

Plot and examine chains: Nat. stories

JD

March 11, 2021

1 Preparations

```
## 'data.frame': 32341 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ pos      : Factor w/ 32341 levels "1.1.1","1.1.word",...: 2 1 578 579 577 919 920 918 1264 1265 ..
## $ X1       : int  1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ word     : Factor w/ 3516 levels "-","",":","!",...: 1575 1575 3506 3506 3506 3398 3398 3398 3172
## $ freq     : num  1.23e+08 1.23e+08 5.78e+08 5.78e+08 5.78e+08 ...
## $ otherfreq: logi  NA NA NA NA NA NA ...
##      pos      word item zone      freq
## 1  1.1.1      if      1      1 123141271
## 2  1.2.1     you      1      2  578117187
## 3  1.3.1    were      1      3 457504590
## 4  1.4.1      to      1      4 4223327232
## 5  1.5.1  journey      1      5   6826751
## 6  1.6.1      to      1      6 4223327232
## 7  1.7.1     the      1      7 9819942513
## 8  1.8.1   north      1      8   24140988
## 9  1.9.1      of      1      9 6162371881
## 10 1.10.1  england      1     10   21443938
## 11 1.11.1     you      1     11   578117187
## 12 1.12.1   would      1     12  319551796
## 13 1.13.1    come      1     13   69378970
## 14 1.14.1      to      1     14 4223327232
## 15 1.15.1      a      1     15 3213754375
## 16 1.16.1   valley      1     16   4303289
## 17 1.17.1    that      1     17 1746480437
## 18 1.18.1     is      1     18 1780724214
## 19 1.19.1 surrounded      1     19   4468786
## 20 1.20.1      by      1     20  877228367
## 'data.frame': 32333 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ pos      : Factor w/ 32333 levels "1.1.1","1.1.word",...: 2 1 578 579 577 919 920 918 1264 1265 ..
## $ X2       : int  2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ word     : Factor w/ 3511 levels "-","",":","!",...: 1571 1571 3501 3501 3501 3393 3393 3393 3167
## $ freq     : int  99632595 99632595 25245107 25245107 25245107 7751670 7751670 7751670 8148828 8148828
## $ otherfreq: num  2.67e+10 2.67e+10 1.23e+08 1.23e+08 1.23e+08 ...
## # A tibble: 10,256 x 5
## # Groups:   pos [10,256]
##   pos      word      item zone  bigram
##   <chr> <chr>    <int> <int>    <dbl>
## 1 1.1.1  if          1      1 0.00374
## 2 1.2.1  you          1      2 0.205
## 3 1.3.1  were          1      3 0.0134
```

```
## 4 1.4.1 to 1 4 0.0178
## 5 1.5.1 journey 1 5 0.0000148
## 6 1.6.1 to 1 6 0.122
## 7 1.7.1 the 1 7 0.129
## 8 1.8.1 north 1 8 0.000538
## 9 1.9.1 of 1 9 0.0107
## 10 1.10.1 england 1 10 0.000569
## # ... with 10,246 more rows
## 'data.frame': 30823 obs. of 5 variables:
## $ pos : Factor w/ 30823 levels "1.10.1","1.10.2",...: 555 554 880 881 879 1213 1214 1212 1541 1
## $ X3 : int 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 ...
## $ word : Factor w/ 3351 levels "-","","!",...: 3342 3342 3238 3238 3238 3020 3020 3020 1588
## $ freq : int 19346858 19346858 553145 553145 553145 316331 316331 316331 492 492 ...
## $ otherfreq: int 99632595 99632595 25245107 25245107 25245107 7751670 7751670 7751670 8148828 8148
## # A tibble: 9,760 x 5
## # Groups: pos [9,760]
## pos word item zone trigram
## <chr> <chr> <int> <int> <dbl>
## 1 1.2.1 you 1 2 0.194
## 2 1.3.1 were 1 3 0.0219
## 3 1.4.1 to 1 4 0.0408
## 4 1.5.1 journey 1 5 0.0000604
## 5 1.6.1 to 1 6 0.279
## 6 1.7.1 the 1 7 0.253
## 7 1.8.1 north 1 8 0.000624
## 8 1.9.1 of 1 9 0.0150
## 9 1.10.1 england 1 10 0.141
## 10 1.11.1 you 1 11 0.00171
## # ... with 9,750 more rows
```

2 Predictions

Get chains and add information about words.

```
burnin <- 400

c1 <- read.csv("chains/natural_stories1/chain-0.csv")

dataf <- select(c1, starts_with("predicted_mu_rt"))

dataf <- dataf[burnin:length(dataf[, 1]), ]

c2 <- read.csv("chains/natural_stories2/chain-0.csv")

dataf.c2 <- select(c2, starts_with("predicted_mu_rt"))

dataf.c2 <- dataf.c2[burnin:length(dataf.c2[, 1]), ]

dataf <- rbind(dataf, dataf.c2)

str(dataf)

## 'data.frame': 1614 obs. of 1312 variables:
```

```

## $ predicted_mu_rt__0 : num 307 307 307 307 307 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__1 : num 339 339 339 339 339 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__2 : num 350 350 350 353 353 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__3 : num 307 307 307 307 307 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__4 : num 316 316 316 319 319 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__5 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__6 : num 354 354 355 359 359 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__7 : num 338 338 338 338 338 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__8 : num 313 313 313 315 315 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__9 : num 306 306 306 306 306 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__10 : num 320 320 320 324 324 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__11 : num 340 340 340 341 341 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__12 : num 310 310 310 311 311 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__13 : num 338 338 338 338 338 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__14 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__15 : num 322 322 322 327 327 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__16 : num 342 342 342 343 343 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__17 : num 340 340 340 340 340 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__18 : num 306 306 306 306 306 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__19 : num 359 359 358 364 364 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__20 : num 339 339 339 339 339 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__21 : num 312 312 312 314 314 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__22 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__23 : num 306 306 306 306 306 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__24 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__25 : num 307 307 307 308 308 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__26 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__27 : num 319 319 319 322 322 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__28 : num 338 338 338 338 338 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__29 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__30 : num 307 307 307 308 308 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__31 : num 340 340 340 340 340 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__32 : num 311 311 311 312 312 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__33 : num 307 307 307 307 307 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__34 : num 373 373 373 373 373 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__35 : num 325 325 325 330 330 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__36 : num 306 306 306 306 306 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__37 : num 306 306 306 306 306 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__38 : num 326 326 326 332 332 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__39 : num 339 339 339 339 339 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__40 : num 306 306 306 307 307 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__41 : num 311 311 311 313 313 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__42 : num 316 316 316 318 318 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__43 : num 340 340 340 340 340 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__44 : num 340 340 340 340 340 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__45 : num 319 319 319 323 323 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__46 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__47 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__48 : num 316 316 316 319 319 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__49 : num 350 350 350 353 353 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__50 : num 308 308 308 309 309 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__51 : num 310 310 310 312 312 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__52 : num 320 320 319 323 323 ...

```

```

## $ predicted_mu_rt__53 : num 339 339 339 339 339 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__54 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__55 : num 309 309 309 310 310 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__56 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__57 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__58 : num 324 324 324 329 329 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__59 : num 339 339 339 339 339 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__60 : num 307 307 307 308 308 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__61 : num 324 324 324 329 329 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__62 : num 326 326 326 332 332 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__63 : num 338 338 338 338 338 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__64 : num 310 310 310 311 311 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__65 : num 307 307 307 308 308 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__66 : num 326 326 326 331 331 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__67 : num 346 346 346 348 348 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__68 : num 309 309 309 310 310 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__69 : num 306 306 306 307 307 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__70 : num 309 309 309 310 310 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__71 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__72 : num 306 306 306 307 307 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__73 : num 306 306 306 307 307 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__74 : num 306 306 306 306 306 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__75 : num 339 339 339 340 340 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__76 : num 319 319 319 323 323 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__77 : num 373 373 373 373 373 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__78 : num 306 306 306 306 306 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__79 : num 308 308 308 309 309 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__80 : num 318 318 318 321 321 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__81 : num 311 311 311 313 313 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__82 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__83 : num 319 319 319 323 323 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__84 : num 373 373 373 373 373 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__85 : num 313 313 313 315 315 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__86 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__87 : num 320 320 320 324 324 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__88 : num 306 306 306 306 306 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__89 : num 314 314 314 316 316 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__90 : num 305 305 305 306 306 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__91 : num 316 316 316 319 319 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__92 : num 338 338 338 338 338 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__93 : num 328 328 328 334 334 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__94 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__95 : num 305 305 305 305 305 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__96 : num 328 328 328 334 334 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__97 : num 315 315 315 318 318 ...
## $ predicted_mu_rt__98 : num 314 314 314 316 316 ...
## [list output truncated]

ndraws <- length(dataf[, 1])
nregions <- length(dataf[1, ])

ndraws

## [1] 1614

```

```

nregions

## [1] 1312

wordinfo <- read.csv("additional_wordinfo.csv", sep = ",")

str(wordinfo)

## 'data.frame': 2091 obs. of 6 variables:
## $ position : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ zone      : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ item      : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ sentence_no: int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ word      : Factor w/ 608 levels ",",":","'",...: 258 607 576 533 275 533 510 346 352 149 ...
## $ record_RTs : Factor w/ 2 levels "no","yes": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...

wordinfo <- left_join(wordinfo, freqs, by = c("zone", "item"))

wordinfo <- left_join(wordinfo, freqs2, by = c("zone", "item"))

wordinfo <- left_join(wordinfo, freqs3, by = c("zone", "item"))

head(wordinfo)

##   position zone item sentence_no word.x record_RTs pos.x word.y
## 1         1     1   1           1     if         yes 1.1.1     if
## 2         2     2   1           1     you         yes 1.2.1     you
## 3         3     3   1           1     were         yes 1.3.1     were
## 4         4     4   1           1     to           yes 1.4.1     to
## 5         5     5   1           1 journey         yes 1.5.1 journey
## 6         6     6   1           1     to           yes 1.6.1     to
##      freq pos.y word.x.x      bigram   pos word.y.y      trigram
## 1 123141271 1.1.1      if 3.738225e-03 <NA>      <NA>      NA
## 2 578117187 1.2.1      you 2.050093e-01 1.2.1      you 1.941820e-01
## 3 457504590 1.3.1      were 1.340848e-02 1.3.1      were 2.191098e-02
## 4 4223327232 1.4.1      to 1.781147e-02 1.4.1      to 4.080811e-02
## 5 6826751 1.5.1 journey 1.477958e-05 1.5.1 journey 6.037678e-05
## 6 4223327232 1.6.1      to 1.215130e-01 1.6.1      to 2.793861e-01

real <- read.csv("processed_wordinfo.tsv", sep = "\t")

str(real)

## 'data.frame': 10256 obs. of 8 variables:
## $ word      : Factor w/ 3104 levels "'Admiral','admiral',...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ zone      : int 344 311 946 885 361 1040 716 390 842 606 ...
## $ item      : int 9 9 6 8 9 6 1 4 2 8 ...
## $ nItem     : int 76 78 82 70 75 79 85 88 92 73 ...
## $ meanItemRT : num 426 420 324 352 406 ...
## $ sdItemRT   : num 175 156 133 130 165 ...
## $ gmeanItemRT: num 395 392 303 333 375 ...
## $ gsdItemRT  : num 1.48 1.45 1.43 1.39 1.51 ...

real <- select(real, word, zone, item, meanItemRT)

