1 Introduction

Calculus Handout

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Theorem 1.1 (Limit of sin(x)/x).

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\sin(x)}{x} = 1$$

Proof. see proof

Theorem 1.2 (Limit of (cos(x) - 1)/x).

$$\lim_{x \to 0} \frac{\cos(x) - 1}{x} = 0$$

Proof. see proof

Definition 1.2.1 (Derivative Definition).

$$\frac{d}{dx}f(x) = f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

Theorem 1.3 (Derivative of the scale).

$$f(x) = cg(x)$$
$$f'(x) = cg'(x)$$

Proof.

$$f(x) = cg(x)$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{cg(x + \Delta x) - cg(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{c(g(x + \Delta x) - g(x))}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} c * \frac{g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= c * \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= cg'(x)$$

Theorem 1.4 (Derivative of the sum).

$$f(x) = u(x) + g(x)$$

$$f'(x) = u'(x) + g'(x)$$

Proof.

$$\begin{split} f(x) &= u(x) + g(x) \\ f'(x) &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{(u(x + \Delta x) + g(x + \Delta x)) - (u(x) + g(x))}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{u(x + \Delta x) - u(x) + g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{u(x + \Delta x) - u(x)}{\Delta x} + \frac{g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{u(x + \Delta x) - u(x)}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= u'(x) + g'(x) \end{split}$$

Theorem 1.5 (Derivative of the multiplication).

$$f(x) = u(x)g(x)$$

$$f'(x) = u'(x)g(x) + u(x)g'(x)$$

Proof.

$$f(x) = u(x)g(x)$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{u(x + \Delta x)g(x + \Delta x) - u(x)g(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{u(x + \Delta x)g(x + \Delta x) + [u(x + \Delta x) - u(x)]g(x) - u(x + \Delta x)g(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{[u(x + \Delta x) - u(x)]g(x) + u(x + \Delta x)[g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)]}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{[u(x + \Delta x) - u(x)]g(x)}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{u(x + \Delta x)[g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)]}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{[u(x + \Delta x) - u(x)]g(x)}{\Delta x} + \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{u(x)[g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)]}{\Delta x}$$

$$= u'(x)g(x) + u(x)g'(x)$$

Theorem 1.6.

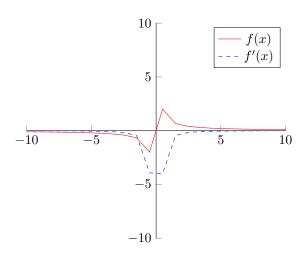
$$f(x) = \frac{u(x)}{g(x)}$$
$$f'(x) = \frac{u'(x)g(x) - u(x)g'(x)}{g(x)^2}$$

Proof.

$$\begin{split} f(x) &= u(x)g(x) \\ f'(x) &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\frac{u(x + \Delta x)}{g(x + \Delta x)} - \frac{u(x)}{g(x)}}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\frac{u(x + \Delta x)}{g(x + \Delta x)} - \frac{u(x) * g(x + \Delta x)}{g(x) * g(x + \Delta x)}}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\frac{u(x + \Delta x) * g(x)}{g(x) * g(x)} - \frac{u(x) * g(x + \Delta x)}{g(x) * g(x + \Delta x)}}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{\frac{u(x + \Delta x) * g(x) - u(x) * g(x + \Delta x)}{g(x) * g(x + \Delta x)}}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{1}{g(x) * g(x + \Delta x)} * \frac{u(x + \Delta x) * g(x) - u(x) * g(x + \Delta x)}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{1}{g(x) * g(x + \Delta x)} * \frac{g(x)[u(x + \Delta x) - u(x)] - u(x)[g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)]}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{1}{g(x) * g(x + \Delta x)} * \left(\frac{g(x)[u(x + \Delta x) - u(x)]}{\Delta x} - \frac{u(x)[g(x + \Delta x) - g(x)]}{\Delta x} \right) \right] \\ &= \frac{1}{g(x) * g(x)} * [g(x)u'(x) - u(x)g'(x)] \\ &= \frac{g(x)u'(x) - u(x)g'(x)}{g(x)^2} \\ &= \frac{u'(x)g(x) - u(x)g'(x)}{g(x)^2} \end{aligned}$$

Theorem 1.7 (Derivative of 1/x).

