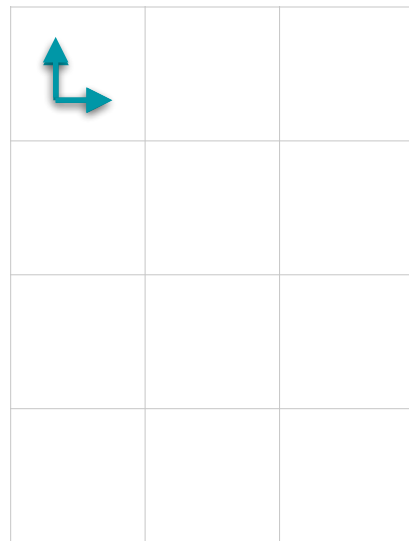
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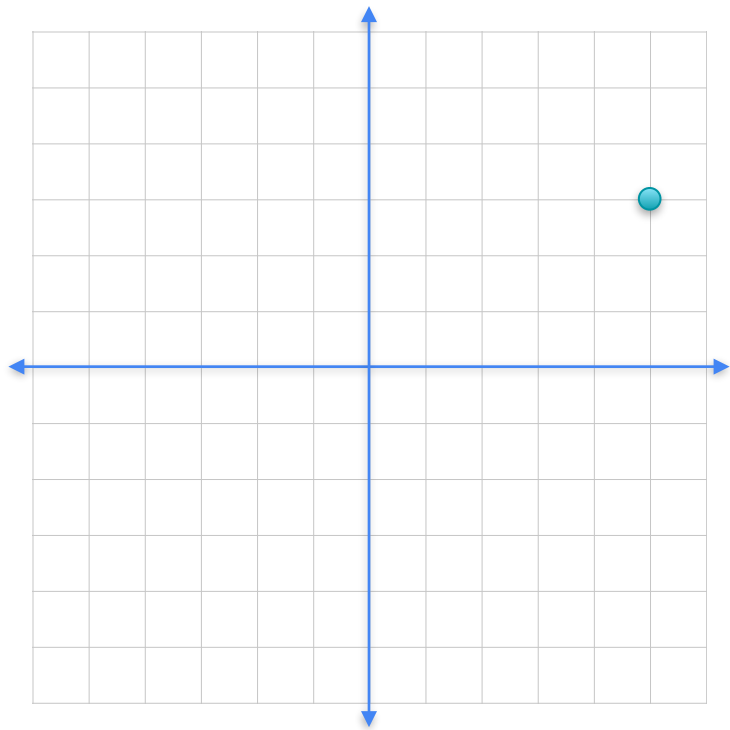
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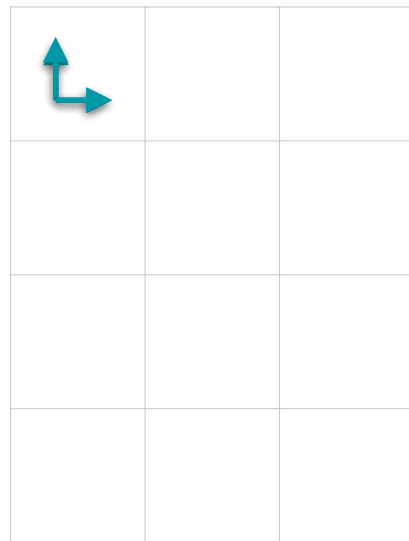
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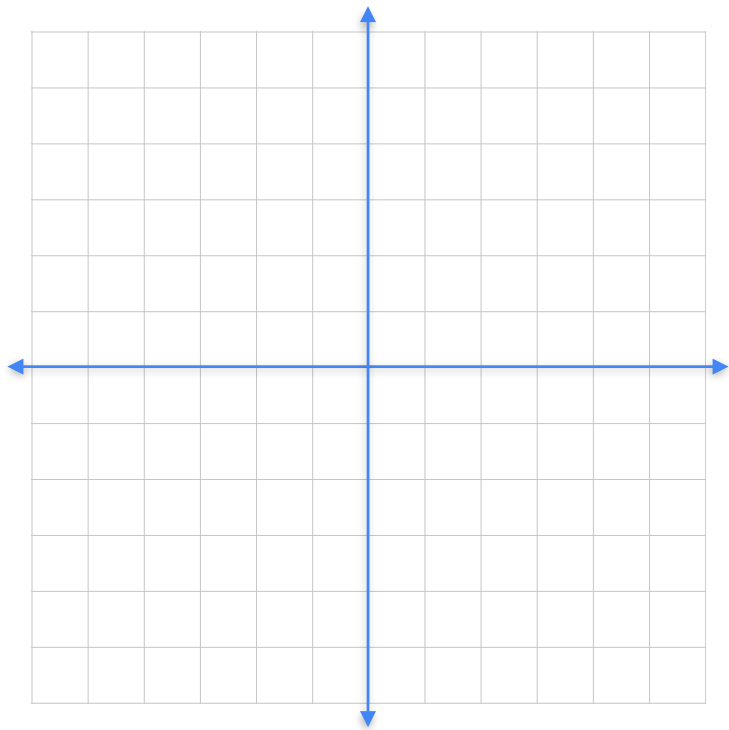
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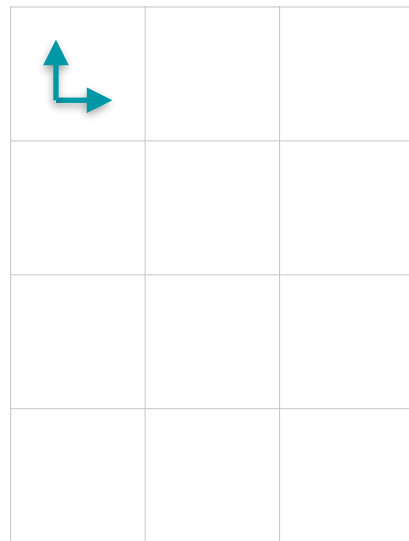
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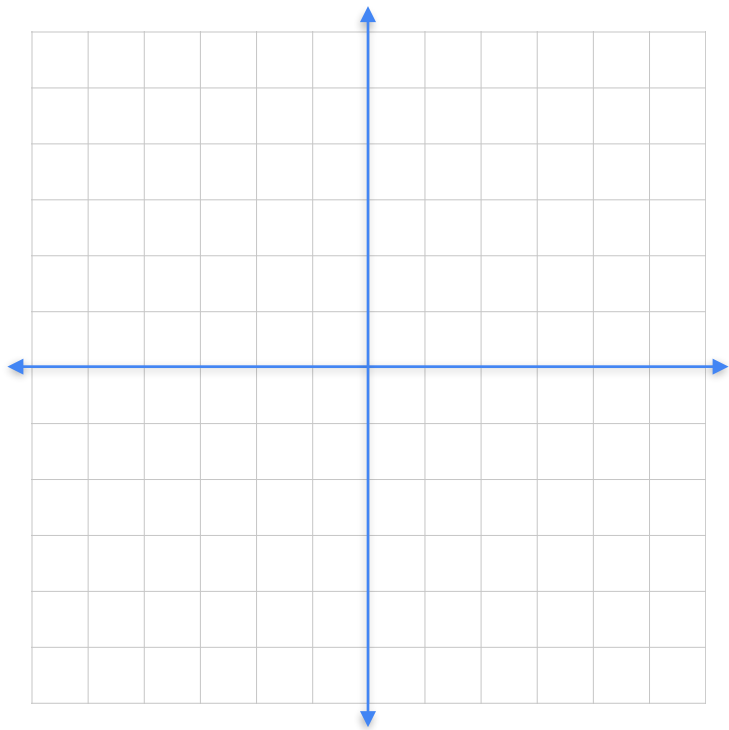
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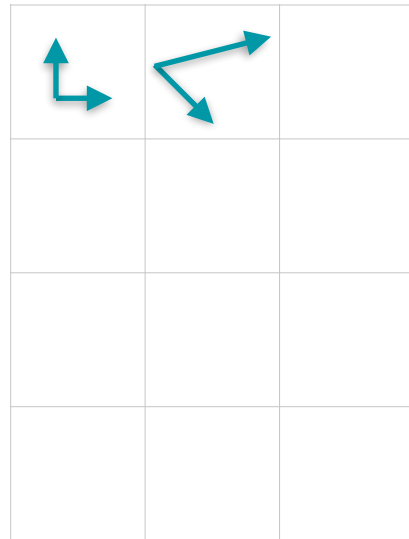
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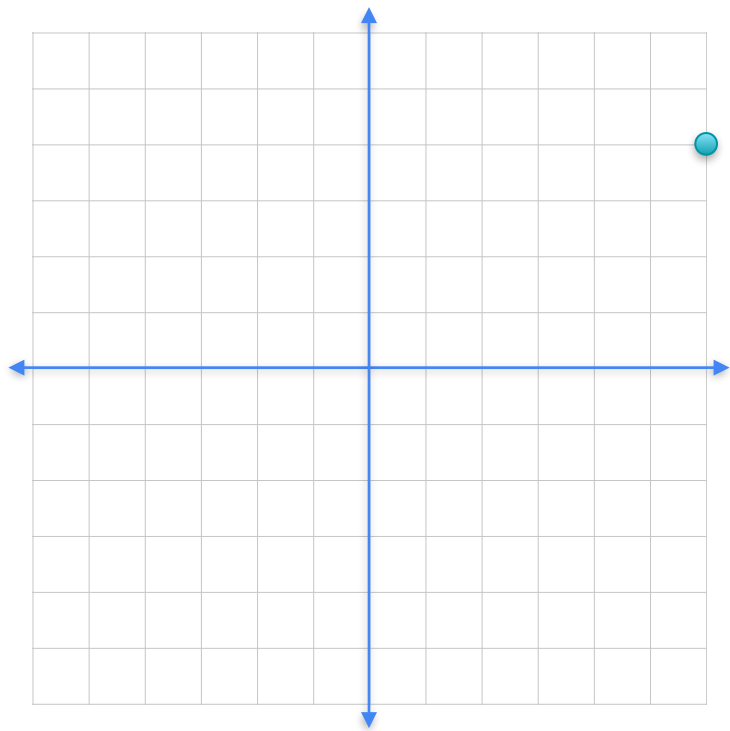
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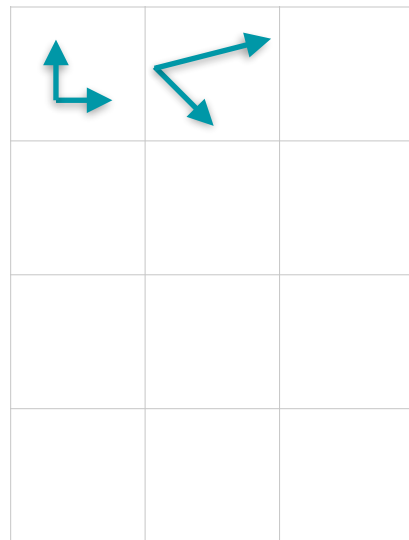
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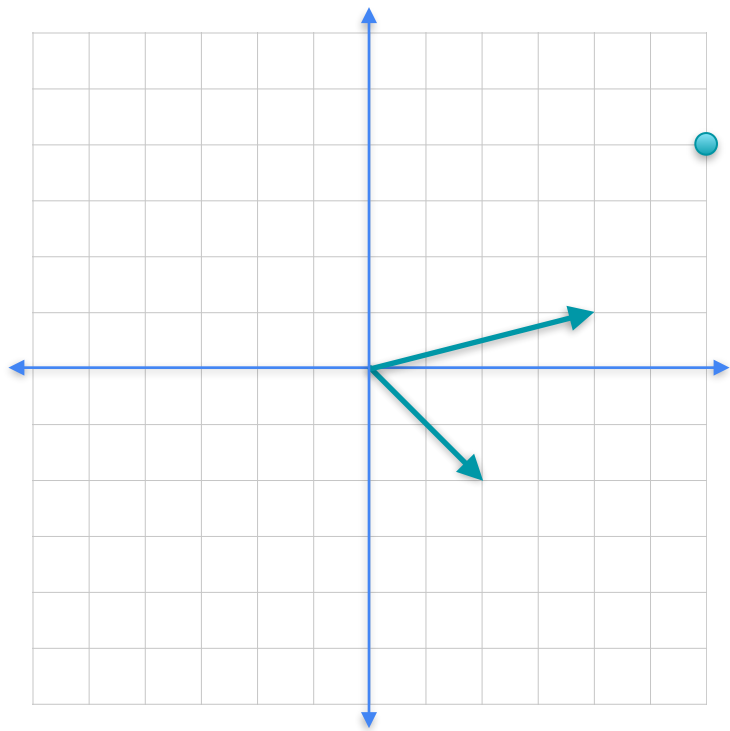
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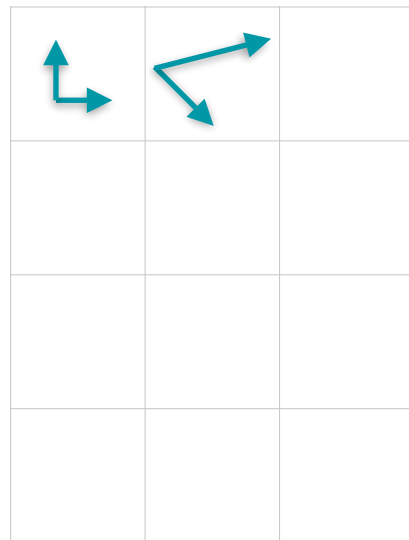
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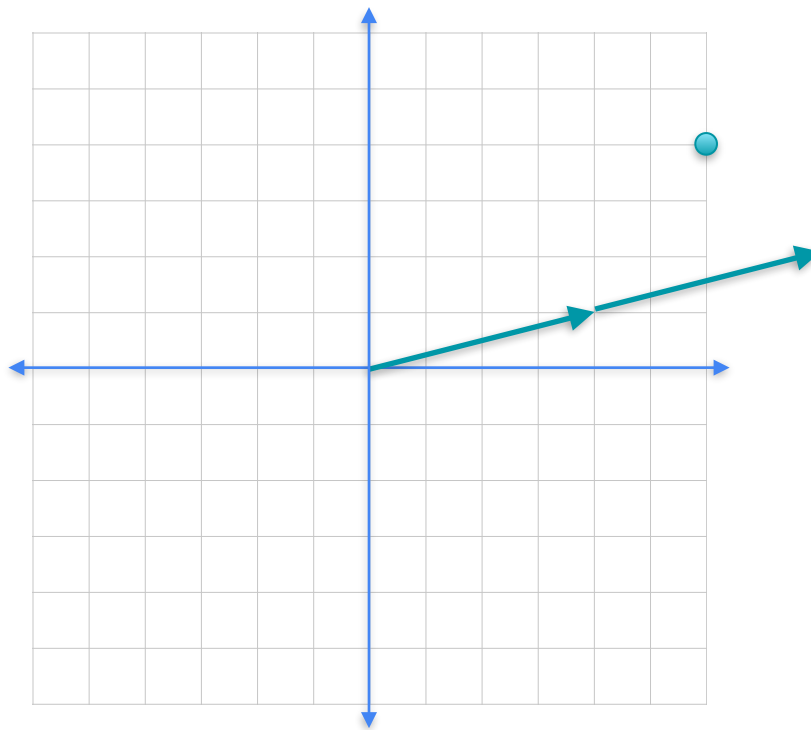
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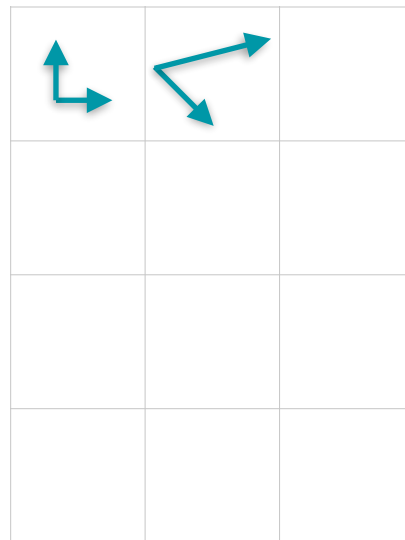
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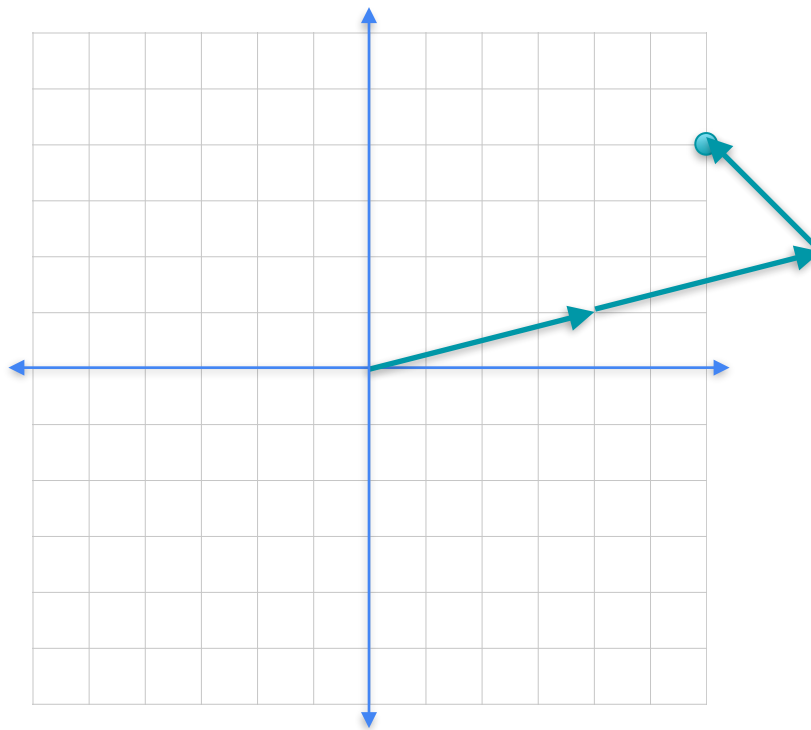
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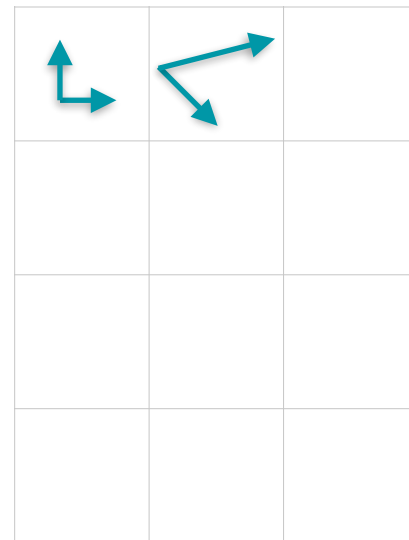
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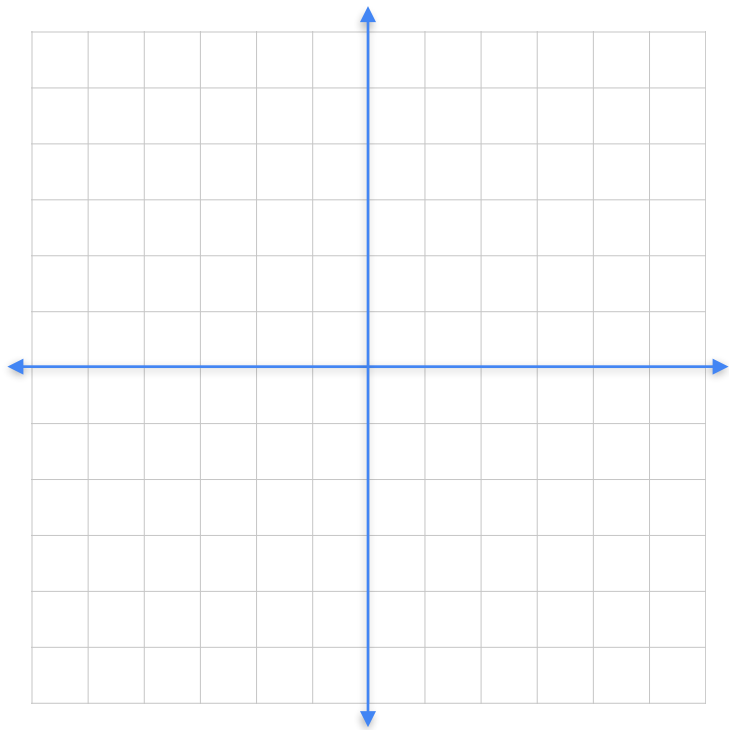
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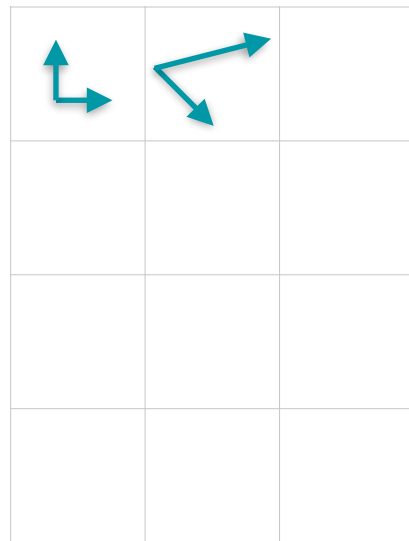
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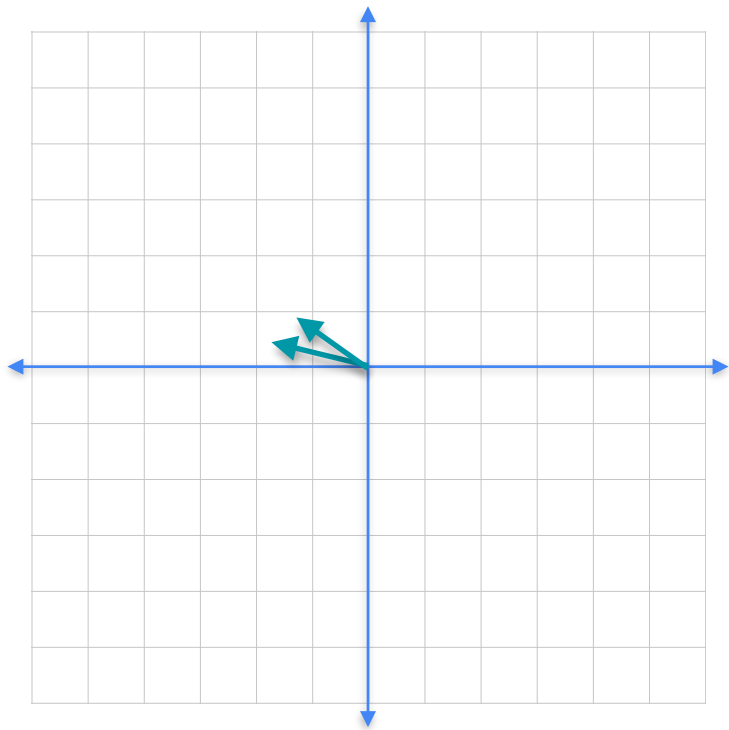
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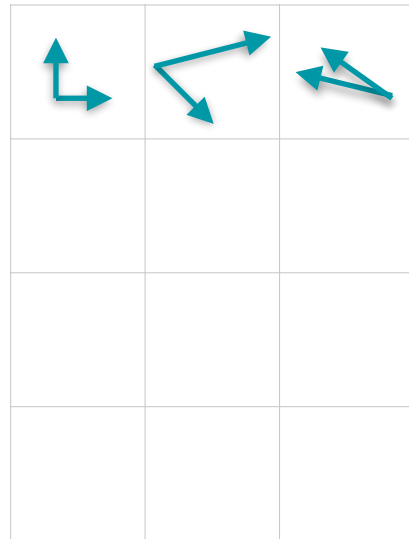
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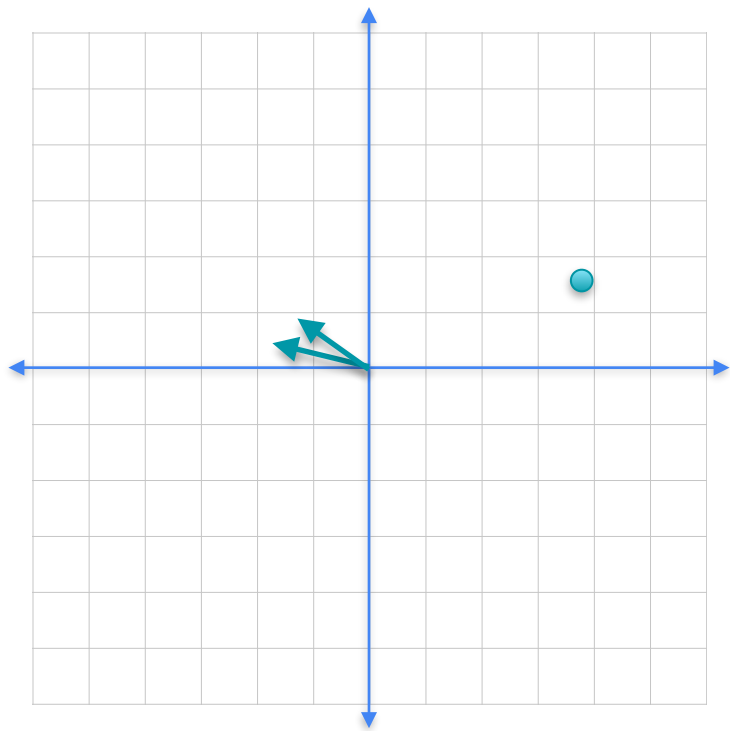
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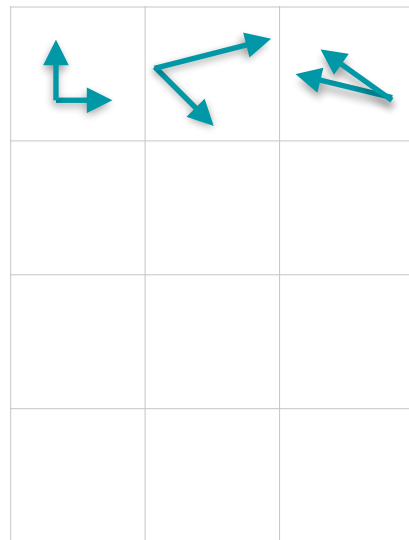
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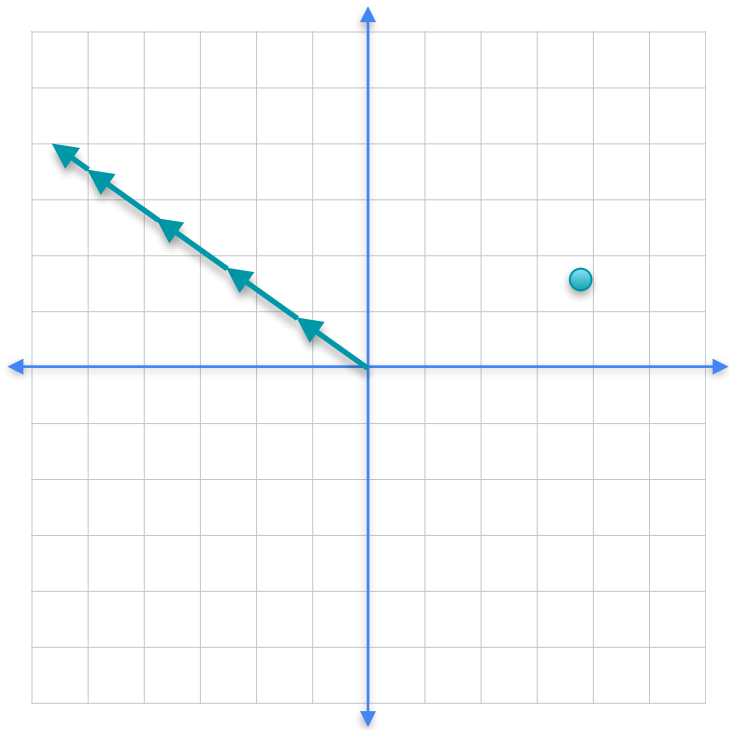
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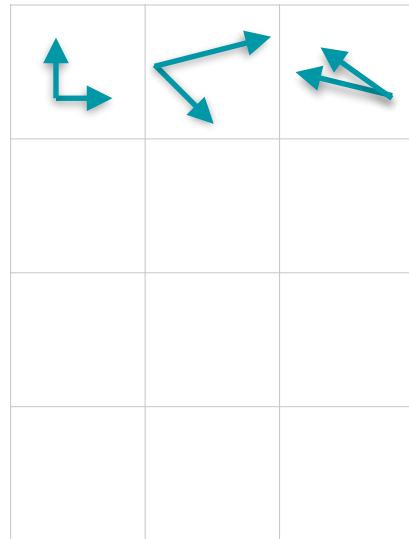
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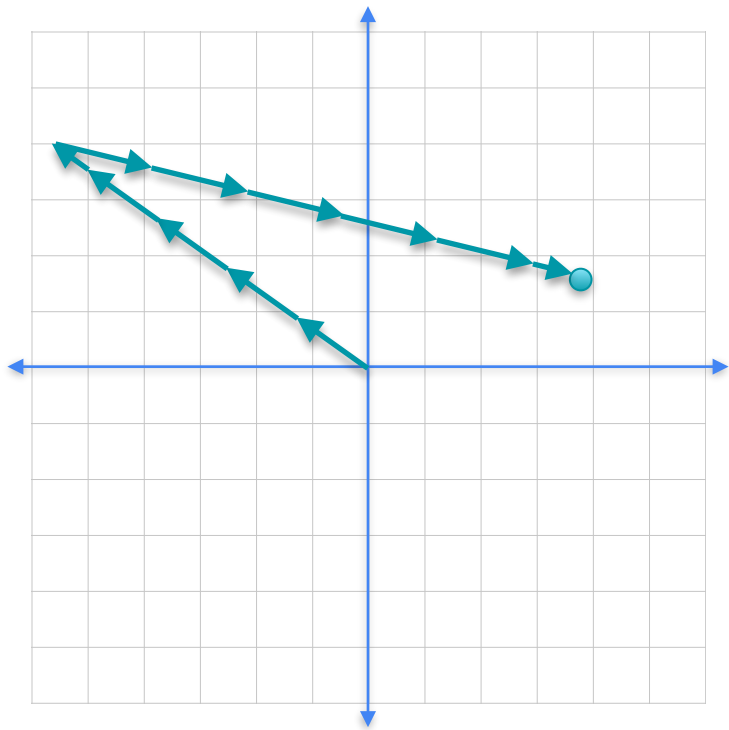
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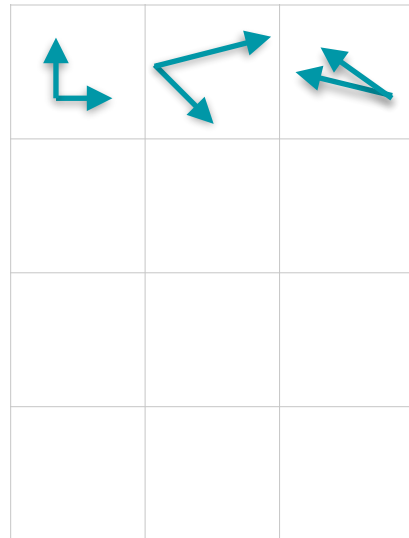
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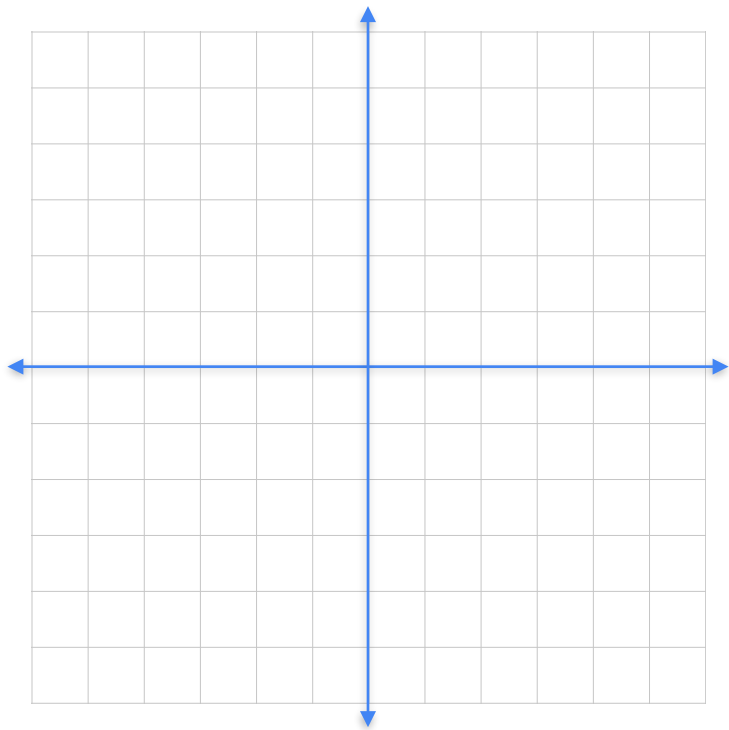
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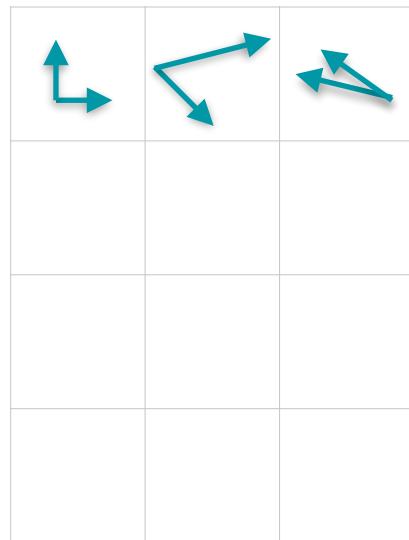
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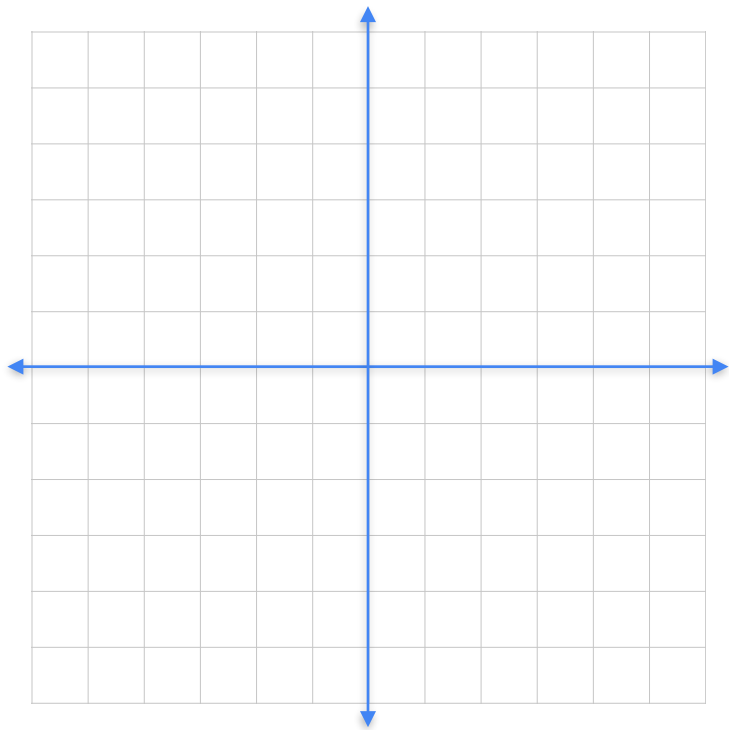
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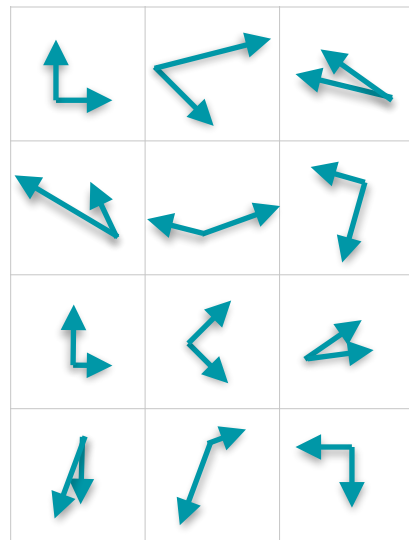
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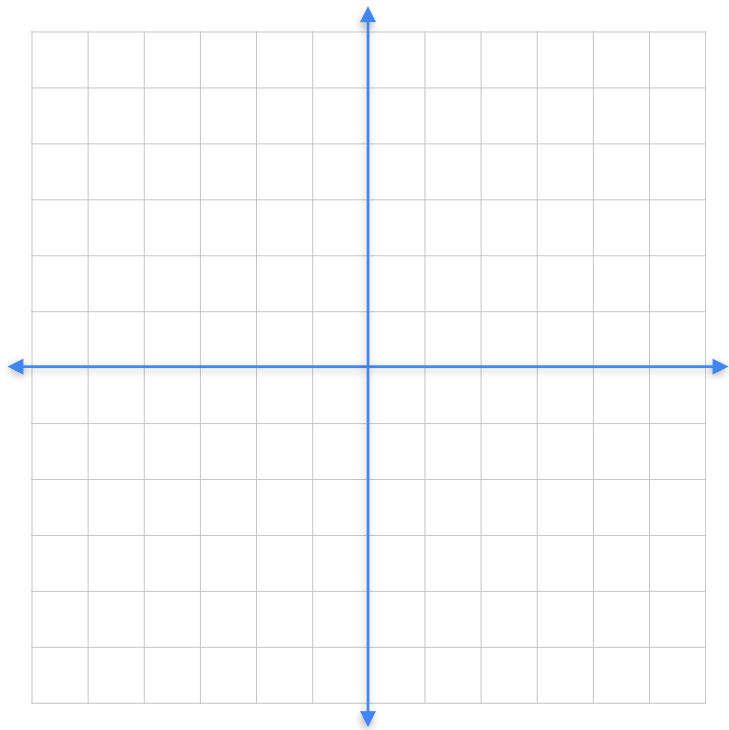
Bases



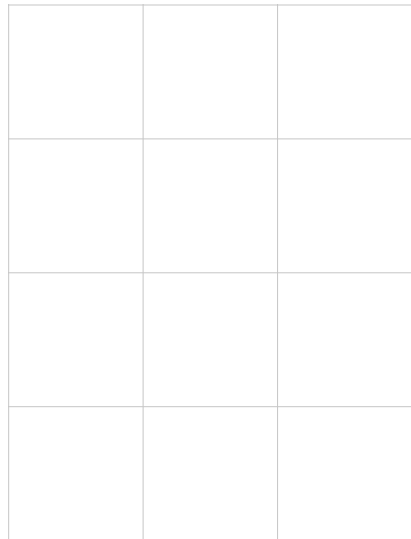
Bases



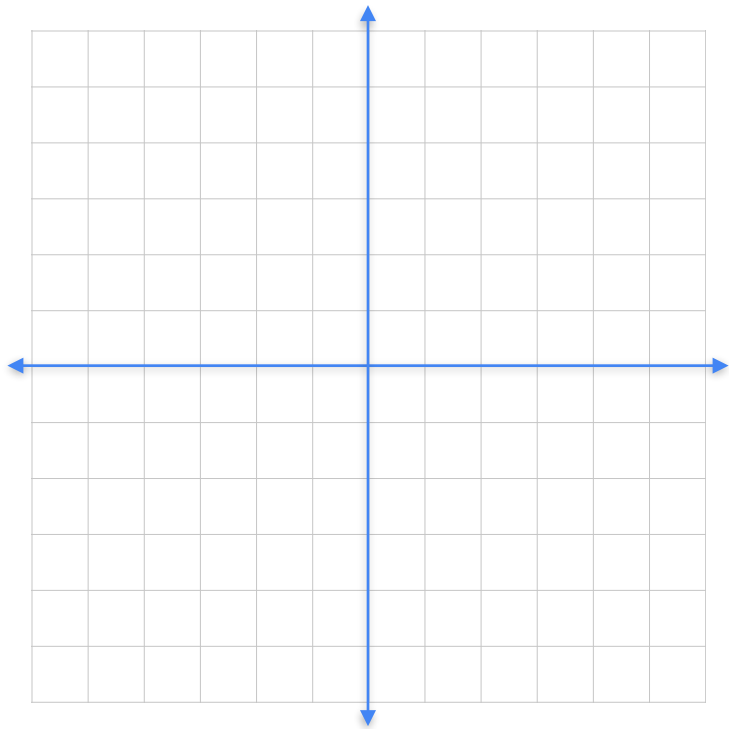
What is not a basis?



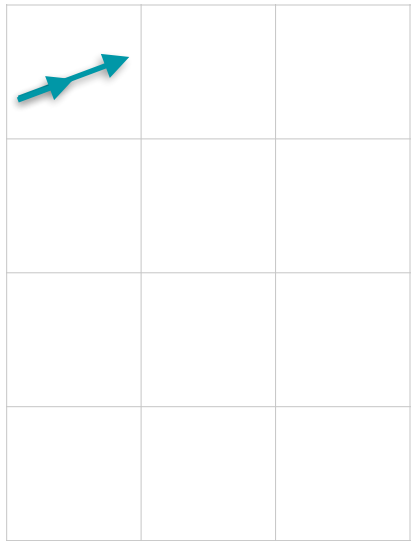
Not bases



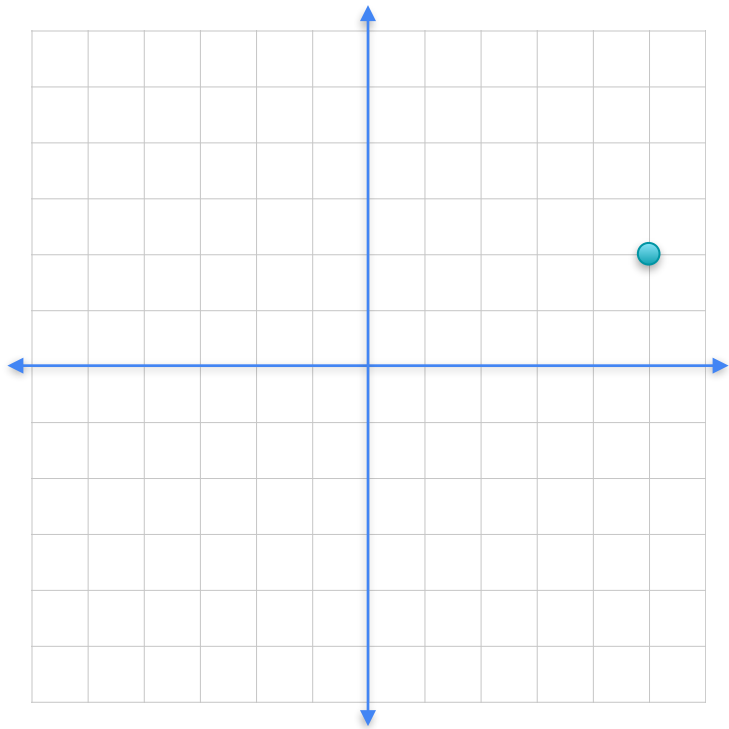
What is not a basis?



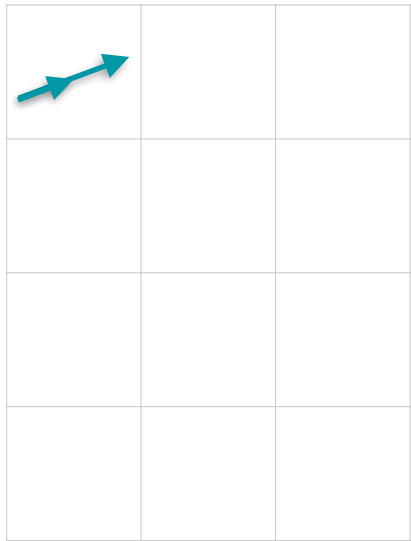
Not bases



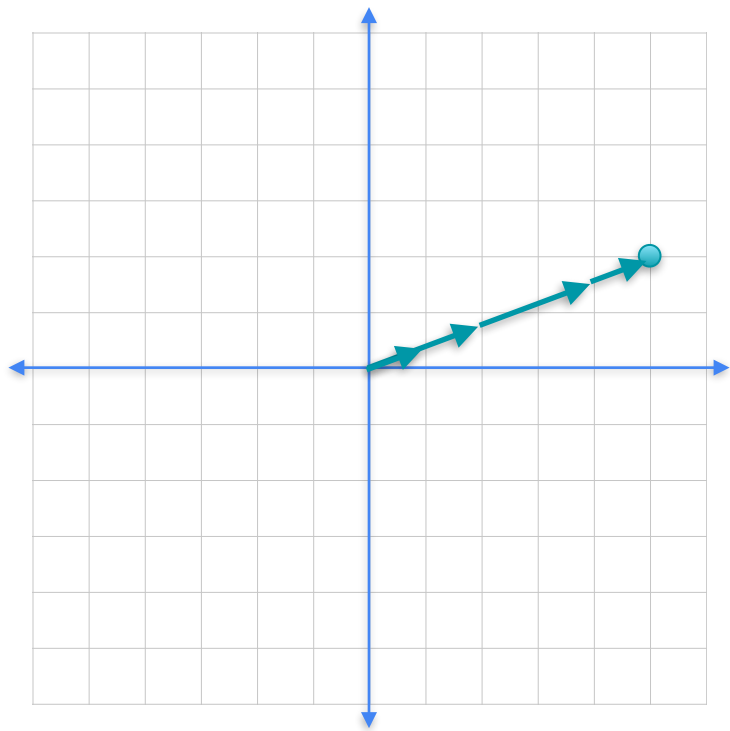
What is not a basis?



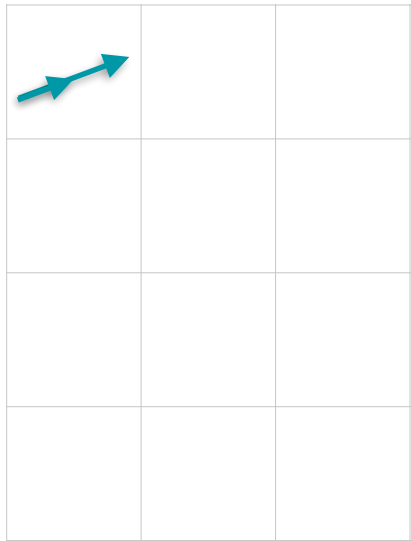
Not bases



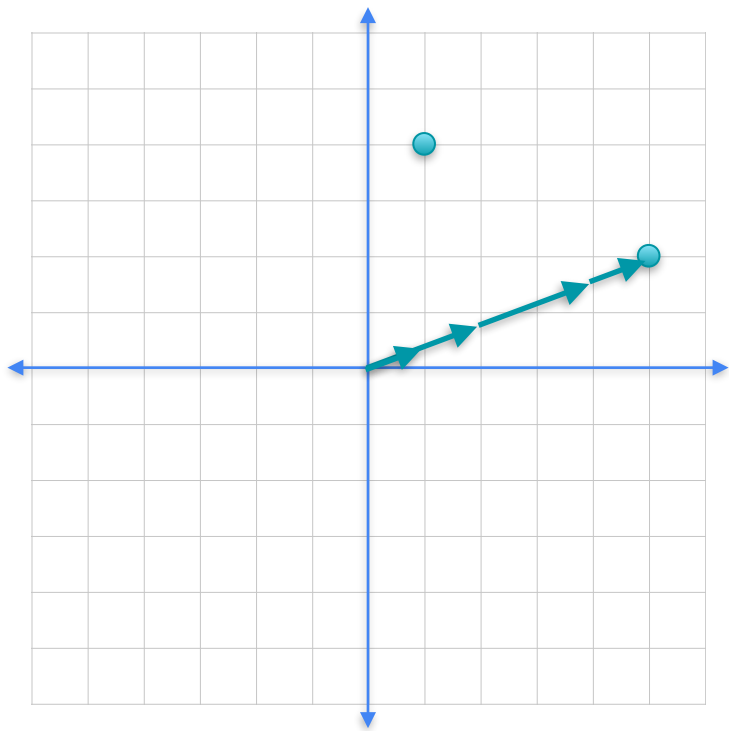
What is not a basis?



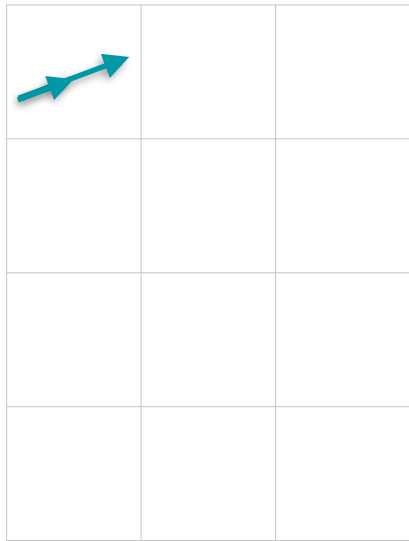
Not bases



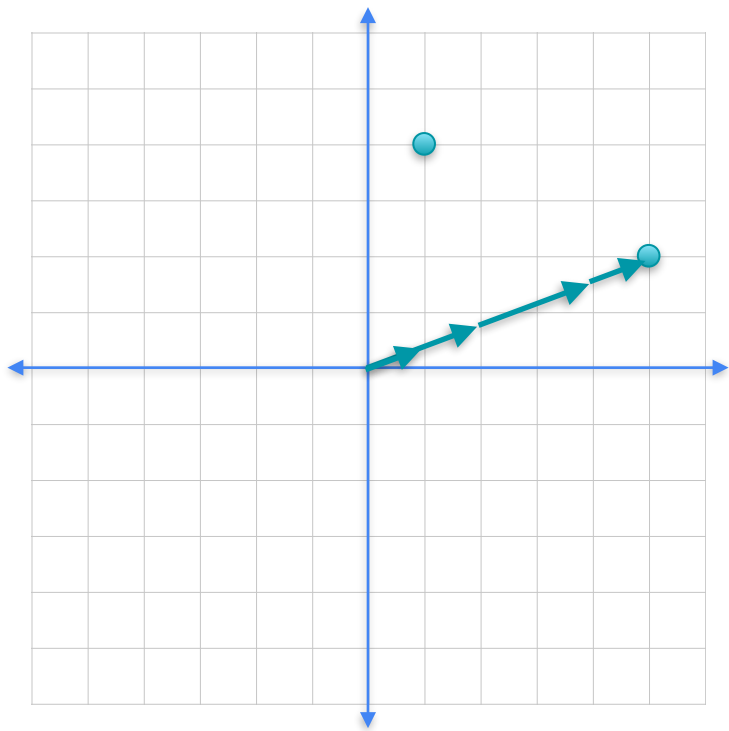
What is not a basis?



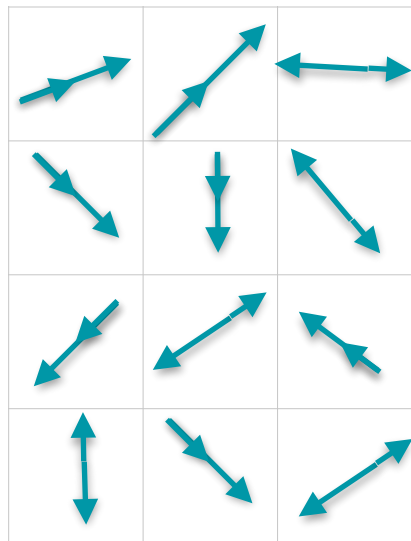
Not bases



What is not a basis?



Not bases



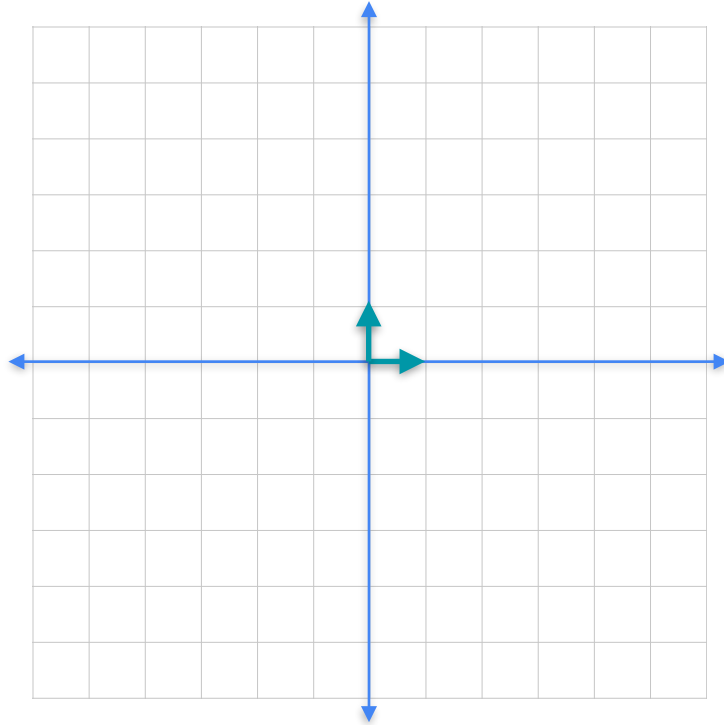


DeepLearning.AI

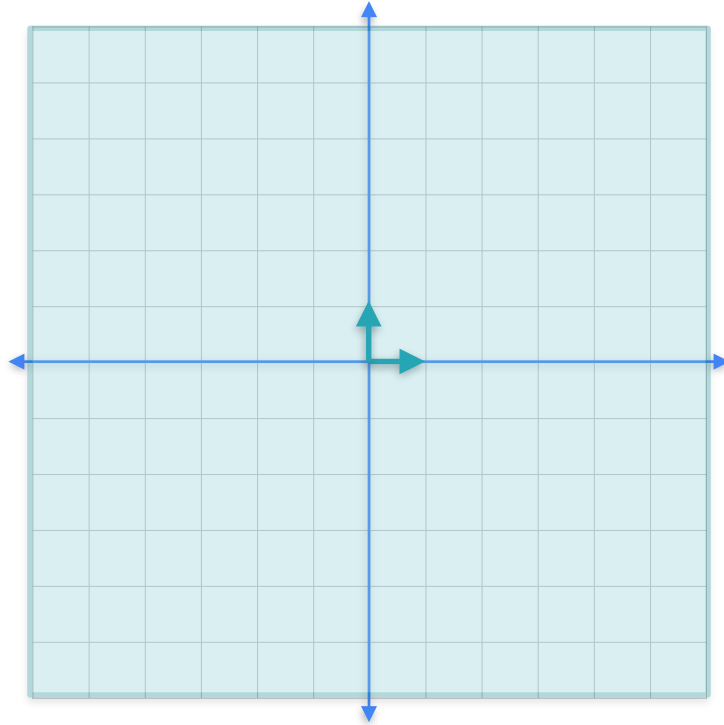
Determinants and Eigenvectors

Span

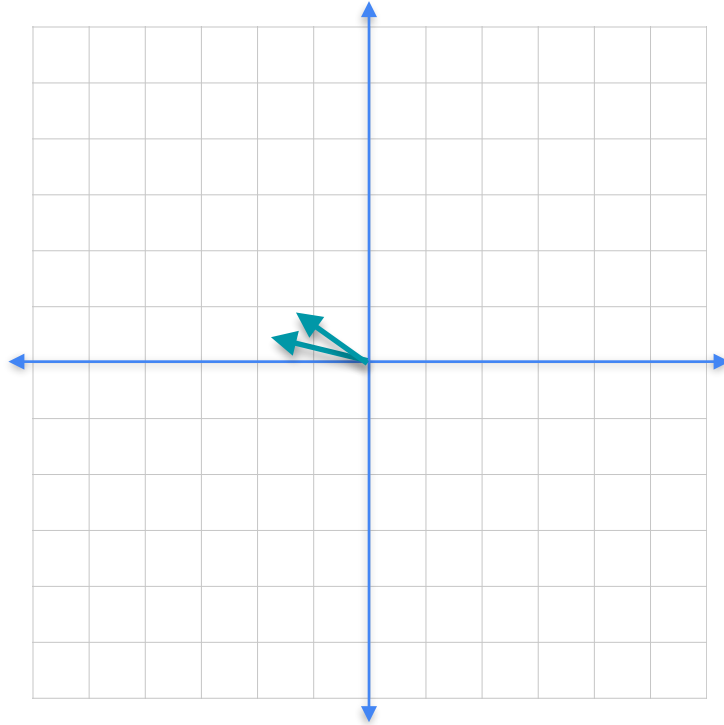
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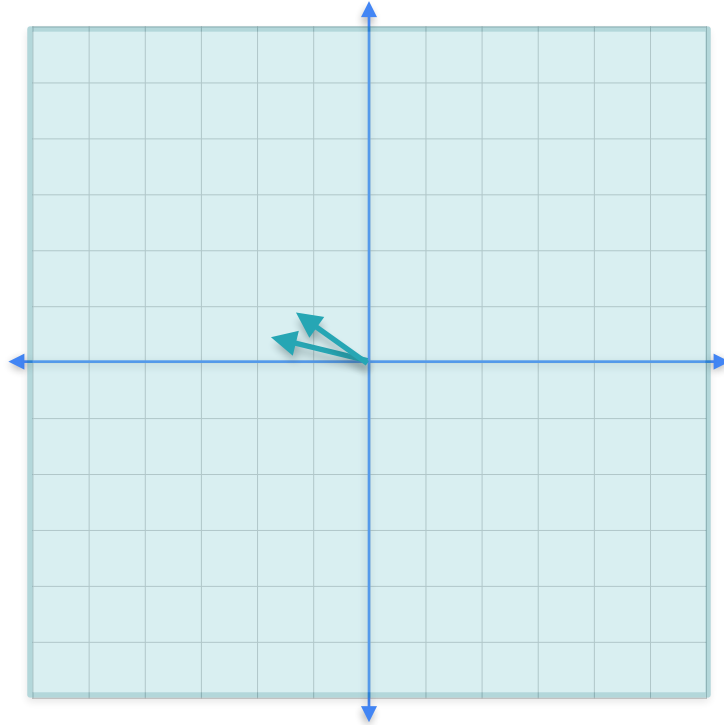
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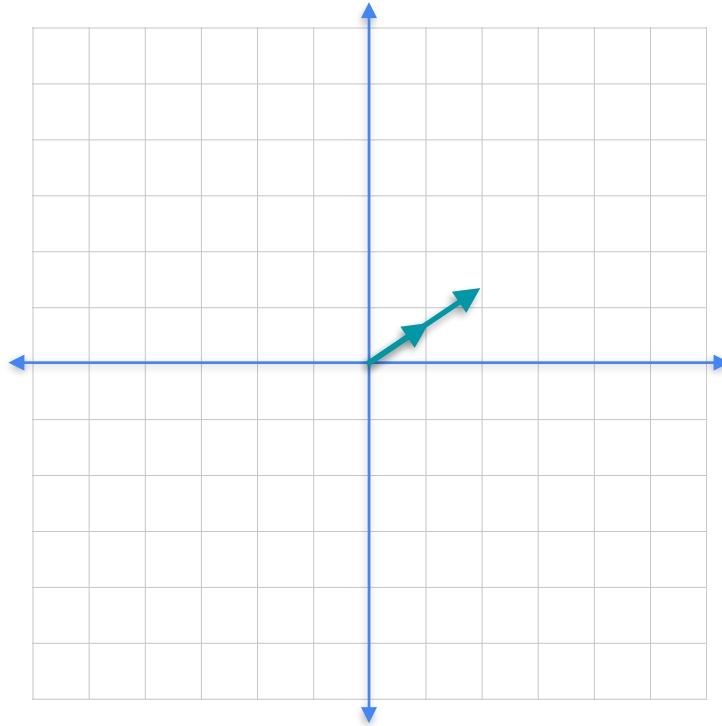
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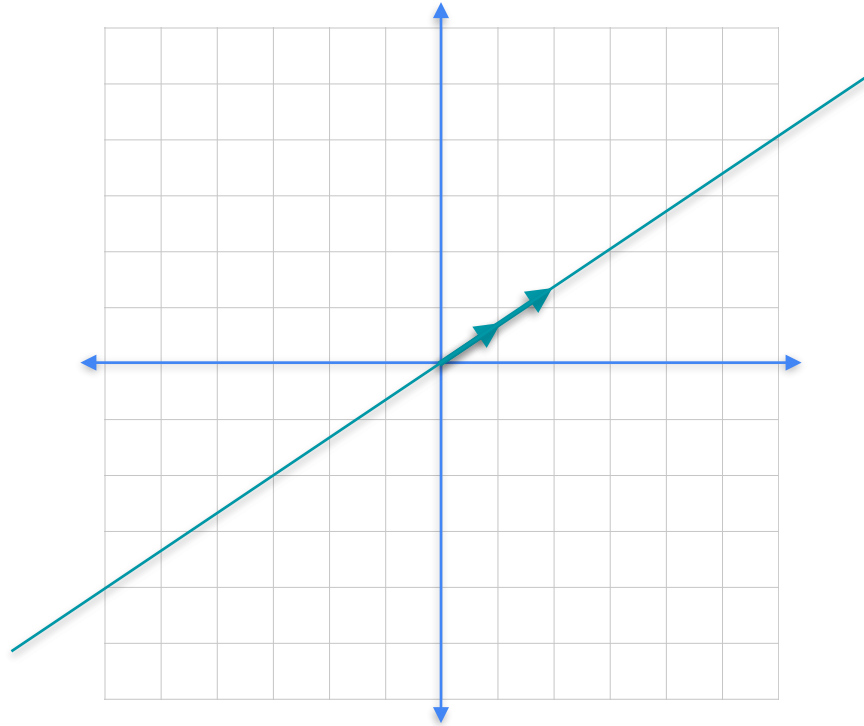
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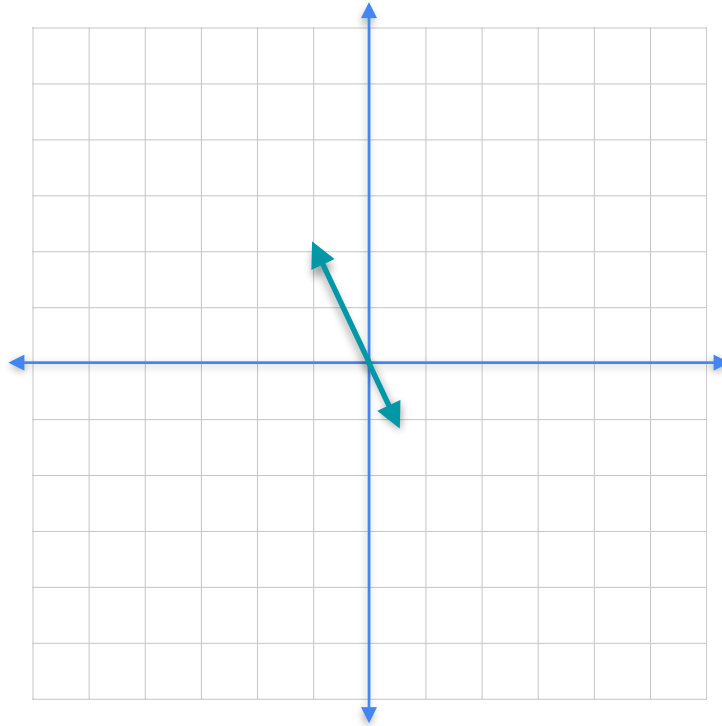
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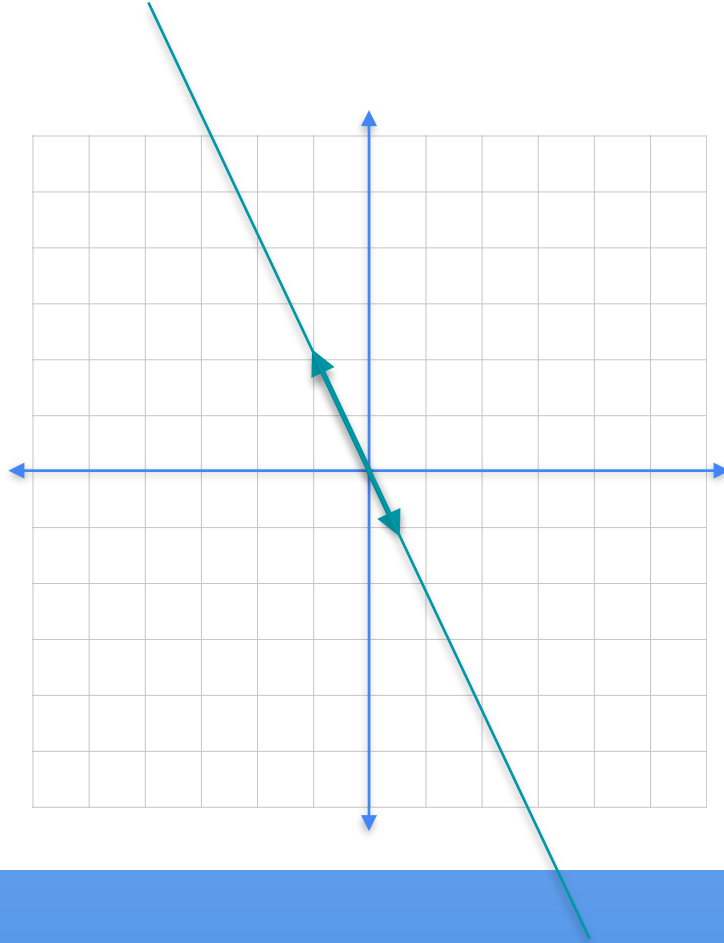
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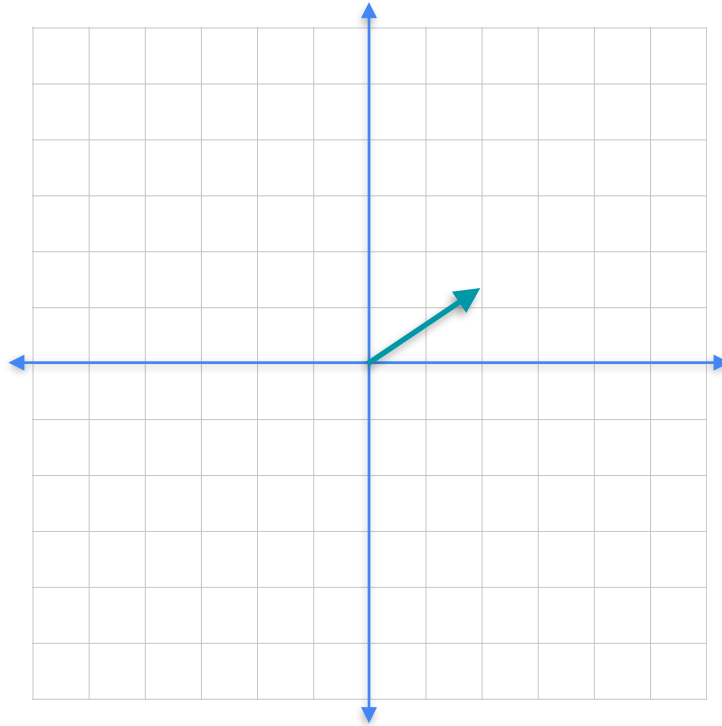
Span



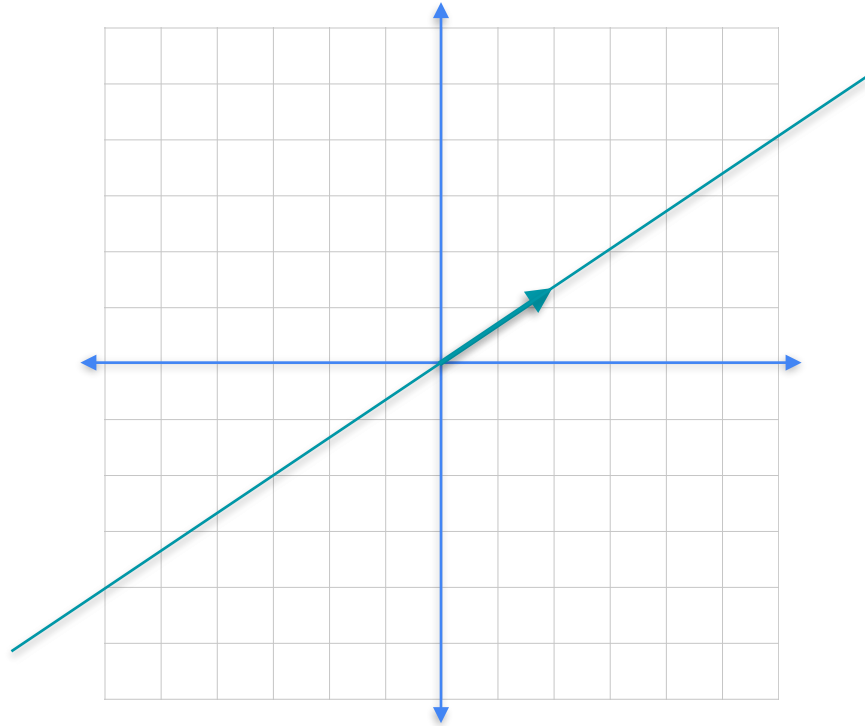
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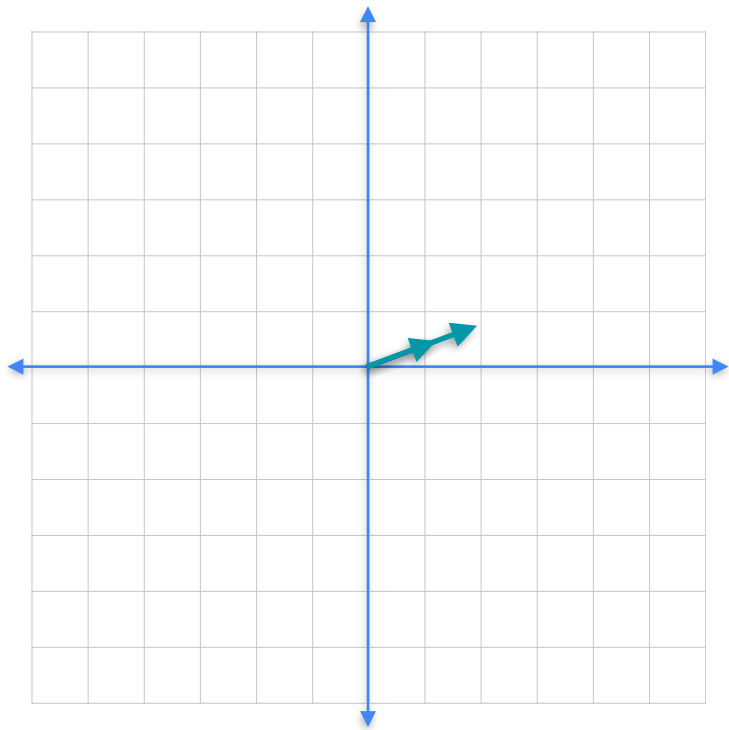
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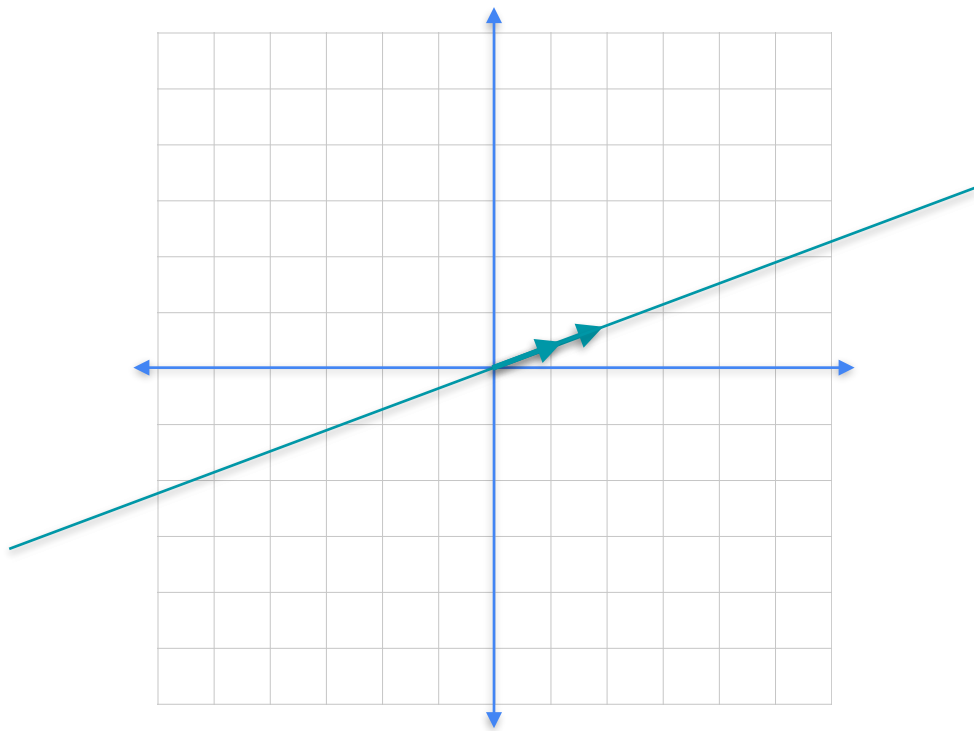
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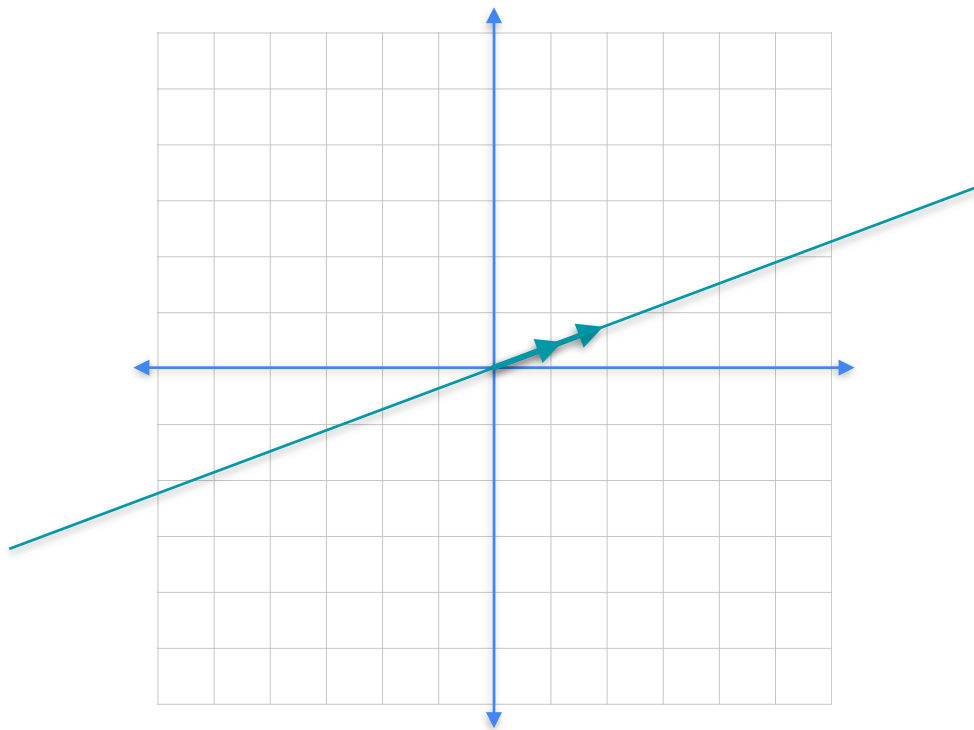
Is this a basis?



Is this a basis?



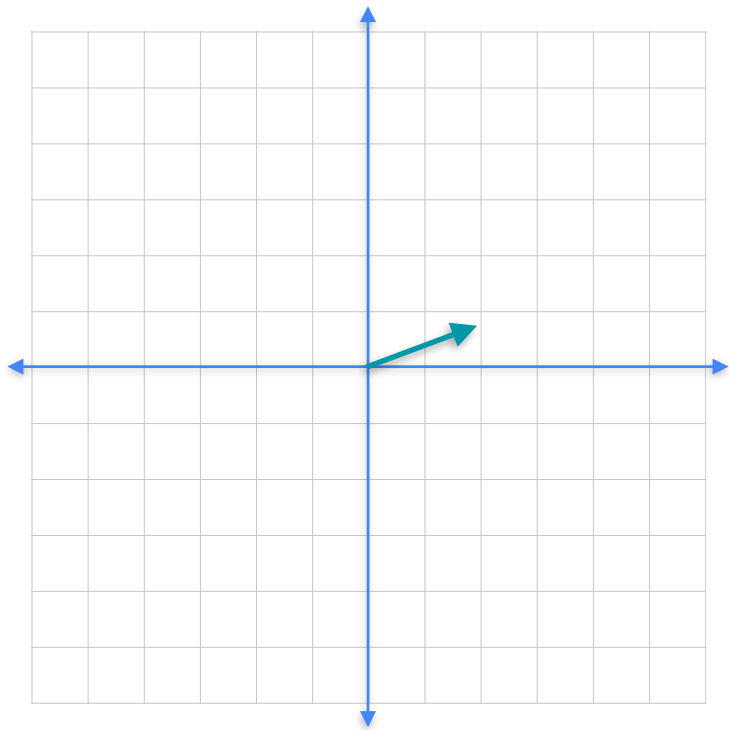
Is this a basis?



No

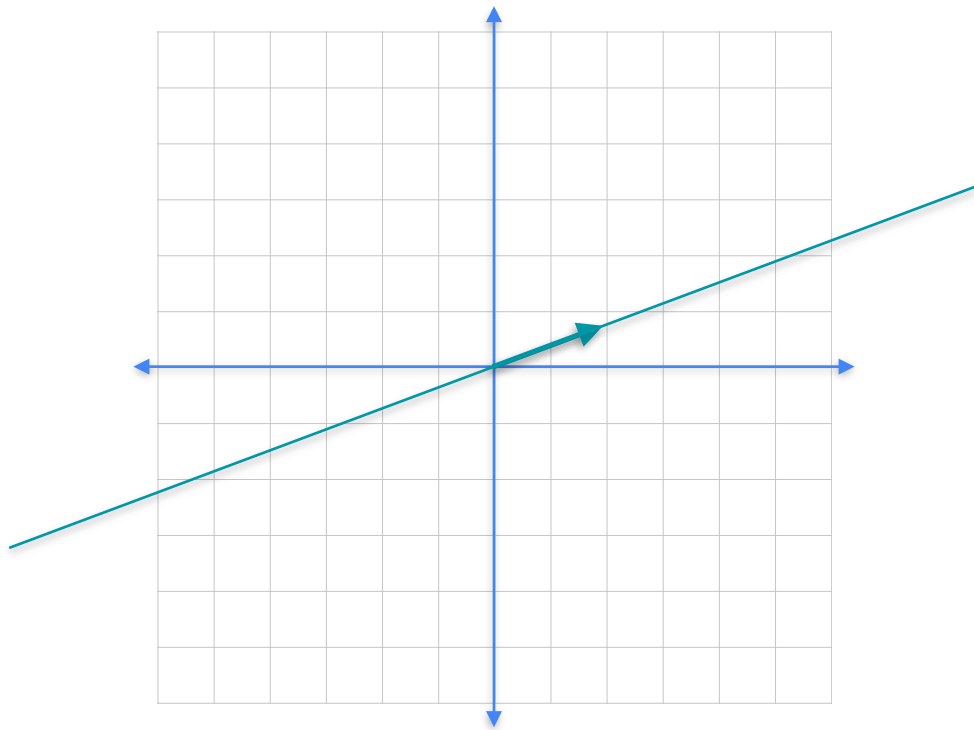
Is this a basis for something?

Bases

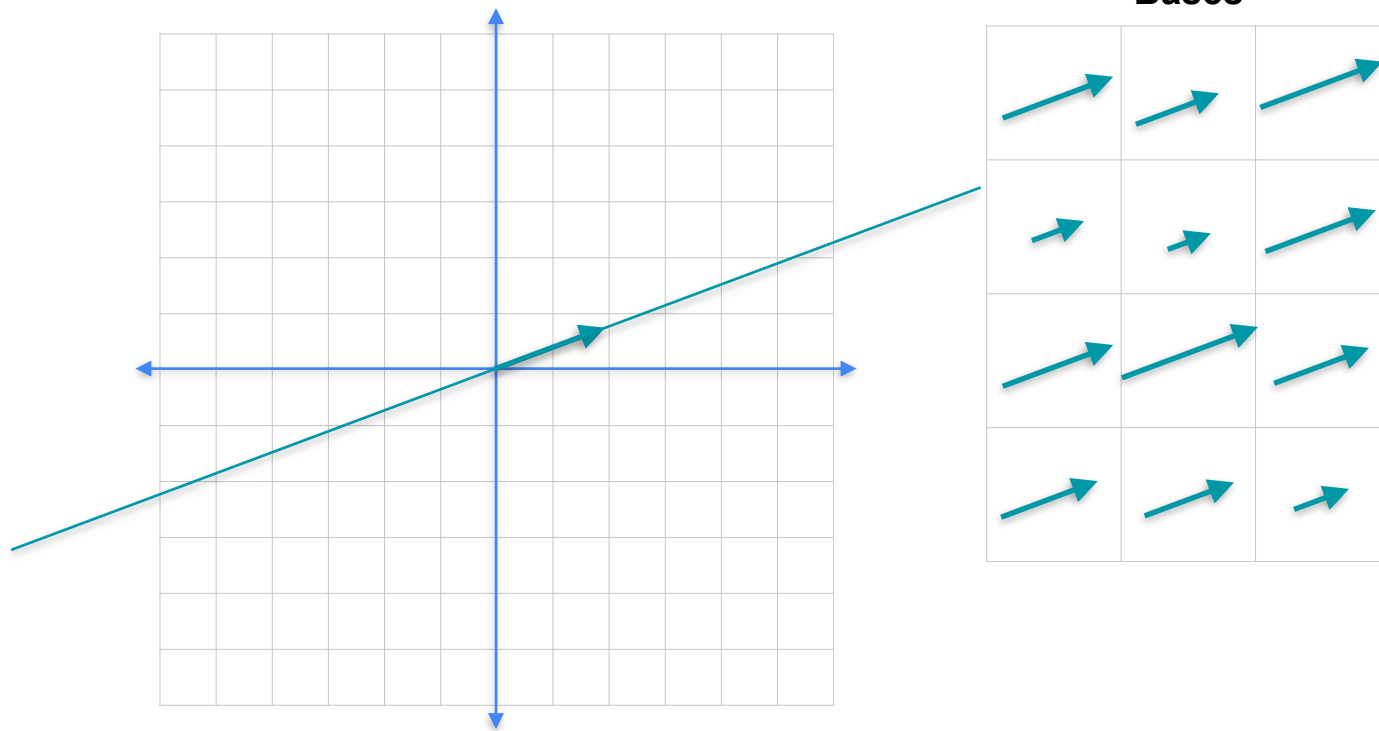


Is this a basis for something?

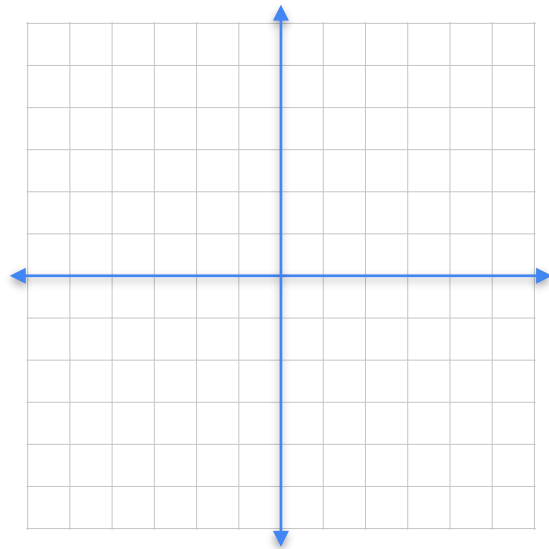
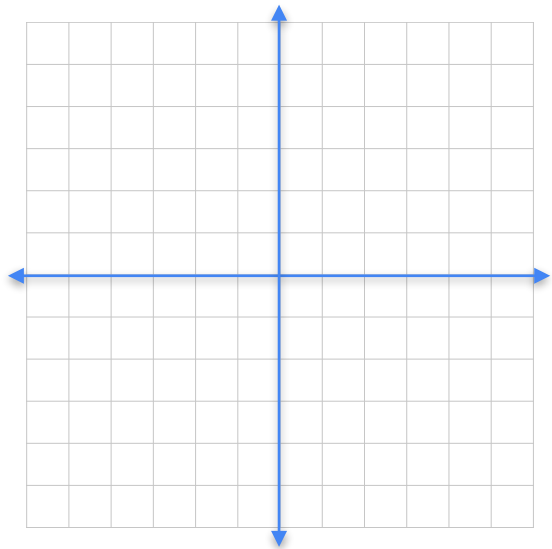
Bases



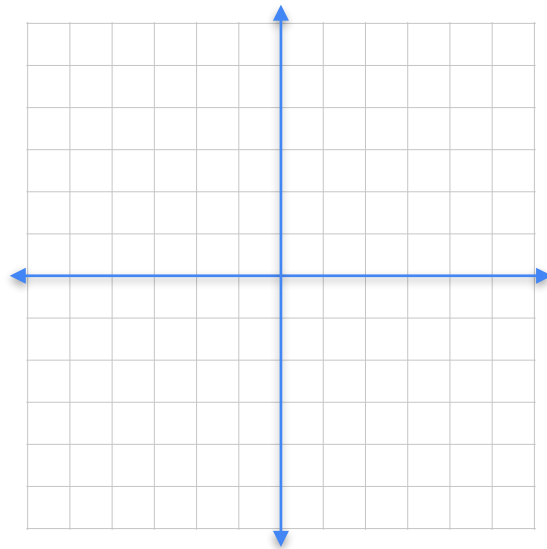
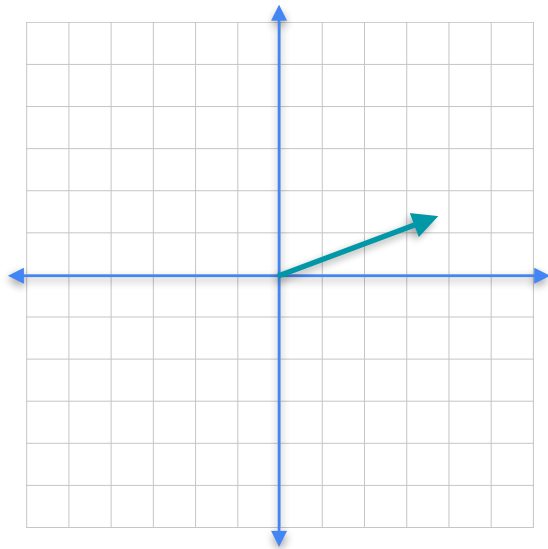
Is this a basis for something?