```

```

test_wordinfo <- subset(wordinfo, record_RTs == "yes") # keep only wordinfo for actual words

str(test_wordinfo)

## 'data.frame': 1931 obs. of 15 variables:
## $ position : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ zone : int 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 ...
## $ item : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ sentence_no: int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ word.x : Factor w/ 608 levels ",",":","'",...: 258 607 576 533 275 533 510 346 352 149 ...
## $ record_RTs : Factor w/ 2 levels "no","yes": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ pos.x : chr "1.1.1" "1.2.1" "1.3.1" "1.4.1" ...
## $ word.y : chr "if" "you" "were" "to" ...
## $ freq : num 1.23e+08 5.78e+08 4.58e+08 4.22e+09 6.83e+06 ...
## $ pos.y : chr "1.1.1" "1.2.1" "1.3.1" "1.4.1" ...
## $ word.x.x : chr "if" "you" "were" "to" ...
## $ bigram : num 3.74e-03 2.05e-01 1.34e-02 1.78e-02 1.48e-05 ...
## $ pos : chr NA "1.2.1" "1.3.1" "1.4.1" ...
## $ word.y.y : chr NA "you" "were" "to" ...
## $ trigram : num NA 1.94e-01 2.19e-02 4.08e-02 6.04e-05 ...

test_wordinfo <- subset(test_wordinfo, sentence_no %in% c(11:57, 68:94)) # remove the first 10 senten

test_wordinfo <- subset(test_wordinfo, position != 1) # remove first word

str(test_wordinfo)

## 'data.frame': 1312 obs. of 15 variables:
## $ position : int 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ...
## $ zone : int 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 ...
## $ item : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ sentence_no: int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
## $ word.x : Factor w/ 608 levels ",",":","'",...: 426 509 589 110 279 510 65 28 72 35 ...
## $ record_RTs : Factor w/ 2 levels "no","yes": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ pos.x : chr "1.294.1" "1.295.1" "1.296.1" "1.297.1" ...
## $ word.y : chr "said" "that" "whoever" "could" ...
## $ freq : num 1.72e+08 1.75e+09 1.32e+06 2.06e+08 7.60e+06 ...
## $ pos.y : chr "1.294.1" "1.295.1" "1.296.1" "1.297.1" ...
## $ word.x.x : chr "said" "that" "whoever" "could" ...
## $ bigram : num 1.84e-02 6.00e-02 8.99e-05 5.30e-03 7.02e-04 ...
## $ pos : chr "1.294.1" "1.295.1" "1.296.1" "1.297.1" ...
## $ word.y.y : chr "said" "that" "whoever" "could" ...
## $ trigram : num 0.018117 0.152912 0.000334 0.009856 0.003151 ...

head(test_wordinfo, n = 50)

## position zone item sentence_no word.x record_RTs pos.x
## 300 2 294 1 11 said yes 1.294.1
## 301 3 295 1 11 that yes 1.295.1
## 302 4 296 1 11 whoever yes 1.296.1
## 303 5 297 1 11 could yes 1.297.1
## 304 6 298 1 11 kill yes 1.298.1
## 305 7 299 1 11 the yes 1.299.1
## 306 8 300 1 11 boar yes 1.300.1
## 307 9 301 1 11 and yes 1.301.1

```

## 308	10	302	1	11	bring	yes 1.302.1
## 309	11	303	1	11	as	yes 1.303.1
## 310	12	304	1	11	proof	yes 1.304.1
## 311	13	305	1	11	its	yes 1.305.1
## 312	14	306	1	11	head	yes 1.306.1
## 313	15	307	1	11	to	yes 1.307.1
## 314	16	308	1	11	the	yes 1.308.1
## 315	17	309	1	11	manor	yes 1.309.1
## 316	18	310	1	11	house	yes 1.310.1
## 317	19	311	1	11	would	yes 1.311.1
## 318	20	312	1	11	be	yes 1.312.1
## 319	21	313	1	11	rewarded	yes 1.313.1
## 320	22	314	1	11	with	yes 1.314.1
## 321	23	315	1	11	land	yes 1.315.1
## 322	24	316	1	11	and	yes 1.316.1
## 324	2	319	1	12	was	yes 1.319.1
## 325	3	320	1	12	the	yes 1.320.1
## 326	4	321	1	12	people	yes 1.321.1
## 327	5	322	1	12	of	yes 1.322.1
## 328	6	323	1	12	bradford	yes 1.323.1
## 329	7	324	1	12	and	yes 1.324.1
## 330	8	325	1	12	the	yes 1.325.1
## 331	9	326	1	12	people	yes 1.326.1
## 332	10	327	1	12	who	yes 1.327.1
## 333	11	328	1	12	knew	yes 1.328.1
## 334	12	329	1	12	them	yes 1.329.1
## 335	13	330	1	12	who	yes 1.330.1
## 336	14	331	1	12	rejoiced	yes 1.331.1
## 337	15	332	1	12	at	yes 1.332.1
## 338	16	333	1	12	this	yes 1.333.1
## 339	17	334	1	12	proclamation	yes 1.334.1
## 340	18	335	1	12	but	yes 1.335.1
## 341	19	336	1	12	one	yes 1.336.1
## 342	20	337	1	12	question	yes 1.337.1
## 343	21	338	1	12	remained	yes 1.338.1
## 345	22	339	1	12	who	yes 1.339.1
## 346	23	340	1	12	would	yes 1.340.1
## 347	24	341	1	12	kill	yes 1.341.1
## 348	25	342	1	12	the	yes 1.342.1
## 350	2	345	1	13	the	yes 1.345.1
## 351	3	346	1	13	handsome	yes 1.346.1
## 352	4	347	1	13	reward	yes 1.347.1
##	word.y	freq	pos.y	word.x.x	bigram	pos
## 300	said	171981082	1.294.1	said	1.837667e-02	1.294.1
## 301	that	1746480437	1.295.1	that	5.996172e-02	1.295.1
## 302	whoever	1317362	1.296.1	whoever	8.987046e-05	1.296.1
## 303	could	205904563	1.297.1	could	5.299986e-03	1.297.1
## 304	kill	7599359	1.298.1	kill	7.024662e-04	1.298.1
## 305	the	9819942513	1.299.1	the	9.066528e-02	1.299.1
## 306	boar	309920	1.300.1	boar	5.952581e-06	1.300.1
## 307	and	4873010095	1.301.1	and	5.775039e-02	1.301.1
## 308	bring	21687869	1.302.1	bring	2.892165e-04	1.302.1
## 309	as	1139819594	1.303.1	as	8.973680e-04	1.303.1

## 310	proof	6786238	1.304.1	proof	2.416733e-04	1.304.1
## 311	its	259806050	1.305.1	its	4.627011e-05	1.305.1
## 312	head	48252042	1.306.1	head	2.875460e-03	1.306.1
## 313	to	4223327232	1.307.1	to	2.981735e-02	1.307.1
## 314	the	9819942513	1.308.1	the	1.291914e-01	1.308.1
## 315	manor	398133	1.309.1	manor	6.630792e-06	1.309.1
## 316	house	19438505	1.310.1	house	7.086828e-02	1.310.1
## 317	would	319551796	1.311.1	would	1.946858e-03	1.311.1
## 318	be	964072174	1.312.1	be	2.122336e-01	1.312.1
## 319	rewarded	1263320	1.313.1	rewarded	2.500746e-04	1.313.1
## 320	with	1110064802	1.314.1	with	1.857867e-01	1.314.1
## 321	land	36688838	1.315.1	land	1.073091e-04	1.315.1
## 322	and	4873010095	1.316.1	and	6.337243e-02	1.316.1
## 324	was	1140172617	1.319.1	was	1.989223e-01	1.319.1
## 325	the	9819942513	1.320.1	the	5.206902e-02	1.320.1
## 326	people	149869947	1.321.1	people	1.941252e-03	1.321.1
## 327	of	6162371881	1.322.1	of	3.854132e-02	1.322.1
## 328	bradford	737565	1.323.1	bradford	7.210048e-06	1.323.1
## 329	and	4873010095	1.324.1	and	4.146753e-02	1.324.1
## 330	the	9819942513	1.325.1	the	7.519450e-02	1.325.1
## 331	people	149869947	1.326.1	people	1.941252e-03	1.326.1
## 332	who	294018466	1.327.1	who	7.445483e-02	1.327.1
## 333	knew	37182349	1.328.1	knew	4.404730e-03	1.328.1
## 334	them	240201864	1.329.1	them	4.085030e-03	1.329.1
## 335	who	294018466	1.330.1	who	9.535147e-04	1.330.1
## 336	rejoiced	346775	1.331.1	rejoiced	2.729420e-05	1.331.1
## 337	at	654432238	1.332.1	at	1.192589e-01	1.332.1
## 338	this	599554050	1.333.1	this	1.710366e-02	1.333.1
## 339	proclamation	914548	1.334.1	proclamation	3.772137e-05	1.334.1
## 340	but	422070748	1.335.1	but	1.226836e-03	1.335.1
## 341	one	398913374	1.336.1	one	7.169409e-03	1.336.1
## 342	question	44123698	1.337.1	question	5.244597e-04	1.337.1
## 343	remained	15552573	1.338.1	remained	6.293670e-04	1.338.1
## 345	who	294018466	1.339.1	who	2.089226e-04	1.339.1
## 346	would	319551796	1.340.1	would	1.712385e-02	1.340.1
## 347	kill	7599359	1.341.1	kill	9.577070e-04	1.341.1
## 348	the	9819942513	1.342.1	the	9.066528e-02	1.342.1
## 350	the	9819942513	1.345.1	the	2.355679e-01	1.345.1
## 351	handsome	2651402	1.346.1	handsome	2.160766e-05	1.346.1
## 352	reward	3549720	1.347.1	reward	1.416609e-03	1.347.1
##	word.y.y	trigram				
## 300	said	1.811739e-02				
## 301	that	1.529123e-01				
## 302	whoever	3.335828e-04				
## 303	could	9.856203e-03				
## 304	kill	3.150960e-03				
## 305	the	6.740827e-02				
## 306	boar	4.020331e-04				
## 307	and	4.754166e-02				
## 308	bring	0.000000e+00				
## 309	as	6.073700e-04				
## 310	proof	2.569109e-03				
## 311	its	7.260477e-05				


```

## 312      head 0.000000e+00
## 313      to 3.210978e-02
## 314      the 1.840135e-01
## 315     manor 1.295780e-05
## 316     house 1.561876e-01
## 317     would 8.860535e-04
## 318      be 2.020664e-01
## 319   rewarded 3.741690e-04
## 320     with 2.214277e-01
## 321     land 4.230789e-03
## 322     and 9.392210e-02
## 324     was 2.133987e-01
## 325     the 6.906550e-02
## 326   people 3.502748e-04
## 327     of 1.445975e-01
## 328  bradford 1.990933e-05
## 329     and 5.203574e-02
## 330     the 5.832925e-02
## 331   people 2.516839e-03
## 332     who 9.393871e-02
## 333     knew 6.665208e-03
## 334     them 1.454282e-02
## 335     who 1.185060e-04
## 336   rejoiced 0.000000e+00
## 337      at 1.264798e-01
## 338     this 6.506916e-02
## 339 proclamation 1.170355e-05
## 340      but 6.190308e-04
## 341     one 0.000000e+00
## 342   question 1.136154e-03
## 343   remained 5.286453e-03
## 345     who 8.819624e-03
## 346     would 3.807237e-02
## 347     kill 2.164764e-03
## 348     the 8.011123e-02
## 350     the 2.435807e-01
## 351   handsome 0.000000e+00
## 352     reward 6.550856e-04

combined <- left_join(test_wordinfo, real, by = c("item", "zone"))

str(combined)

## 'data.frame': 1312 obs. of 17 variables:
## $ position : int 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 ...
## $ zone      : int 294 295 296 297 298 299 300 301 302 303 ...
## $ item      : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ sentence_no: int 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 ...
## $ word.x     : Factor w/ 608 levels ",",":","'",...: 426 509 589 110 279 510 65 28 72 35 ...
## $ record_RTs : Factor w/ 2 levels "no","yes": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ pos.x      : chr "1.294.1" "1.295.1" "1.296.1" "1.297.1" ...
## $ word.y     : chr "said" "that" "whoever" "could" ...
## $ freq       : num 1.72e+08 1.75e+09 1.32e+06 2.06e+08 7.60e+06 ...
## $ pos.y      : chr "1.294.1" "1.295.1" "1.296.1" "1.297.1" ...