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$
$$f'(x) = \frac{-1}{x^2}$$



$$f(x) = \frac{1}{x}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\frac{1}{x + \Delta x} - \frac{1}{x}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\frac{1 * x}{(x + \Delta x) * x} - \frac{1 * (x + \Delta x)}{x * (x + \Delta x)}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\frac{(1 * x) - [1 * (x + \Delta x)]}{(x + \Delta x) * x}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\frac{x - (x + \Delta x)}{(x + \Delta x) * x}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\frac{x - (x + \Delta x)}{(x + \Delta x) * x}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\frac{-\Delta x}{(x + \Delta x) * x}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{1}{\Delta x} * \frac{-\Delta x}{(x + \Delta x) * x}\right]$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{-1}{(x + \Delta x) * x}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{(x + 0) * x}$$

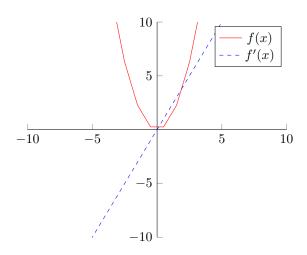
$$= \frac{-1}{x * x}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{x^2}$$

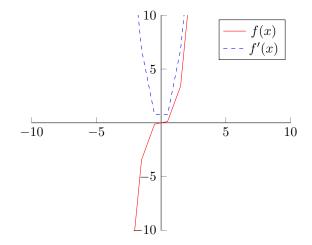
Theorem 1.8 (Derivative of x^n).

$$f(x) = x^n$$
$$f'(x) = nx^{n-1}$$

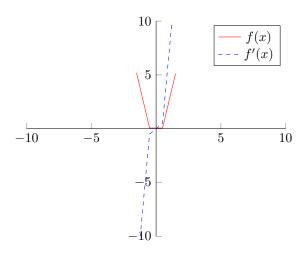
$$f(x) = x^2$$
 and $f'(x) = 2x$



 $f(x) = x^3 \text{ and } f'(x) = 3x^2$



$$f(x) = x^4 \text{ and } f'(x) = 4x^3$$



$$f(x) = x^{n}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{(x + \Delta x)^{n} - x^{n}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{[x^{n} + nx^{n-1}\Delta x + \mathcal{O}((\Delta x)^{2})] - x^{n}}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{[nx^{n-1}\Delta x + \mathcal{O}((\Delta x)^{2})]}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\Delta x[nx^{n-1} + \mathcal{O}(\Delta x)]}{\Delta x}$$

$$= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} nx^{n-1} + \mathcal{O}(\Delta x)$$

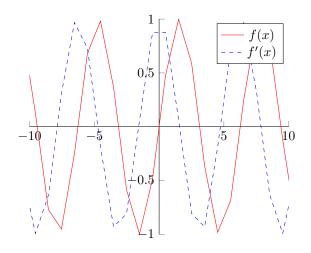
$$= nx^{n-1}$$

Theorem 1.9 (Derivative of sin(x)).

$$f(x) = sin(x)$$
$$f'(x) = cos(x)$$

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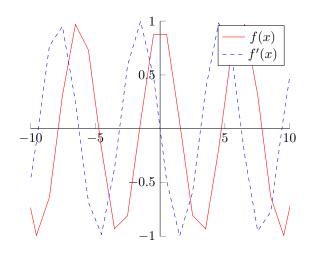
$$f(x) = sin(x)$$
 and $f'(x) = cos(x)$



$$\begin{split} f(x) &= sin(x) \\ f'(x) &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{sin(x + \Delta x) - sin(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{sin(x)cos(\Delta x) + cos(x)sin(\Delta x) - sin(x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{sin(x)(cos(\Delta x) - 1) + cos(x)sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{sin(x)(cos(\Delta x) - 1)}{\Delta x} + \frac{cos(x)sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[sin(x) * \frac{cos(\Delta x) - 1}{\Delta x} + cos(x) * \frac{sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[sin(x) * \frac{cos(\Delta x) - 1}{\Delta x} \right] + \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[cos(x) * \frac{sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x} \right] \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[sin(x) * 0 \right] + \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[cos(x) * 1 \right] \end{aligned} \quad \text{see 1.2, 1.1} \\ &= \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} cos(x) \\ &= cos(x) \end{split}$$

Theorem 1.10 (Derivative of cos(x)).

$$f(x) = cos(x)$$
$$f'(x) = -sin(x)$$



$$f'(x) = \sin(x)$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{f(x + \Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\cos(x + \Delta x) - \cos(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\cos(x)\cos(\Delta x) - \sin(x)\sin(\Delta x) - \cos(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \frac{\cos(x)(\cos(\Delta x) - 1) - \sin(x)\sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{\cos(x)(\cos(\Delta x) - 1) - \sin(x)\sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x}\right]$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\frac{\cos(x)(\cos(\Delta x) - 1)}{\Delta x} - \frac{\sin(x)\sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x}\right]$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\cos(x) \cdot \frac{\cos(\Delta x) - 1}{\Delta x}\right] - \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\sin(x) \cdot \frac{\sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x}\right]$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\cos(x) \cdot \frac{\cos(\Delta x) - 1}{\Delta x}\right] - \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\sin(x) \cdot \frac{\sin(\Delta x)}{\Delta x}\right]$$

$$f'(x) = \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\cos(x) \cdot 0\right] - \lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \left[\sin(x) \cdot 1\right] \qquad \text{see 1.2, 1.1}$$

$$f'(x) = -\lim_{\Delta x \to 0} \sin(x)$$

$$f'(x) = -\sin(x)$$