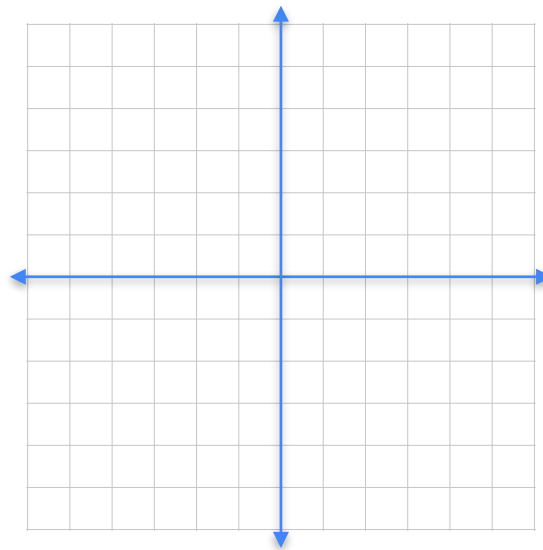
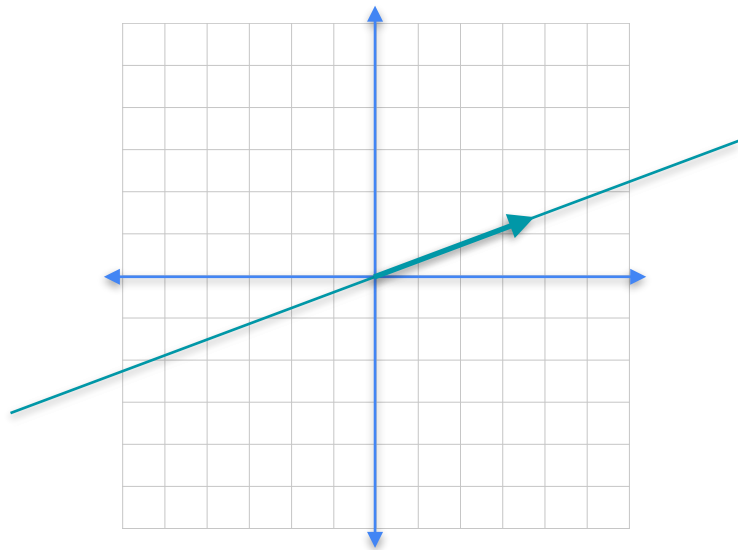
A basis is a minimal spanning set



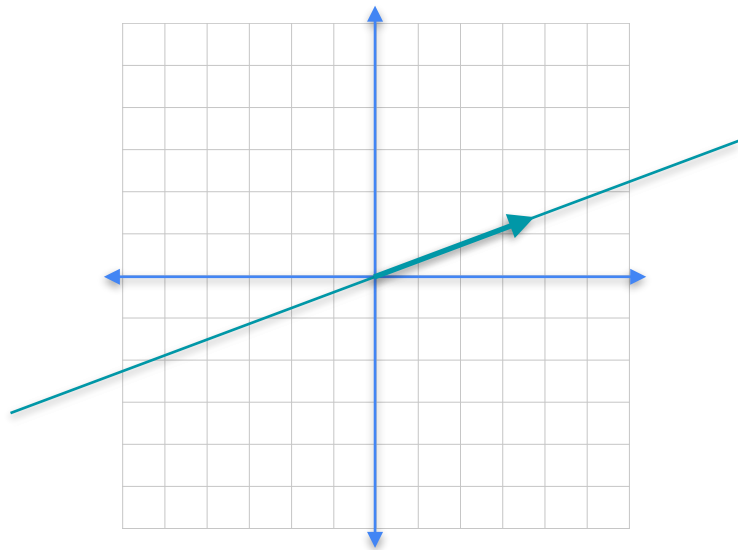
A basis is a minimal spanning set



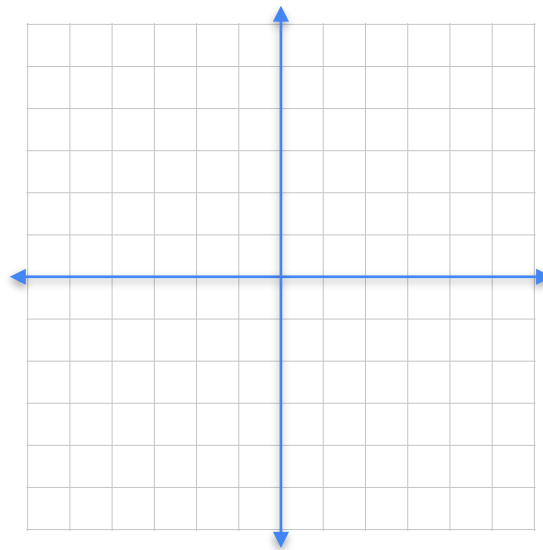
A basis is a minimal spanning set



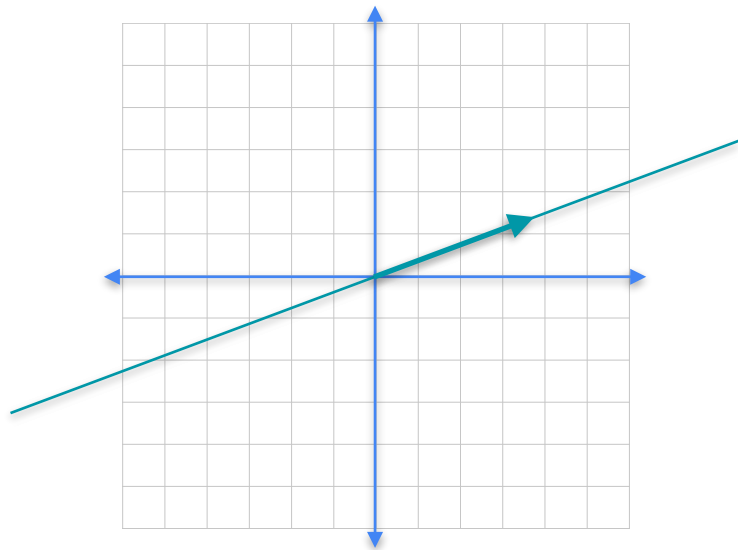
A basis is a minimal spanning set



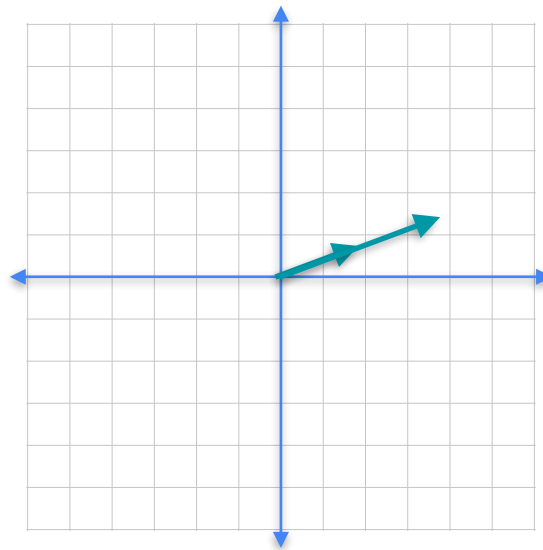
Basis



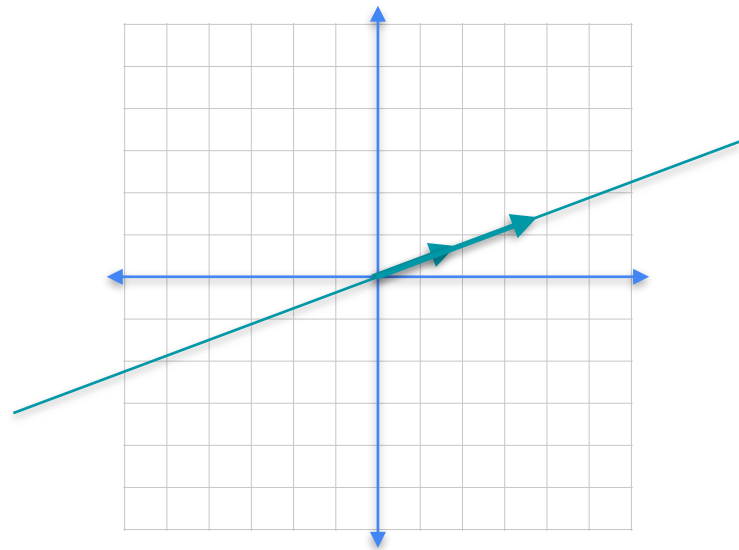
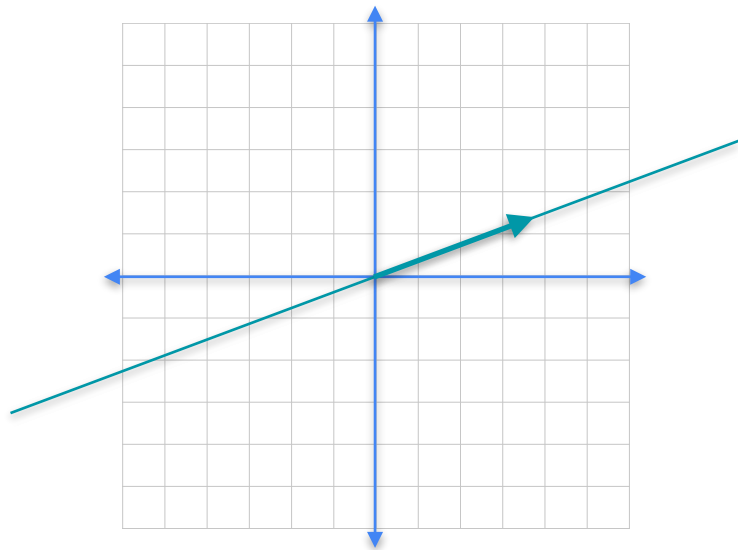
A basis is a minimal spanning set



Basis

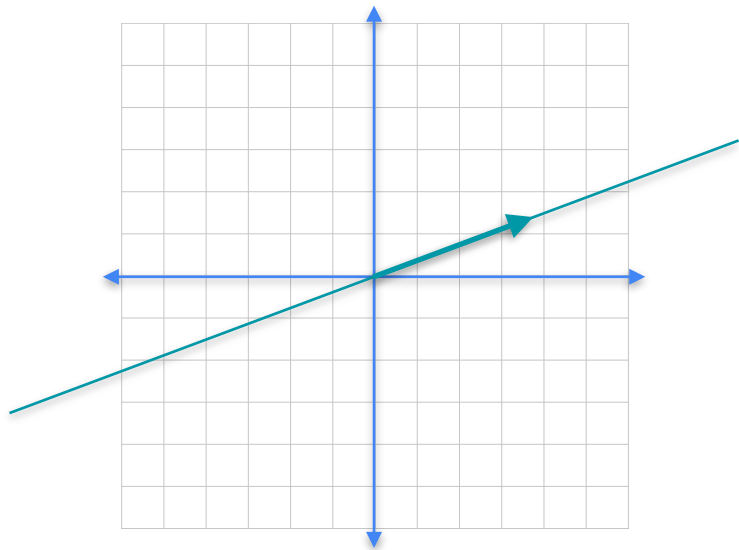


A basis is a minimal spanning set

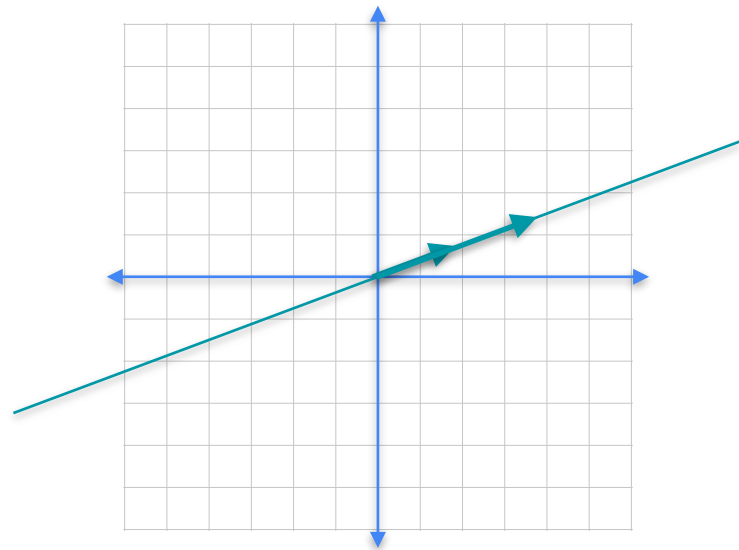


Basis

A basis is a minimal spanning set

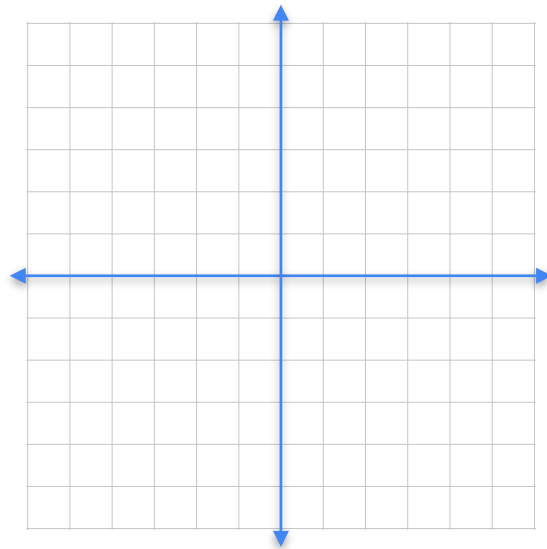
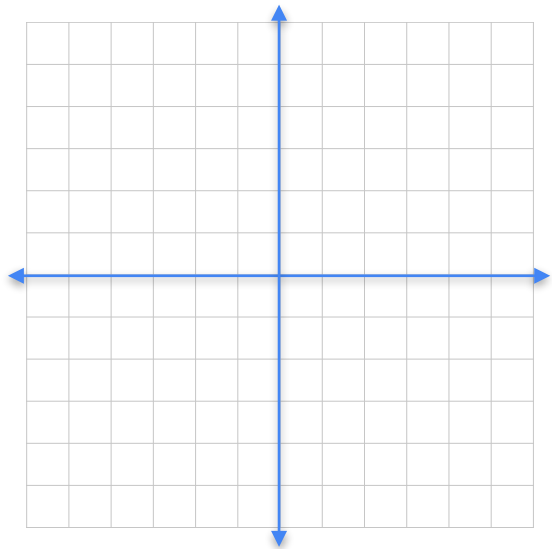


Basis

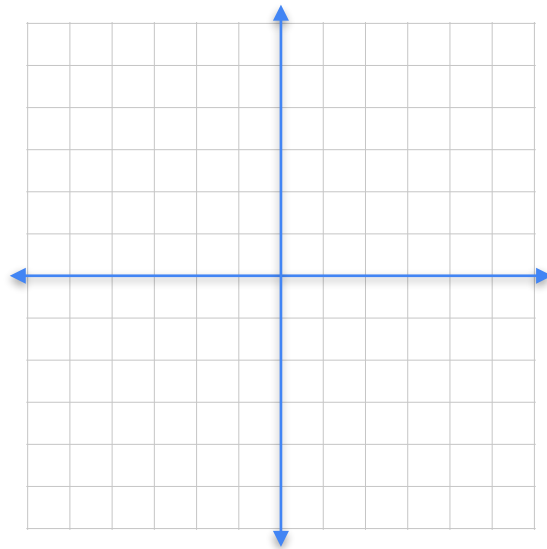
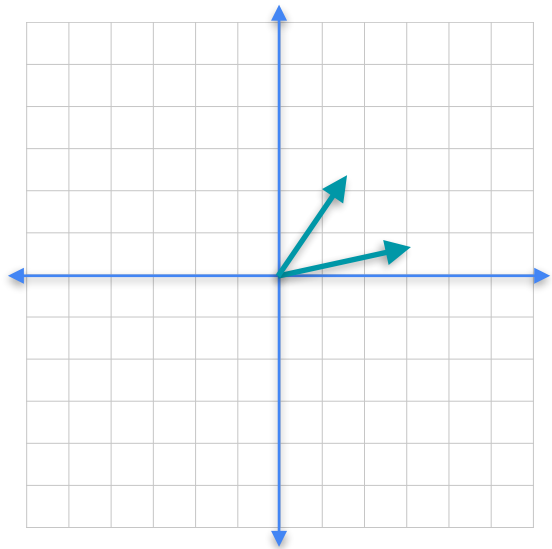


Not a basis

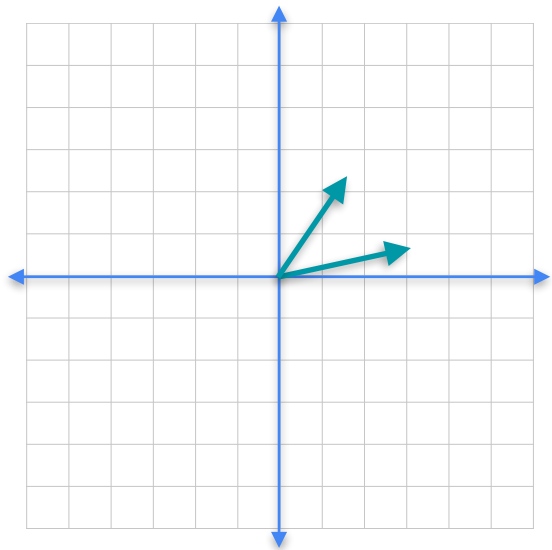
A basis is a minimal spanning set



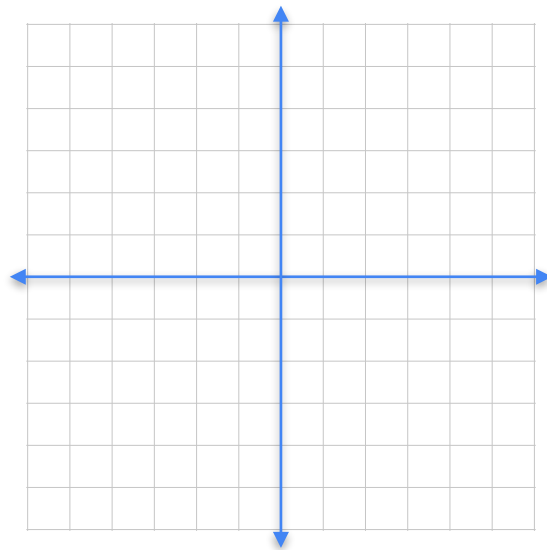
A basis is a minimal spanning set



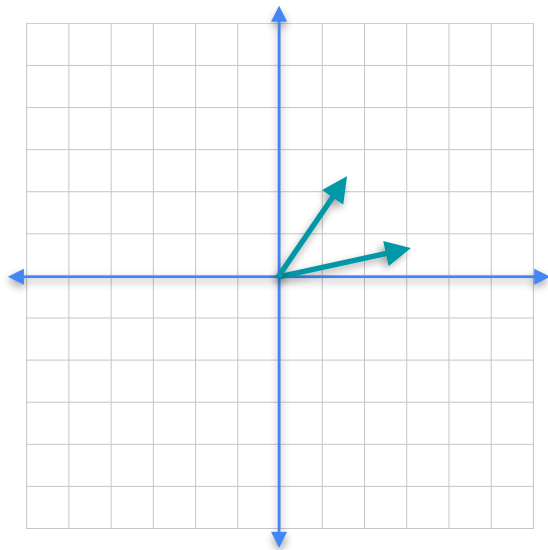
A basis is a minimal spanning set



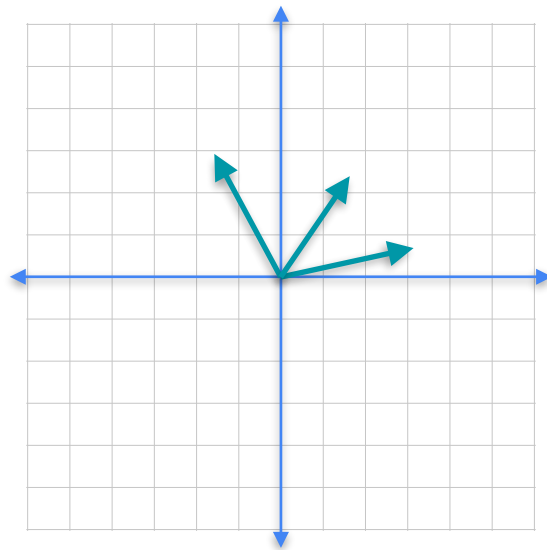
Basis



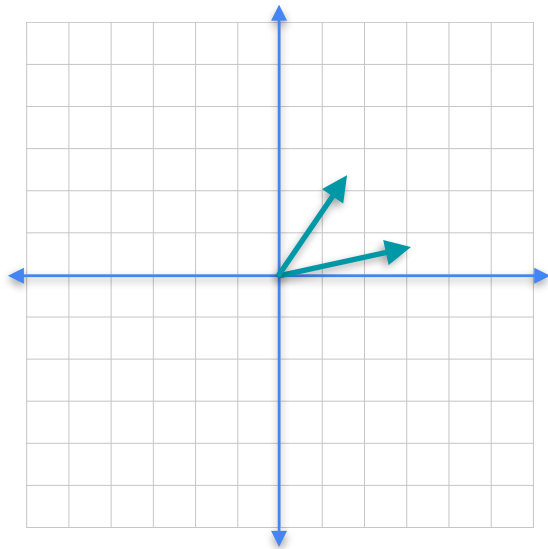
A basis is a minimal spanning set



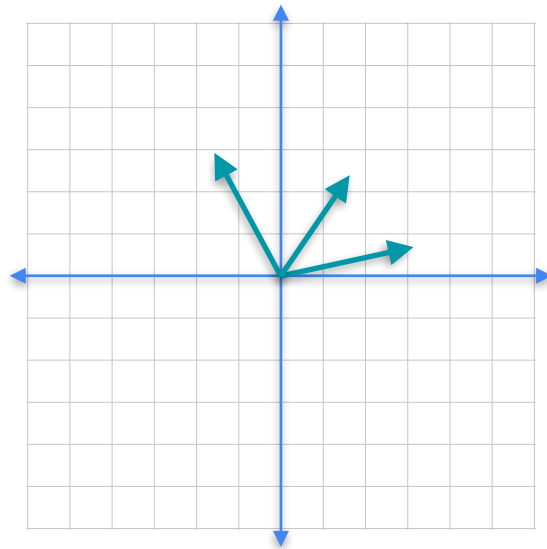
Basis



A basis is a minimal spanning set

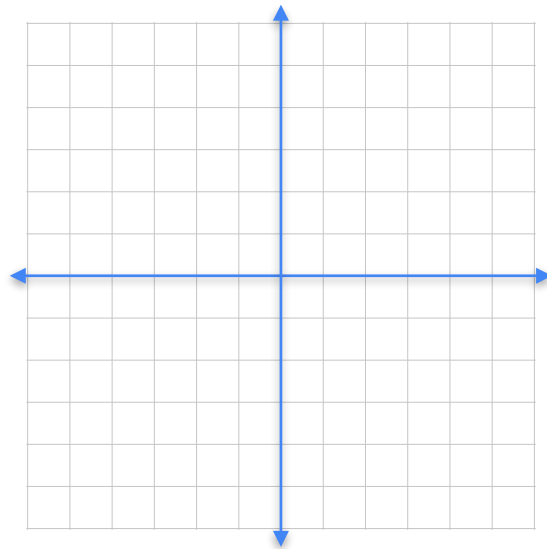
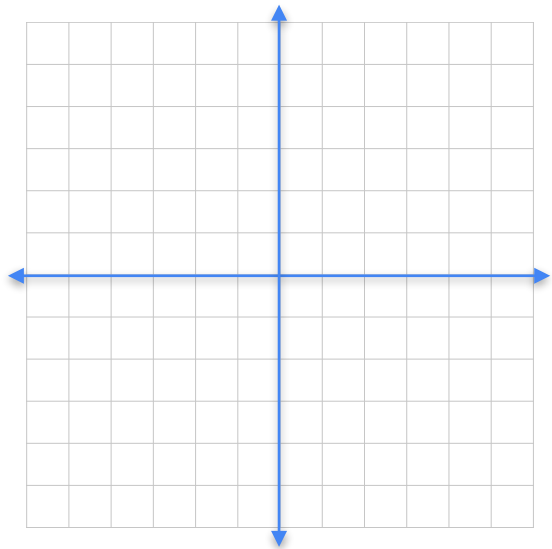


Basis

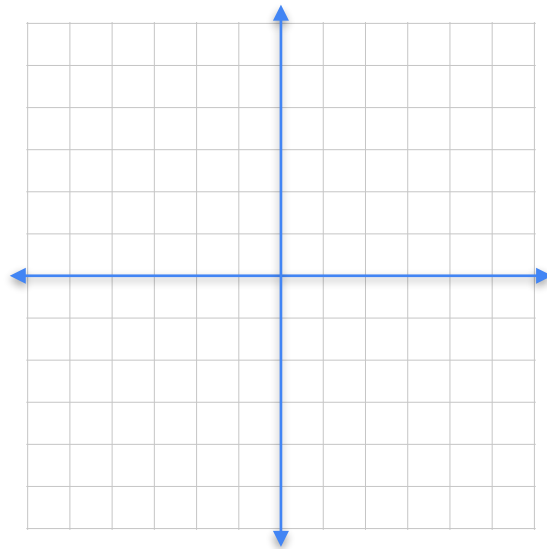
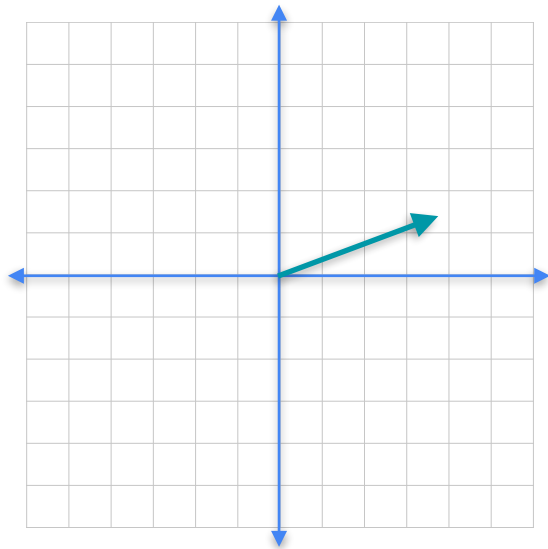


Not a basis

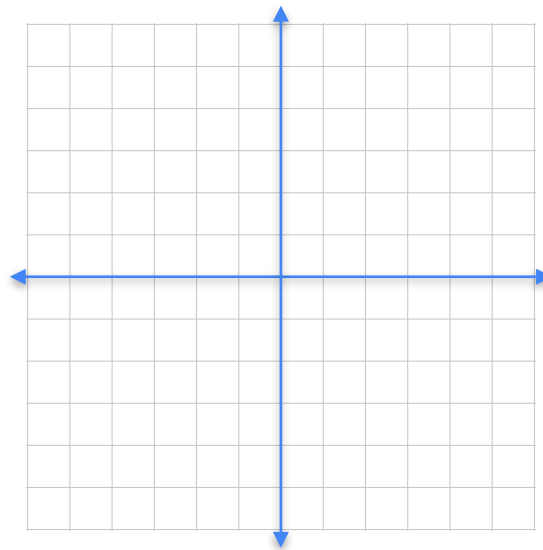
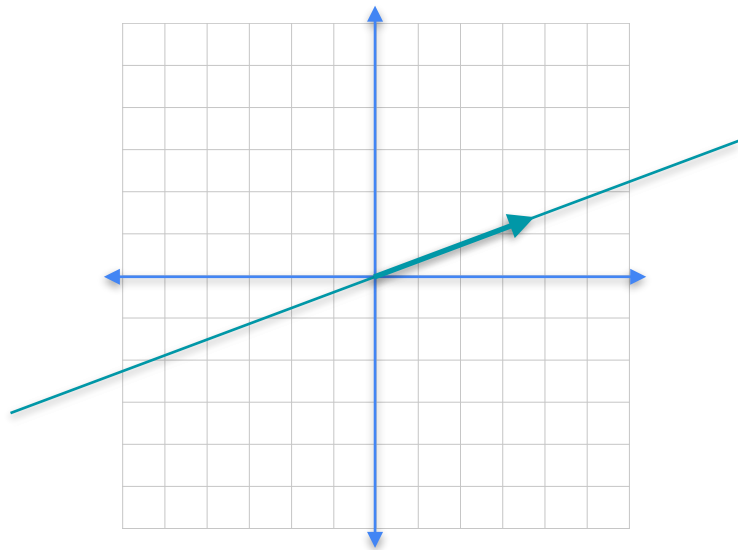
Number of elements in the basis is the dimension



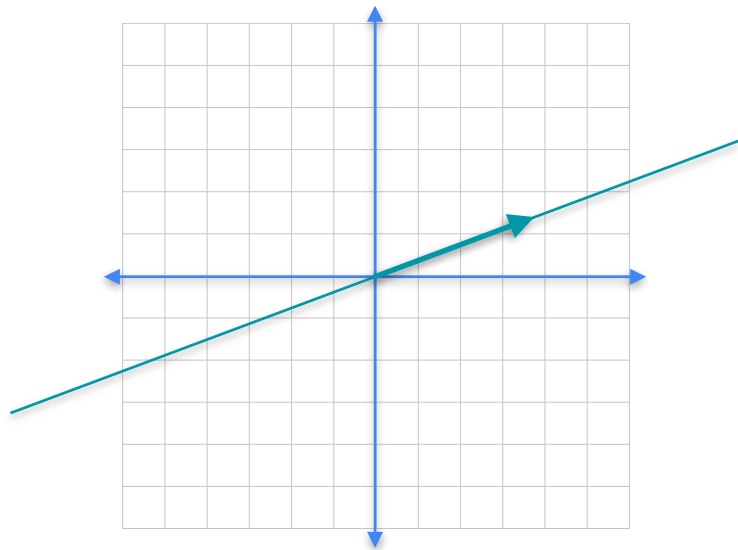
Number of elements in the basis is the dimension



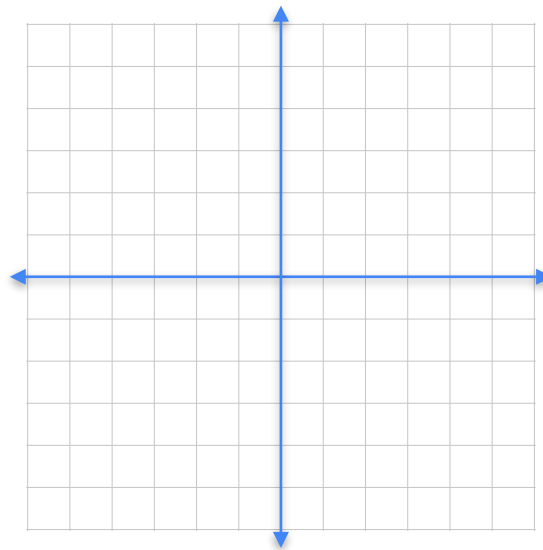
Number of elements in the basis is the dimension



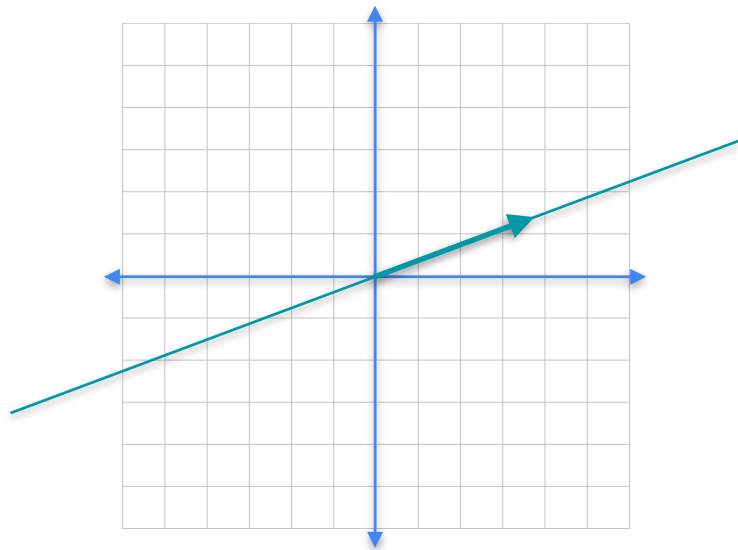
Number of elements in the basis is the dimension



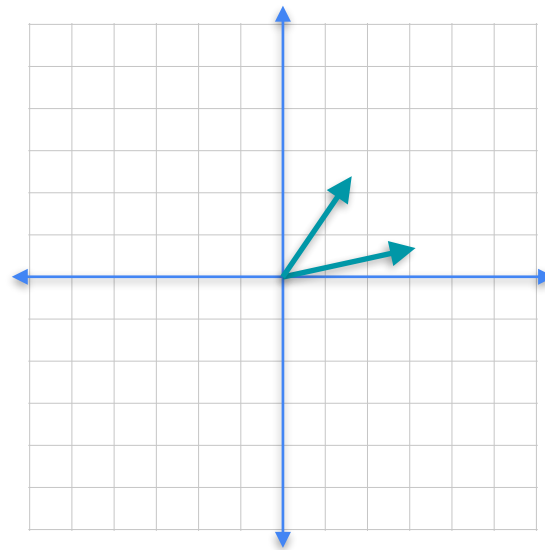
1 element
Dimension = 1



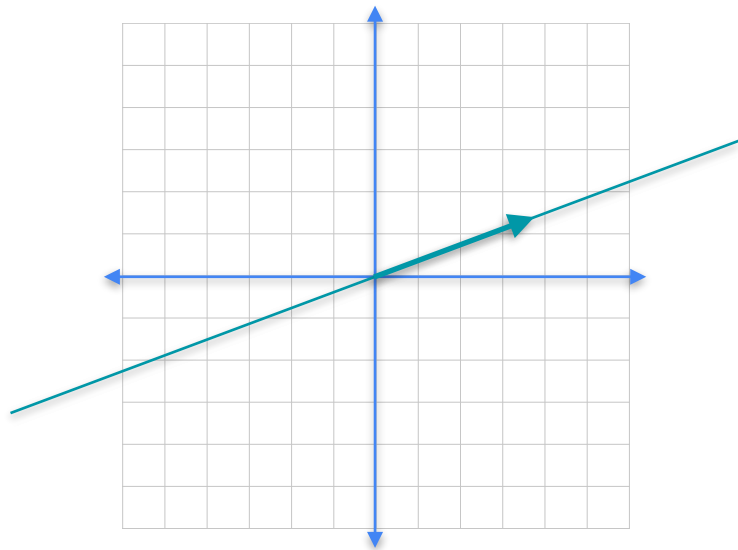
Number of elements in the basis is the dimension



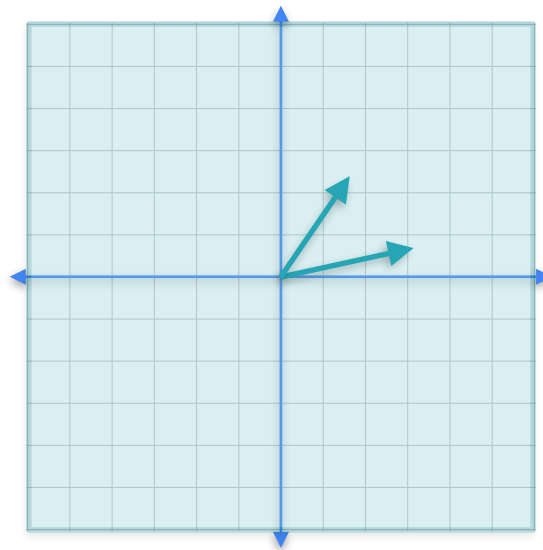
1 element
Dimension = 1



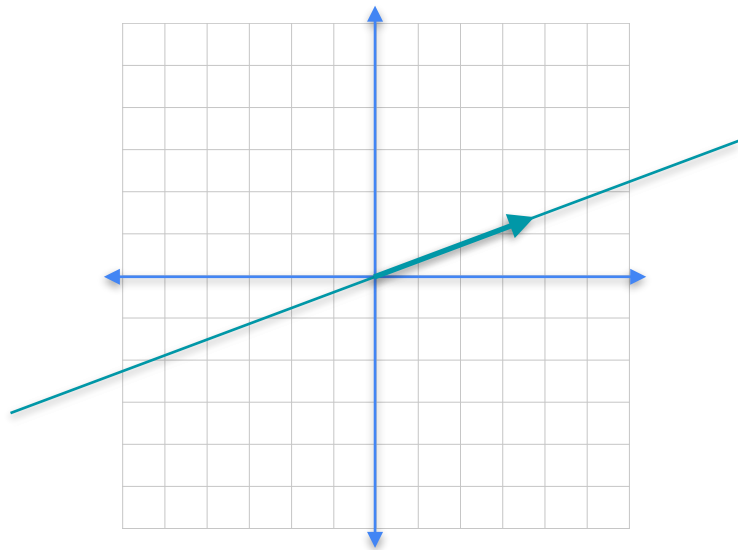
Number of elements in the basis is the dimension



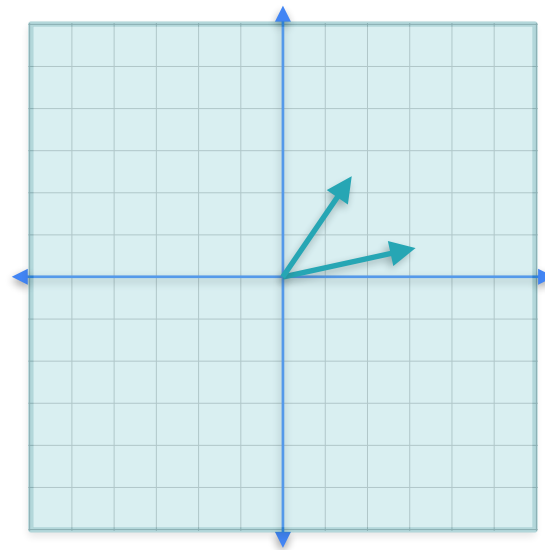
1 element
Dimension = 1



Number of elements in the basis is the dimension



1 element
Dimension = 1



2 elements in the basis
Dimension = 2

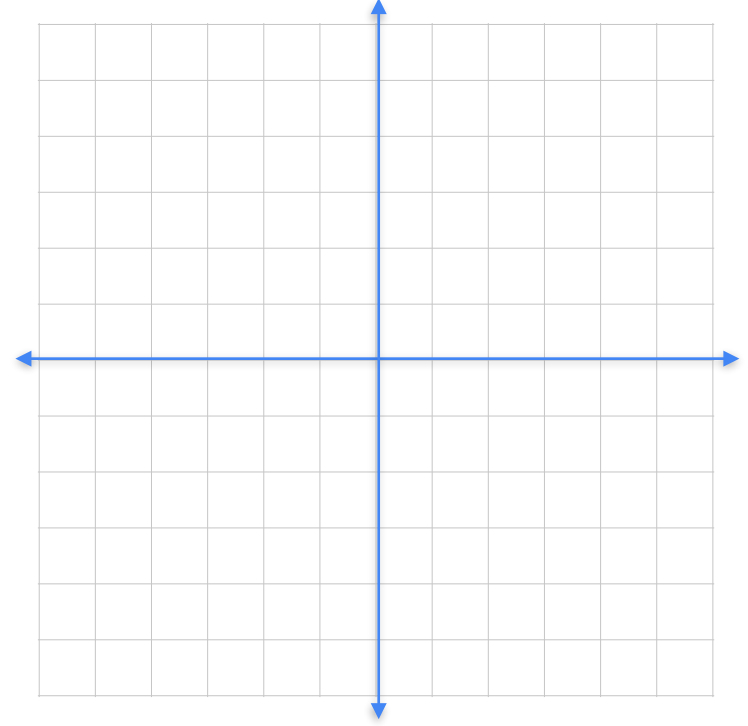
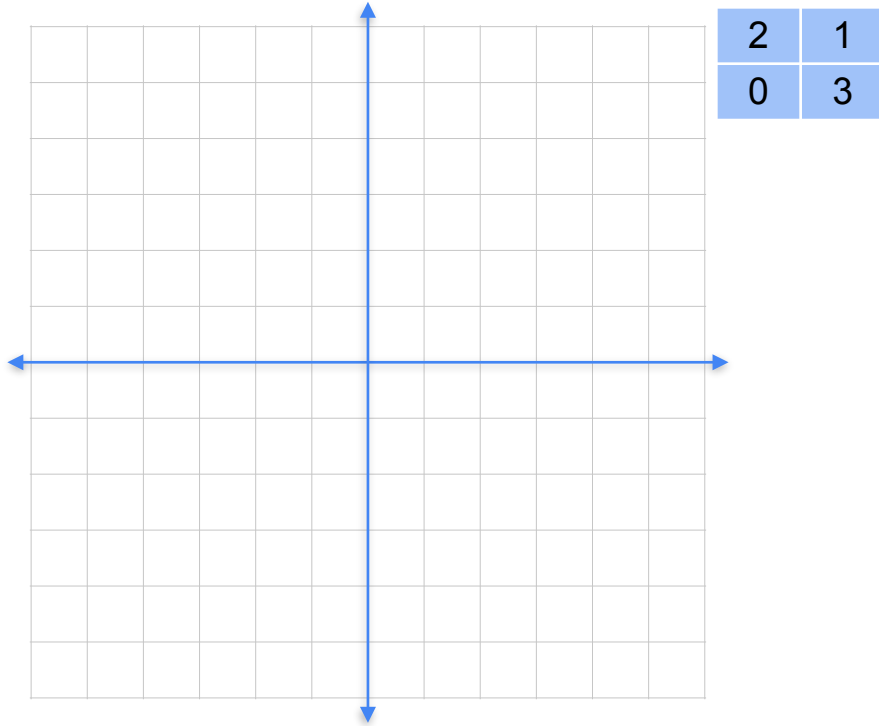


DeepLearning.AI

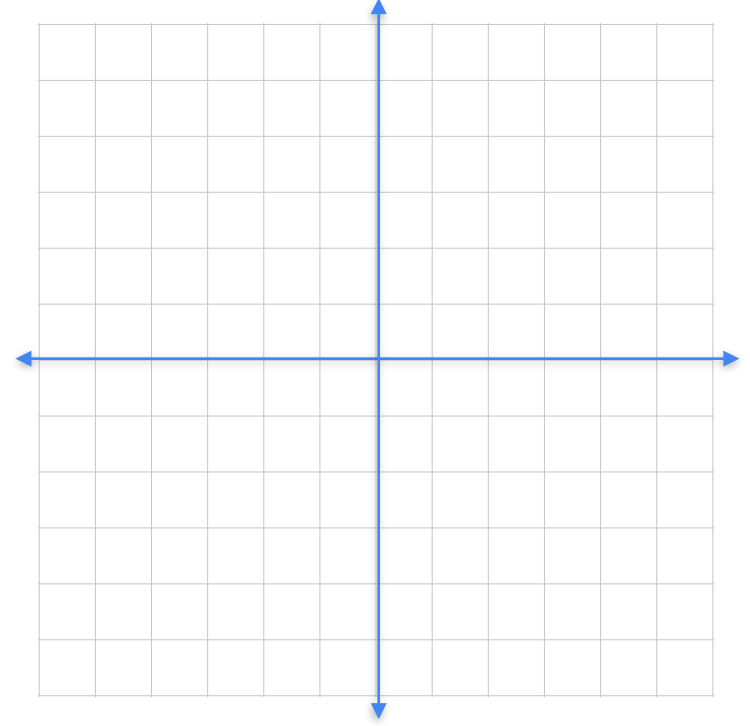
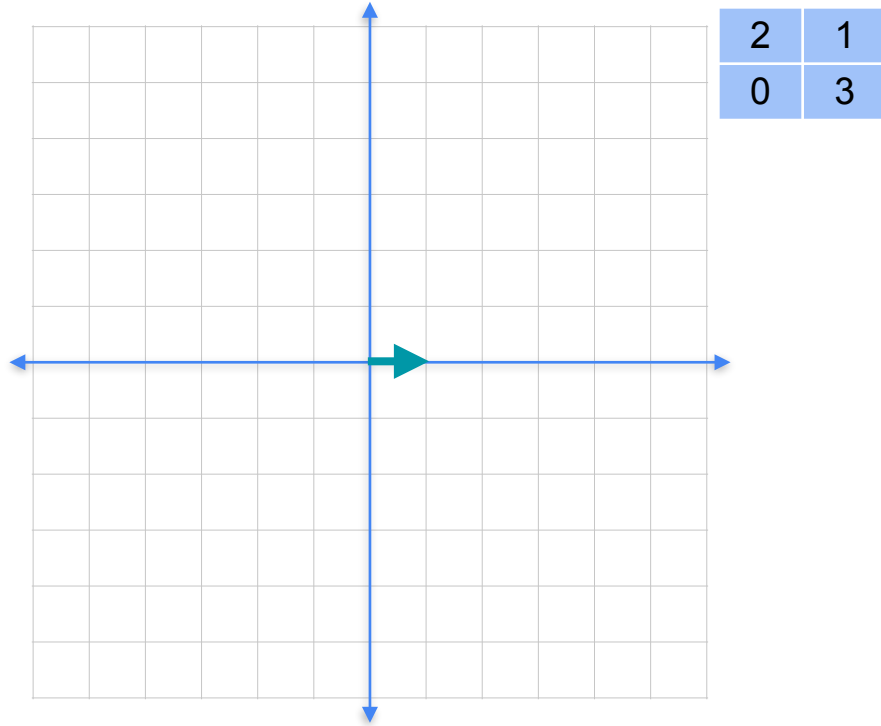
Determinants and Eigenvectors

Eigenbasis

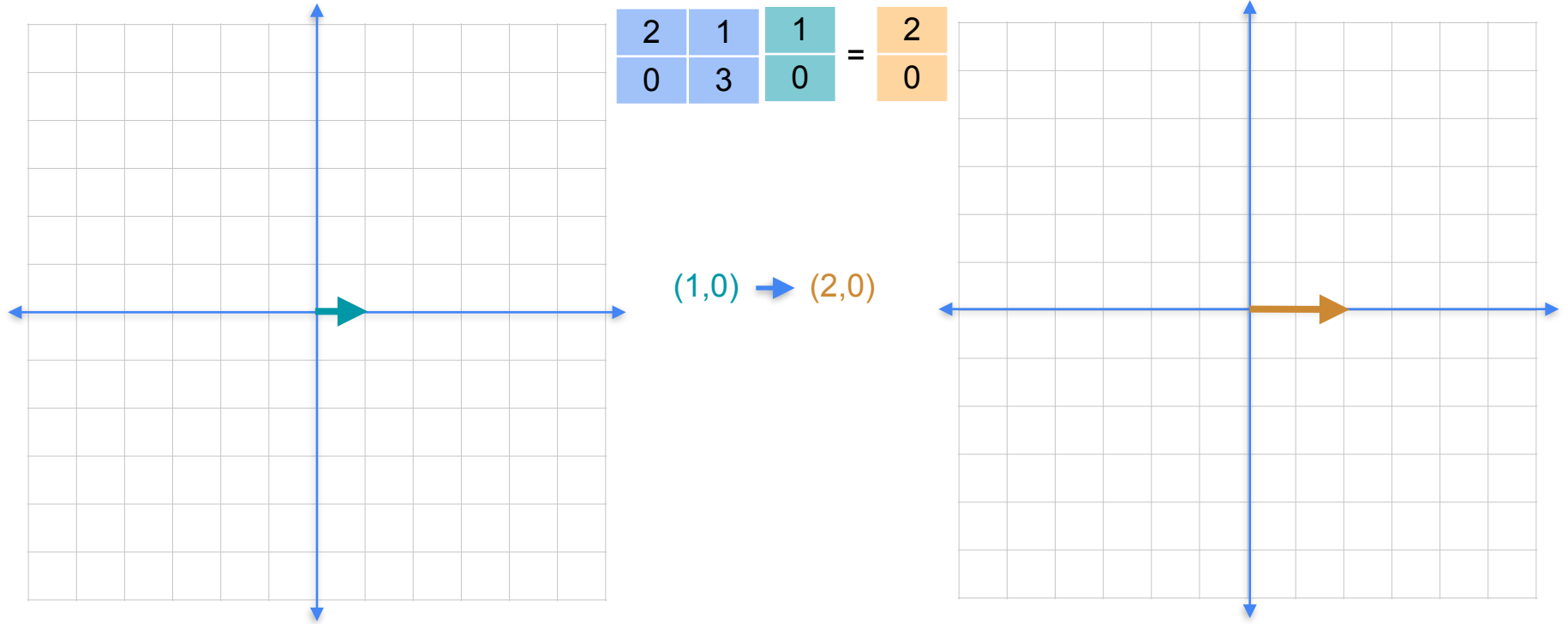
Basis



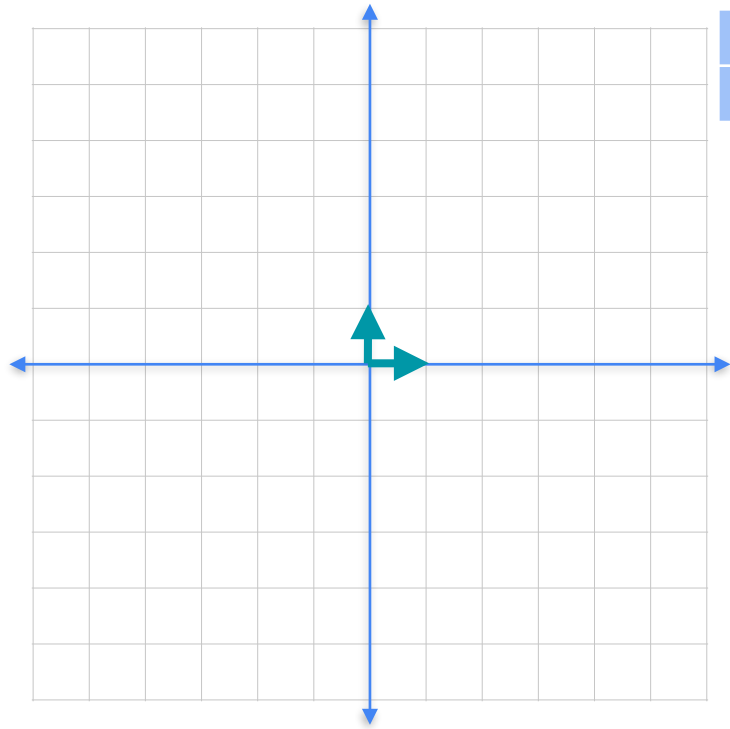
Basis



Basis

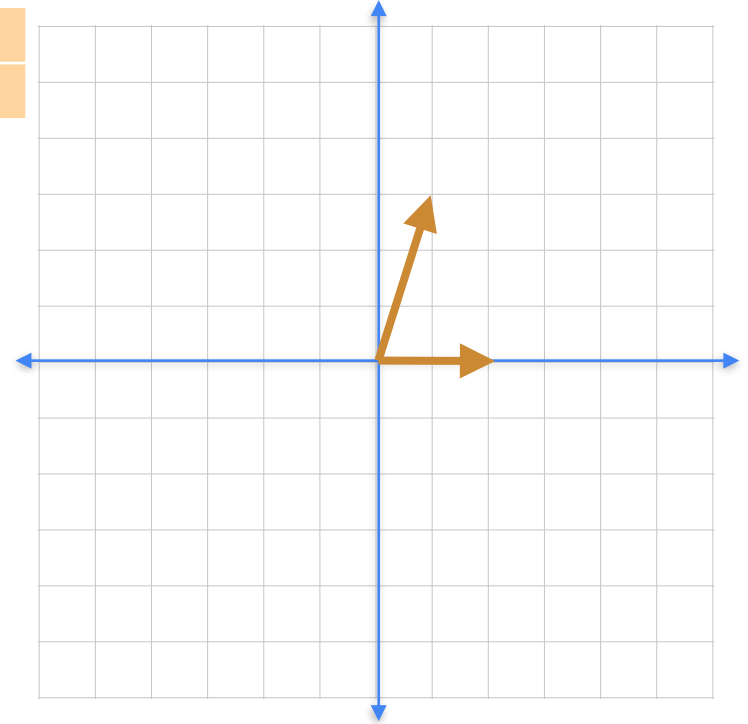


Basis

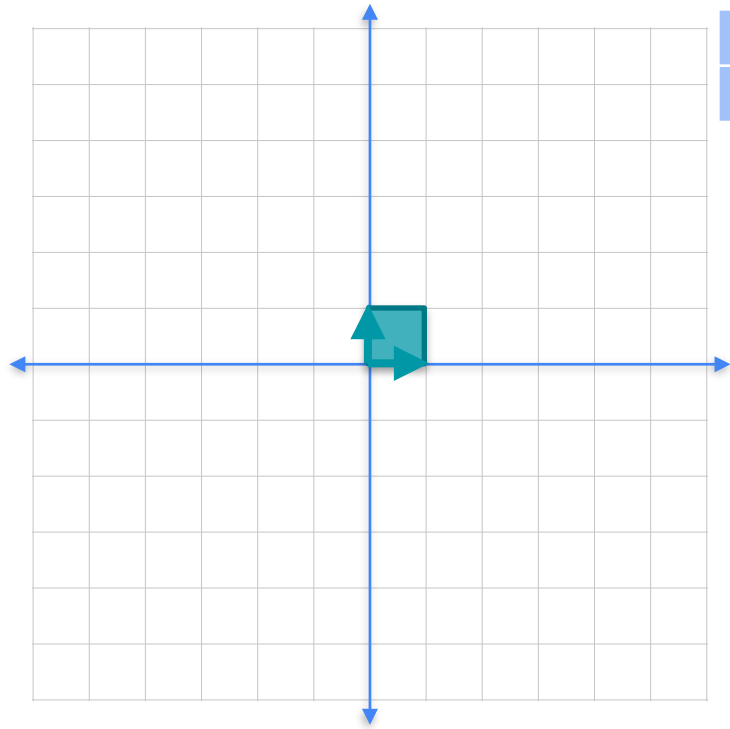


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1,0) &\rightarrow (2,0) \\ (0,1) &\rightarrow (1,3) \end{aligned}$$

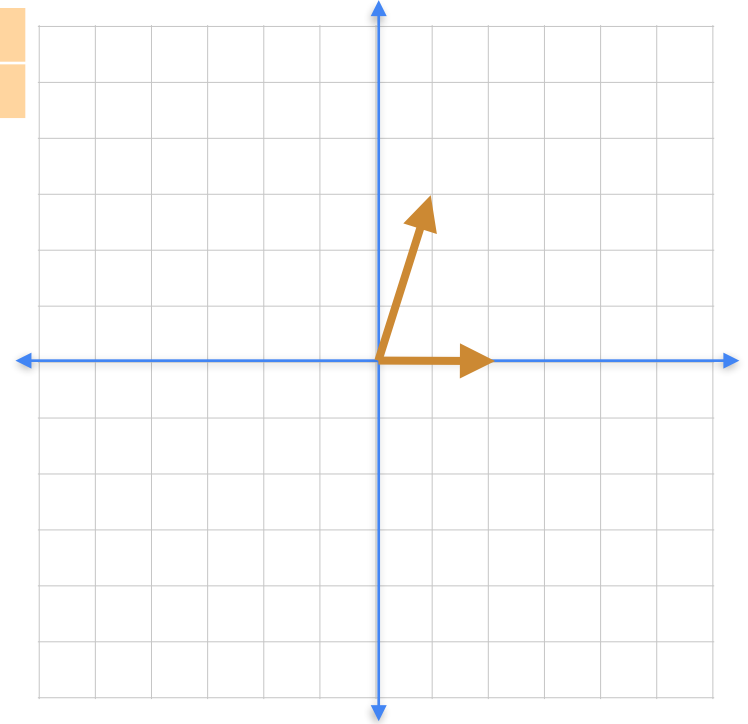


Basis

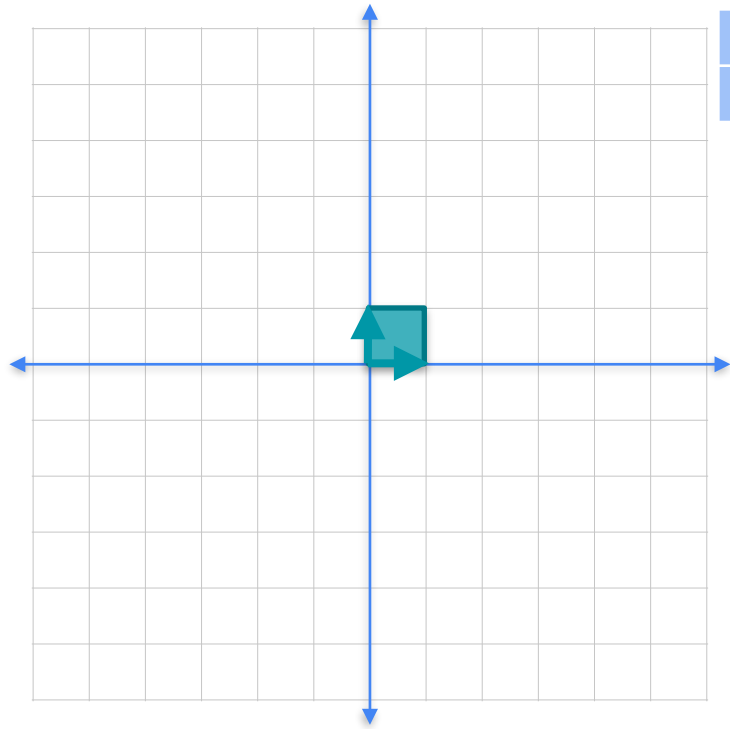


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

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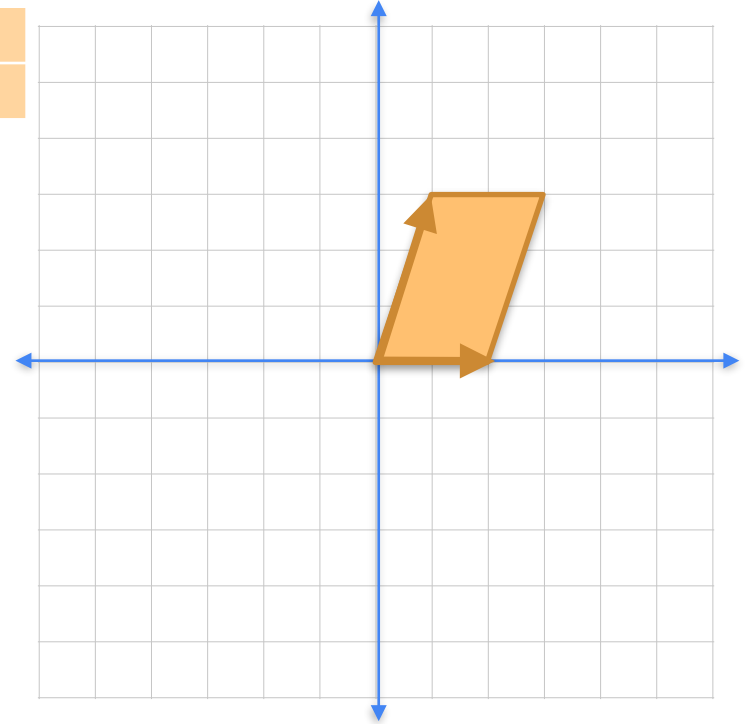


Basis

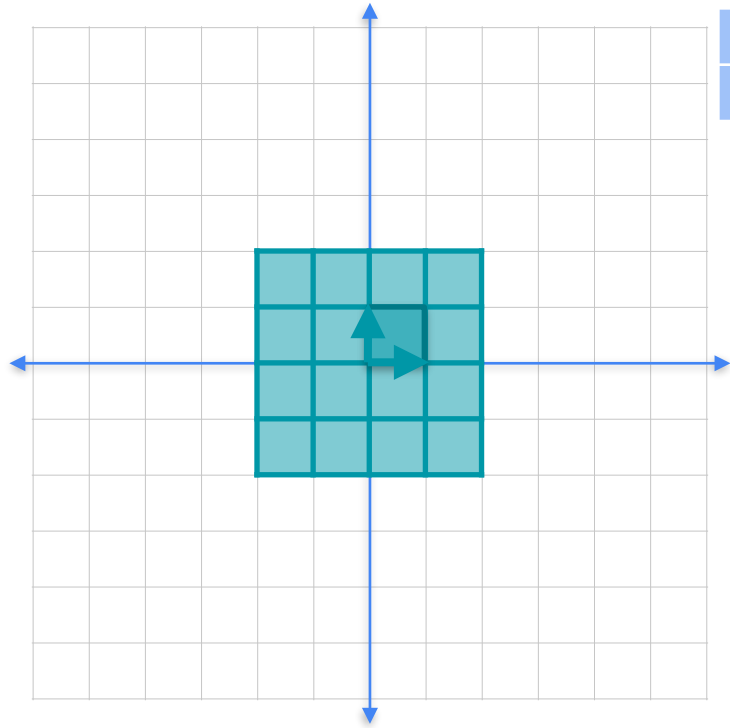


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1,0) &\rightarrow (2,0) \\ (0,1) &\rightarrow (1,3) \end{aligned}$$

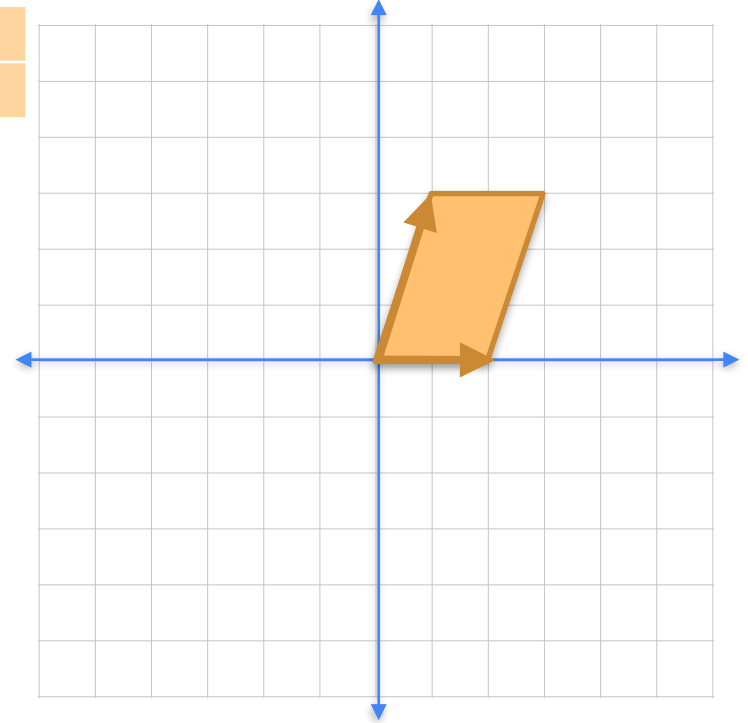


Basis

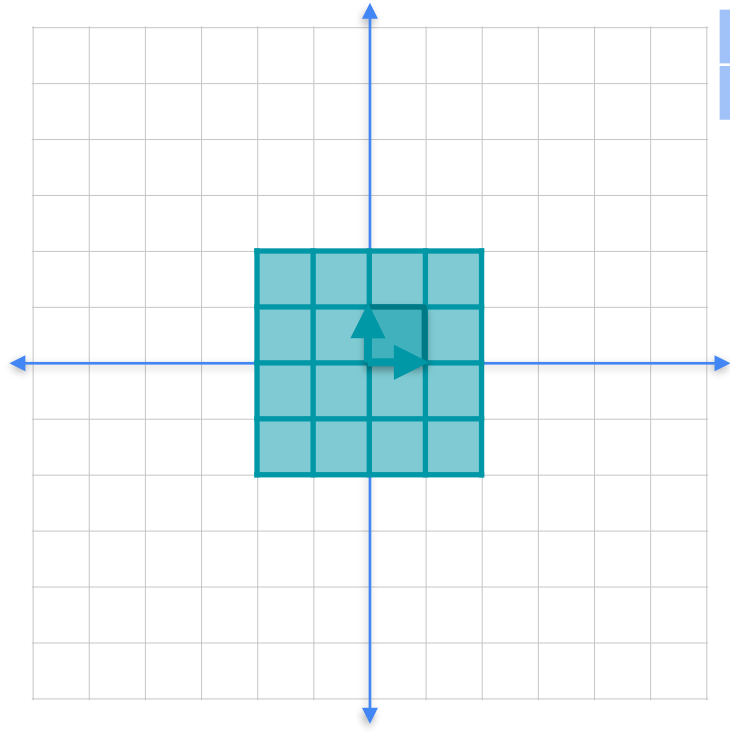


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1,0) &\rightarrow (2,0) \\ (0,1) &\rightarrow (1,3) \end{aligned}$$

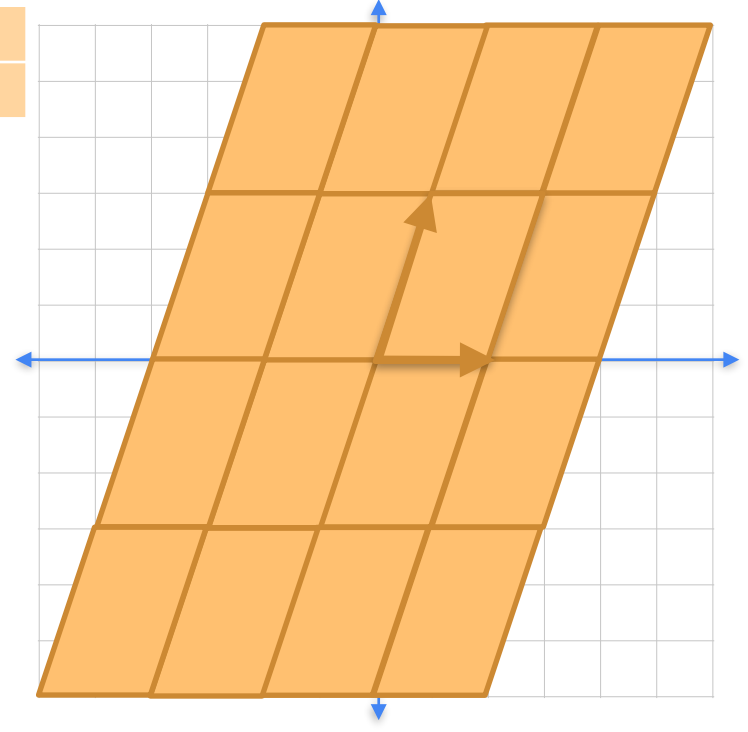


Basis

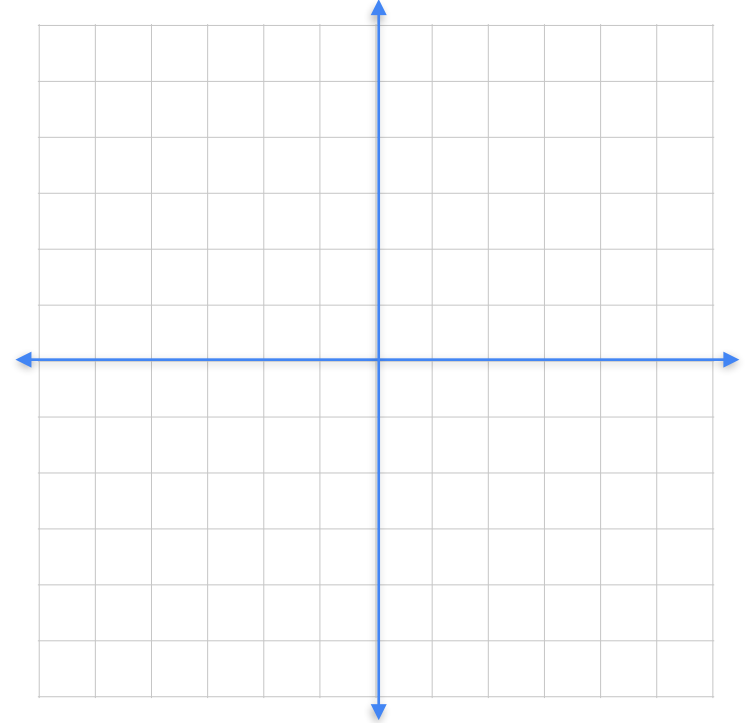
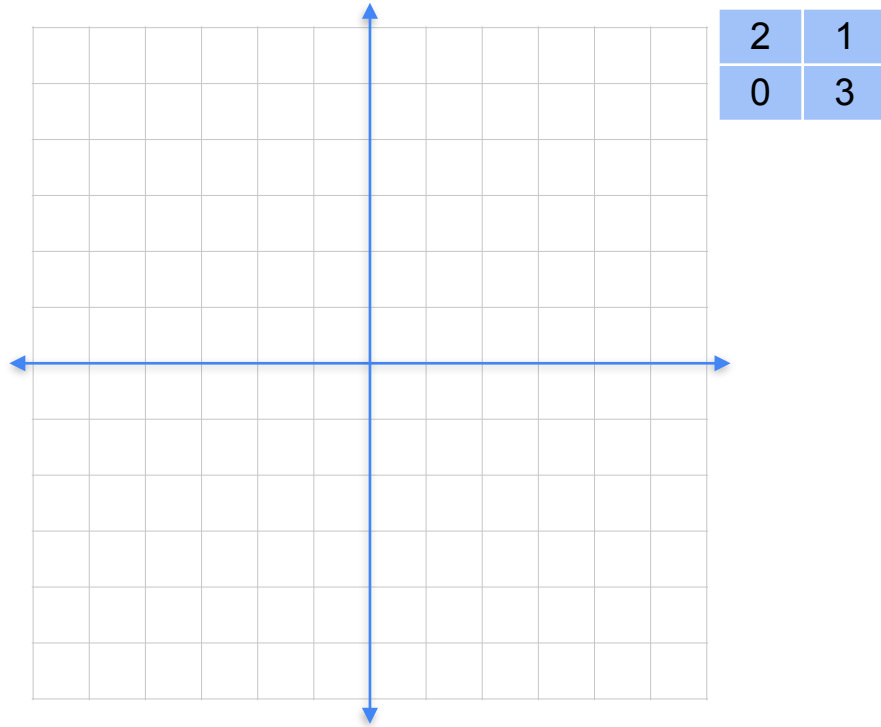


2	1	0	=	1
0	3	1		3

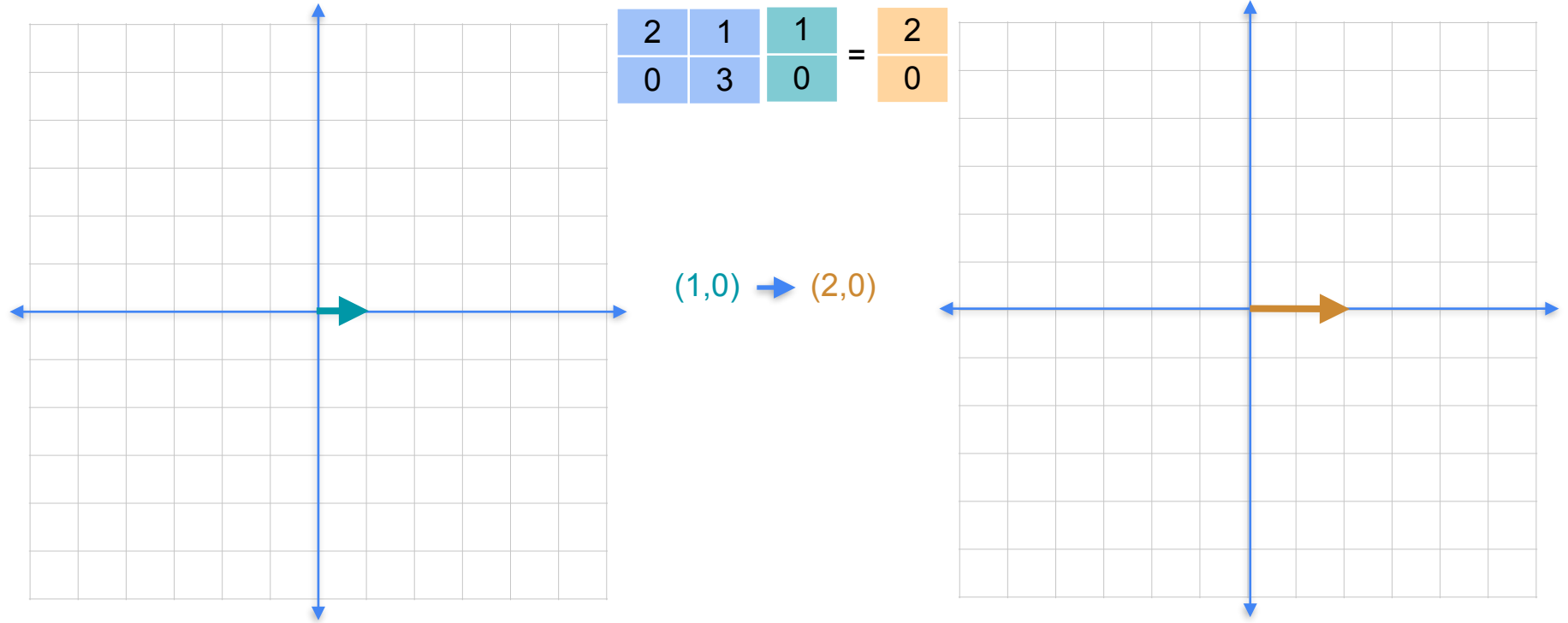
$$\begin{aligned}(1,0) &\rightarrow (2,0) \\ (0,1) &\rightarrow (1,3)\end{aligned}$$



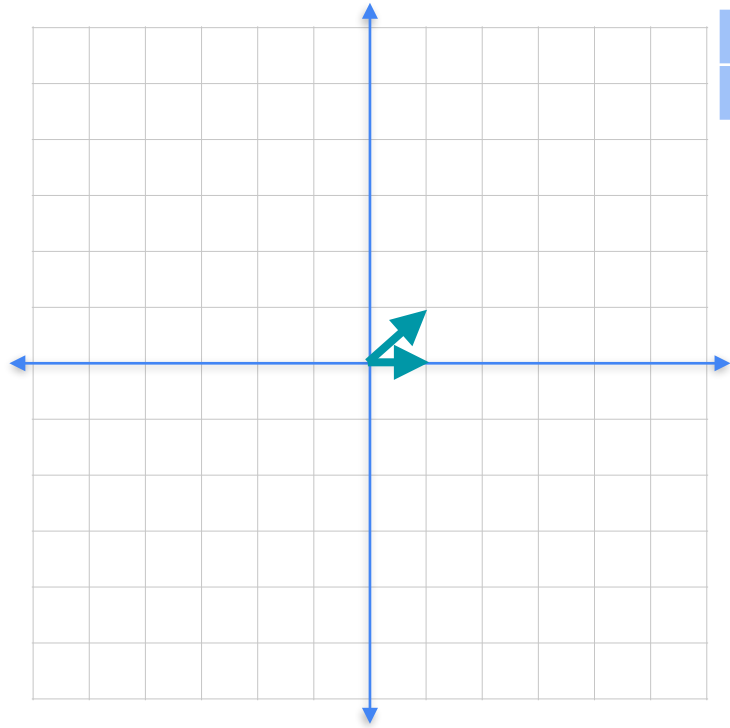
Eigenbasis



Eigenbasis

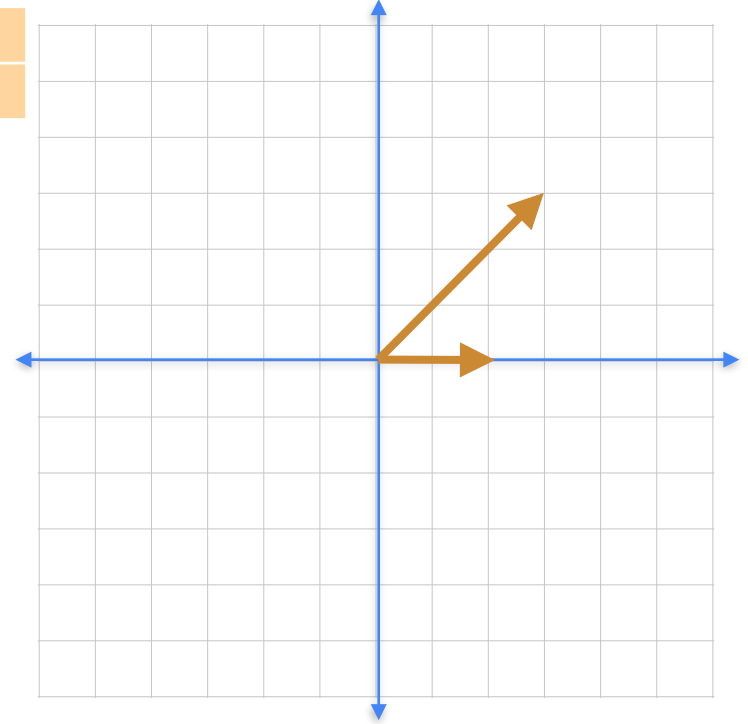


Eigenbasis

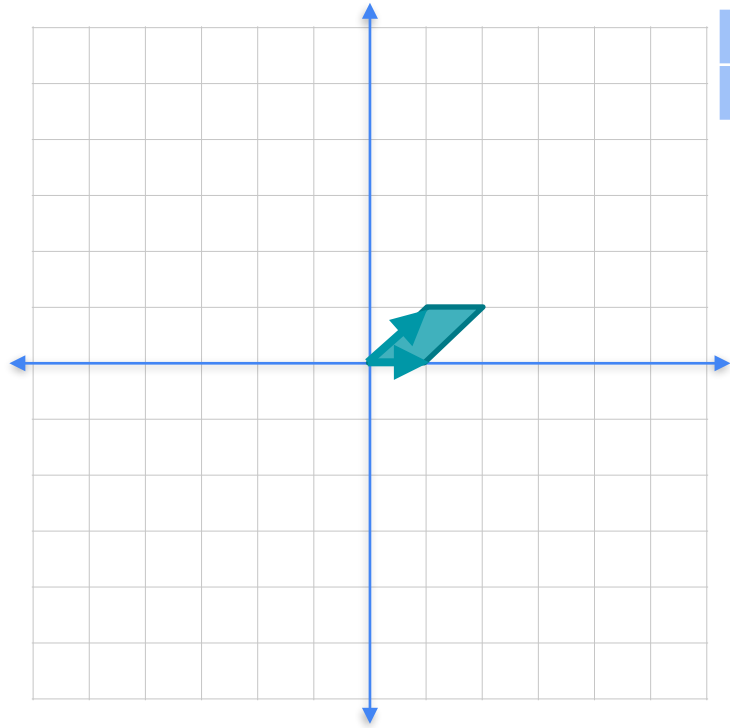


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1,0) &\rightarrow (2,0) \\ (1,1) &\rightarrow (3,3) \end{aligned}$$

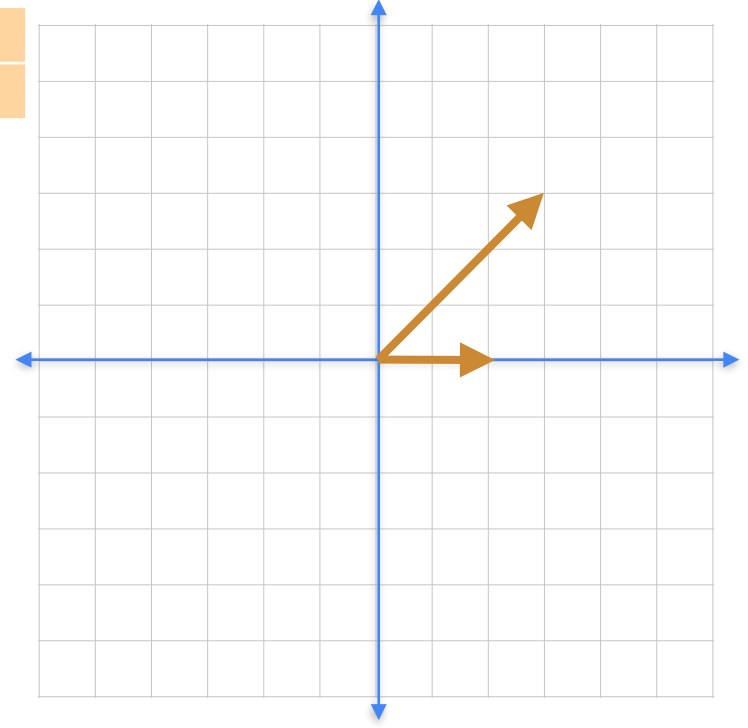


Eigenbasis

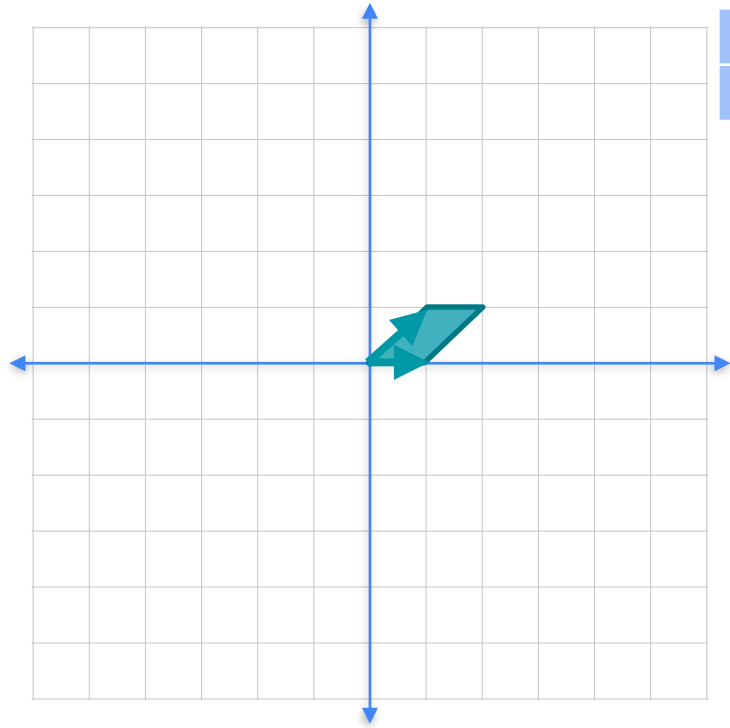


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1,0) &\rightarrow (2,0) \\ (1,1) &\rightarrow (3,3) \end{aligned}$$

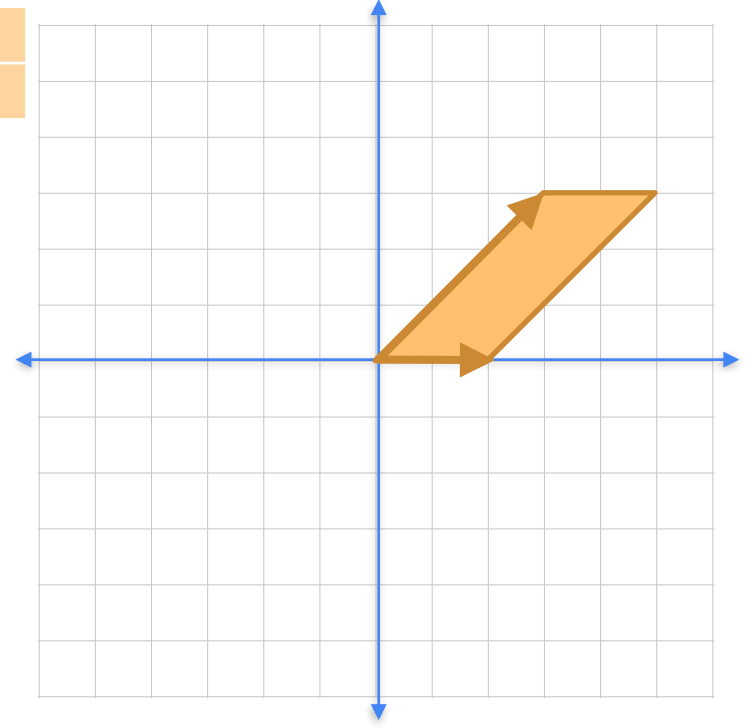


Eigenbasis

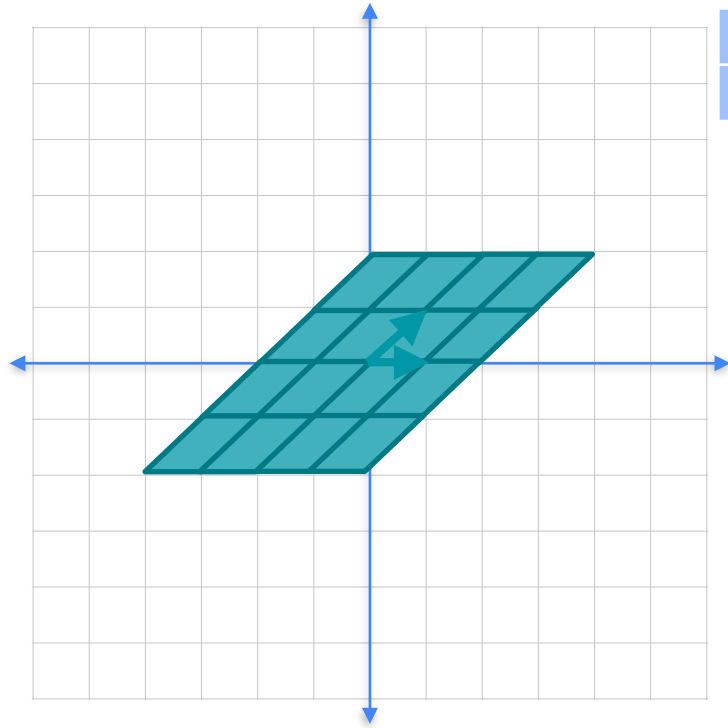


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1,0) &\rightarrow (2,0) \\ (1,1) &\rightarrow (3,3) \end{aligned}$$

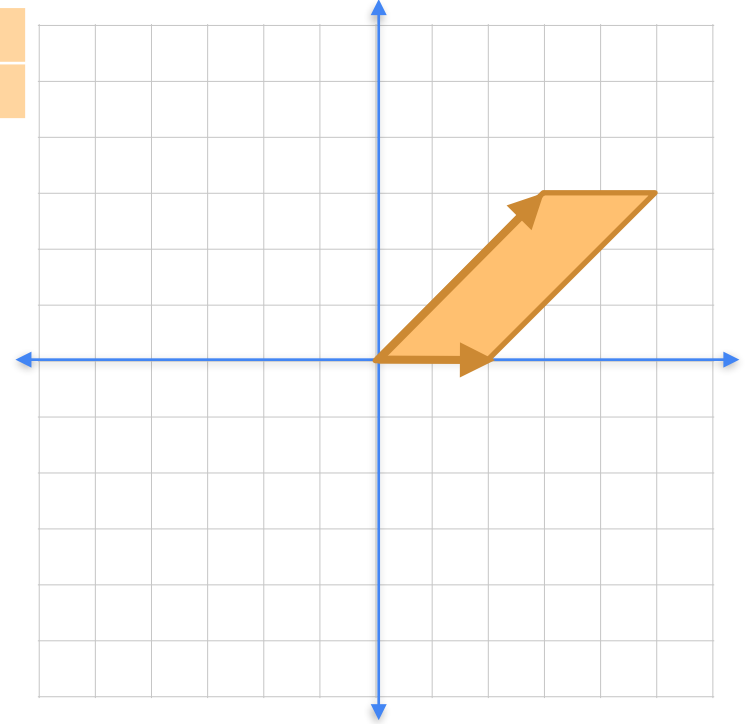


Eigenbasis

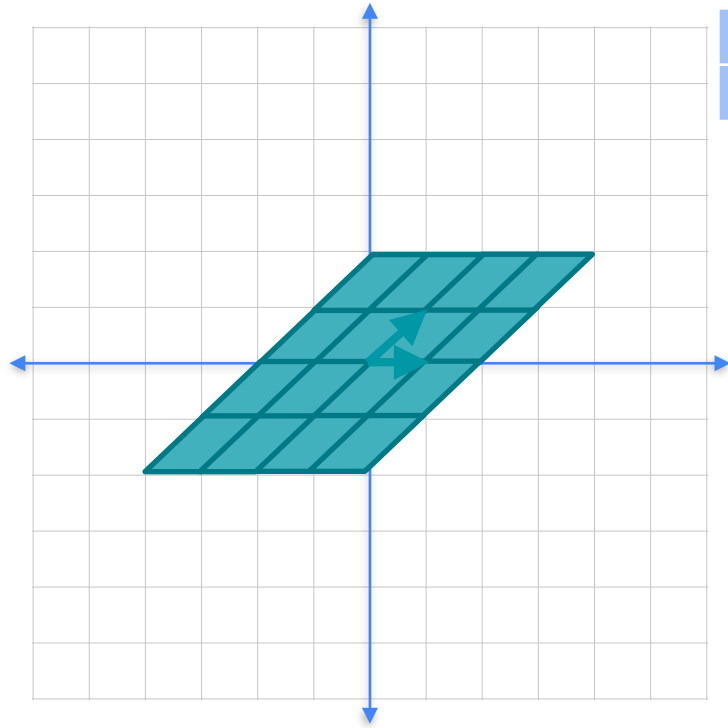


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (1,0) &\rightarrow (2,0) \\ (1,1) &\rightarrow (3,3) \end{aligned}$$

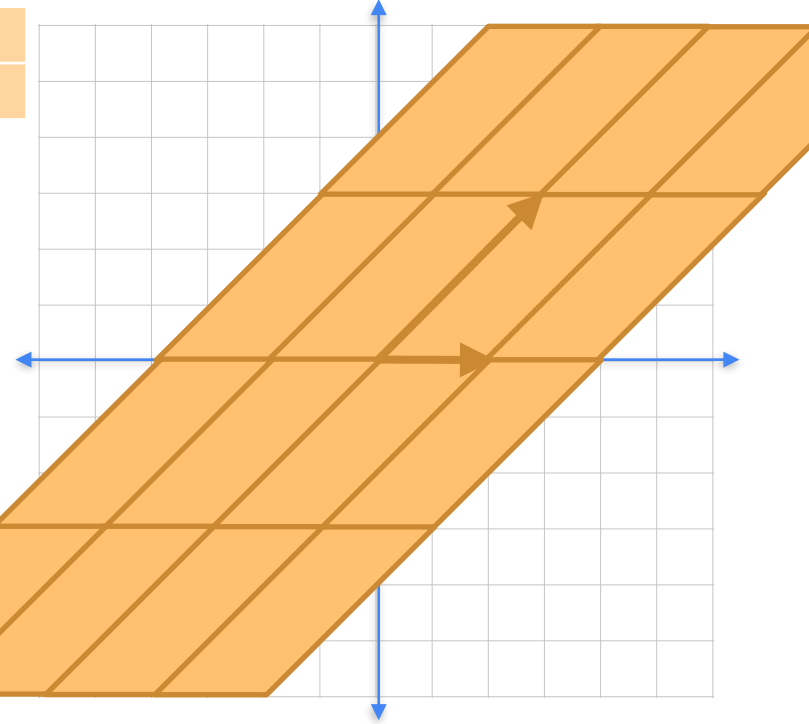


Eigenbasis

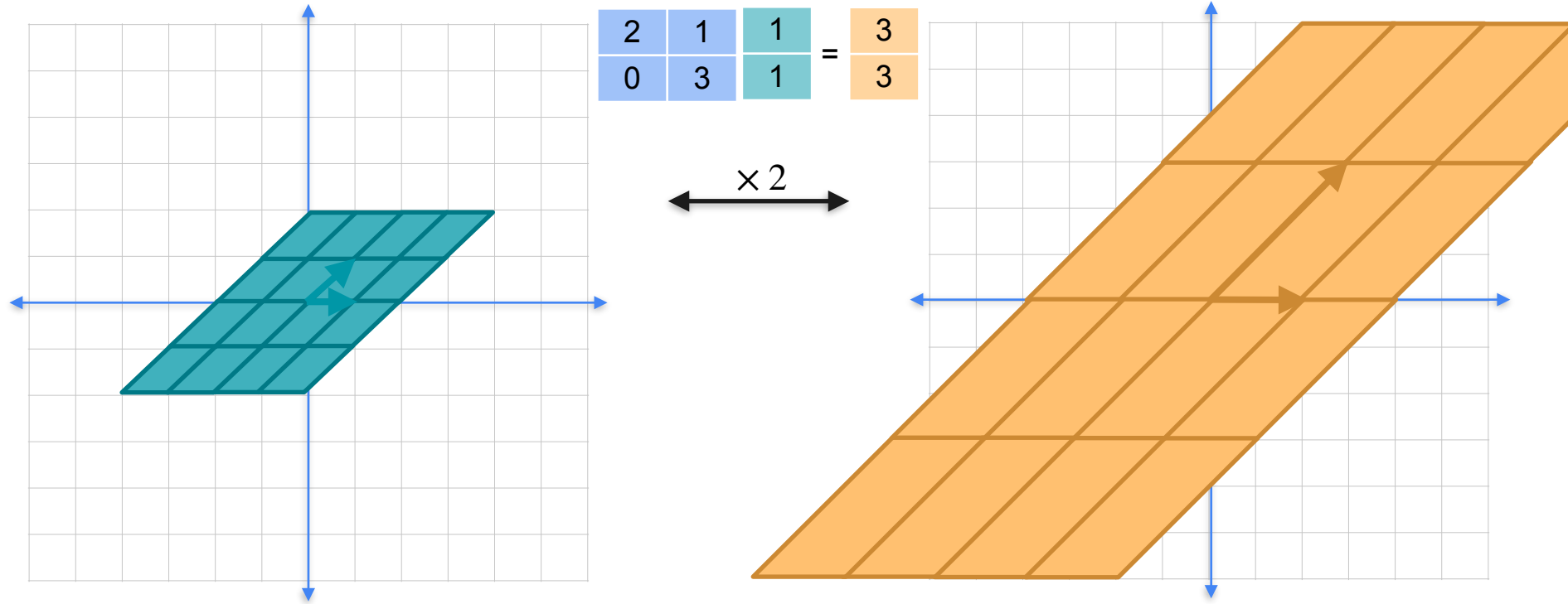


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

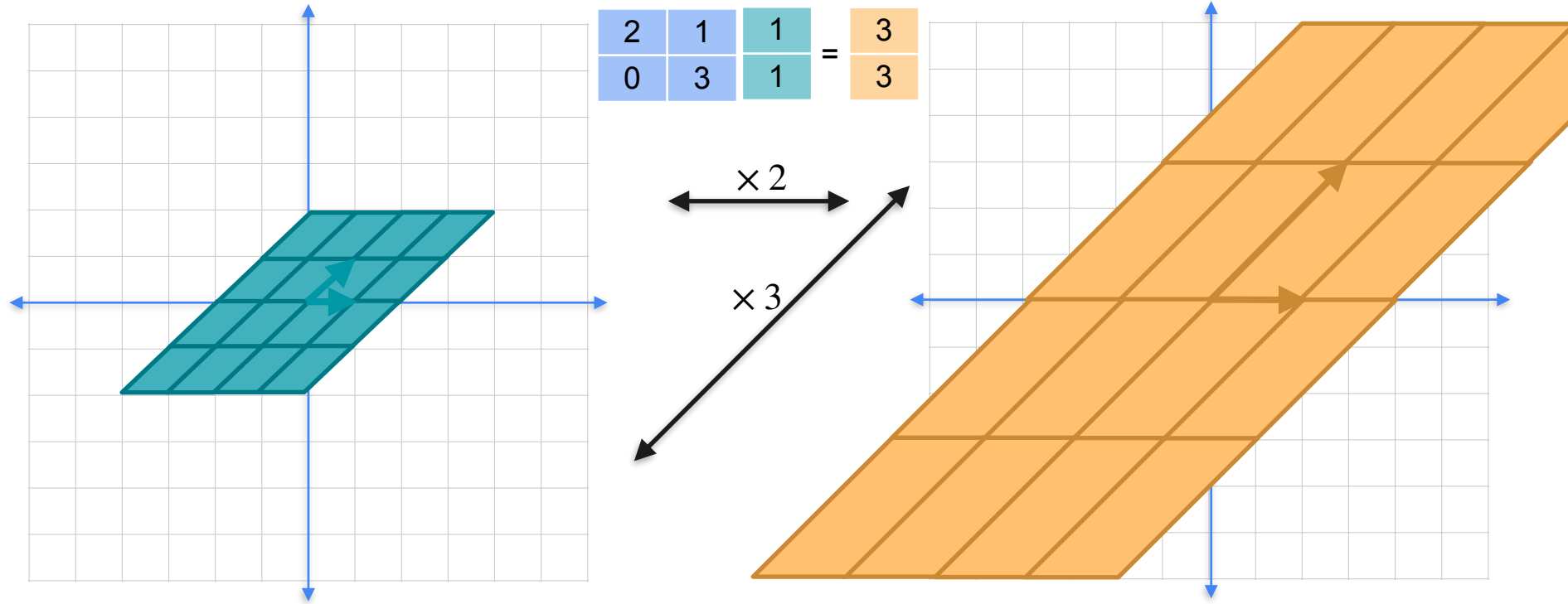
$$\begin{aligned} (1,0) &\rightarrow (2,0) \\ (1,1) &\rightarrow (3,3) \end{aligned}$$