```

```
## $ word.x.x : chr "said" "that" "whoever" "could" ...
## $ bigram : num 1.84e-02 6.00e-02 8.99e-05 5.30e-03 7.02e-04 ...
## $ pos : chr "1.294.1" "1.295.1" "1.296.1" "1.297.1" ...
## $ word.y.y : chr "said" "that" "whoever" "could" ...
## $ trigram : num 0.018117 0.152912 0.000334 0.009856 0.003151 ...
## $ word : Factor w/ 3104 levels "'Admiral','admiral',",...: 2297 2712 3024 628 1485 2717 351 1...
## $ meanItemRT : num 313 307 338 308 311 ...
```

```
# Test that we match words between wordinfo and freq dataframes: We should
# only see rows in which non-alphanumeric characters appear on word.x (-,')
subset(combined, word.x != word.y)
```

```
##      position zone item sentence_no      word.x record_RTs   pos.x
## 203         23  516    1           21 quick-witted      yes 1.516.1
## 210         30  523    1           21      what      yes 1.523.1
## 425         15  764    1           34      what      yes 1.764.1
## 449          8  800    1           40         i      yes 1.800.1
## 1048         5  707    2           85 hide-and-peek  yes 2.707.1
## 1088         5  749    2           86      peeked  yes 2.749.1
##      word.y      freq   pos.y word.x.x      bigram      pos word.y.y
## 203    quick  7462194 1.516.1    quick 9.307526e-05 1.516.1    quick
## 210      '  836175651 1.523.1      '  5.311628e-03 1.523.1      '
## 425      '  836175651 1.764.1      '  5.311628e-03 1.764.1      '
## 449      '  836175651 1.800.1      '  5.311628e-03 1.800.1      '
## 1048   hide  4034362 2.707.1   hide 4.999843e-04 2.707.1   hide
## 1088 peaked  445987 2.749.1 peaked 0.000000e+00 2.749.1 peaked
##      trigram      word meanItemRT
## 203 0.0011560455 quick-witted 372.9167
## 210 0.0092635573      'What 327.2588
## 425 0.0697574637      'What 335.6429
## 449 0.0849277633      'I 315.3333
## 1048 0.0009258993 hide-and-peek 363.7500
## 1088 0.0000000000      peaked 359.3556
```

```
subset(combined, word.x != word.x.x)
```

```
##      position zone item sentence_no      word.x record_RTs   pos.x
## 203         23  516    1           21 quick-witted      yes 1.516.1
## 210         30  523    1           21      what      yes 1.523.1
## 425         15  764    1           34      what      yes 1.764.1
## 449          8  800    1           40         i      yes 1.800.1
## 1048         5  707    2           85 hide-and-peek  yes 2.707.1
## 1088         5  749    2           86      peeked  yes 2.749.1
##      word.y      freq   pos.y word.x.x      bigram      pos word.y.y
## 203    quick  7462194 1.516.1    quick 9.307526e-05 1.516.1    quick
## 210      '  836175651 1.523.1      '  5.311628e-03 1.523.1      '
## 425      '  836175651 1.764.1      '  5.311628e-03 1.764.1      '
## 449      '  836175651 1.800.1      '  5.311628e-03 1.800.1      '
## 1048   hide  4034362 2.707.1   hide 4.999843e-04 2.707.1   hide
## 1088 peaked  445987 2.749.1 peaked 0.000000e+00 2.749.1 peaked
##      trigram      word meanItemRT
## 203 0.0011560455 quick-witted 372.9167
## 210 0.0092635573      'What 327.2588
## 425 0.0697574637      'What 335.6429
## 449 0.0849277633      'I 315.3333
```

```

## 1048 0.0009258993 hide-and-peek 363.7500
## 1088 0.0000000000 peaked 359.3556

subset(combined, word.x != word.y.y)

##      position zone item sentence_no      word.x record_RTs   pos.x
## 203         23  516    1           21 quick-witted      yes 1.516.1
## 210         30  523    1           21      what      yes 1.523.1
## 425         15  764    1           34      what      yes 1.764.1
## 449          8  800    1           40         i      yes 1.800.1
## 1048         5  707    2           85 hide-and-peek      yes 2.707.1
## 1088         5  749    2           86      peeked      yes 2.749.1
##      word.y      freq  pos.y word.x.x      bigram      pos word.y.y
## 203    quick  7462194 1.516.1    quick 9.307526e-05 1.516.1    quick
## 210      ' 836175651 1.523.1      ' 5.311628e-03 1.523.1      '
## 425      ' 836175651 1.764.1      ' 5.311628e-03 1.764.1      '
## 449      ' 836175651 1.800.1      ' 5.311628e-03 1.800.1      '
## 1048   hide  4034362 2.707.1   hide 4.999843e-04 2.707.1   hide
## 1088 peaked  445987 2.749.1 peaked 0.000000e+00 2.749.1 peaked
##      trigram      word meanItemRT
## 203 0.0011560455 quick-witted 372.9167
## 210 0.0092635573      'What 327.2588
## 425 0.0697574637      'What 335.6429
## 449 0.0849277633      'I 315.3333
## 1048 0.0009258993 hide-and-peek 363.7500
## 1088 0.0000000000      peaked 359.3556

head(combined)

##      position zone item sentence_no      word.x record_RTs   pos.x word.y
## 1          2  294    1           11      said      yes 1.294.1      said
## 2          3  295    1           11      that      yes 1.295.1      that
## 3          4  296    1           11 whoever      yes 1.296.1 whoever
## 4          5  297    1           11      could      yes 1.297.1      could
## 5          6  298    1           11      kill      yes 1.298.1      kill
## 6          7  299    1           11      the      yes 1.299.1      the
##      freq  pos.y word.x.x      bigram      pos word.y.y      trigram
## 1 171981082 1.294.1      said 1.837667e-02 1.294.1      said 0.0181173936
## 2 1746480437 1.295.1      that 5.996172e-02 1.295.1      that 0.1529123104
## 3 1317362 1.296.1 whoever 8.987046e-05 1.296.1 whoever 0.0003335828
## 4 205904563 1.297.1      could 5.299986e-03 1.297.1      could 0.0098562027
## 5 7599359 1.298.1      kill 7.024662e-04 1.298.1      kill 0.0031509596
## 6 9819942513 1.299.1      the 9.066528e-02 1.299.1      the 0.0674082729
##      word meanItemRT
## 1      said 313.4706
## 2      that 306.6118
## 3 whoever 338.4706
## 4      could 308.4535
## 5      kill 310.8372
## 6      the 297.8235

tail(combined)

##      position zone item sentence_no      word.x record_RTs   pos.x
## 1307         45  984    2           94      about      yes 2.984.1

```

```
## 1308      46  985    2      94    their      yes 2.985.1
## 1309      47  986    2      94 wonderful    yes 2.986.1
## 1310      48  987    2      94   journey    yes 2.987.1
## 1311      49  988    2      94   around     yes 2.988.1
## 1312      50  989    2      94     the      yes 2.989.1
##          word.y      freq  pos.y  word.x.x      bigram      pos
## 1307    about 265782619 2.984.1    about 3.944663e-04 2.984.1
## 1308    their 438887121 2.985.1    their 1.587209e-02 2.985.1
## 1309 wonderful 6181671 2.986.1 wonderful 6.579596e-05 2.986.1
## 1310   journey 6826751 2.987.1   journey 7.433265e-04 2.987.1
## 1311   around 66671286 2.988.1   around 2.186399e-03 2.988.1
## 1312     the 9819942513 2.989.1     the 2.829297e-01 2.989.1
##          word.y.y      trigram      word meanItemRT
## 1307    about 0.0041000859    about 314.8387
## 1308    their 0.0962324267    their 306.1720
## 1309 wonderful 0.0001680682 wonderful 320.0426
## 1310   journey 0.0011427780   journey 320.3441
## 1311   around 0.0000000000   around 375.0426
## 1312     the 0.7358970923     the 433.3913
```

Store the result into one dataframe.

```
data.all <- data.frame(Region = rep(paste("No_", str_pad(1:(nregions), width = 4,
  pad = "0"), sep = ""), each = ndraws), RT = c(dataf[1:ndraws, ], recursive = TRUE,
  use.names = FALSE), Observed = rep(combined$meanItemRT[1:(nregions)], each = ndraws),
  Word = rep(combined$word.y[1:(nregions)], each = ndraws), Item = rep(combined$item[1:(nregions)],
  each = ndraws), Sentence_no = rep(as.numeric(as.factor(combined$sentence_no)),
  each = ndraws), Position = rep(combined$position[1:(nregions)], each = ndraws),
  Freq = rep(combined$freq[1:(nregions)], each = ndraws), Bigram = rep(combined$bigram[1:(nregions)],
  each = ndraws), Trigram = rep(combined$trigram[1:(nregions)], each = ndraws))

# we remove one outlier word (Bradford) (614 ms, while mean of all other
# words below 500 ms)
data.all <- subset(data.all, Observed < 500)

str(data.all)

## 'data.frame': 2115954 obs. of 10 variables:
## $ Region : Factor w/ 1312 levels "No_0001","No_0002",...: 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ RT : num 307 307 307 307 307 ...
## $ Observed : num 313 313 313 313 313 ...
## $ Word : Factor w/ 471 levels "", "a", "able",...: 330 330 330 330 330 330 330 330 330 330 ...
## $ Item : int 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Sentence_no: num 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Position : int 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ Freq : num 1.72e+08 1.72e+08 1.72e+08 1.72e+08 1.72e+08 ...
## $ Bigram : num 0.0184 0.0184 0.0184 0.0184 0.0184 ...
## $ Trigram : num 0.0181 0.0181 0.0181 0.0181 0.0181 ...

head(data.all)

## Region RT Observed Word Item Sentence_no Position Freq
## 1 No_0001 306.6 313.4706 said 1 1 2 171981082
## 2 No_0001 306.6 313.4706 said 1 1 2 171981082
## 3 No_0001 306.7 313.4706 said 1 1 2 171981082
```

```
## 4 No_0001 307.1 313.4706 said 1 1 2 171981082
## 5 No_0001 307.1 313.4706 said 1 1 2 171981082
## 6 No_0001 307.1 313.4706 said 1 1 2 171981082
##      Bigram      Trigram
## 1 0.01837667 0.01811739
## 2 0.01837667 0.01811739
## 3 0.01837667 0.01811739
## 4 0.01837667 0.01811739
## 5 0.01837667 0.01811739
## 6 0.01837667 0.01811739

tail(data.all)

##      Region      RT Observed Word Item Sentence_no Position      Freq
## 2117563 No_1312 305.2 433.3913 the 2 70 50 9819942513
## 2117564 No_1312 305.2 433.3913 the 2 70 50 9819942513
## 2117565 No_1312 305.2 433.3913 the 2 70 50 9819942513
## 2117566 No_1312 305.2 433.3913 the 2 70 50 9819942513
## 2117567 No_1312 305.2 433.3913 the 2 70 50 9819942513
## 2117568 No_1312 305.2 433.3913 the 2 70 50 9819942513
##      Bigram      Trigram
## 2117563 0.2829297 0.7358971
## 2117564 0.2829297 0.7358971
## 2117565 0.2829297 0.7358971
## 2117566 0.2829297 0.7358971
## 2117567 0.2829297 0.7358971
## 2117568 0.2829297 0.7358971

subset(data.all, Region == "No_1311")$Word[1] #should be word around

## [1] around
## 471 Levels: ' a able about across advance after ago all almost ... you

subset(data.all, Region == "No_1311")$Word[ndraws] #should be word around

## [1] around
## 471 Levels: ' a able about across advance after ago all almost ... you

length(subset(data.all, Region == "No_1311")$Word) #should be ndraws == 1614

## [1] 1614
```

We check that all predicted RTs within a sensible range (higher than 100 ms and below 1,000 ms:

```
subset(data.all, RT < 100 | RT > 1000)

## [1] Region      RT      Observed      Word      Item
## [6] Sentence_no Position      Freq      Bigram      Trigram
## <0 rows> (or 0-length row.names)
```

Summarise data for modeling. Below are explored models.

```
data.model <- data.all %>% group_by(Item, Region) %>% summarise(RT = mean(RT),
  Position = first(Position), Freq = first(Freq), Bigram = first(Bigram),
  Trigram = first(Trigram), Observed = first(Observed), Sentence_no = first(Sentence_no),
  Word = first(as.character(Word)))
```

```
## `summarise()` has grouped output by 'Item'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.
data.model <- data.model %>% ungroup()

data.model$Nchar <- nchar(data.model$Word)

# for each story, we calculate the absolute position of a word in that
# story, starting from one

# we use remainder of 687 (words in story 1)
data.model$Absolute_position <- as.numeric(as.factor(data.model$Region))%687

data.model$Item <- as.factor(data.model$Item)
```

Basic check: frequency, bigram, trigram, position should be significant and negative; word length positive

```
m0 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + log(Freq), data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram >
0))
print(summary(m0))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + log(Freq), data = subset(data.model,
##   Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -48.574 -16.566  -3.471  12.873  122.936
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)  347.1656     4.1902  82.851 < 2e-16 ***
## log(Freq)    -1.5956     0.2191  -7.283 6.07e-13 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 23.19 on 1139 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.0445, Adjusted R-squared:  0.04366
## F-statistic: 53.05 on 1 and 1139 DF,  p-value: 6.069e-13

m0 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + log(Bigram), data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 &
Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m0))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + log(Bigram), data = subset(data.model,
##   Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -46.418 -16.692  -3.586  12.542  123.135
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
```

```
## (Intercept) 308.2690      1.4191  217.24 < 2e-16 ***
## log(Bigram) -1.5740      0.2223   -7.08 2.51e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 23.21 on 1139 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.04216, Adjusted R-squared:  0.04132
## F-statistic: 50.13 on 1 and 1139 DF,  p-value: 2.513e-12

m0 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + log(Trigram), data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 &
  Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m0))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + log(Trigram), data = subset(data.model,
##   Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -47.633 -16.893  -3.613  12.604 123.553
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   309.3453     1.2789  241.876 < 2e-16 ***
## log(Trigram)  -1.6063     0.2246   -7.151 1.54e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 23.2 on 1139 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.04296, Adjusted R-squared:  0.04212
## F-statistic: 51.13 on 1 and 1139 DF,  p-value: 1.542e-12

m0 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + scale(Nchar), data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 &
  Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m0))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + scale(Nchar), data = subset(data.model,
##   Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -46.630 -15.954  -3.374  12.031 126.376
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   317.0594     0.6766  468.575 <2e-16 ***
## scale(Nchar)    6.3356     0.6769   9.359 <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 22.86 on 1139 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.07141, Adjusted R-squared:  0.0706
```

```
## F-statistic: 87.59 on 1 and 1139 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

m0 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + scale(Position), data = subset(data.model, Bigram >
  0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m0))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + scale(Position), data = subset(data.model,
##   Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -51.052 -16.747  -2.718  13.048 122.877
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    317.0594     0.7013  452.117  <2e-16 ***
## scale(Position)  -1.2034     0.7016  -1.715   0.0866 .
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 23.69 on 1139 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.002576, Adjusted R-squared:  0.001701
## F-statistic: 2.942 on 1 and 1139 DF, p-value: 0.08658

m0 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + Item * scale(Position), data = subset(data.model, Bigram >
  0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m0))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + Item * scale(Position), data = subset(data.model,
##   Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -49.593 -16.340  -3.378  12.556 126.971
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    312.8667     0.9716  321.998  <2e-16 ***
## Item2           9.0598     1.4113   6.420   2e-10 ***
## scale(Position)  -1.6966     1.1249  -1.508   0.132
## Item2:scale(Position) -0.7036     1.4427  -0.488   0.626
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 23.29 on 1137 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.03786, Adjusted R-squared:  0.03532
## F-statistic: 14.91 on 3 and 1137 DF, p-value: 1.581e-09

m0 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + scale(Absolute_position), data = subset(data.model,
  Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m0))
```



```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + scale(Absolute_position), data = subset(data.model,
##   Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -49.607 -15.625  -2.884   11.678  132.524
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)      317.0594      0.6823  464.710 < 2e-16 ***
## scale(Absolute_position)  -5.6055      0.6826   -8.212 5.84e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 23.05 on 1139 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.0559, Adjusted R-squared:  0.05507
## F-statistic: 67.44 on 1 and 1139 DF,  p-value: 5.837e-16
```

After the basic check, we consider the model with RT (this is what our model predicts).

```
# Now models with RT

m1 <- lm(Observed ~ RT - 1, data = data.model)
print(summary(m1))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ RT - 1, data = data.model)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -83.576 -15.793  -0.016   17.133  139.766
##
## Coefficients:
##      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## RT 0.993428    0.002391   415.5  <2e-16 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 27.75 on 1310 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.9925, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9925
## F-statistic: 1.727e+05 on 1 and 1310 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

m1 <- lm(Observed ~ RT, data = data.model)
print(summary(m1))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ RT, data = data.model)
##
## Residuals:
```

```
## -51.660 -17.119 -3.232 12.959 142.105
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) 248.3858    12.6927  19.569 < 2e-16 ***
## RT          0.2196     0.0396   5.546 3.53e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 24.42 on 1309 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.02296, Adjusted R-squared:  0.02221
## F-statistic: 30.76 on 1 and 1309 DF,  p-value: 3.534e-08

m2 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + scale(Absolute_position) +
  RT, data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m2))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + scale(Absolute_position) +
##     RT, data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -49.500 -15.211  -3.033  11.343 130.528
##
## Coefficients:
##             Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)   272.98254    14.77881  18.471 < 2e-16 ***
## log(Freq)      -0.16256     0.31141  -0.522  0.60176
## scale(Nchar)    15.92324     3.83257   4.155 3.5e-05 ***
## scale(Absolute_position) -5.78818     0.65368  -8.855 < 2e-16 ***
## RT             0.14315     0.04032   3.551 0.00040 ***
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar)  -0.62136     0.22059  -2.817 0.00493 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.98 on 1135 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.144, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1402
## F-statistic: 38.17 on 5 and 1135 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

m3 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + scale(Absolute_position) +
  log(Bigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m3))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + scale(Absolute_position) +
##     log(Bigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 &
##     Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -49.923 -15.189  -3.034  11.535 130.804
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    264.60582    17.49033   15.129 < 2e-16 ***
## log(Freq)       0.21544     0.52449    0.411 0.681327
## scale(Nchar)    15.62049     3.84778    4.060 5.25e-05 ***
## scale(Absolute_position) -5.79443     0.65378   -8.863 < 2e-16 ***
## log(Bigram)    -0.42975     0.47978   -0.896 0.370597
## RT              0.13966     0.04051    3.448 0.000586 ***
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar)  -0.60291     0.22156   -2.721 0.006605 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.99 on 1134 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1446, Adjusted R-squared:  0.14
## F-statistic: 31.94 on 6 and 1134 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

m4 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + scale(Absolute_position) +
  log(Trigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m4))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + scale(Absolute_position) +
##     log(Trigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 &
##     Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -47.857 -15.262  -2.934  11.571 131.405
##
## Coefficients:
##               Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    260.92805    16.08960   16.217 < 2e-16 ***
## log(Freq)       0.37034     0.42047    0.881 0.378620
## scale(Nchar)    15.18769     3.84814    3.947 8.41e-05 ***
## scale(Absolute_position) -5.80133     0.65299   -8.884 < 2e-16 ***
## log(Trigram)    -0.68590     0.36412   -1.884 0.059860 .
## RT              0.13940     0.04032    3.457 0.000566 ***
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar)  -0.57893     0.22149   -2.614 0.009072 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.96 on 1134 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1466, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1421
## F-statistic: 32.47 on 6 and 1134 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

m5 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + Item + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) * scale(Absolute_position) +
  log(Trigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m5))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + Item + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) *
##     scale(Absolute_position) + log(Trigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model,
##     Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
```

```
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -49.764 -14.803  -2.889   10.559  125.949
##
## Coefficients:
##                                Estimate Std. Error
## (Intercept)                259.18991    15.96620
## Item2                      6.85067     1.30439
## log(Freq)                   0.39436     0.41683
## scale(Nchar)                15.96218     3.85523
## scale(Absolute_position)   -10.51622     6.02582
## log(Trigram)               -0.77738     0.36196
## RT                          0.13136     0.04002
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar)     -0.64553     0.22170
## log(Freq):scale(Absolute_position) 0.24322     0.31484
## scale(Nchar):scale(Absolute_position) 3.56925     3.64068
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar):scale(Absolute_position) -0.17606     0.21015
##                                t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)                16.234 < 2e-16 ***
## Item2                      5.252 1.80e-07 ***
## log(Freq)                   0.946 0.34431
## scale(Nchar)                4.140 3.72e-05 ***
## scale(Absolute_position)   -1.745 0.08122 .
## log(Trigram)               -2.148 0.03195 *
## RT                          3.283 0.00106 **
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar)     -2.912 0.00366 **
## log(Freq):scale(Absolute_position) 0.773 0.43997
## scale(Nchar):scale(Absolute_position) 0.980 0.32711
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar):scale(Absolute_position) -0.838 0.40234
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.72 on 1130 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1678, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1604
## F-statistic: 22.78 on 10 and 1130 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

m6 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + Item * scale(Absolute_position) + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) +
  log(Trigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m6))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + Item * scale(Absolute_position) +
##     log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + log(Trigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model,
##     Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -51.274 -14.954  -2.865   10.507  130.282
##
## Coefficients:
##                                Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)                258.17336    15.88191  16.256 < 2e-16 ***
```

```
## Item2                6.76709    1.30058    5.203 2.33e-07 ***
## scale(Absolute_position) -4.18747    0.85641   -4.890 1.16e-06 ***
## log(Freq)             0.38275    0.41485    0.923 0.356397
## scale(Nchar)          15.89515    3.80266    4.180 3.14e-05 ***
## log(Trigram)          -0.78685    0.35975   -2.187 0.028933 *
## RT                    0.13486    0.03979    3.389 0.000725 ***
## Item2:scale(Absolute_position) -3.03046    1.30353   -2.325 0.020258 *
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar) -0.64434    0.21910   -2.941 0.003340 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.67 on 1132 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1708, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1649
## F-statistic: 29.14 on 8 and 1132 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

m7 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + Item * scale(Absolute_position) + scale(Position) +
  scale(Absolute_position):scale(Position) + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + log(Bigram) +
  log(Trigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m7))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + Item * scale(Absolute_position) +
##     scale(Position) + scale(Absolute_position):scale(Position) +
##     log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + log(Bigram) + log(Trigram) + RT,
##     data = subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -44.427 -14.953  -2.868   11.214  128.358
##
## Coefficients:
##
##              Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)      258.45654    17.22758   15.002
## Item2              7.30177     1.32770    5.500
## scale(Absolute_position) -3.92831     0.86569   -4.538
## scale(Position)      -2.02384     0.67564   -2.995
## log(Freq)          0.21047     0.51506    0.409
## scale(Nchar)       16.32203     3.79208    4.304
## log(Bigram)         0.25353     0.63193    0.401
## log(Trigram)       -0.87681     0.48100   -1.823
## RT                 0.14597     0.03991    3.658
## Item2:scale(Absolute_position) -3.33487     1.34005   -2.489
## scale(Absolute_position):scale(Position)  1.64150     0.73155    2.244
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar) -0.68010     0.21857   -3.112
##
##              Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)    < 2e-16 ***
## Item2          4.71e-08 ***
## scale(Absolute_position) 6.29e-06 ***
## scale(Position)  0.002800 **
## log(Freq)        0.682890
## scale(Nchar)     1.82e-05 ***
## log(Bigram)      0.688347
## log(Trigram)     0.068586 .
```

```

## RT                                0.000266 ***
## Item2:scale(Absolute_position)      0.012967 *
## scale(Absolute_position):scale(Position) 0.025033 *
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar)              0.001908 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.58 on 1129 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1796, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1716
## F-statistic: 22.47 on 11 and 1129 DF,  p-value: < 2.2e-16

# extra model

m8 <- lm(Observed ~ 1 + Item + scale(Absolute_position) + scale(Position) +
  Item:scale(Absolute_position) + Item:scale(Position) + scale(Absolute_position):scale(Position) +
  log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) + log(Bigram) + log(Trigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model,
  Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
print(summary(m8))

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = Observed ~ 1 + Item + scale(Absolute_position) +
##     scale(Position) + Item:scale(Absolute_position) + Item:scale(Position) +
##     scale(Absolute_position):scale(Position) + log(Freq) * scale(Nchar) +
##     log(Bigram) + log(Trigram) + RT, data = subset(data.model,
##     Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0))
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -44.357 -15.001  -2.897   11.184  128.195
##
## Coefficients:
##                                Estimate Std. Error t value
## (Intercept)                   258.38149    17.24433   14.984
## Item2                         7.30603     1.32867    5.499
## scale(Absolute_position)      -3.93373     0.86702   -4.537
## scale(Position)               -2.13149     1.05498   -2.020
## log(Freq)                     0.21157     0.51535    0.411
## scale(Nchar)                  16.31885     3.79381    4.301
## log(Bigram)                   0.24837     0.63340    0.392
## log(Trigram)                 -0.87274     0.48218   -1.810
## RT                           0.14604     0.03993    3.658
## Item2:scale(Absolute_position) -3.34077     1.34137   -2.491
## Item2:scale(Position)         0.17948     1.35051    0.133
## scale(Absolute_position):scale(Position) 1.63584     0.73311    2.231
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar)       -0.67997     0.21867   -3.110
##                                Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)                   < 2e-16 ***
## Item2                         4.73e-08 ***
## scale(Absolute_position)      6.31e-06 ***
## scale(Position)               0.043577 *
## log(Freq)                     0.681493
## scale(Nchar)                  1.84e-05 ***
## log(Bigram)                   0.695042