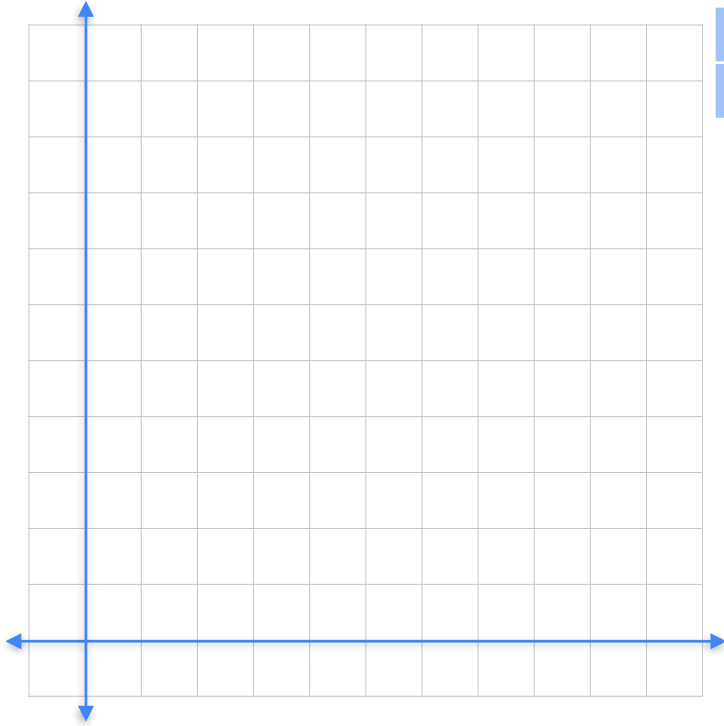
Eigenbasis



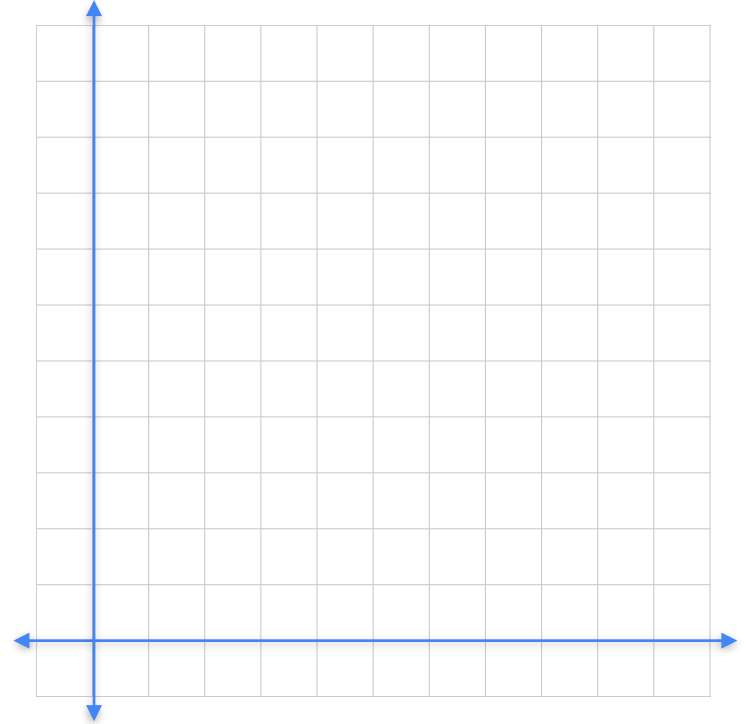
Eigenbasis



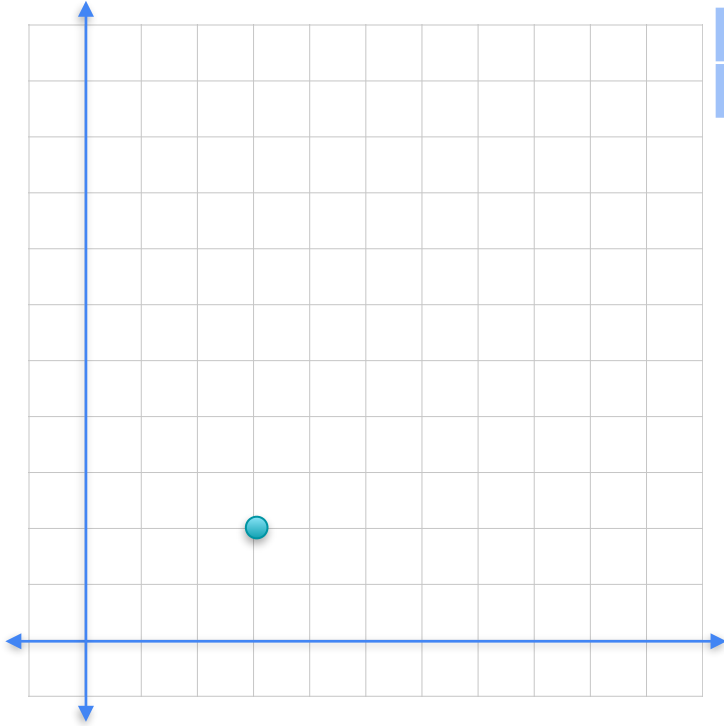
Eigenbasis



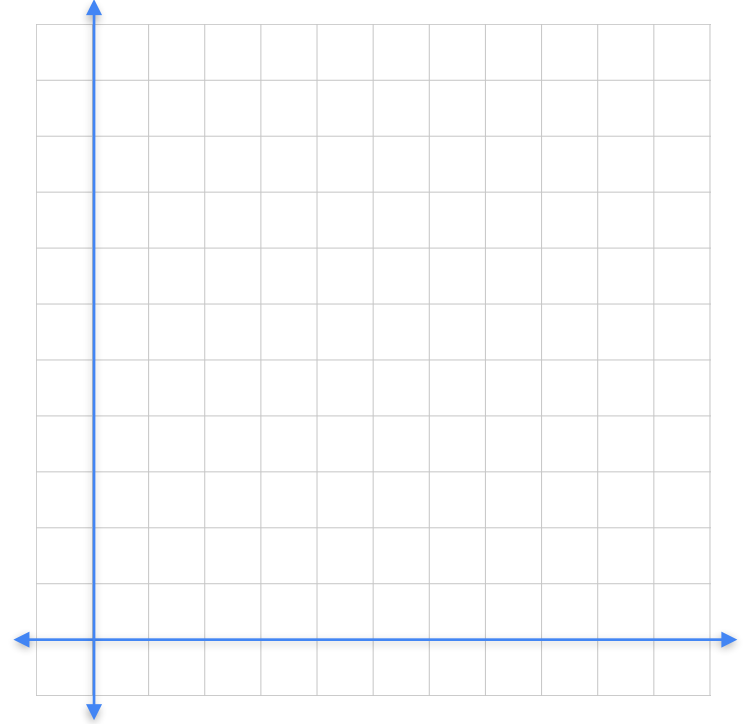
2	1
0	3



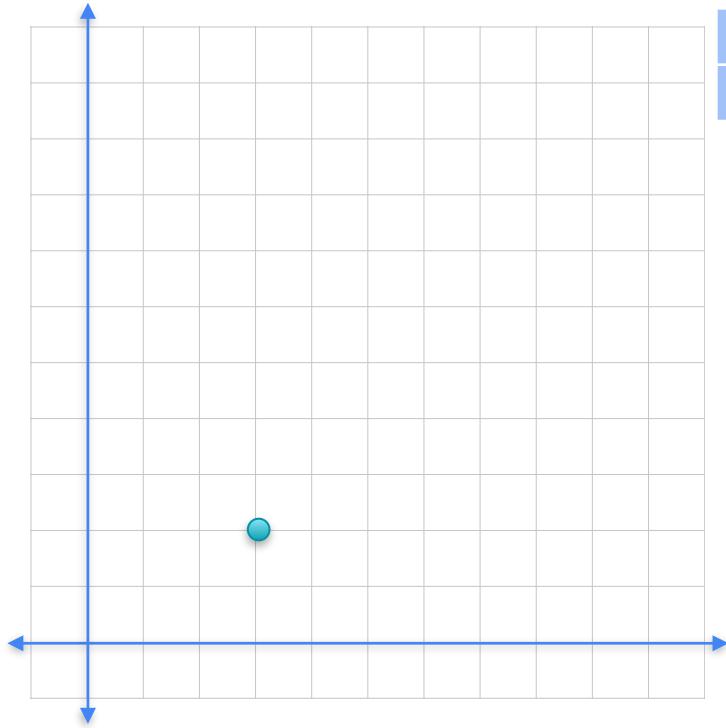
Eigenbasis



2	1
0	3

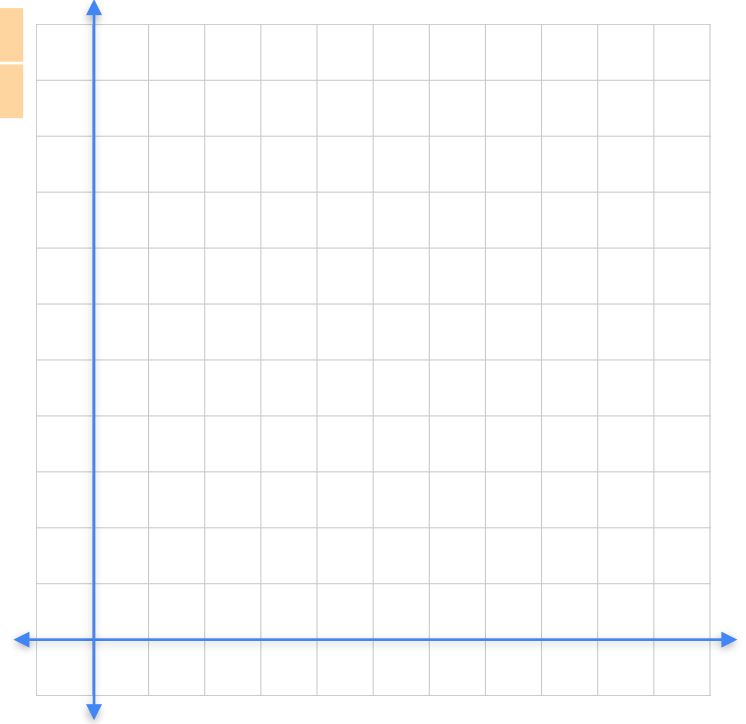


Eigenbasis

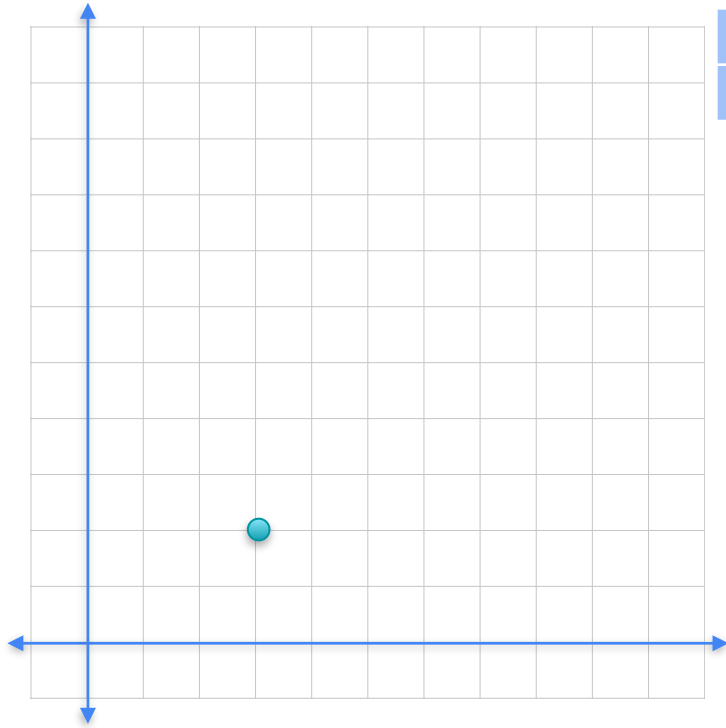


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3, 2) \rightarrow (8, 6)$$

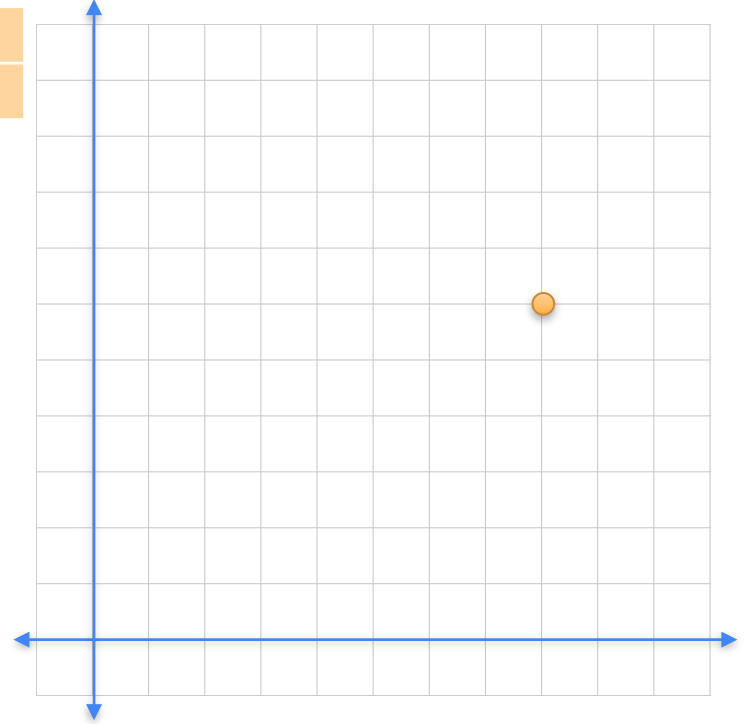


Eigenbasis

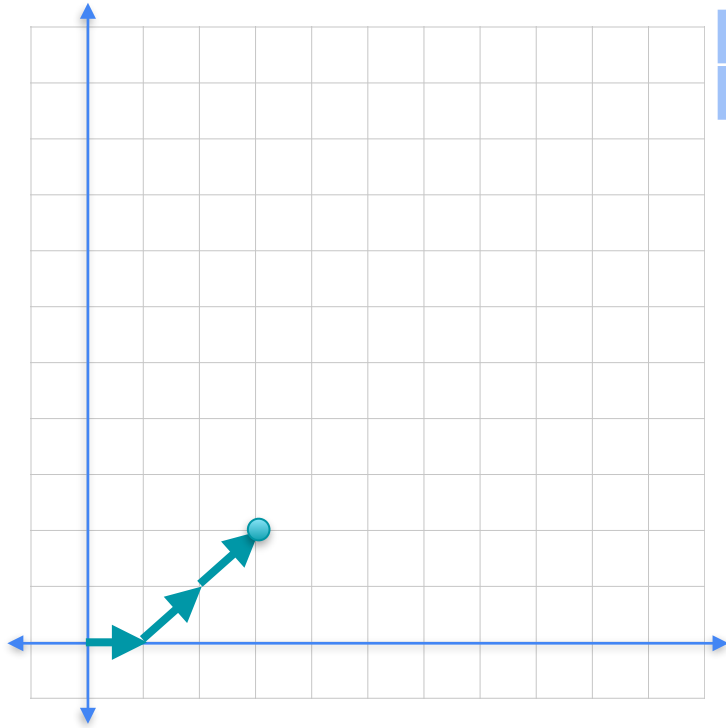


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3, 2) \rightarrow (8, 6)$$

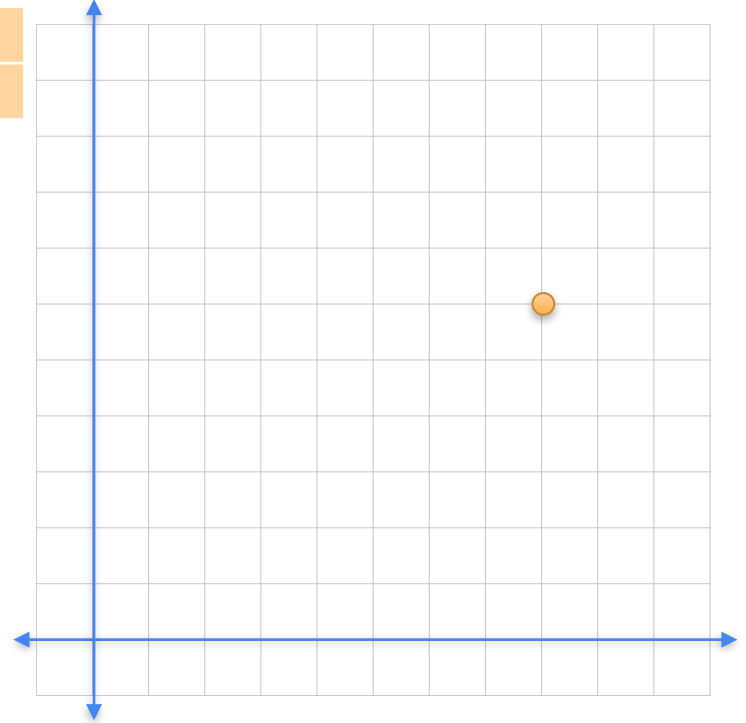


Eigenbasis

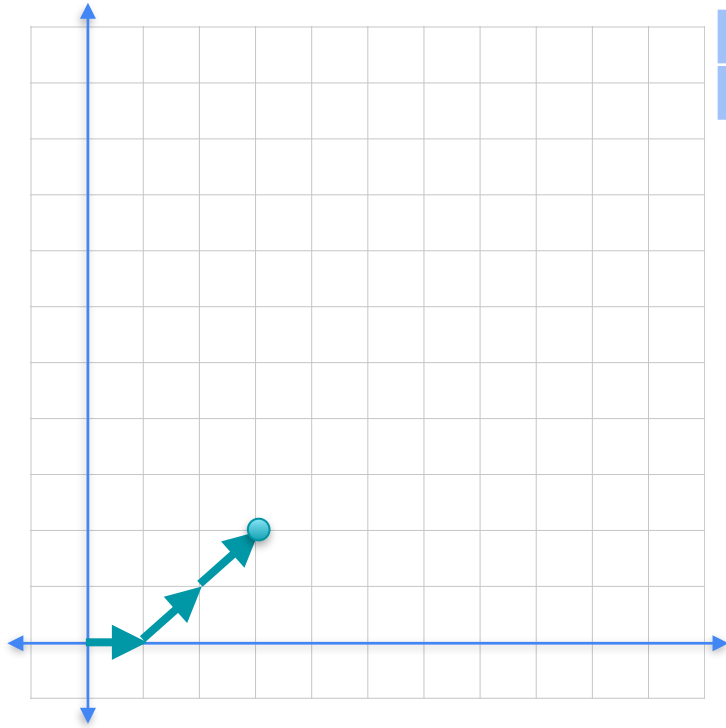


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3,2) \rightarrow (8,6)$$

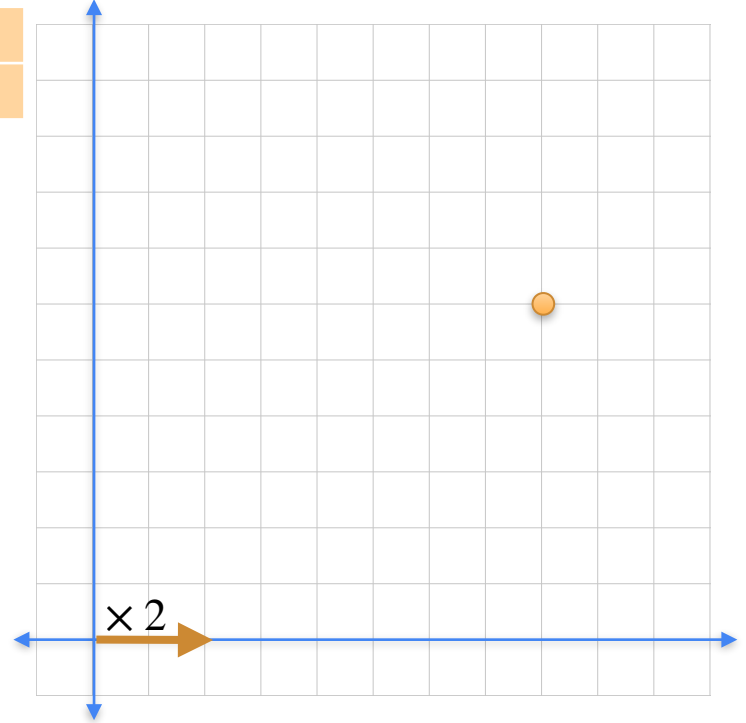


Eigenbasis

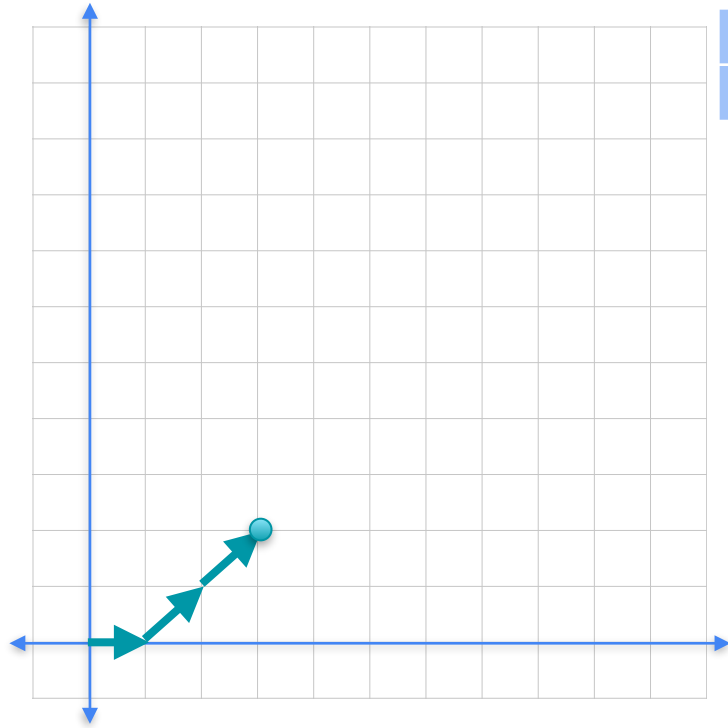


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3,2) \rightarrow (8,6)$$

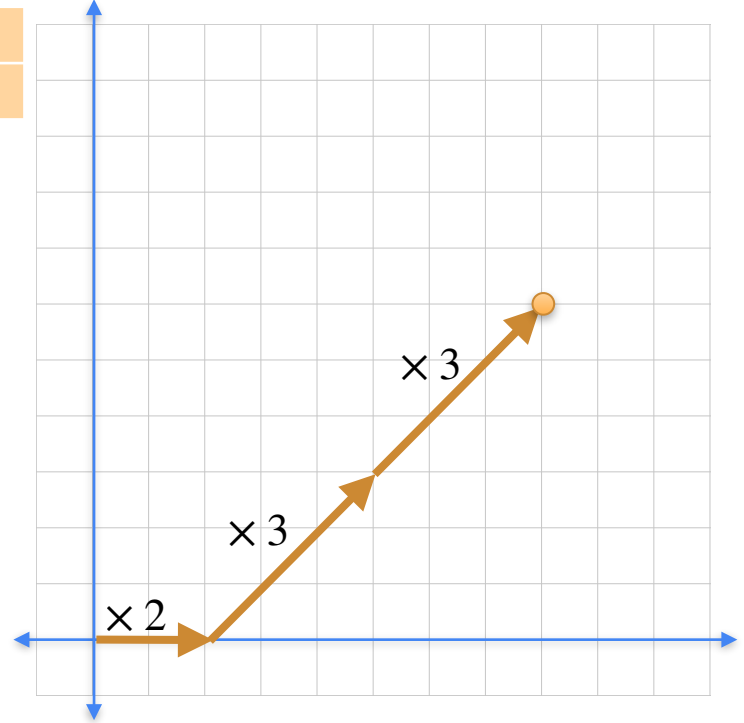


Eigenbasis



$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 8 \\ 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$(3,2) \rightarrow (8,6)$$



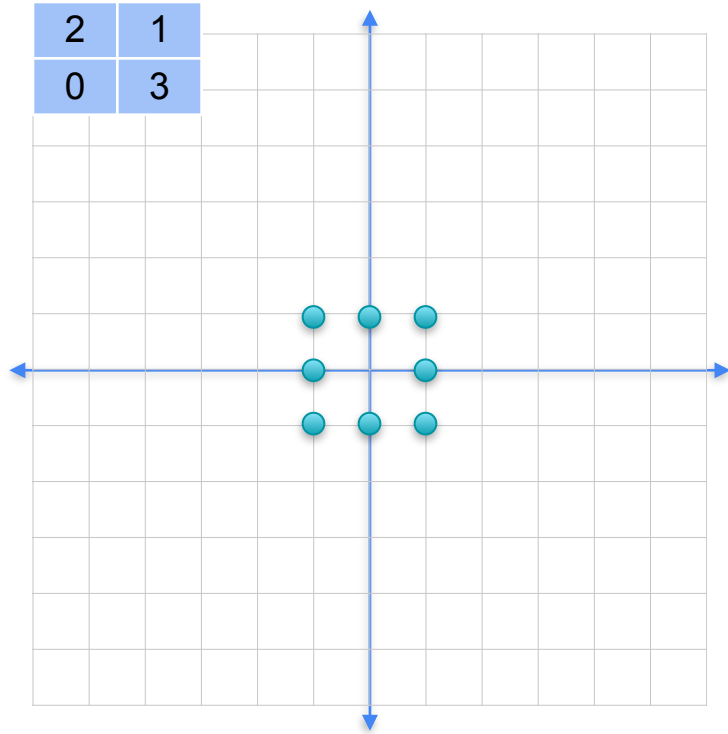


DeepLearning.AI

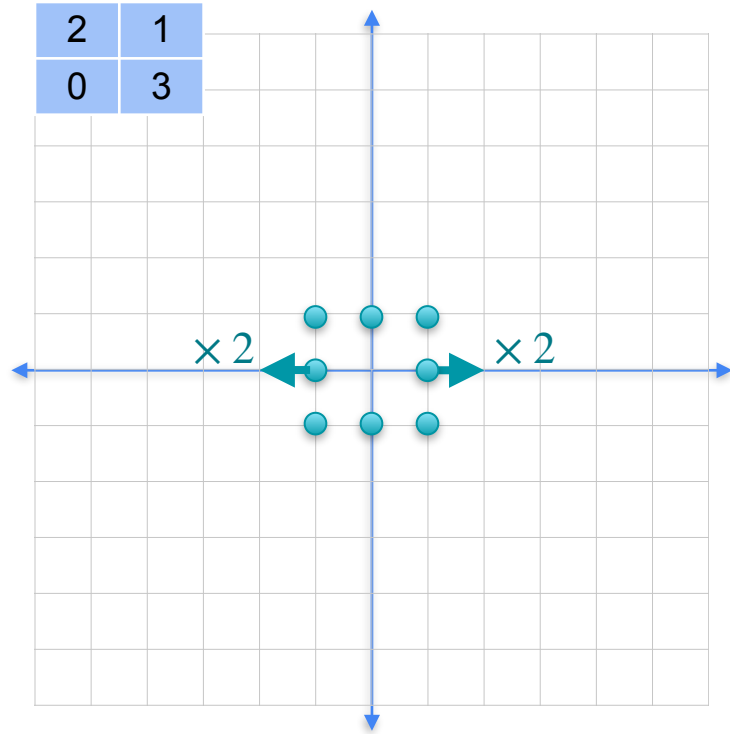
Determinants and Eigenvectors

Eigenvalues and eigenvectors

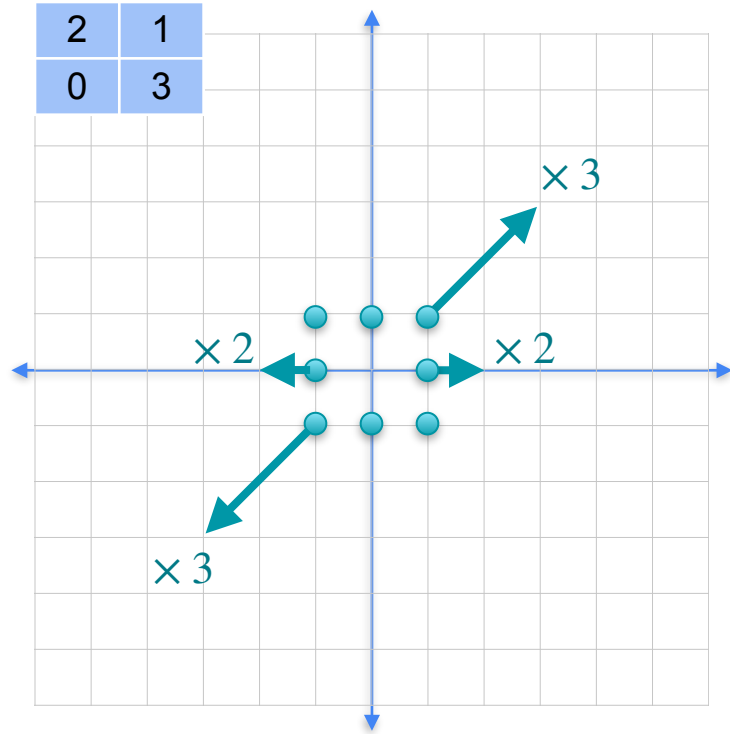
Finding eigenvalues



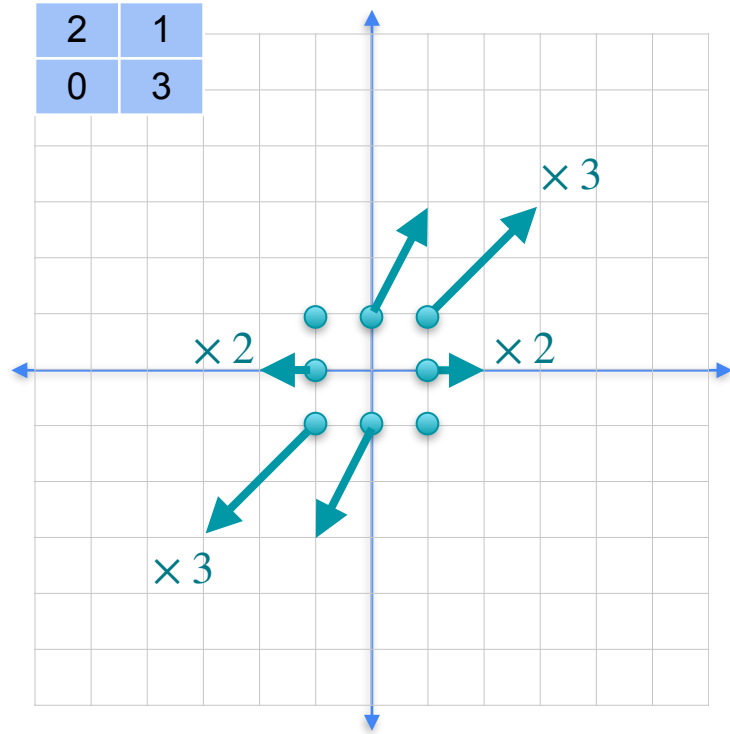
Finding eigenvalues



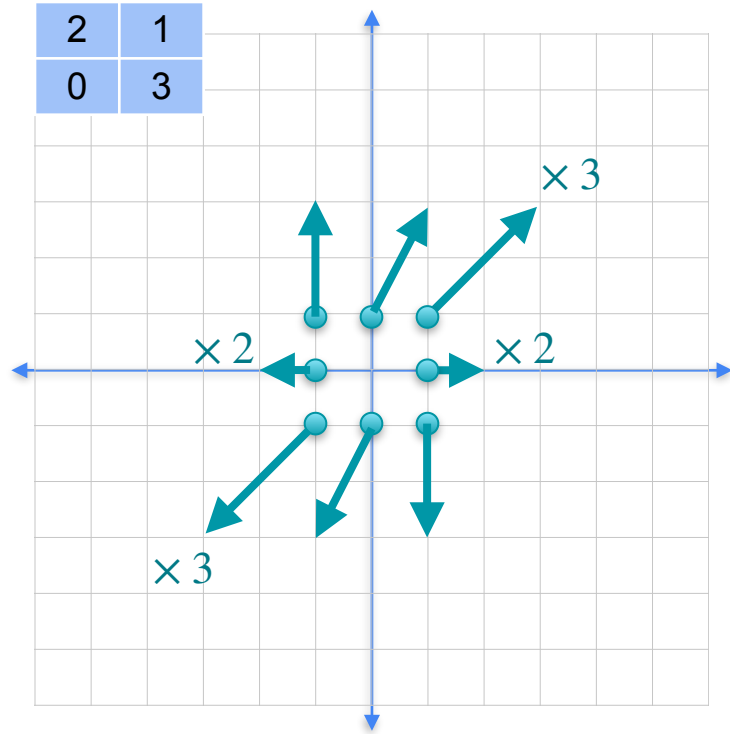
Finding eigenvalues



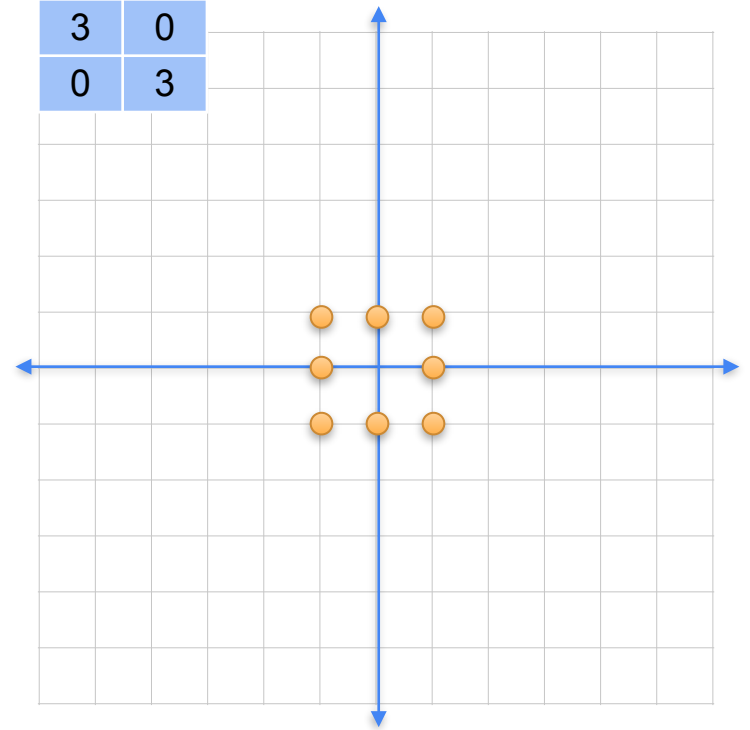
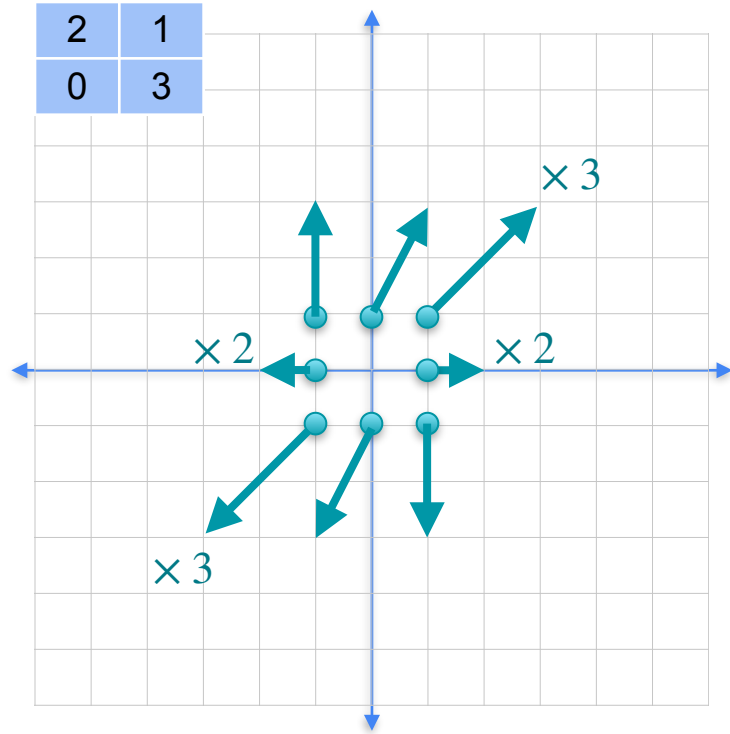
Finding eigenvalues



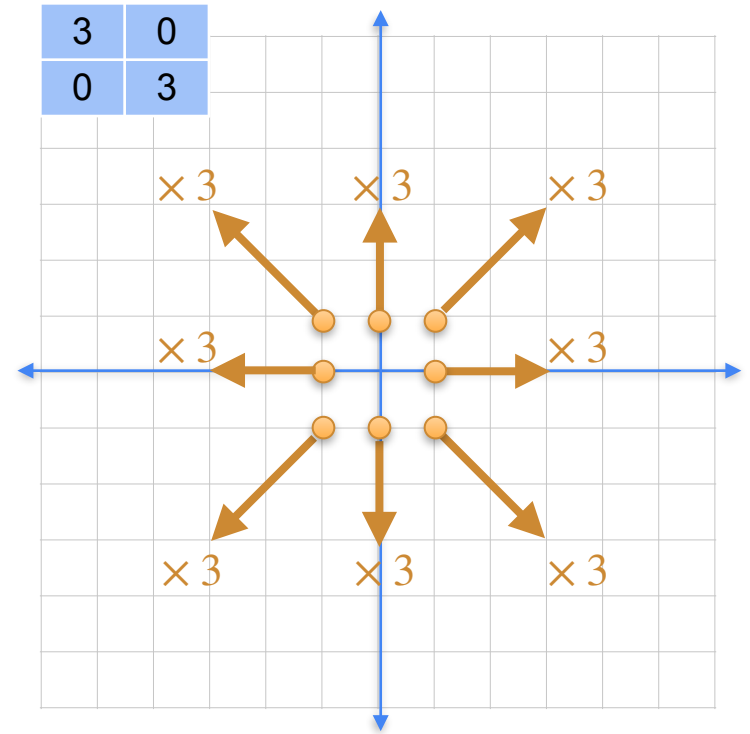
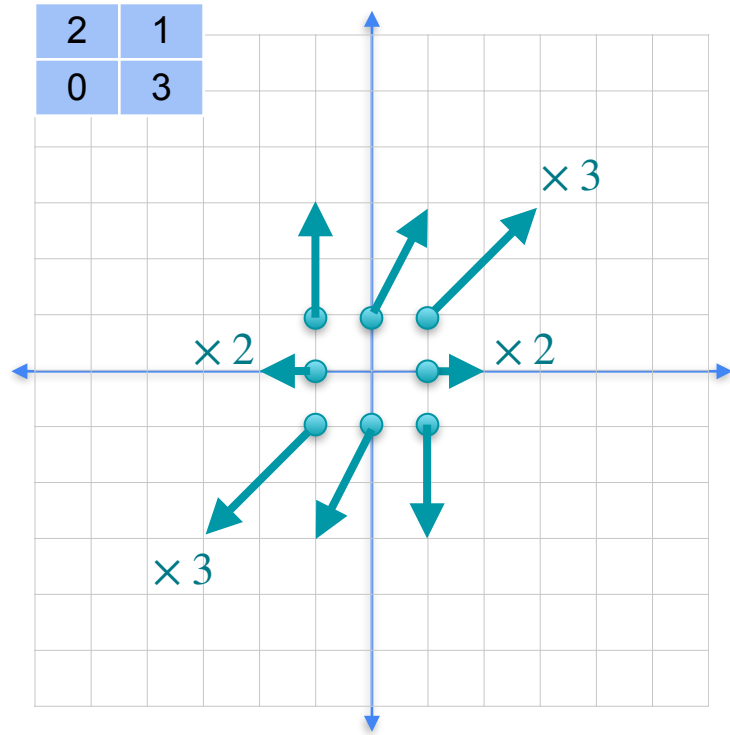
Finding eigenvalues



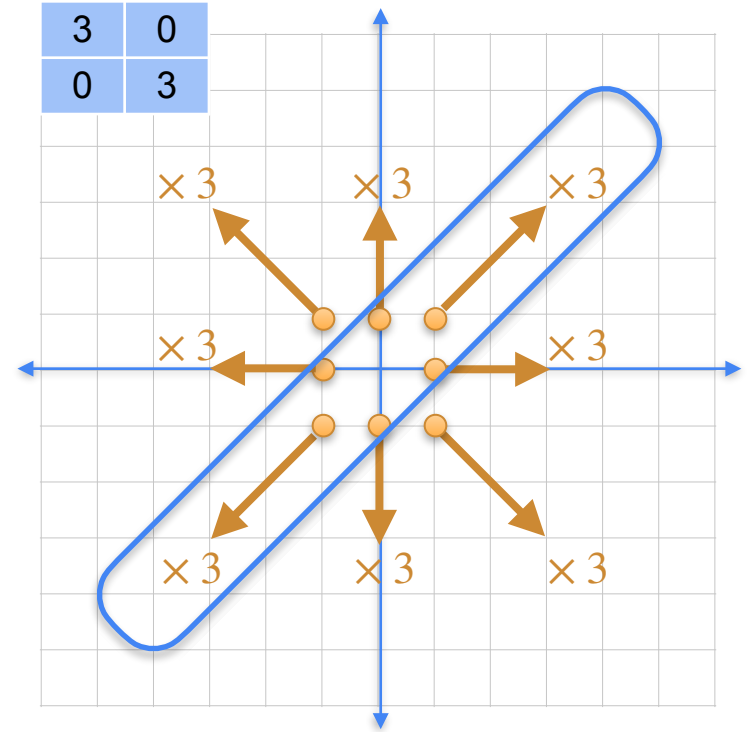
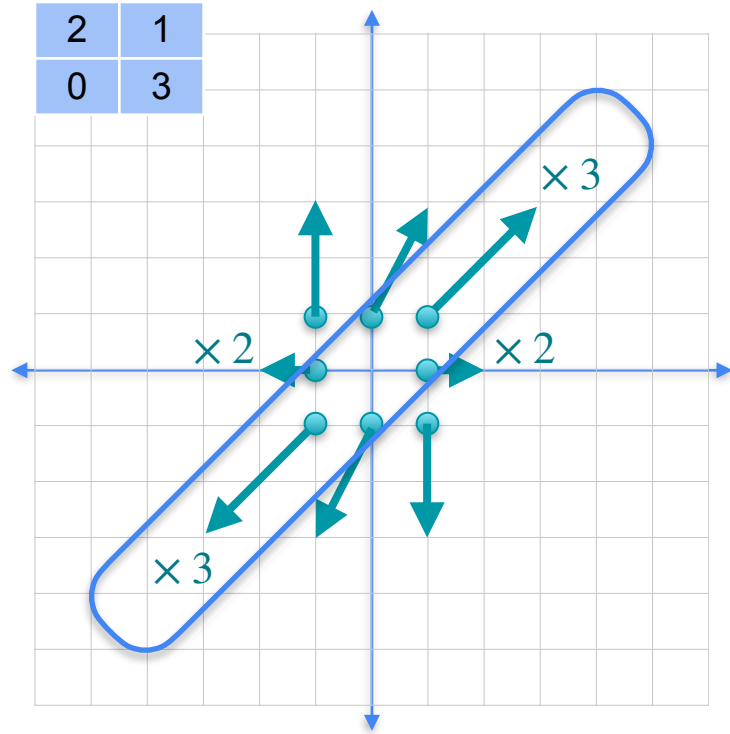
Finding eigenvalues



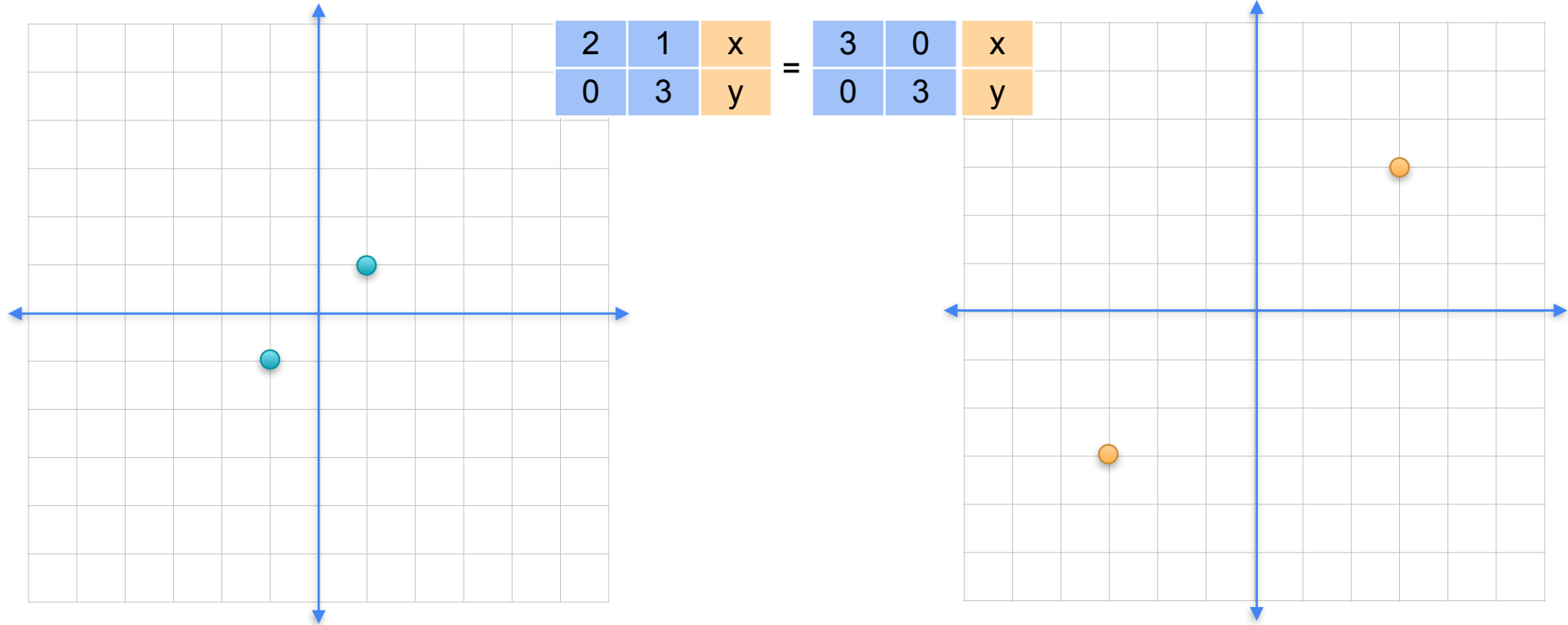
Finding eigenvalues



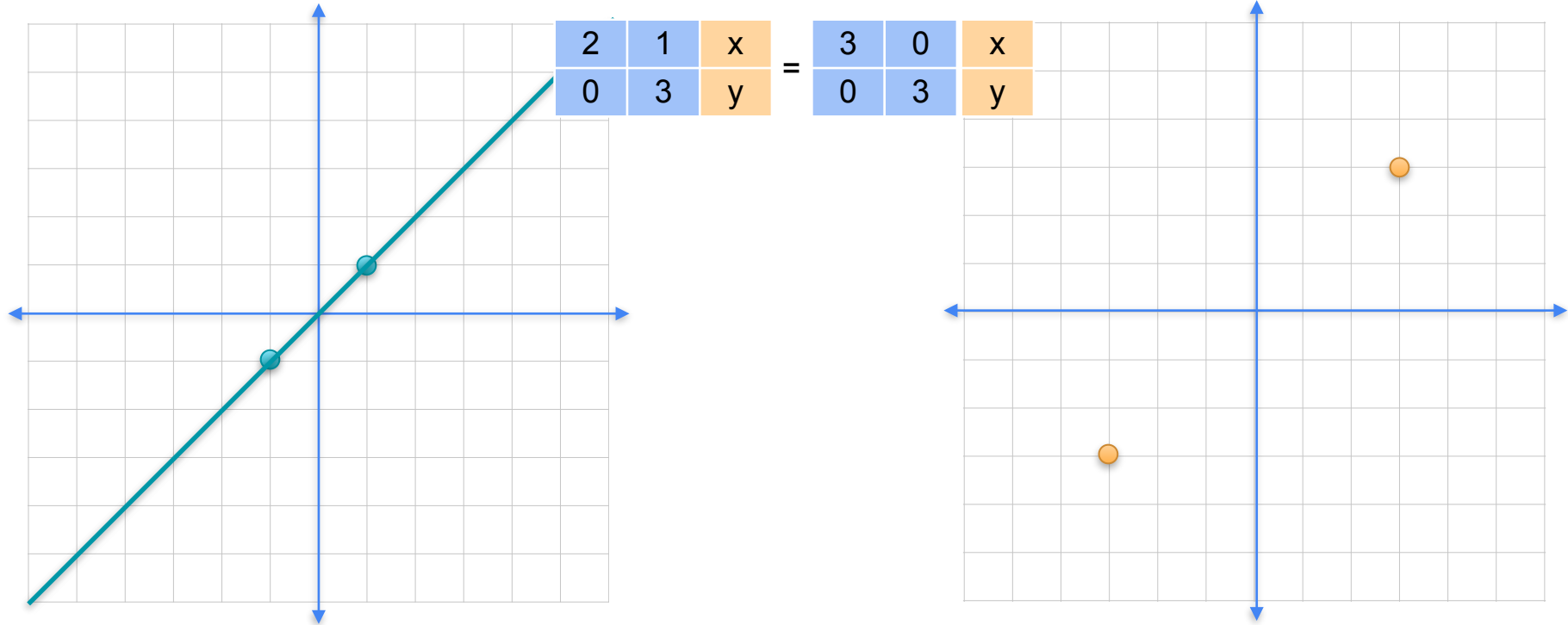
Finding eigenvalues



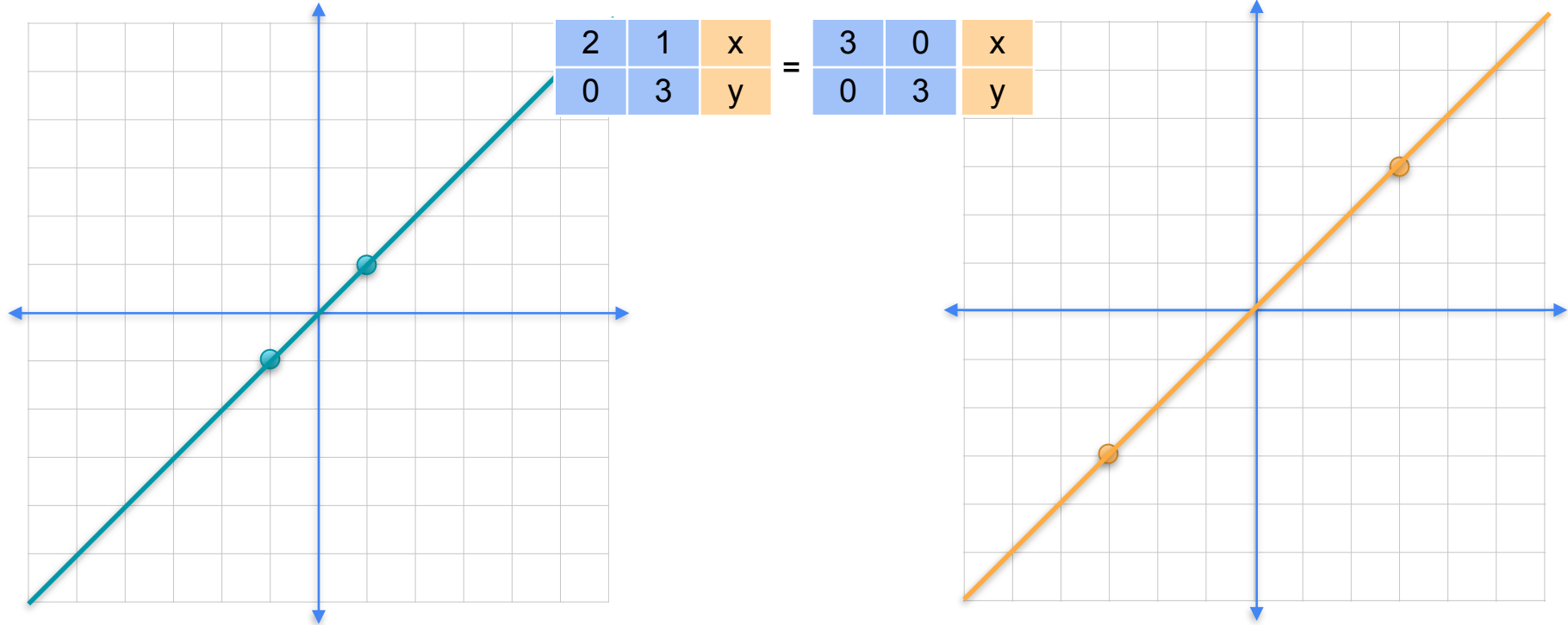
Finding eigenvalues



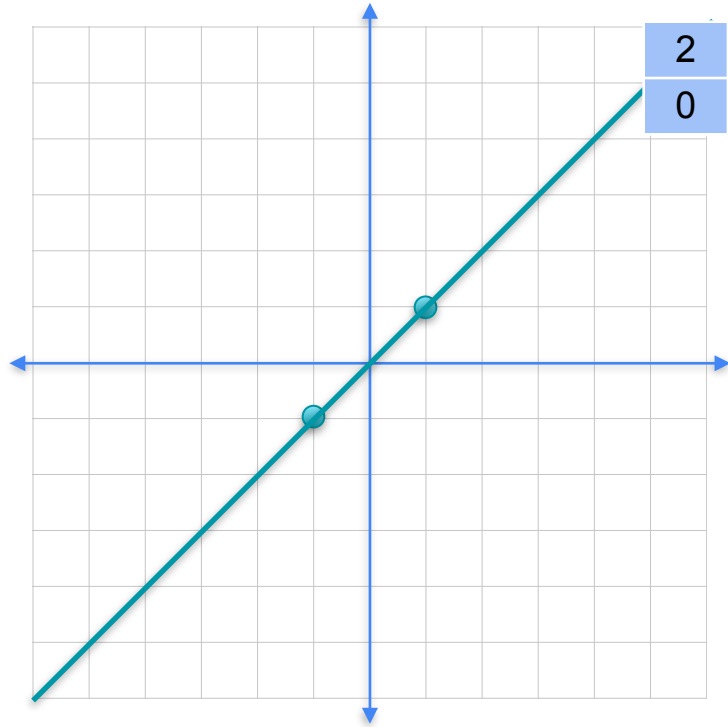
Finding eigenvalues



Finding eigenvalues

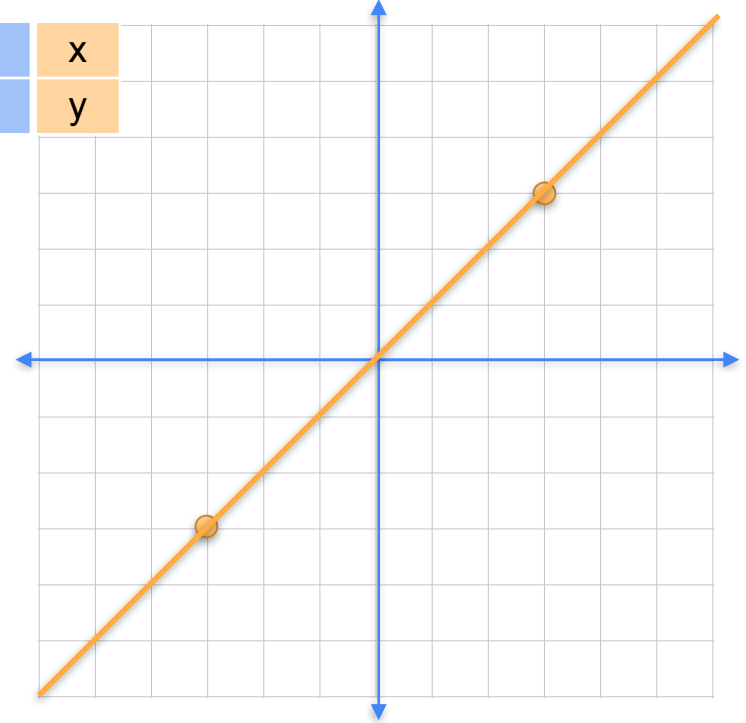


Finding eigenvalues

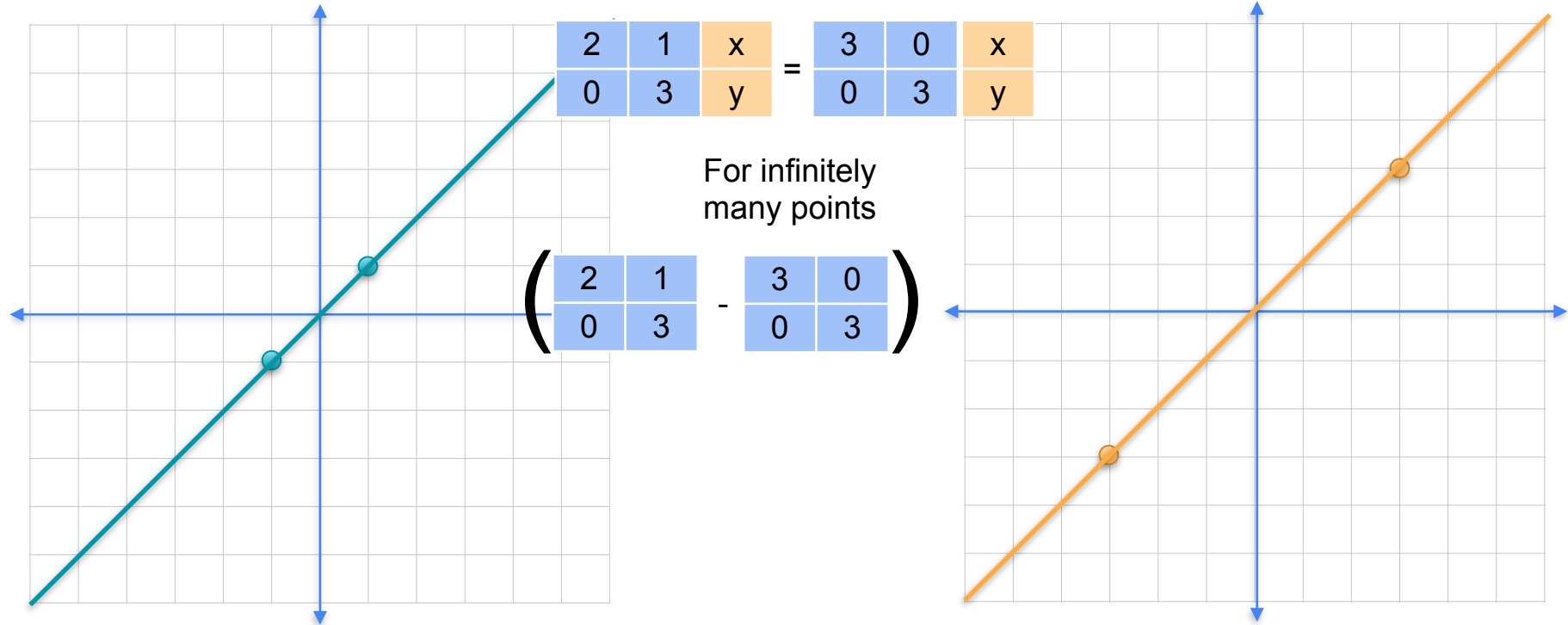


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

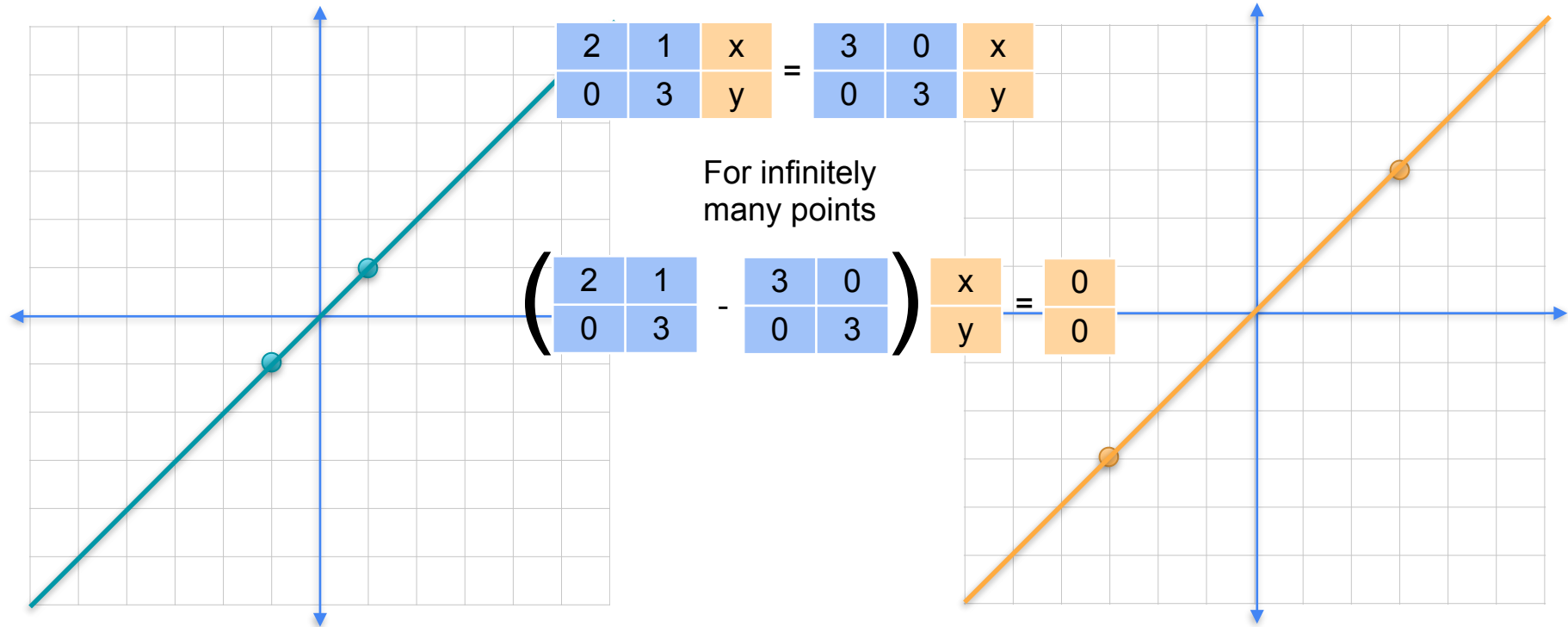
For infinitely many points



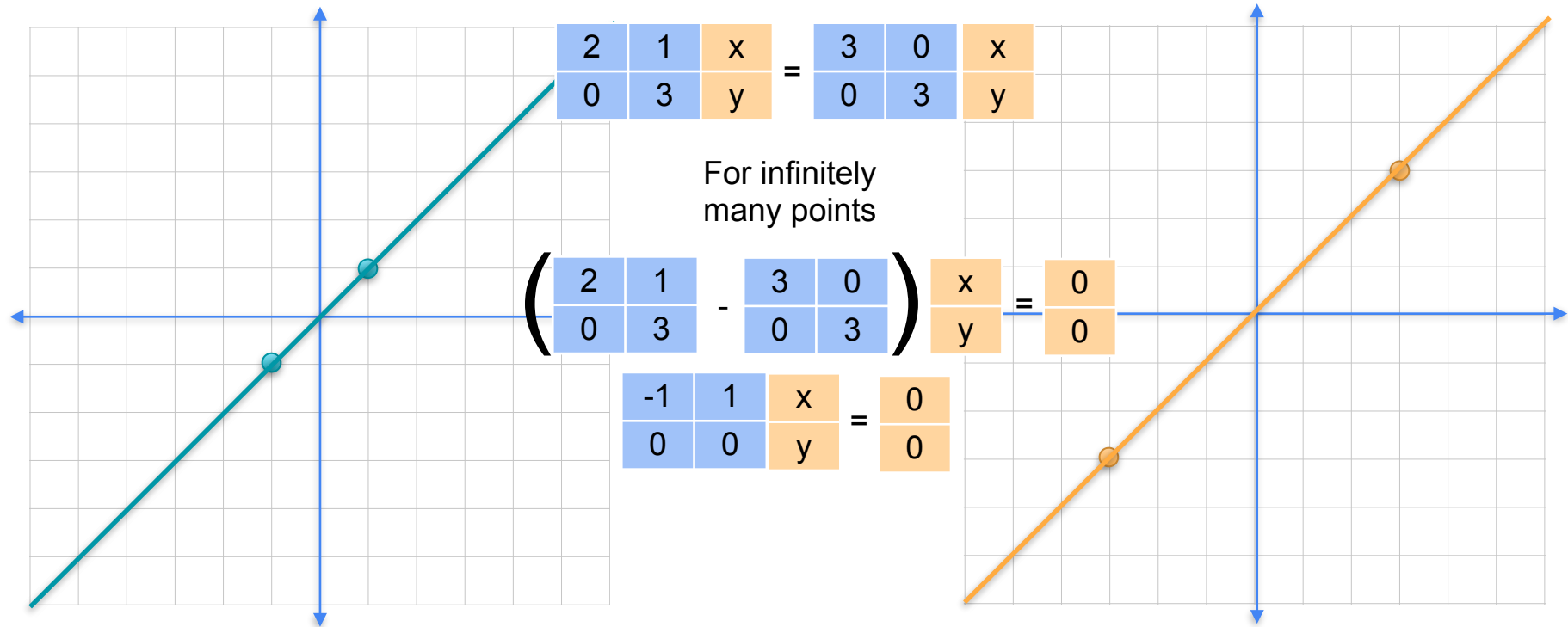
Finding eigenvalues



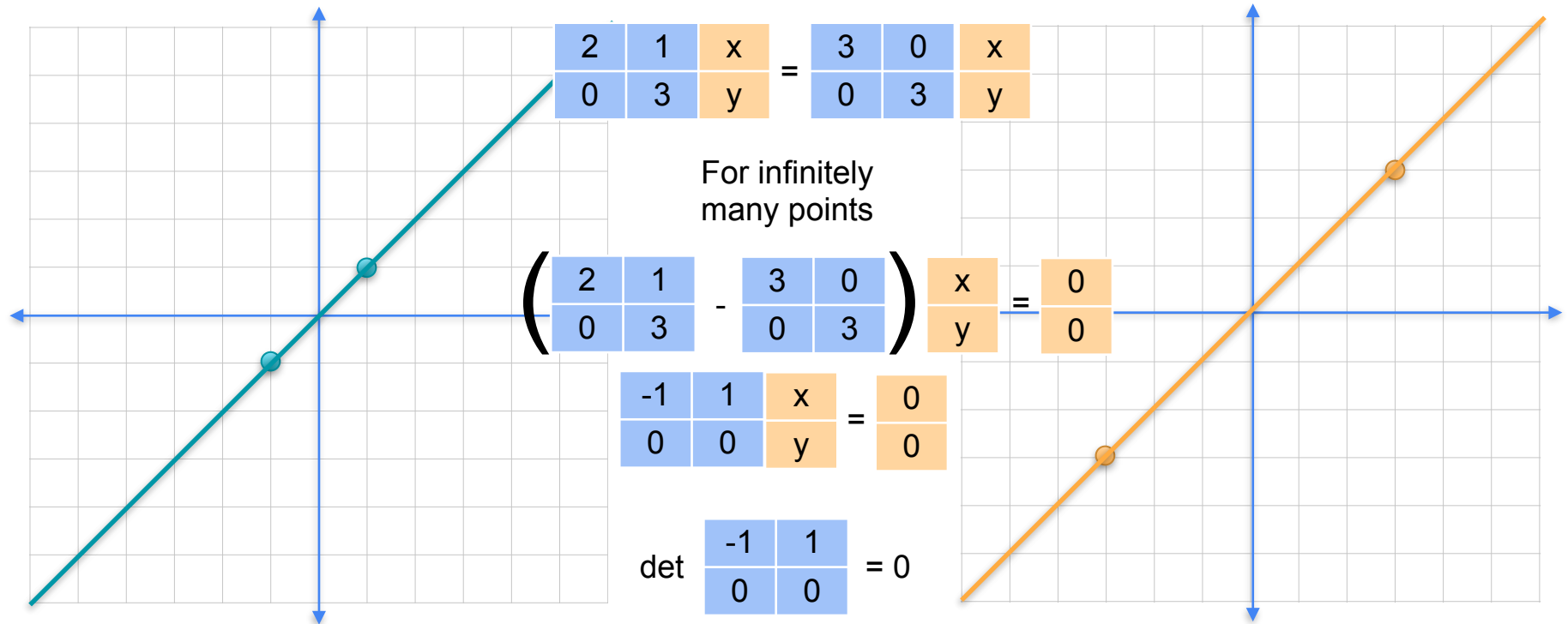
Finding eigenvalues



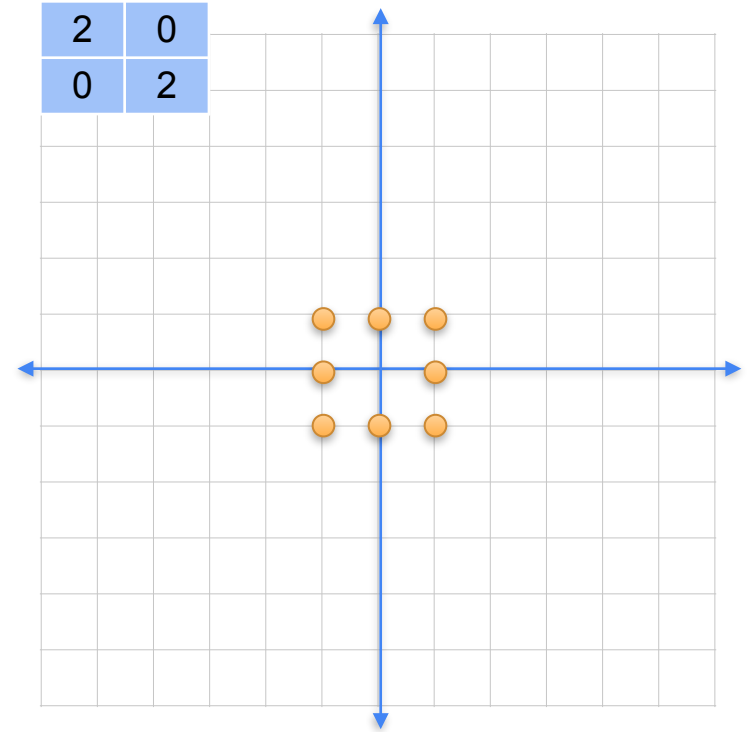
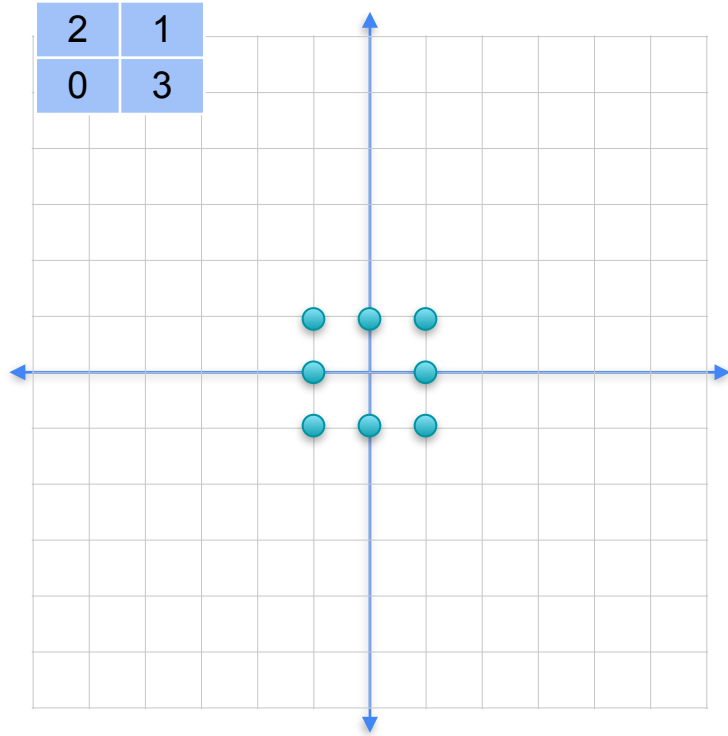
Finding eigenvalues



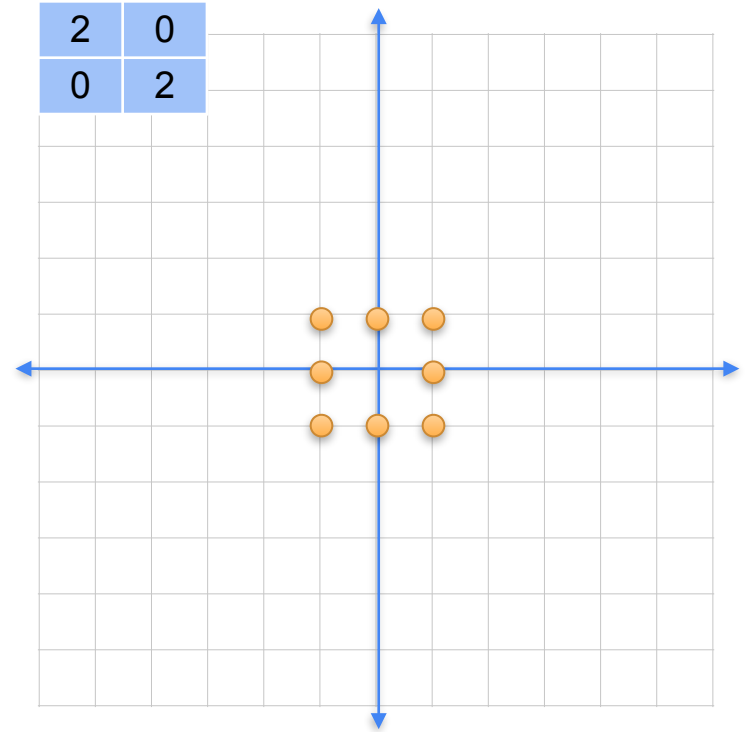
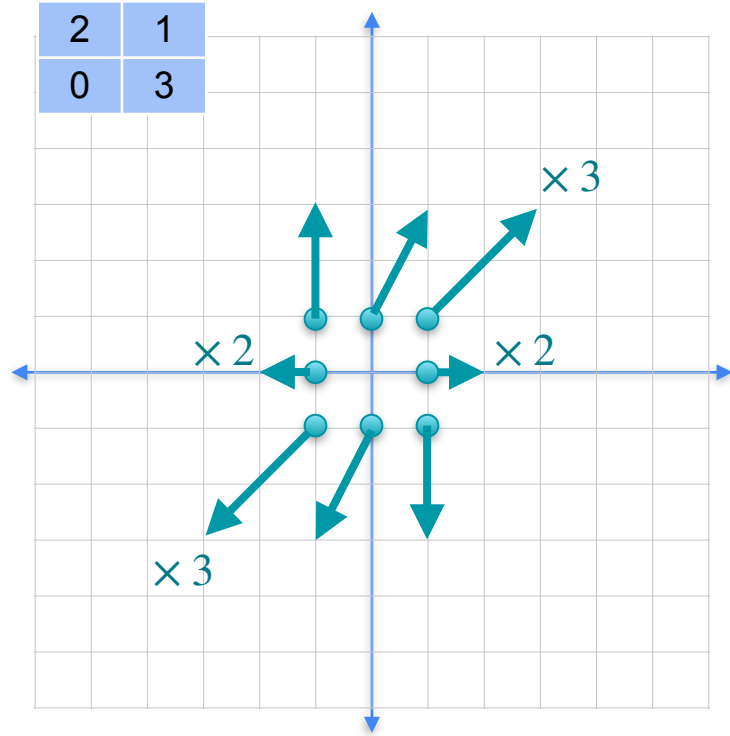
Finding eigenvalues



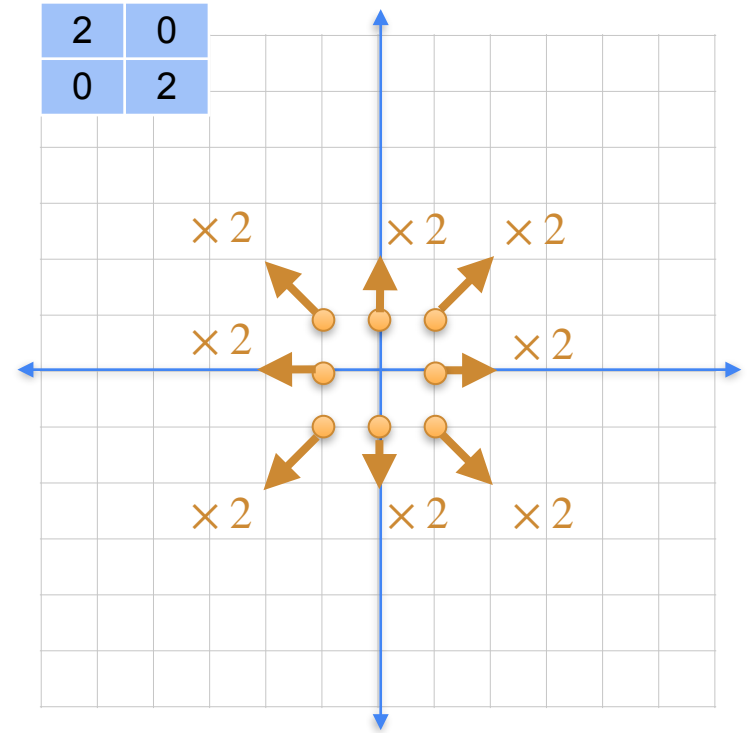
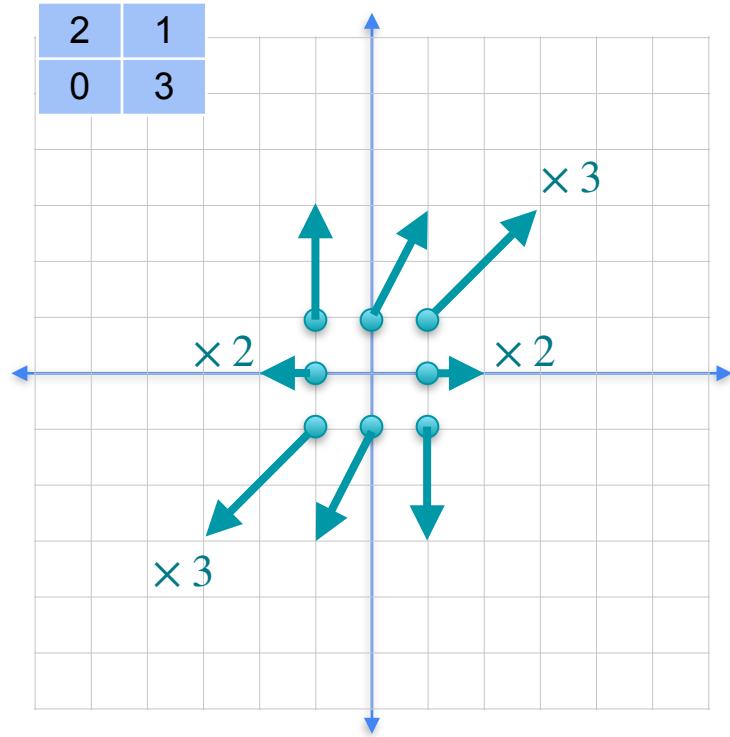
Finding eigenvalues



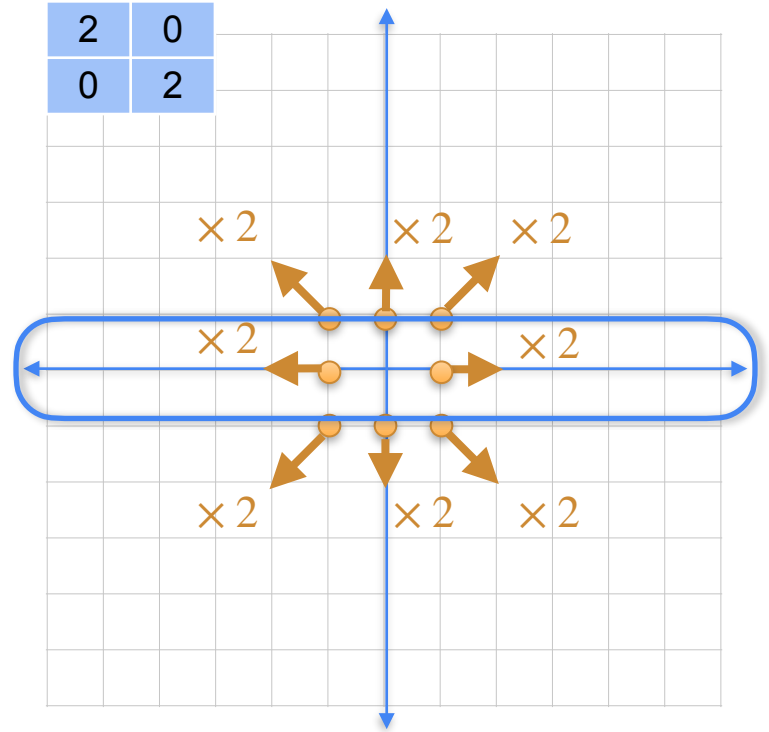
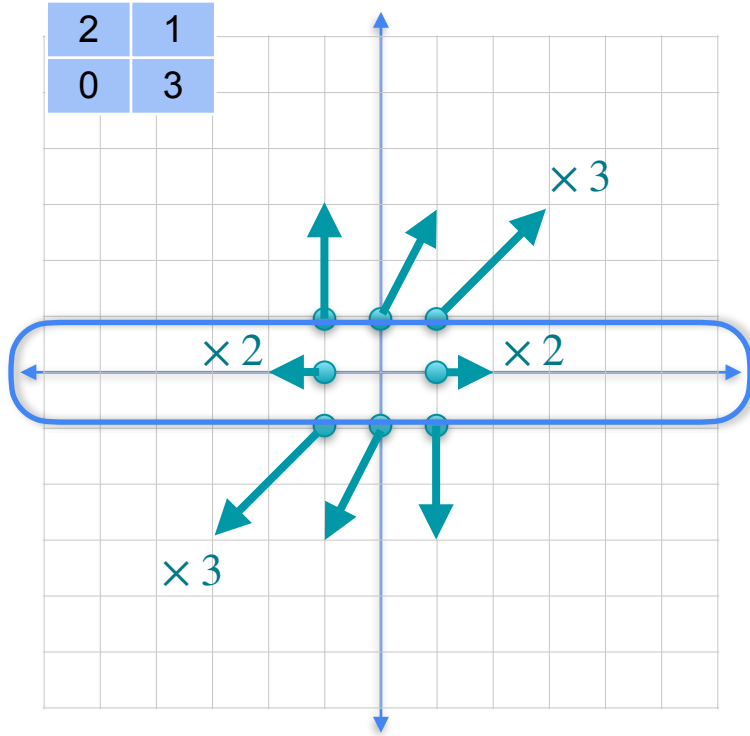
Finding eigenvalues



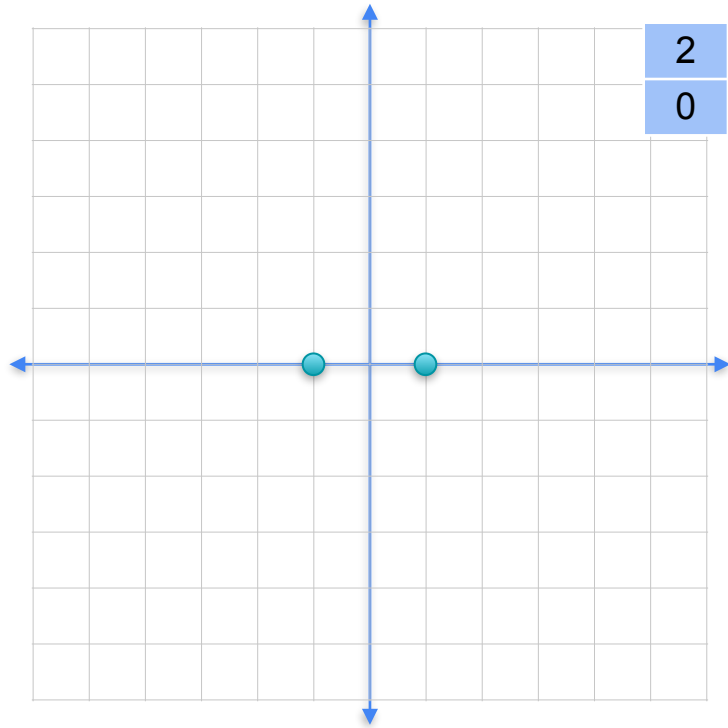
Finding eigenvalues



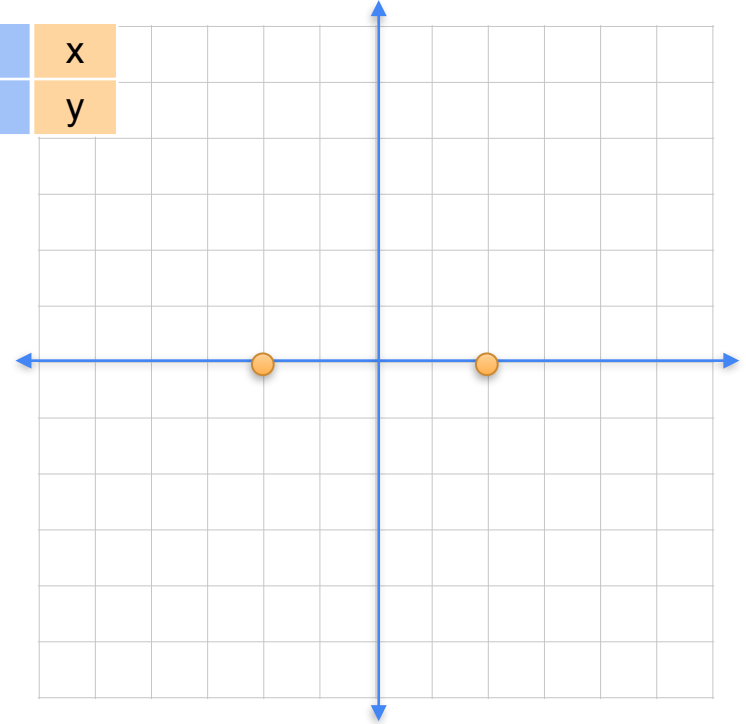
Finding eigenvalues



Finding eigenvalues

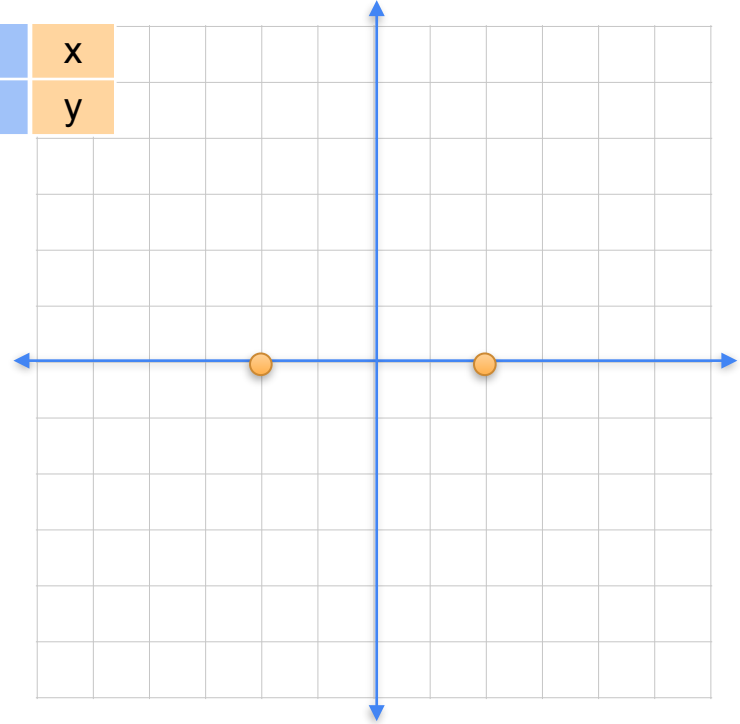
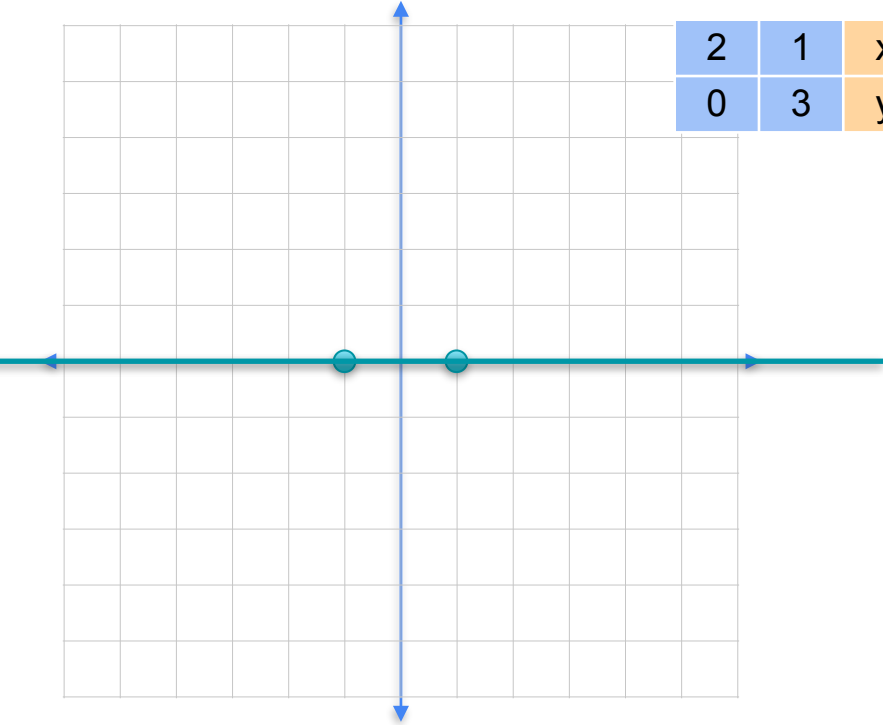


$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$



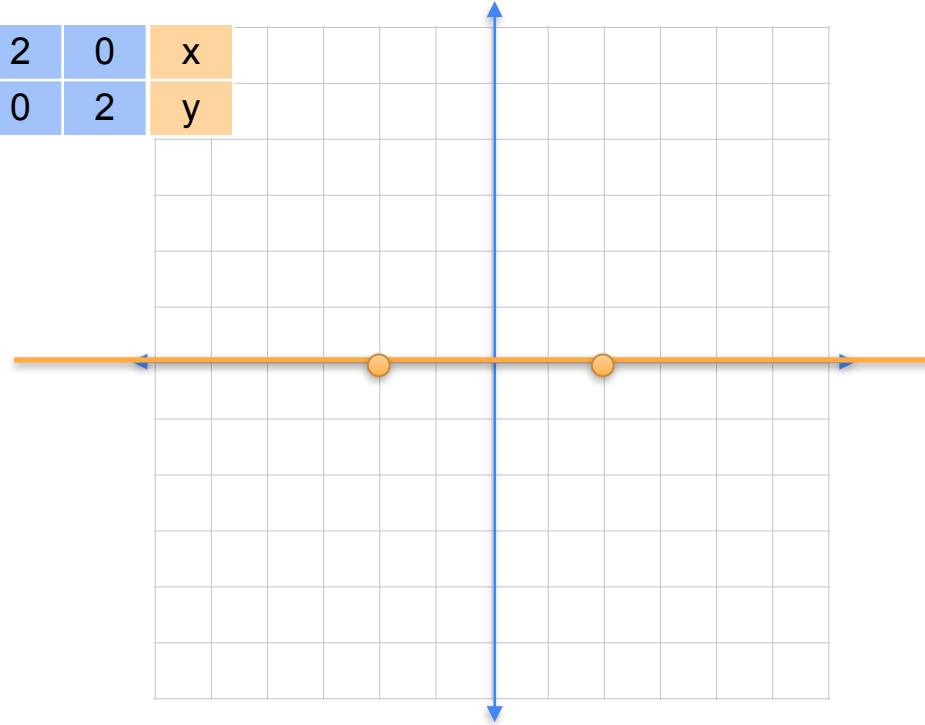
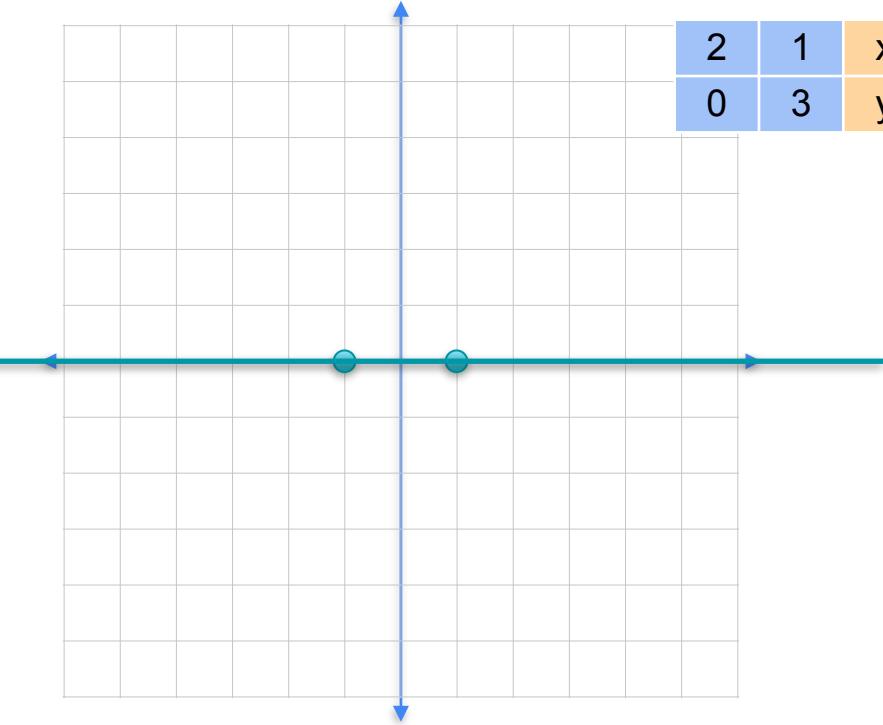
Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$



Finding eigenvalues

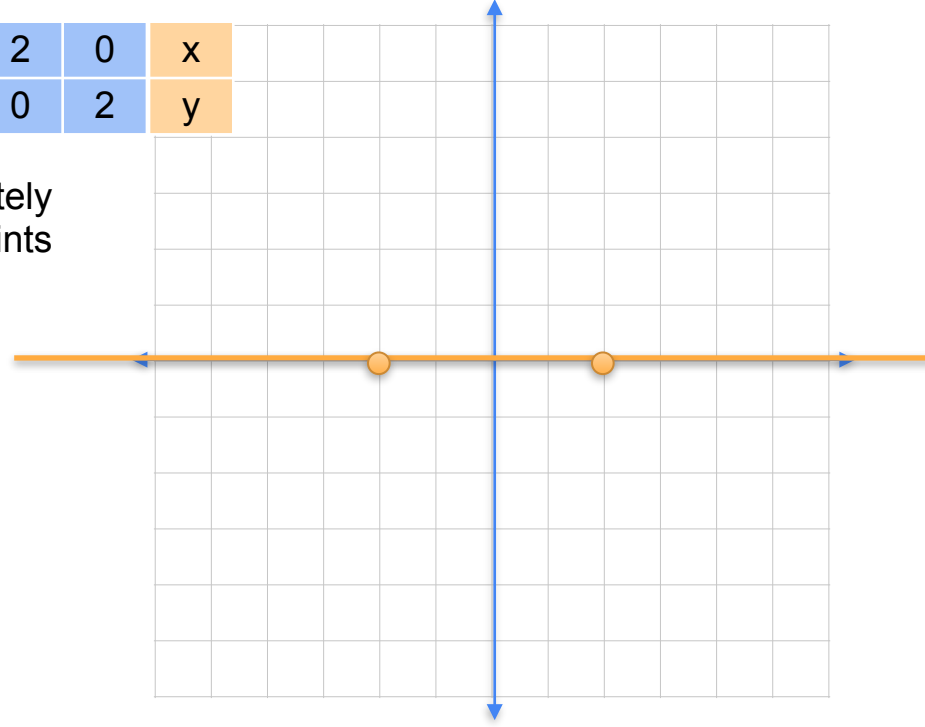
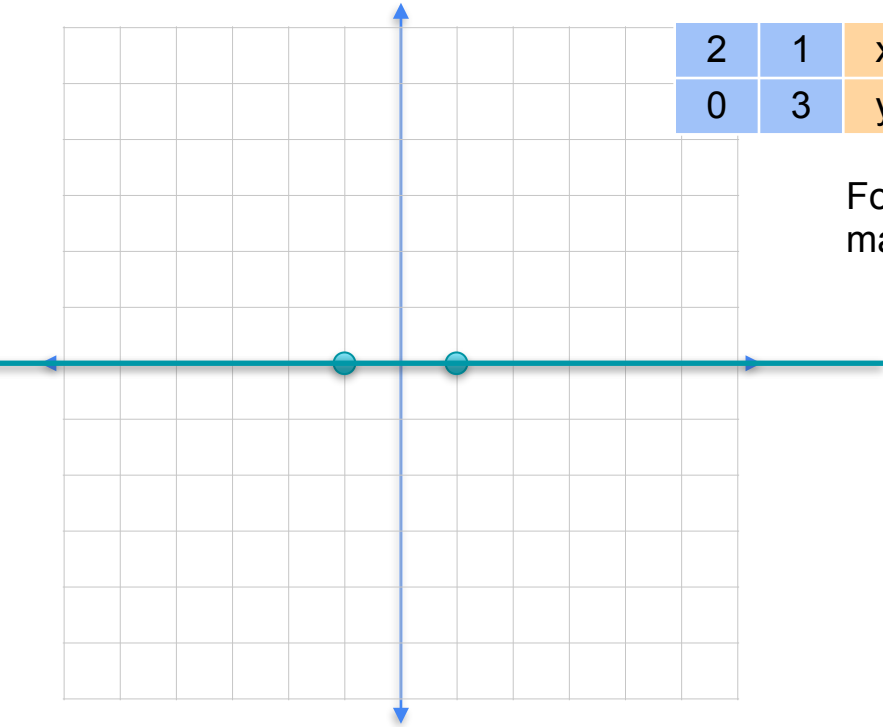
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$



Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

For infinitely
many points

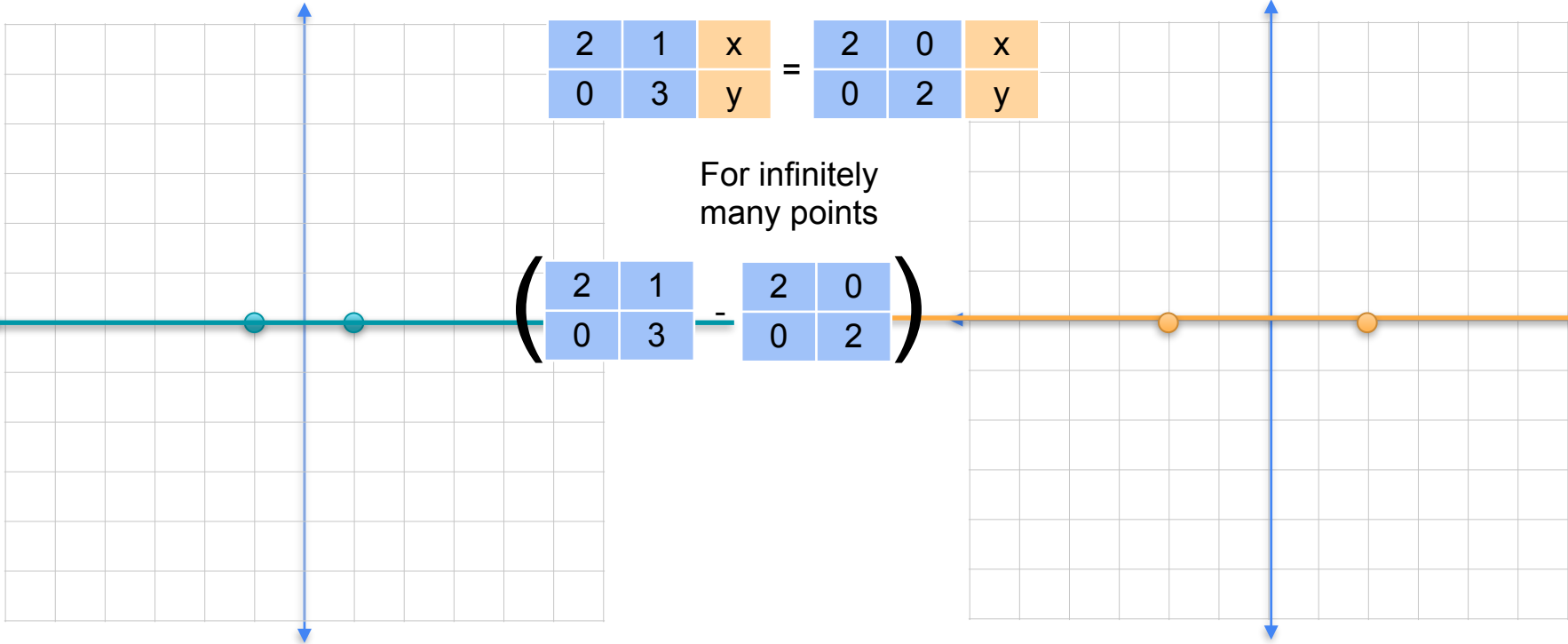


Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

For infinitely
many points

$$\left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \right)$$

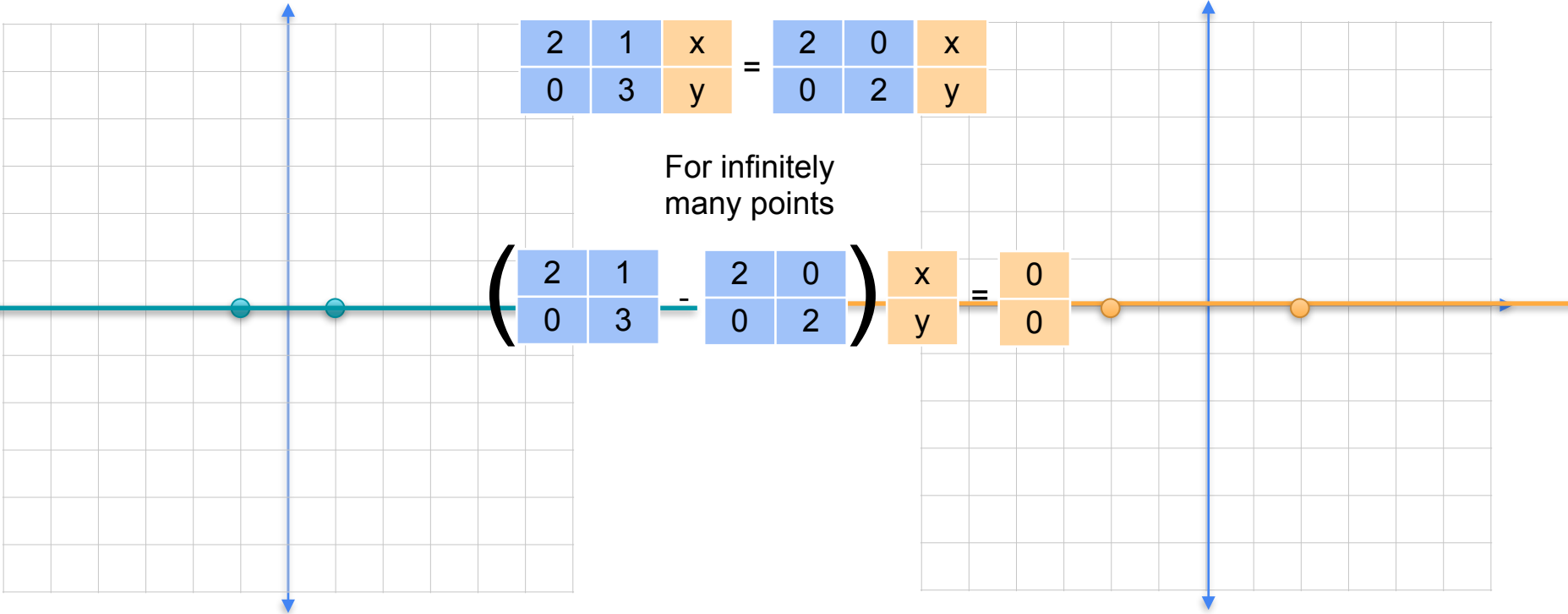


Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

For infinitely
many points

$$\left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \right) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$



Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

For infinitely many points

$$\left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \right) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

For infinitely many points

$$\left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} \right) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

Finding eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

2	1
0	3

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

2	1
0	3

λ	0
0	λ

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

For infinitely many (x,y)

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

For infinitely many (x,y)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 2 & 1 & x \\ \hline 0 & 3 & y \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline \lambda & 0 & x \\ \hline 0 & \lambda & y \\ \hline \end{array}$$

For infinitely many (x,y)

$$\begin{array}{|c|c|c|} \hline 2-\lambda & 1 & x \\ \hline 0 & 3-\lambda & y \\ \hline \end{array} = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline 0 \\ \hline 0 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Has infinitely many solutions

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

For infinitely many (x,y)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Has infinitely many solutions

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

For infinitely many (x,y)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Has infinitely many solutions

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

For infinitely many (x,y)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Has infinitely many solutions

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Characteristic polynomial

$$(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

For infinitely many (x,y)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Has infinitely many solutions

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Characteristic polynomial

$$(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda &= 2 \\ \lambda &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$x = 1$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$y = 0$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$x = 1$$

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$0x + 3y = 3y$$

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$$y = 1$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
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$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 3x$$

$$0x + 3y = 3y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Quiz

- Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of this matrix:

9	4
4	3

Solution

- Eigenvalues: 11, 1
- Eigenvectors: (2,1), (-1,2)

9	4
4	3

- The characteristic polynomial is

$$\det \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 9-\lambda & 4 \\ \hline 4 & 3-\lambda \\ \hline \end{array} = (9-\lambda)(3-\lambda) - 4 \cdot 4 = 0$$

- Which factors as $\lambda^2 - 12\lambda + 11 = (\lambda - 11)(\lambda - 1)$

- The solutions are $\lambda = 11$
 $\lambda = 1$



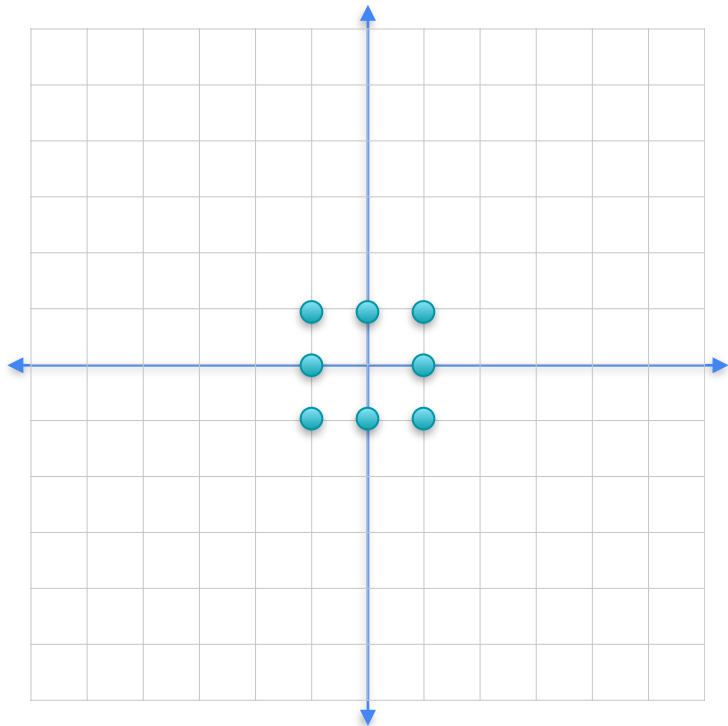
DeepLearning.AI

Determinants and Eigenvectors

Conclusion

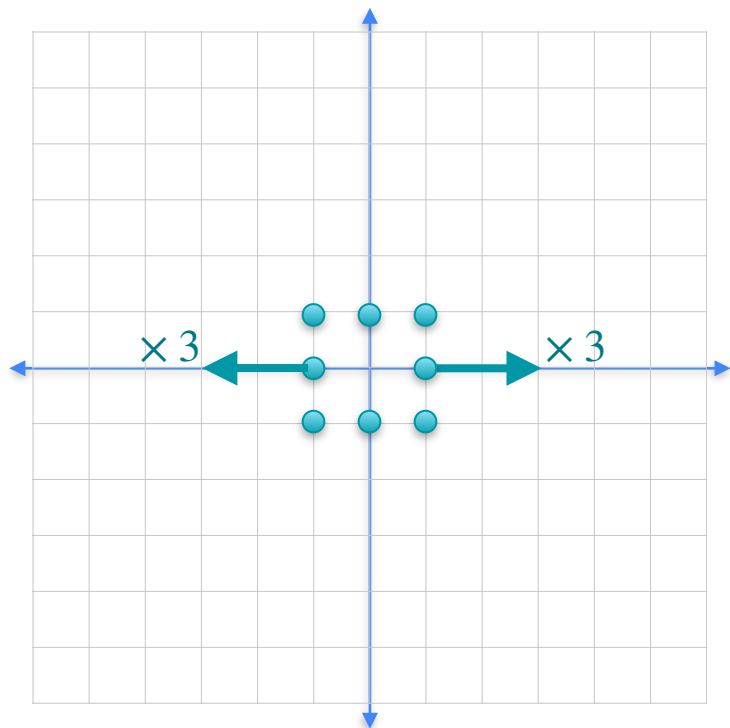
Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3



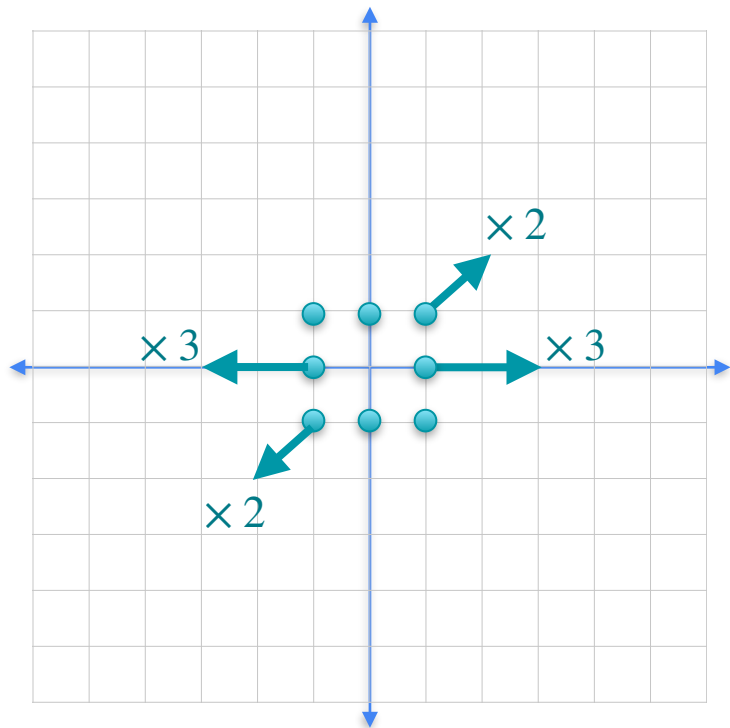
Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3



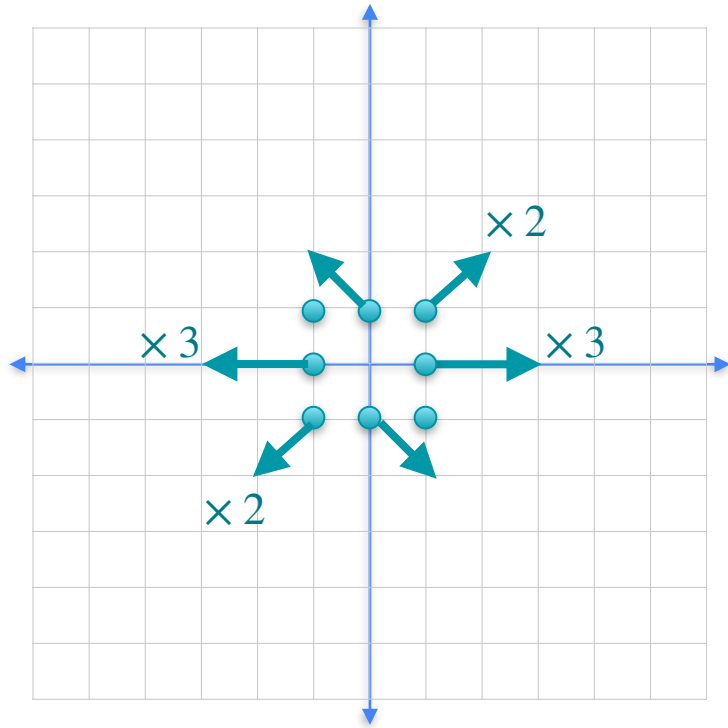
Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3



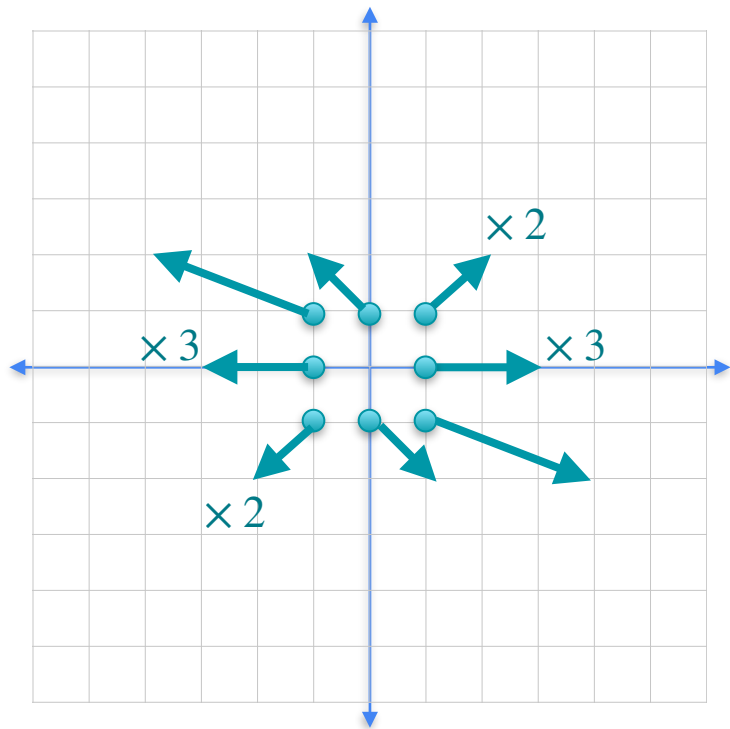
Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3



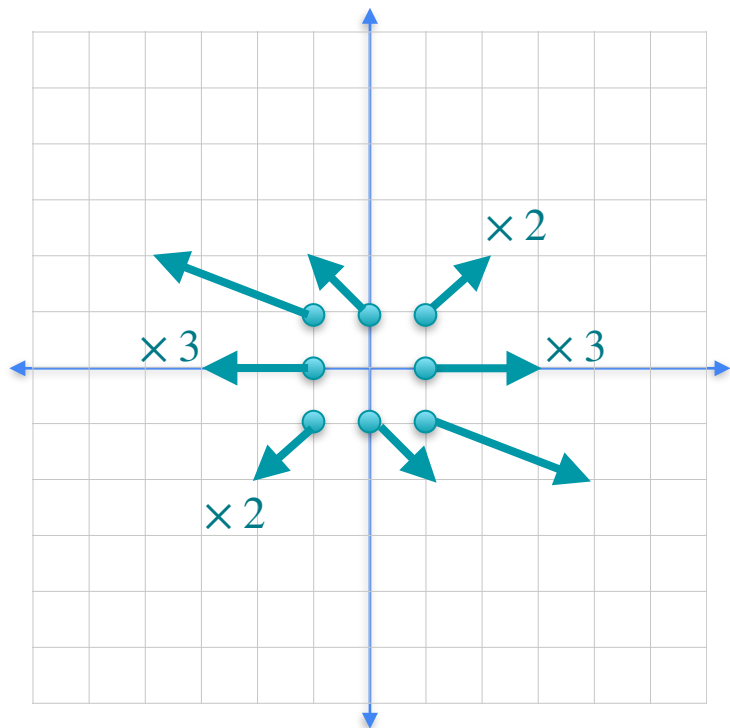
Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

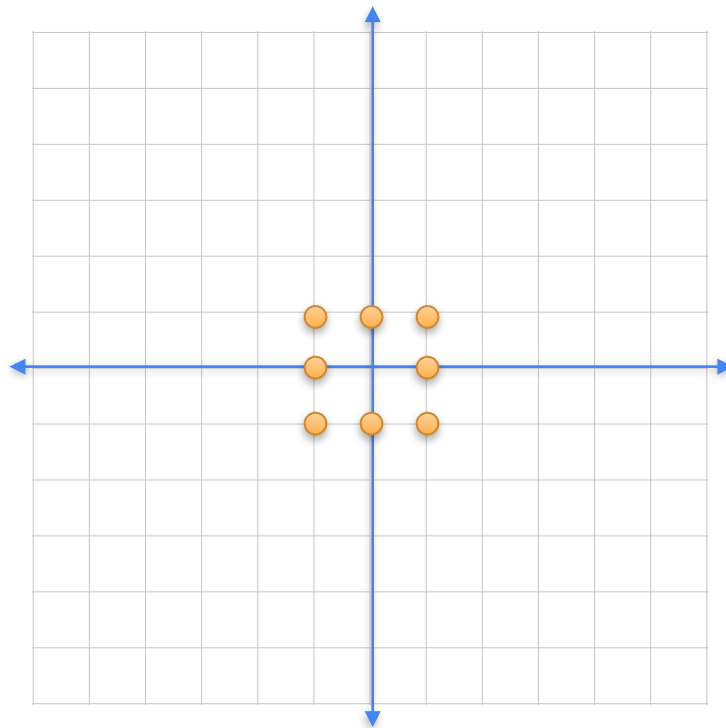


Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

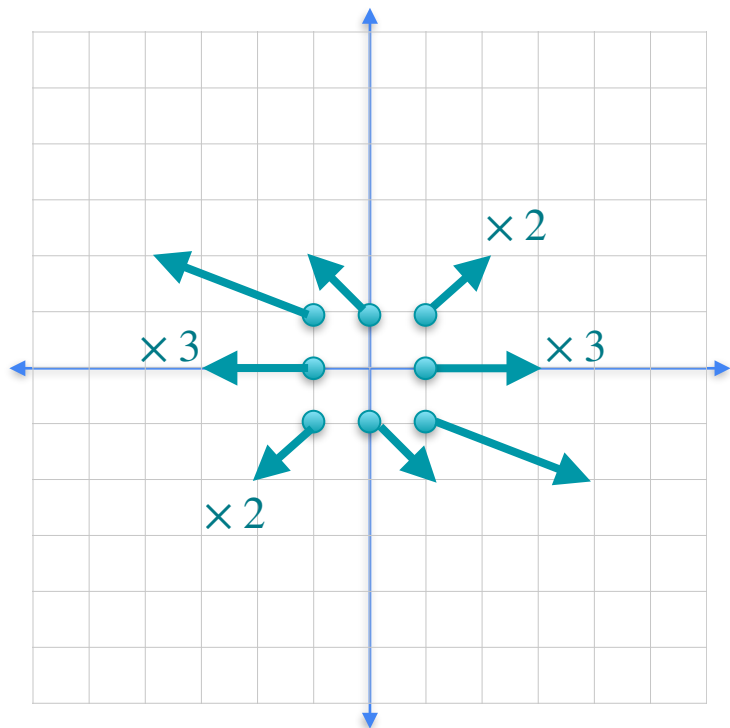


3	0
0	3

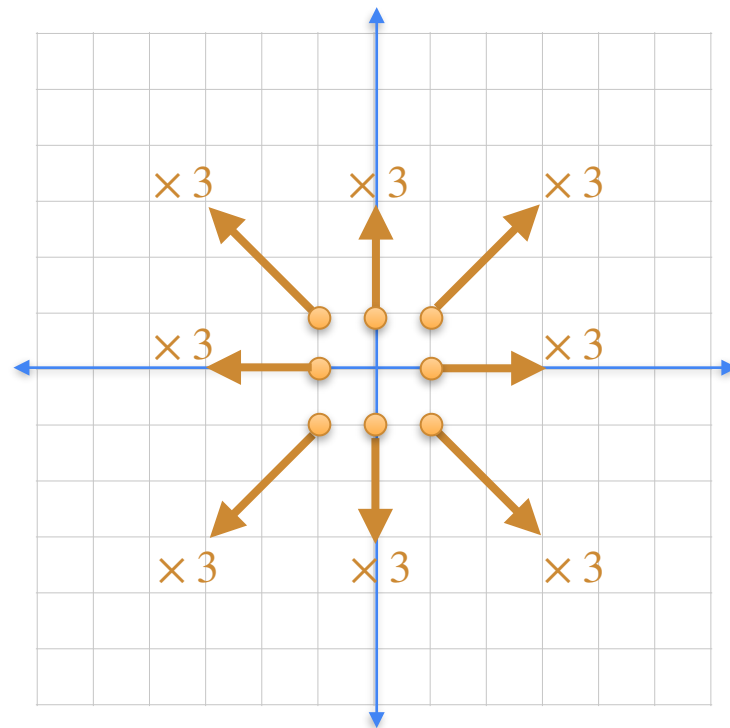


Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

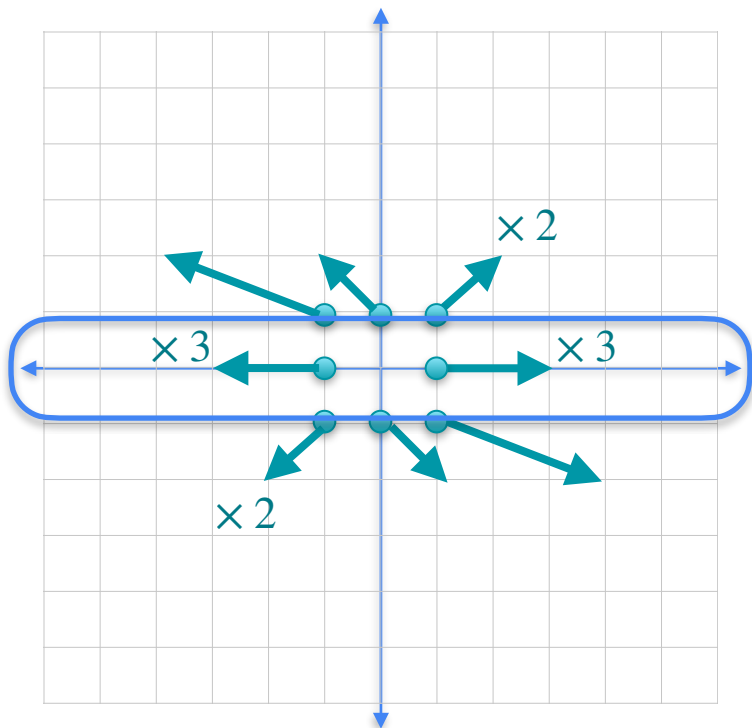


3	0
0	3

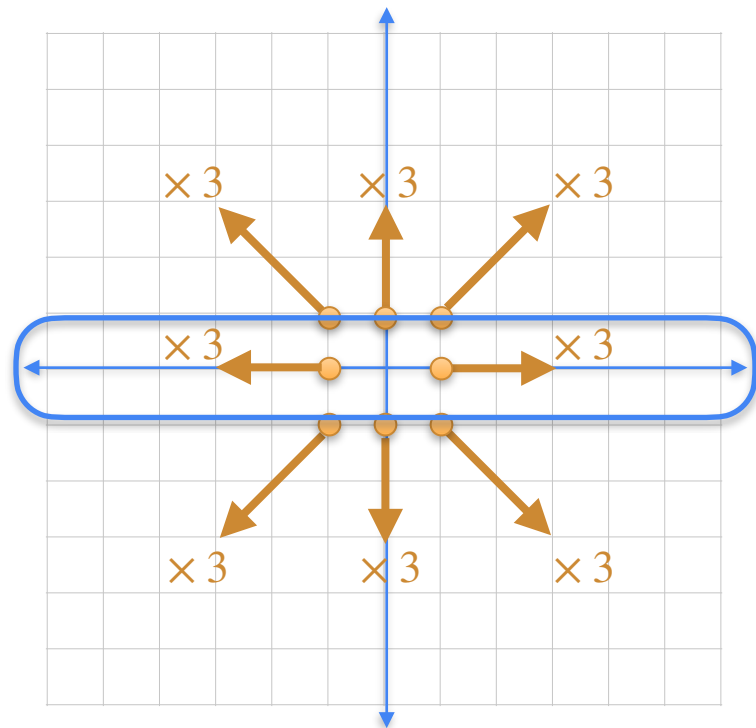


Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

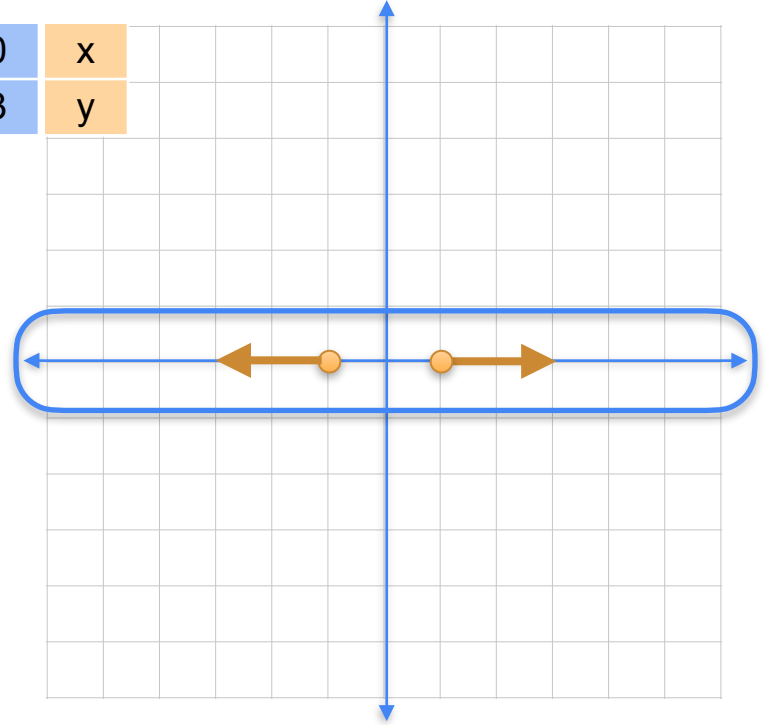
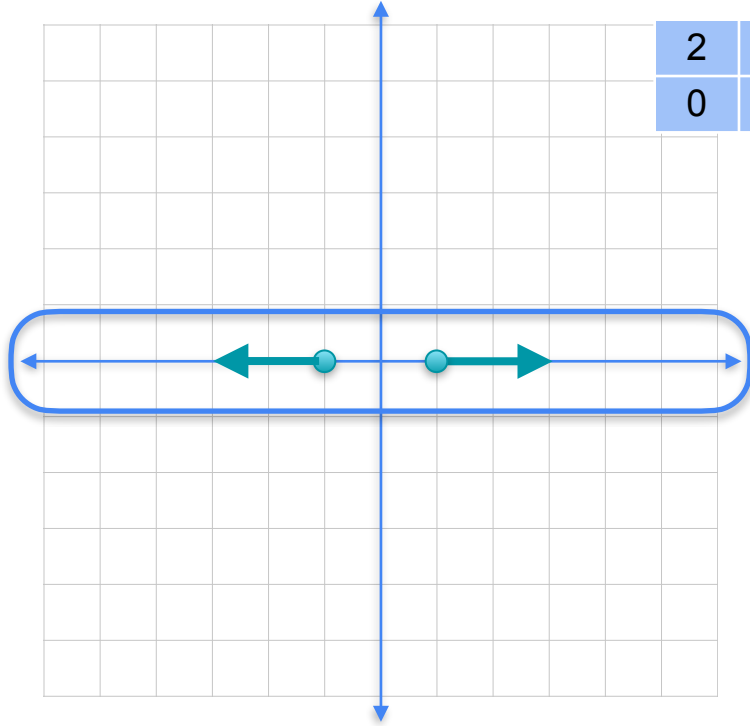


3	0
0	3



Finding eigenvalues

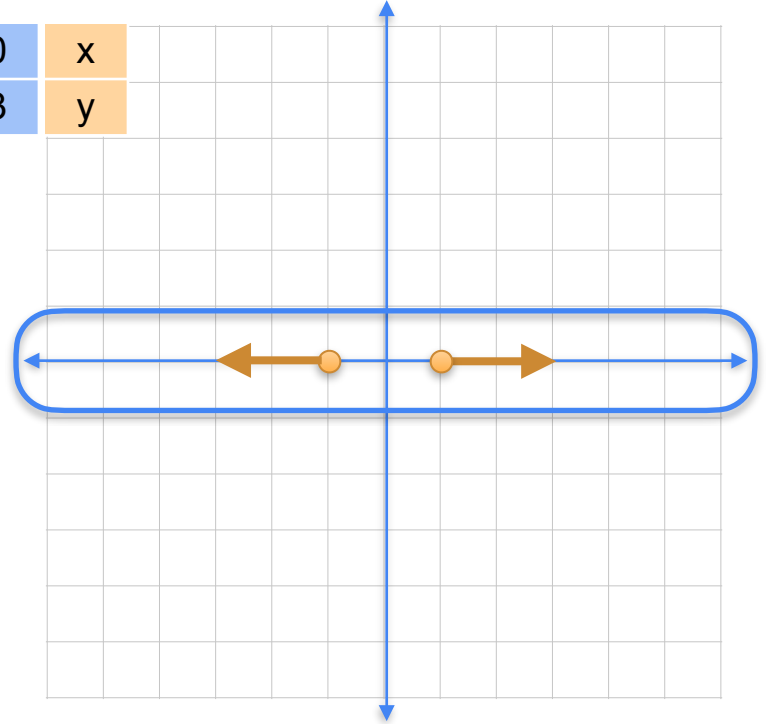
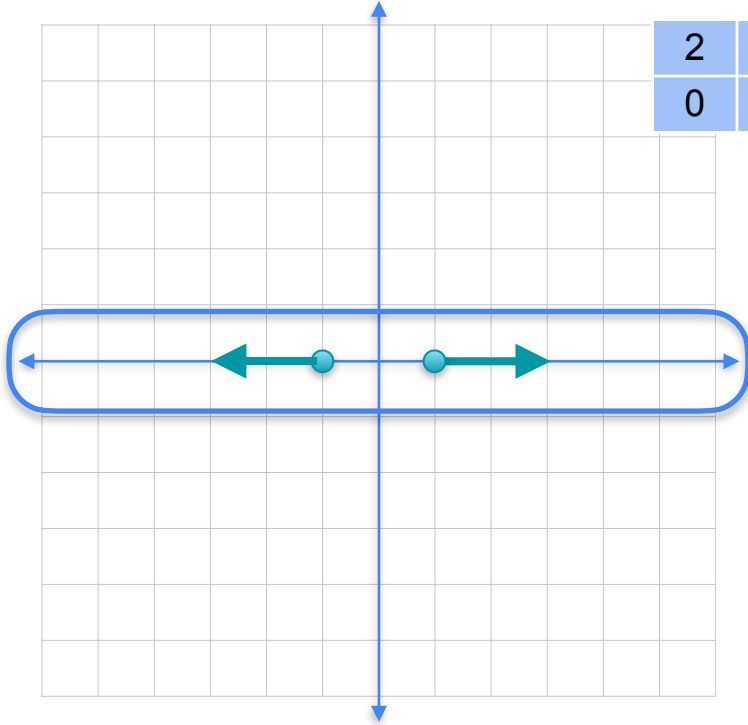
$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$



Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

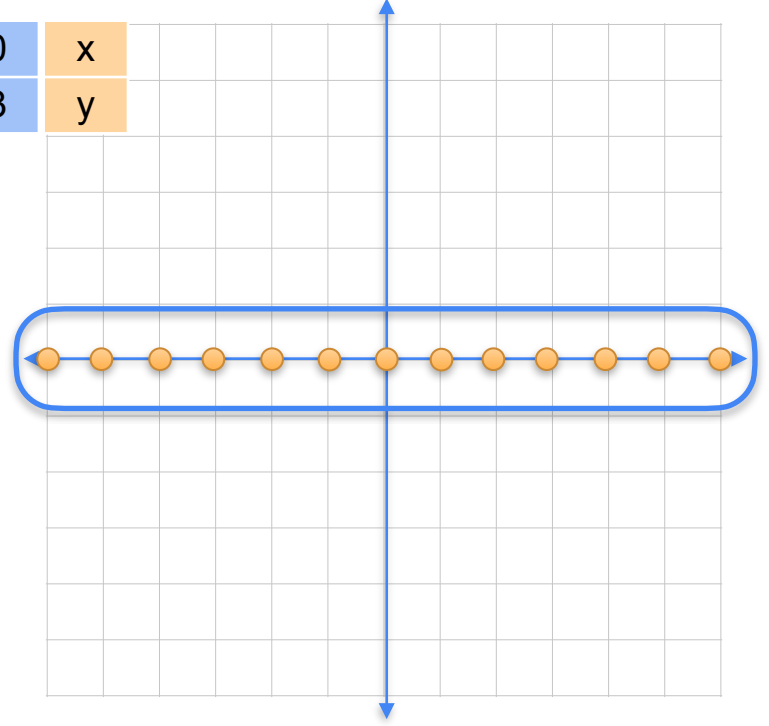
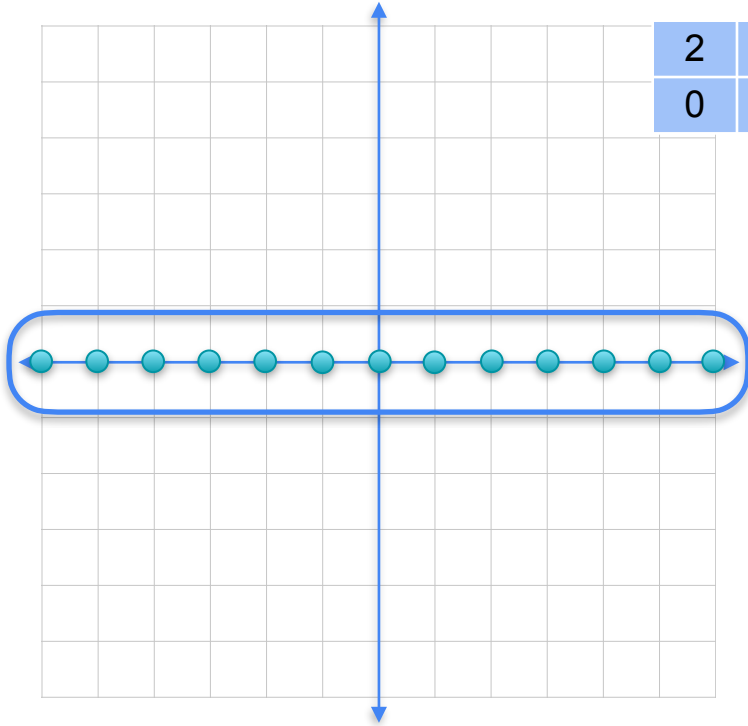
For infinitely many points



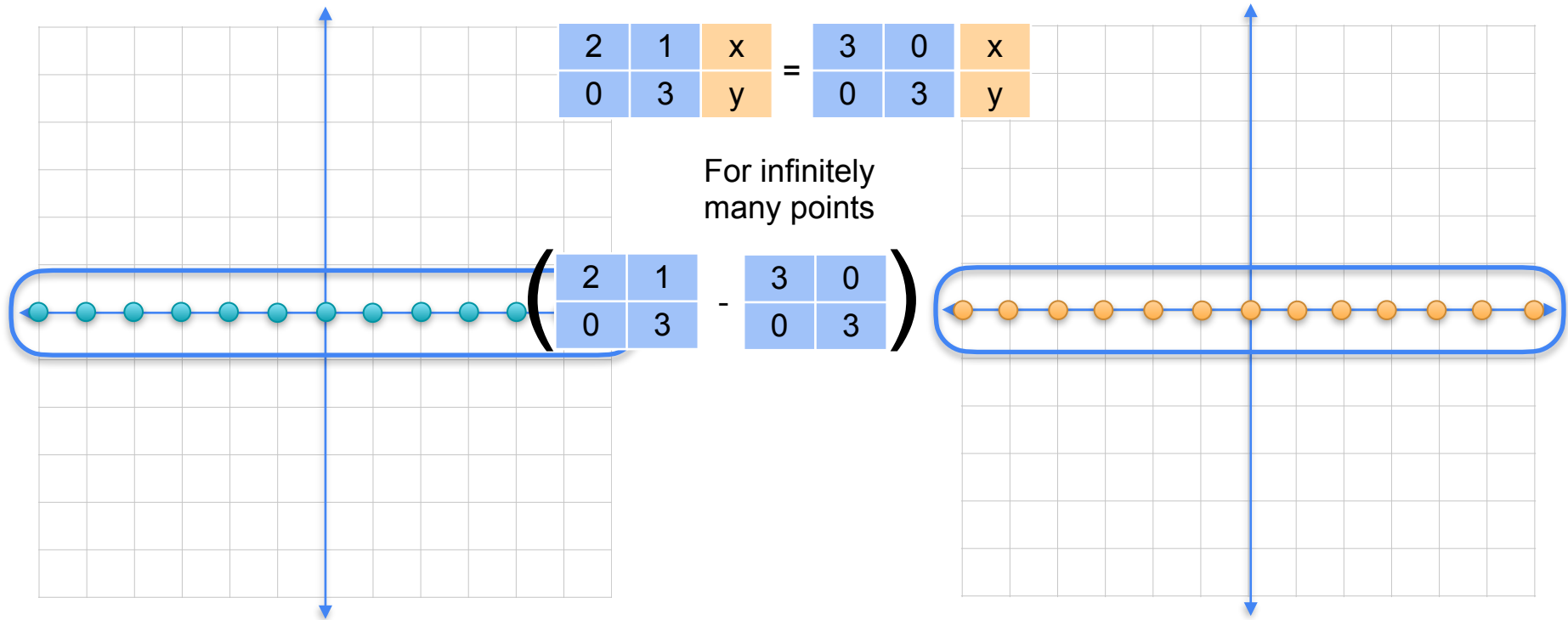
Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

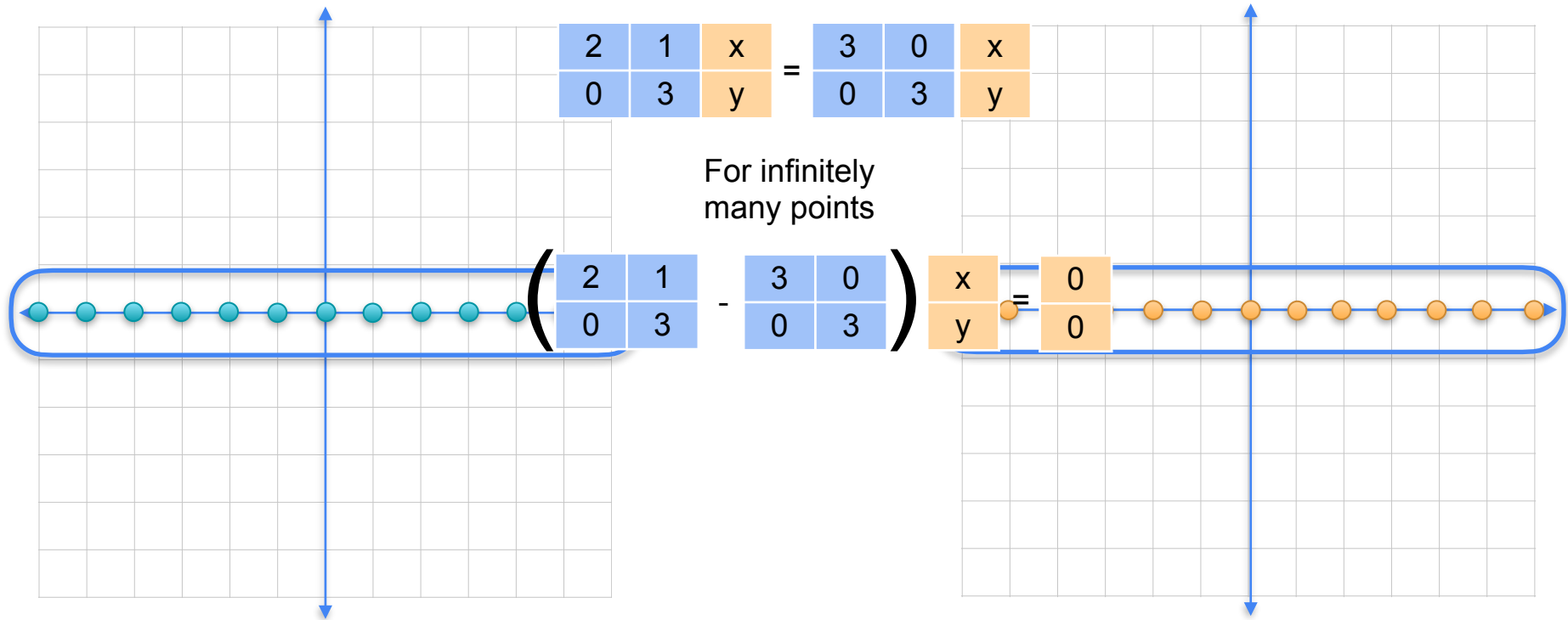
For infinitely
many points



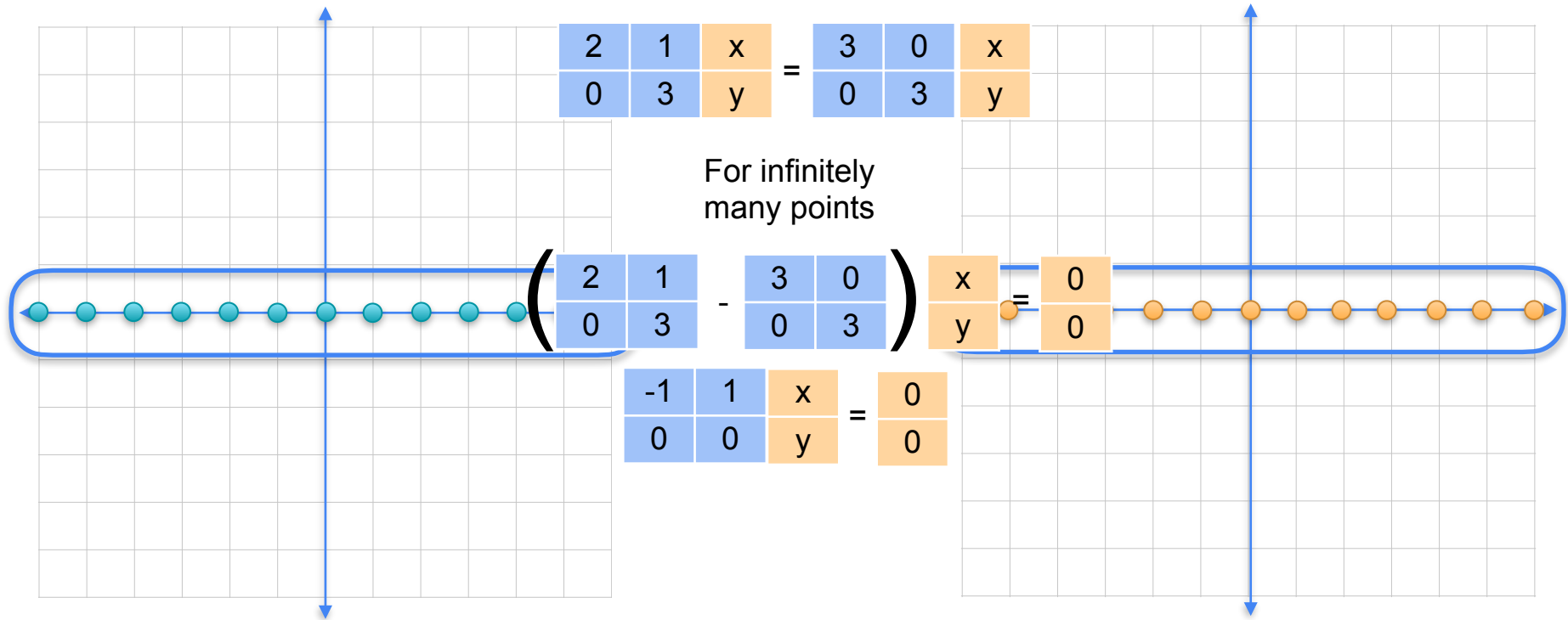
Finding eigenvalues



Finding eigenvalues



Finding eigenvalues



Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

For infinitely many points

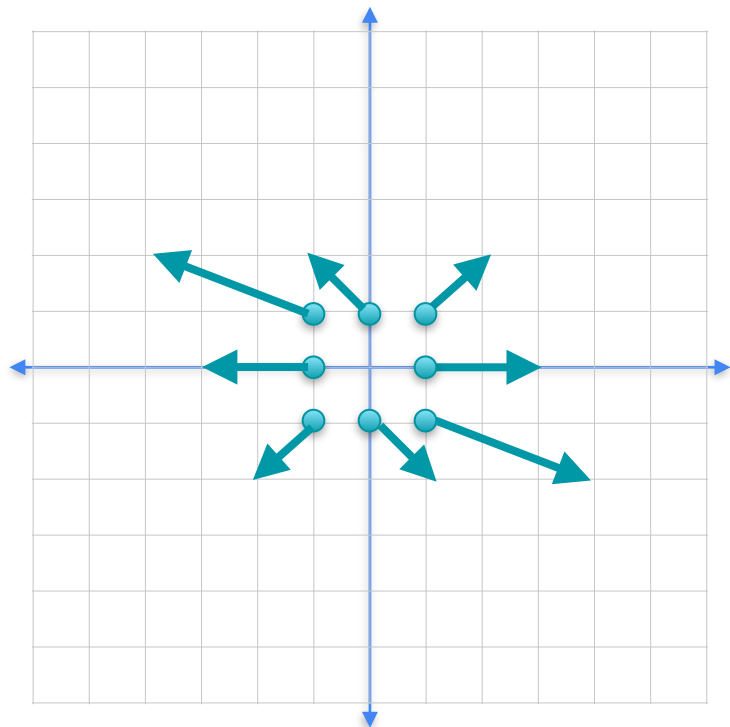
$$\left(\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \right) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

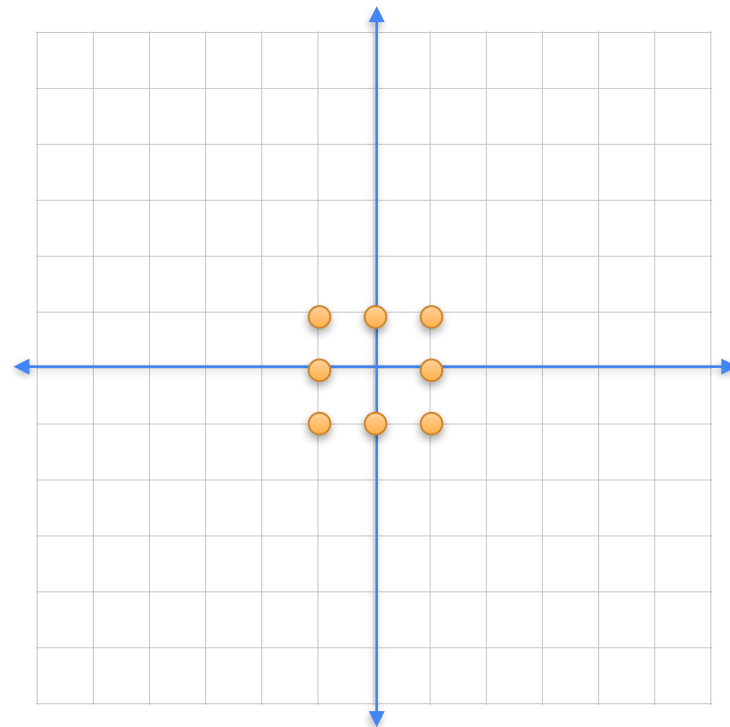
$$\det \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = 0$$

Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

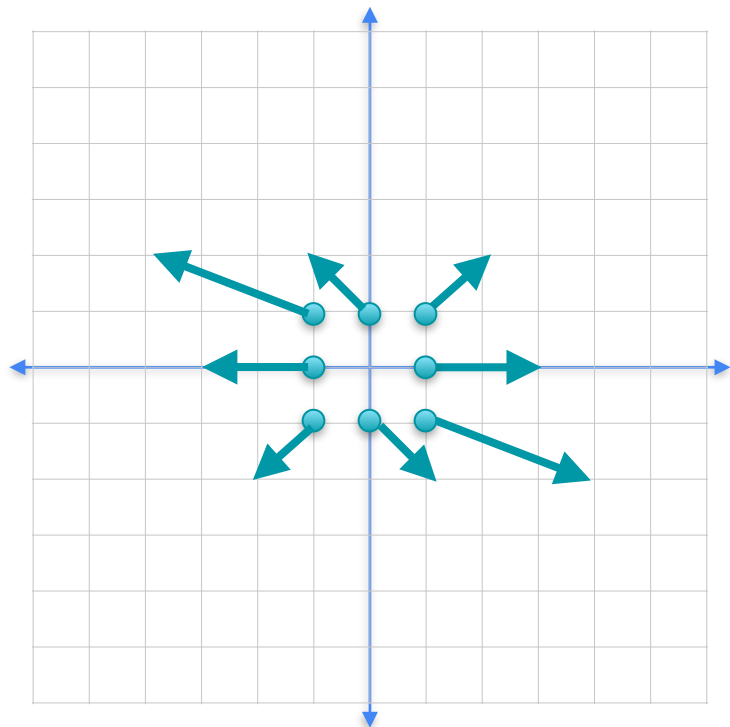


2	0
0	2

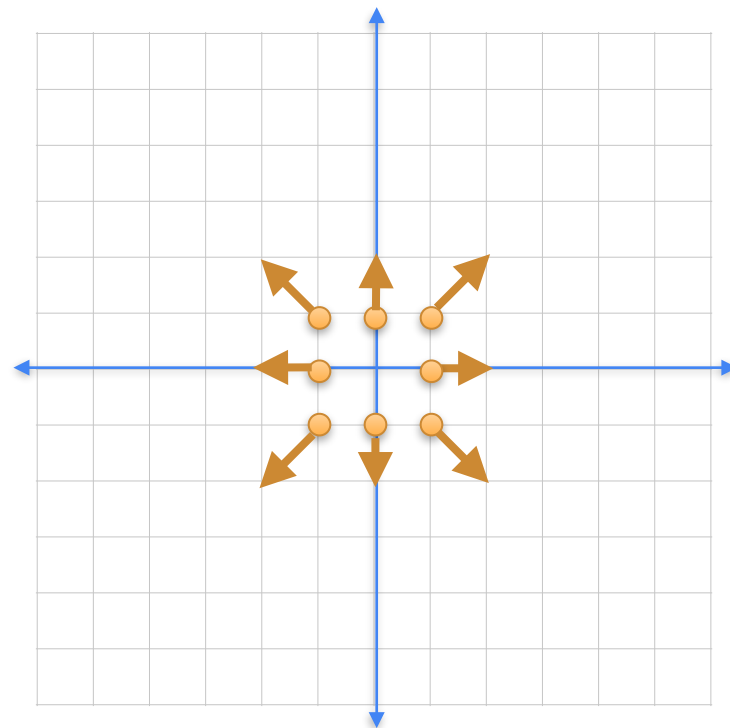


Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

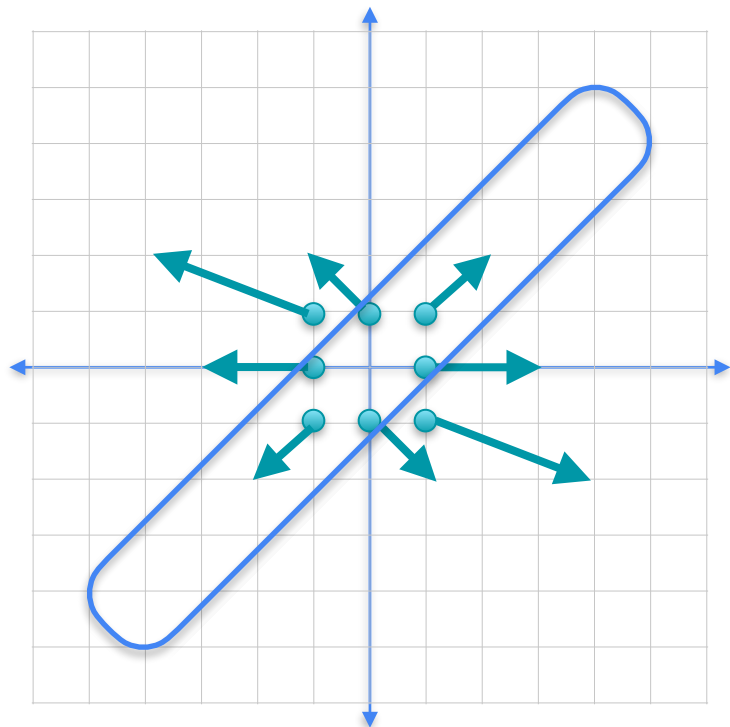


2	0
0	2

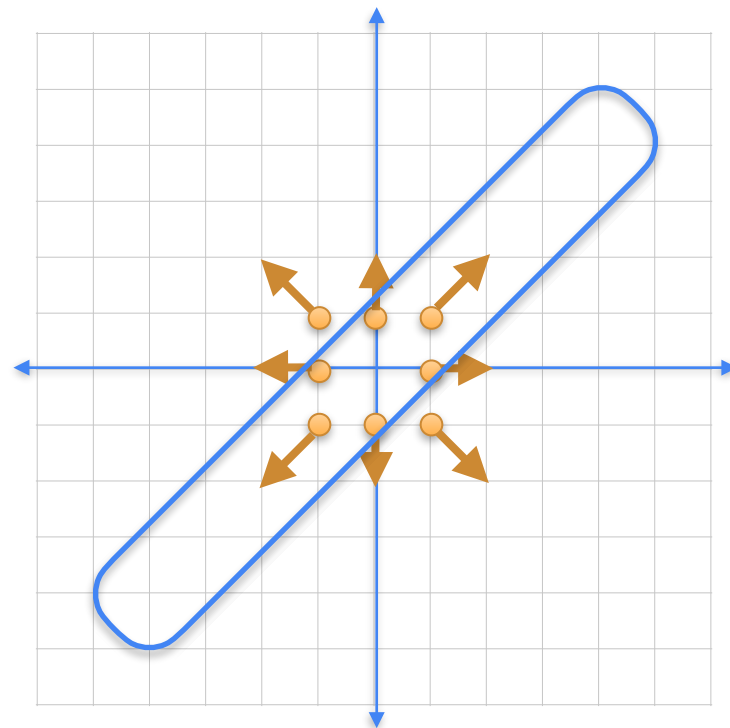


Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

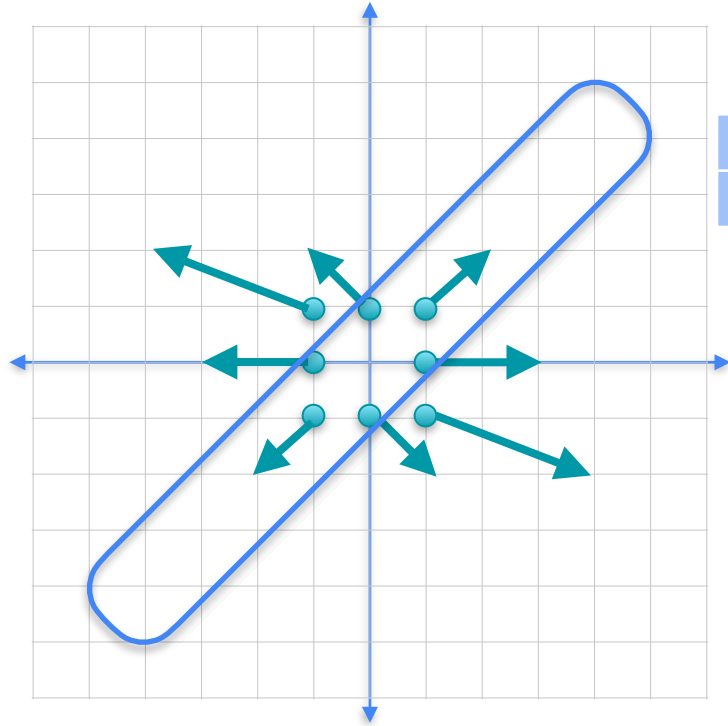


2	0
0	2



Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

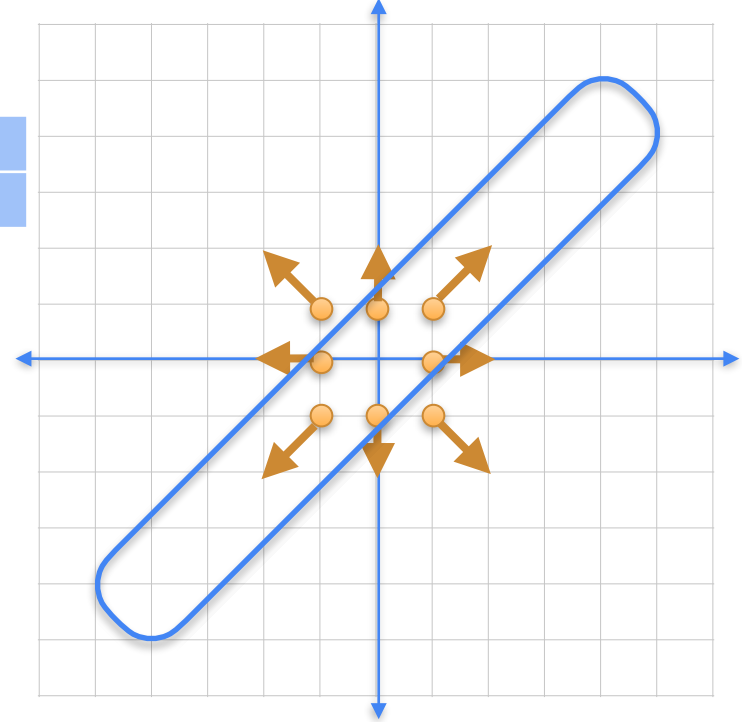


2	1
0	3

-

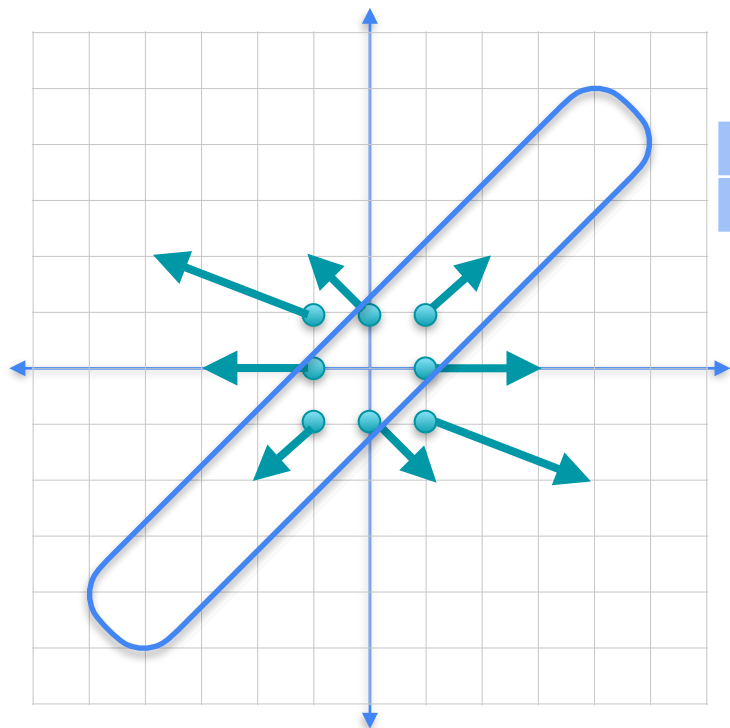
2	0
0	2

2	0
0	2



Find eigenvalues

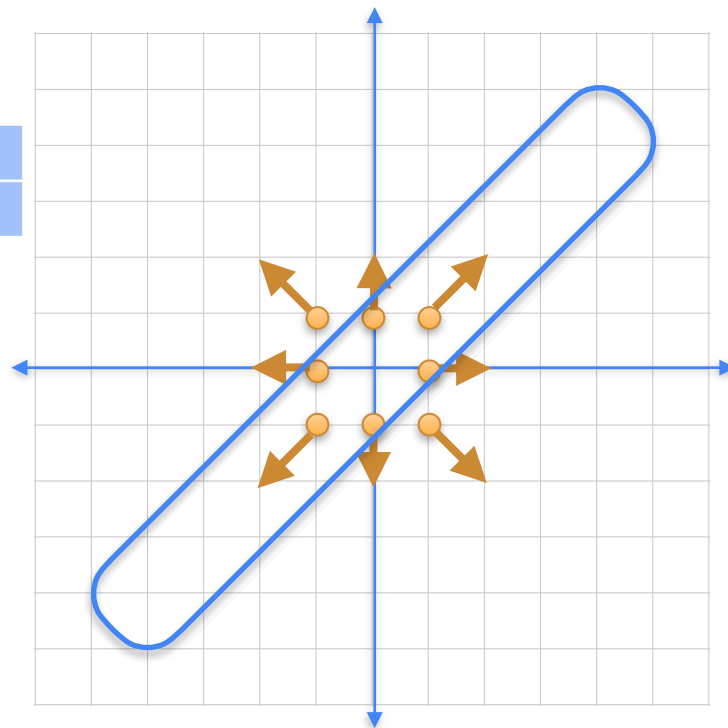
2	1
0	3



$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

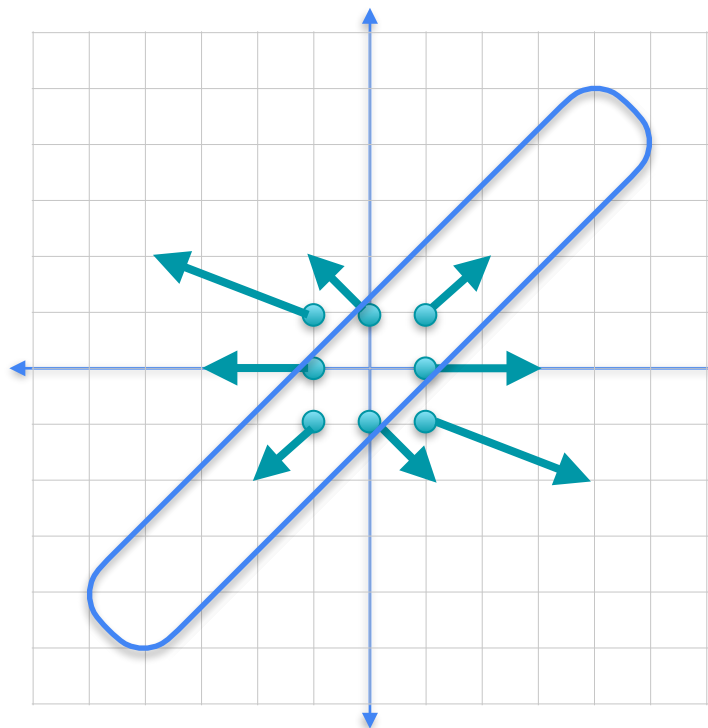
$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

2	0
0	2



Find eigenvalues

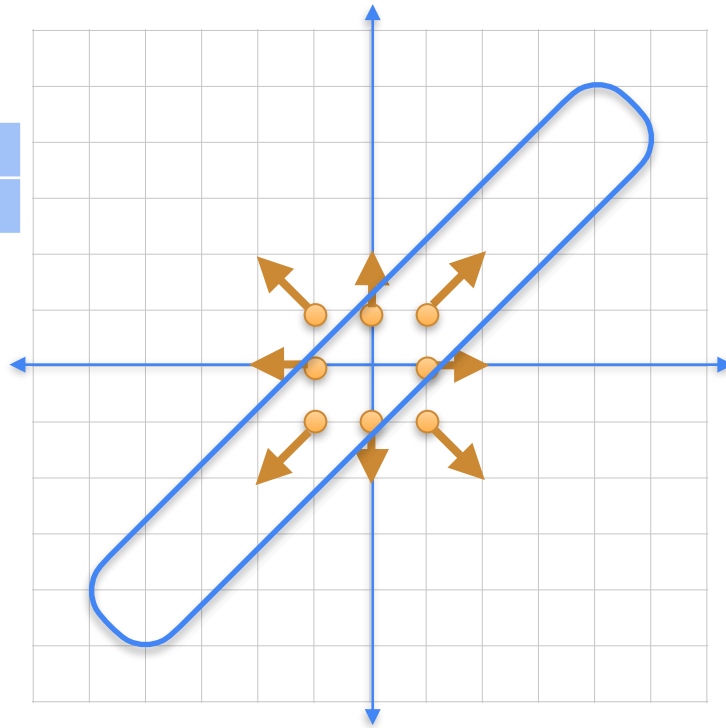
2	1
0	3



$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

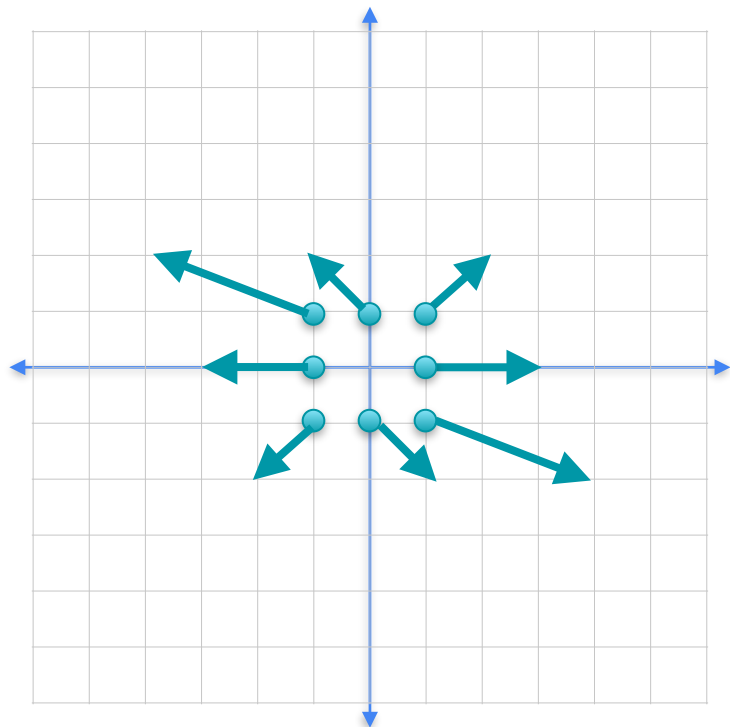
$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

2	0
0	2

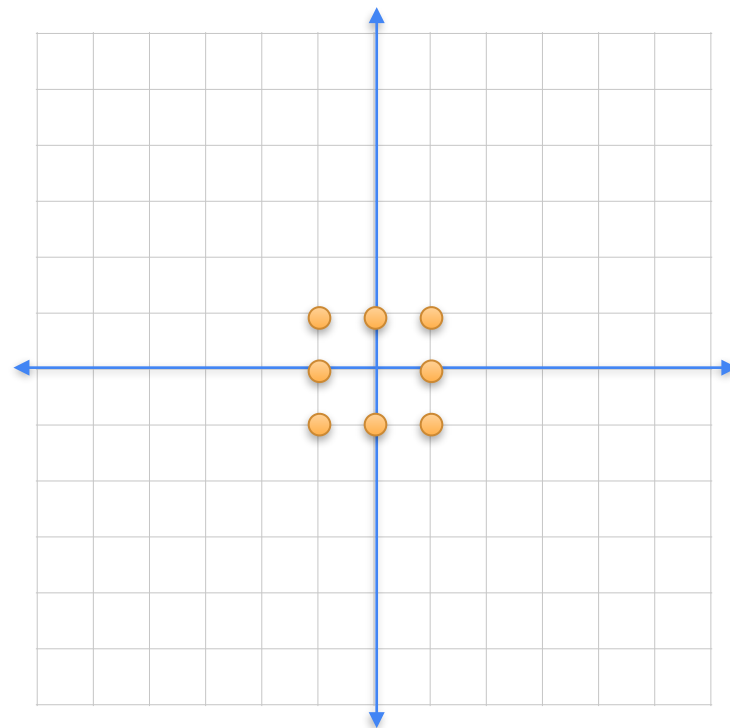


Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

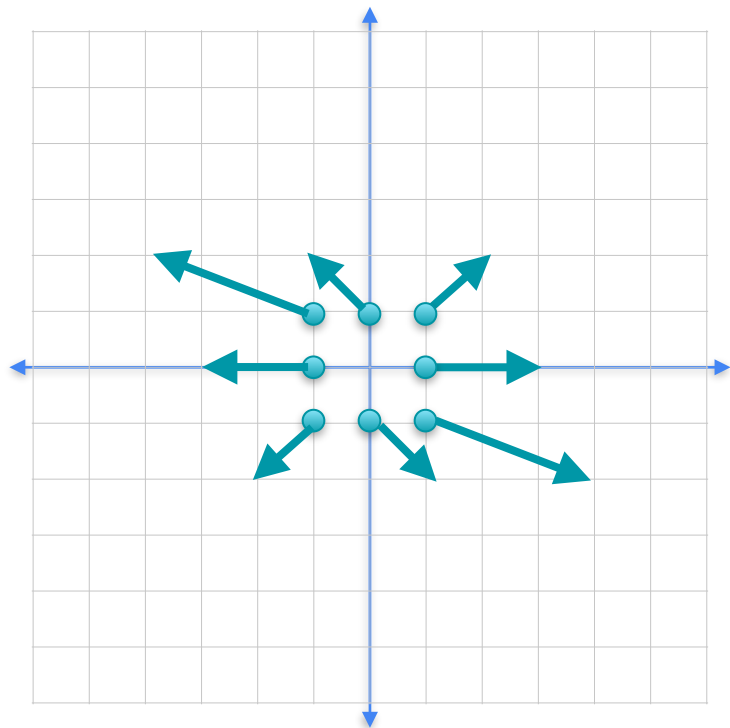


4	0
0	4

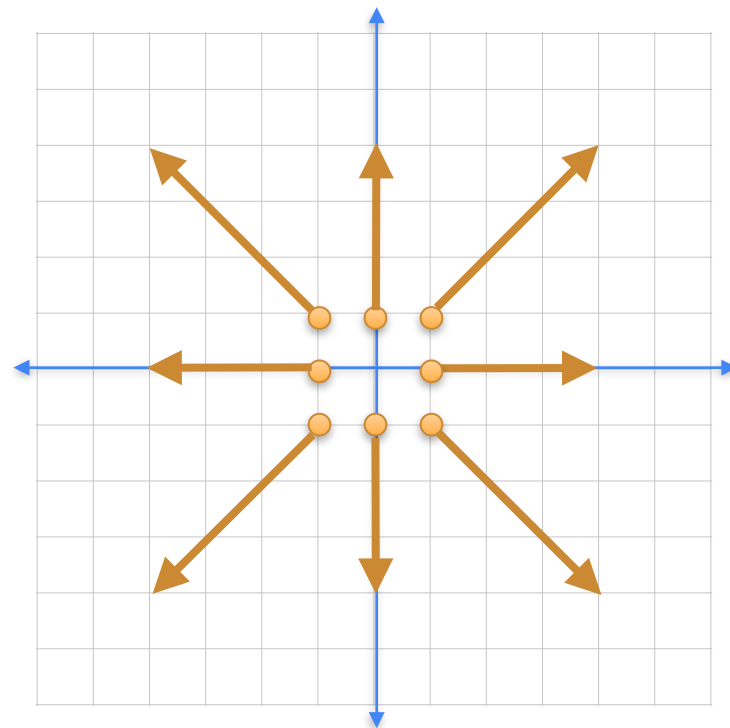


Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

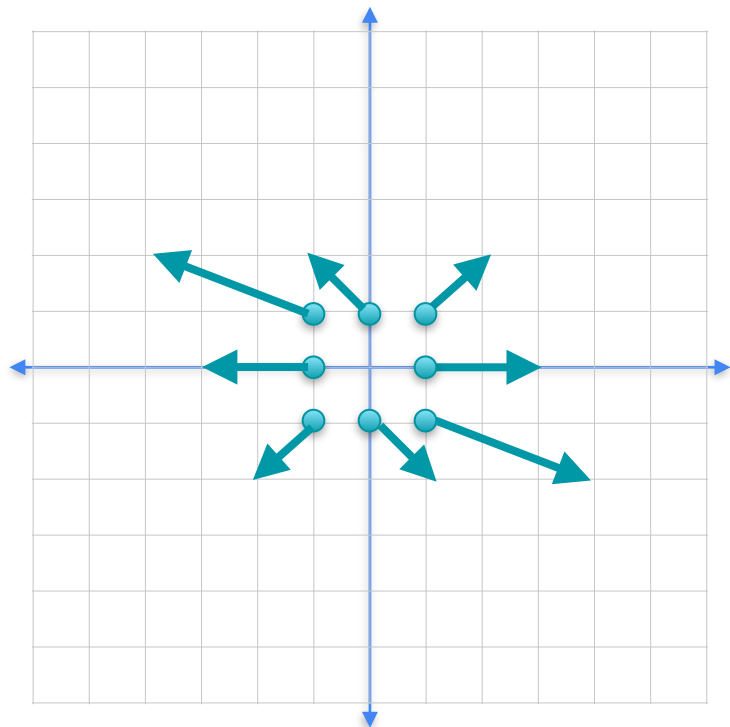


4	0
0	4

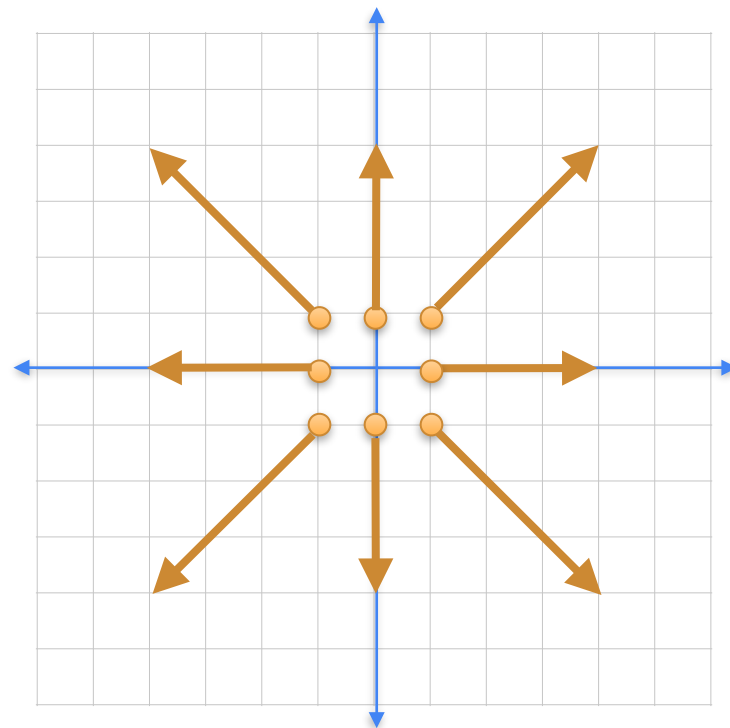


Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

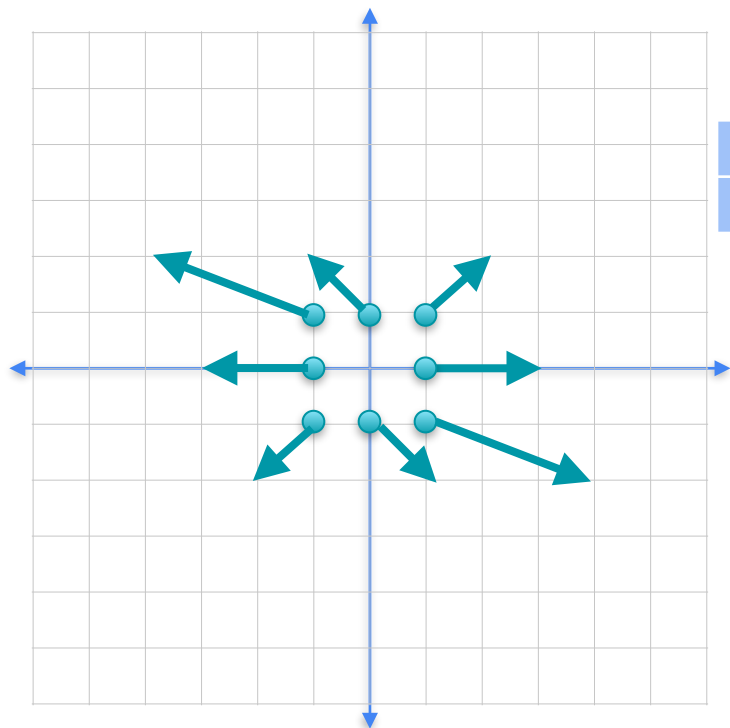


4	0
0	4



Find eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

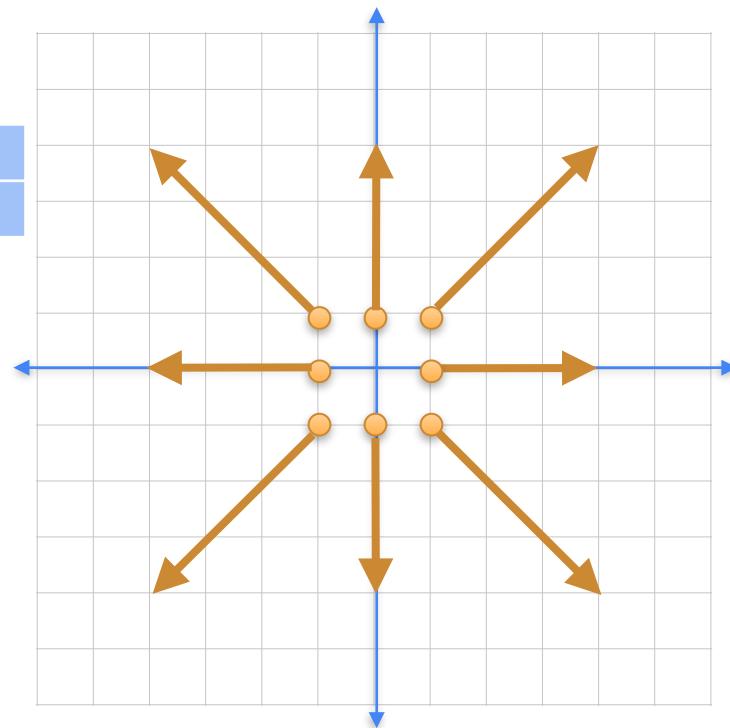


2	1
0	3

-

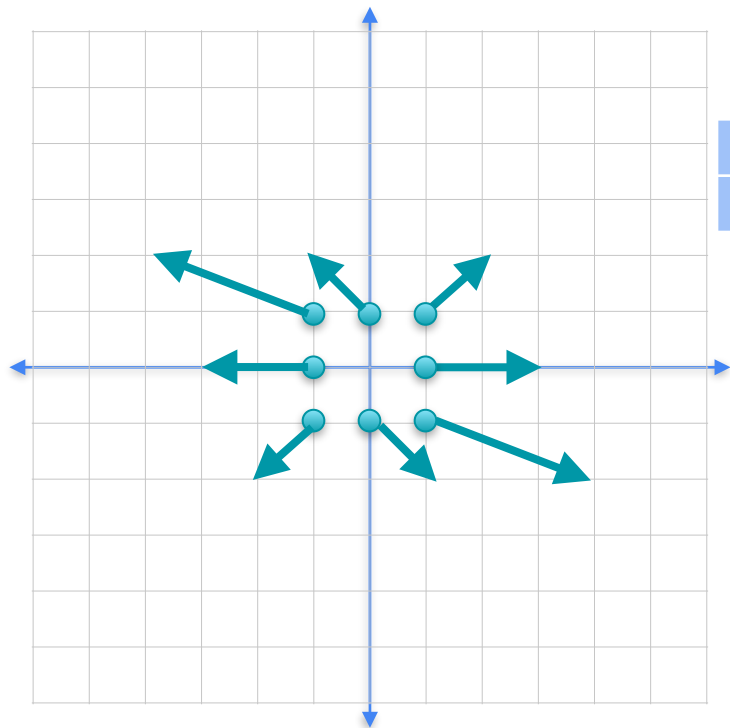
4	0
0	4

4	0
0	4



Find eigenvalues

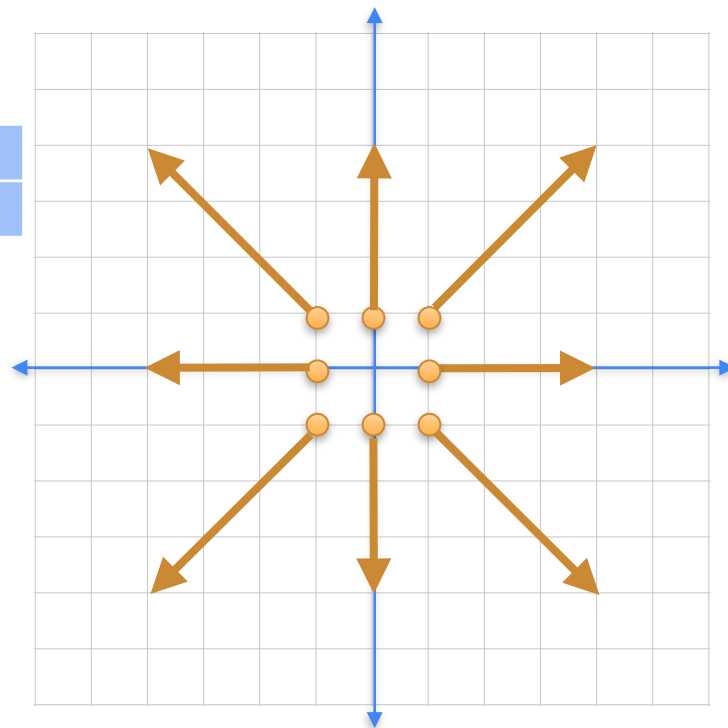
2	1
0	3



$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

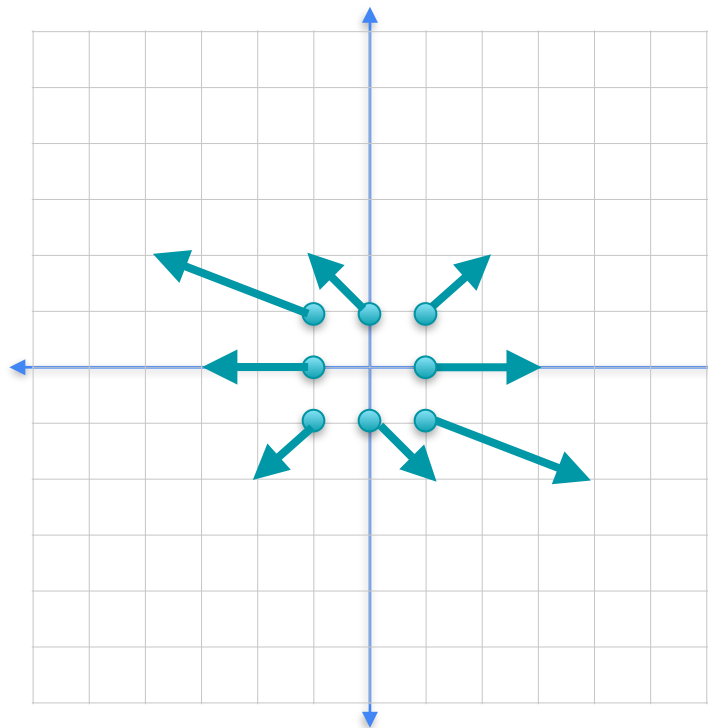
$$\begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

4	0
0	4



Find eigenvalues

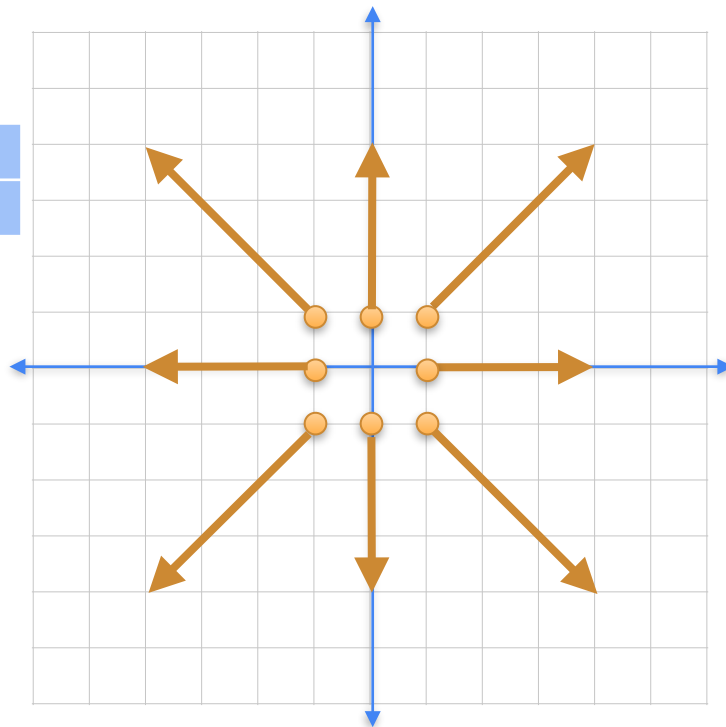
2	1
0	3



$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} - \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 0 \\ 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} -2 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \neq 0$$

4	0
0	4



Finding eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

Finding eigenvalues

2	1
0	3

λ	0
0	λ

Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

$$(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Characteristic polynomial

$$(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

Finding eigenvalues

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Characteristic polynomial

$$(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 2$$

$$\lambda = 3$$

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Characteristic polynomial

$$(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\lambda = 2$$

$$\lambda = 3$$

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

For infinitely many (x,y)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Characteristic polynomial

$$(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda &= 2 \\ \lambda &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

Finding eigenvalues

If λ is an eigenvalue:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} \lambda & 0 \\ 0 & \lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

For infinitely many (x,y)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Has infinitely many solutions

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} 2-\lambda & 1 \\ 0 & 3-\lambda \end{bmatrix} = 0$$

Characteristic polynomial

$$(2 - \lambda)(3 - \lambda) - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned} \lambda &= 2 \\ \lambda &= 3 \end{aligned}$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$x = 1$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$y = 0$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 3x$$

$$0x + 3y = 3y$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 3x$$

$$0x + 3y = 3y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 1$$

Finding eigenvectors

Eigenvalues: $\lambda = 2$
 $\lambda = 3$

Solve the equations

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 2 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 2x$$

$$0x + 3y = 2y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} = 3 \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix}$$

$$2x + y = 3x$$

$$0x + 3y = 3y$$

$$x = 1$$

$$y = 1$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Quiz

- Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of this matrix:

9	4
4	3

Solution

- Eigenvalues: 11, 1
- Eigenvectors: (2,1), (-1,2)

9	4
4	3



- The characteristic polynomial is

$$\det \begin{array}{|c|c|} \hline 9-\lambda & 4 \\ \hline 4 & 3-\lambda \\ \hline \end{array} = (9-\lambda)(3-\lambda) - 4 \cdot 4 = 0$$

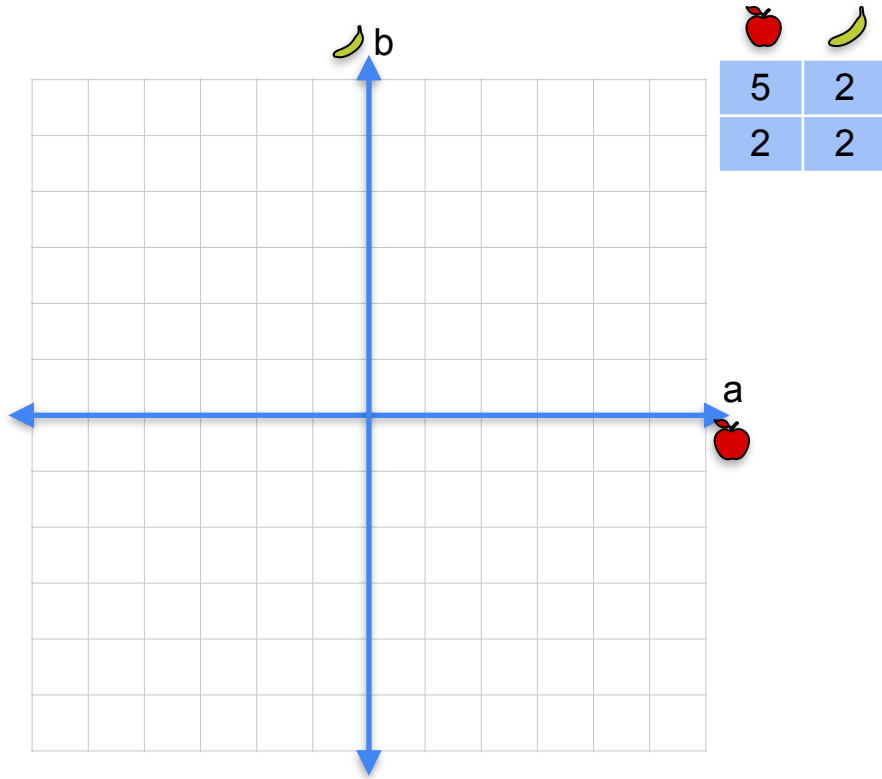
- Which factors as $\lambda^2 - 12\lambda + 11 = (\lambda - 11)(\lambda - 1)$

- The solutions are $\lambda = 11$
 $\lambda = 1$

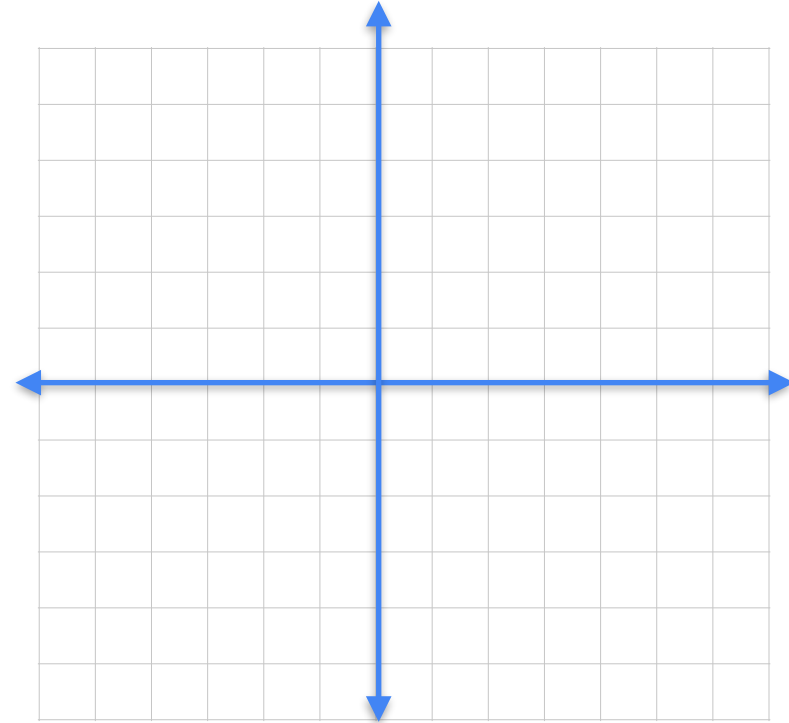
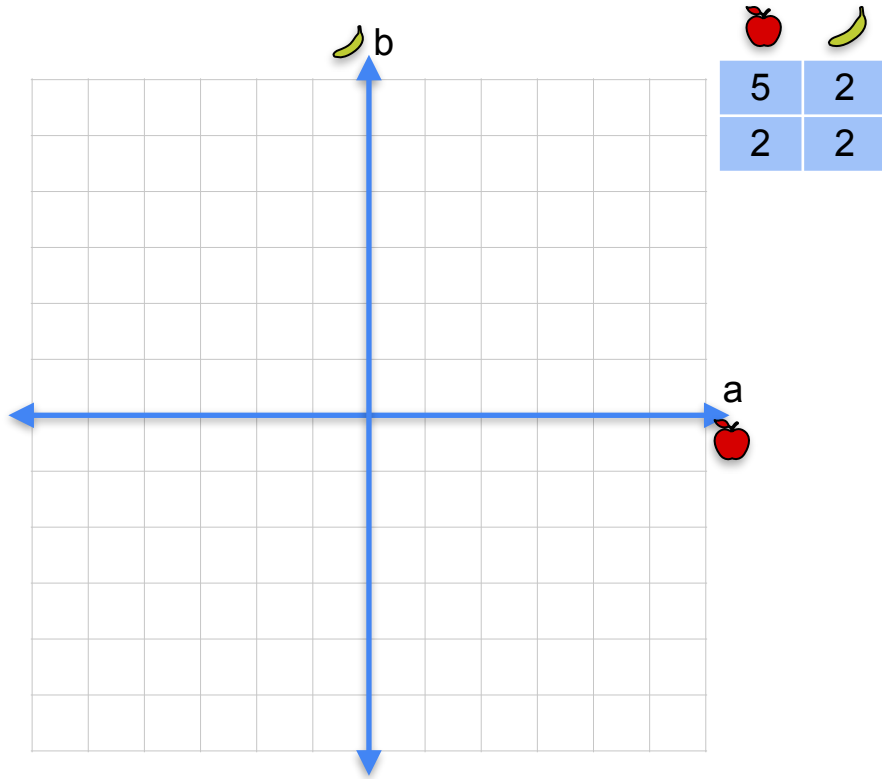
Matrices as linear transformations

	
5	2
2	2

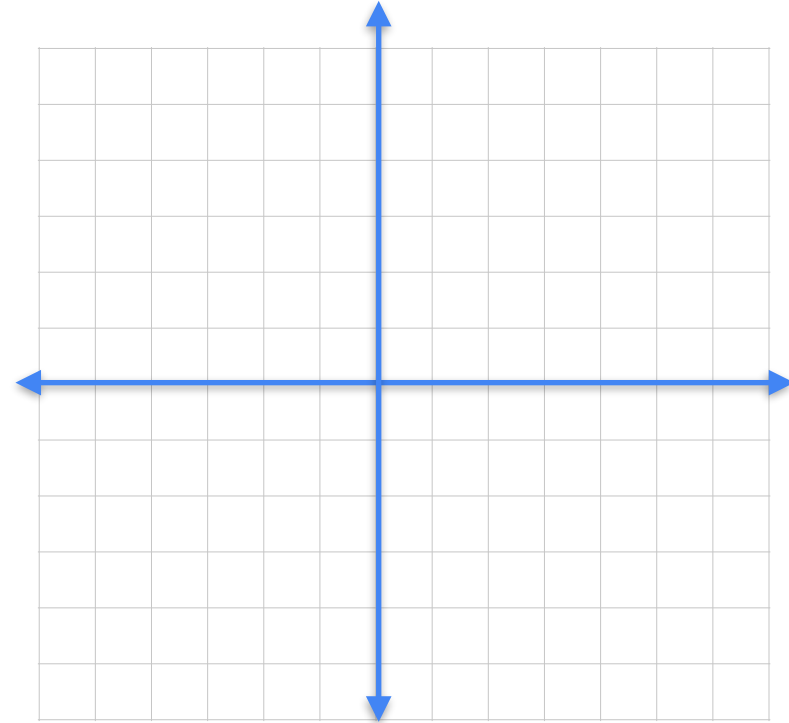
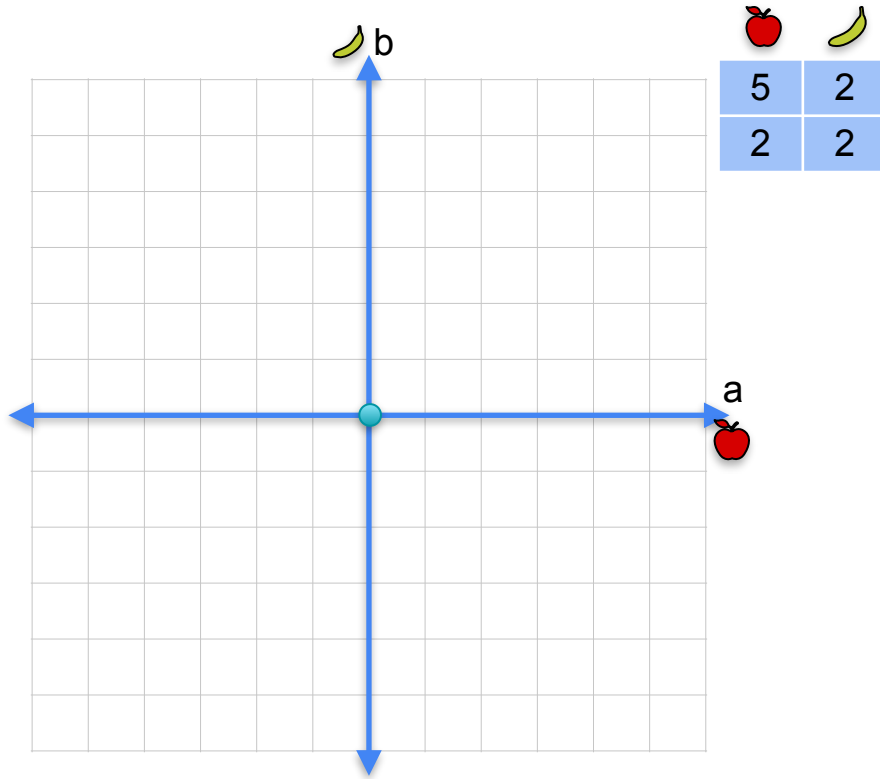
Matrices as linear transformations