```

```
## log(Trigram)                0.070565 .
## RT                          0.000266 ***
## Item2:scale(Absolute_position) 0.012897 *
## Item2:scale(Position)         0.894296
## scale(Absolute_position):scale(Position) 0.025852 *
## log(Freq):scale(Nchar)       0.001921 **
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.59 on 1128 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.1796, Adjusted R-squared:  0.1709
## F-statistic: 20.58 on 12 and 1128 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

3 Graphs and summaries

```
sumdata <- subset(data.model, Bigram > 0 & Trigram > 0)

cutoff <- quantile(sumdata$Trigram, seq(0, 1, 0.1))

cutoff

##           0%           10%           20%           30%           40%
## 3.325603e-07 1.442325e-04 6.922960e-04 1.969463e-03 5.388392e-03
##           50%           60%           70%           80%           90%
## 1.342504e-02 3.394567e-02 6.740827e-02 1.324086e-01 2.751196e-01
##           100%
## 9.929697e-01

str(sumdata)

## tibble [1,141 x 12] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
##  $ Item          : Factor w/ 2 levels "1","2": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##  $ Region        : Factor w/ 1312 levels "No_0001","No_0002",...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 11 ...
##  $ RT            : num [1:1141] 307 339 351 307 317 ...
##  $ Position      : int [1:1141] 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 11 12 ...
##  $ Freq          : num [1:1141] 1.72e+08 1.75e+09 1.32e+06 2.06e+08 7.60e+06 ...
##  $ Bigram        : num [1:1141] 1.84e-02 6.00e-02 8.99e-05 5.30e-03 7.02e-04 ...
##  $ Trigram       : num [1:1141] 0.018117 0.152912 0.000334 0.009856 0.003151 ...
##  $ Observed      : num [1:1141] 313 307 338 308 311 ...
##  $ Sentence_no   : num [1:1141] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##  $ Word          : chr [1:1141] "said" "that" "whoever" "could" ...
##  $ Nchar         : int [1:1141] 4 4 7 5 4 3 4 3 2 5 ...
##  $ Absolute_position: num [1:1141] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 11 ...

sumdata$Trigramcat <- cut(sumdata$Trigram, breaks = cutoff, labels = seq(0.1,
1, 0.1))

sumdata <- subset(sumdata, !is.na(Trigramcat))

summary.Trigram <- sumdata %>% group_by(Trigramcat) %>% summarise(Predicted = mean(RT),
sdPredicted = sd(RT), Found = mean(Observed), sdFound = sd(Observed))
```

```

summary.Trigram$Trigramcat <- as.character(summary.Trigram$Trigramcat)

summary.Trigram$Trigramcat <- round(cutoff[2:11], 4)

summary.Trigram$Trigramcat <- as.factor(summary.Trigram$Trigramcat)

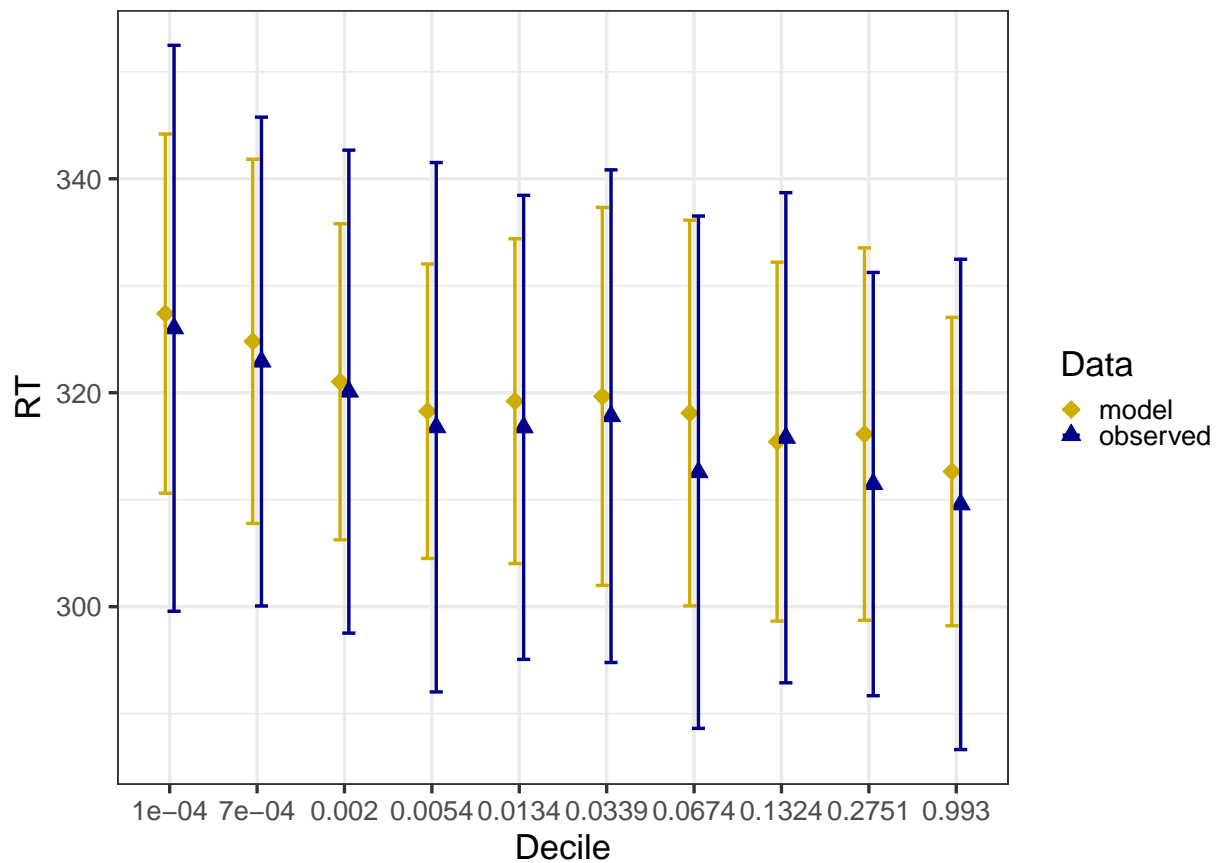
data.to.plot <- data.frame(Decile = rep(summary.Trigram$Trigramcat, 2), RT = c(summary.Trigram$Predicted,
summary.Trigram$Found), std = c(summary.Trigram$sdPredicted, summary.Trigram$sdFound),
Data = c(rep("model", 10), rep("observed", 10)))

library(ggplot2)

library(dplyr)

g1 <- ggplot(data.to.plot, aes(Decile, RT, color = Data, fill = Data, pch = Data))
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(position = dodge, size = I(5)) + geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = RT -
std, ymax = RT + std), position = dodge, width = 0.3, size = I(1.3)) +
scale_shape_manual(values = 23:24) + scale_color_manual(values = c("gold3",
"blue4")) + scale_fill_manual(values = c("gold3", "blue4")) + theme_bw(28)

```



```

ggsave("trigrams.png", width = 19, height = 12)

```



```

cutoff <- quantile(sumdata$Freq, seq(0, 1, 0.1))

cutoff

##          0%          10%          20%          30%          40%          50%
##      31747      1999559      8835068      32601982      91027817      242417228
##          60%          70%          80%          90%         100%
## 599554050 1140172617 4223327232 9819942513 9819942513

subset(sumdata, Freq >= 9.81e+09)

## # A tibble: 133 x 13
##   Item Region   RT Position   Freq Bigram Trigram Observed Sentence_no
##   <fct> <fct> <dbl>   <int>   <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>       <dbl>
## 1 1      No_00~ 305.       7 9.82e9 0.0907 0.0674    298.         1
## 2 1      No_00~ 305.      16 9.82e9 0.129 0.184    321.         1
## 3 1      No_00~ 305.       3 9.82e9 0.0521 0.0691    310.         2
## 4 1      No_00~ 305.       8 9.82e9 0.0752 0.0583    294.         2
## 5 1      No_00~ 305.      25 9.82e9 0.0907 0.0801    295.         2
## 6 1      No_00~ 305.       2 9.82e9 0.236 0.244    331.         3
## 7 1      No_00~ 305.       9 9.82e9 0.0767 0.0857    355.         3
## 8 1      No_00~ 305.      12 9.82e9 0.250 0.120    307.         3
## 9 1      No_00~ 305.      11 9.82e9 0.274 0.934    299.         4
## 10 1     No_00~ 305.      15 9.82e9 0.0142 0.0388    302.         4
## # ... with 123 more rows, and 4 more variables: Word <chr>, Nchar <int>,
## #   Absolute_position <dbl>, Trigramcat <fct>

subset(sumdata, Word == "the")

## # A tibble: 133 x 13
##   Item Region   RT Position   Freq Bigram Trigram Observed Sentence_no
##   <fct> <fct> <dbl>   <int>   <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>   <dbl>       <dbl>
## 1 1      No_00~ 305.       7 9.82e9 0.0907 0.0674    298.         1
## 2 1      No_00~ 305.      16 9.82e9 0.129 0.184    321.         1
## 3 1      No_00~ 305.       3 9.82e9 0.0521 0.0691    310.         2
## 4 1      No_00~ 305.       8 9.82e9 0.0752 0.0583    294.         2
## 5 1      No_00~ 305.      25 9.82e9 0.0907 0.0801    295.         2
## 6 1      No_00~ 305.       2 9.82e9 0.236 0.244    331.         3
## 7 1      No_00~ 305.       9 9.82e9 0.0767 0.0857    355.         3
## 8 1      No_00~ 305.      12 9.82e9 0.250 0.120    307.         3
## 9 1      No_00~ 305.      11 9.82e9 0.274 0.934    299.         4
## 10 1     No_00~ 305.      15 9.82e9 0.0142 0.0388    302.         4
## # ... with 123 more rows, and 4 more variables: Word <chr>, Nchar <int>,
## #   Absolute_position <dbl>, Trigramcat <fct>

# cutoff[10] <- cutoff[10]-1 #we do this because just one word (the)
# occupies more than one quantile and if we did not do it, the last two
# quantiles would be identical

str(sumdata)

## tibble [1,140 x 13] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
##  $ Item          : Factor w/ 2 levels "1","2": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
##  $ Region        : Factor w/ 1312 levels "No_0001","No_0002",...: 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 11 ...
##  $ RT            : num [1:1140] 307 339 351 307 317 ...

```

```

## $ Position      : int [1:1140] 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 11 12 ...
## $ Freq          : num [1:1140] 1.72e+08 1.75e+09 1.32e+06 2.06e+08 7.60e+06 ...
## $ Bigram        : num [1:1140] 1.84e-02 6.00e-02 8.99e-05 5.30e-03 7.02e-04 ...
## $ Trigram       : num [1:1140] 0.018117 0.152912 0.000334 0.009856 0.003151 ...
## $ Observed      : num [1:1140] 313 307 338 308 311 ...
## $ Sentence_no   : num [1:1140] 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
## $ Word          : chr [1:1140] "said" "that" "whoever" "could" ...
## $ Nchar         : int [1:1140] 4 4 7 5 4 3 4 3 2 5 ...
## $ Absolute_position: num [1:1140] 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 10 11 ...
## $ Trigramcat    : Factor w/ 10 levels "0.1","0.2","0.3",...: 6 9 2 5 4 7 2 7 2 4 ...

sumdata$Freqcat <- cut(sumdata$Freq, breaks = cutoff[1:10], labels = seq(0.1,
1, 0.1)[1:9])

sumdata <- subset(sumdata, !is.na(Freqcat))

summary.Freq <- sumdata %>% group_by(Freqcat) %>% summarise(Predicted = median(RT),
sdPredicted = sd(RT), Found = median(Observed), sdFound = sd(Observed),
count = length(Observed))

summary.Freq
## # A tibble: 9 x 6
##   Freqcat Predicted sdPredicted Found sdFound count
## * <fct>      <dbl>      <dbl> <dbl> <dbl> <int>
## 1 0.1         325.        15.9  324.   26.8   114
## 2 0.2         321.        14.1  319.   23.6   113
## 3 0.3         315.        11.5  317.   22.5   114
## 4 0.4         310.        13.7  313.   23.0   114
## 5 0.5         308.        12.2  309.   19.5   115
## 6 0.6         307.        22.1  317.   21.8   114
## 7 0.7         306.        15.2  315.   20.9   141
## 8 0.8         306.        19.6  309.   25.7   102
## 9 0.9         305.        15.5  308.   23.7   212

summary.Freq$Freqcat <- as.character(summary.Freq$Freqcat)

summary.Freq$Freqcat <- round(log(cutoff[2:10]), 3)

summary.Freq$Freqcat <- as.factor(summary.Freq$Freqcat)

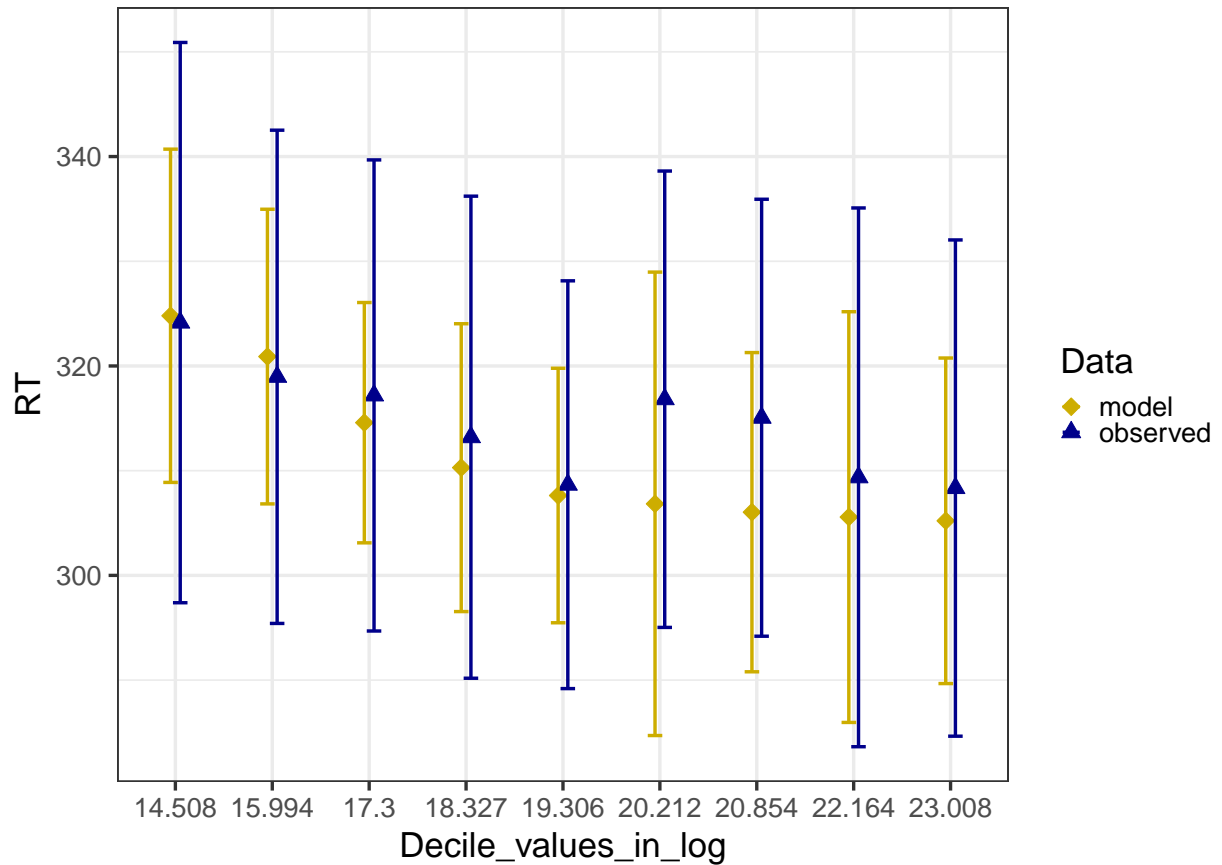
data.to.plot <- data.frame(Decile_values_in_log = as.factor(rep(summary.Freq$Freqcat,
2)), RT = c(summary.Freq$Predicted, summary.Freq$Found), std = c(summary.Freq$sdPredicted,
summary.Freq$sdFound), Data = c(rep("model", 9), rep("observed", 9)))

library(ggplot2)

library(dplyr)

g1 <- ggplot(data.to.plot, aes(Decile_values_in_log, RT, color = Data, fill = Data,
pch = Data))
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(position = dodge, size = I(5)) + geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = RT -
std, ymax = RT + std), position = dodge, width = 0.3, size = I(1.3)) +
scale_shape_manual(values = 23:24) + scale_color_manual(values = c("gold3",
"blue4")) + scale_fill_manual(values = c("gold3", "blue4")) + theme_bw(28)

```



```
ggsave("freqs.png", width = 19, height = 12)
```

```
cutoff <- quantile(sumdata$RT, seq(0, 1, 0.1))

cutoff

##      0%      10%      20%      30%      40%      50%      60%      70%
## 305.2119 305.2129 305.7162 306.1664 307.9639 311.6690 316.8998 323.8358
##      80%      90%     100%
## 338.3626 339.8425 397.1125

sumdata$RTcat <- cut(sumdata$RT, breaks = cutoff, labels = seq(0.1, 1, 0.1))

sumdata <- subset(sumdata, !is.na(RTcat))

summary.RT <- sumdata %>% group_by(RTcat) %>% summarise(Predicted = mean(RT),
  sdPredicted = sd(RT), Found = mean(Observed), sdFound = sd(Observed))

summary.RT

## # A tibble: 10 x 5
##   RTcat Predicted sdPredicted Found sdFound
##   * <fct>      <dbl>      <dbl> <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 0.1         305.      0.000310 311.     22.6
```

```
## 2 0.2      305.    0.127    312.    24.2
## 3 0.3      306.    0.159    317.    21.9
## 4 0.4      307.    0.464    310.    18.7
## 5 0.5      310.    1.03     314.    21.1
## 6 0.6      314.    1.65     319.    23.5
## 7 0.7      320.    1.98     322.    22.8
## 8 0.8      332.    5.81     322.    25.9
## 9 0.9      339.    0.442    316.    23.5
## 10 1       353.   13.7      326.    25.8

cor.test(summary.RT$Predicted, summary.RT$Found)

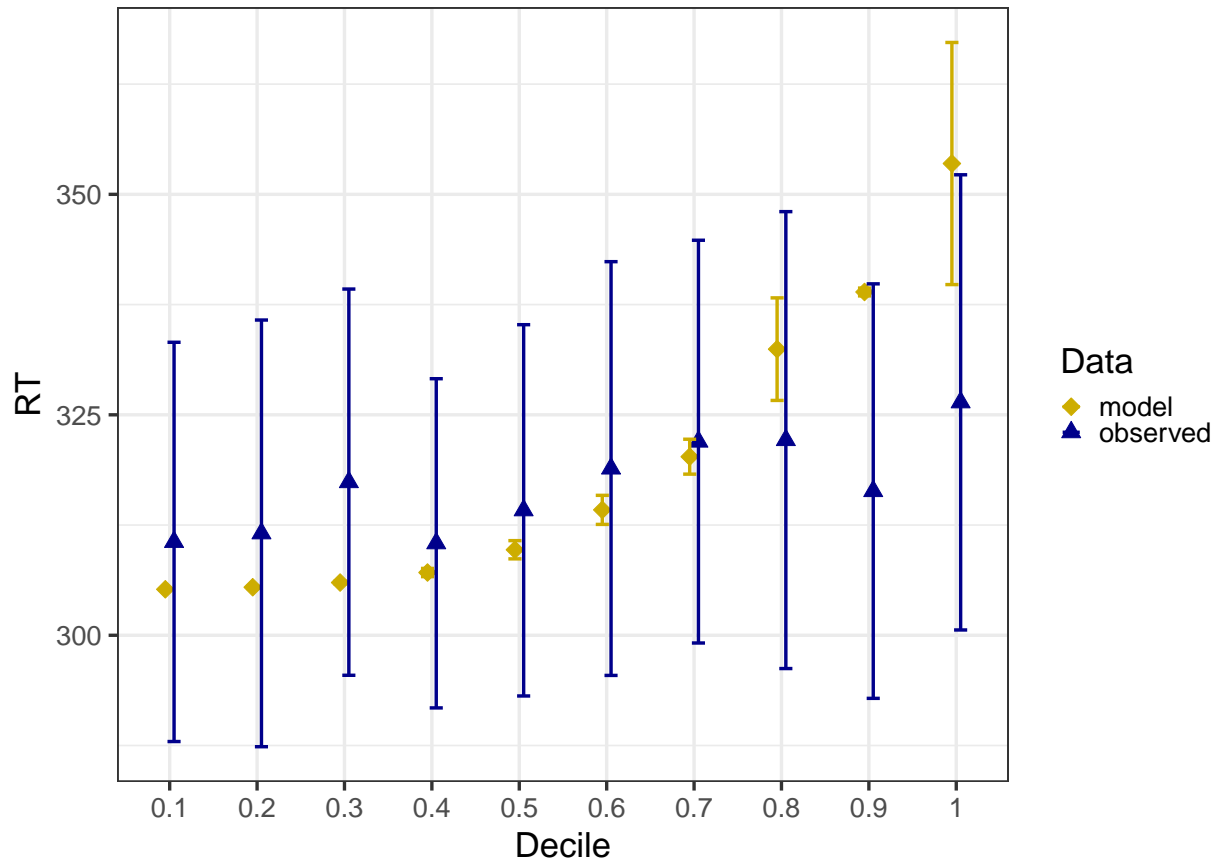
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: summary.RT$Predicted and summary.RT$Found
## t = 3.4725, df = 8, p-value = 0.008412
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
##  0.2847095 0.9440889
## sample estimates:
##      cor
## 0.7753467

data.to.plot <- data.frame(Decile = rep(summary.RT$RTcat, 2), RT = c(summary.RT$Predicted,
  summary.RT$Found), std = c(summary.RT$sdPredicted, summary.RT$sdFound),
  Data = c(rep("model", 10), rep("observed", 10)))

library(ggplot2)

library(dplyr)

g1 <- ggplot(data.to.plot, aes(Decile, RT, color = Data, fill = Data, pch = Data))
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(position = dodge, size = I(5)) + geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = RT -
  std, ymax = RT + std), position = dodge, width = 0.3, size = I(1.3)) +
  scale_shape_manual(values = 23:24) + scale_color_manual(values = c("gold3",
  "blue4")) + scale_fill_manual(values = c("gold3", "blue4")) + theme_bw(28)
```



```
cutoff <- quantile(sumdata$Observed, seq(0, 1, 0.1))

sumdata$Observedcat <- cut(sumdata$Observed, breaks = cutoff, labels = seq(0.1,
  1, 0.1))

sumdata <- subset(sumdata, !is.na(Observedcat))

summary.Observed <- sumdata %>% group_by(Observedcat) %>% summarise(Predicted = mean(RT),
  sdPredicted = sd(RT), Found = mean(Observed), sdFound = sd(Observed))

summary.Observed
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 5
##   Observedcat Predicted sdPredicted Found sdFound
## * <fct>         <dbl>         <dbl> <dbl>   <dbl>
## 1 0.1           316.          14.3  284.    5.01
## 2 0.2           316.          15.1  294.    2.22
## 3 0.3           318.          16.3  300.    1.98
## 4 0.4           316.          16.0  307.    1.44
## 5 0.5           320.          16.9  311.    1.60
## 6 0.6           321.          17.5  317.    1.41
## 7 0.7           318.          17.3  322.    1.84
## 8 0.8           320.          15.1  330.    2.65
## 9 0.9           322.          17.4  340.    3.25
## 10 1            325.          18.8  365.   19.5
```

```

cor.test(summary.Observed$Predicted, summary.Observed$Found)