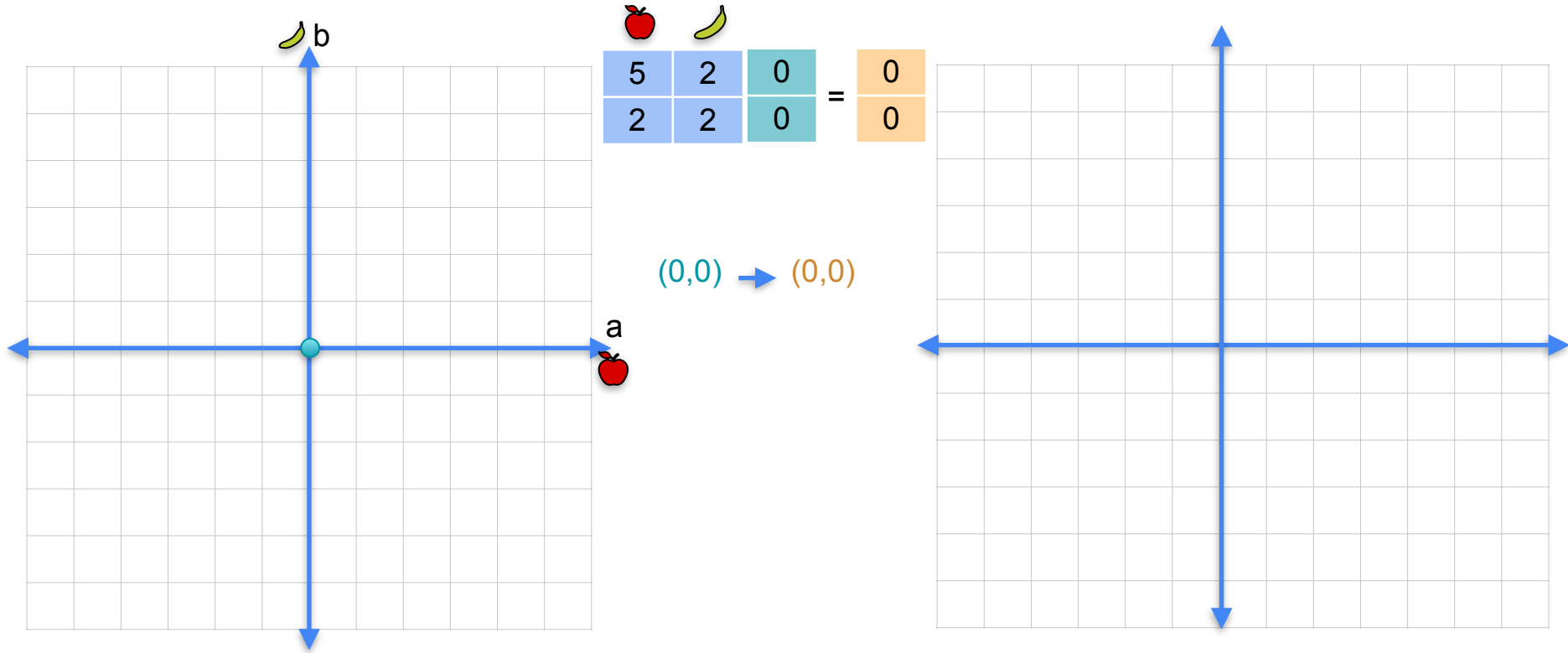
Matrices as linear transformations



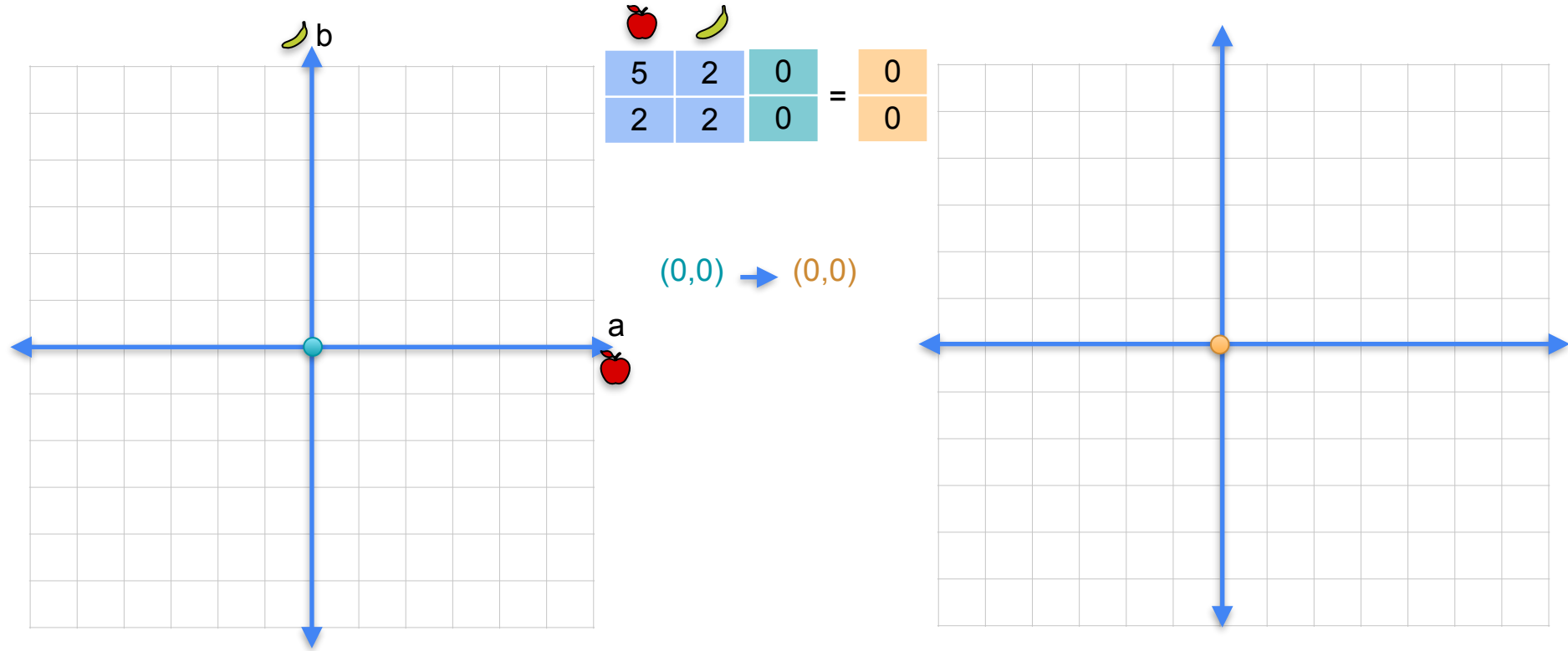
Matrices as linear transformations



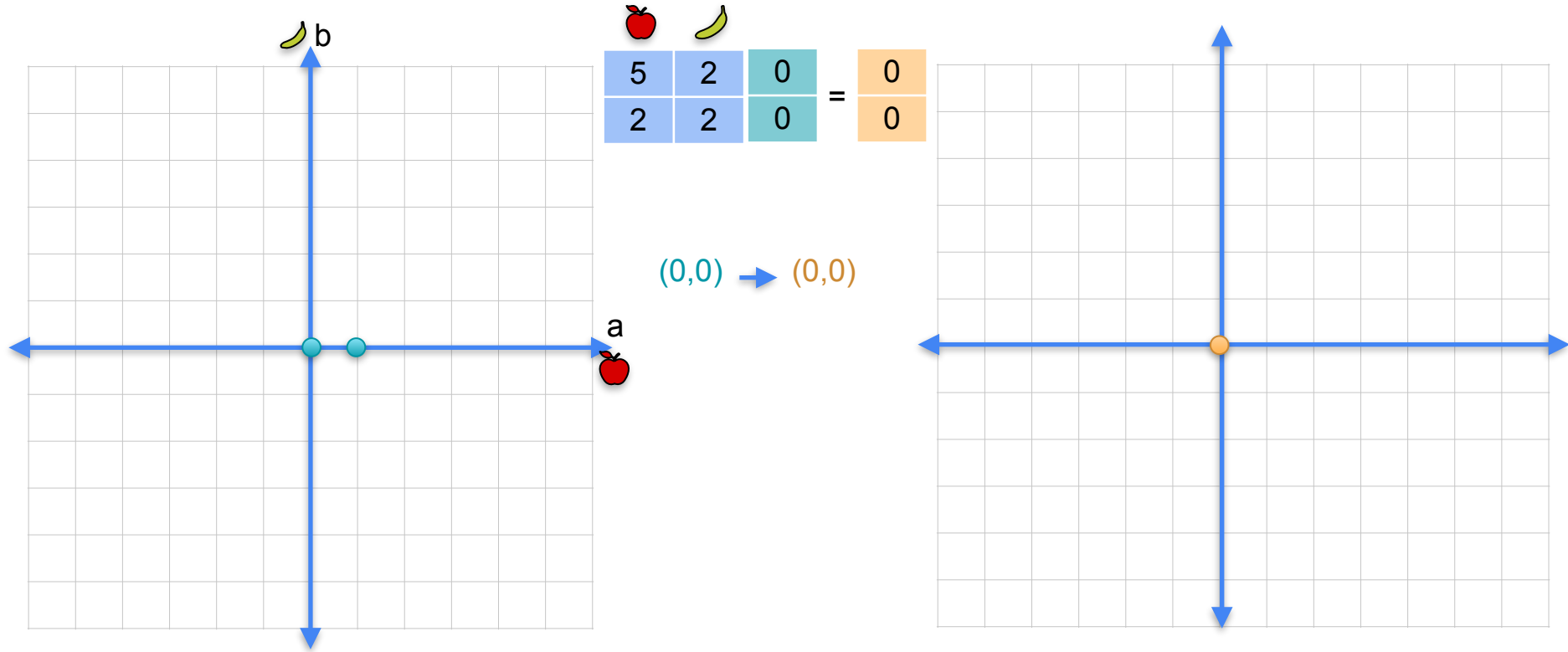
Matrices as linear transformations



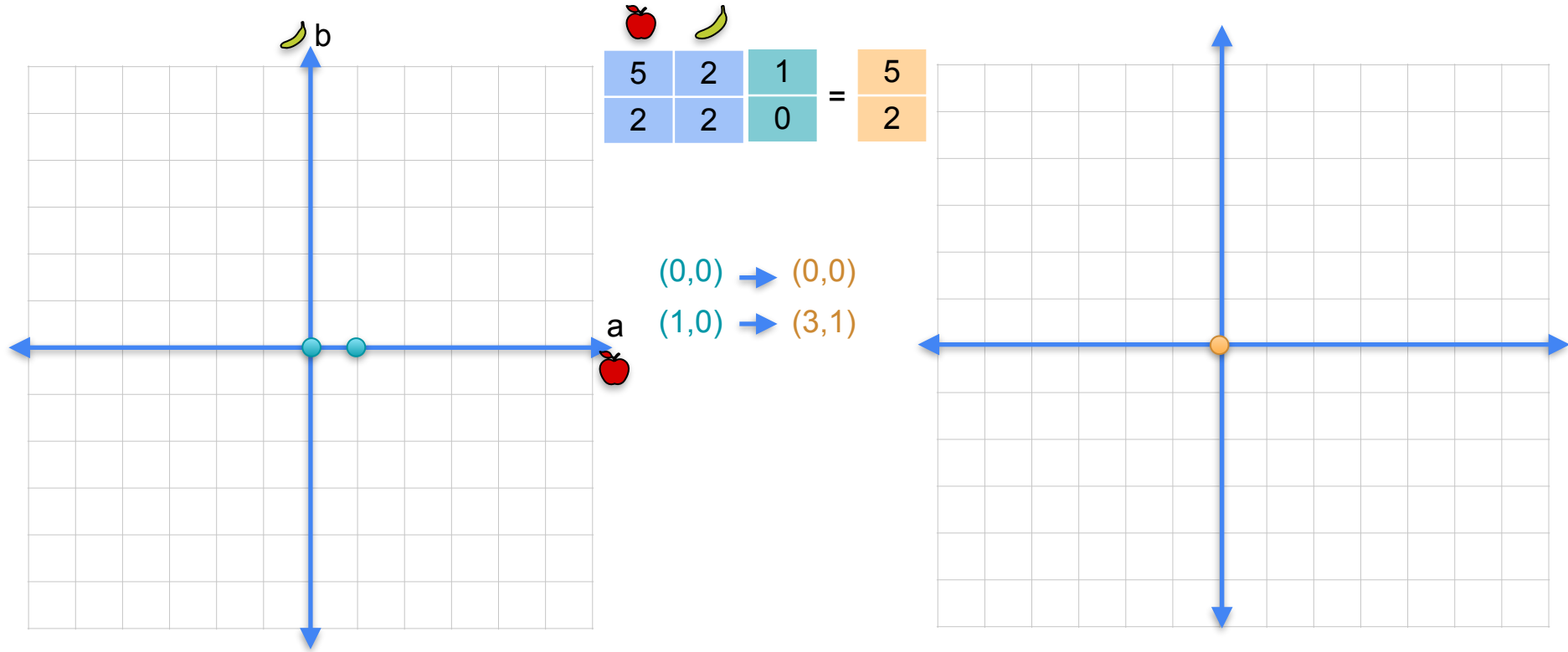
Matrices as linear transformations



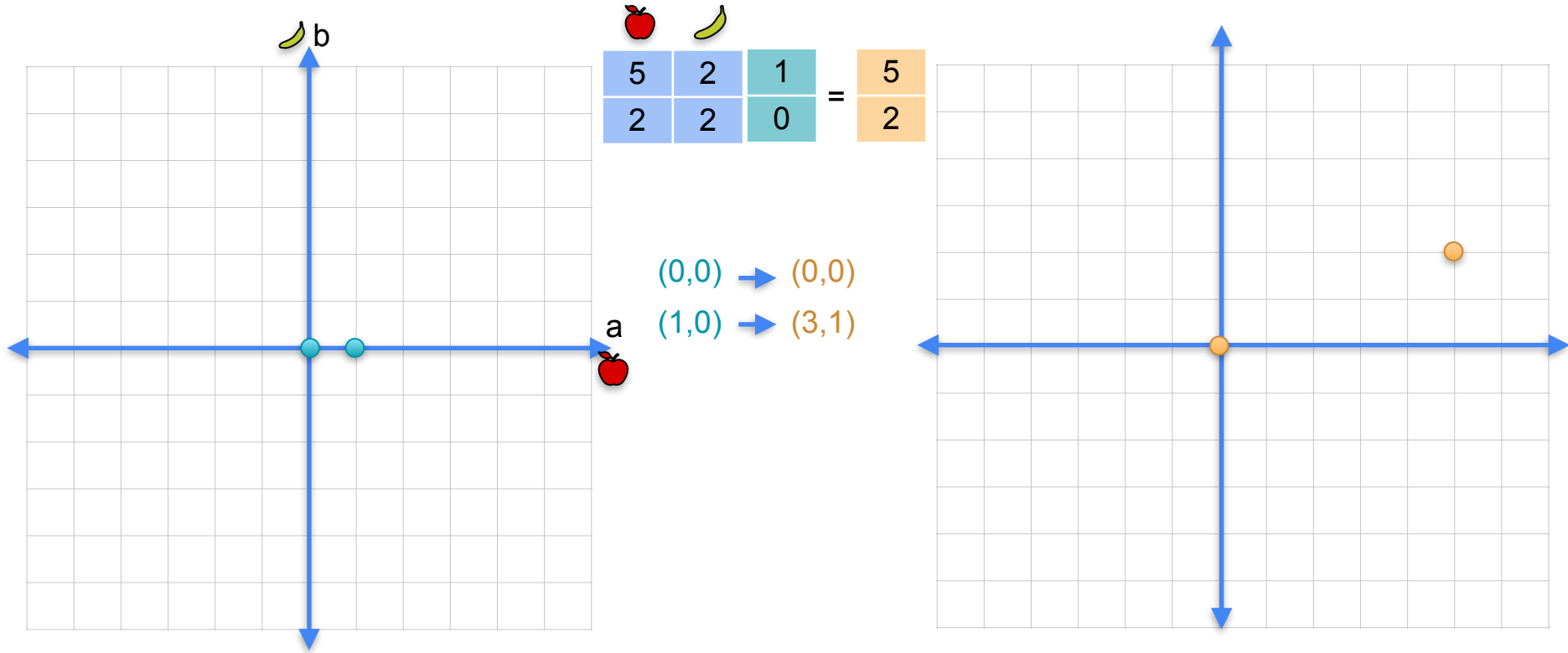
Matrices as linear transformations



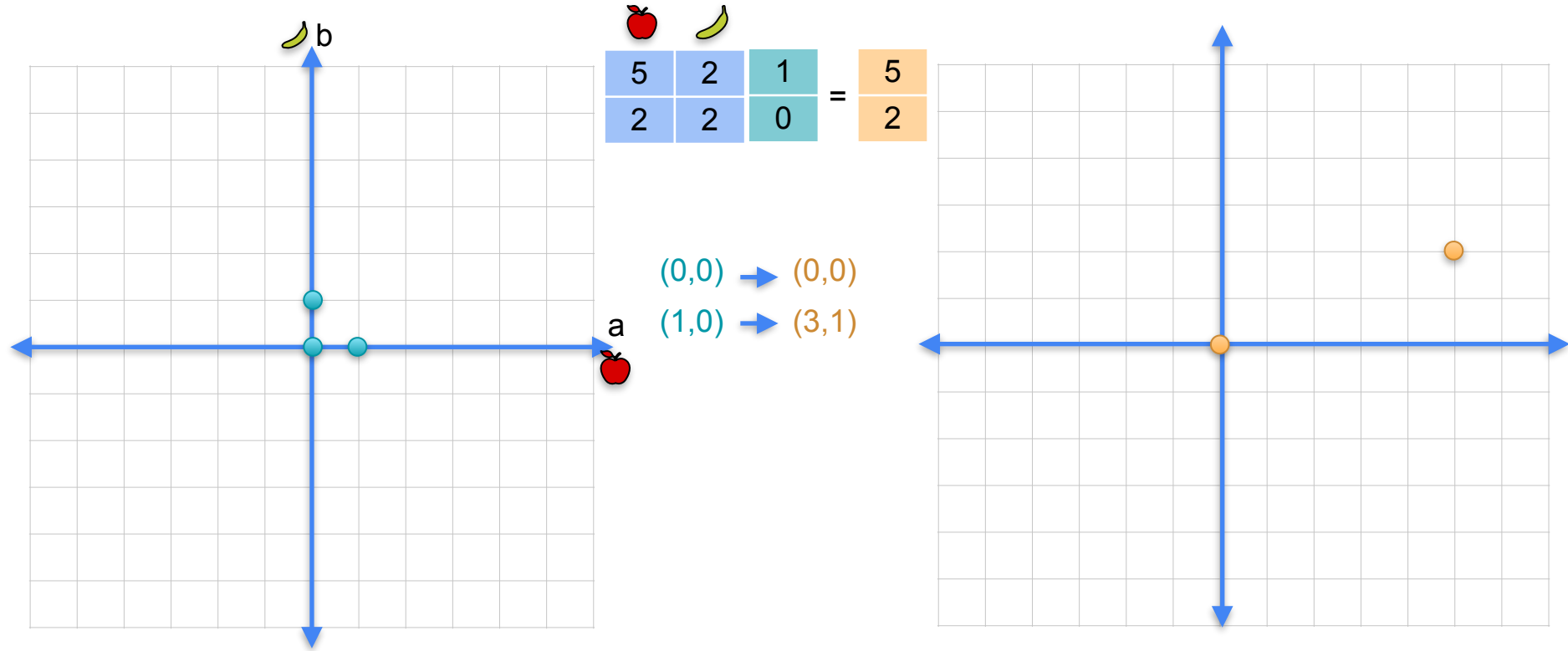
Matrices as linear transformations



Matrices as linear transformations



Matrices as linear transformations



Matrices as linear transformations

b



5	2	0	=	2
2	2	1		2

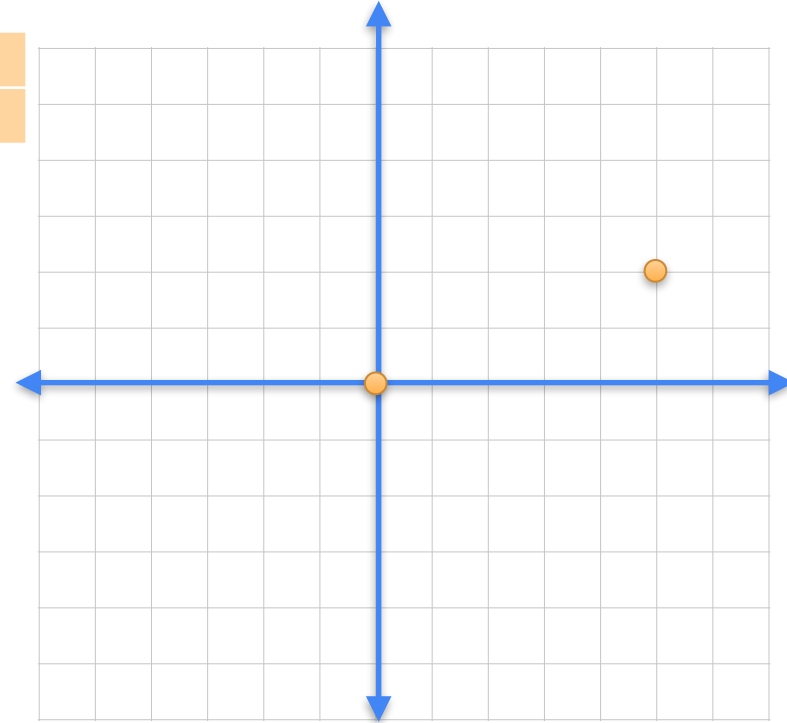
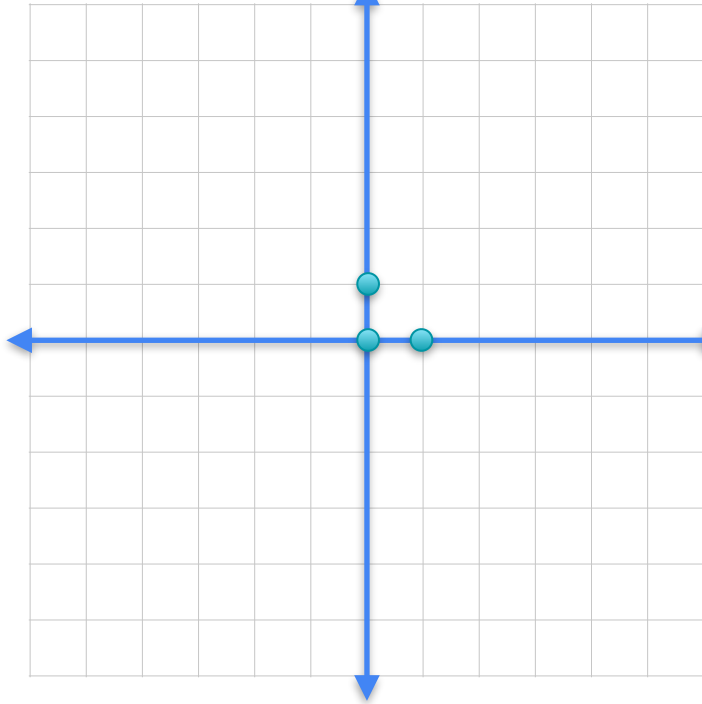
a



$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$

$(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$

$(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$



Matrices as linear transformations

b

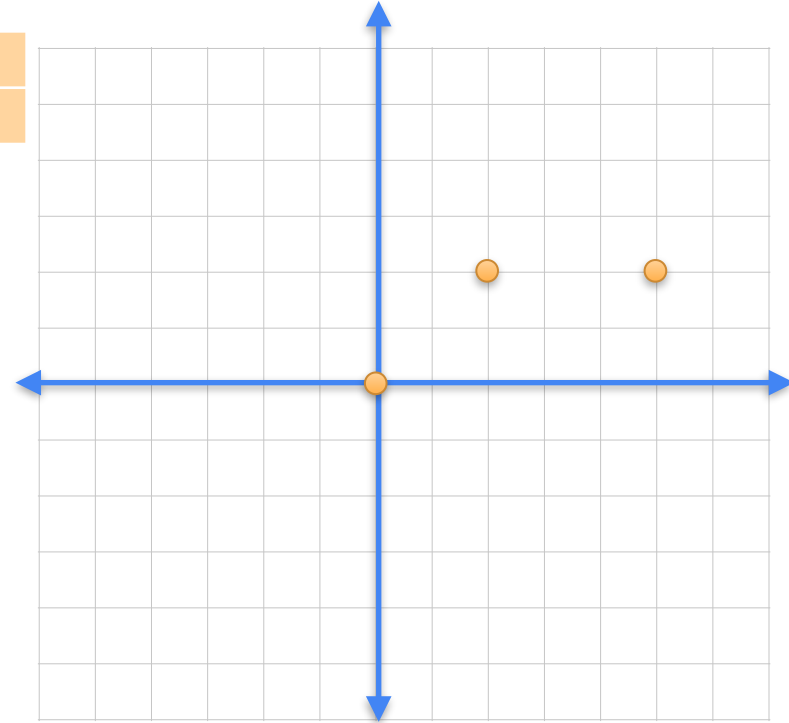


$$\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

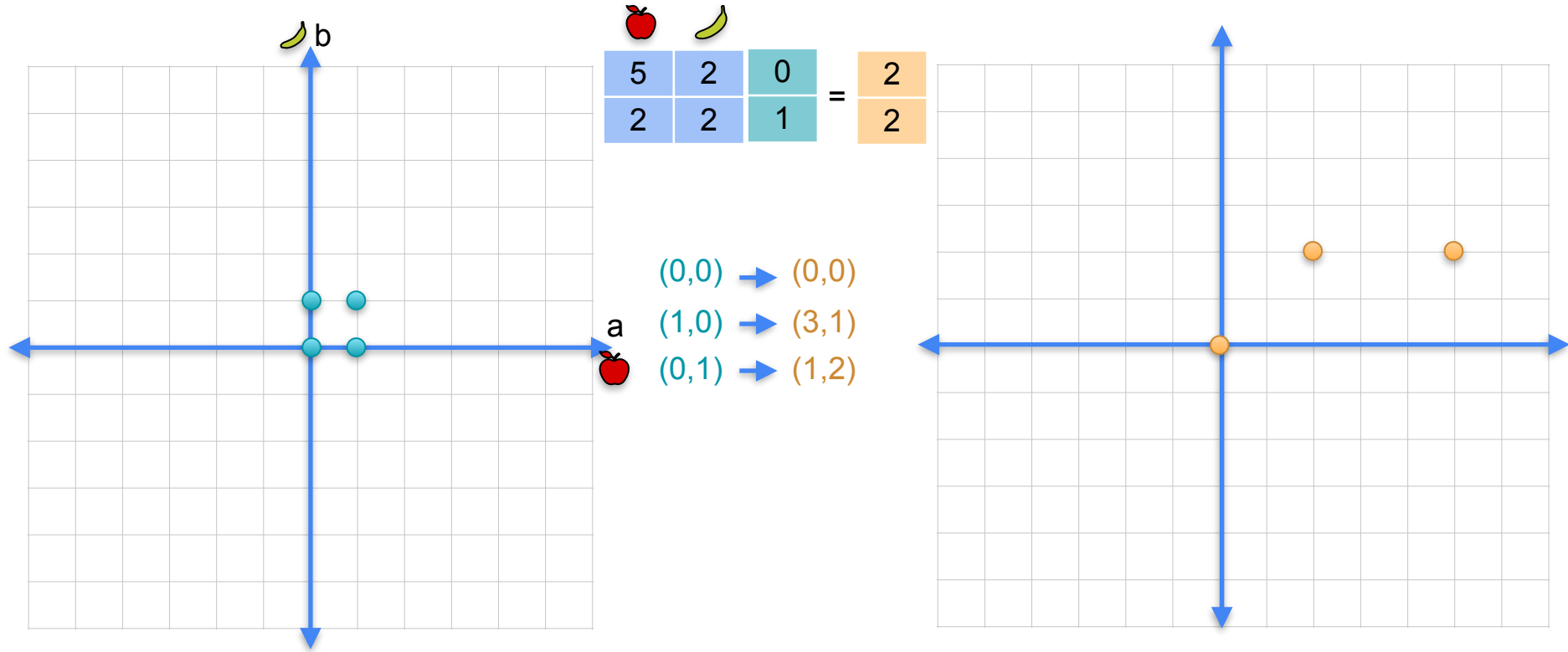
a



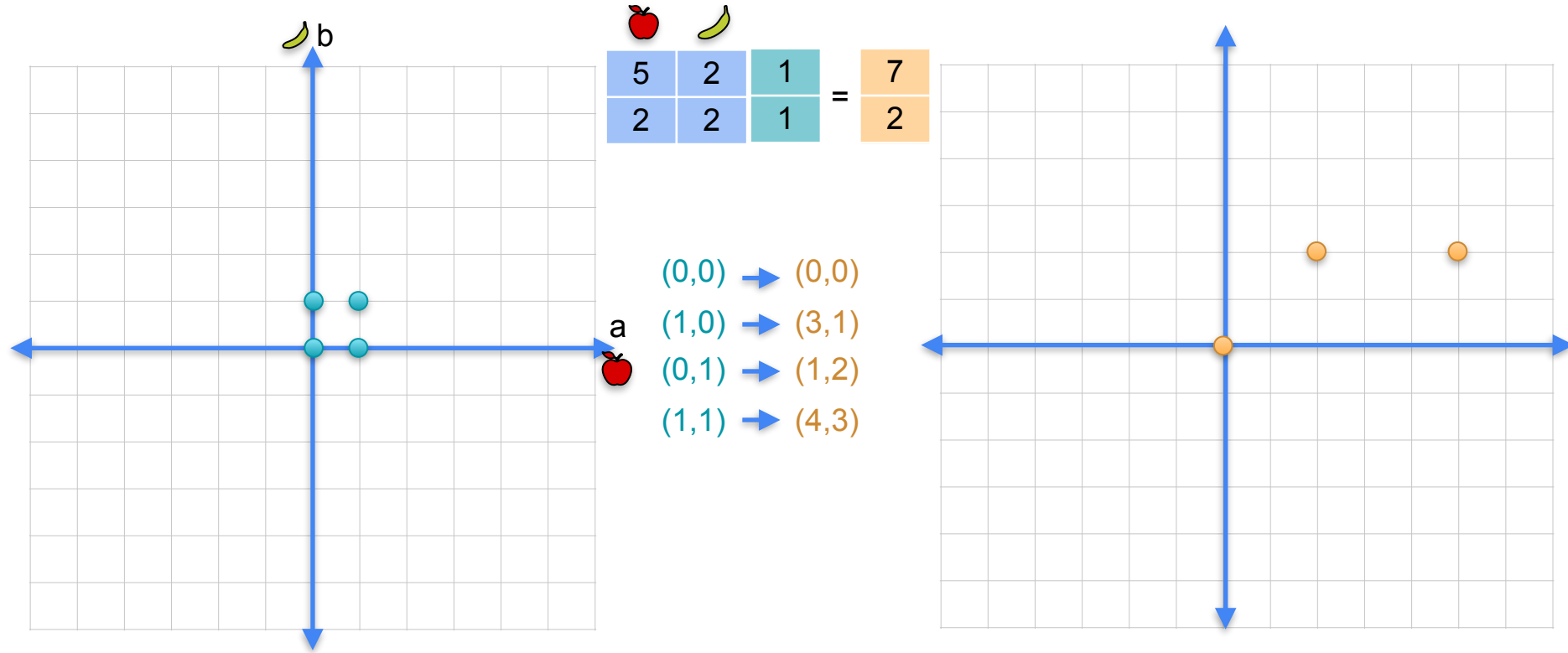
$$\begin{aligned} (0,0) &\rightarrow (0,0) \\ (1,0) &\rightarrow (3,1) \\ (0,1) &\rightarrow (1,2) \end{aligned}$$



Matrices as linear transformations



Matrices as linear transformations



Matrices as linear transformations

b

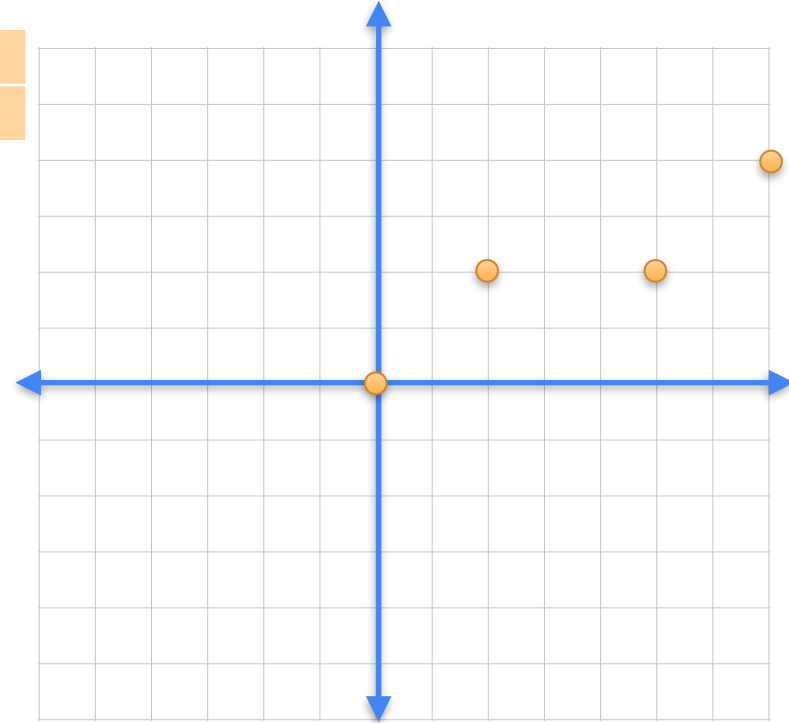


5	2	1	=	7
2	2	1		2

a



$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



Matrices as linear transformations

b

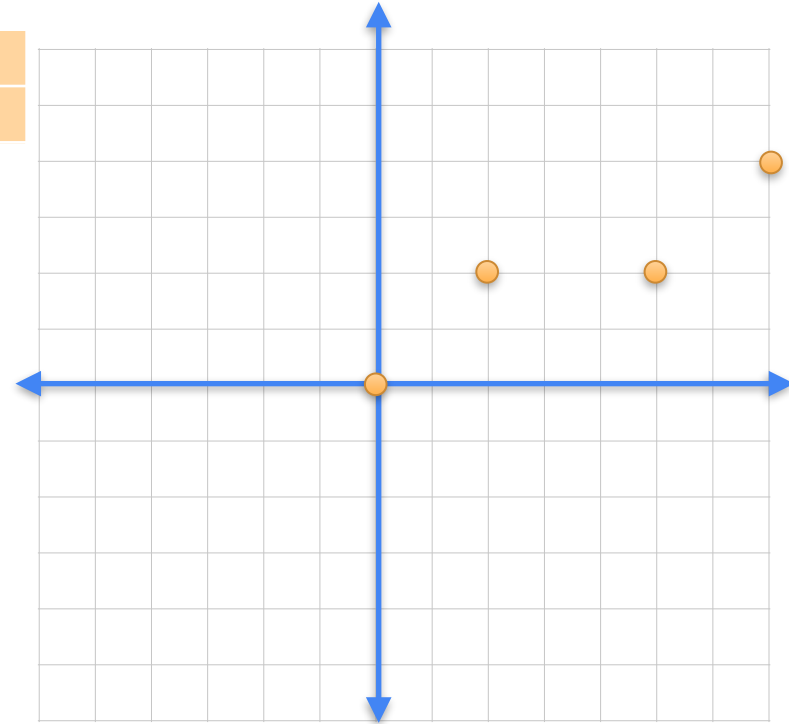


5	2	1	=	7
2	2	1		2

a



$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



Matrices as linear transformations

b

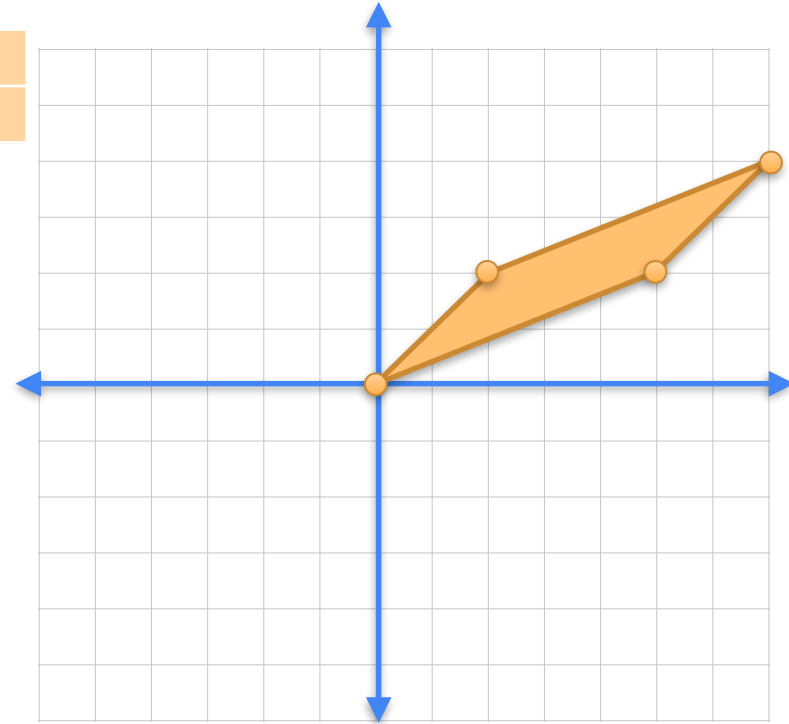


5	2	1	=	7
2	2	1	=	2



a



$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$

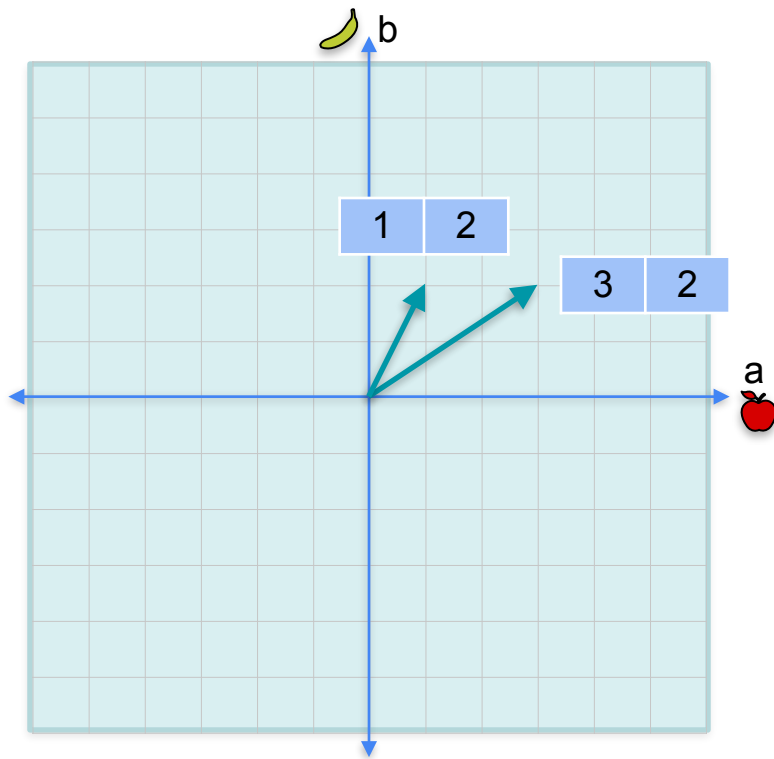


Row span of a matrix



	
3	2
1	2

Rows

3	2
1	2

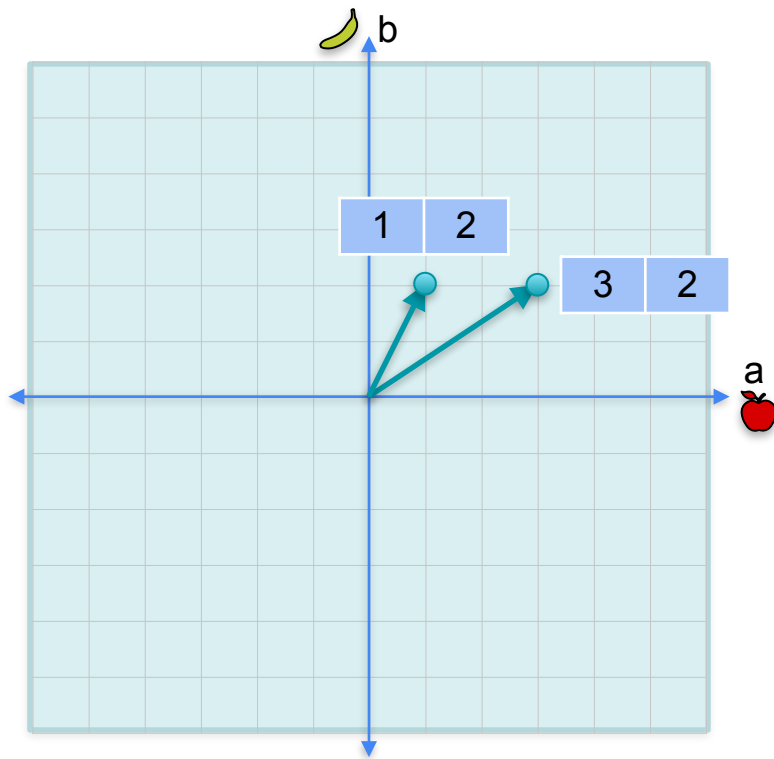


Row span of a matrix

	
3	2
1	2

Rows

3	2
1	2



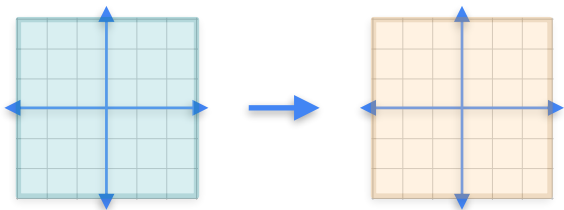
Span of the rows

Non-singular



3	1
1	2

Rank = 2



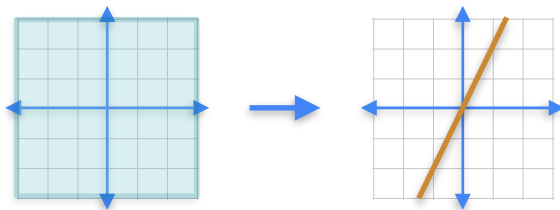
The whole plane

Singular



1	1
2	2

Rank = 1



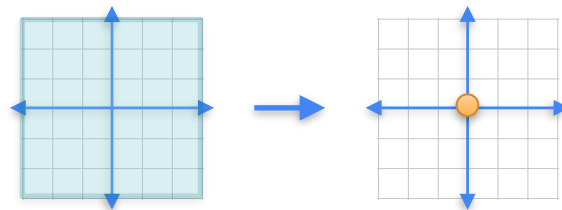
A line

Singular



0	0
0	0

Rank = 0



A point

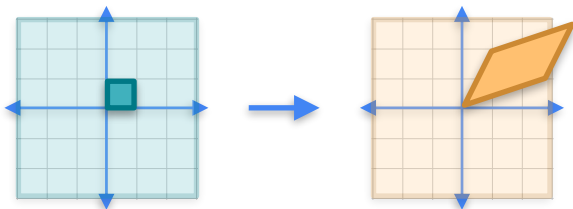
Basis vectors

Non-singular



3	1
1	2

Rank = 2



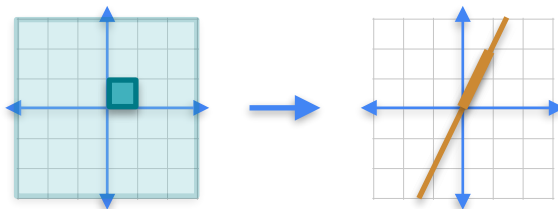
The whole plane

Singular



1	1
2	2

Rank = 1



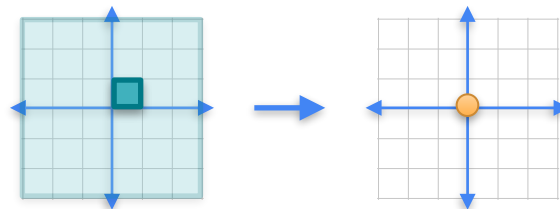
A line

Singular



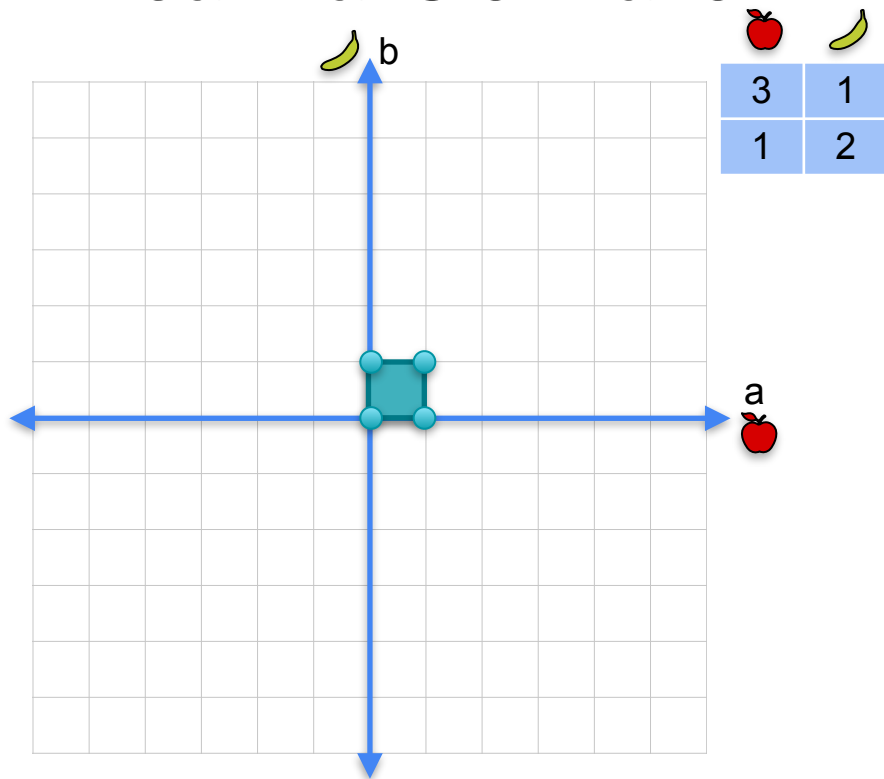
0	0
0	0

Rank = 0

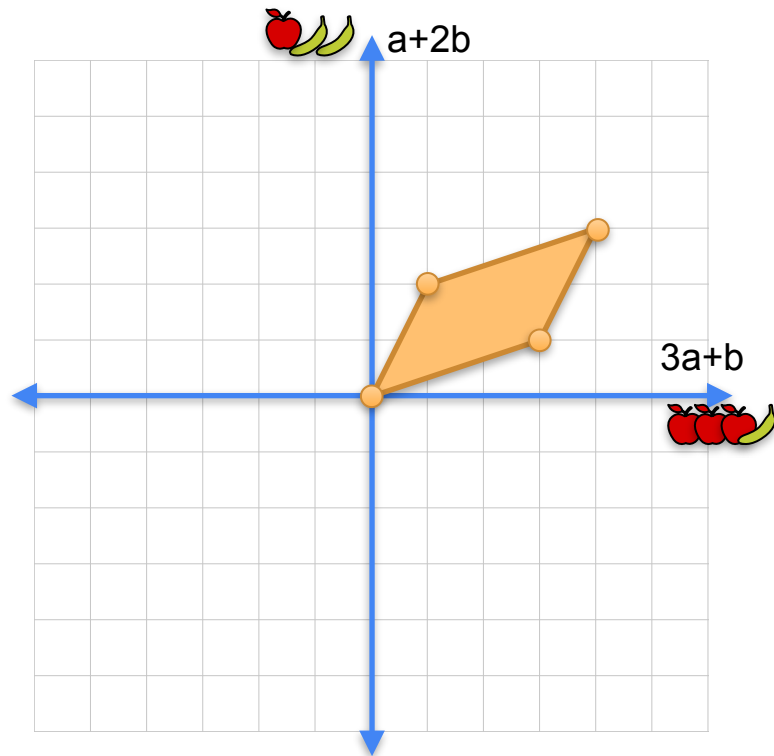


A point

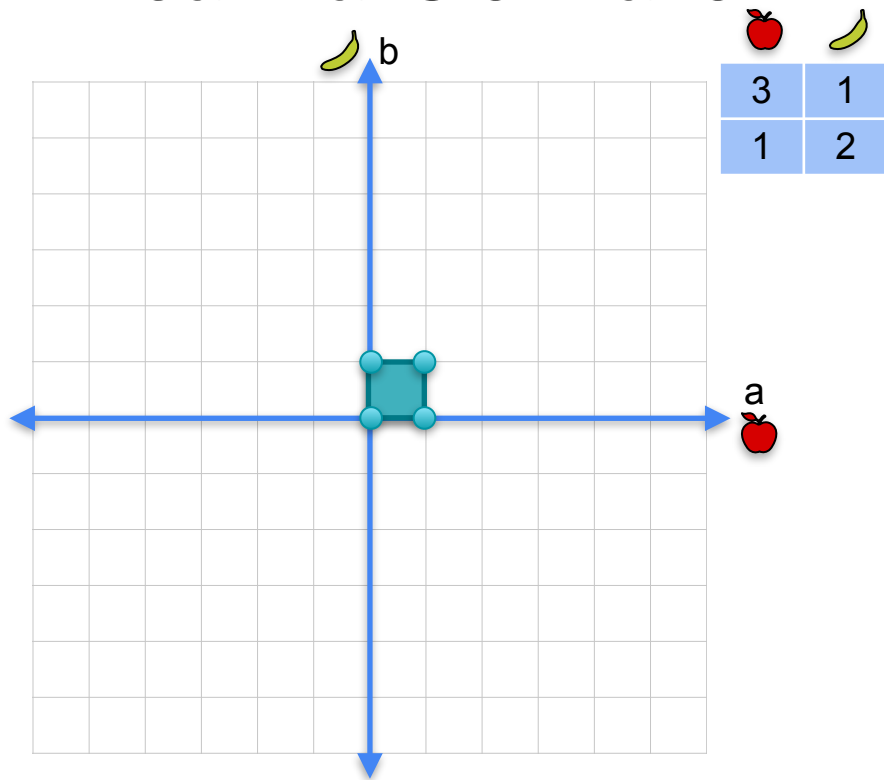
Linear transformation



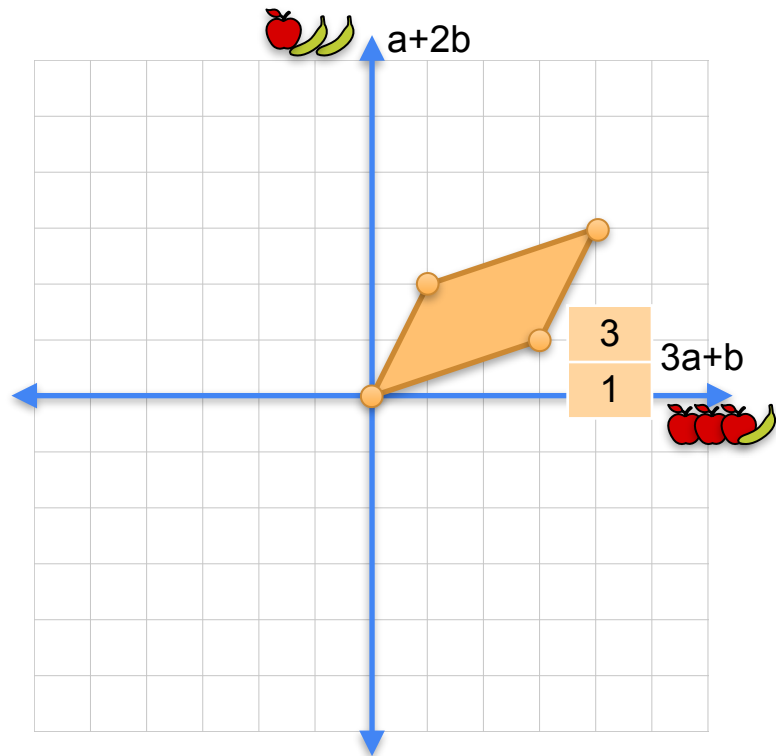
=



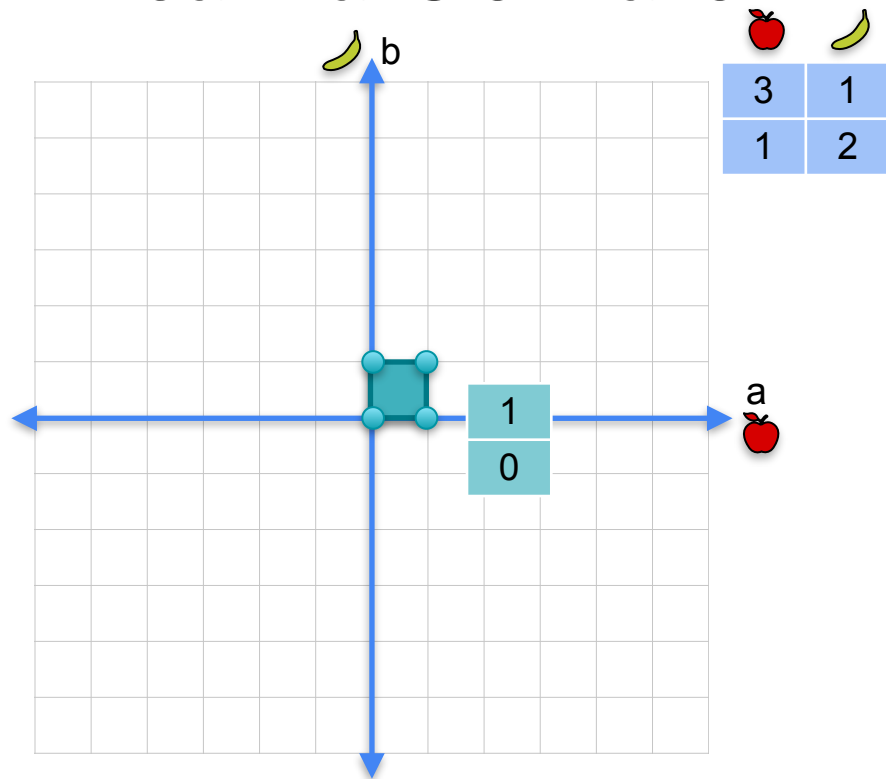
Linear transformation



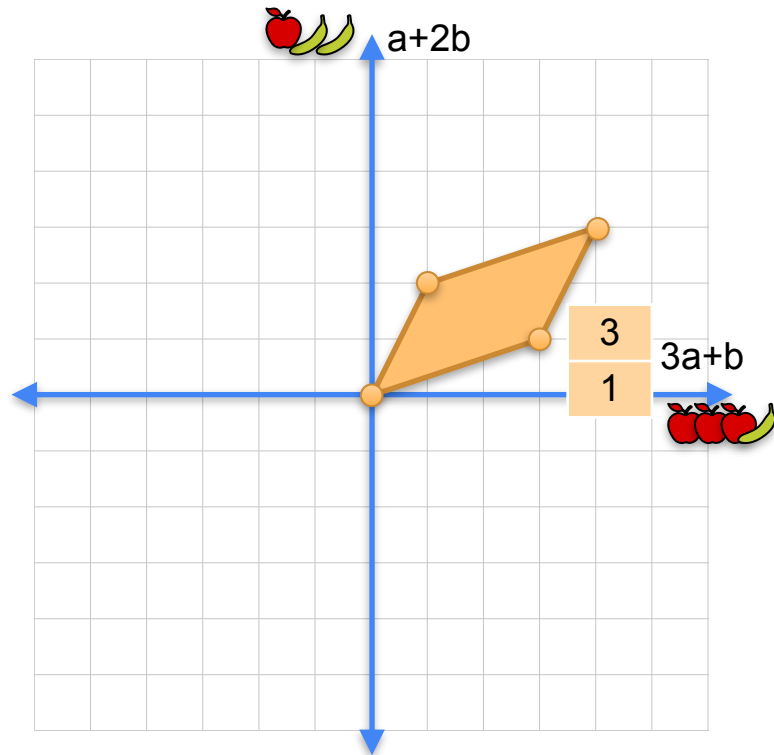
=



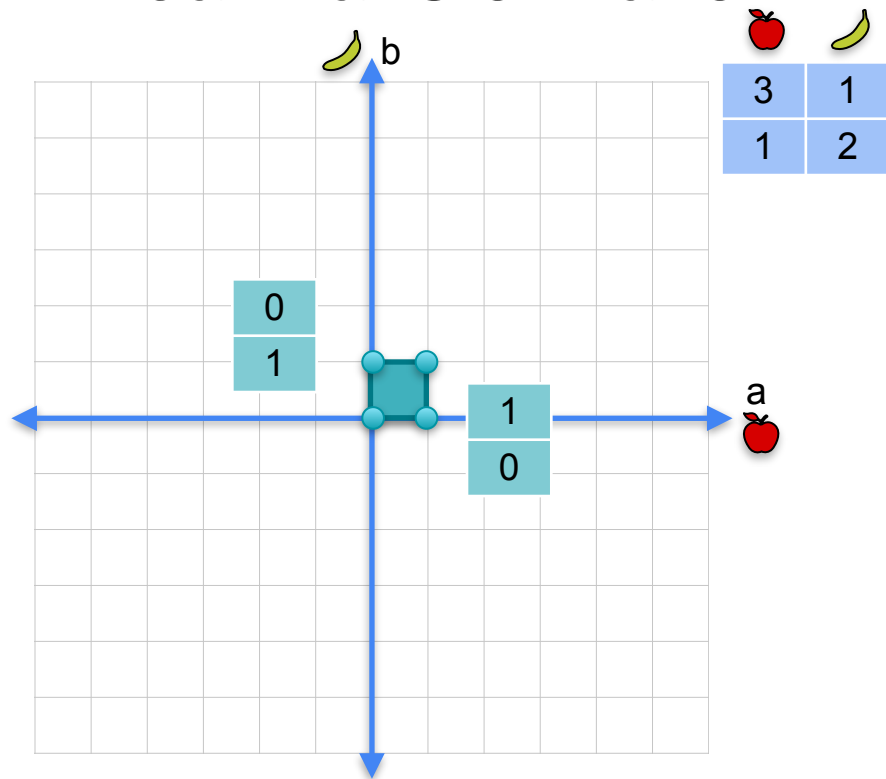
Linear transformation



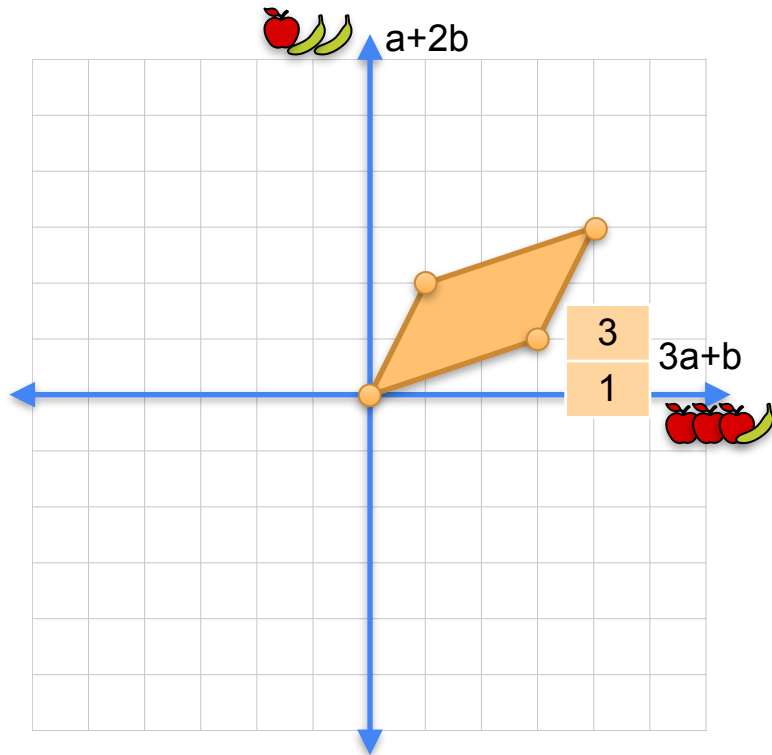
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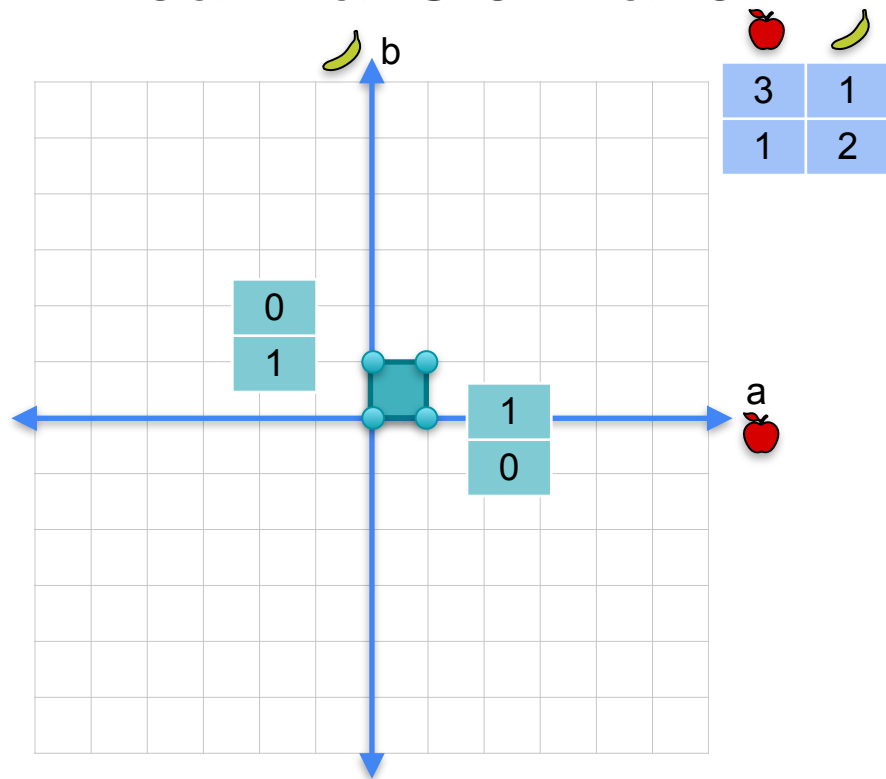
Linear transformation



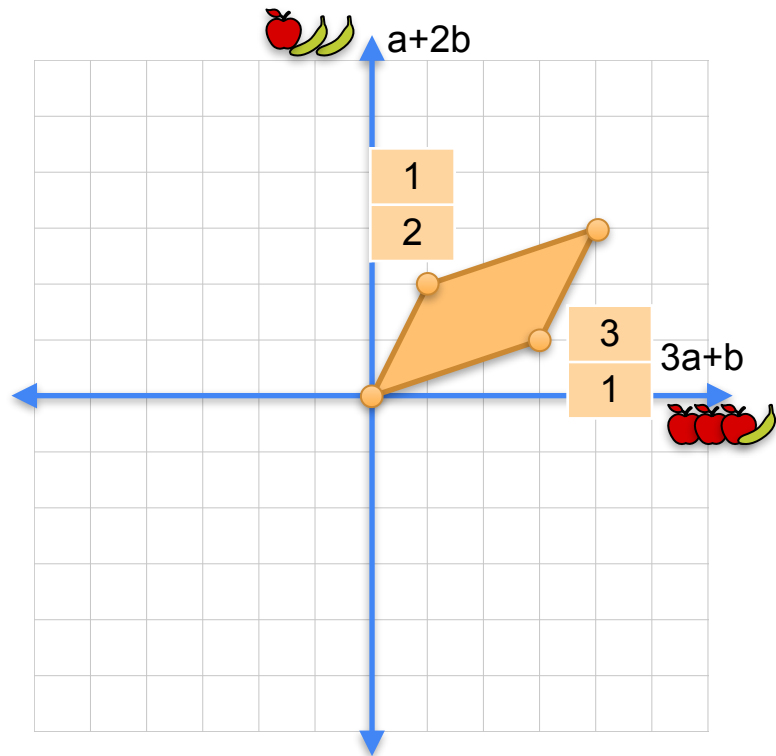
=



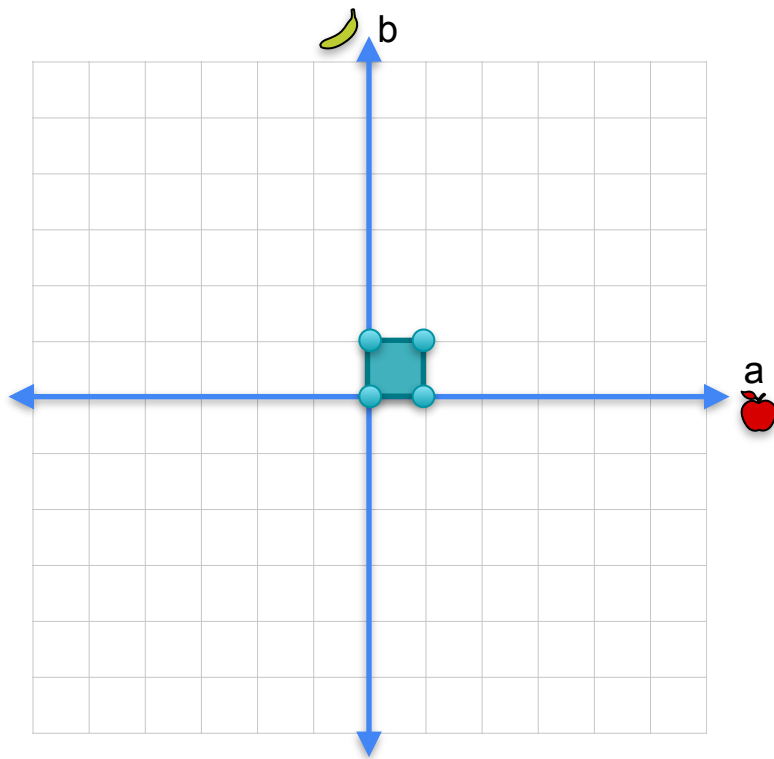
Linear transformation



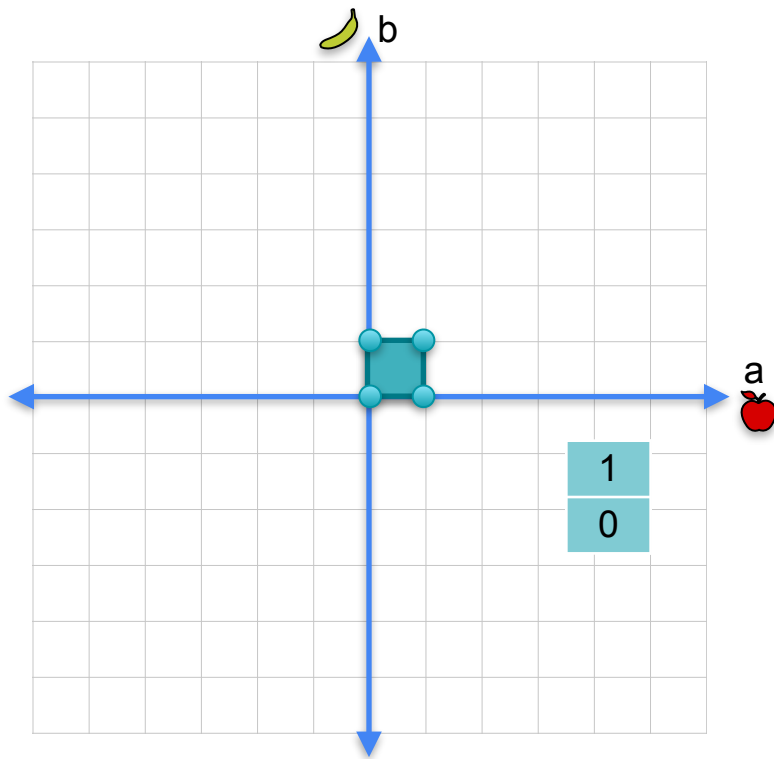
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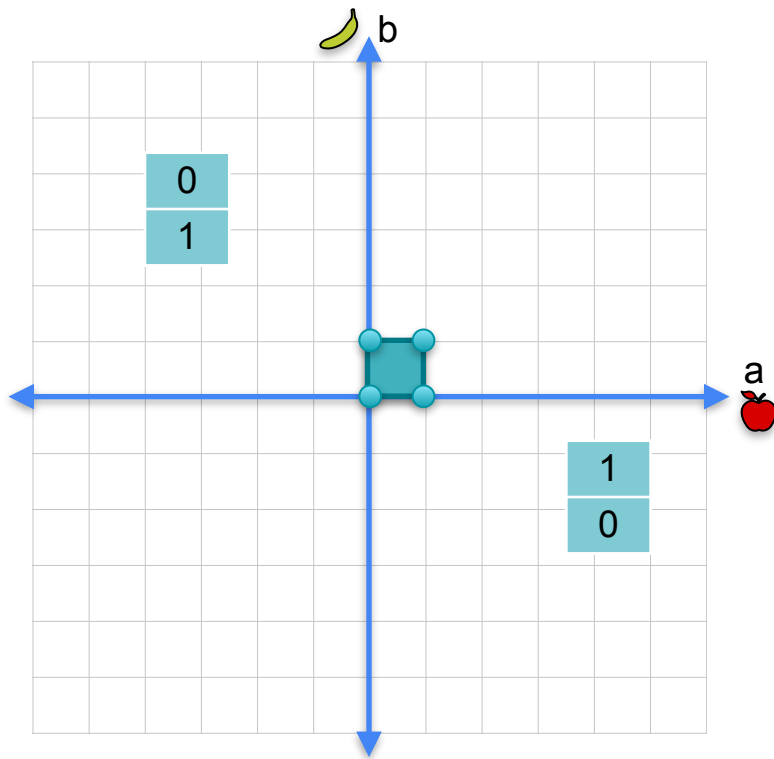
Linear transformation



Linear transformation



Linear transformation



3D



DeepLearning.AI

Math for Machine Learning

Linear algebra - Week 4

Vectors

Matrices



Dot product

Matrix multiplication



Linear transformations



A matrix and its corresponding system of equations

A matrix and its corresponding system of equations



	
1	1
1	2



A matrix and its corresponding system of equations



	
1	1
1	2

	
1	1
2	2

A matrix and its corresponding system of equations





	
1	1
1	2



	
1	1
2	2



	
0	0
0	0



A matrix and its corresponding system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
 
- $a + 2b = 0$
 

	
1	1
1	2



	
1	1
2	2

	
0	0
0	0

A matrix and its corresponding system of equations



System 1



- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

	
1	1
1	2

System 2





- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$



	
1	1
2	2

	
0	0
0	0






A matrix and its corresponding system of equations



System 1

- $a + b = 0$
 
- $a + 2b = 0$
 

	
1	1
1	2



System 2

- $a + b = 0$
 
- $2a + 2b = 0$
  

	
1	1
2	2

System 3



- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$

	
0	0
0	0

A matrix and its corresponding system of equations



System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

	
1	1
1	2



System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$

	
1	1
2	2

System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$

	
0	0
0	0

The only two numbers a ,
 b , such that

- $a + b = 0$
- and
- $a + 2b = 0$



are:

$a=0$ and $b=0$

A matrix and its corresponding system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

	
1	1
1	2

The only two numbers a ,
 b , such that



- $a + b = 0$
- and
- $a + 2b = 0$

are:

$a=0$ and $b=0$

System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$

	
1	1
2	2

Any pair $(x, -x)$ satisfies that



- $a + b = 0$
- and
- $a + 2b = 0$

For example:

$(1, -1)$, $(2, -2)$, $(-8, 8)$, etc.

System 3



- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$

	
0	0
0	0

A matrix and its corresponding system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

	
1	1
1	2

The only two numbers a , b , such that

- $a+b = 0$

and



- $a+2b = 0$

are:

$a=0$ and $b=0$

System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$

	
1	1
2	2

Any pair $(x, -x)$ satisfies that

- $a+b = 0$

and



- $a+2b = 0$

For example:

$(1,-1)$, $(2,-2)$, $(-8,8)$, etc.

System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$

	
0	0
0	0

Any pair of numbers satisfies that

- $0a+0b = 0$

and

- $0a+0b = 0$

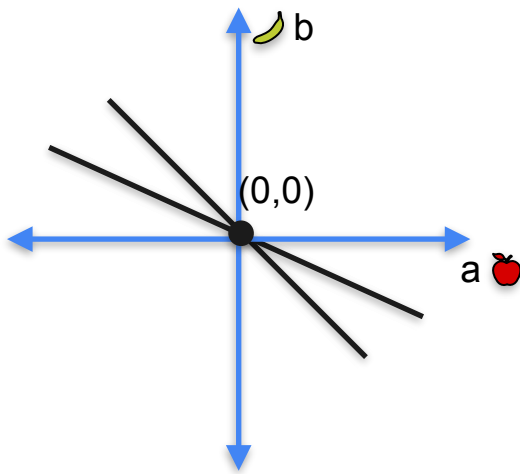
For example:

$(1,2)$, $(3,-9)$, $(-90,8.34)$, etc.

The set of solutions of a system of equations

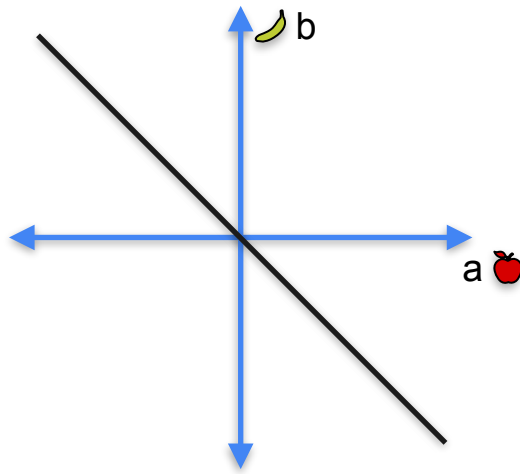
System 1

- $a + b = 0$
🍏 🍌
- $a + 2b = 0$
🍏 🍌🍌



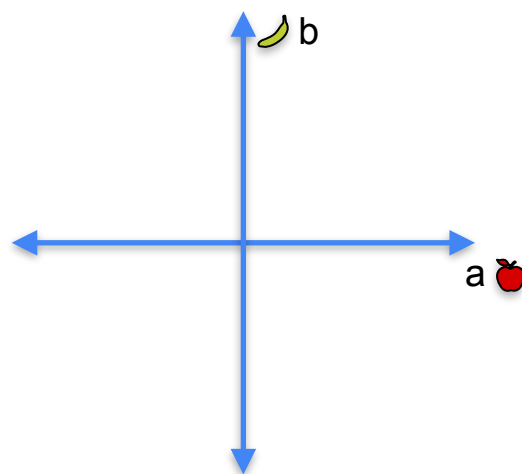
System 2

- $a + b = 0$
🍏 🍌
- $2a + 2b = 0$
🍏🍏 🍌🍌



System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$



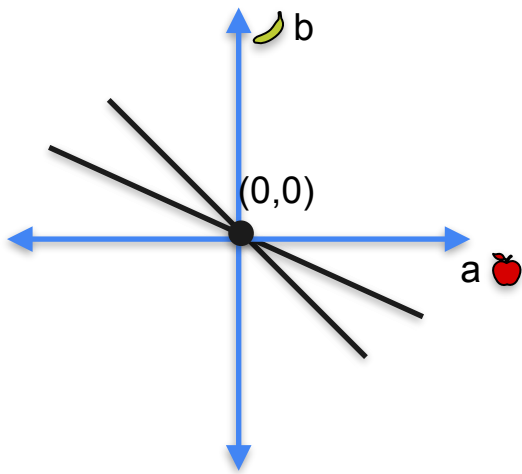
The set of solutions of a system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

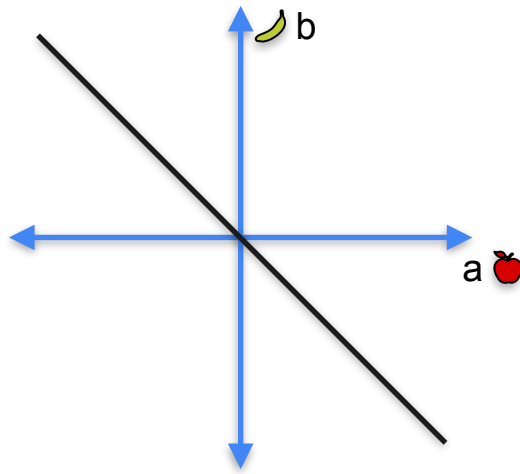
Solution

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$



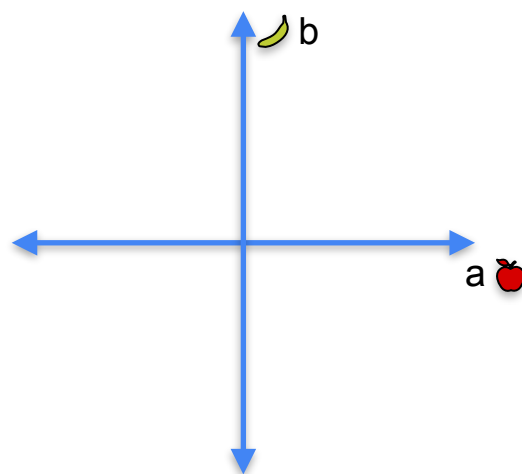
System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$



System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$



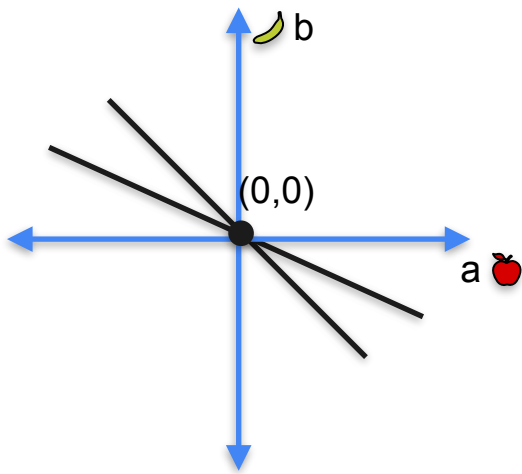
The set of solutions of a system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

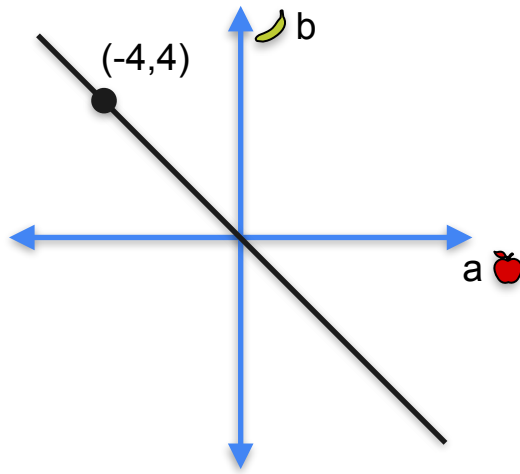
Solution

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$



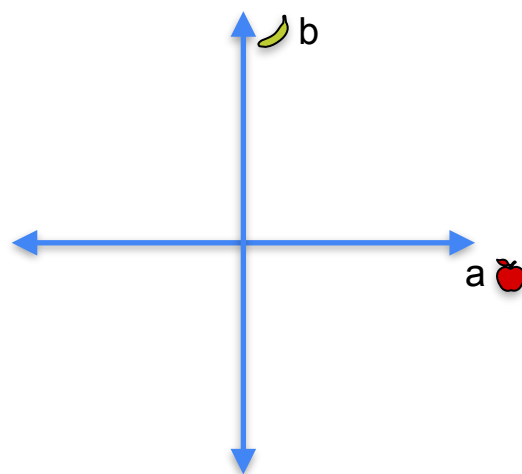
System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$



System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$



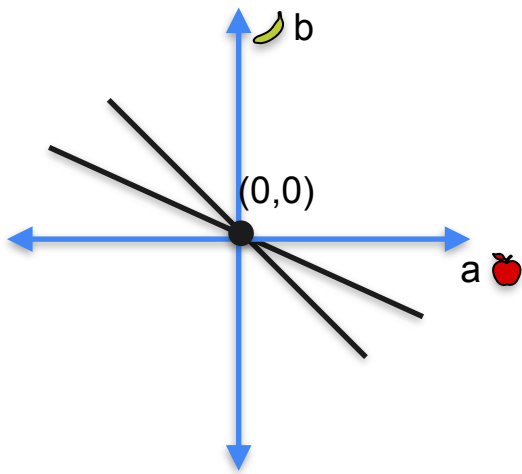
The set of solutions of a system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

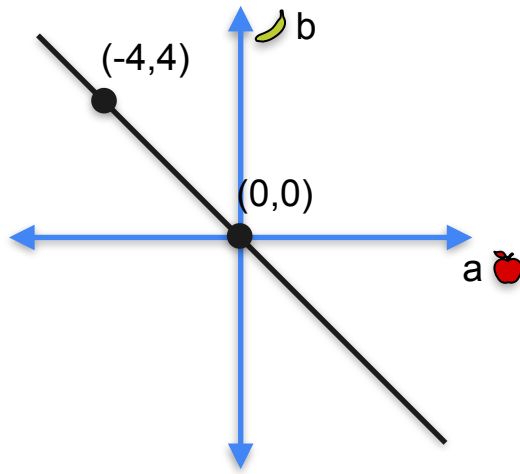
Solution

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$



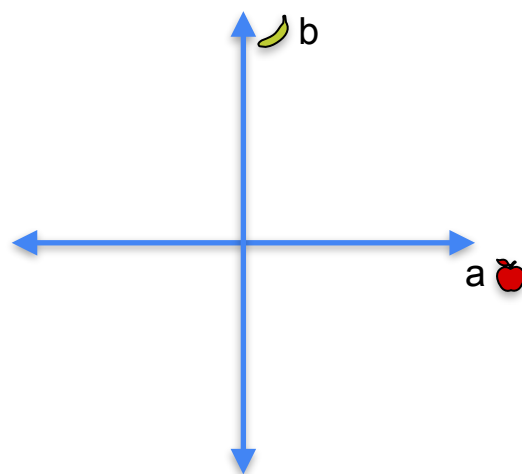
System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$



System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$



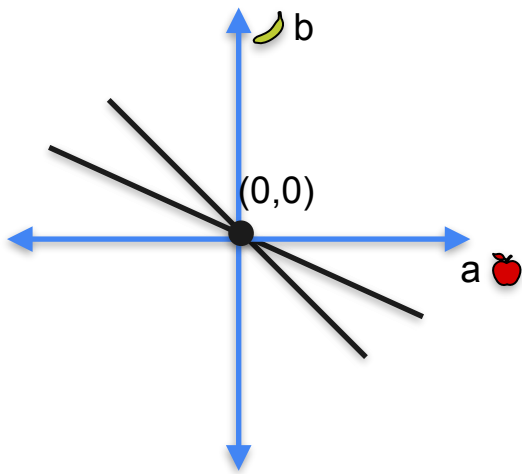
The set of solutions of a system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

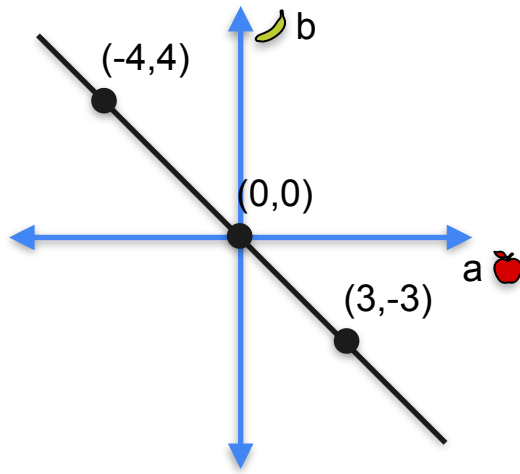
Solution

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$



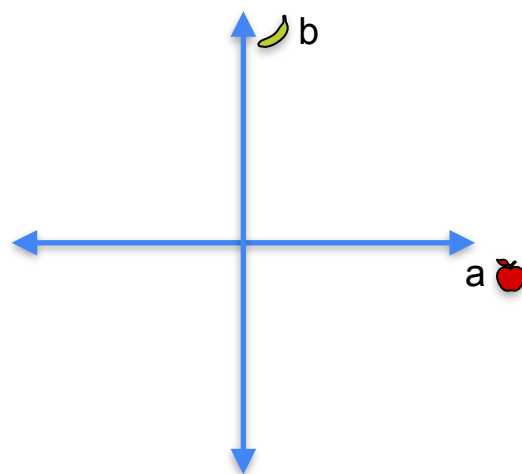
System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$



System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$



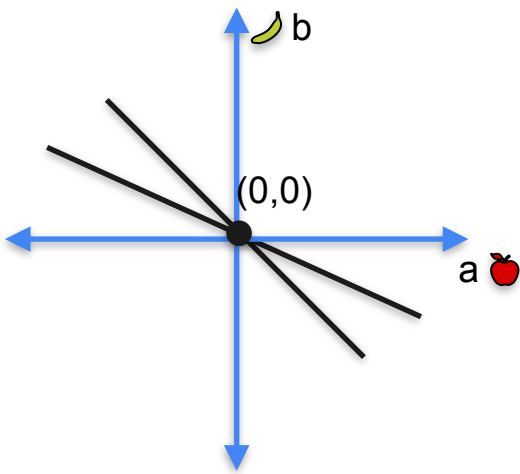
The set of solutions of a system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

Solution

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

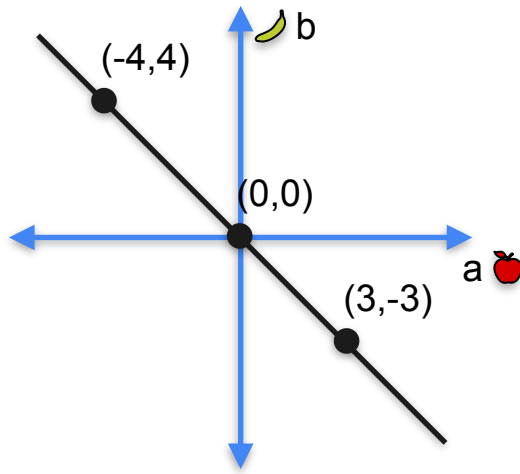


System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$

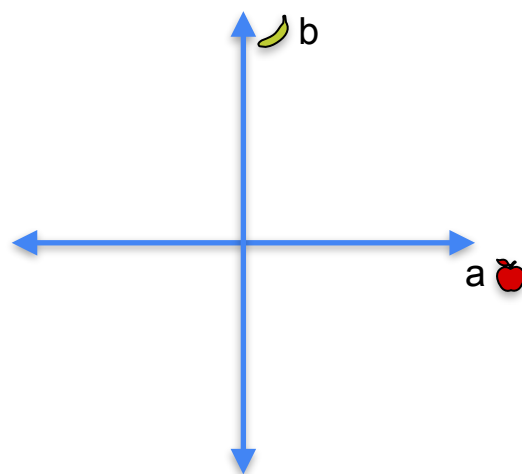
Solutions

- any a
- $b = -a$



System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$



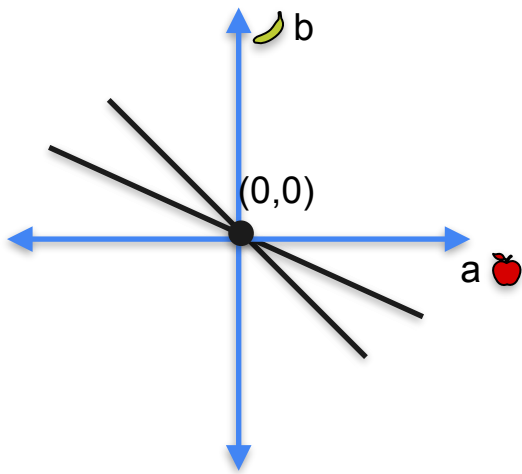
The set of solutions of a system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

Solution

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

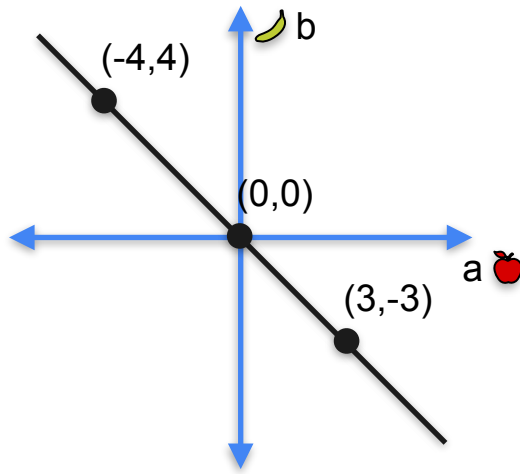


System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$

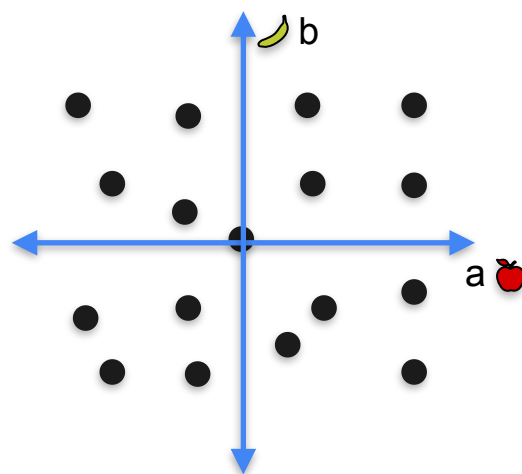
Solutions

- any a
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System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$



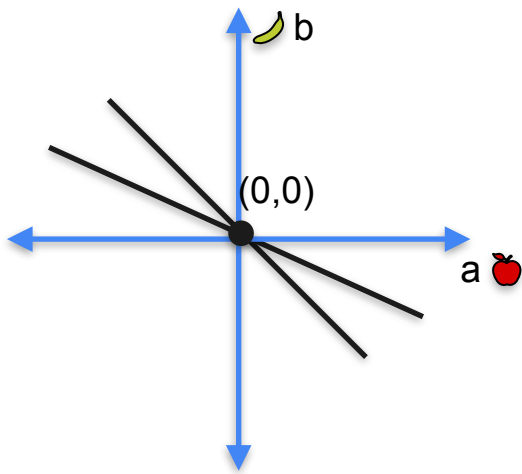
The set of solutions of a system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

Solution

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

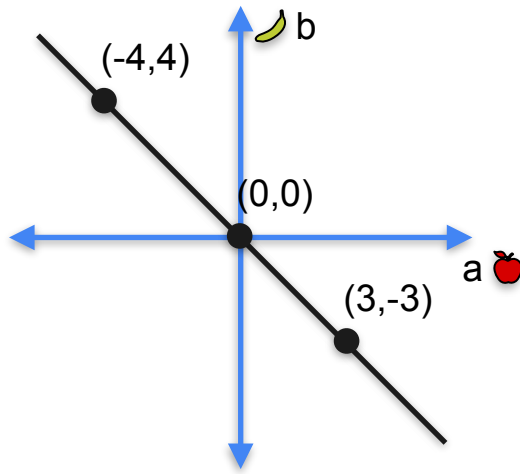


System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$

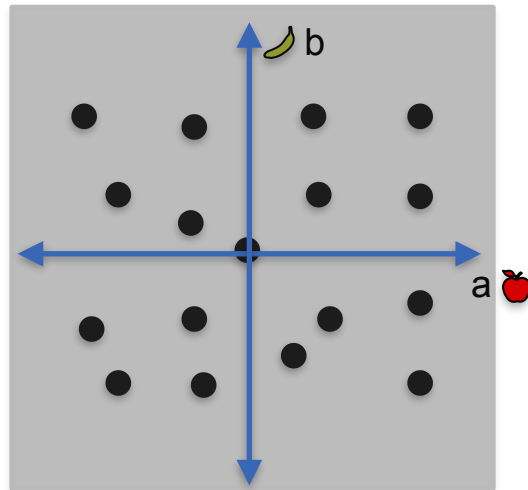
Solutions

- any a
- $b = -a$



System 3

- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$



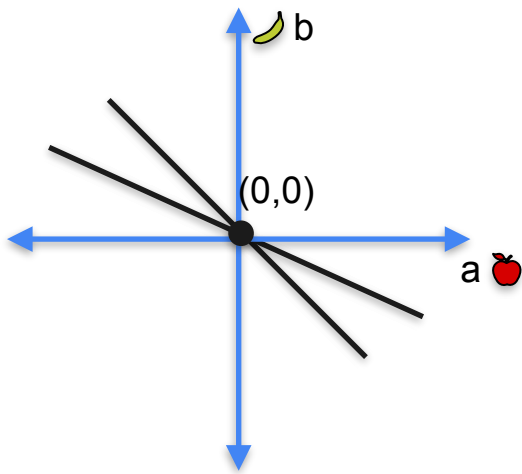
The set of solutions of a system of equations

System 1

- $a + b = 0$
- $a + 2b = 0$

Solution

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

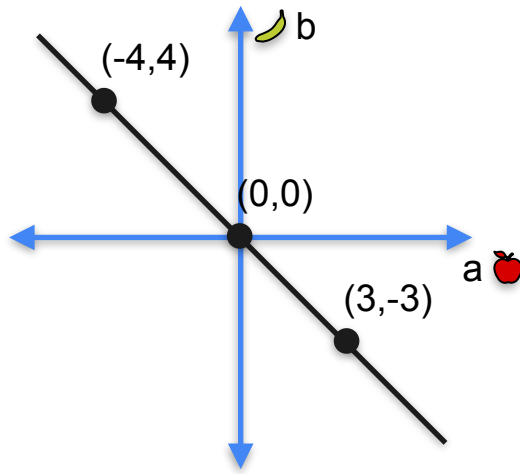


System 2

- $a + b = 0$
- $2a + 2b = 0$

Solutions

- any a
- $b = -a$

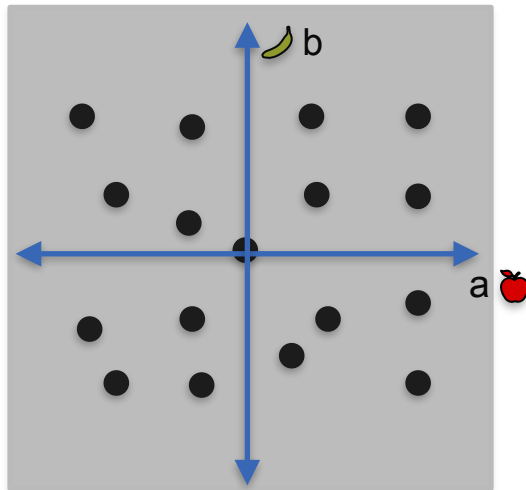


System 3

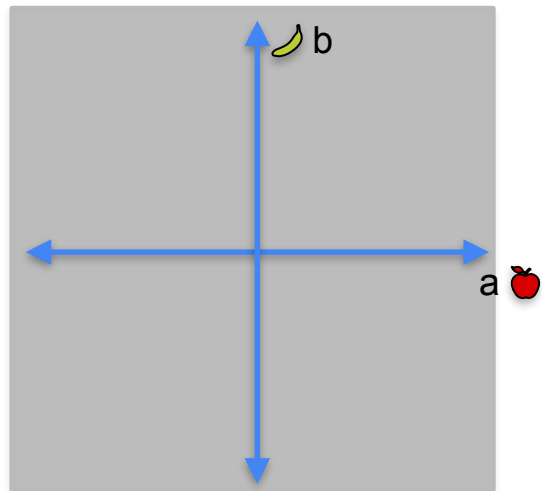
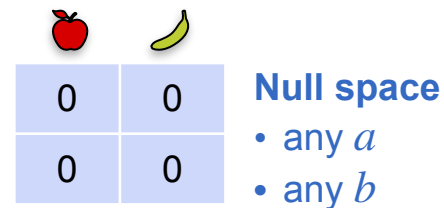
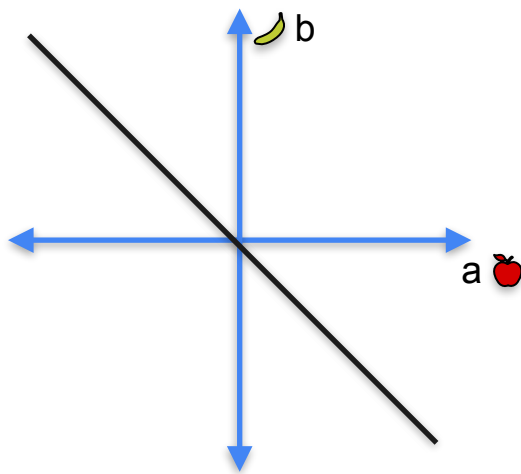
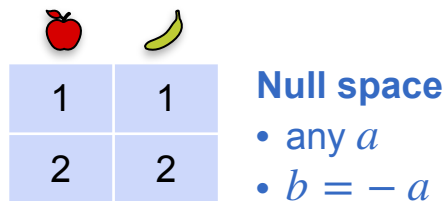
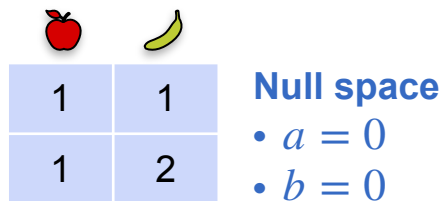
- $0a + 0b = 0$
- $0a + 0b = 0$

Solutions



- any a
- any b



The null space of a matrix



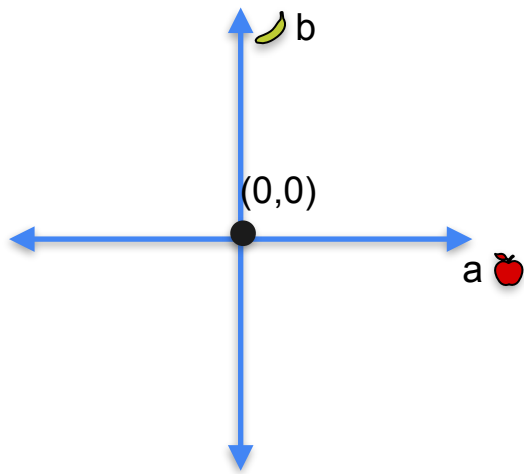
The null space of a matrix



	
1	1
1	2

Null space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

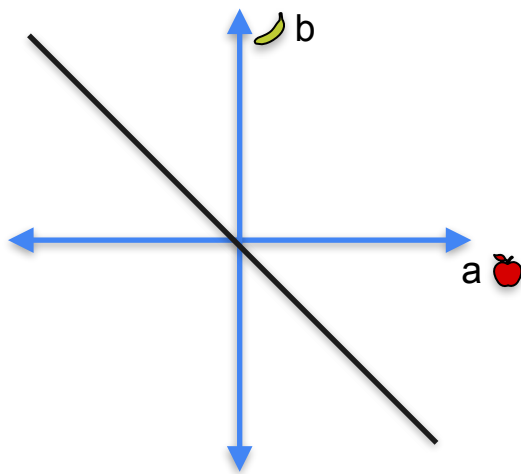
Dimension = 0




	
1	1
2	2

Null space

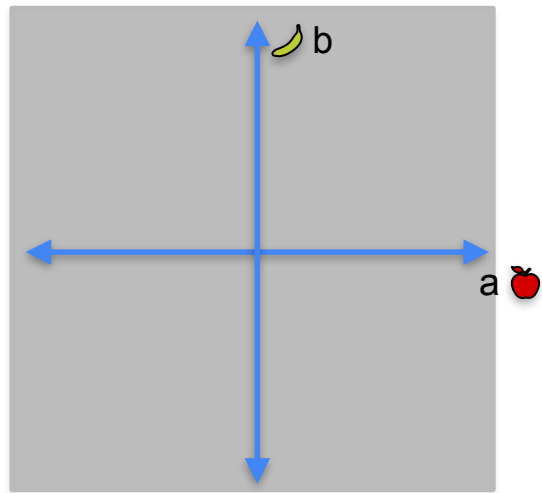
- any a
- $b = -a$





	
0	0
0	0

Null space

- any a
- any b



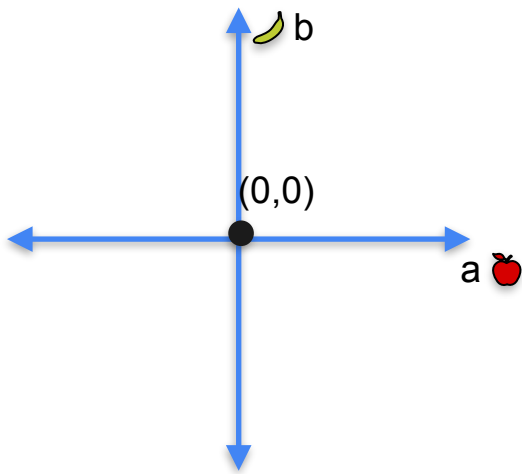
The null space of a matrix



	
1	1
1	2

Null space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

Dimension = 0

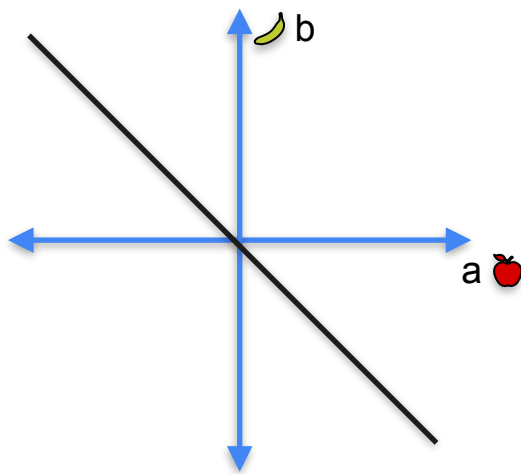



	
1	1
2	2

Null space

- any a
- $b = -a$

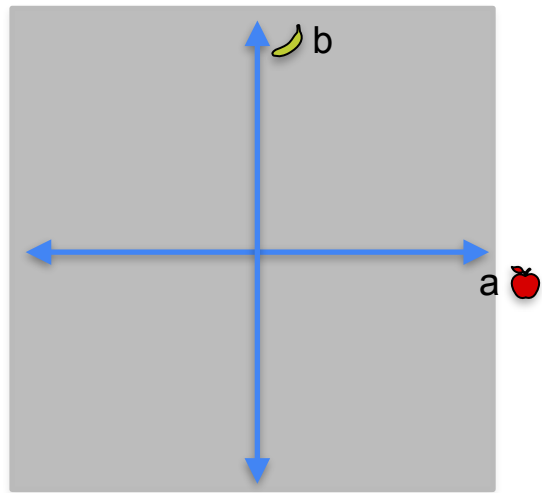
Dimension = 1





	
0	0
0	0

Null space

- any a
- any b



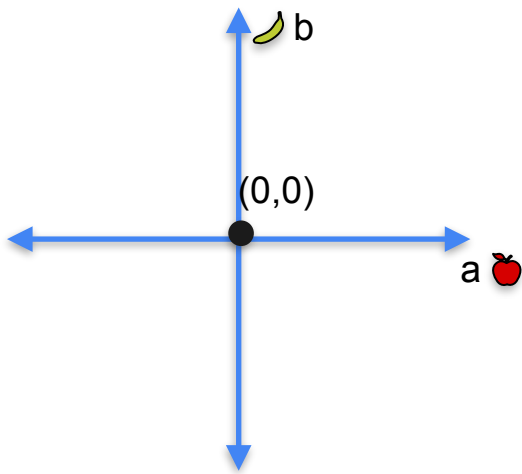
The null space of a matrix



	
1	1
1	2

Null space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

Dimension = 0

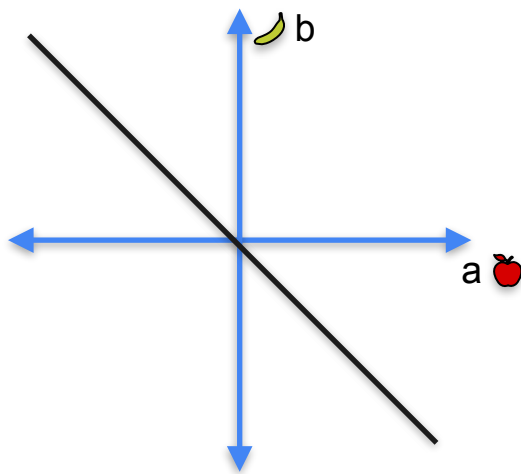


	
1	1
2	2

Null space

- any a
- $b = -a$

Dimension = 1

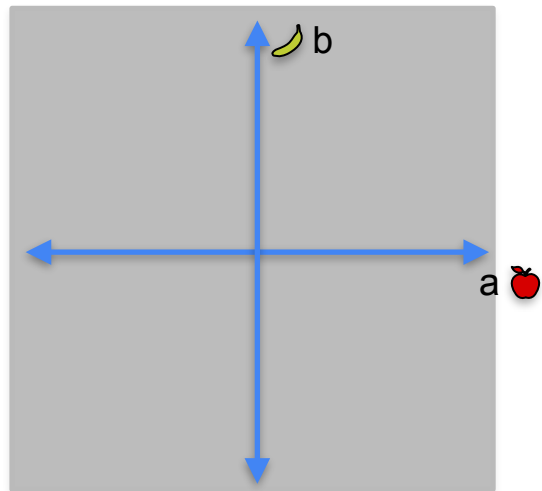


	
0	0
0	0



Null space

- any a
- any b

Dimension = 2



The null space of a matrix



	
1	1
1	2

Null space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

Dimension = 0



	
1	1
2	2

Null space

- any a
- $b = -a$

Dimension = 1



	
0	0
0	0



Null space

- any a
- any b

Dimension = 2



The null space of a matrix

	
1	1
1	2



Null space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

Dimension = 0



Non-singular

	
1	1
2	2

Null space

- any a
- $b = -a$

Dimension = 1



	
0	0
0	0



Null space

- any a
- any b

Dimension = 2



The null space of a matrix

	
1	1
1	2



Null space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

Dimension = 0



Non-singular

	
1	1
2	2


Null space

- any a
- $b = -a$

Dimension = 1



Singular

	
0	0
0	0



Null space

- any a
- any b

Dimension = 2



The null space of a matrix

	
1	1
1	2



Null space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

Dimension = 0



Non-singular

	
1	1
2	2

Null space

- any a
- $b = -a$

Dimension = 1



Singular

	
0	0
0	0

Null space



- any a
- any b

Dimension = 2



Singular

The null space of a matrix

	
1	1
1	2



Null space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$

Dimension = 0



Non-singular

	
1	1
2	2

Null space

- any a
- $b = -a$

Dimension = 1



Singular

	
0	0
0	0

Null space

- any a
- any b

Dimension = 2



Singular

More conceptual explanation of the null space

- Elaborate here

Quiz: Null space of a matrix

Problem: Determine the dimension of the null space of the following two matrices

Matrix 1

5	1
-1	3

Matrix 2

2	-1
-6	3

Solutions: Null space of a matrix

Matrix 1: Notice that this is a non-singular matrix, since the determinant is 16. Therefore, the null space is only the point (0,0). The dimension is 0.

5	1
-1	3

Matrix 2: The corresponding system of equation has the equations $2a - b = 0$ and $-6a + 3b = 0$. Some inspection shows that the first equation has the points (1,2), (2,4), (3,6), etc. as solutions. All of them are also solutions to the second equation, $-6a + 3b = 0$. Therefore the null space is all the points of the form (x, 2x). The dimension of this null space is 1, and the matrix is singular.

2	-1
-6	3

Systems of linear equations

Systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

Systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

Systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

1	1	1
1	2	1
1	1	2

Systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

1	1	1
1	2	1
1	1	2

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

1	1	1
1	1	2
1	1	3

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

1	1	1
1	2	1
1	1	2

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

1	1	1
1	1	2
1	1	3

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

1	1	1
2	2	2
3	3	3

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

1	1	1
1	2	1
1	1	2

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

1	1	1
1	1	2
1	1	3

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

1	1	1
2	2	2
3	3	3

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0

Null space for systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Null space for systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Solution space



Null space for systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

Solution space



System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space



System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Null space for systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

Solution space



System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space



System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

Solution space



System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Null space for systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

Solution space



System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space



System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

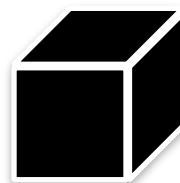
Solution space



System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Solution space



Null space for systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

Solution space



Dimension = 0

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space



System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

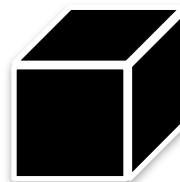
Solution space



System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Solution space



Null space for systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

Solution space



Dimension = 0

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space



Dimension = 1

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

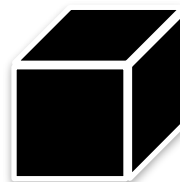
Solution space



System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Solution space



Null space for systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

Solution space



Dimension = 0

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space



Dimension = 1

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

Solution space

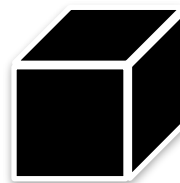


Dimension = 2

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Solution space



Null space for systems of linear equations

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

Solution space



Dimension = 0

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space



Dimension = 1

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

Solution space

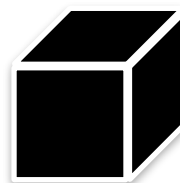


Dimension = 2

System 4

- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$
- $0a + 0b + 0c = 0$

Solution space



Dimension = 3

Null space for matrices

Matrix 1

1	1	1
1	2	1
1	1	2

Null space



Dimension = 0

Matrix 2

1	1	1
1	1	2
1	1	3

Null space



Dimension = 1

Matrix 3

1	1	1
2	2	2
3	3	3

Null space

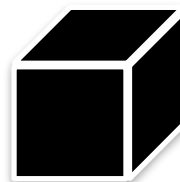


Dimension = 2

Matrix 4

0	0	0
0	0	0
0	0	0

Null space



Dimension = 3

Quiz: Null space

Problem: Determine the dimension of the null space for the following matrices.

1	0	1
0	1	0
3	2	3

1	1	1
1	1	2
0	0	-1

1	1	1
0	2	2
0	0	3

Solution: Null space

Problem: Determine the dimension of the null space for the following matrices.

1	0	1
0	1	0
3	2	3

- $a + c = 0$
- $b = 0$
- $3a + 2b + 3c = 0$

1	1	1
1	1	2
0	0	-1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $c = 0$

1	1	1
0	2	2
0	0	3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2b + 2c = 0$
- $3c = 0$

Solution: Null space

Problem: Determine the dimension of the null space for the following matrices.

1	0	1
0	1	0
3	2	3

- $a + c = 0$
- $b = 0$
- $3a + 2b + 3c = 0$

1	1	1
1	1	2
0	0	-1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $c = 0$

1	1	1
0	2	2
0	0	3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2b + 2c = 0$
- $3c = 0$

All points of the form
 $(x, 0, -x)$

Solution: Null space

Problem: Determine the dimension of the null space for the following matrices.

1	0	1
0	1	0
3	2	3

- $a + c = 0$
- $b = 0$
- $3a + 2b + 3c = 0$

1	1	1
1	1	2
0	0	-1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $c = 0$

1	1	1
0	2	2
0	0	3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2b + 2c = 0$
- $3c = 0$

All points of the form

$(x, 0, -x)$

Dimension = 1

Solution: Null space

Problem: Determine the dimension of the null space for the following matrices.

1	0	1
0	1	0
3	2	3

- $a + c = 0$
- $b = 0$
- $3a + 2b + 3c = 0$

All points of the form

$(x, 0, -x)$

Dimension = 1

1	1	1
1	1	2
0	0	-1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $c = 0$

All points of the form

$(x, -x, 0)$

1	1	1
0	2	2
0	0	3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2b + 2c = 0$
- $3c = 0$

Solution: Null space

Problem: Determine the dimension of the null space for the following matrices.

1	0	1
0	1	0
3	2	3

- $a + c = 0$
- $b = 0$
- $3a + 2b + 3c = 0$

All points of the form
 $(x, 0, -x)$
Dimension = 1

1	1	1
1	1	2
0	0	-1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $c = 0$

All points of the form
 $(x, -x, 0)$
Dimension = 1

1	1	1
0	2	2
0	0	3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2b + 2c = 0$
- $3c = 0$

Solution: Null space

Problem: Determine the dimension of the null space for the following matrices.

1	0	1
0	1	0
3	2	3

- $a + c = 0$
- $b = 0$
- $3a + 2b + 3c = 0$

All points of the form
 $(x, 0, -x)$
Dimension = 1

1	1	1
1	1	2
0	0	-1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $c = 0$

All points of the form
 $(x, -x, 0)$
Dimension = 1

1	1	1
0	2	2
0	0	3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2b + 2c = 0$
- $3c = 0$

The point
 $(0, 0, 0)$

Solution: Null space

Problem: Determine the dimension of the null space for the following matrices.

1	0	1
0	1	0
3	2	3

- $a + c = 0$
- $b = 0$
- $3a + 2b + 3c = 0$

All points of the form
 $(x, 0, -x)$
Dimension = 1

1	1	1
1	1	2
0	0	-1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $c = 0$

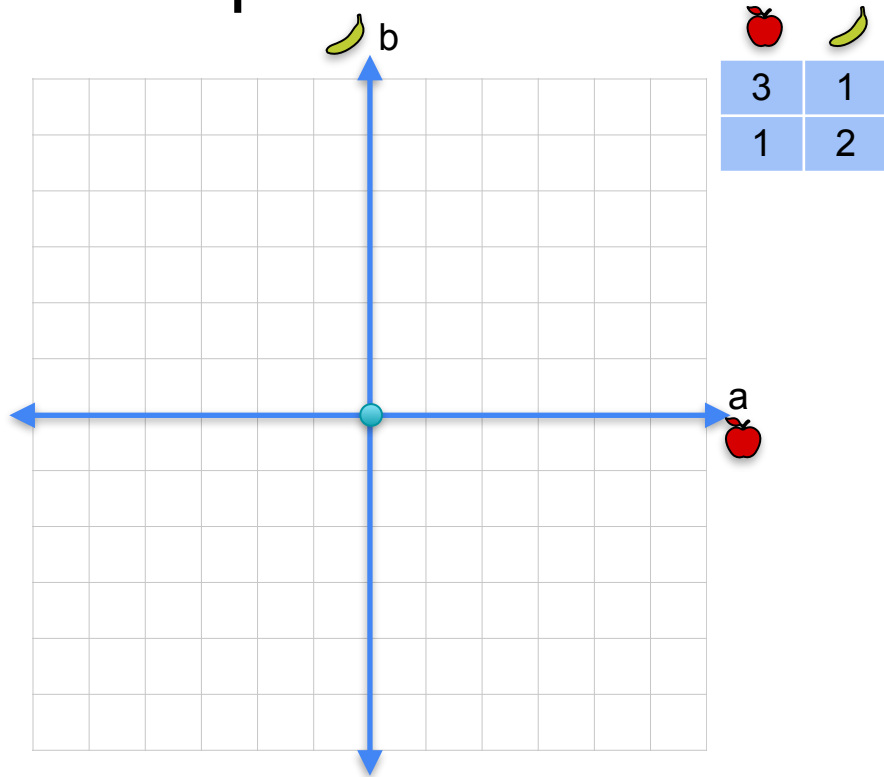
All points of the form
 $(x, -x, 0)$
Dimension = 1

1	1	1
0	2	2
0	0	3

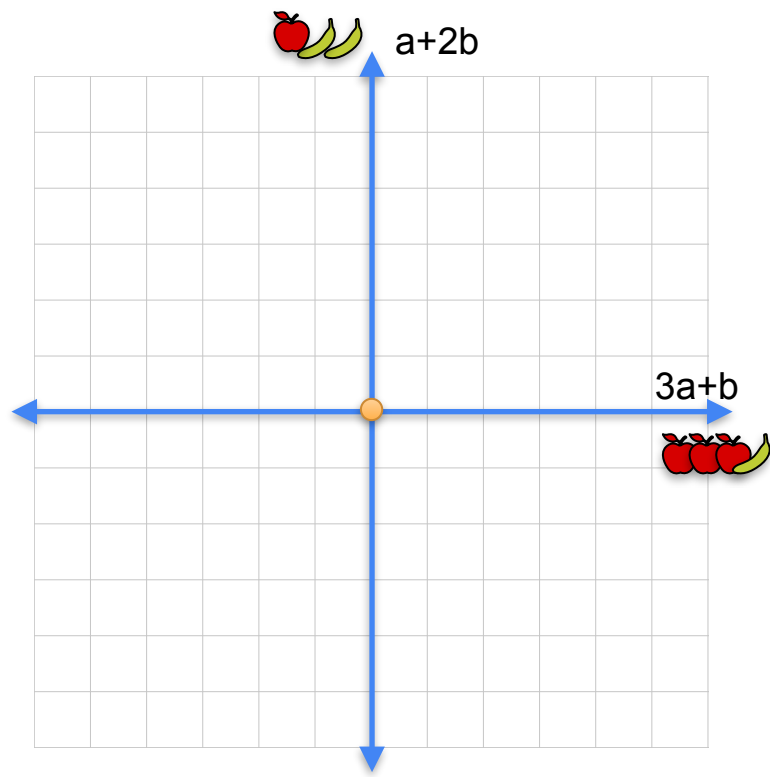
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2b + 2c = 0$
- $3c = 0$

The point
 $(0, 0, 0)$
Dimension = 0

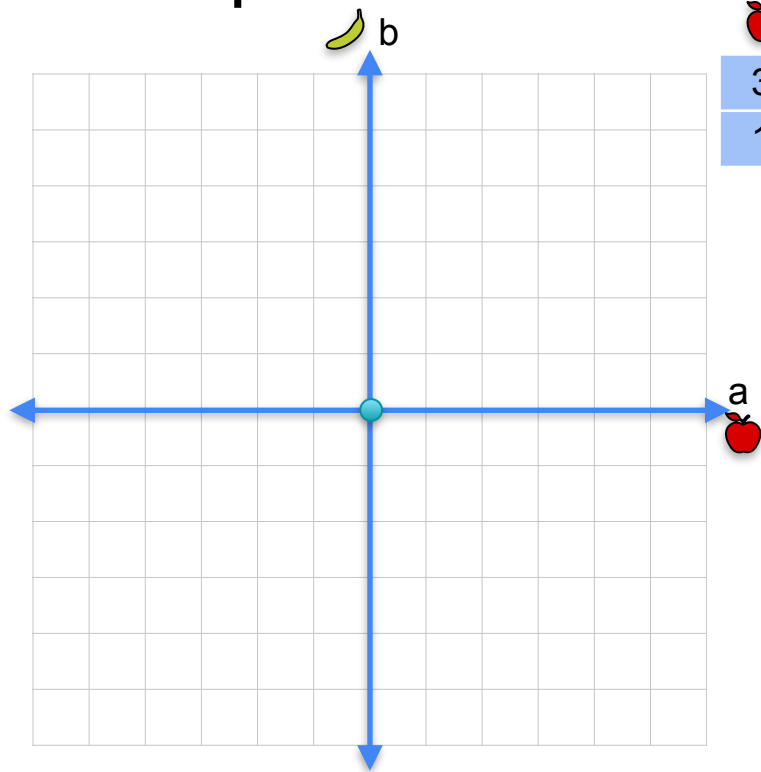
Null space





=

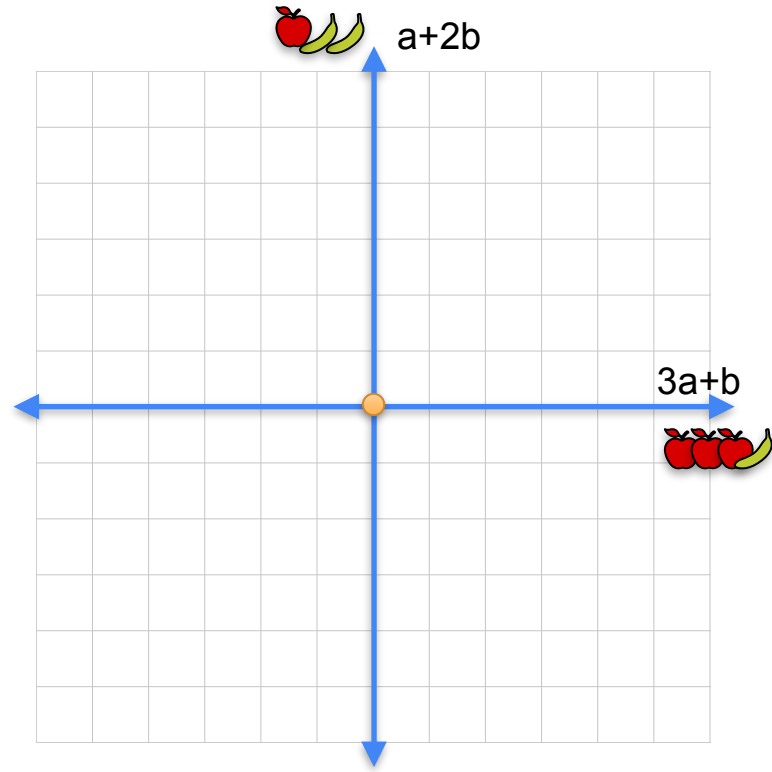


Null space

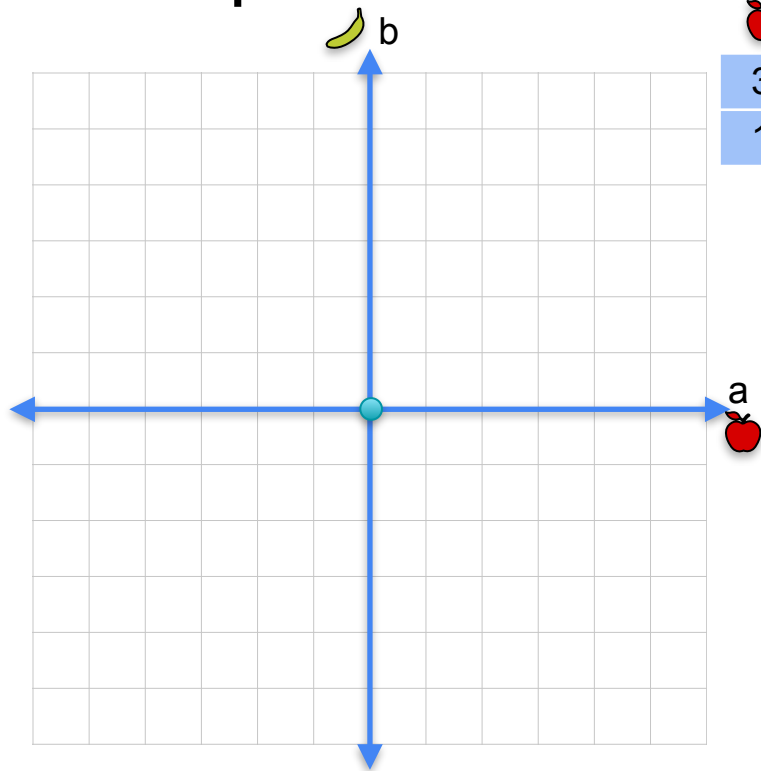




		
3	1	a
1	2	b

 =



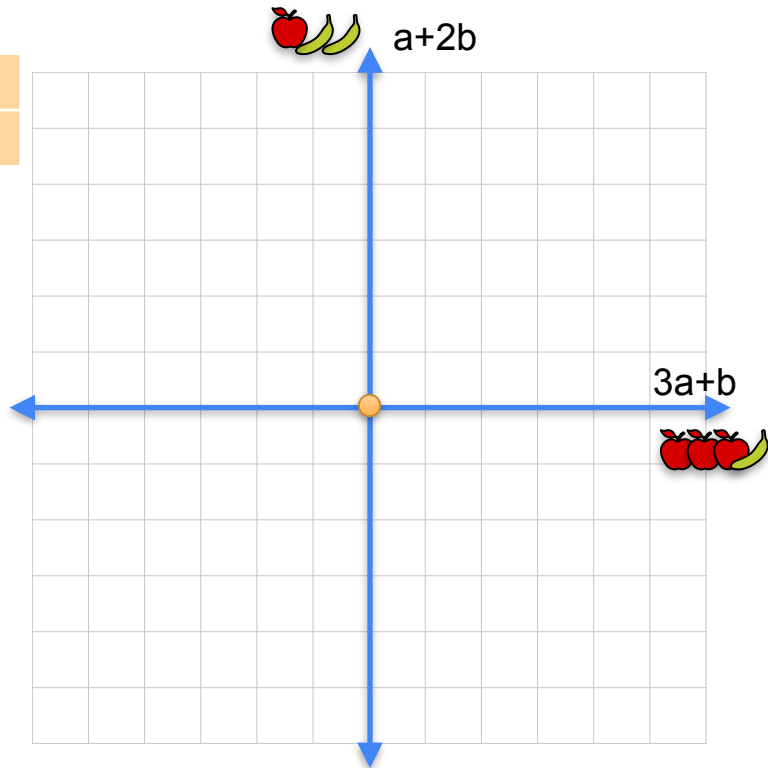
Null space



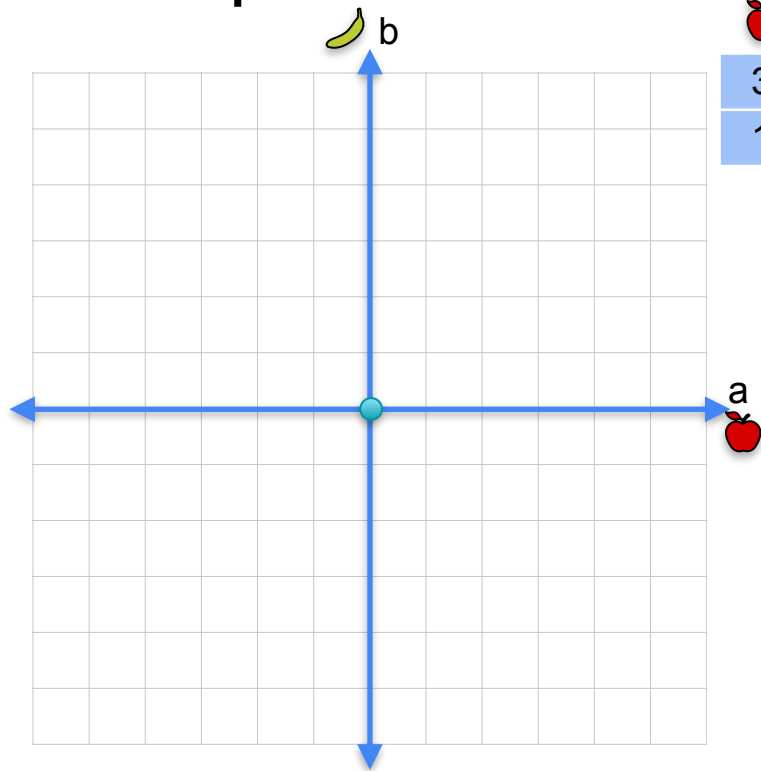
		
3	1	a
1	2	b



 =

0
0



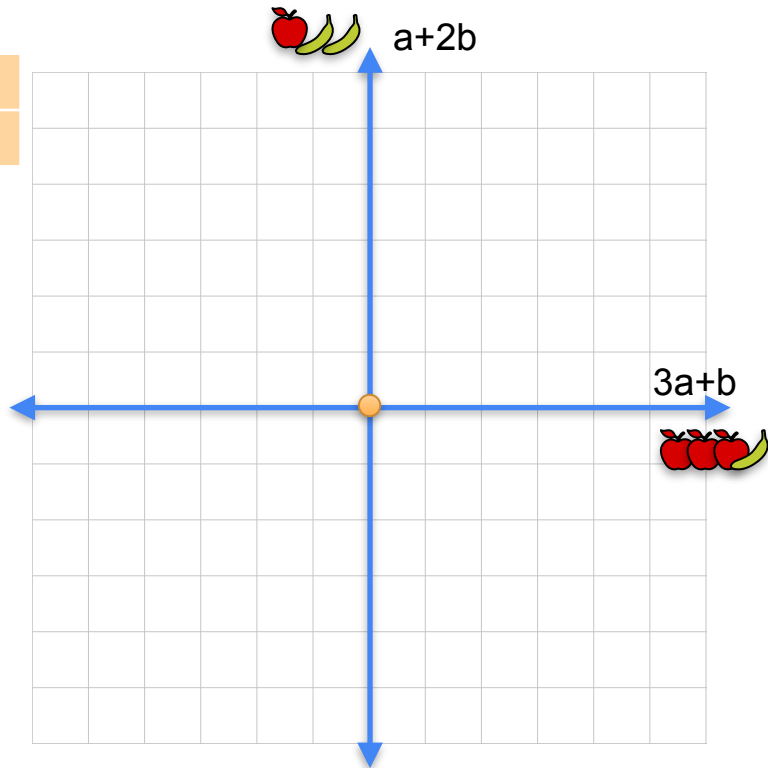
Null space



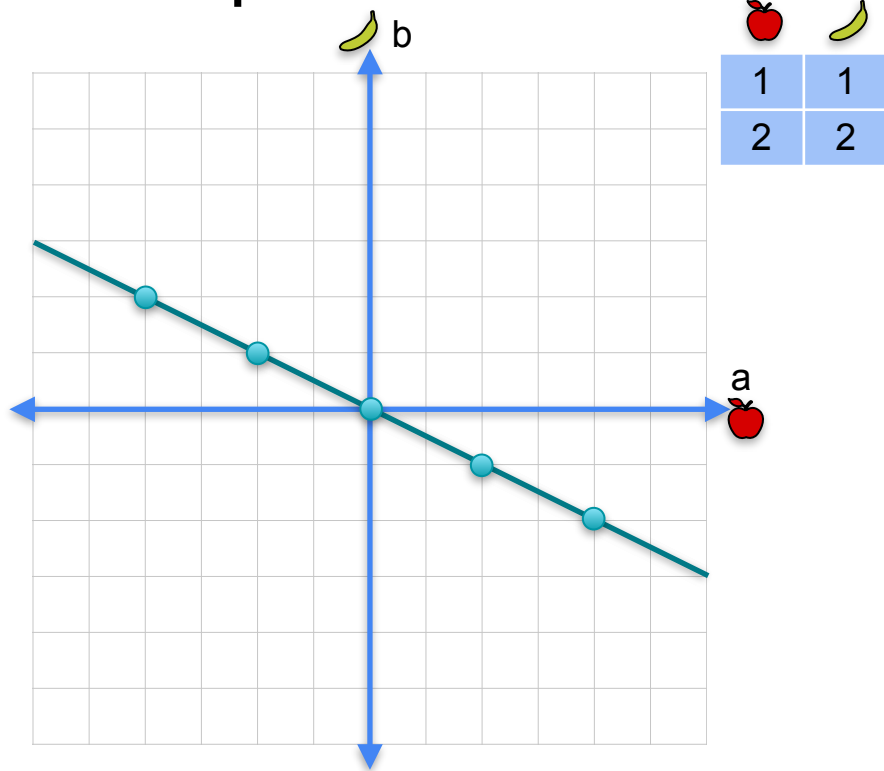
		
3	1	0
1	2	0

 =

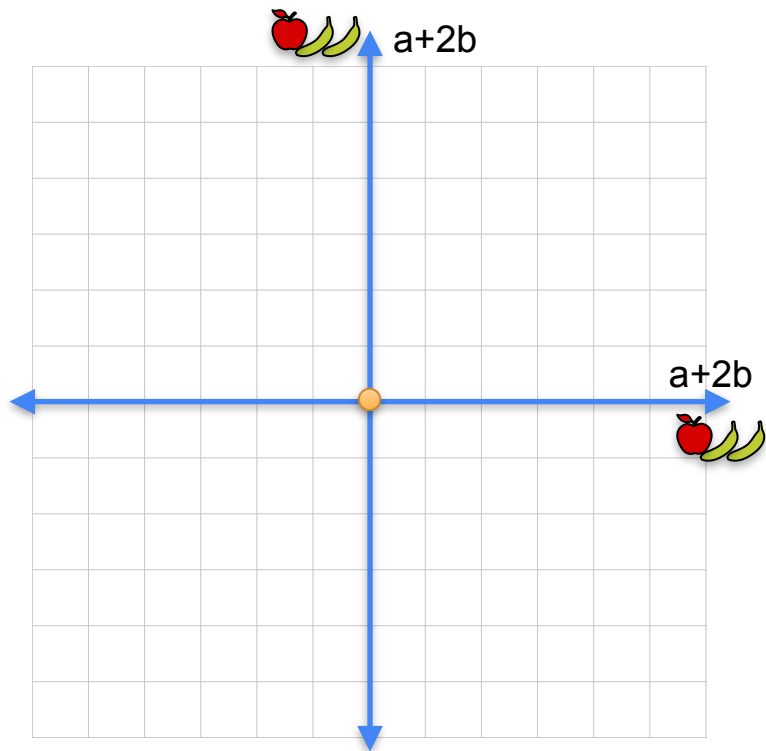
0
0



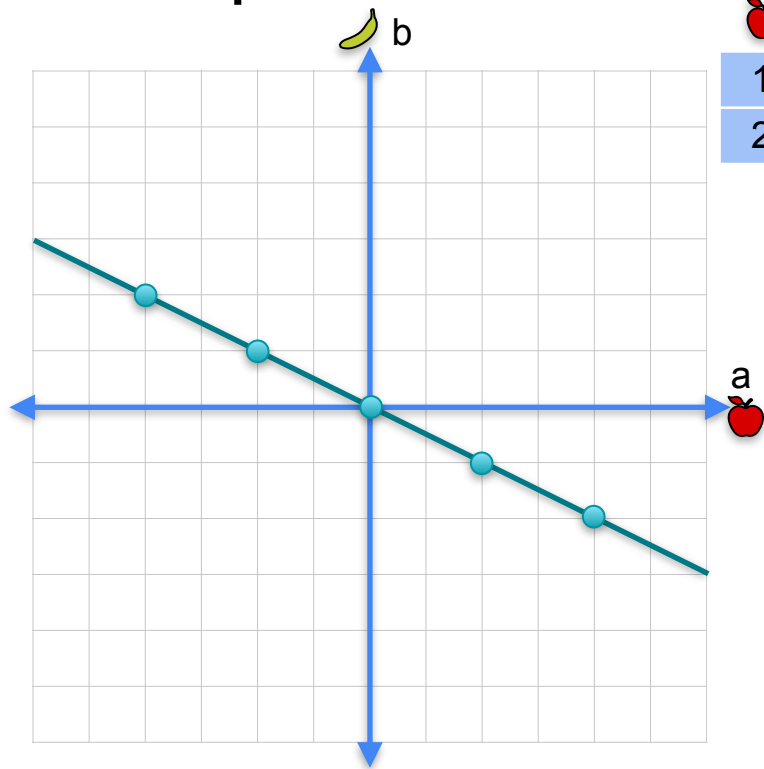
Null space





=

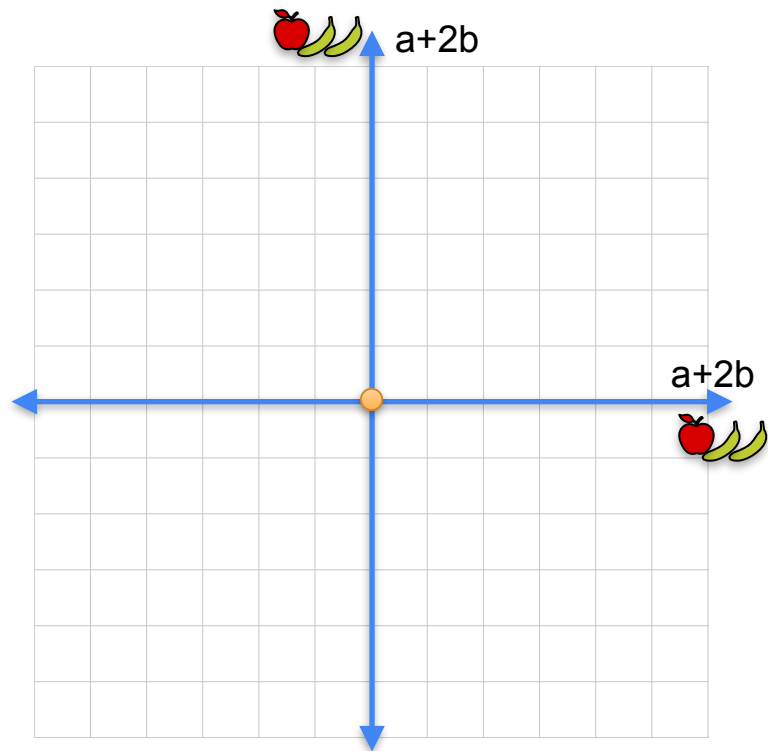


Null space

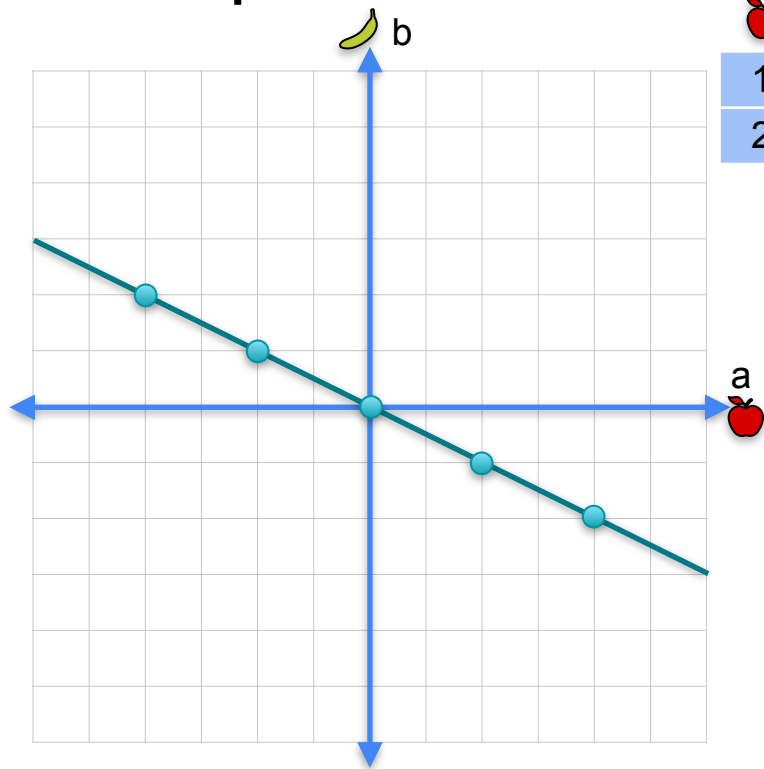




		
1	1	a
2	2	b

 $=$



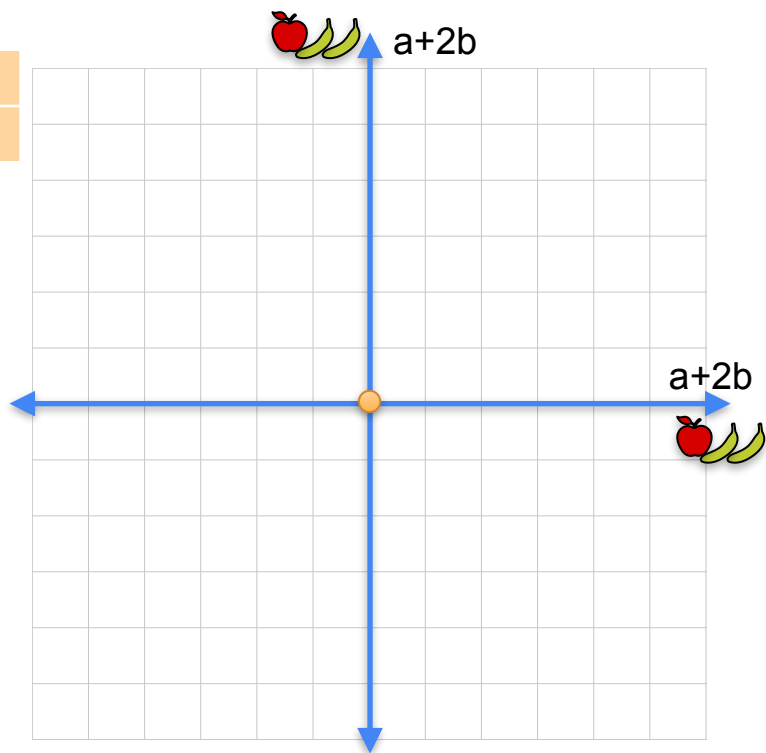
Null space



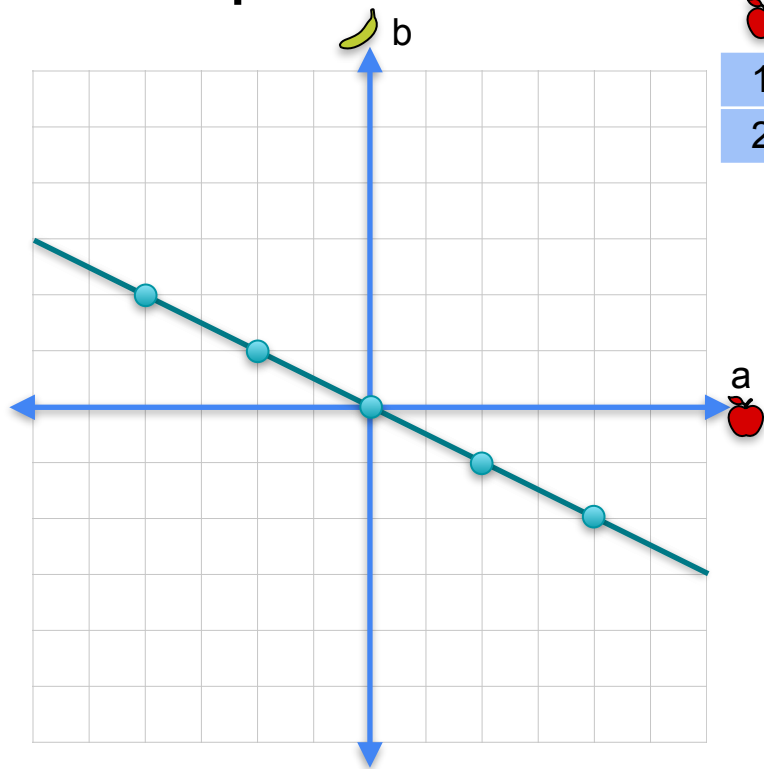
		
1	1	a
2	2	b



 $=$

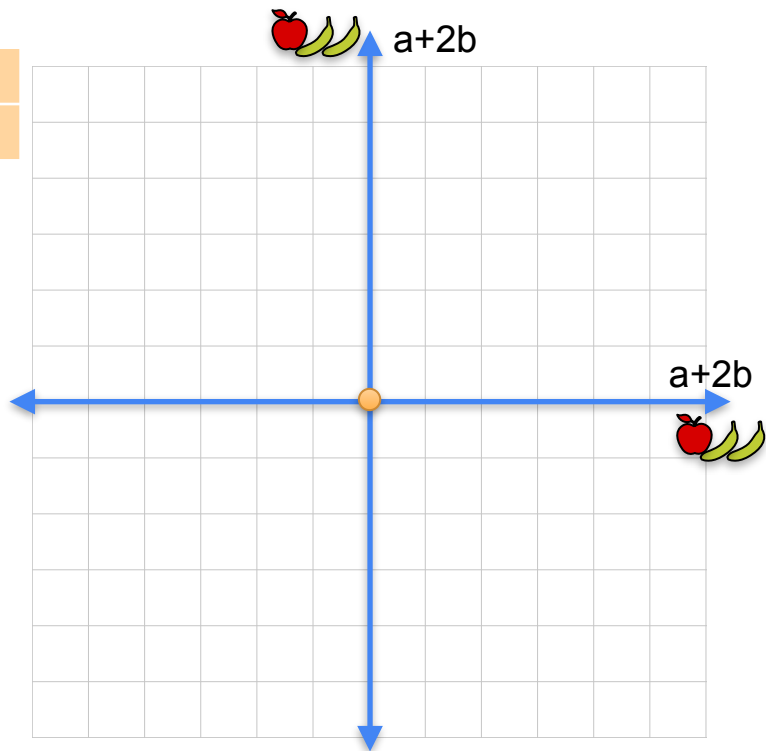
0
0



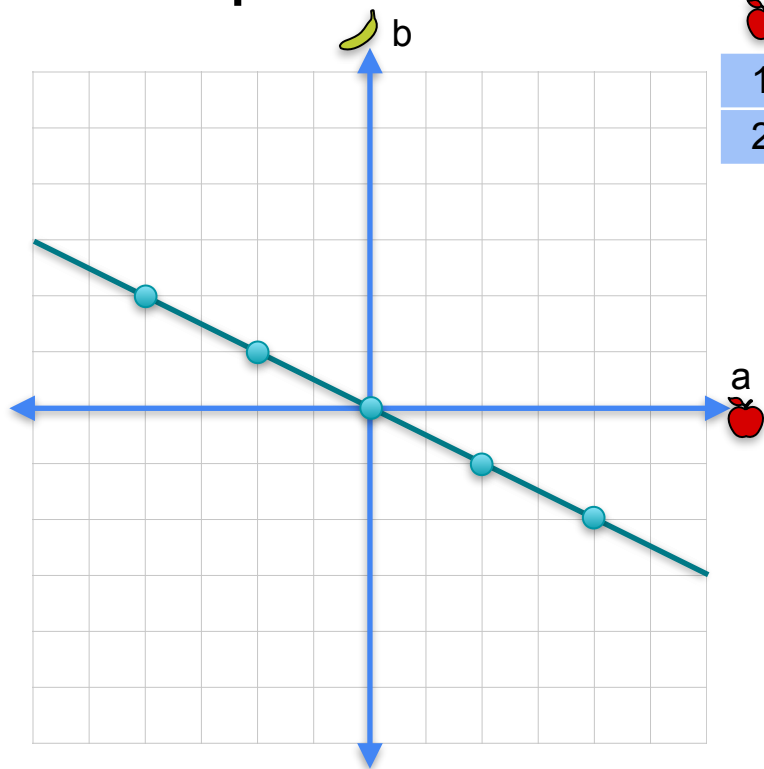
Null space





				
1	1	0	=	0
2	2	0		0

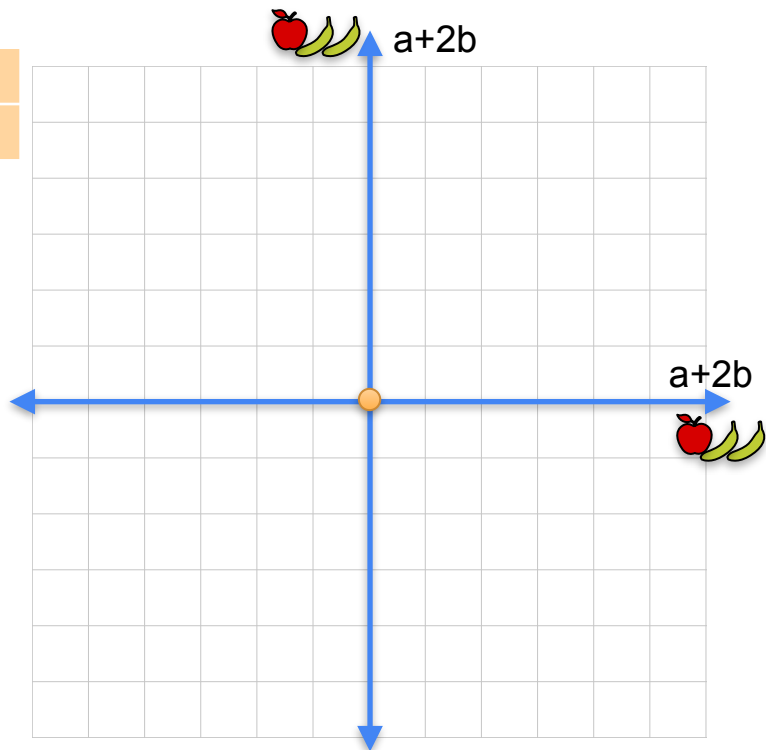


Null space

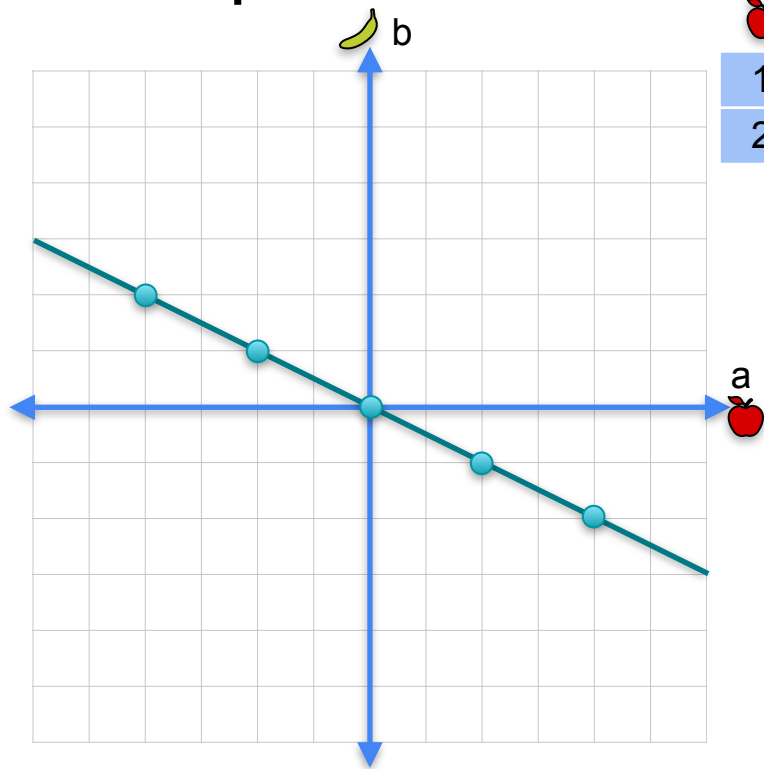




						
1	1	0	=	<table border="1"><tr><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td></tr></table>	0	0
0						
0						
2	2	0				

2
-1

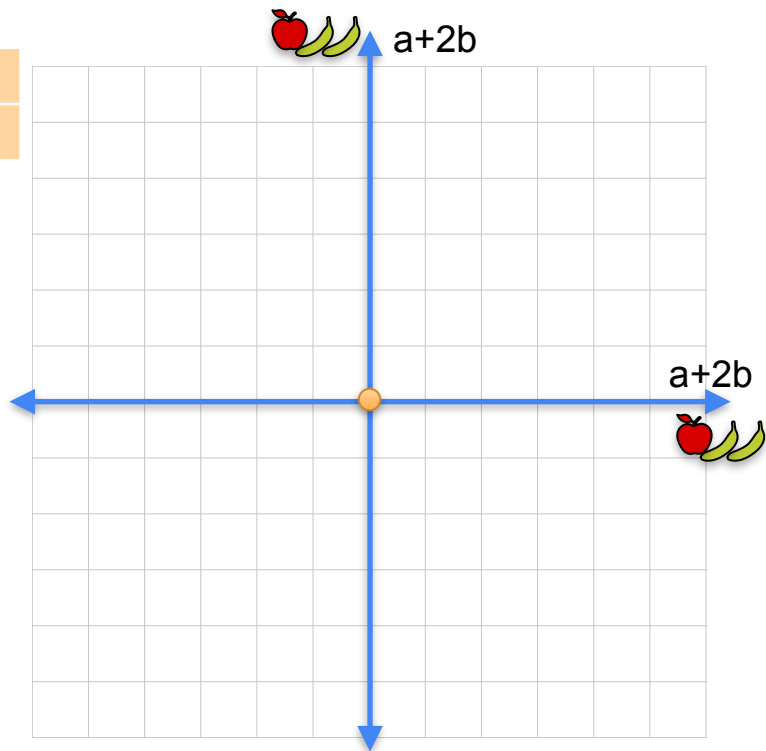


Null space

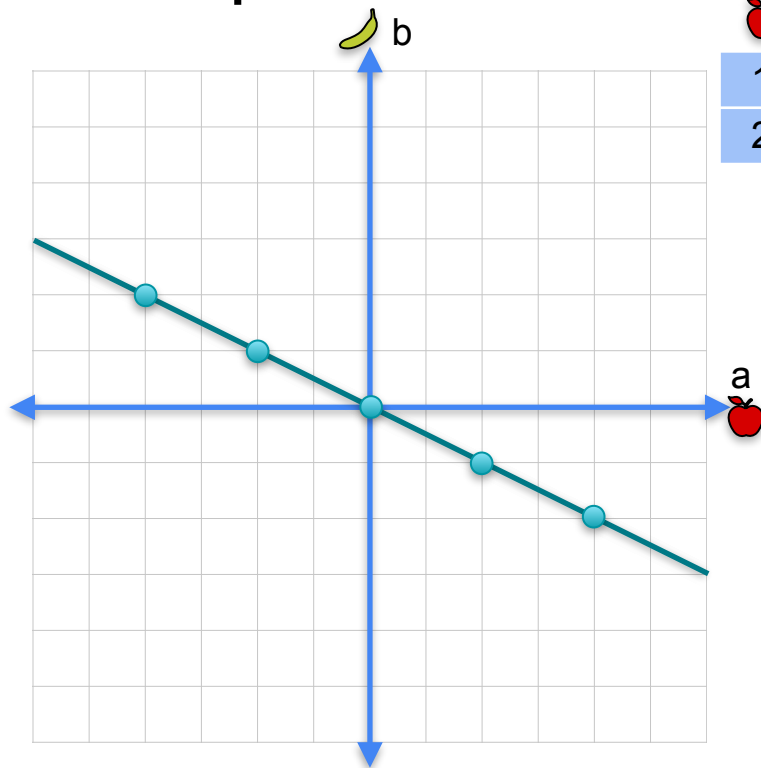


						
1	1	0	=	<table border="1"><tr><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td></tr></table>	0	0
0						
0						
2	2	0				

2	4
-1	-2



Null space



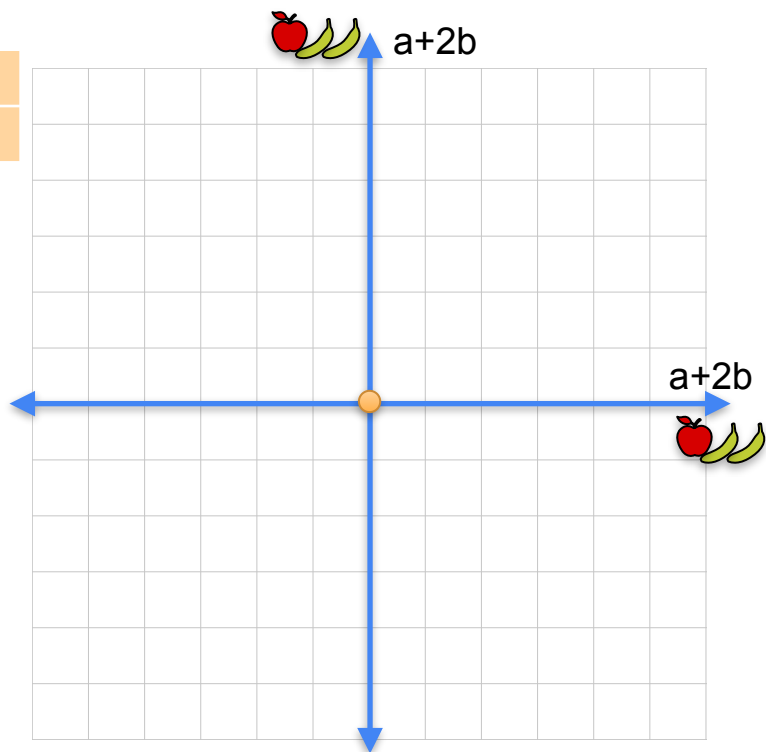
🍏	🍌	
1	1	0
2	2	0

 =

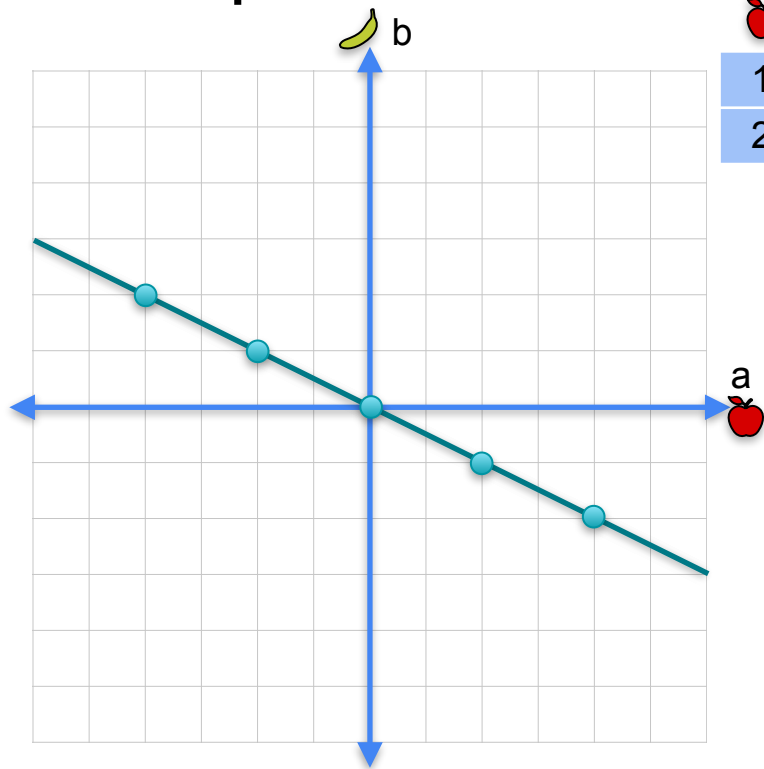
0
0



2	4
-1	-2

-2
1

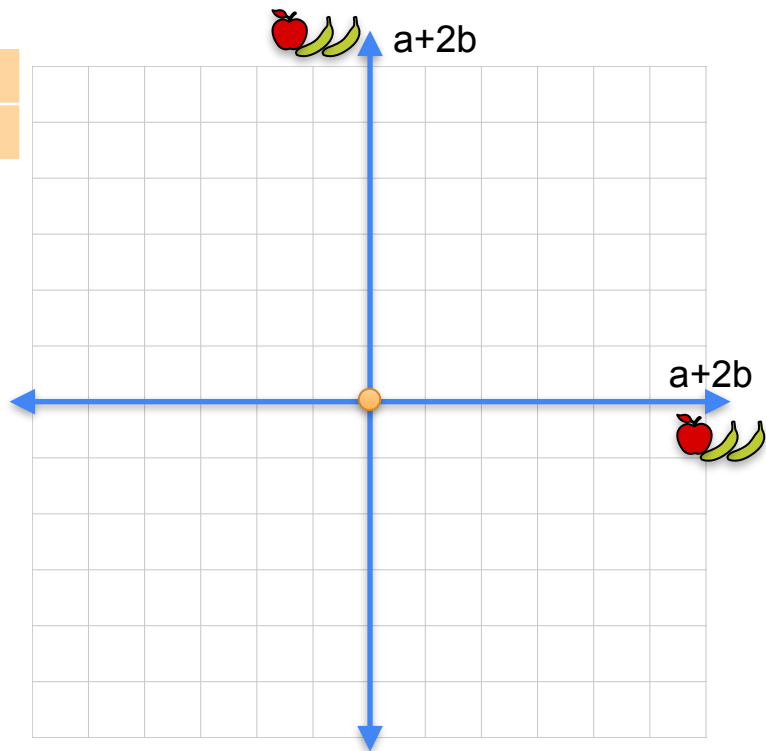


Null space

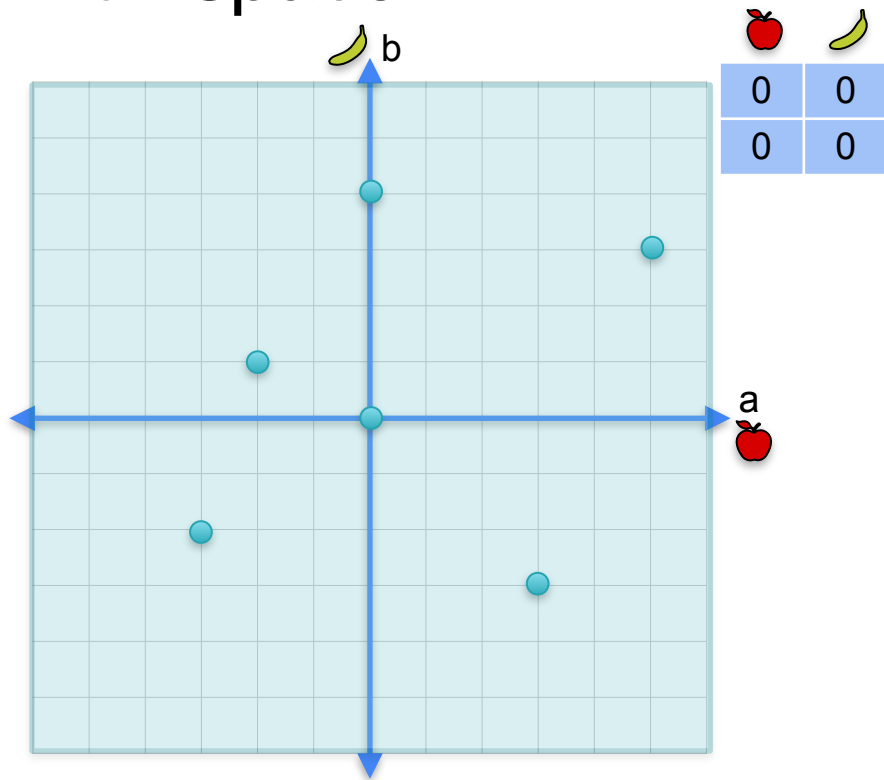


					
1	1	0	= <table border="1"><tr><td>0</td></tr><tr><td>0</td></tr></table>	0	0
0					
0					
2	2	0			

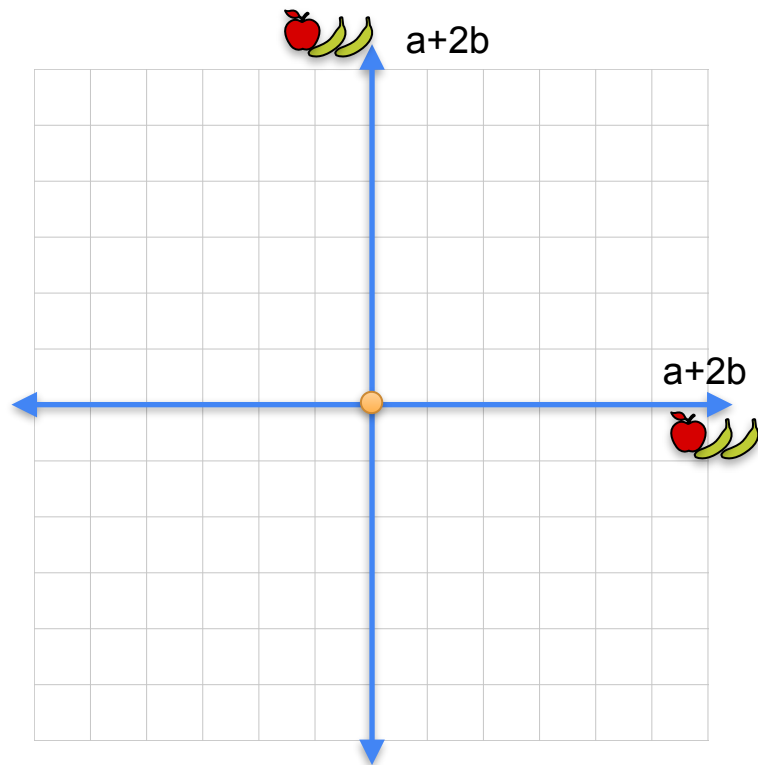
2	4
-1	-2
-2	-4
1	2



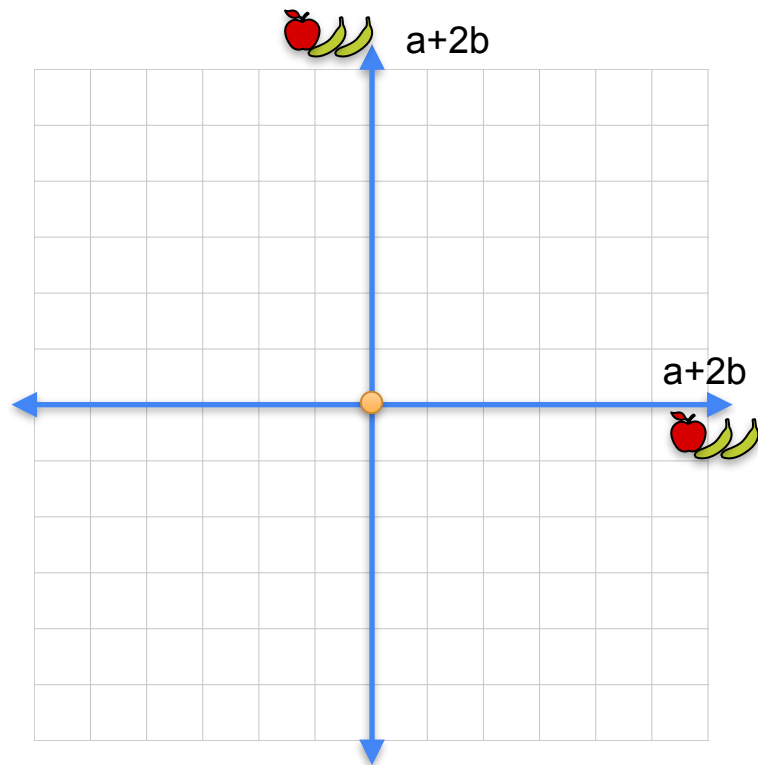
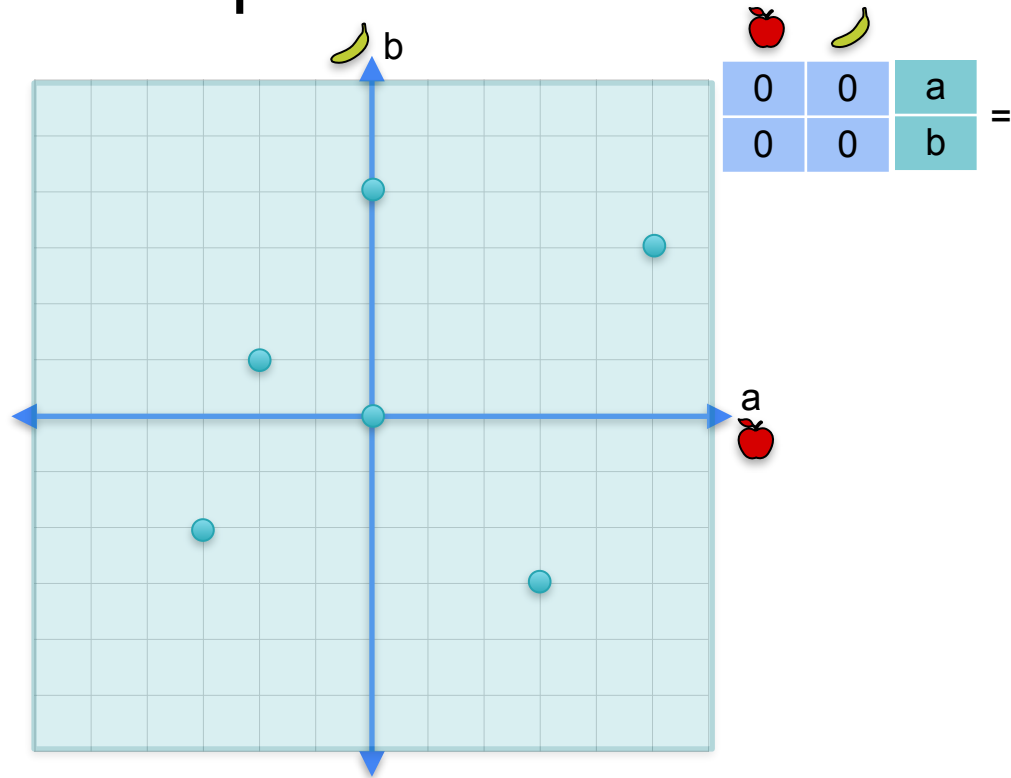
Null space



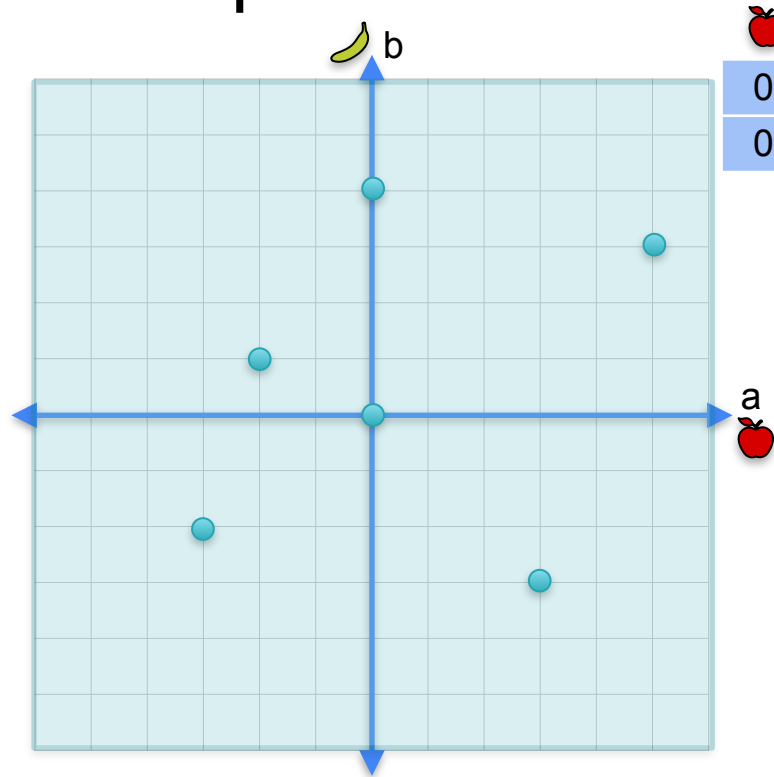
=



Null space



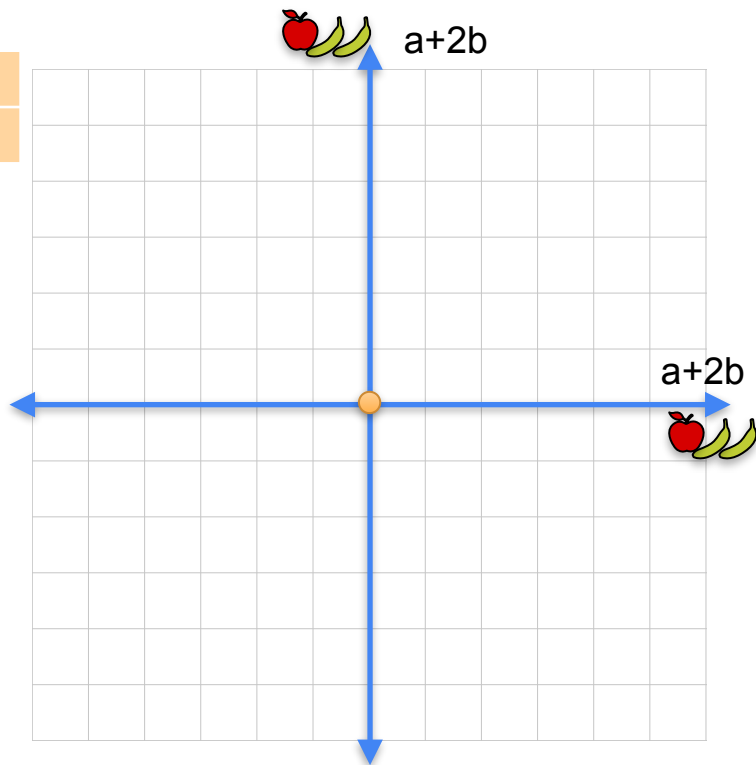
Null space



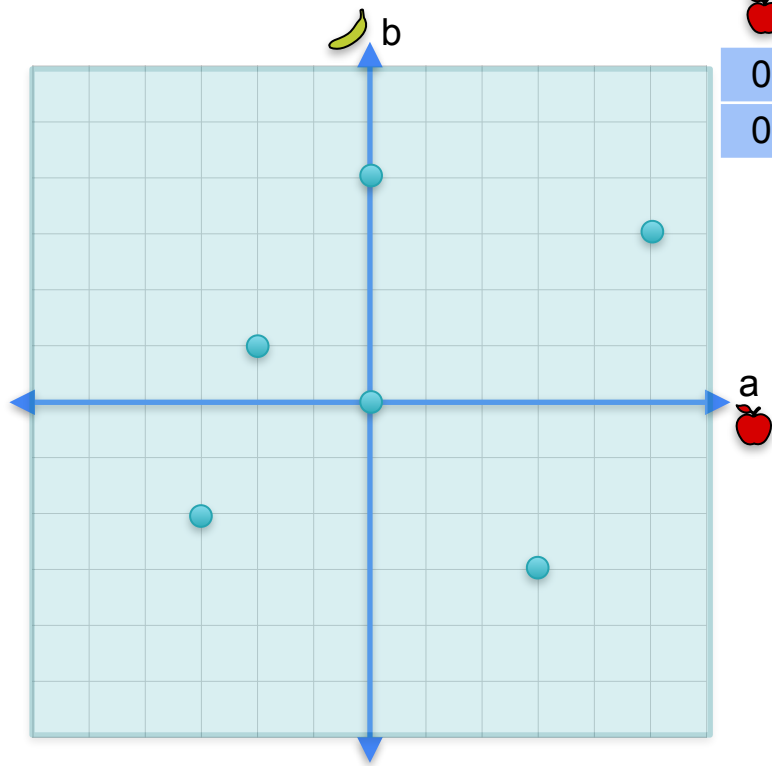
0	0	a
0	0	b



 =

?
?



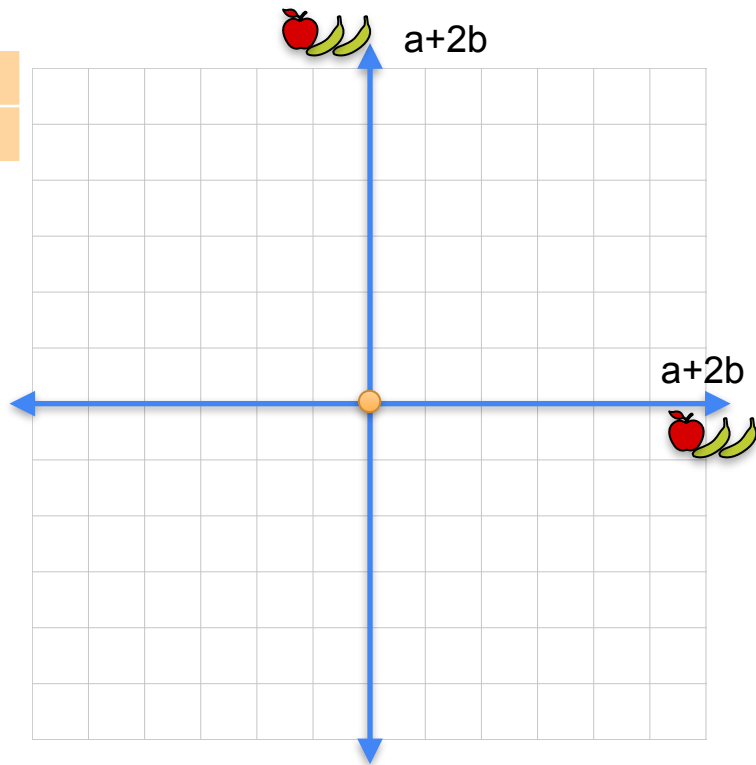
Null space



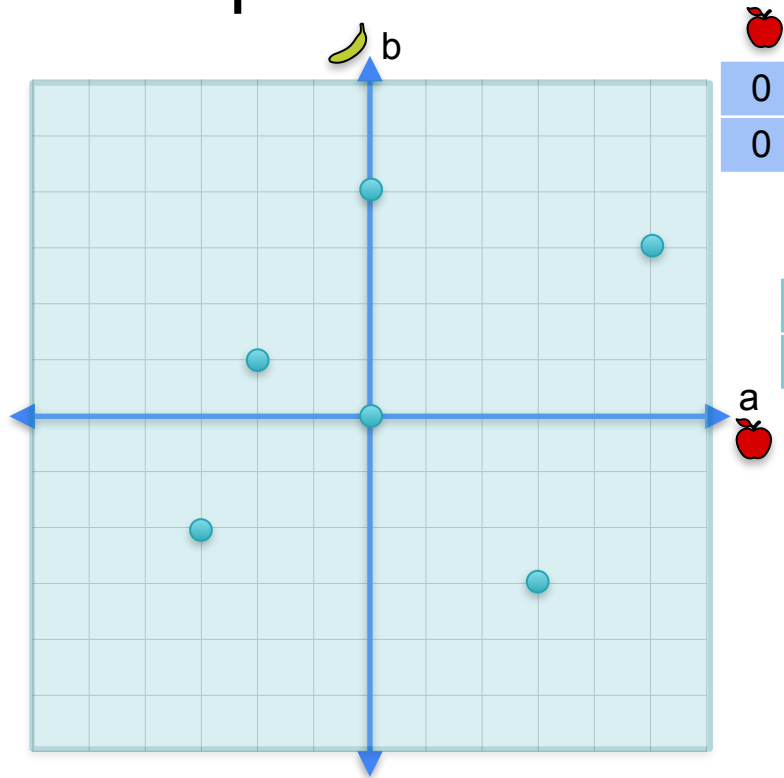
		
0	0	0
0	0	0



 =

?
?



Null space

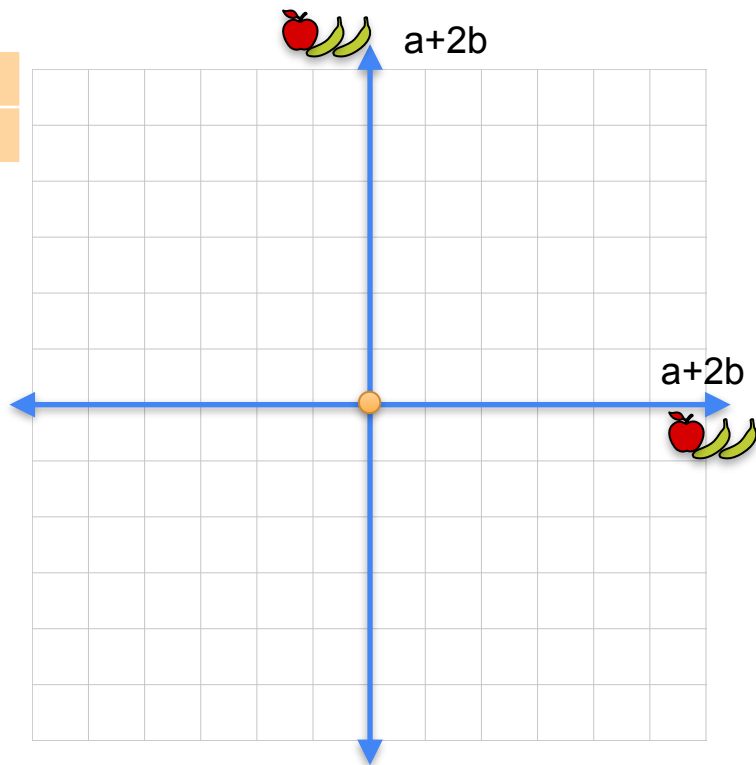


		
0	0	0
0	0	0

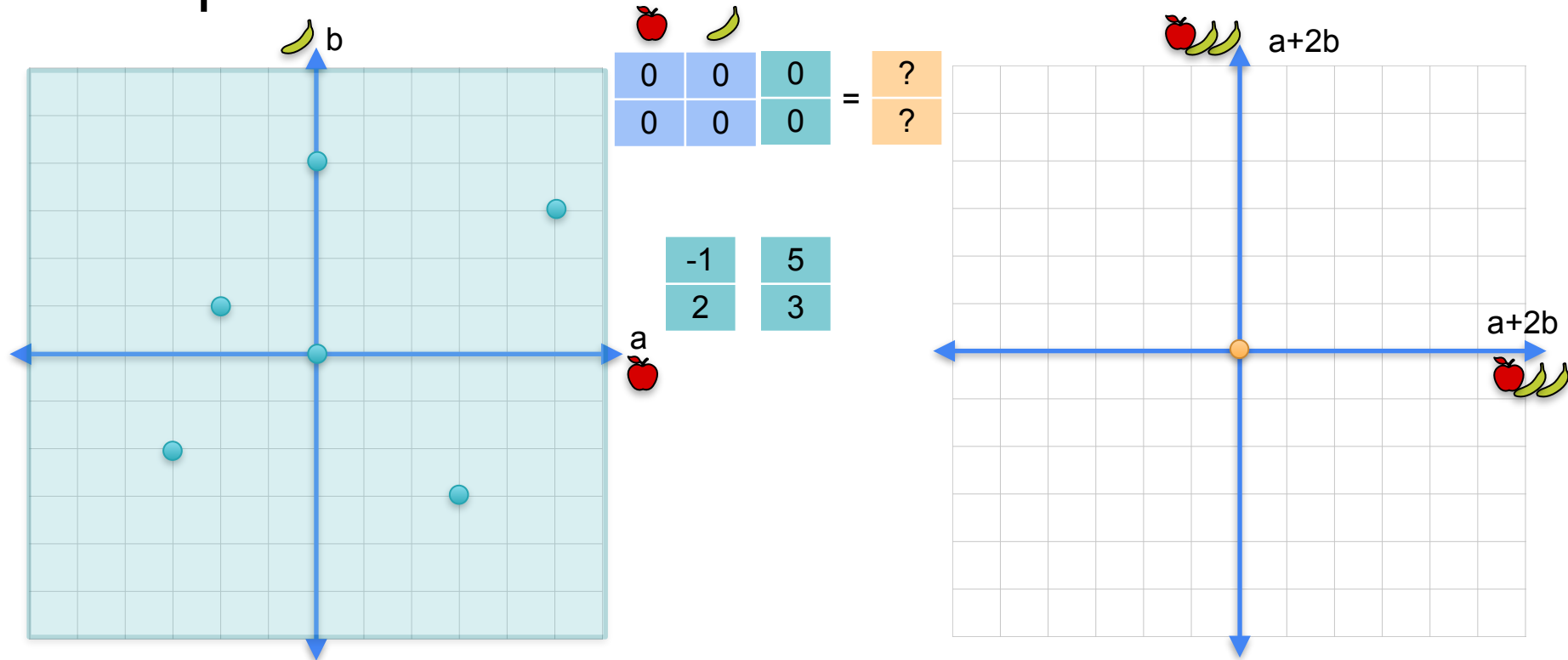
 =

?
?

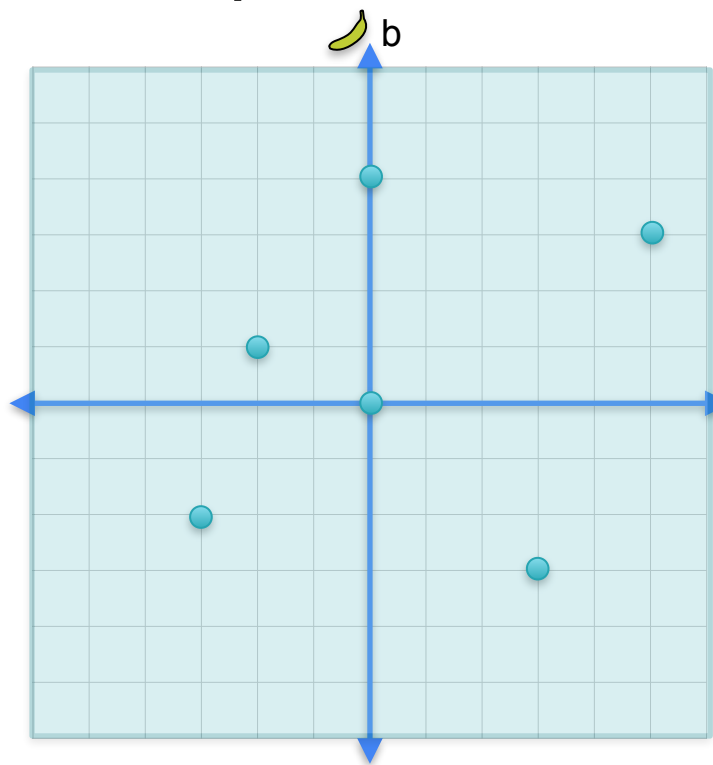
-1
2



Null space



Null space



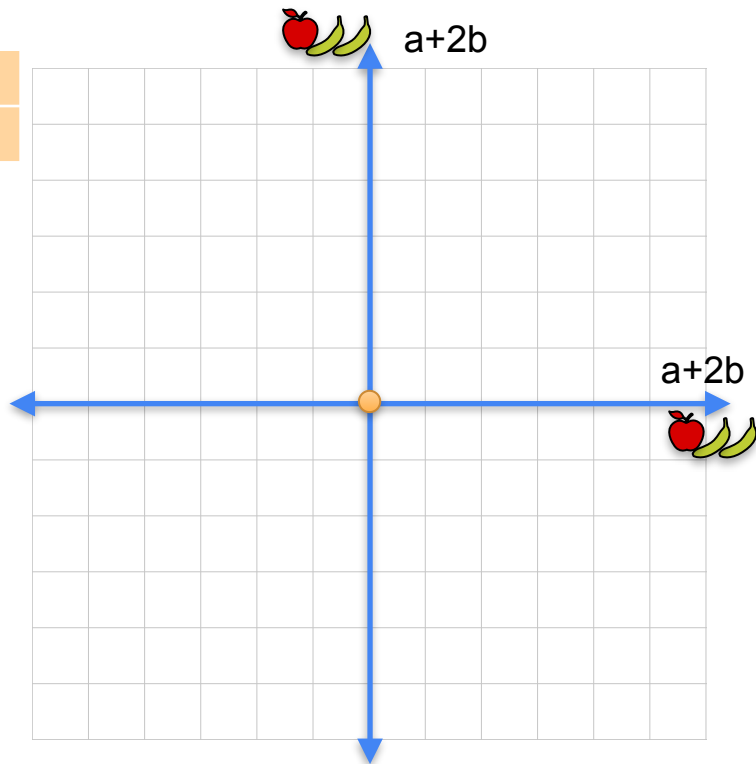
🍎	🍌
0	0
0	0

 =

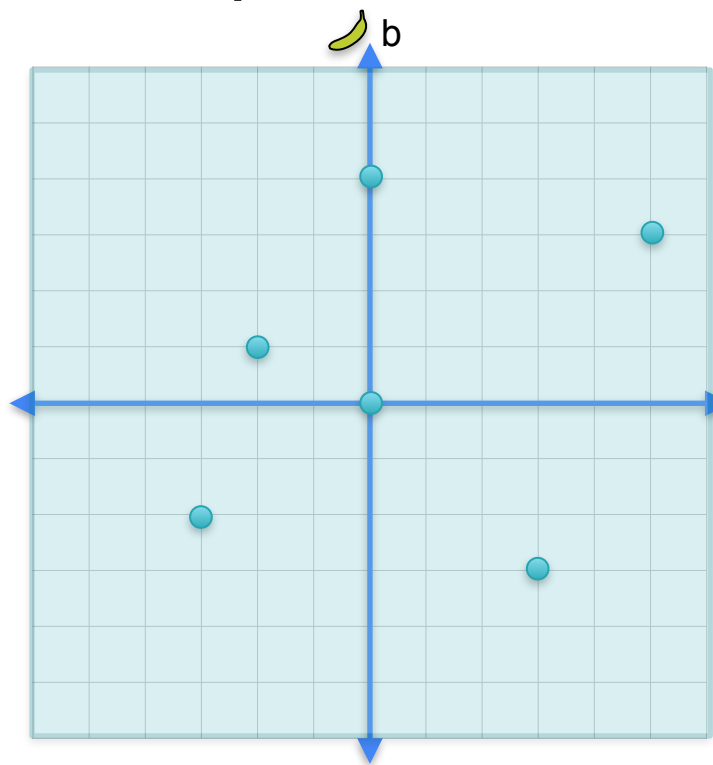
?
?

🍎
-1
2
0
4

5
3



Null space

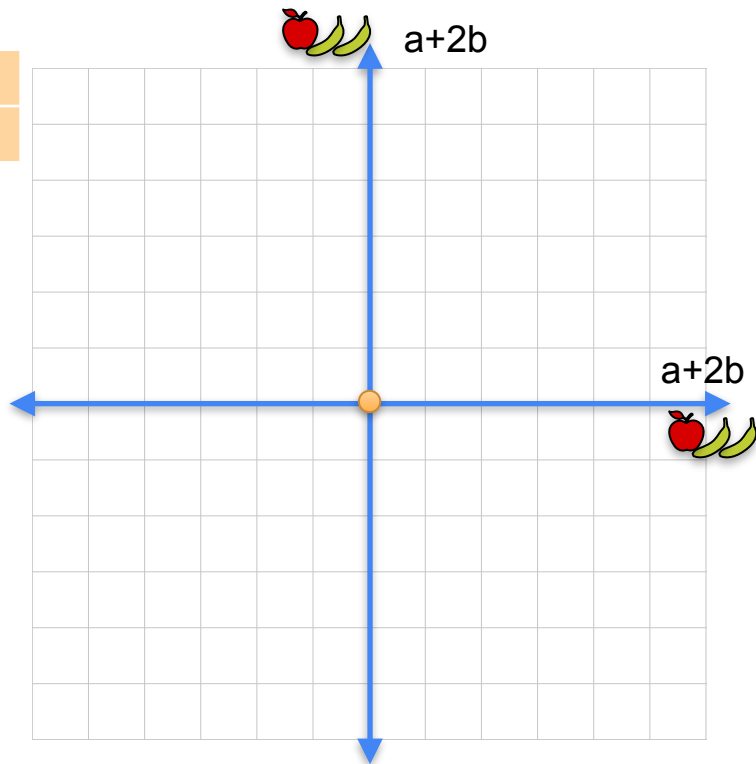


Apple	Banana	
0	0	0
0	0	0

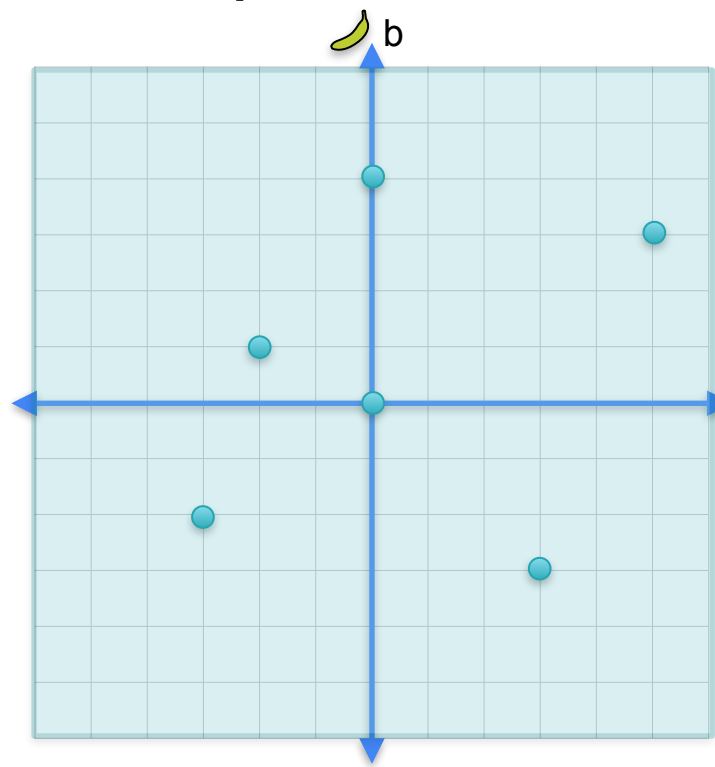
 $=$

?
?