##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: summary.Observed$Predicted and summary.Observed$Found
## t = 5.7946, df = 8, p-value = 0.0004077
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## 0.6196320 0.9760291
## sample estimates:
## cor
## 0.8986587

m1 <- lm(summary.Observed$Predicted ~ -1 + summary.Observed$Found)
summary(m1)

##
## Call:
## lm(formula = summary.Observed$Predicted ~ -1 + summary.Observed$Found)
##
## Residuals:
##      Min       1Q   Median       3Q      Max
## -40.560  -9.325   5.771  15.032  31.310
##
## Coefficients:
##              Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## summary.Observed$Found    1.0026     0.0211   47.52 4.06e-12 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 21.21 on 9 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:  0.996, Adjusted R-squared:  0.9956
## F-statistic: 2258 on 1 and 9 DF, p-value: 4.058e-12

summary.Observed$Observedcat <- as.character(summary.Observed$Observedcat)

summary.Observed$Observedcat <- round(cutoff[2:11])

summary.Observed$Observedcat <- as.factor(summary.Observed$Observedcat)

data.to.plot <- data.frame(Decile = rep(summary.Observed$Observedcat, 2), RT = c(summary.Observed$Predicted,
summary.Observed$Found), std = c(summary.Observed$sdpredicted, summary.Observed$sdfound),
Data = c(rep("model", 10), rep("observed", 10)))

data.to.plot
##      Decile      RT      std      Data
## 1      290 315.7072 14.259645    model
## 2      297 315.8985 15.111654    model
## 3      304 318.1744 16.327556    model
## 4      309 316.3260 16.045432    model
## 5      314 320.1699 16.935492    model
## 6      319 321.4270 17.458987    model

```

```
## 7      326 317.7947 17.258142    model
## 8      335 320.3360 15.076059    model
## 9      346 321.7311 17.391639    model
## 10     440 325.1657 18.816902    model
## 11     290 283.6501  5.007106 observed
## 12     297 293.7607  2.220551 observed
## 13     304 300.3326  1.976318 observed
## 14     309 306.5420  1.442146 observed
## 15     314 311.3826  1.603889 observed
## 16     319 317.0160  1.413500 observed
## 17     326 322.3407  1.837590 observed
## 18     335 330.1012  2.654728 observed
## 19     346 340.2313  3.251219 observed
## 20     440 364.7646 19.519875 observed

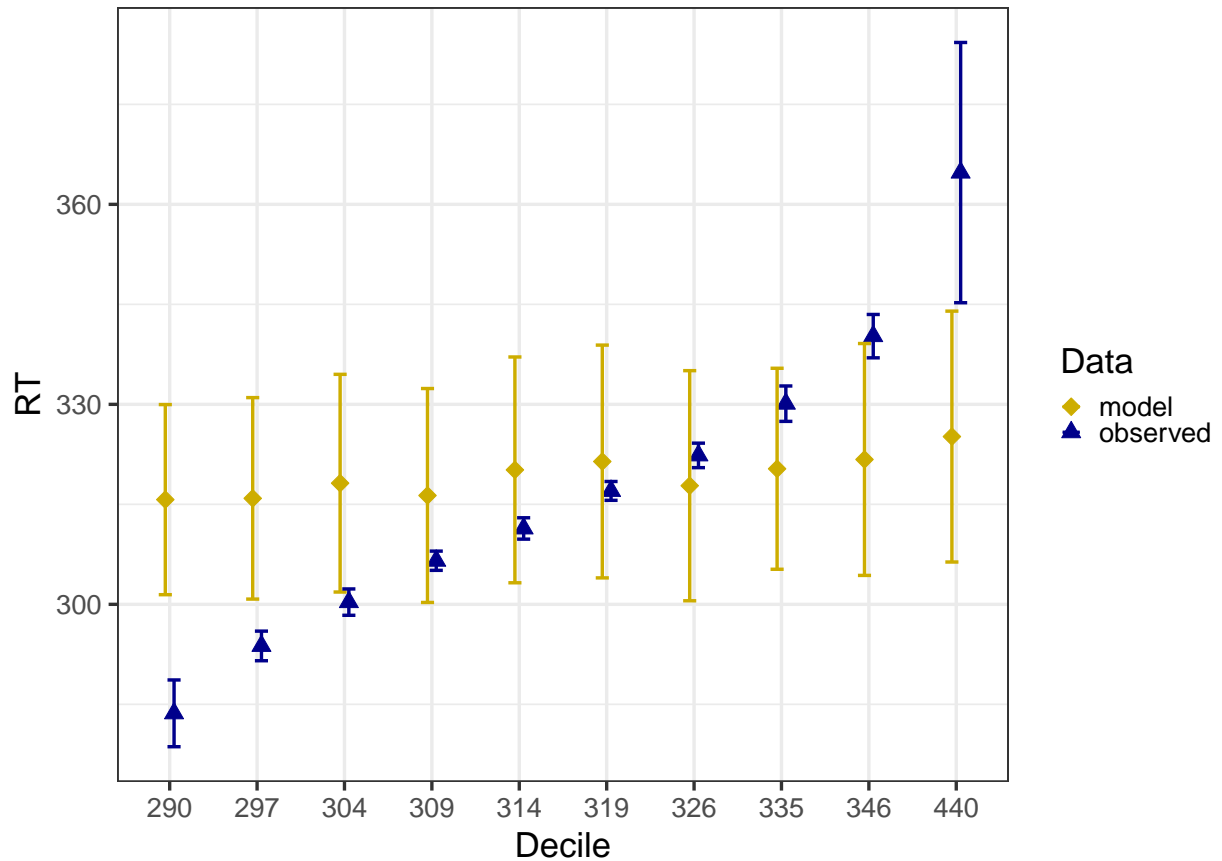
library(ggplot2)

library(dplyr)

g1 <- ggplot(data.to.plot, aes(Decile, RT, color = Data, fill = Data, pch = Data))
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(position = dodge, size = I(5)) + geom_line(method = "lm",
  formula = RT ~ Decile) + geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = RT - std, ymax = RT +
  std), position = dodge, width = 0.3, size = I(1.3)) + scale_shape_manual(values = 23:24) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("gold3", "blue4")) + scale_fill_manual(values = c("gold3",
  "blue4")) + theme_bw(28)

## Warning: Ignoring unknown parameters: method, formula

## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to
## adjust the group aesthetic?
```



```
ggsave("direct.png", width = 19, height = 12)
```

```
## geom_path: Each group consists of only one observation. Do you need to
## adjust the group aesthetic?
```

```
library(ggplot2)
```

```
library(dplyr)
```

```
dodge <- position_dodge(width = 0.2)
```

```
data.to.plot <- data.all %>% group_by(Region) %>% summarise(Region = first(Region),
  Word = first(Word), CF1 = quantile(RT, probs = c(0.05, 0.95))[1], CF2 = quantile(RT,
  probs = c(0.05, 0.95))[2], RT = mean(RT), Observed = first(Observed))
```

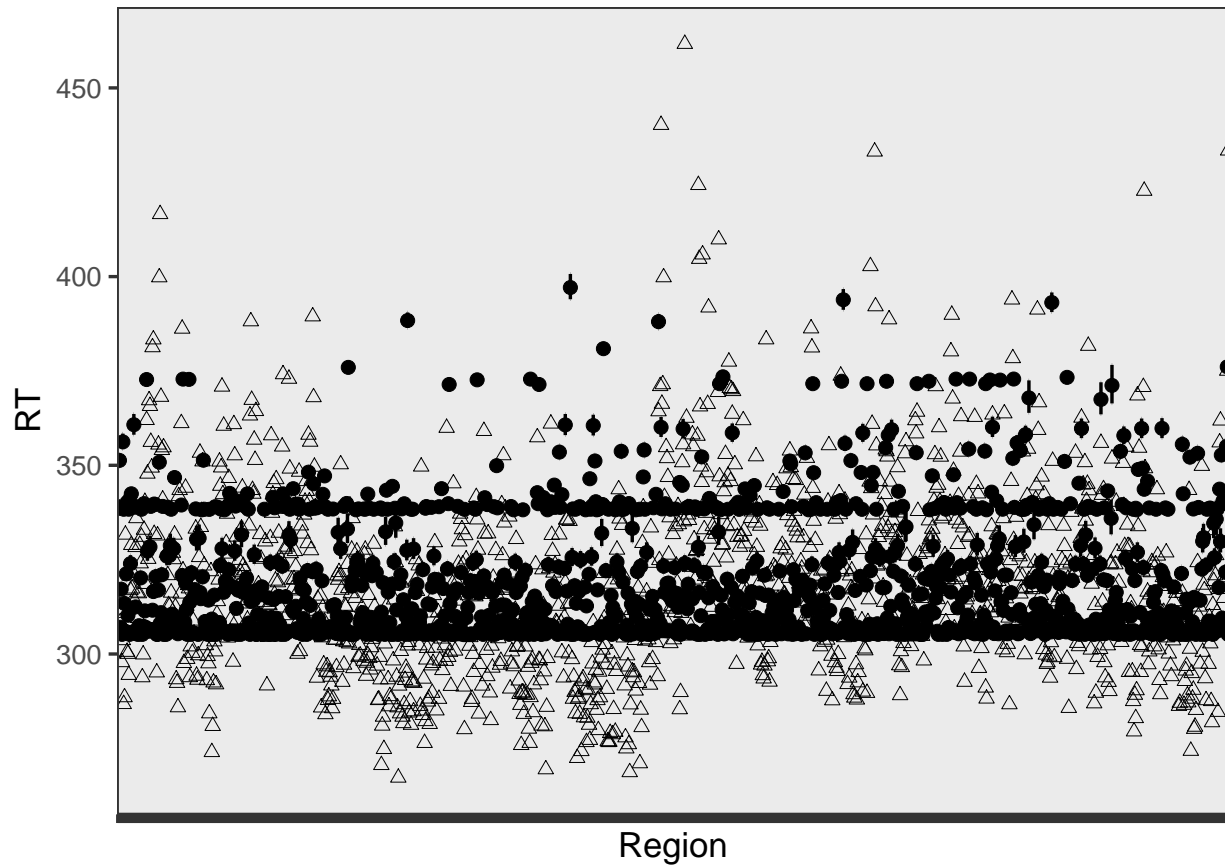
```
head(as.data.frame(data.to.plot), n = 30)
```