Apple	
-1	5
2	3
0	-1
4	-3



Null space

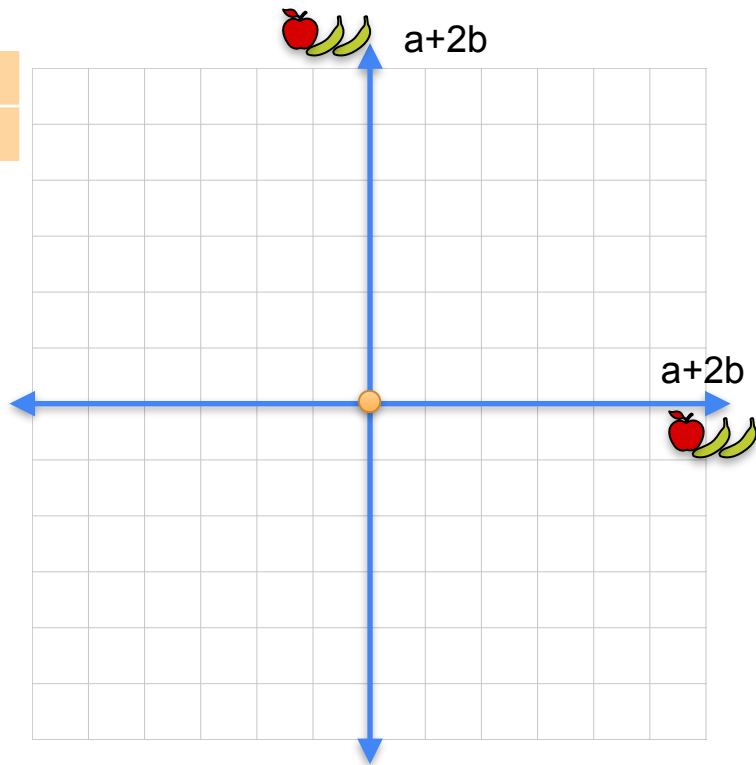


Apple	Banana	
0	0	0
0	0	0

 =



?
?

Apple	
-1	5
2	3
0	-1
4	-3
3	
-3	

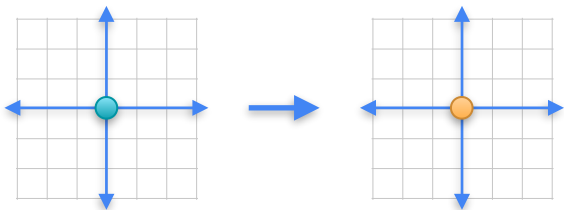


Null space

Non-singular



	
3	1
1	2

Rank = 2

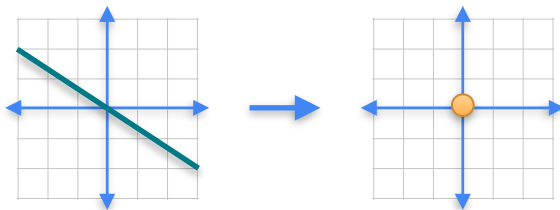


Dimension = 0

Singular



	
1	1
2	2

Rank = 1

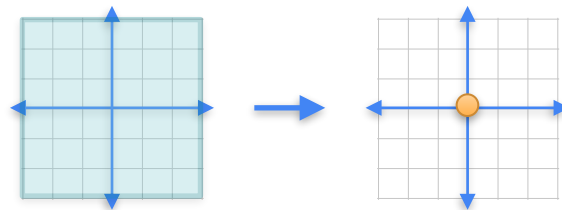


Dimension = 1

Singular

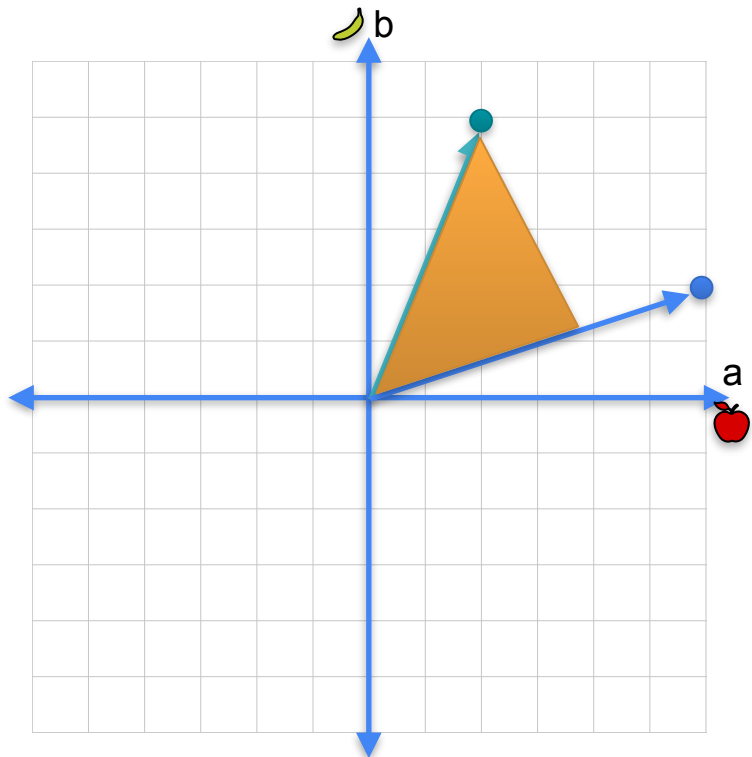
	
0	0
0	0

Rank = 0



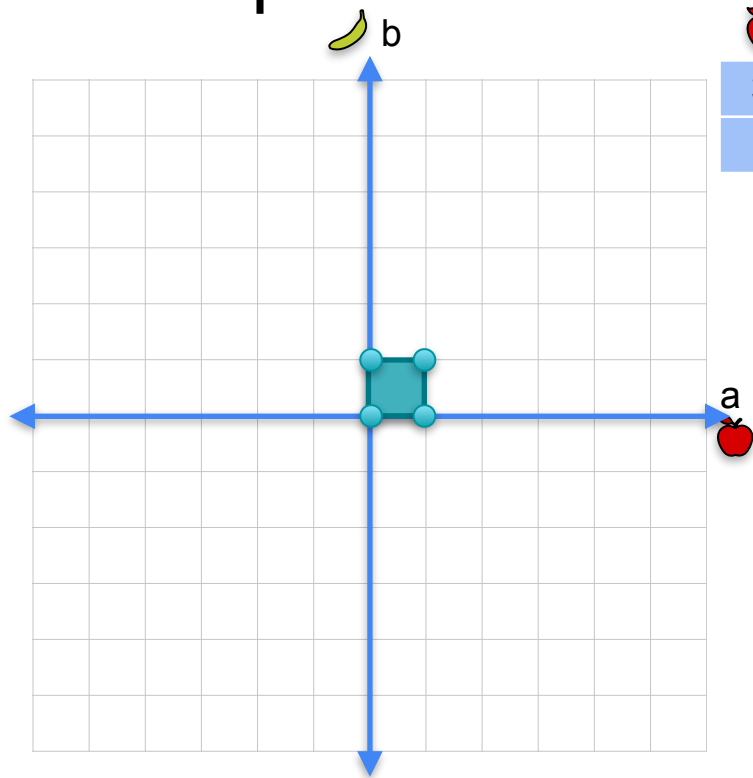
Dimension = 2



Dot product as an area



$$\begin{matrix} \text{apple} & \text{banana} \\ 6 & 2 \end{matrix} \cdot \begin{matrix} \$ \text{apple} & \$ \text{banana} \\ 2 & 5 \end{matrix} = \$ 22$$

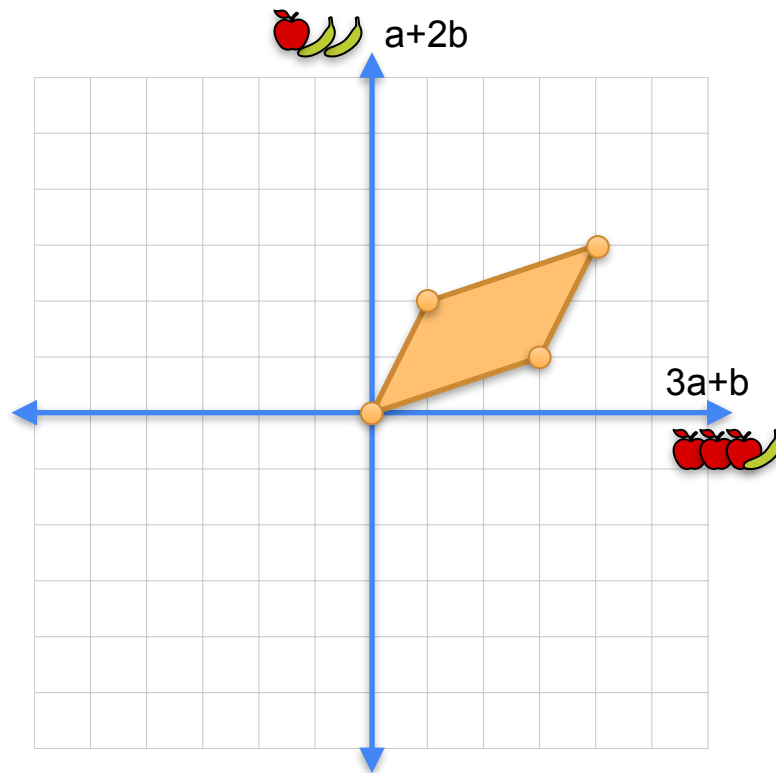
Row space



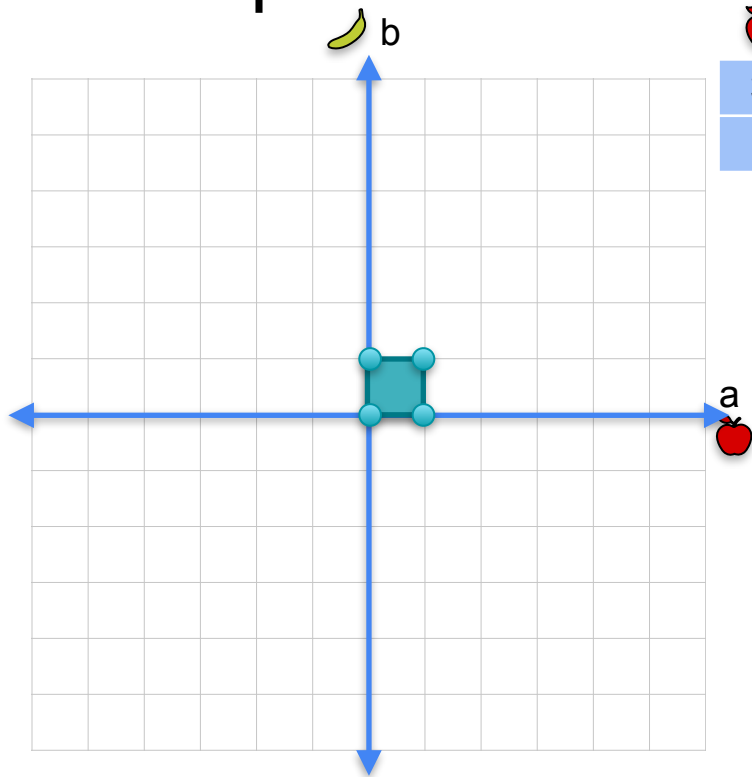
	
3	1
1	2



=

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



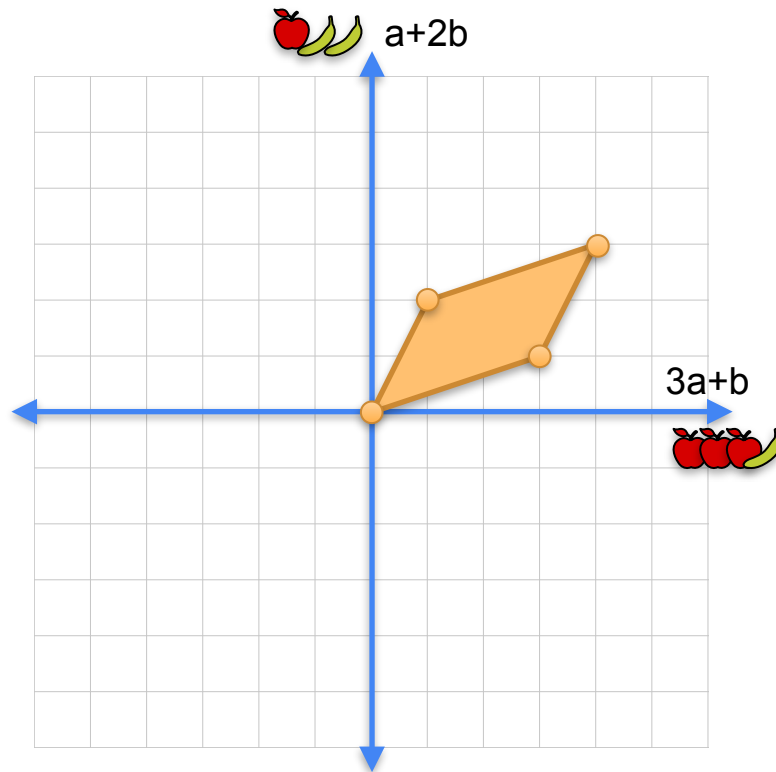
Row space



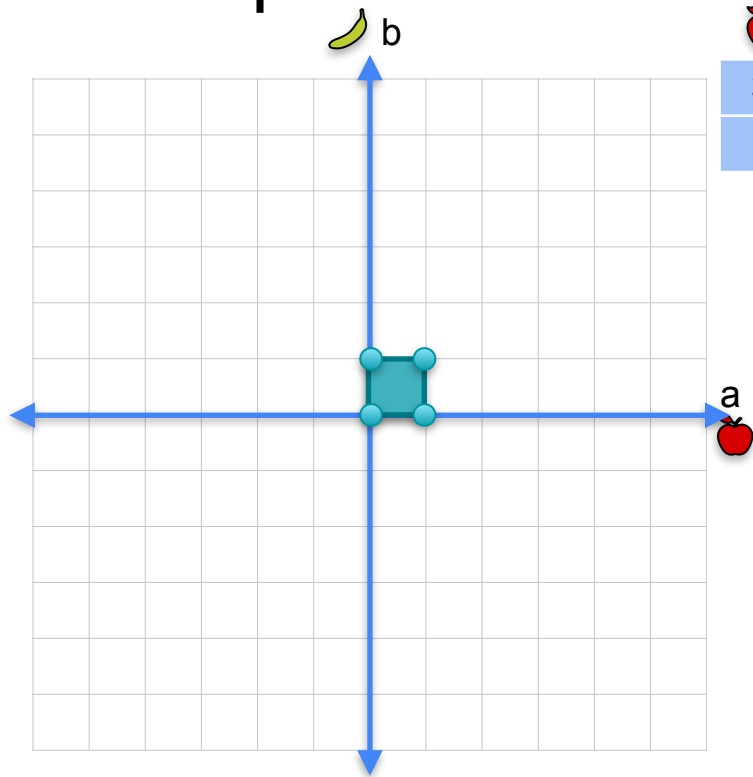
		
3	1	0
1	2	0



 =

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



Row space

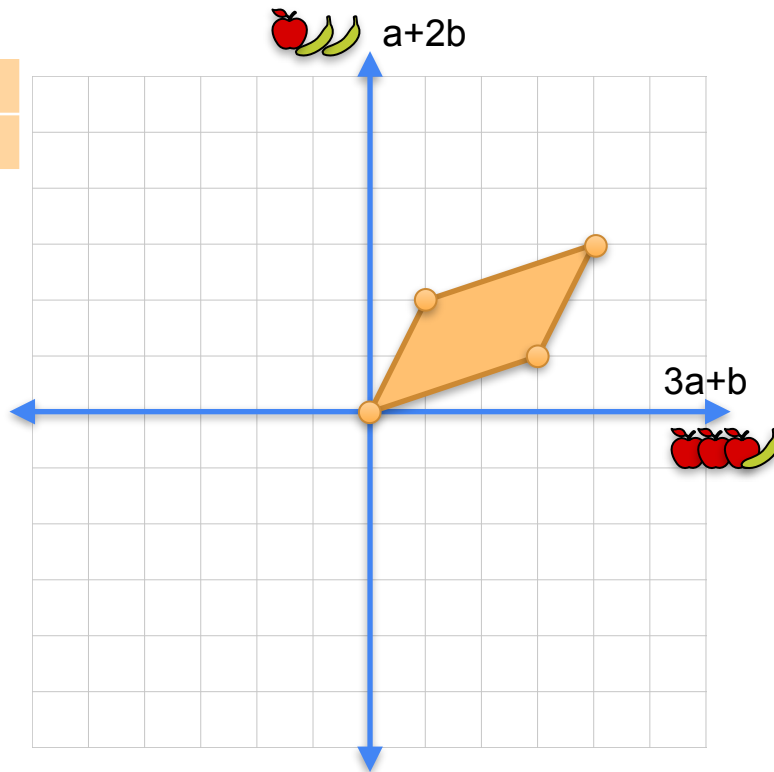


			
3	1	0	0
1	2	0	0

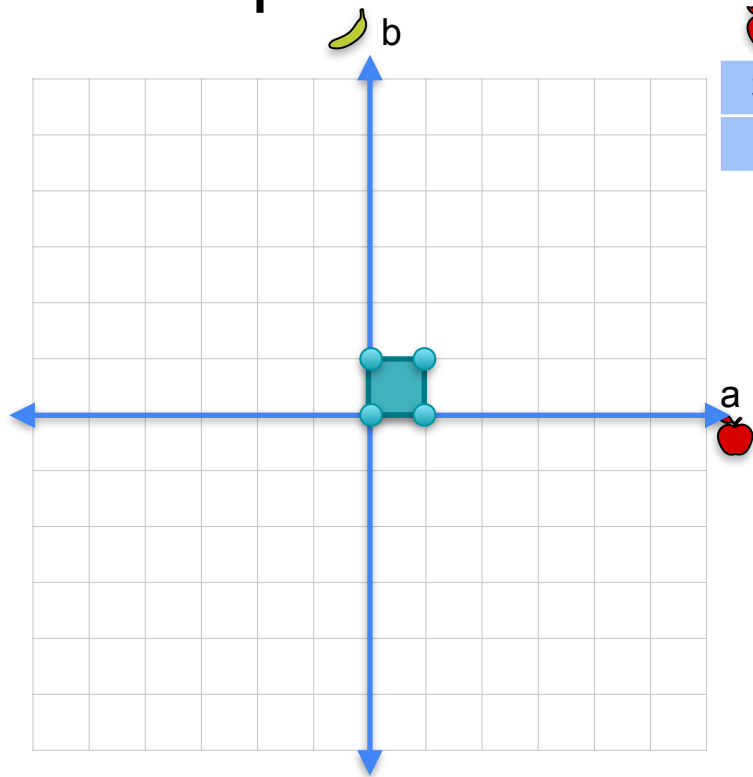
 =



0
0

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



Row space

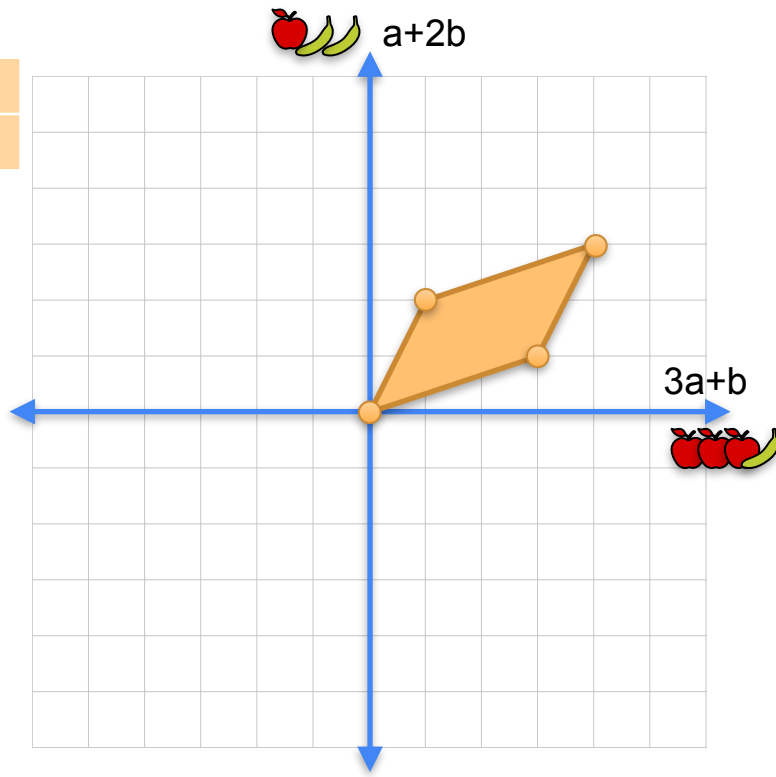


			
3	1	1	0
1	2	0	0

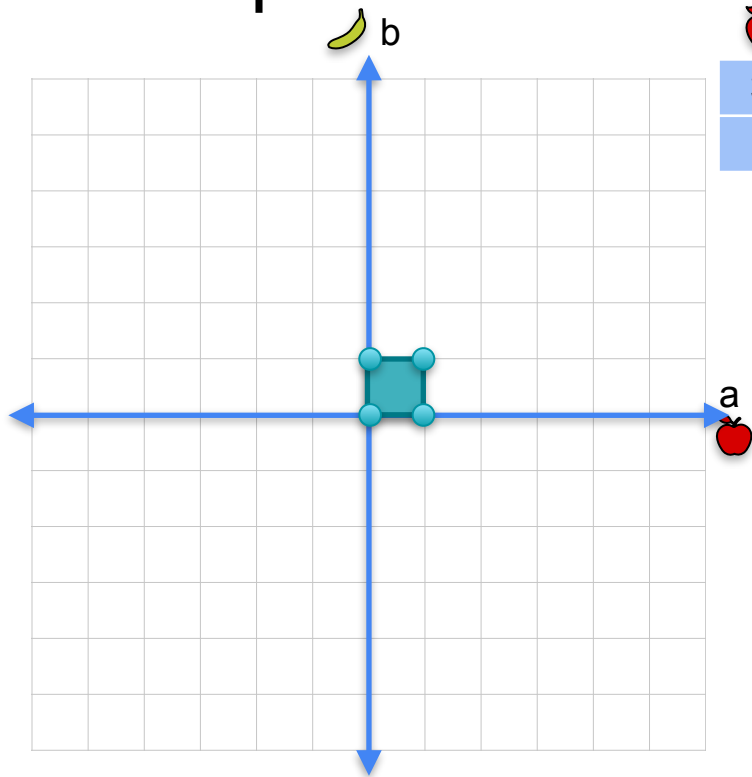
=



0
0

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$

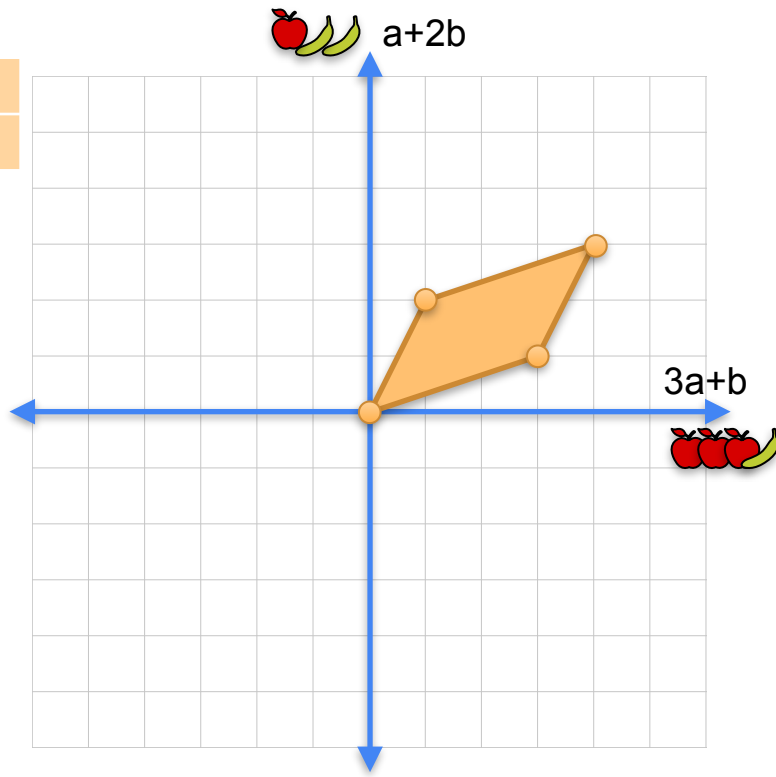


Row space

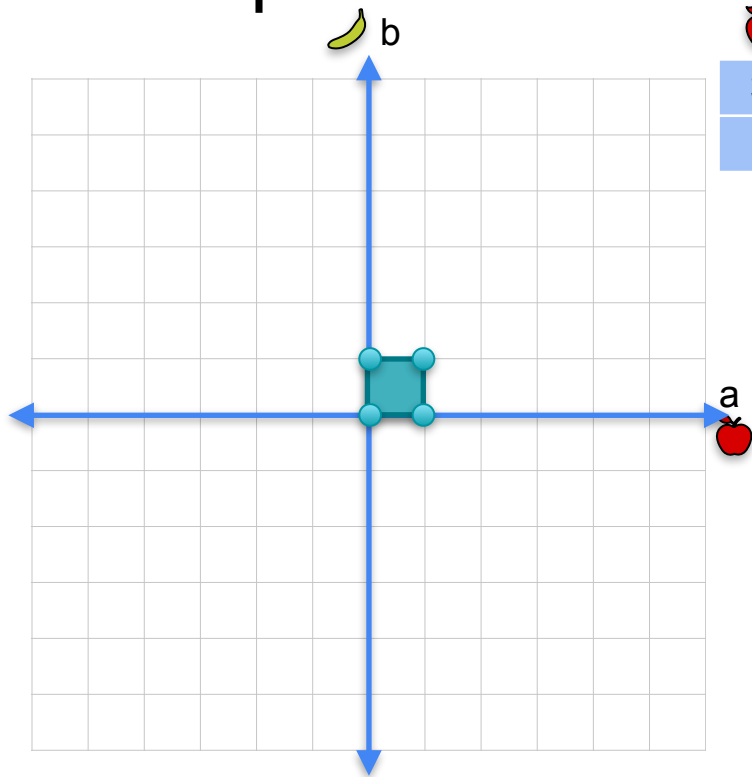




					
3	1	1	= <table border="1"><tr><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>1</td></tr></table>	3	1
3					
1					
1	2	0			

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



Row space

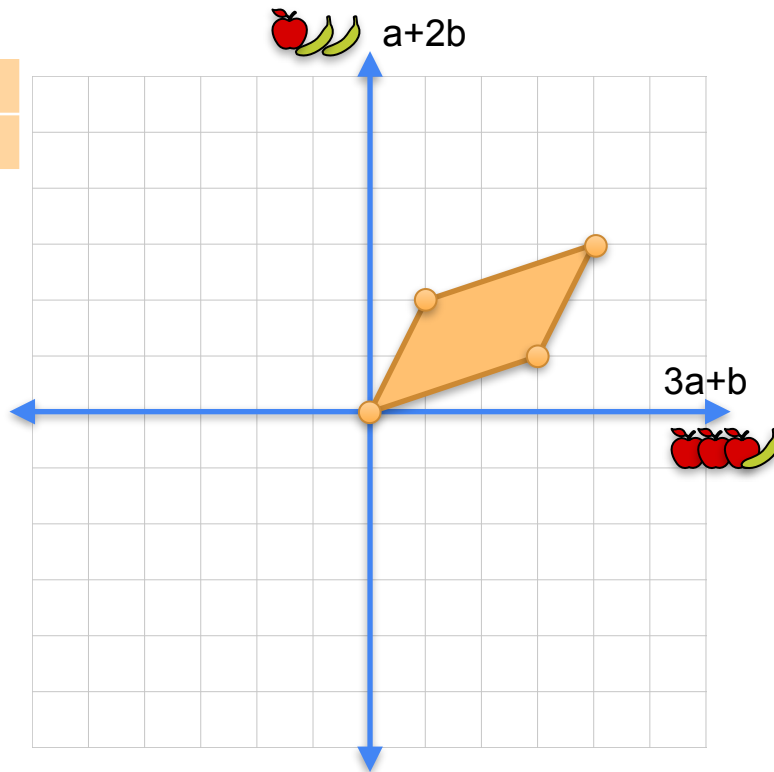


		
3	1	0
1	2	1

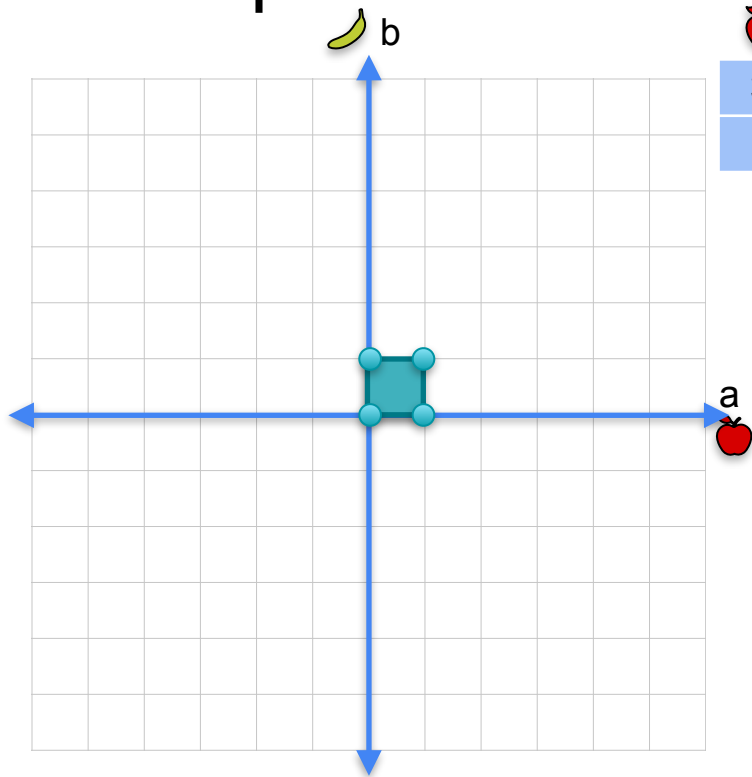
 =



3
1

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



Row space

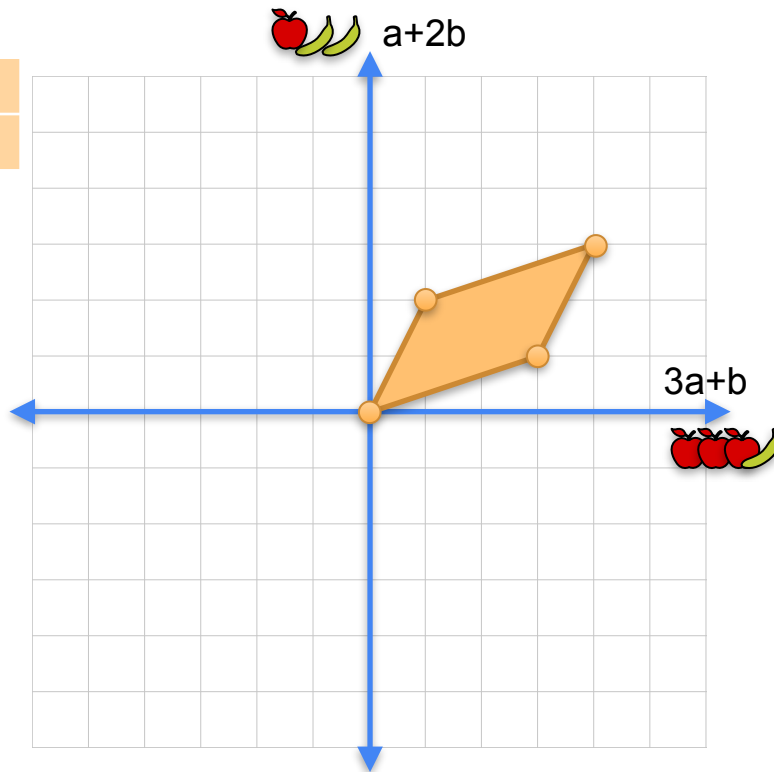


		
3	1	0
1	2	1

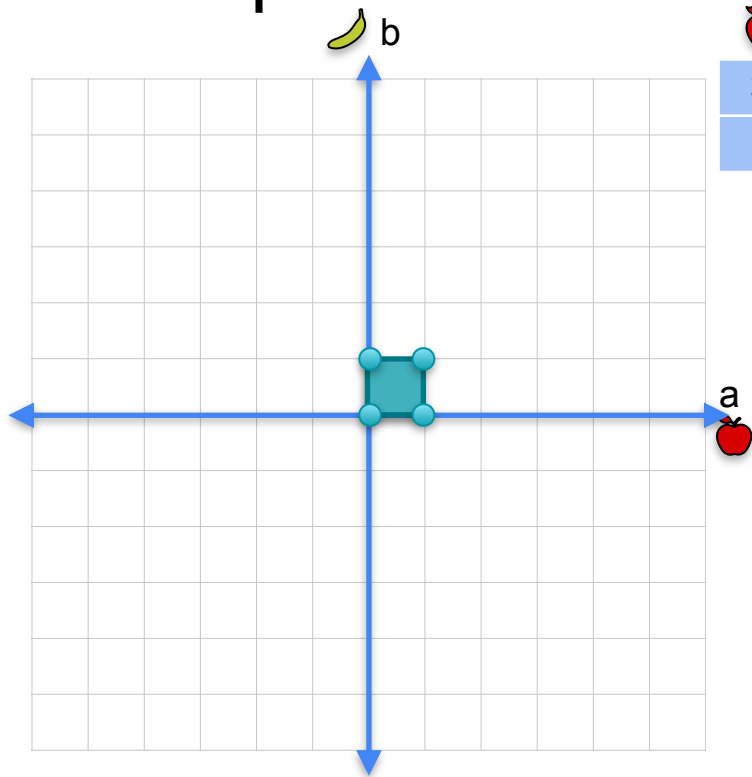
 =



1
2

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



Row space

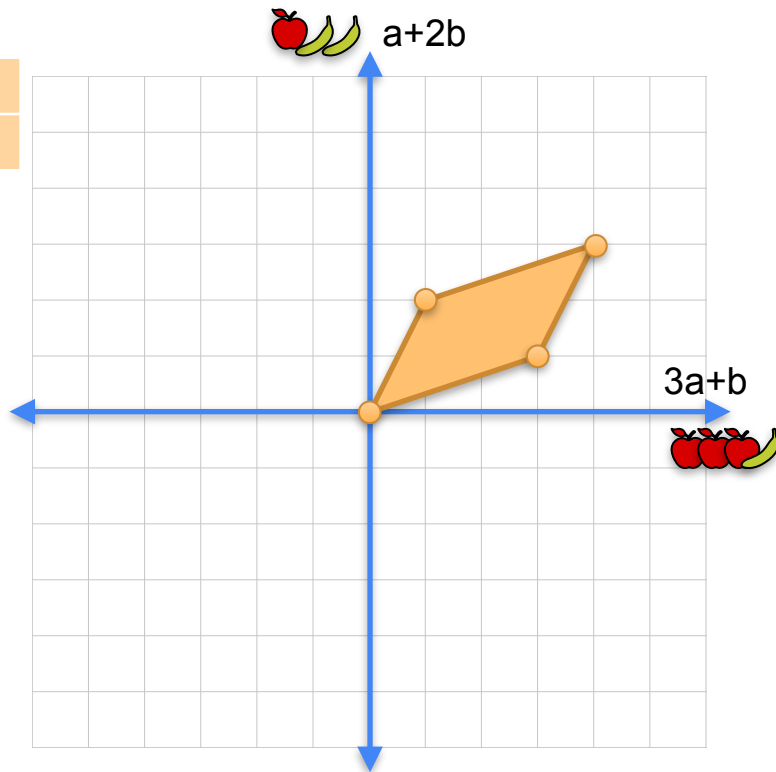


		
3	1	1
1	2	1

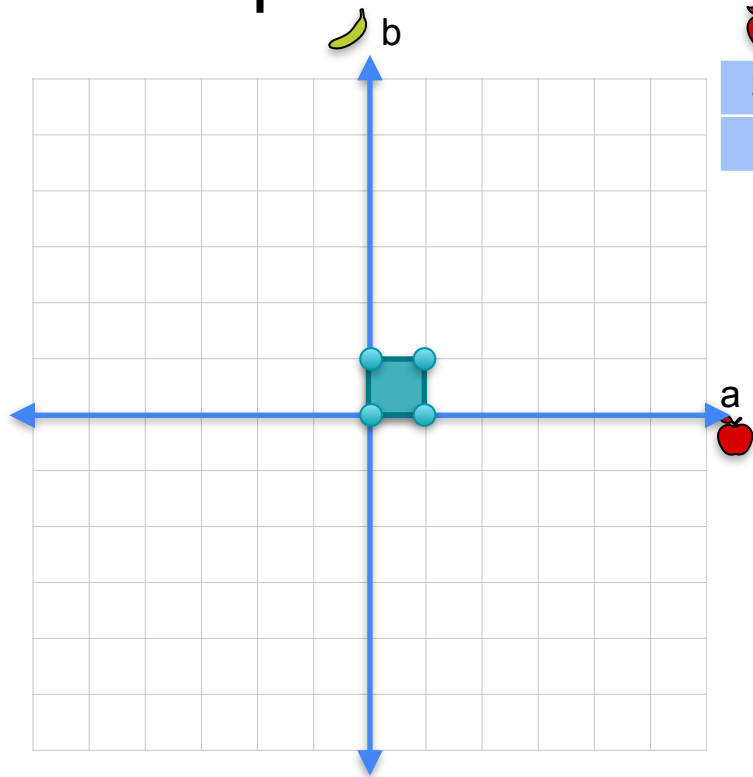
 =



1
2

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



Row space

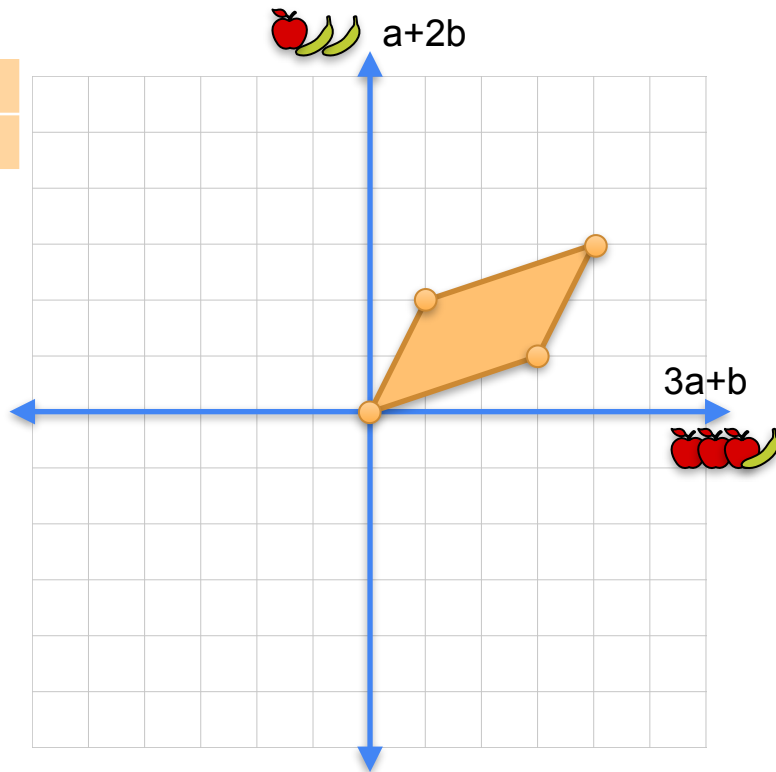


		
3	1	1
1	2	1

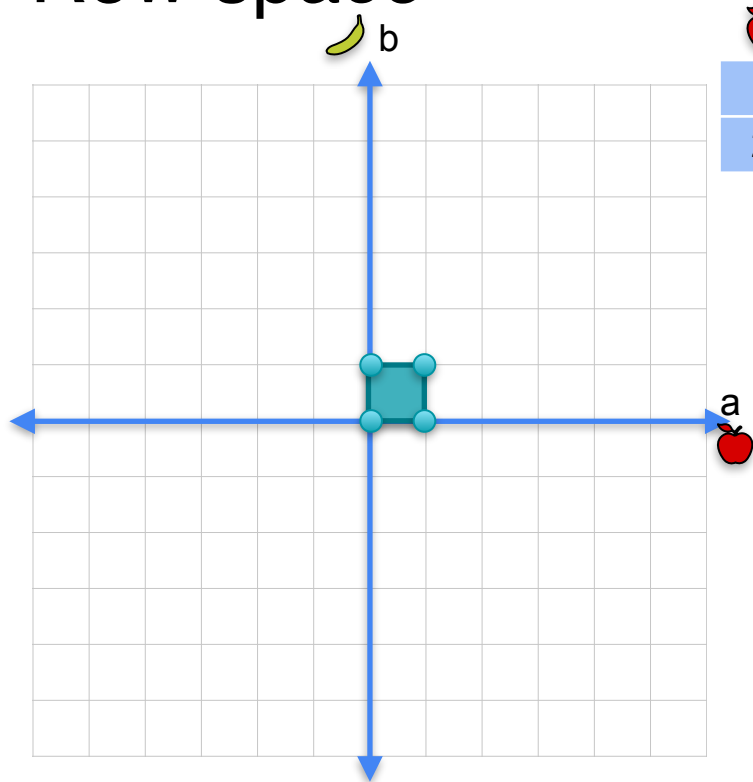
 =



4
3

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (3,1)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (4,3)$



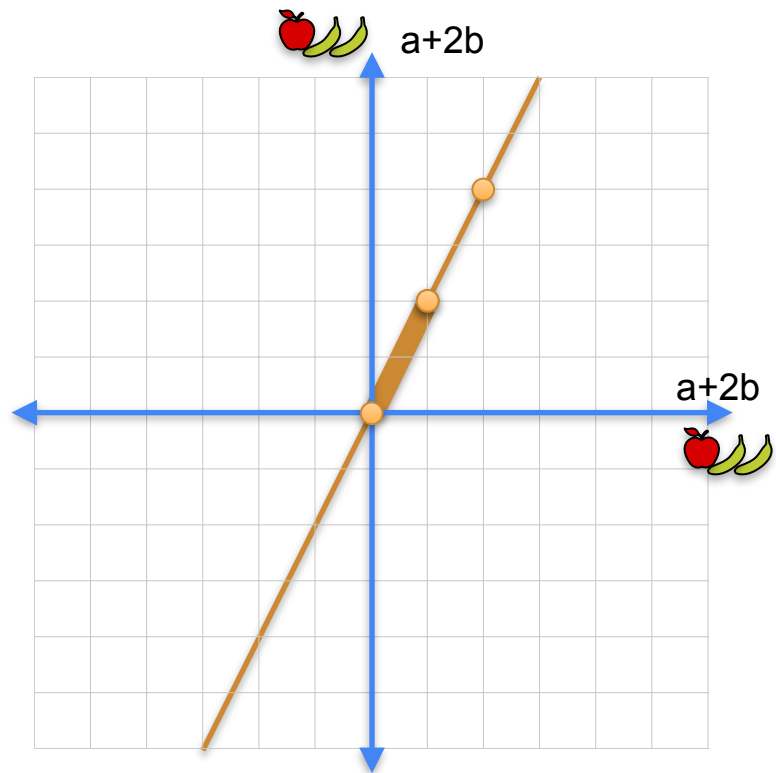
Row space



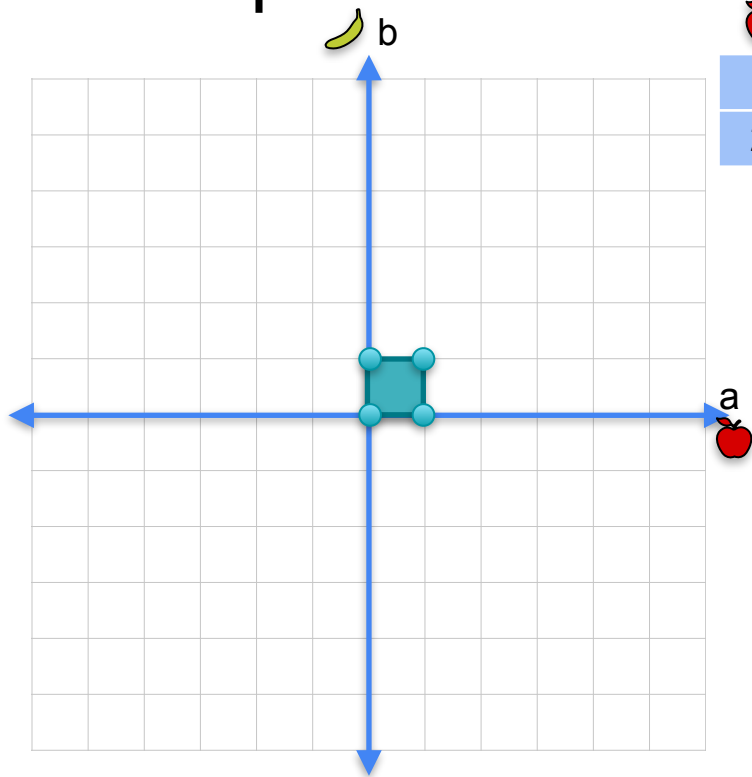
	
1	1
2	2



=

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$



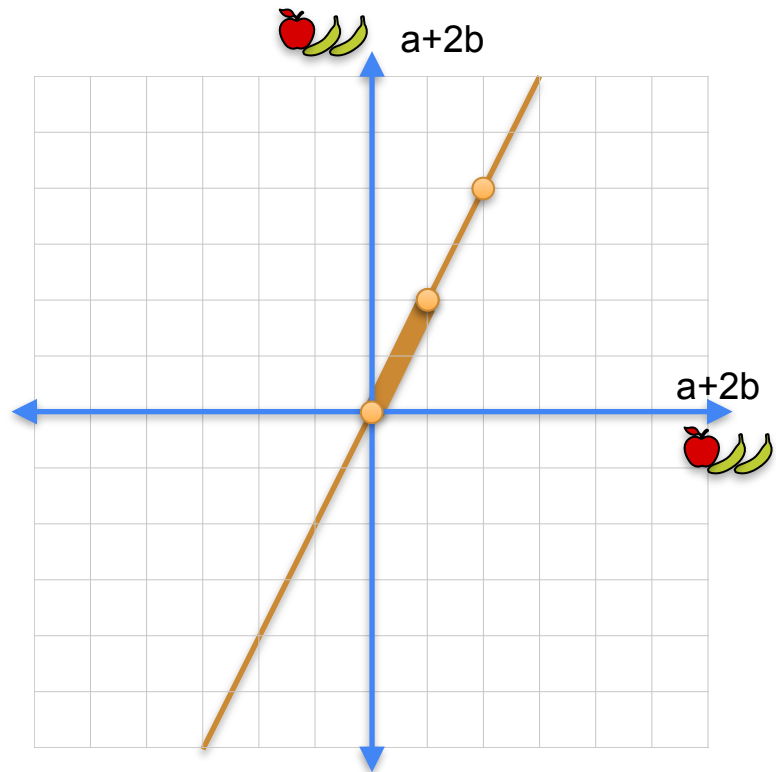
Row space



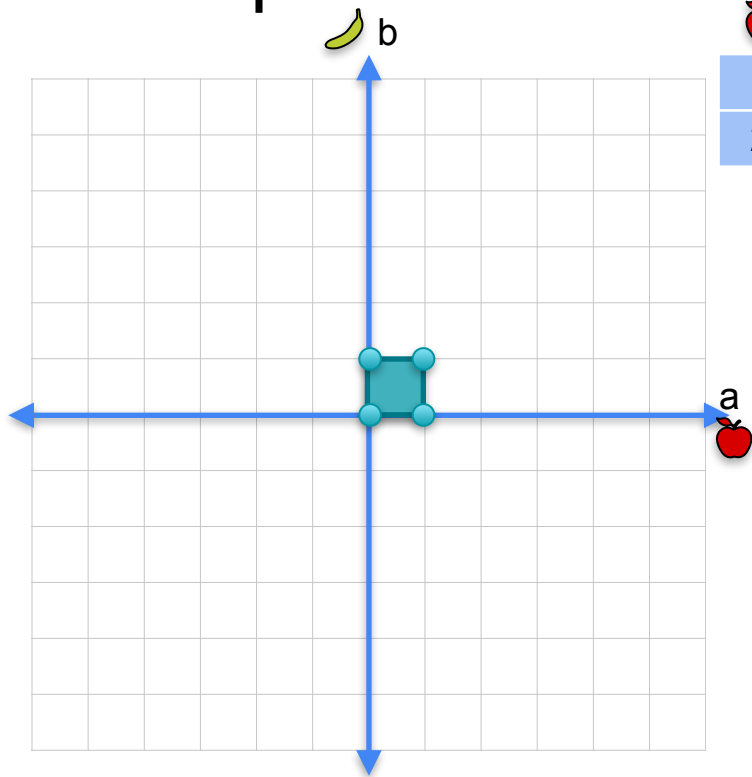
		
1	1	0
2	2	0



=

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$



Row space

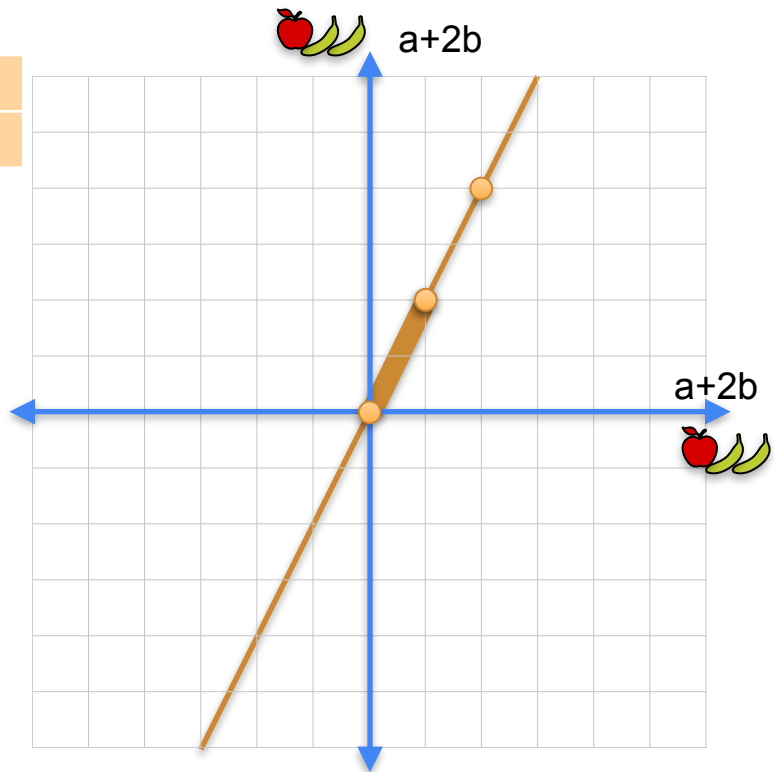


			
1	1	0	0
2	2	0	0

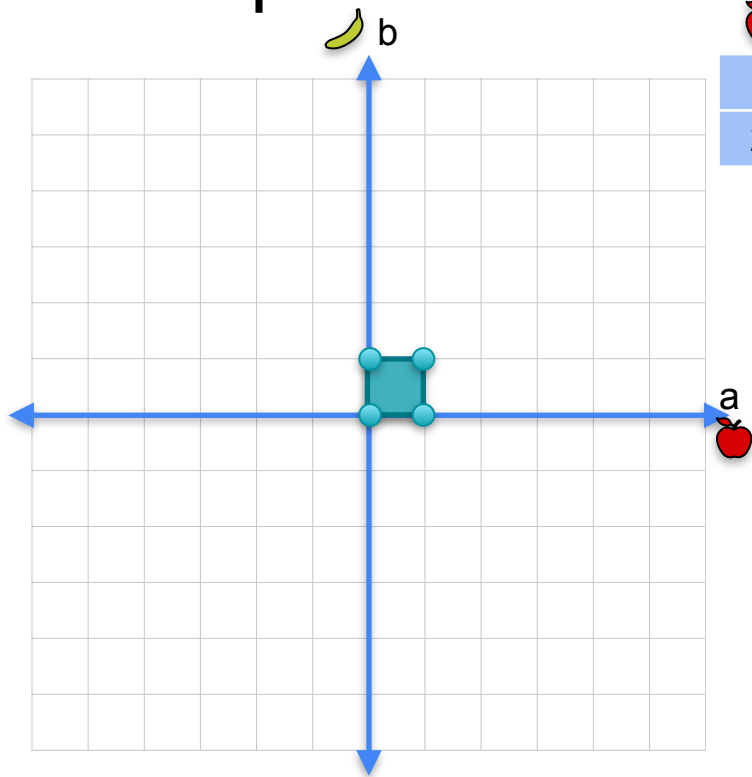
 $=$



0
0

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$



Row space

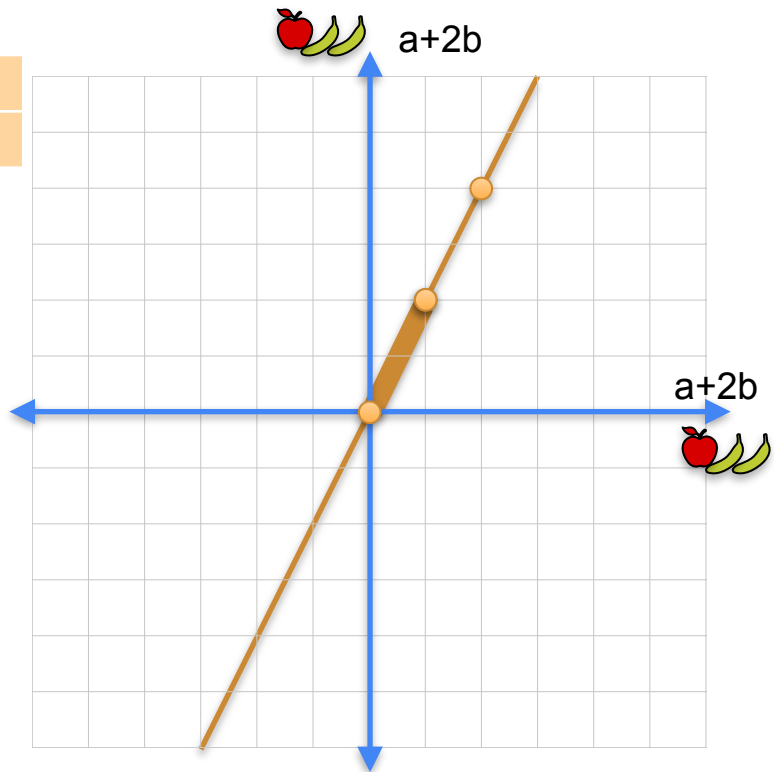


			
1	1	1	0
2	2	0	0

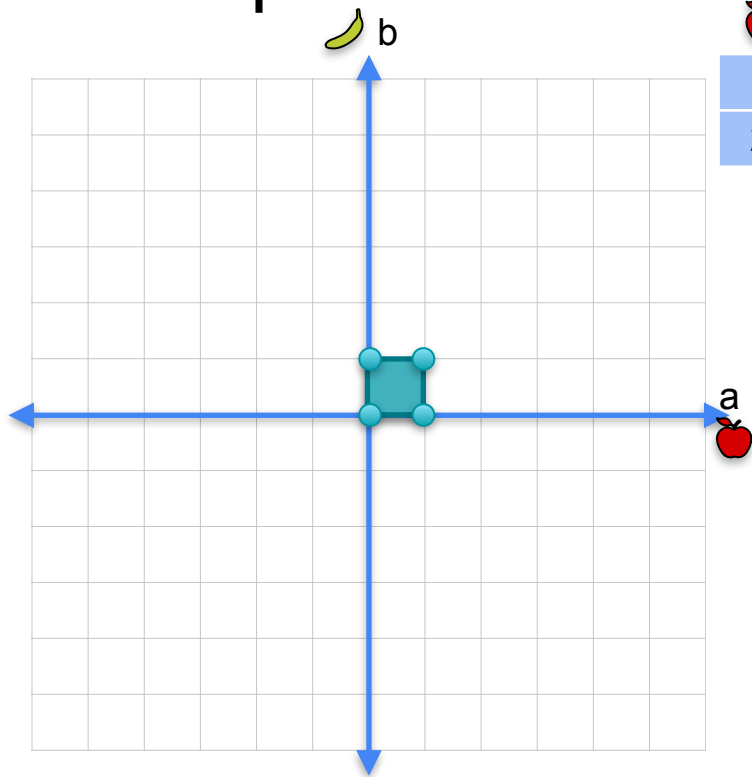
=

0
0

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$



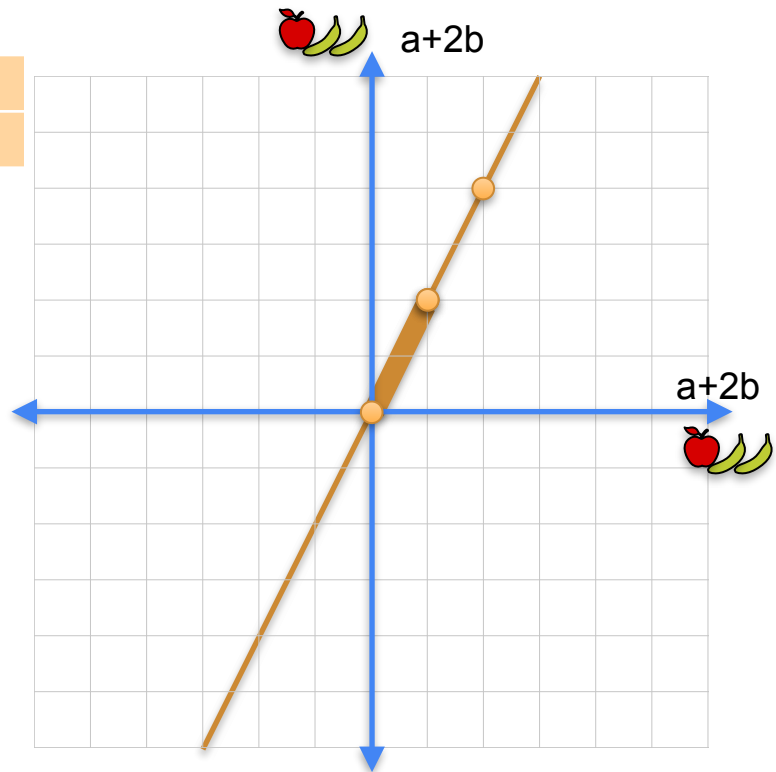
Row space



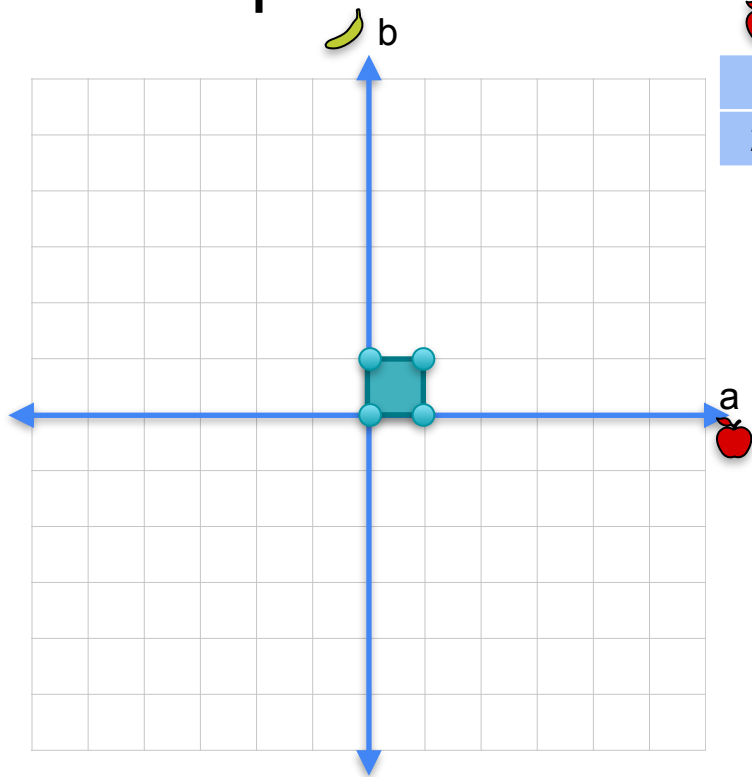
🍏	🍌		
1	1	1	3
2	2	0	1



=

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$



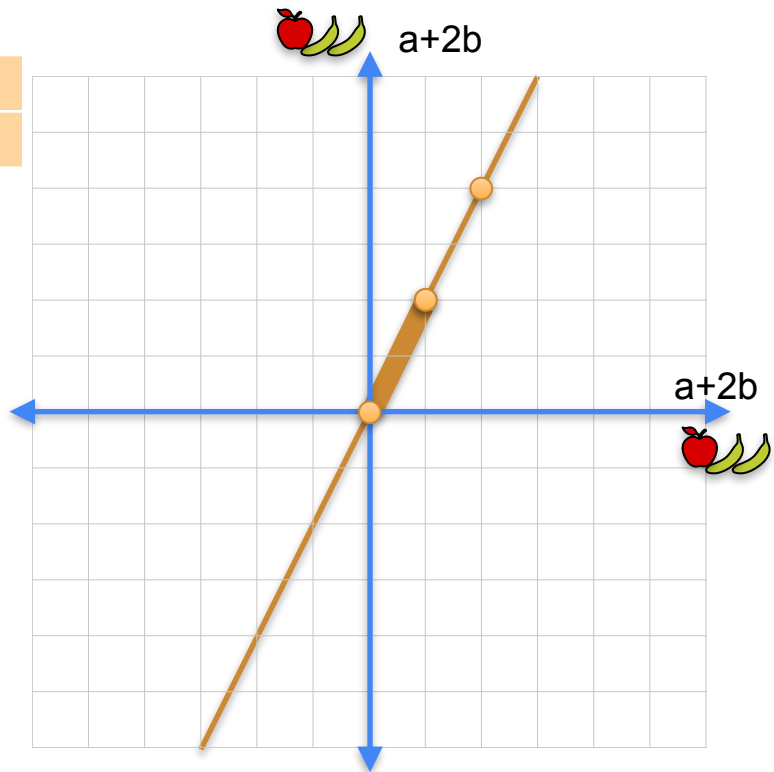
Row space



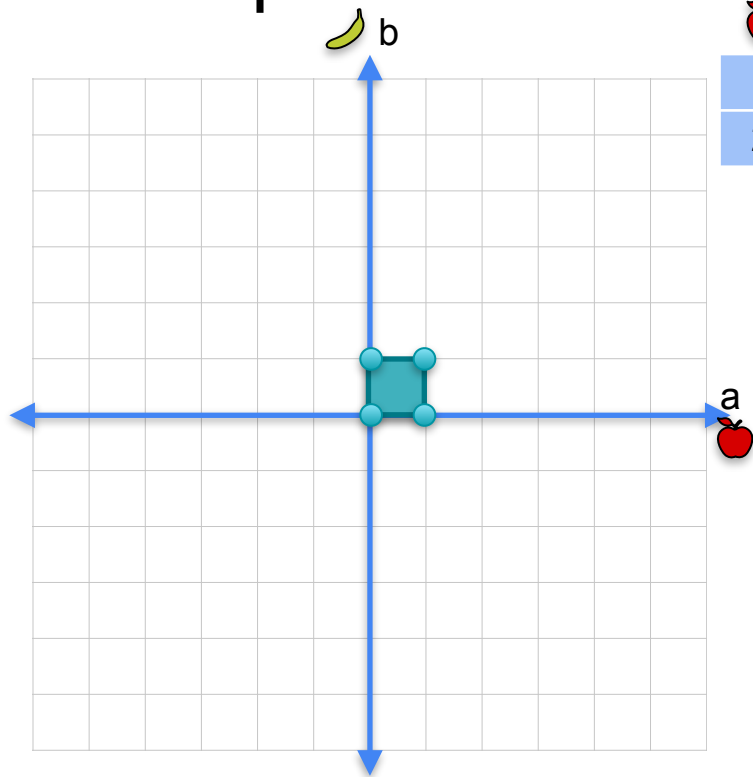
			
1	1	0	3
2	2	1	1



=

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$



Row space

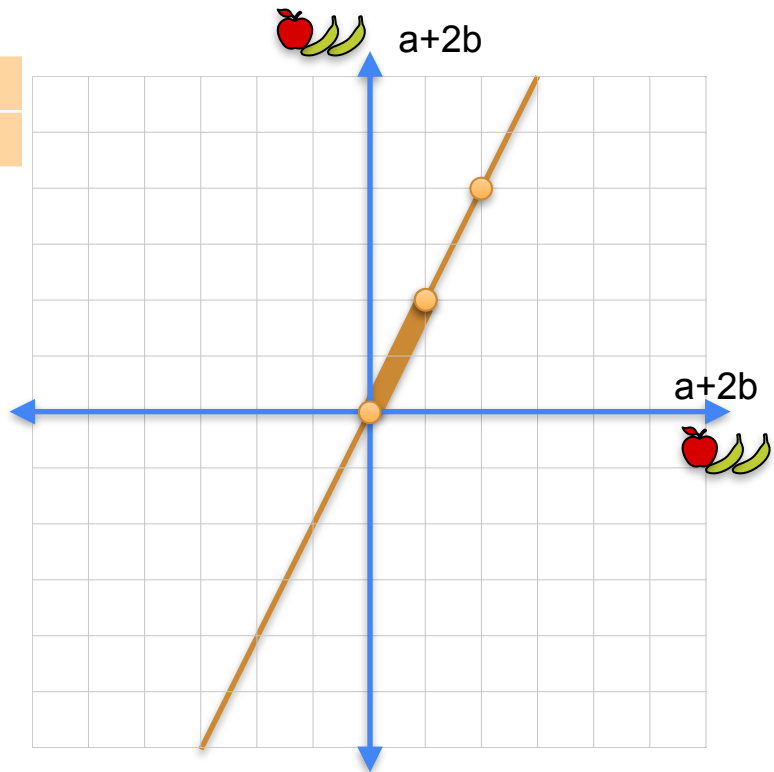


			
1	1	0	1
2	2	1	2

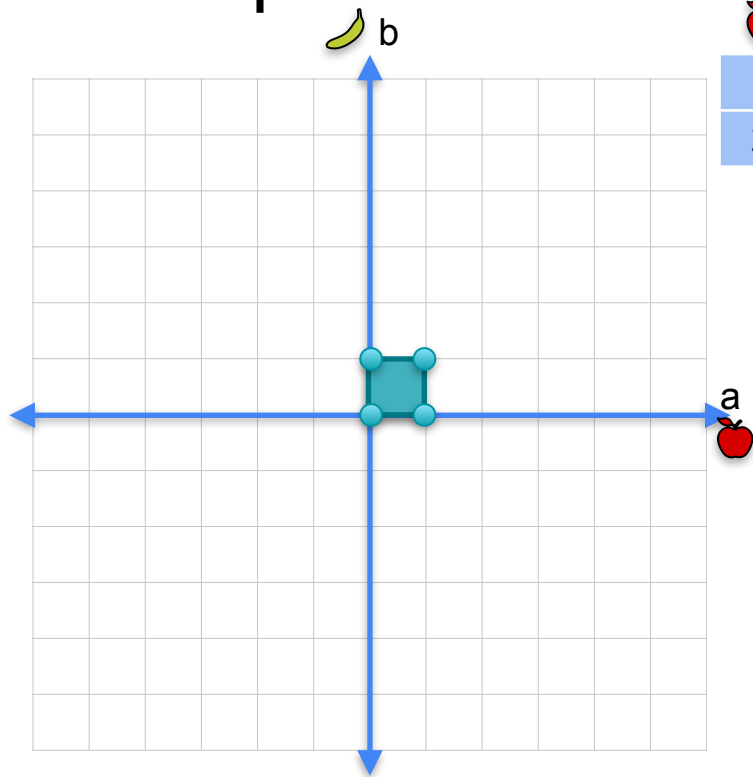
$$=$$



1
2

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$



Row space

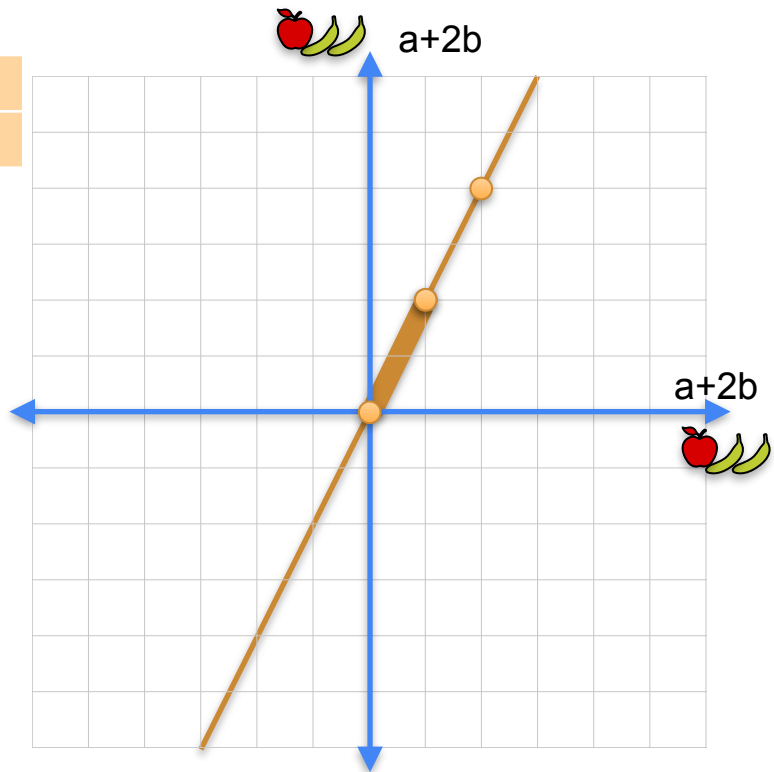


			
1	1	1	1
2	2	1	2

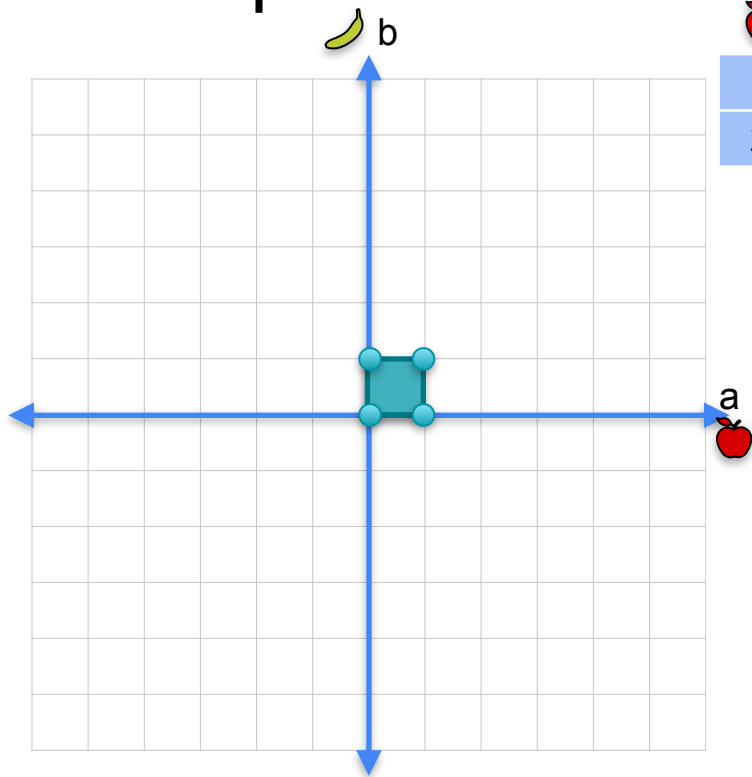
 $=$



1	2
---	---

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$

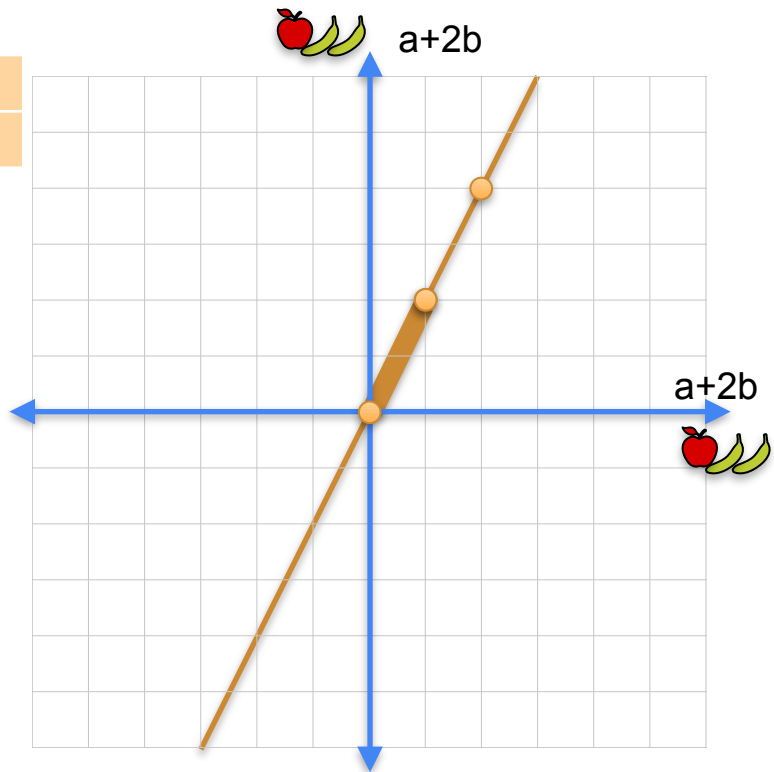


Row space



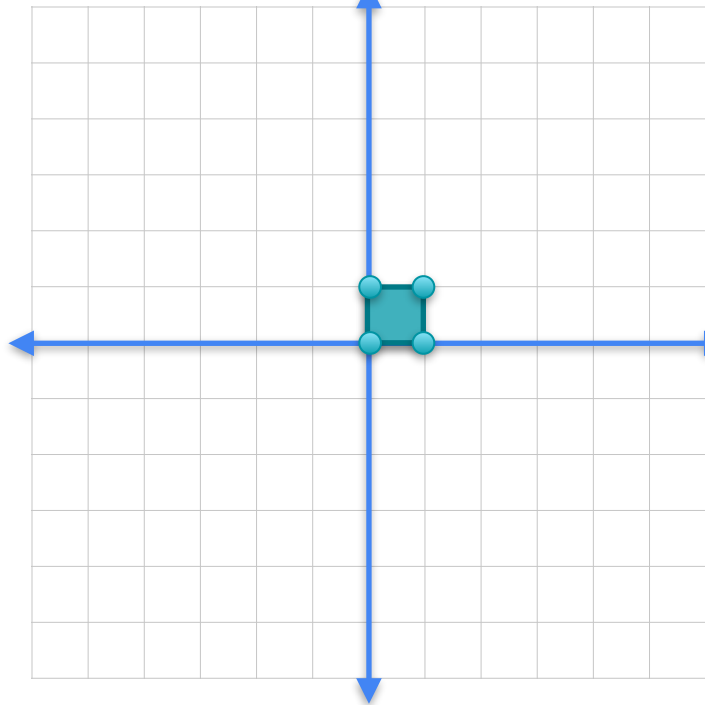
			
1	1	1	4
2	2	1	3



$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (1,2)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (2,4)$



Row space

 b

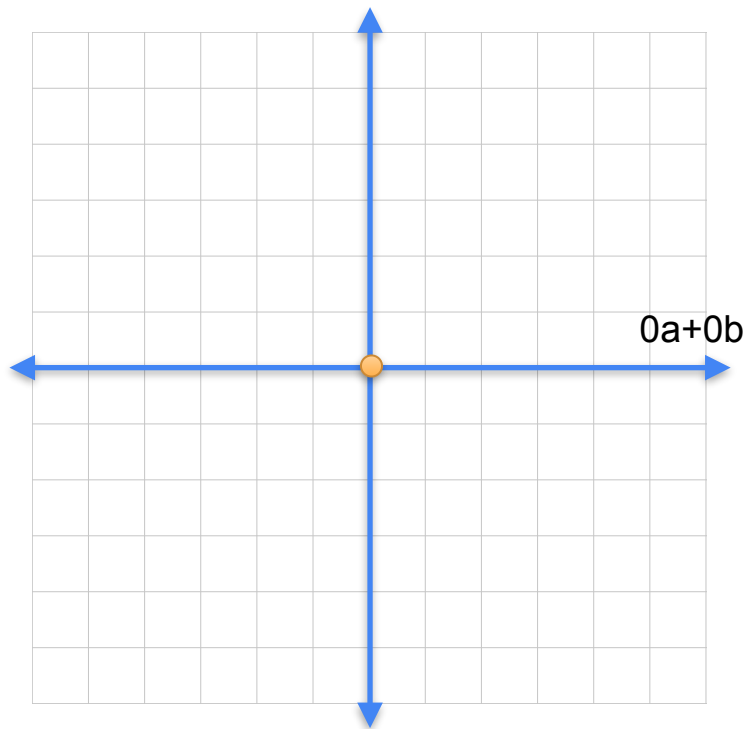


	
0	0
0	0

=

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (0,0)$

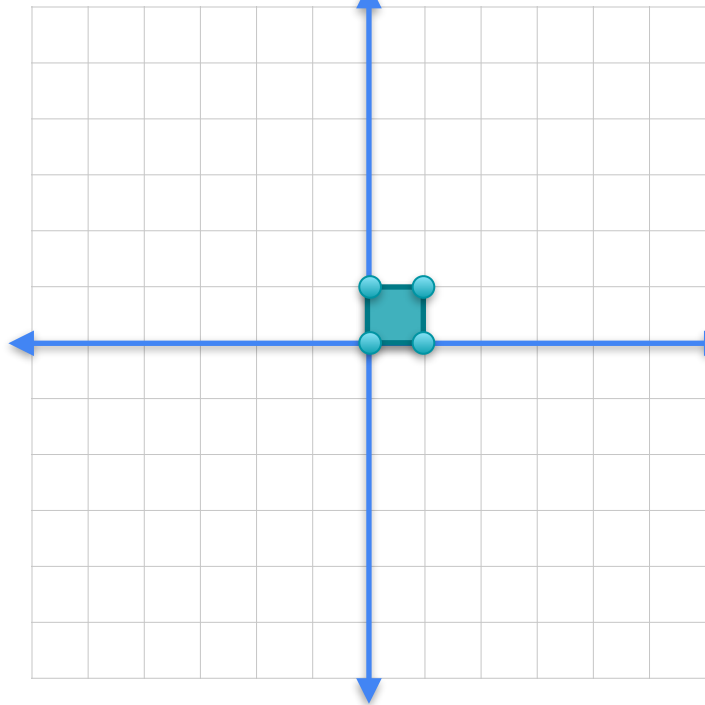
$0a+0b$



Row space



b



0	0	a
0	0	b

=

(0,0) → (0,0)

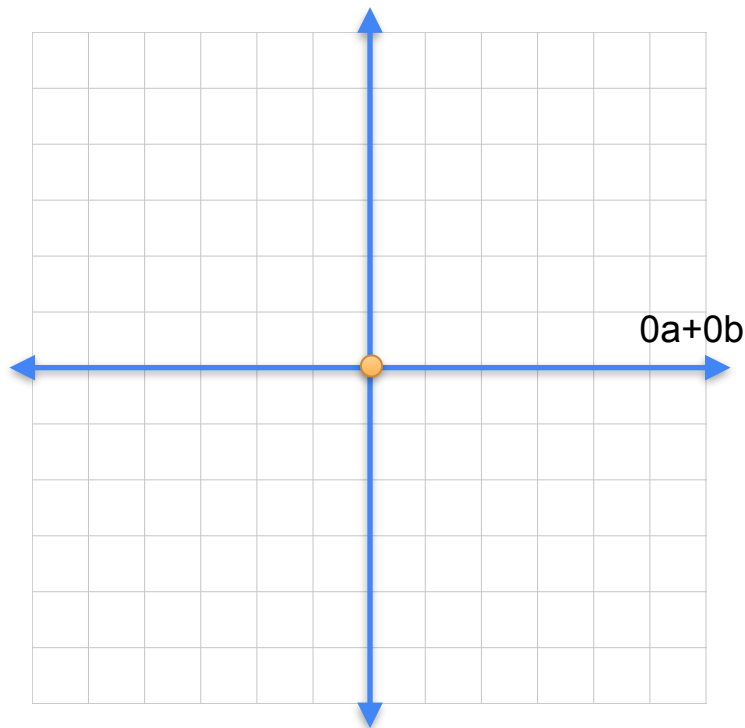
(1,0) → (0,0)

(0,1) → (0,0)

(1,1) → (0,0)

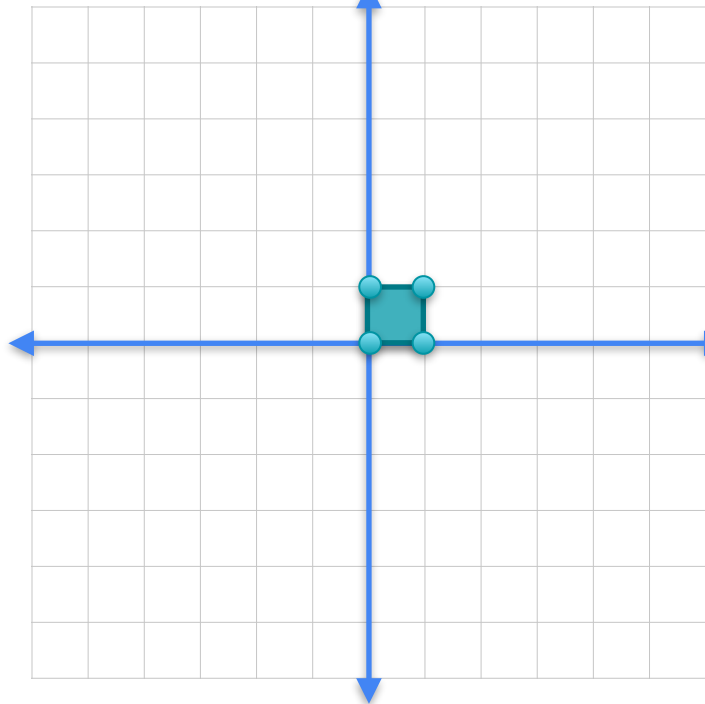




$0a+0b$



Row space

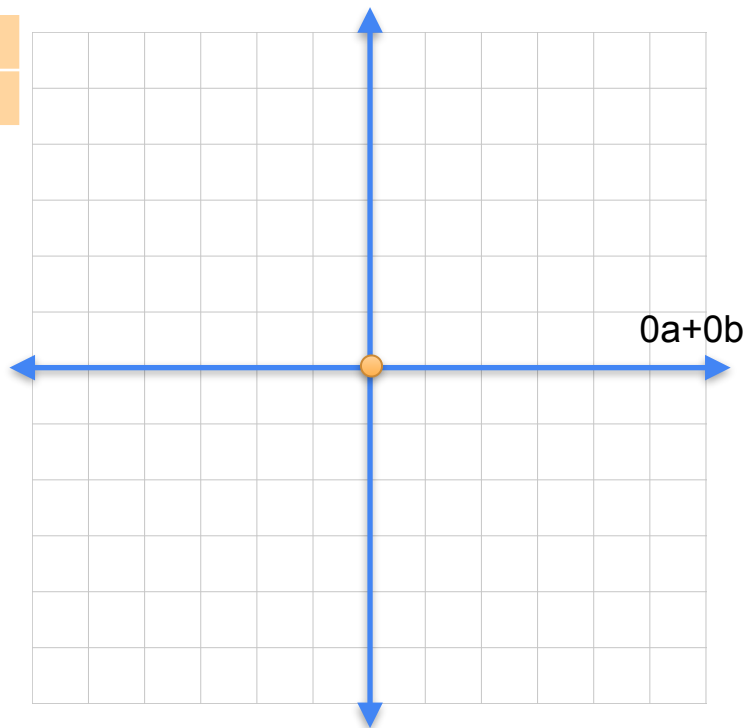
 b



			
0	0	a	0
0	0	b	0



$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (0,0)$

$0a+0b$

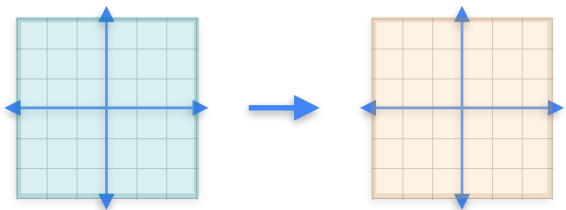


Row space

Non-singular



	
3	1
1	2

Rank = 2

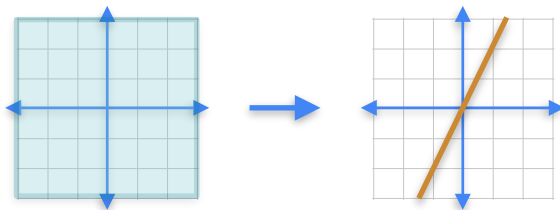


Dimension = 2

Singular



	
1	1
2	2

Rank = 1

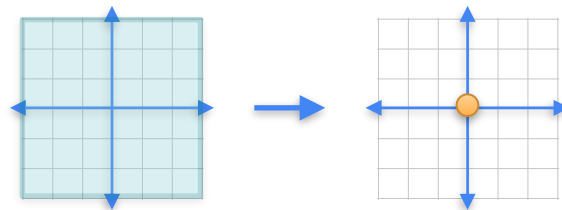


Dimension = 1

Singular

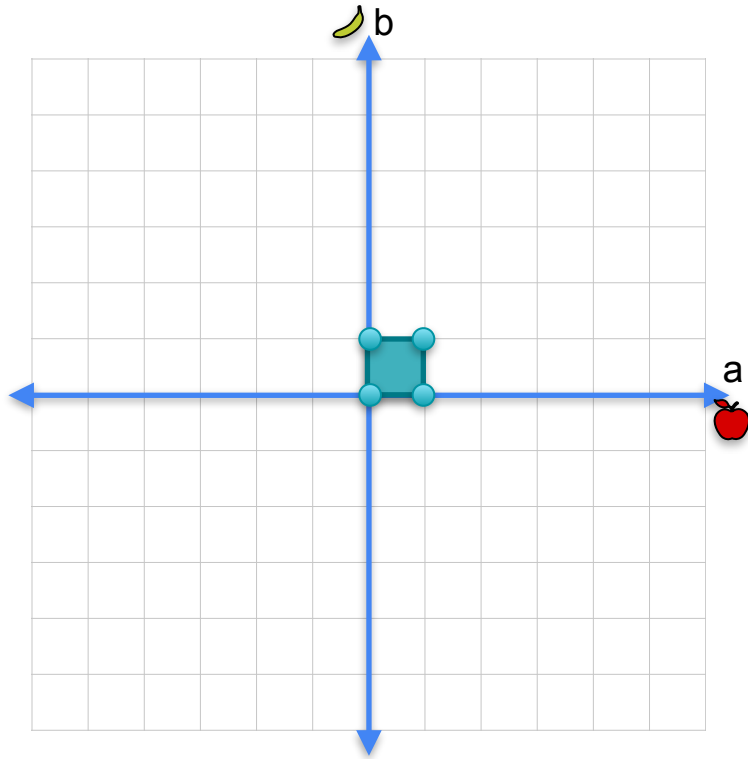
	
0	0
0	0

Rank = 0



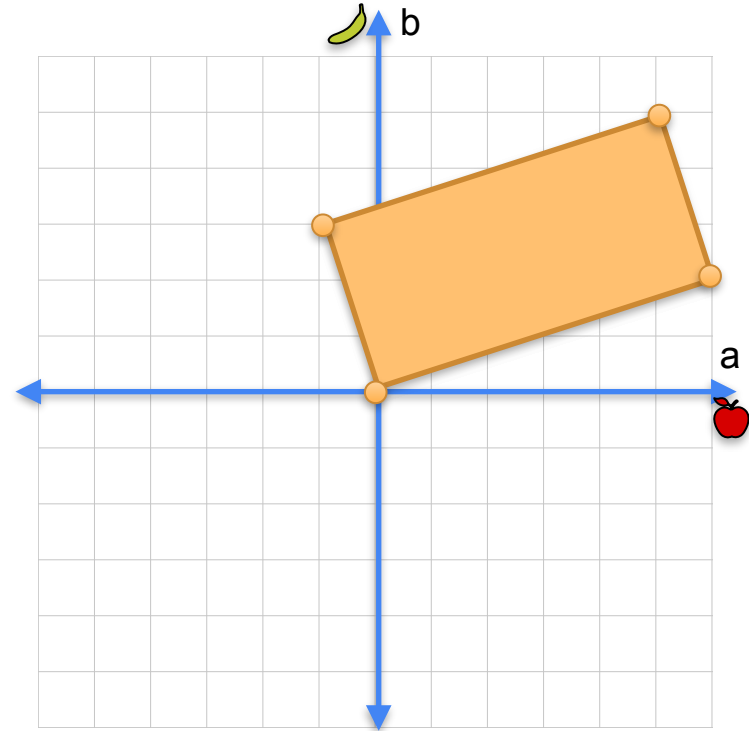
Dimension = 0

Orthogonal matrix

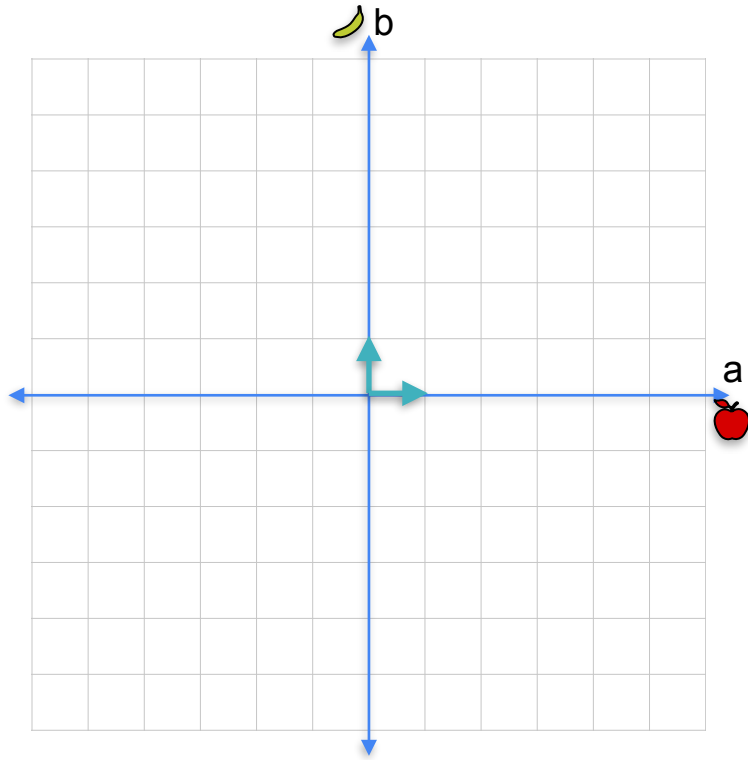




🍎	🍌
6	-1
2	3

$(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
 $(1,0) \rightarrow (6,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (-1,3)$
 $(1,1) \rightarrow (5,5)$