```
##   Region      Word    CF1    CF2      RT Observed
## 1 No_0001    said 306.100 307.5 306.7965 313.4706
## 2 No_0002    that 338.300 339.0 338.6296 306.6118
## 3 No_0003 whoever 349.600 353.0 351.3075 338.4706
## 4 No_0004   could 306.300 307.9 307.0910 308.4535
## 5 No_0005   kill 315.665 318.8 317.1842 310.8372
## 6 No_0006    the 305.100 305.4 305.2129 297.8235
```



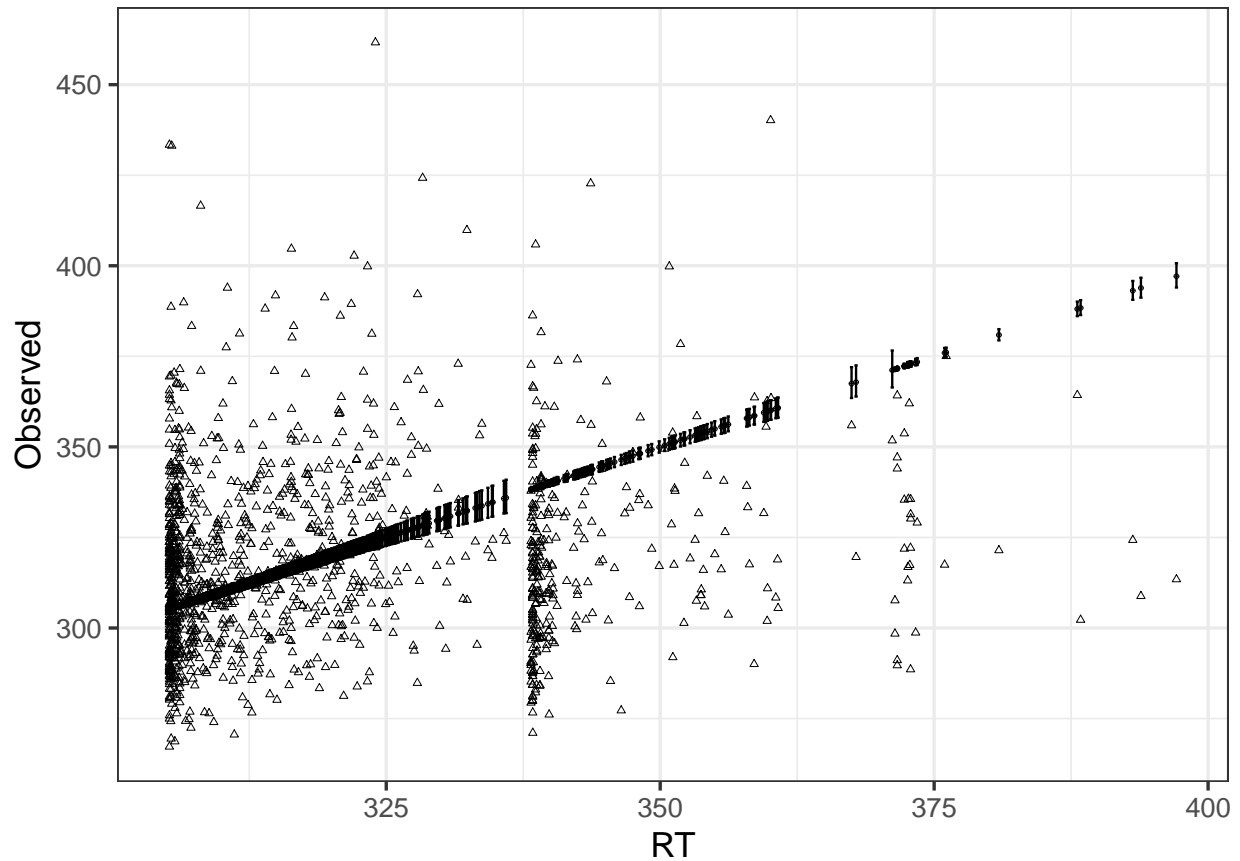
```
## 7 No_0007 boar 354.300 358.4 356.2165 303.6471
## 8 No_0008 and 338.200 338.6 338.3613 286.7294
## 9 No_0009 bring 312.000 314.8 313.3989 288.5294
## 10 No_0010 as 305.600 306.6 306.0363 331.6118
## 11 No_0011 proof 319.400 323.2 321.2384 340.7294
## 12 No_0012 its 339.400 341.0 340.1558 300.5529
## 13 No_0013 head 309.000 311.5 310.2748 300.0235
## 14 No_0014 to 338.200 338.7 338.3726 294.4471
## 15 No_0015 the 305.100 305.4 305.2122 320.7647
## 16 No_0016 manor 321.800 326.2 323.9535 316.9059
## 17 No_0017 house 341.300 343.6 342.4565 328.8810
## 18 No_0018 would 339.000 340.3 339.6278 317.3333
## 19 No_0019 be 305.500 306.4 305.8833 321.4286
## 20 No_0020 rewarded 358.100 363.6 360.7593 305.4941
## 21 No_0021 with 338.500 339.4 338.9029 314.0941
## 22 No_0022 land 311.100 313.8 312.4871 328.3214
## 23 No_0023 and 305.200 305.6 305.3602 335.9762
## 24 No_0024 was 305.400 306.1 305.7151 316.2706
## 25 No_0025 the 305.100 305.4 305.2122 309.5301
## 26 No_0026 people 306.700 308.4 307.5020 316.0723
## 27 No_0027 of 305.200 305.6 305.3409 328.9036
## 28 No_0028 bradford 318.400 322.0 320.1783 324.0000
## 29 No_0029 and 338.200 338.6 338.3613 331.0353
## 30 No_0030 the 305.100 305.4 305.2122 293.8214
```

```
g1 <- ggplot(data.to.plot, aes(Region, RT))
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(position = dodge, size = I(5)) + geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = CF1,
ymax = CF2), position = dodge, width = 0.3, size = I(1.3)) + scale_shape_manual(values = 21:24) +
scale_color_manual(values = c("gold3", "blue4")) + scale_fill_manual(values = c("gold3",
"blue4")) + theme_bw(28) + theme(axis.text.x = element_blank())
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(aes(x = Region, y = Observed), pch = 24, position = dodge,
size = 4)
```



```
g1 <- ggplot(data.to.plot, aes(RT, Observed))
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(size = I(2), pch = 24) + geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = CF1,
  ymax = CF2), position = dodge, width = 0.3, size = I(0.9)) + scale_shape_manual(values = 21:24) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c("gold3", "blue4")) + scale_fill_manual(values = c("gold3",
    "blue4")) + theme_bw(28)
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(aes(x = RT, y = RT), pch = 10)
```

```
## Warning: position_dodge requires non-overlapping x intervals
```



```
ggsave("predictions-observed.png")
```

```
## Saving 7 x 7 in image
```

```
## Warning: position_dodge requires non-overlapping x intervals
```

```
data.to.plot$RTadjusted <- data.to.plot$RT + m2$coefficients[3] * log(as.numeric(data.to.plot$Region))
data.to.plot$Observedadjusted <- data.to.plot$Observed + m2$coefficients[3] *
  log(as.numeric(data.to.plot$Region))
data.to.plot$CF1adjusted <- data.to.plot$CF1 + m2$coefficients[3] * log(as.numeric(data.to.plot$Region))
data.to.plot$CF2adjusted <- data.to.plot$CF2 + m2$coefficients[3] * log(as.numeric(data.to.plot$Region))
```

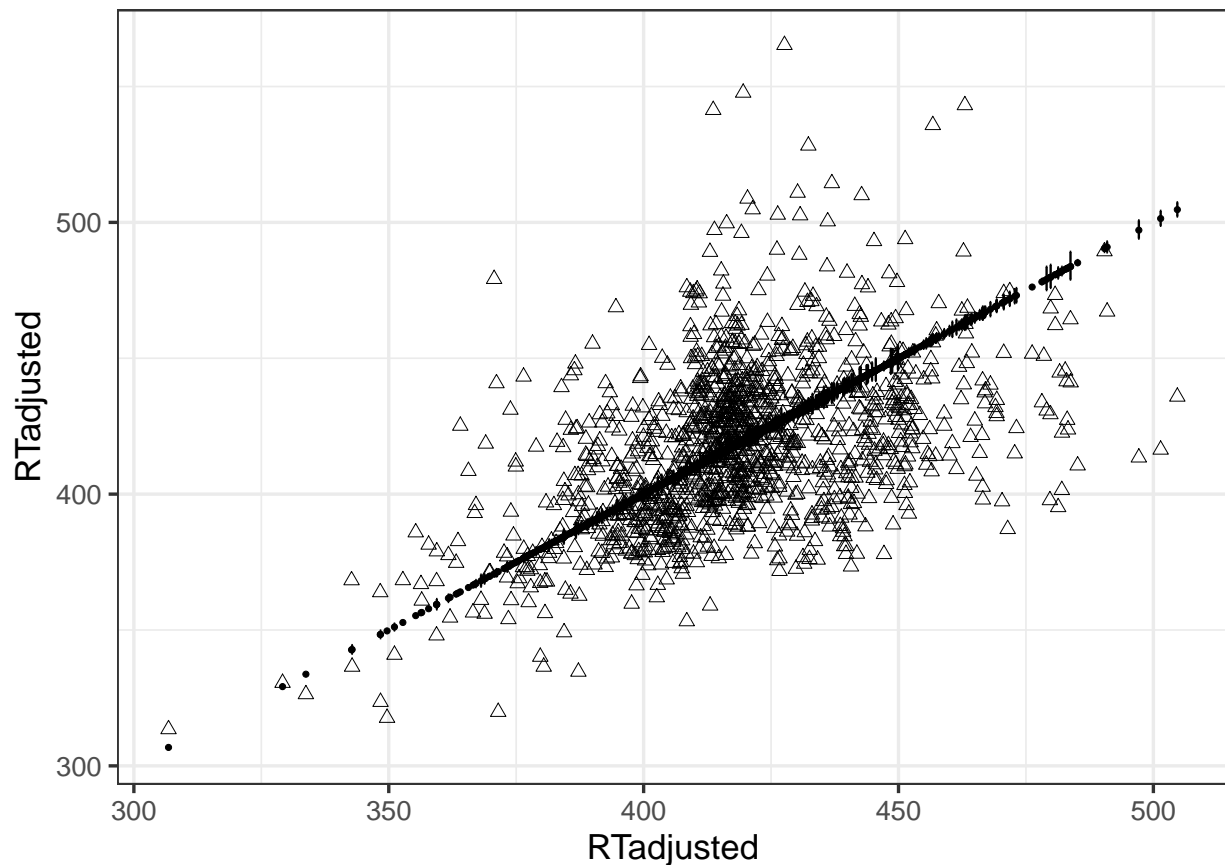
```
data.to.plot
```

```
## # A tibble: 1,311 x 10
```

	Region	Word	CF1	CF2	RT	Observed	RTadjusted	Observedadjusted
	<fct>	<fct>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>	<dbl>
## 1	No_00~	said	306.	308.	307.	313.	307.	313.
## 2	No_00~	that	338.	339.	339.	307.	350.	318.
## 3	No_00~	whoe~	350.	353	351.	338.	369.	356.
## 4	No_00~	could	306.	308.	307.	308.	329.	331.
## 5	No_00~	kill	316.	319.	317.	311.	343.	336.
## 6	No_00~	the	305.	305.	305.	298.	334.	326.
## 7	No_00~	boar	354.	358.	356.	304.	387.	335.
## 8	No_00~	and	338.	339.	338.	287.	371.	320.

```
## 9 No_00~ bring 312. 315. 313. 289. 348. 324.
## 10 No_00~ as 306. 307. 306. 332. 343. 368.
## # ... with 1,301 more rows, and 2 more variables: CF1adjusted <dbl>,
## # CF2adjusted <dbl>

g1 <- ggplot(data.to.plot, aes(RTadjusted, RTadjusted))
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(size = I(2)) + geom_errorbar(aes(ymin = CF1adjusted,
ymax = CF2adjusted), width = 0.3, size = I(0.9)) + scale_shape_manual(values = 21:24) +
scale_color_manual(values = c("gold3", "blue4")) + scale_fill_manual(values = c("gold2",
"blue4")) + theme_bw(28)
g1 <- g1 + geom_point(aes(x = RTadjusted, y = Observedadjusted), pch = 24,
size = 4)
```



```
ggsave("ns1.png")
## Saving 7 x 7 in image
```

4 Parameters

This last part shows the values of parameters and Rhat values.

4.1 LF

```
##### PARAMS#####
draws <- createdraws("lf")
```

```
str(draws)
```

```
## num [1:807, 1:2] 0.0126 0.0126 0.0126 0.016 0.016 ...
```

```
Rhat(draws)
```

```
## [1] 1.036216
```

Mean etc.

```
tail(draws)
```

```
##           [,1]      [,2]
```

```
## [802,] 0.01420765 0.01337264
```

```
## [803,] 0.01420765 0.01337264
```

```
## [804,] 0.01420765 0.01337264
```

```
## [805,] 0.01420765 0.01337264
```

```
## [806,] 0.01420765 0.01337264
```

```
## [807,] 0.01420765 0.01337264
```

```
mean(c(draws[, 1:2]))
```

```
## [1] 0.01390178
```

```
median(c(draws[, 1:2]))
```

```
## [1] 0.01394016
```

```
sd(c(draws[, 1:2]))
```

```
## [1] 0.001022104
```

4.2 LE

```
##### PARAMS#####
draws <- createdraws("le")
```

```
str(draws)
```

```
## num [1:807, 1:2] 0.653 0.653 0.647 0.647 0.647 ...
```

```
Rhat(draws)
```

```
## [1] 1.027879
```

Mean etc.

```
tail(draws)
```

```
##           [,1]      [,2]
```

```
## [802,] 0.6308769 0.6710766
```

```
## [803,] 0.6308769 0.6710766
## [804,] 0.6308769 0.6710766
## [805,] 0.6308769 0.6710766
## [806,] 0.6308769 0.6710766
## [807,] 0.6308769 0.6710766

mean(c(draws[, 1:2]))

## [1] 0.6611395

median(c(draws[, 1:2]))

## [1] 0.654711

sd(c(draws[, 1:2]))

## [1] 0.0681144
```