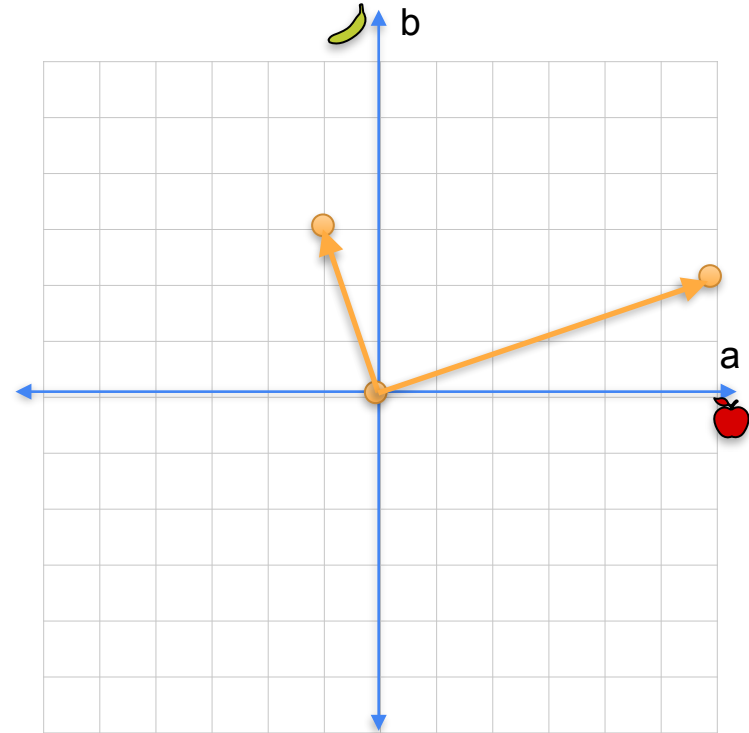


Orthogonal matrix



	
6	-1
2	3

$(1,0) \rightarrow (6,2)$
 $(0,1) \rightarrow (-1,3)$



Orthogonal matrices have orthogonal columns

6	-1
2	3

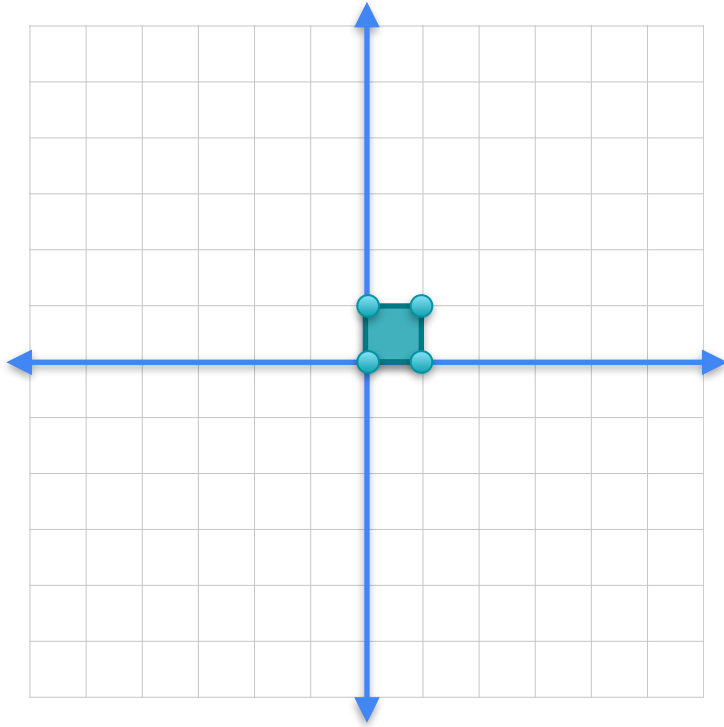
6	-1
2	3

 = 0

6	-1	2	3
---	----	---	---

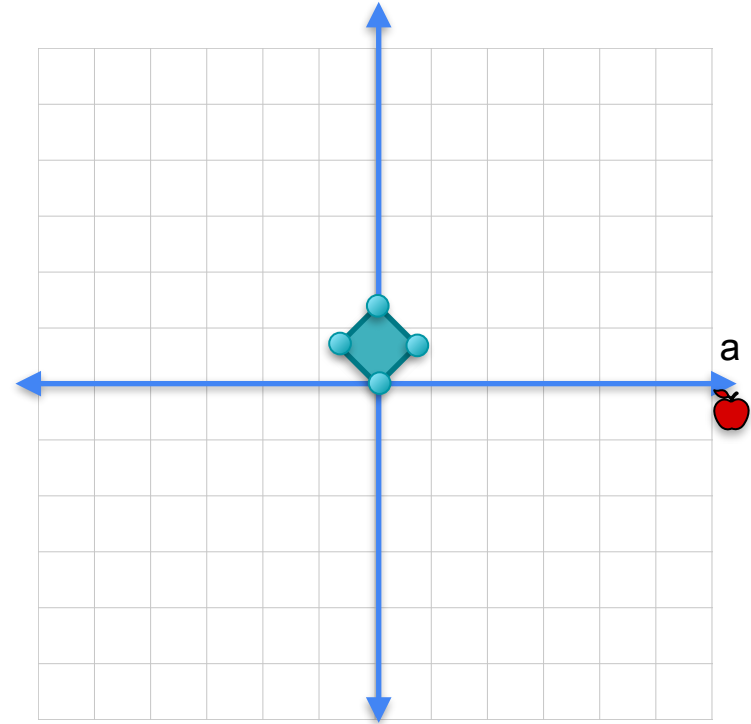
 = 0

Orthogonal matrix

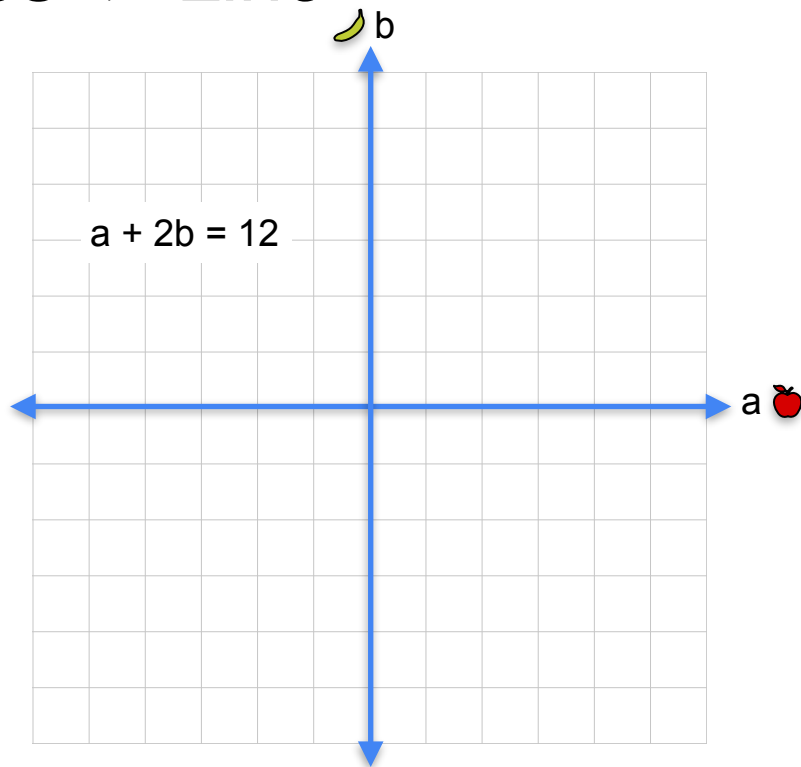
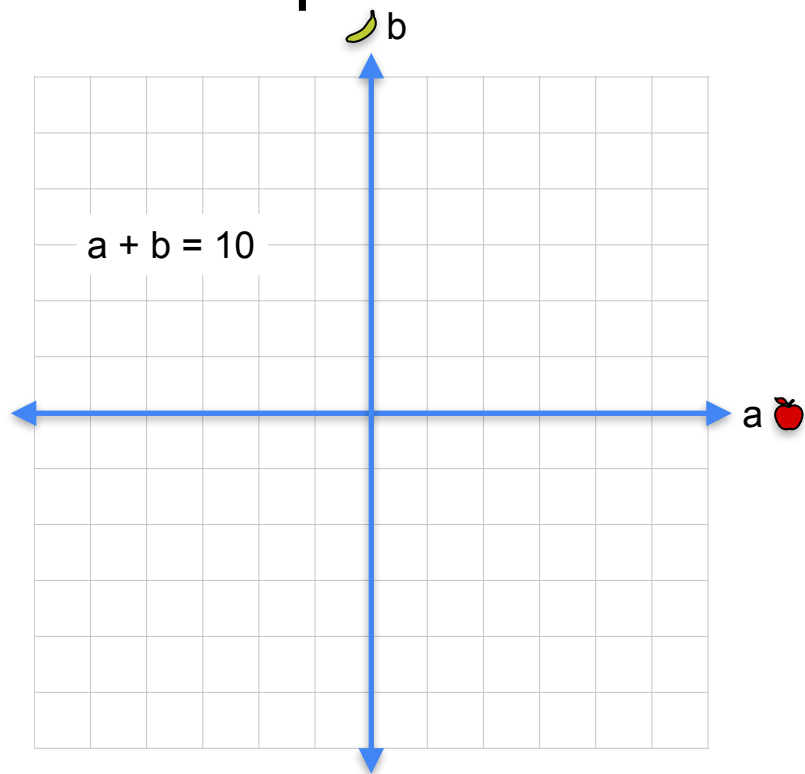


0.7071	0.7071
-0.7071	0.7071

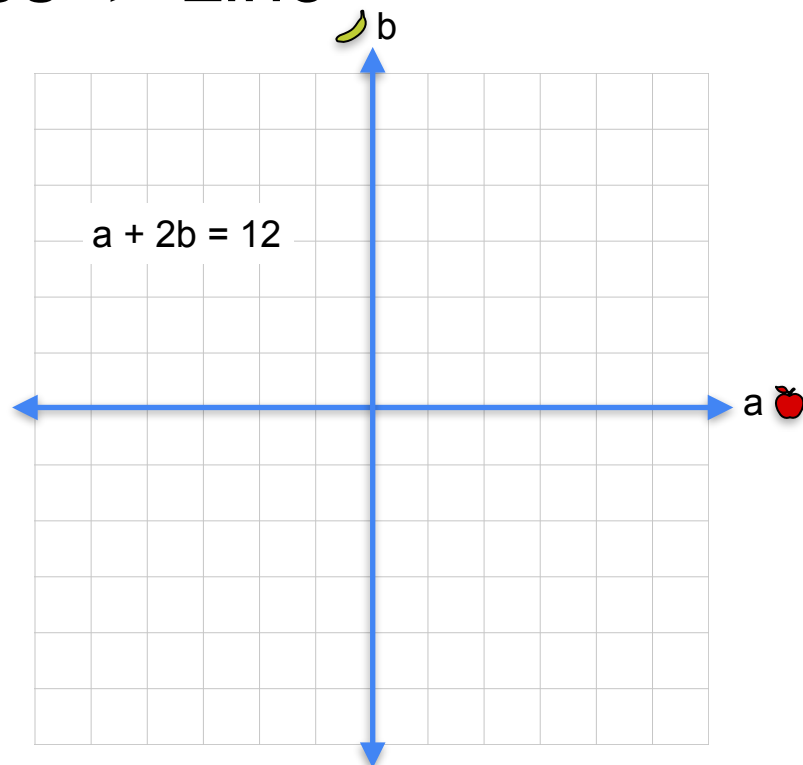
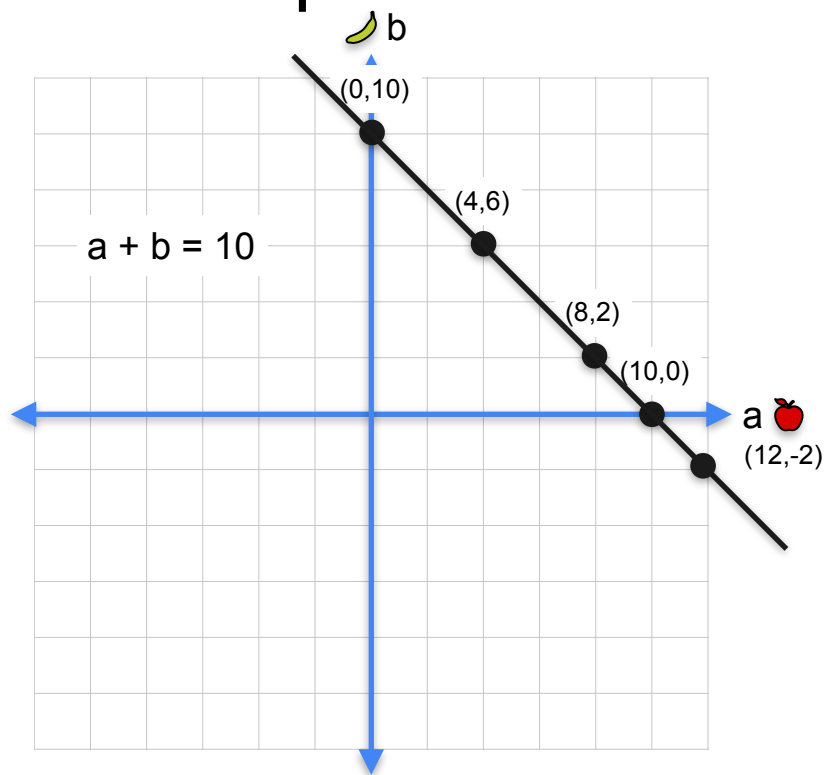
- $(0,0) \rightarrow (0,0)$
- $(1,0) \rightarrow (0.7071, 0.7071)$
- $(0,1) \rightarrow (-0.7071, 0.7071)$
- $(1,1) \rightarrow (0, 1.4142)$



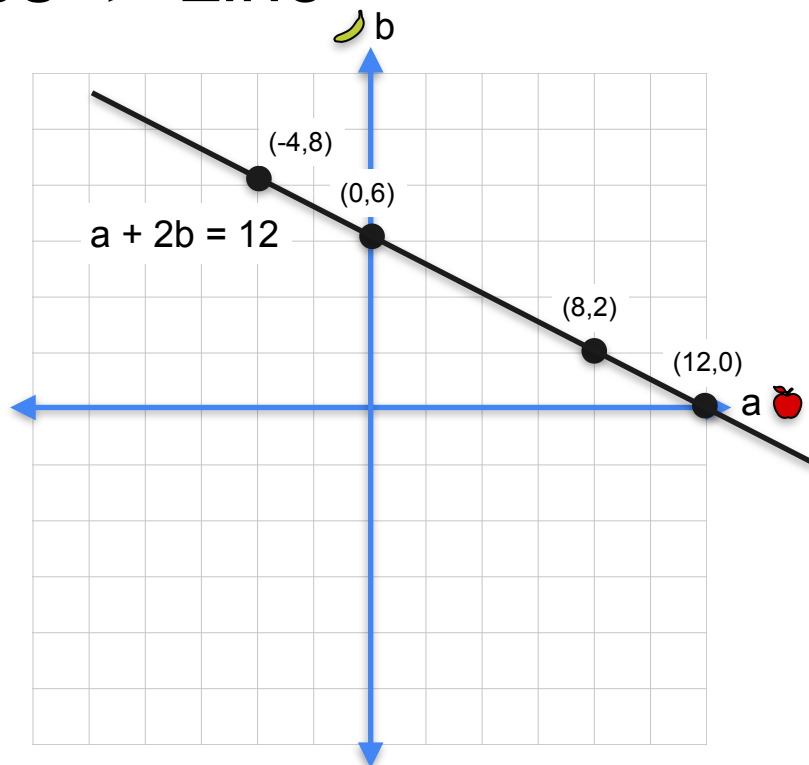
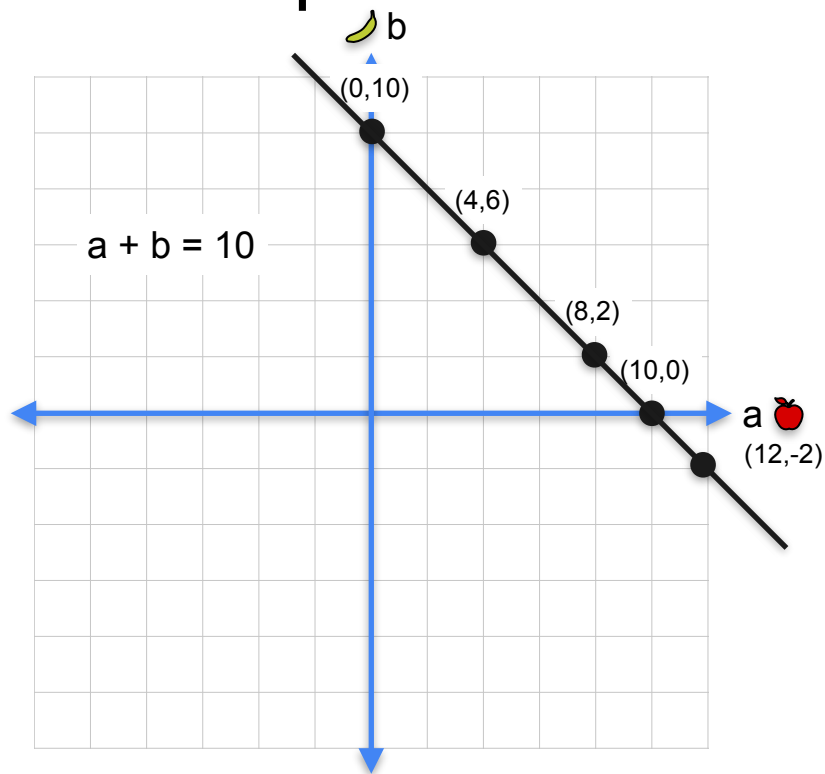
Linear equation in 2 variables -> Line



Linear equation in 2 variables -> Line

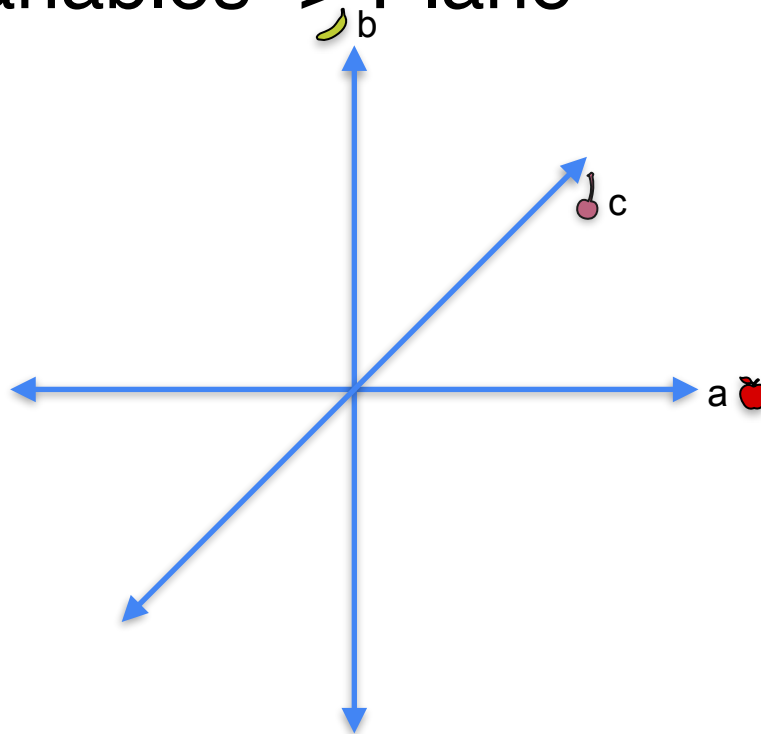


Linear equation in 2 variables -> Line



Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

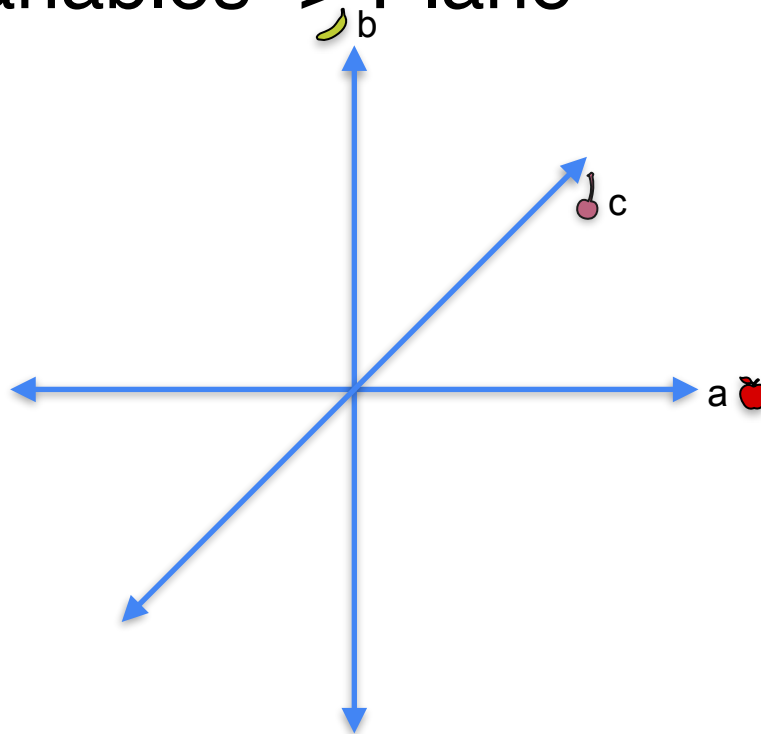
$$a + b + c = 1$$



Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

$$a + b + c = 1$$

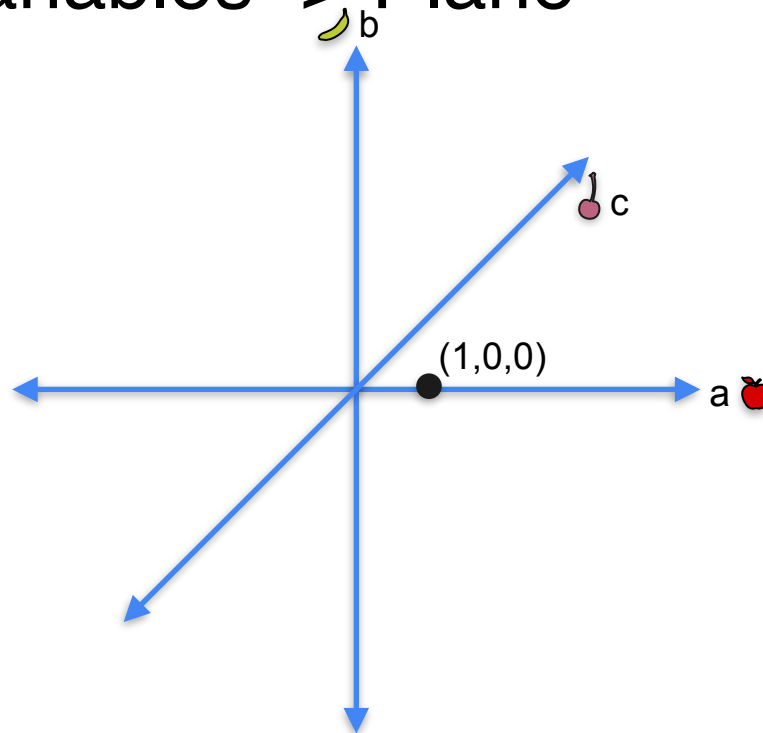
$$1 + 0 + 0 = 1$$



Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

$$a + b + c = 1$$

$$1 + 0 + 0 = 1$$

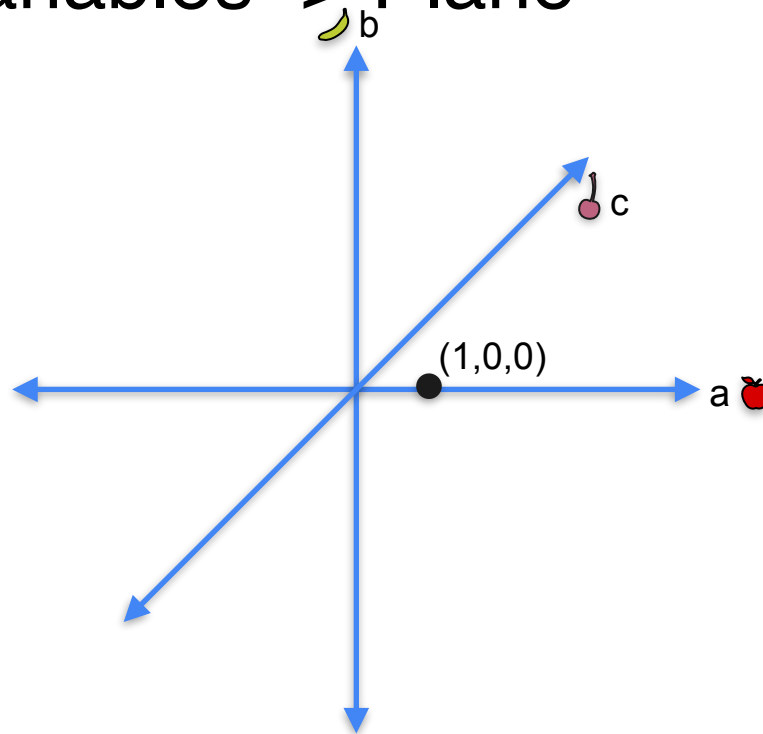


Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

$$a + b + c = 1$$

$$1 + 0 + 0 = 1$$

$$0 + 1 + 0 = 1$$

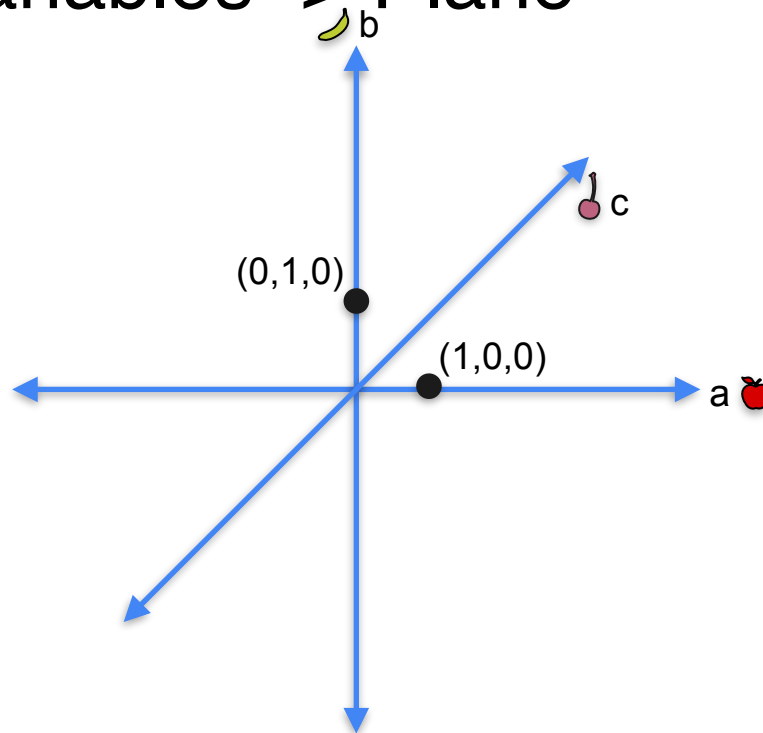


Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

$$a + b + c = 1$$

$$1 + 0 + 0 = 1$$

$$0 + 1 + 0 = 1$$



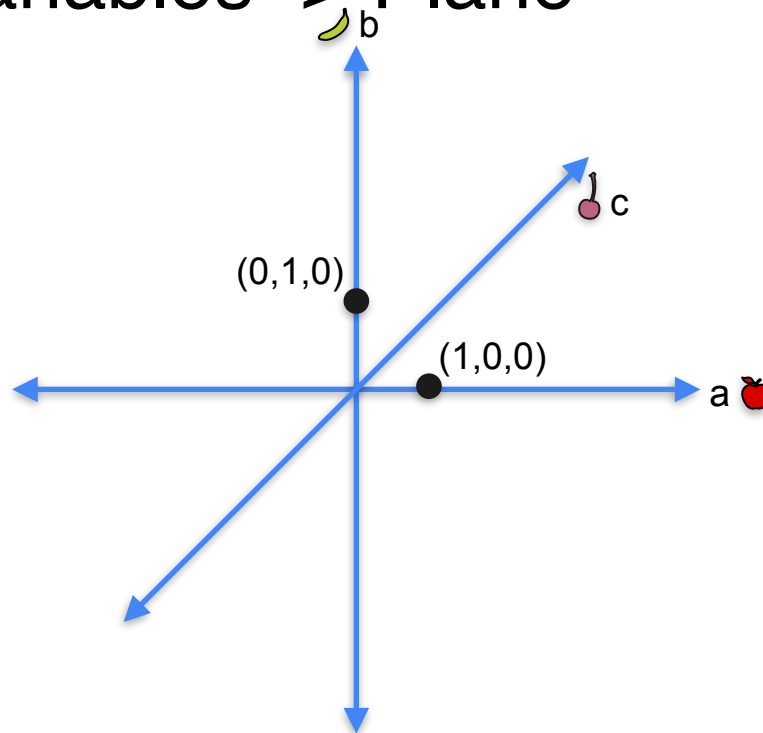
Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

$$a + b + c = 1$$

$$1 + 0 + 0 = 1$$

$$0 + 1 + 0 = 1$$

$$0 + 0 + 1 = 1$$



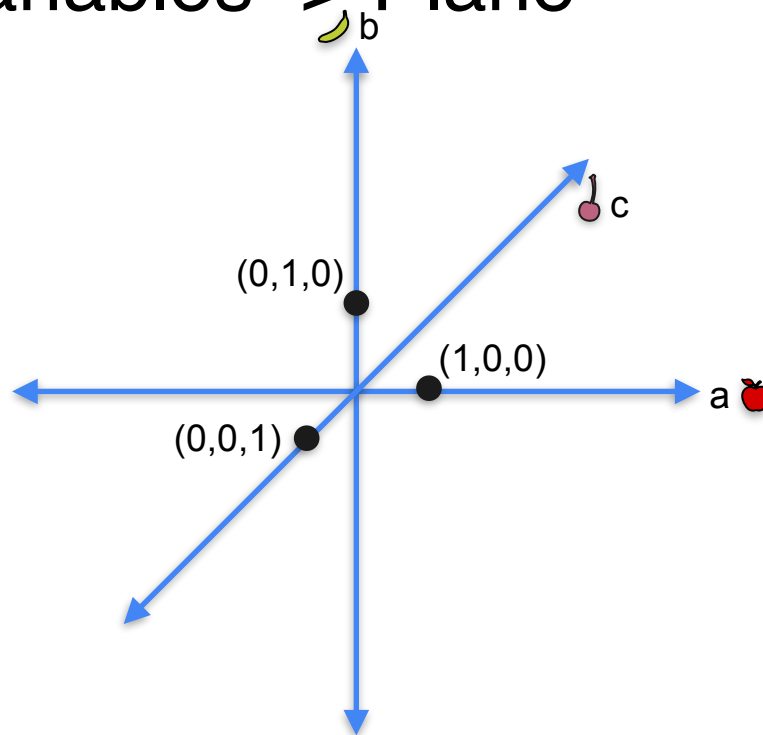
Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

$$a + b + c = 1$$

$$1 + 0 + 0 = 1$$

$$0 + 1 + 0 = 1$$

$$0 + 0 + 1 = 1$$



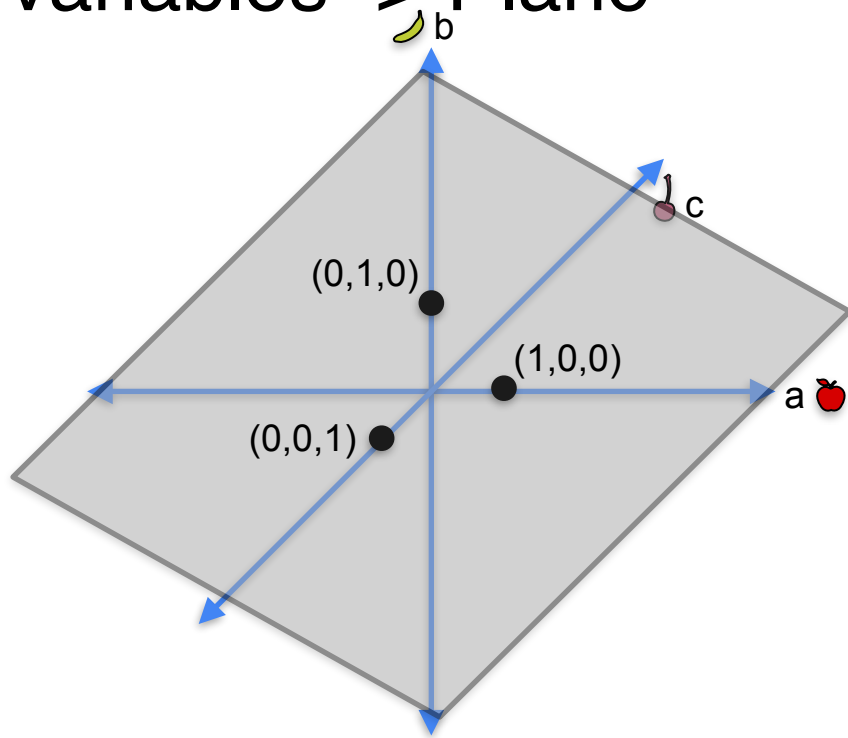
Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

$$a + b + c = 1$$

$$1 + 0 + 0 = 1$$

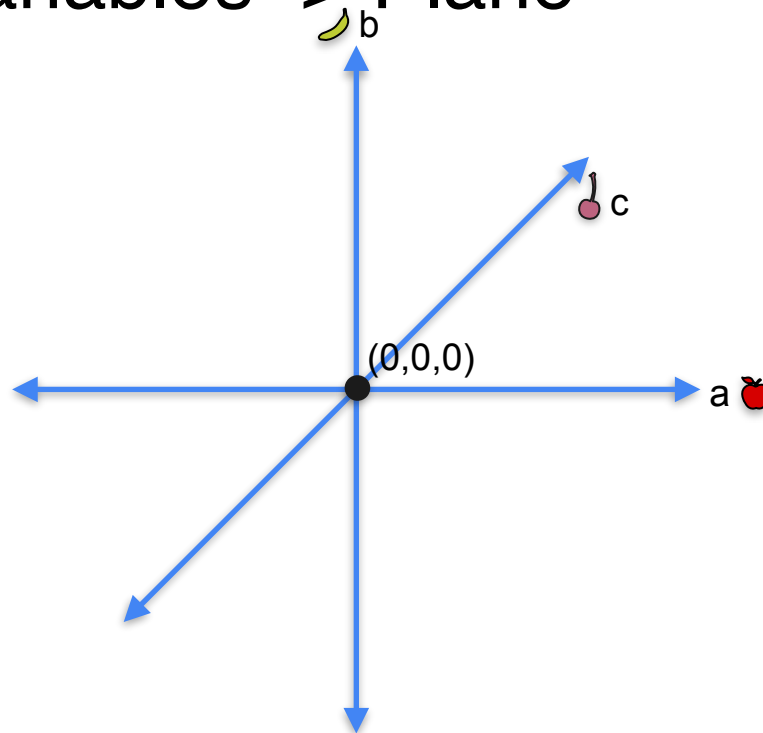
$$0 + 1 + 0 = 1$$

$$0 + 0 + 1 = 1$$



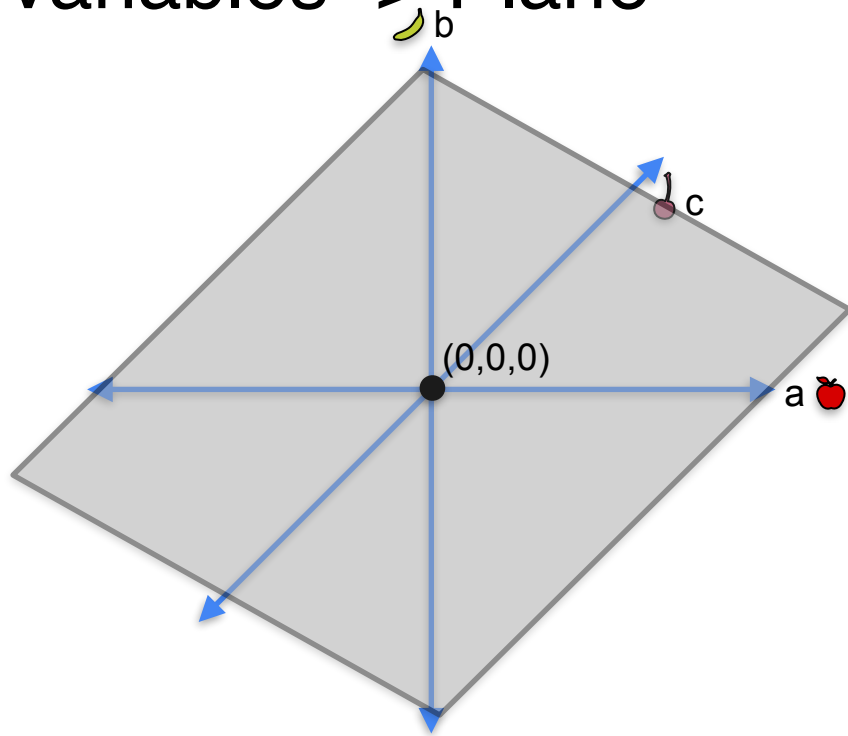
Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

$$3a - 5b + 2c = 0$$



Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

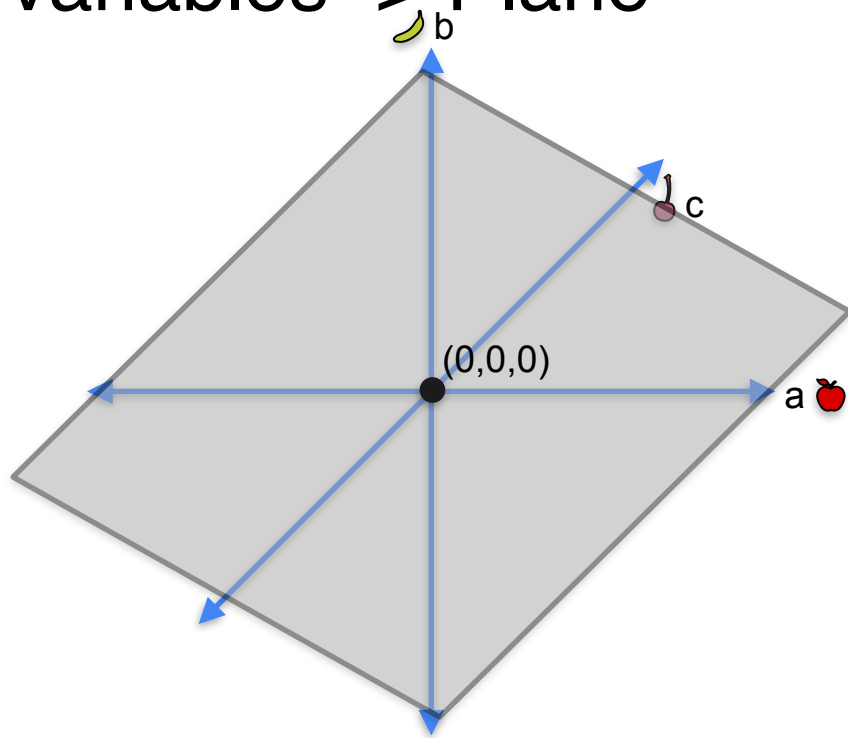
$$3a - 5b + 2c = 0$$



Linear equation in 3 variables -> Plane

$$3a - 5b + 2c = 0$$

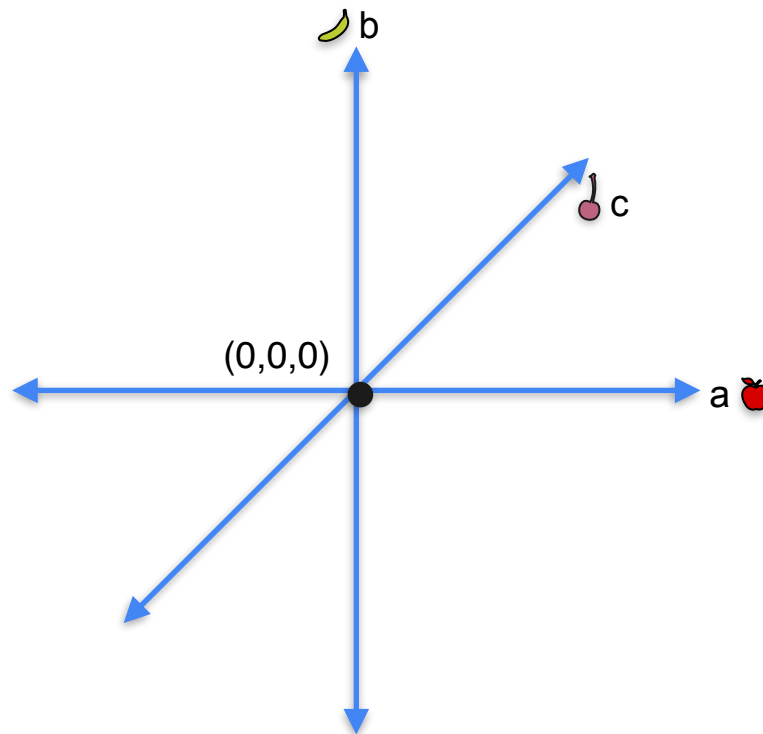
$$3(0) + 5(0) + 2(0) = 0$$



System 1

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$



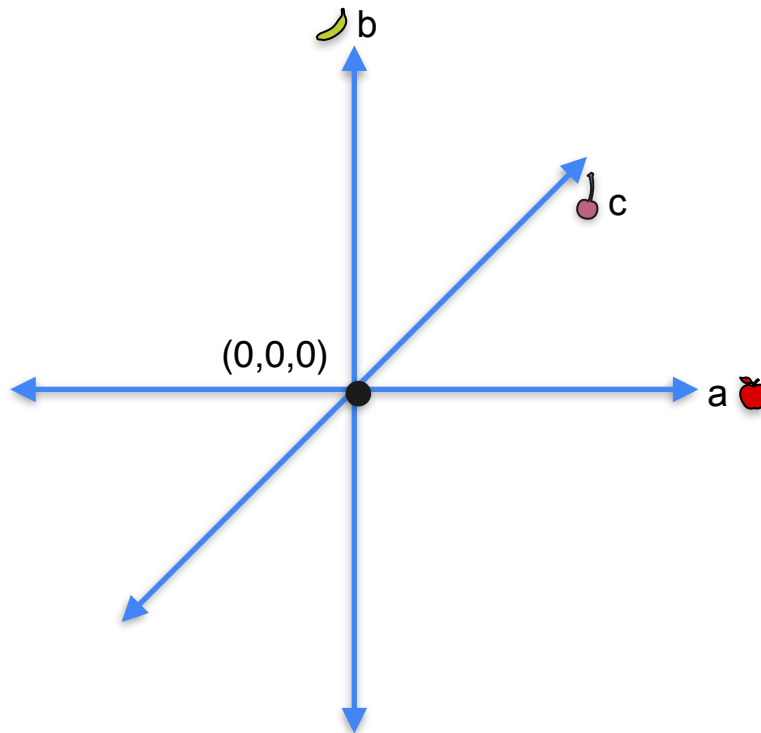
System 1

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$

- $a + 2b + c = 0$

- $a + b + 2c = 0$



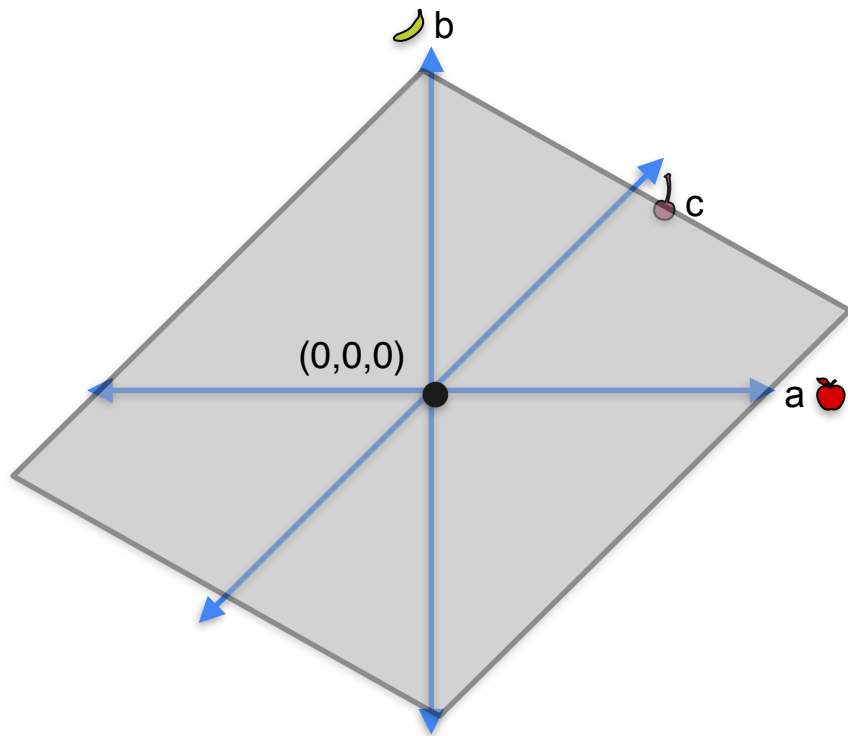
System 1

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$

- $a + 2b + c = 0$

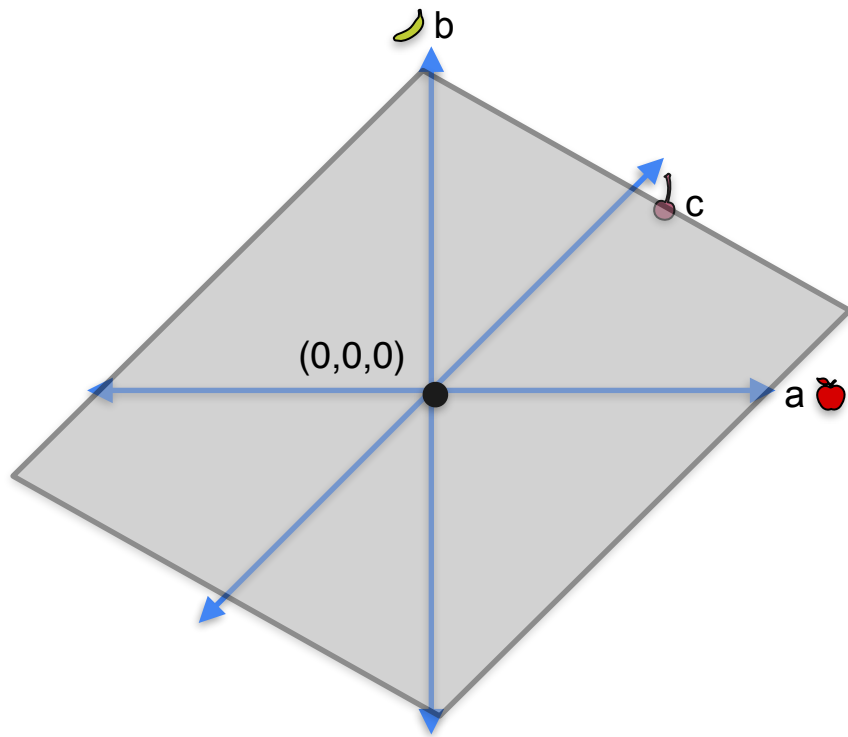
- $a + b + 2c = 0$



System 1

System 1

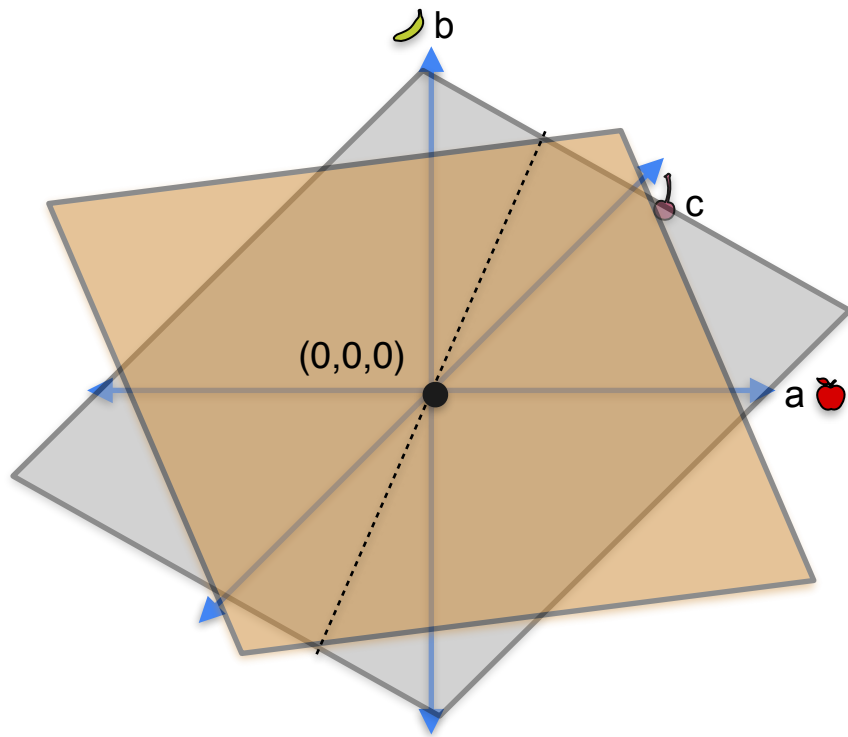
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$



System 1

System 1

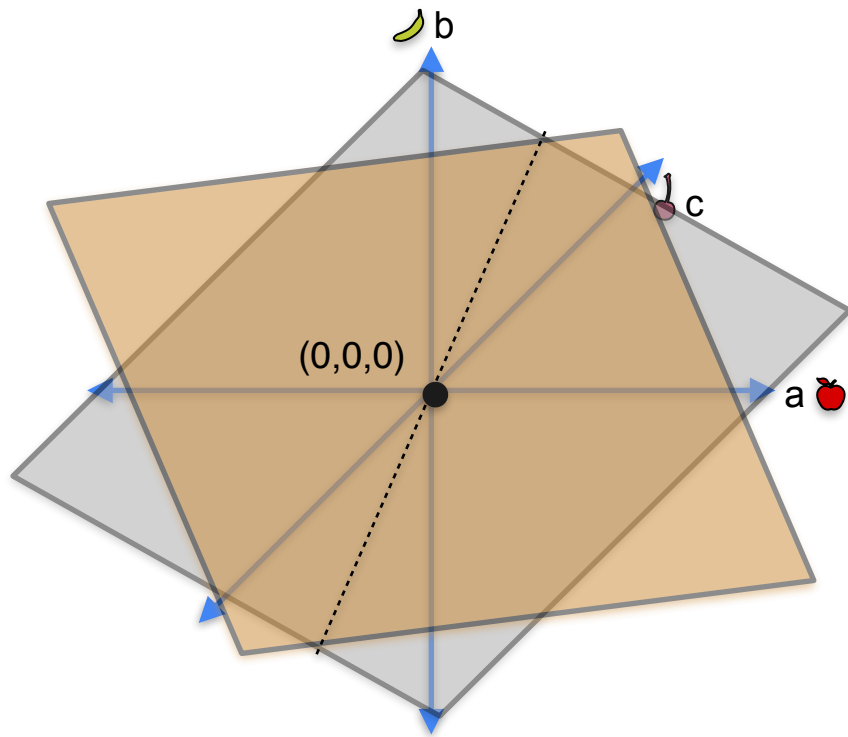
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$



System 1

System 1

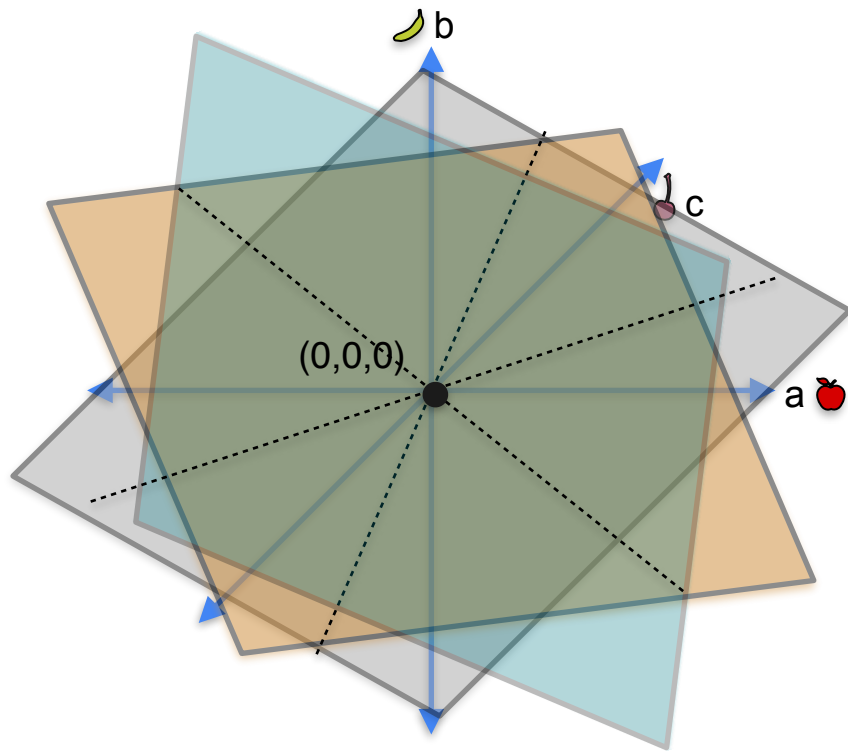
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$



System 1

System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$



System 1

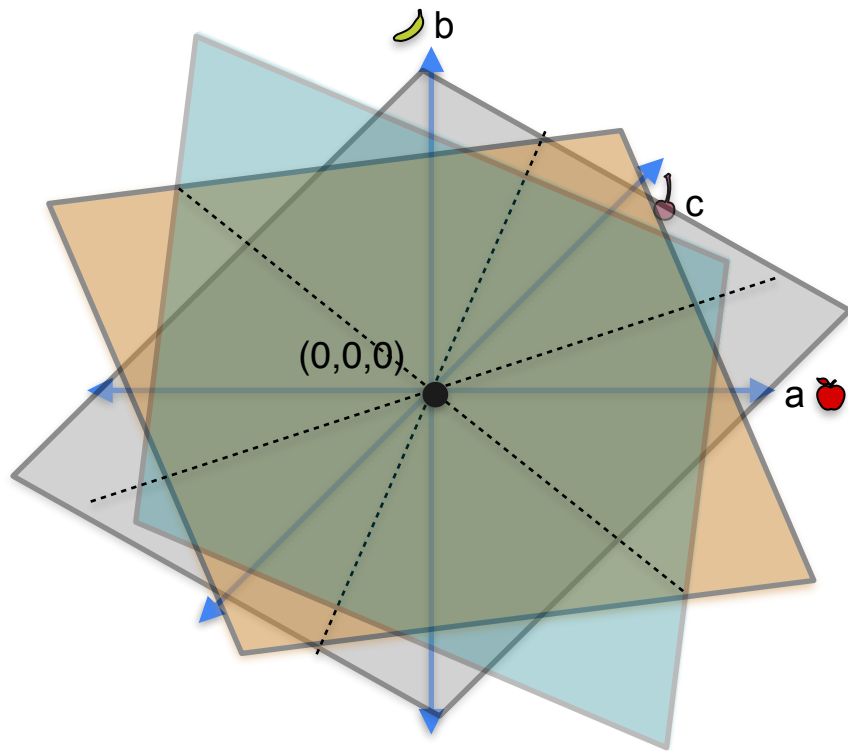
System 1

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$



Solution space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$
- $c = 0$



System 1

System 1

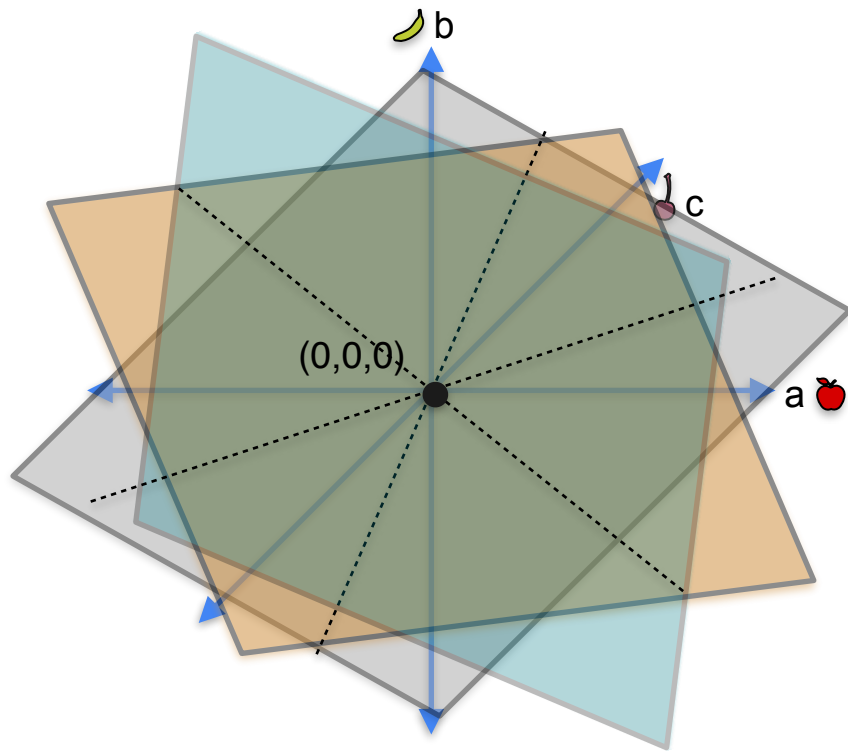
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + 2b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$

Solution space

- $a = 0$
- $b = 0$
- $c = 0$



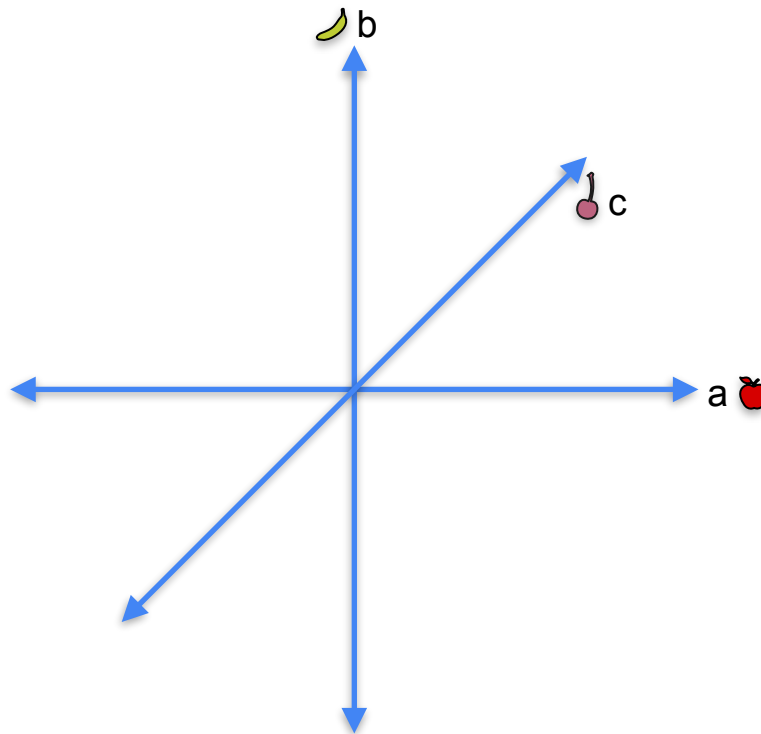
The point
(0,0,0)



System 2

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$



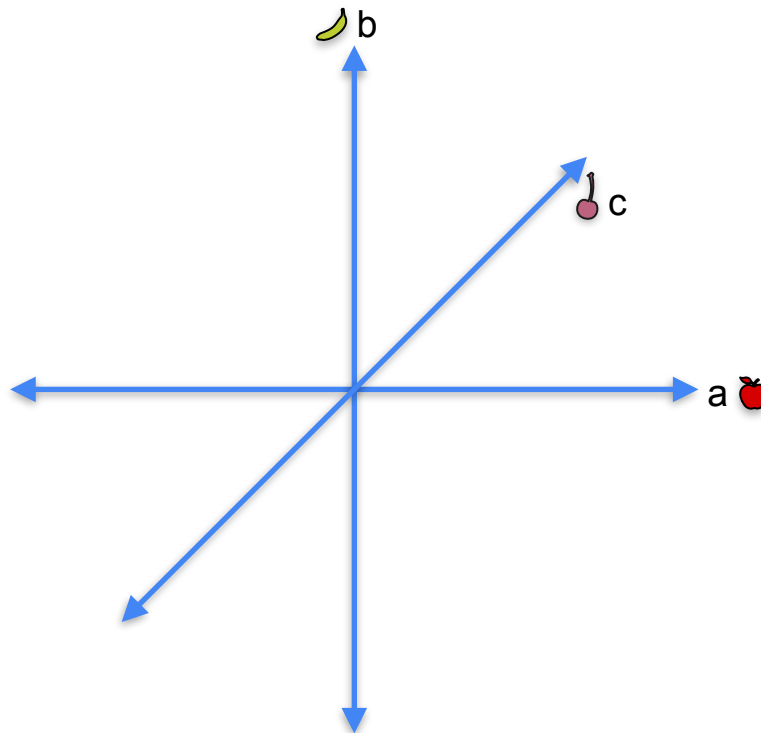
System 2

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$

- $a + b + 2c = 0$

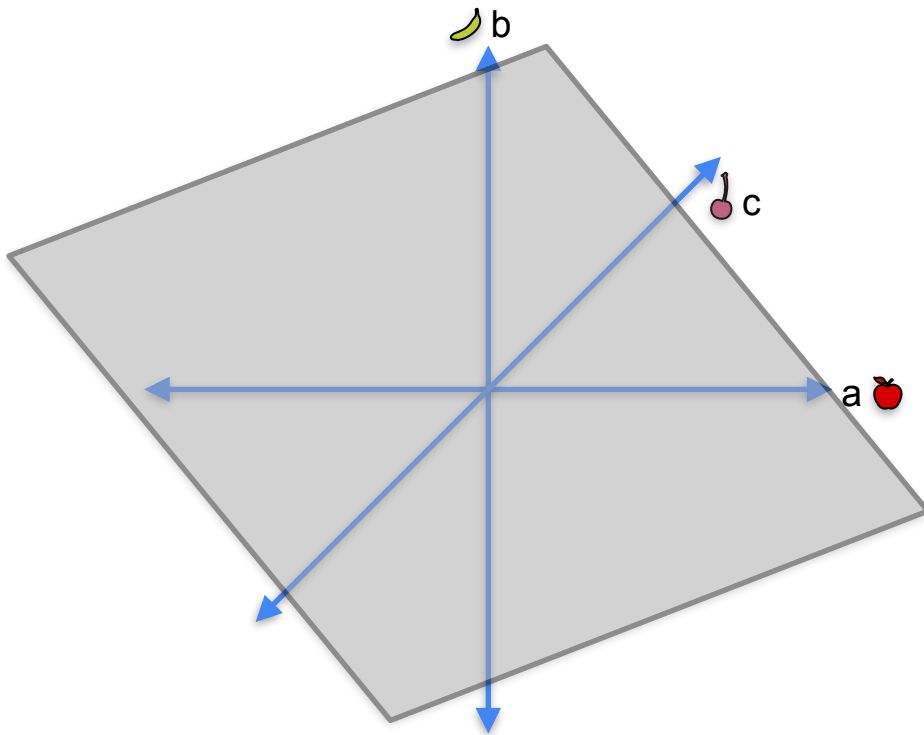
- $a + b + 3c = 0$



System 2

System 2

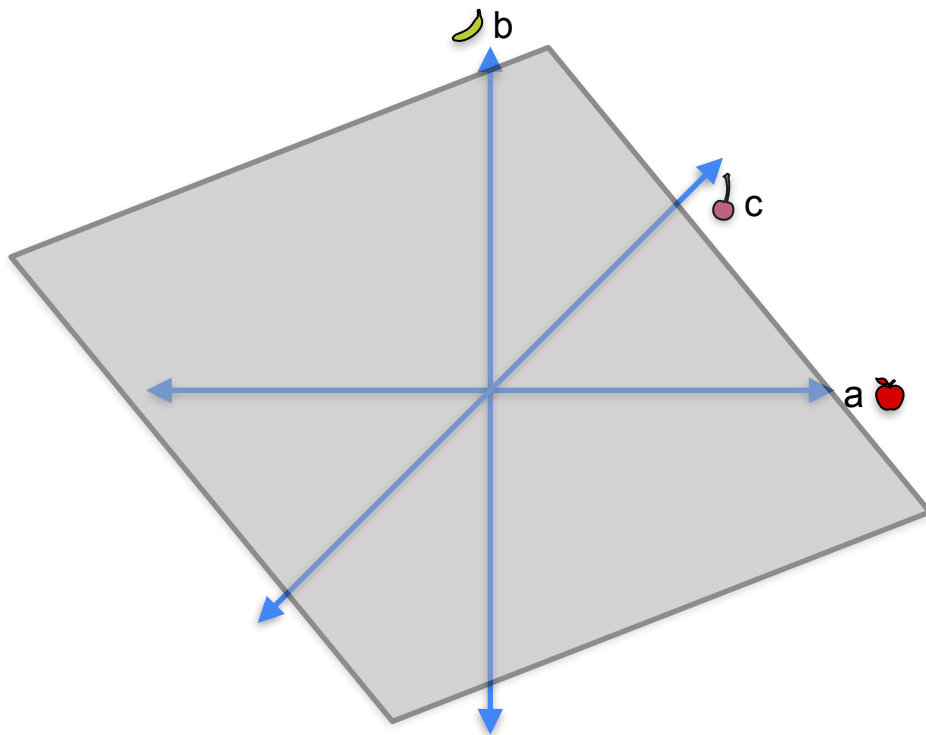
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$



System 2

System 2

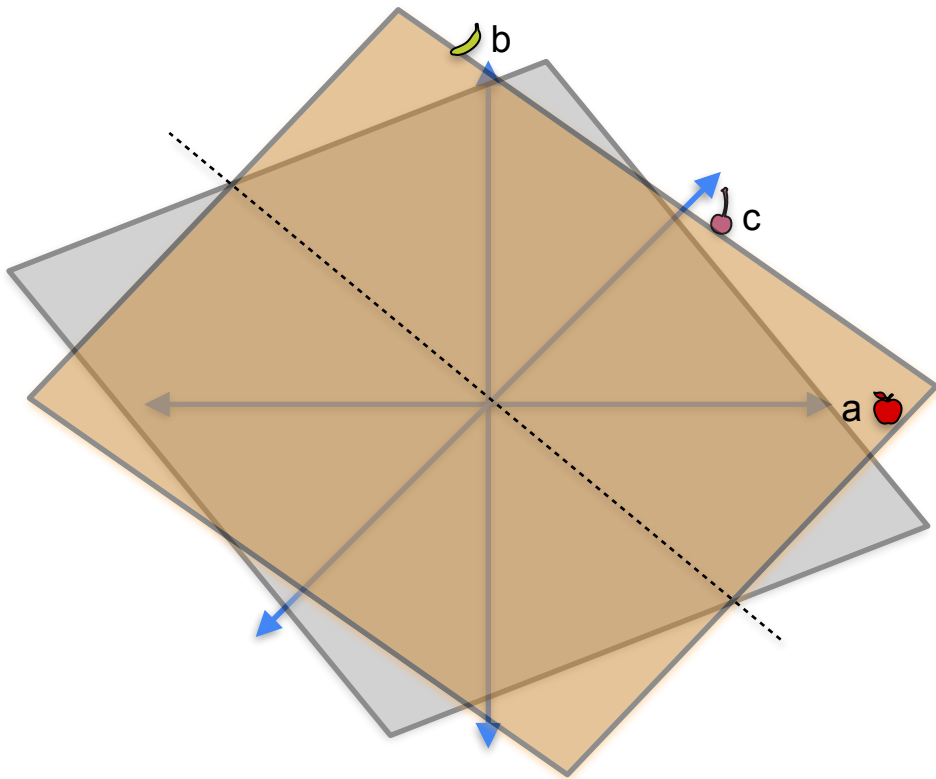
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$



System 2

System 2

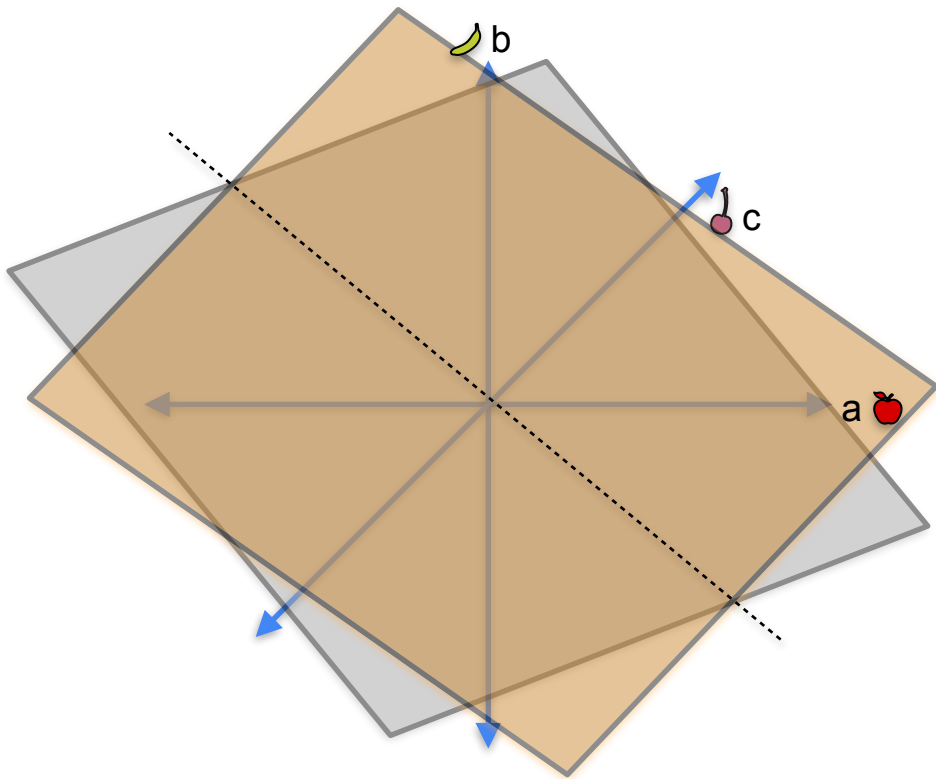
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$



System 2

System 2

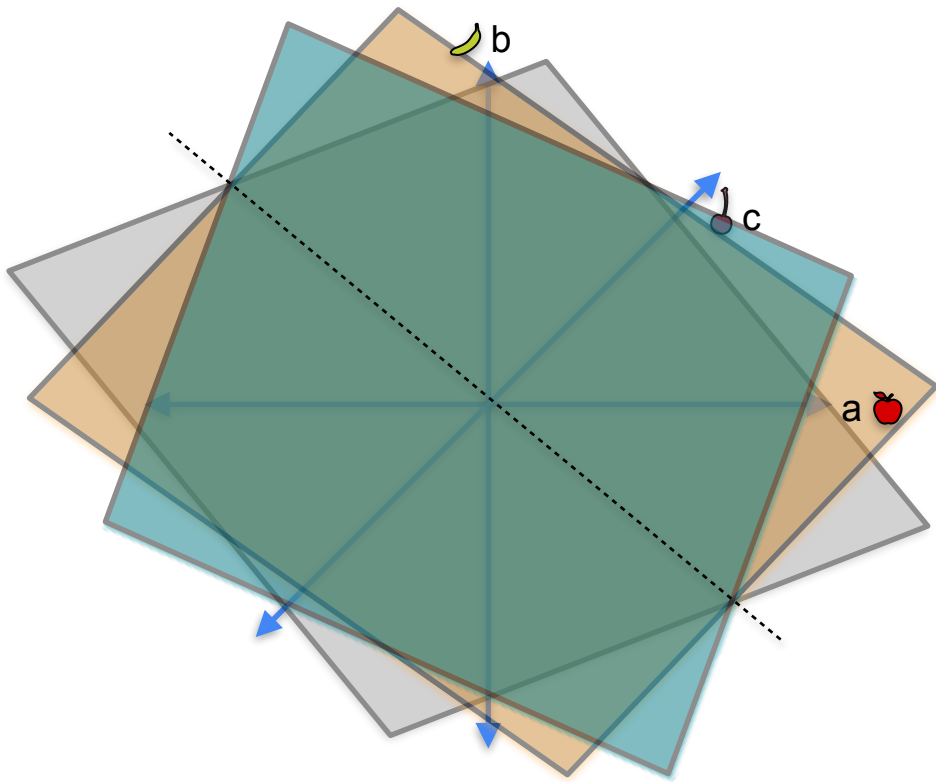
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$



System 2

System 2

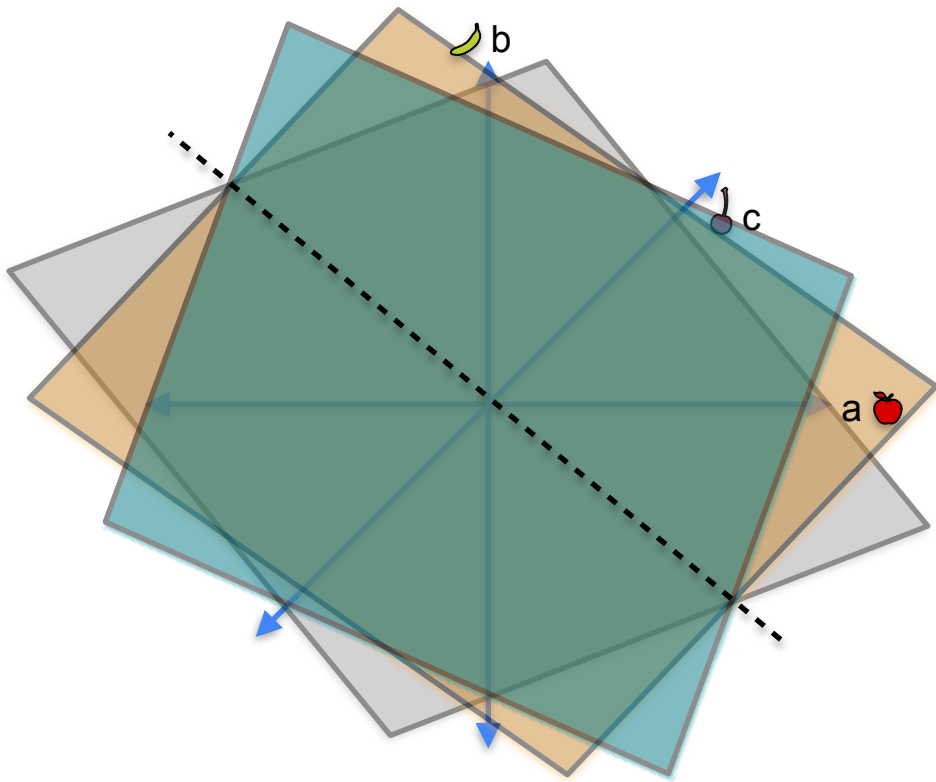
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$



System 2

System 2

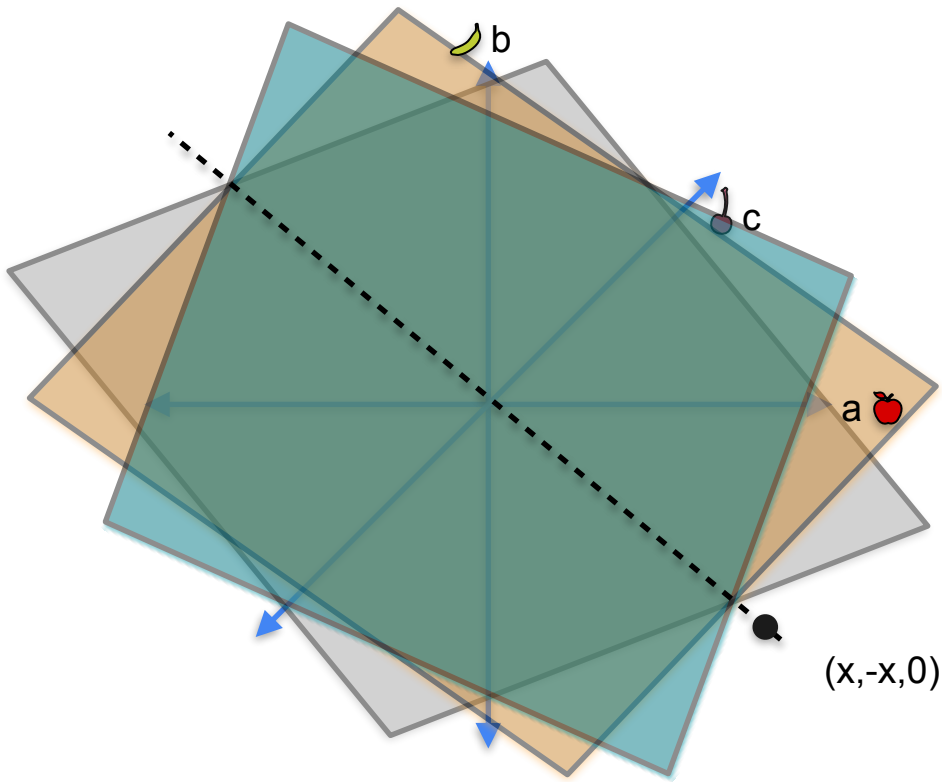
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$



System 2

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$



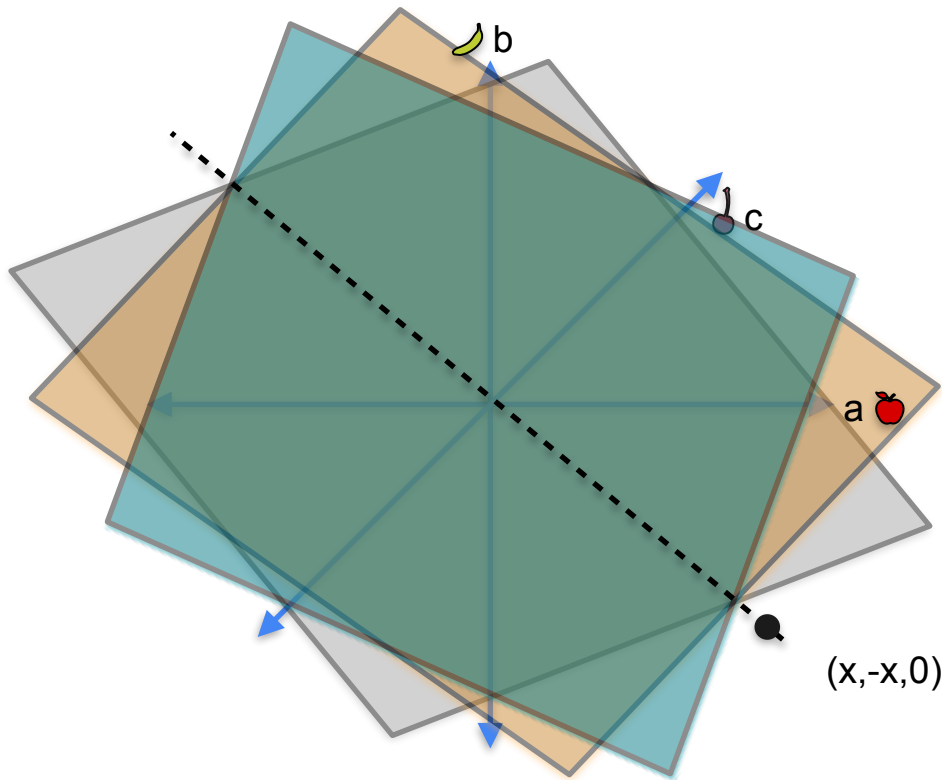
System 2

System 2

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space

- $c = 0$
- $b = -a$



System 2

System 2

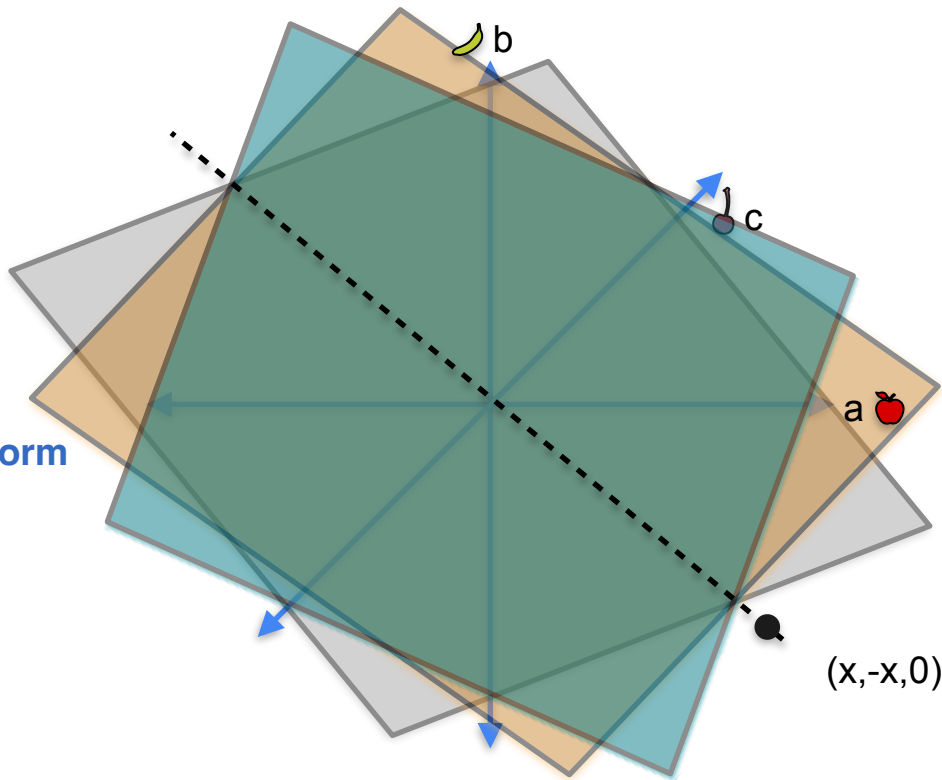
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space

- $c = 0$
- $b = -a$



All points of the form
 $(x, -x, 0)$



System 2

System 2

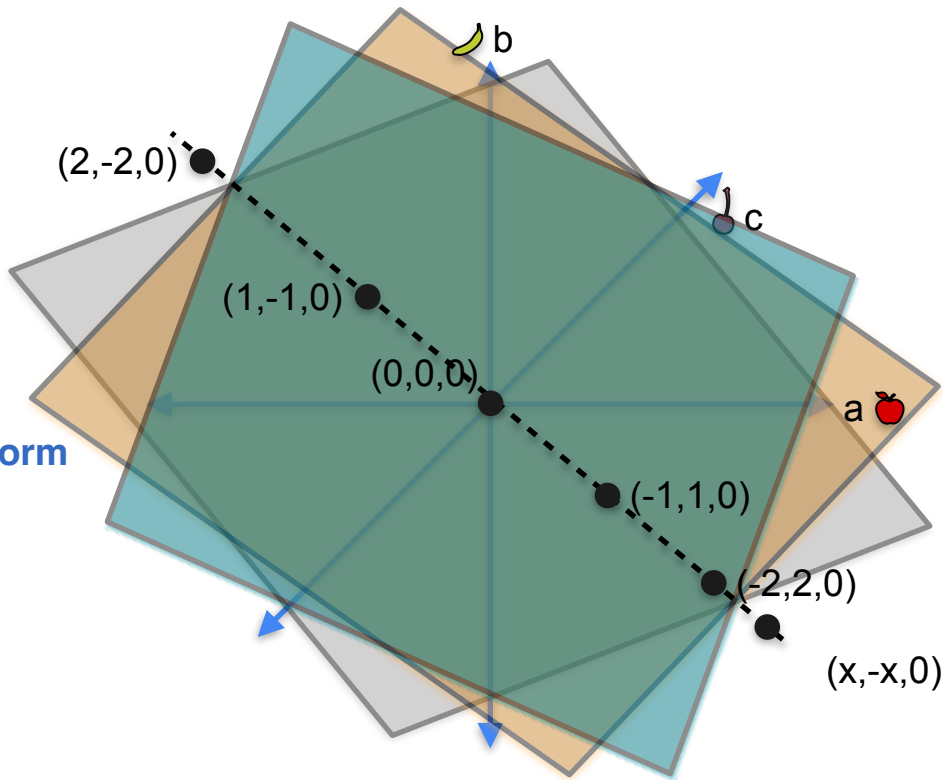
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $a + b + 2c = 0$
- $a + b + 3c = 0$

Solution space

- $c = 0$
- $b = -a$



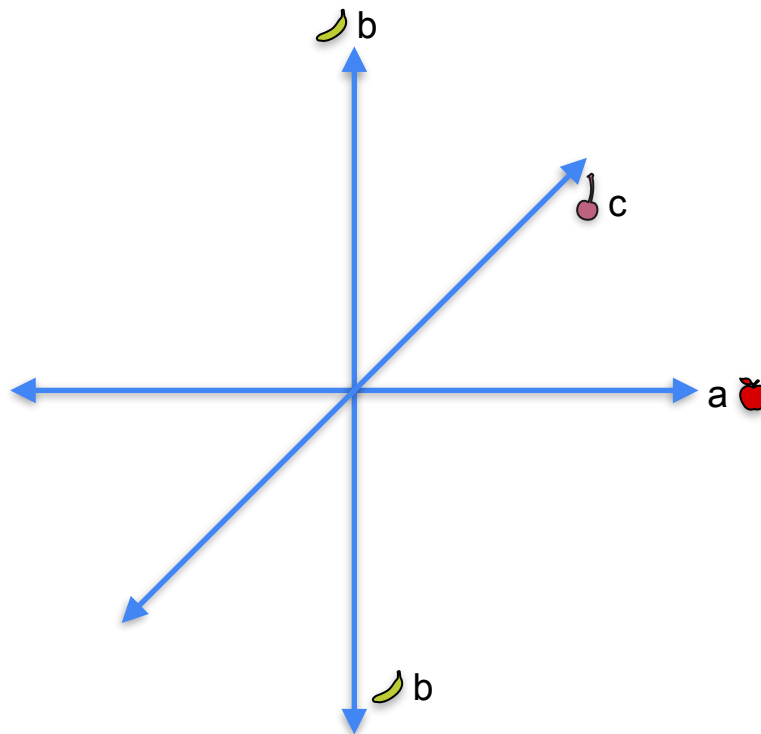
All points of the form
 $(x, -x, 0)$



System 3

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$



System 3

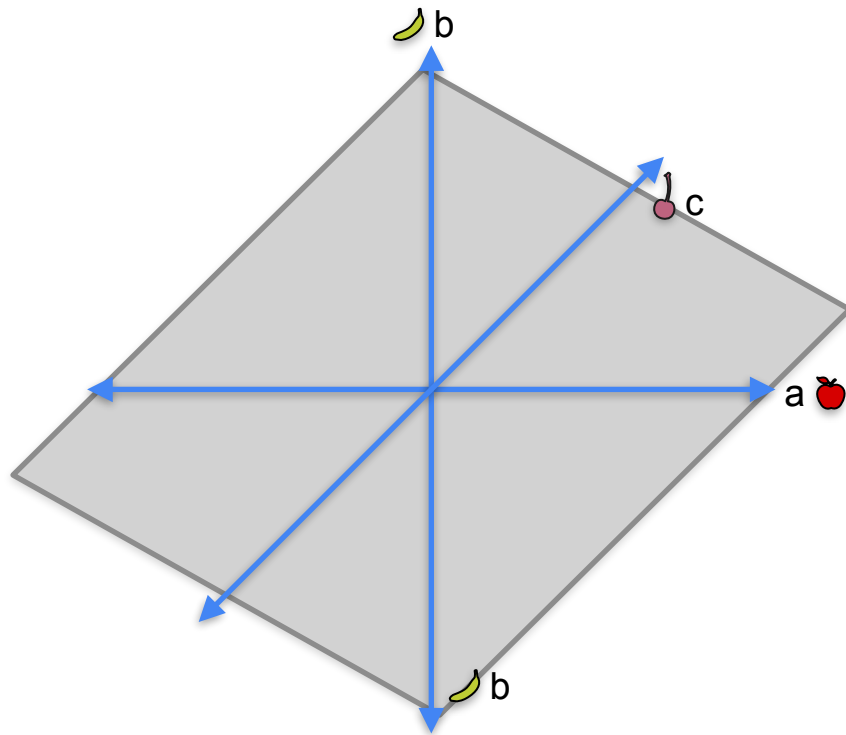
System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$



- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$

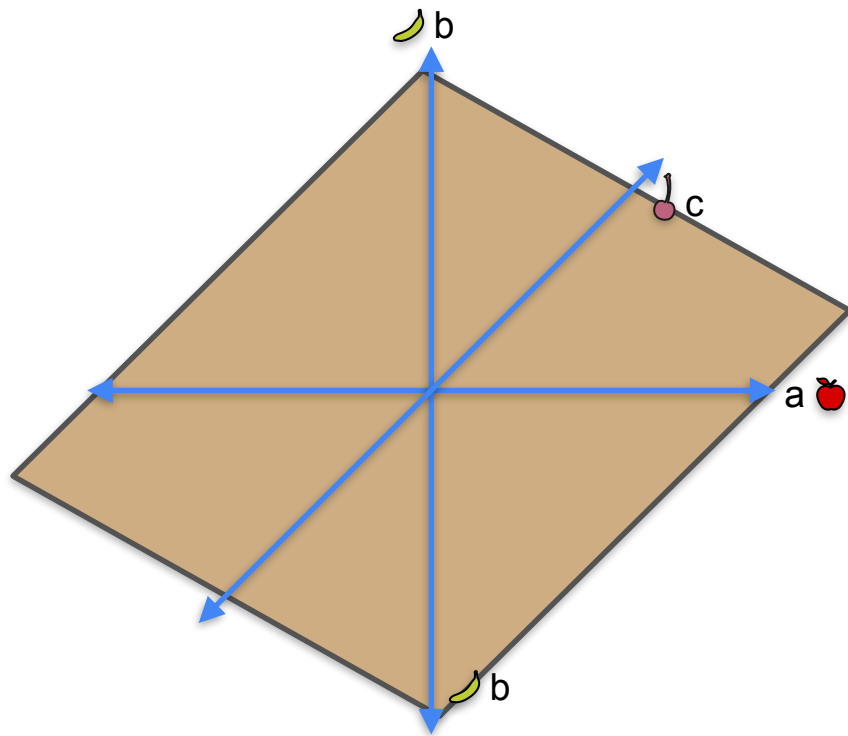
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$



System 3

System 3

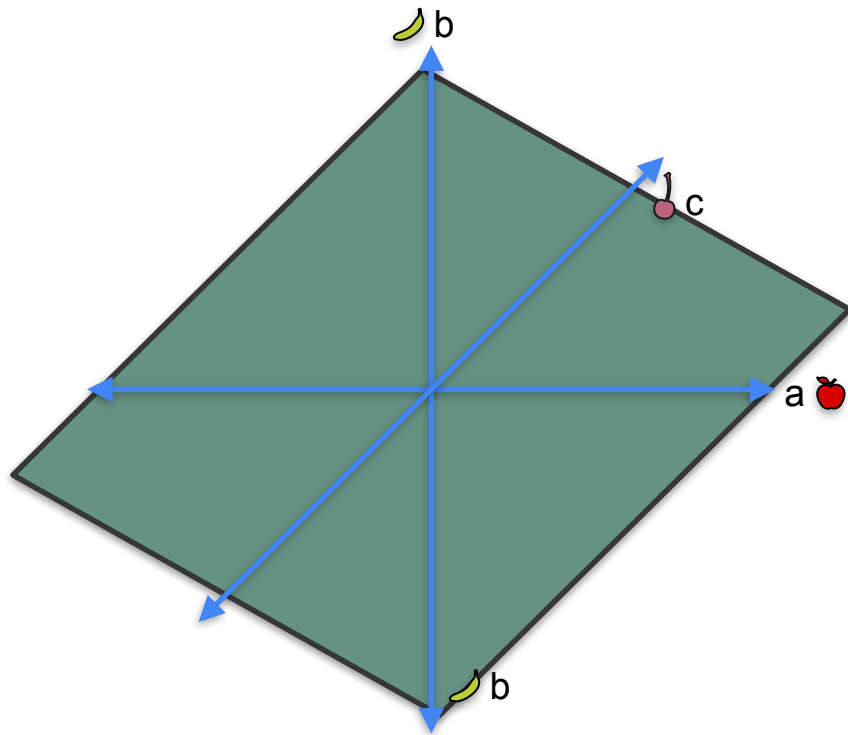
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$ ←
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$



System 3

System 3

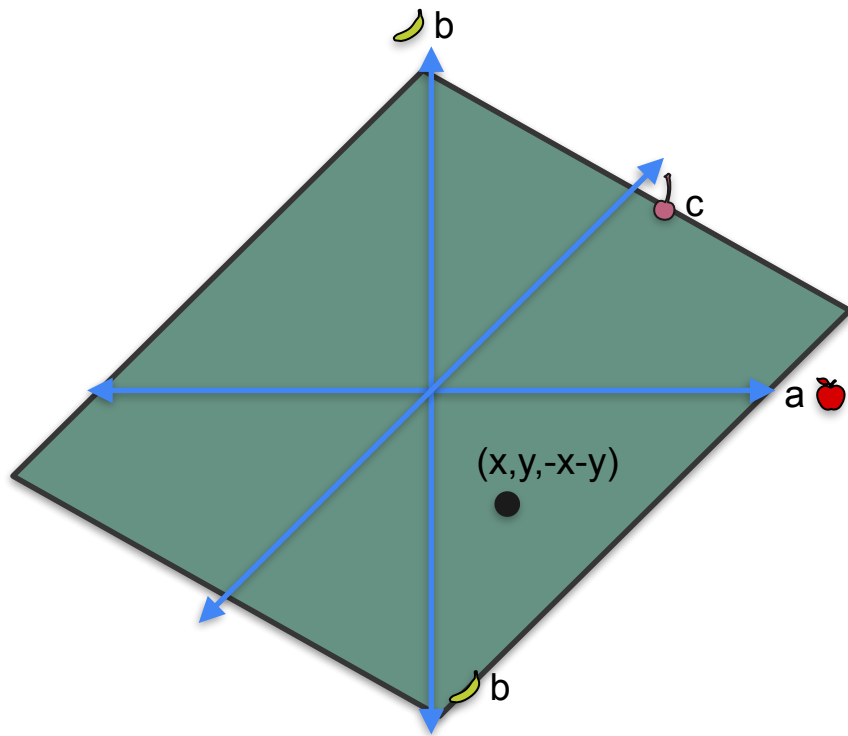
- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$



System 3

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$



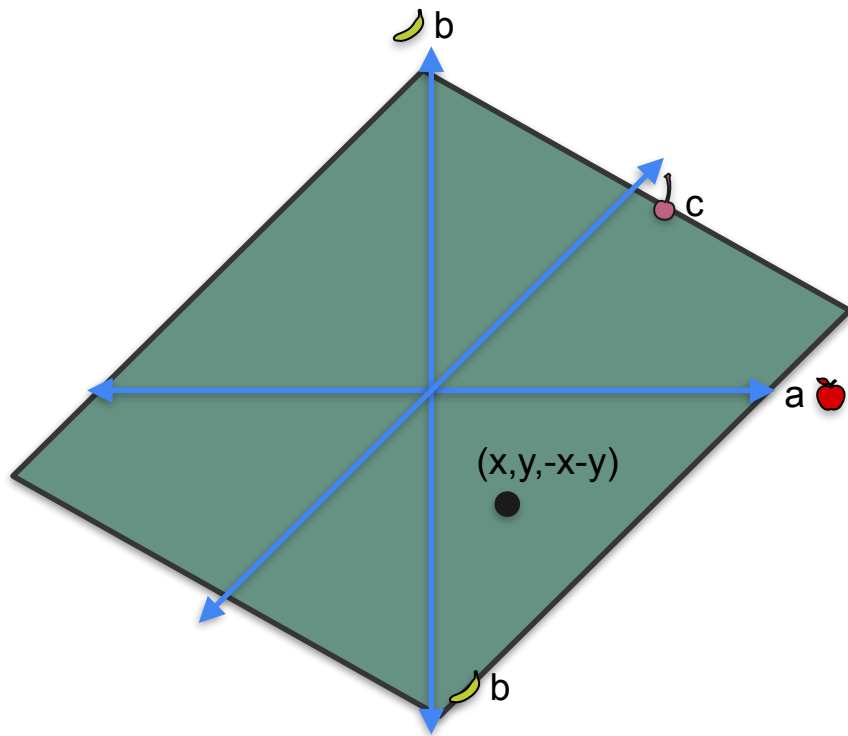
System 3

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

Solution space

- $a + b + c = 0$



System 3

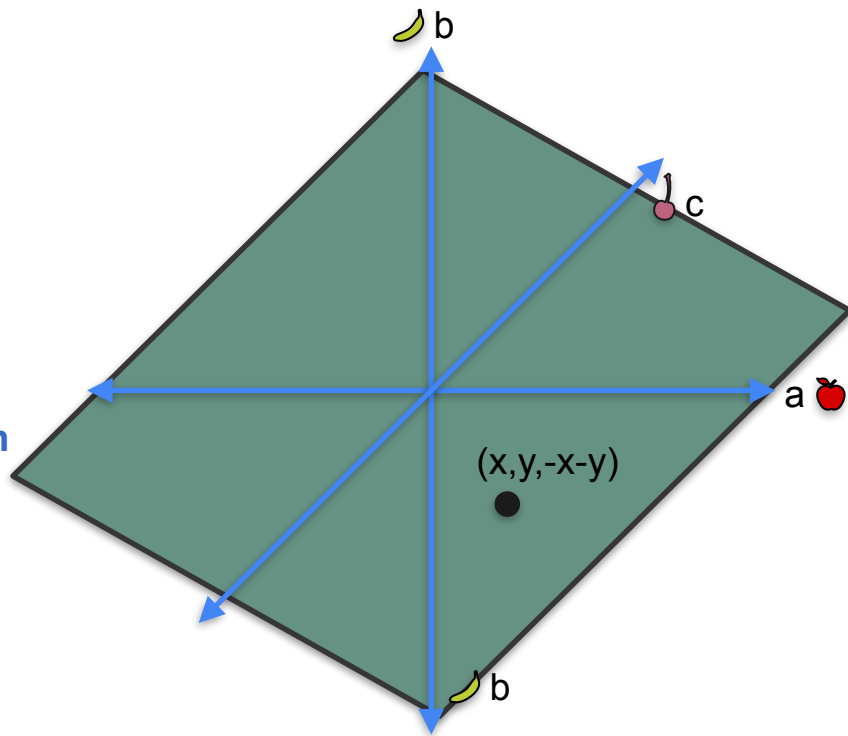
System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

Solution space

- $a + b + c = 0$

All points of the form
 $(x, y, -x - y)$



System 3

System 3

- $a + b + c = 0$
- $2a + 2b + 2c = 0$
- $3a + 3b + 3c = 0$

Solution space

- $a + b + c = 0$

All points of the form
 $(x, y, -x - y)$

