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Section 519
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Notes

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Resources Used: GeeksforGeeks.org, Peer teachers in PETR 127.

Number 6 Answer

I ran 2a, 2b, 4a, and 4b multiple times each. The averages of the 6 times are listed below.

2a: 86.5
2b: 338.83
4a: 819.5
4b: 228.5

Given these values listed above, I found that algorithms with the linked list take longer on average. This is due to the need of traversing through the entire linked list whereas vectors and pointers have more flexibility in terms of size, indexes.

Instructions for 9

For question 9 I implemented the hexadecimal sequence as a vector of strings. Please replace my strings for yours on line 181 of 9.cpp. Additionally, I implemented the operands as an array, please place your initial values for a-e in the array on line 182 of 9.cpp. Thank you

Final Pseudocode

1a

```
Class node{
    public :
        constructor
        Data
        Next
        Prev
}

Class cubelist{
    public:
        constructor
        destructor
        append _end(int a)
```

```

        print()
    }

Void append_end(int a){
    if(first element)
        head.next = new_node
        tail.prev = new_node
    else
        new_node1->prev->next = new_node1
        tail->prev = new_node1
}

Void print(){
    while(new_node->next != NULL)
        Cout << new_node1->data
        new_node1 = new_node1->next
}

Int main(){
    //Pointer
    Int *pointer = (int *) malloc(300*sizeof(int))

    Int even_index = 0;
    for(i = 150, i < 450; i+=2)
        Pointer[even_index] = i
        even_index++

    Int odd_index = 0;
    for(i = 449, i > 149; i-=2)
        pointer[odd_index] = i
        odd_index++

    //Print
    for(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
        cout << pointer[i] << " "

    //Vector
    vector<int> vect;

    for(i = 150, i < 450, i+= 2)
        vect.push_back(i)

    for(i = 449, i > 149, i -=2)
        vect.push_back(i)

```

```

//Print
for(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
    cout << vect.at(i) << " "

//Linked list
Cubelist list1

for(i = 150, i < 450; i+=2)
    list1.append_end(i)

for(i = 449, i > 149; i-=2)
    list1.append_end(i)

list1.print()
}

```

2a

```

Void insertion_sort(int* pointer){
    j = 0;
    temp = 0;
    for(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
        temp = pointer[i]
        J = i-1

        while(j >= 0 && pointer[j] > temp)
            pointer[j+1] = pointer[j]
            J -= 1

        pointer[j+1] = temp
}

Int main(){
    //Initialize pointer with proper values (see 1a)

    insertion_sort(pointer)

    //Print

```

```

    for(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
        cout << pointer[i] << " "
}

```

2b

```

Void sort(int* pointer){
    For(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
        for(j = 1, j < 1, j++)
            if (pointer[j] > pointer[j-1] && pointer[i] < pointer[j])
                Swap pointer[j] and pointer[i]
}

```

```

Int main(){
    //Initialize pointer with proper values (see 1a)

    sort(pointer)

    //Print
    for(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
        cout << pointer[i] << " "
}

```

3a

```

int find_max(vector<int> vect, int start){
    max = 0;
    for(i = start, i < 300, i++)
        if(vect.at(i) > max)
            max = vect.at(i)
}

```

```

Int main(){
    //Initialize vector correctly, see 1a

    //sort
    for(i = 0, i < 299, i++)
        x = find_max(vect, i)
        vect.insert(vect.begin(), x)

    for(int i = 300; i > 0, i--)
        if(vect[i] == x)
            for(j = i, j < 300, j++)
                vect[j] = vect[j+1]
}

```

```

    vect.insert(vect.begin(), 150)
    vect.erase(vect.begin()+299, vect.begin()+299)

    //Print
    for(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
        cout << vect.at(i) << " "
}

```

3b

```

vector<int> sort(vector<int> vect){
    temp = 0
    sorted = false
    while(sorted == false)
        sorted = true
        for(i = 0, i < 299, i++)
            swap vect[i] and vect[i+1]
            sorted = false

    return vect
}

```

```

Int main(){
    //Initialize vector correctly, see 1a

    vector<int> print_vect

    print_vect = sort(vect)

    //Print
    for(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
        cout << print_vect.at(i) << " "
}

```

4a

//Assume linked list is properly initialized, see 1a

```

Void swap(node2* a, node2* b){
    node2* temp = new node2(b->prev, b->next, b->data)

    b->next = a
    b->prev = a->prev
    a->prev->next = b
}

```

```

    a->prev = b
    a->next = temp->next
    temp->next->prev = a
    delete(temp)
}

Void insertion_sort(){
    node2* new_node1 = &head
    node2* new_node2 = &head

    temp = 0
    new_node1 = new_node1->next
    while(new_node1->next != NULL)
        temp = new_node1->data
        new_node2 = new_node1->prev

        while(new_node2 != NULL && new_node2->data > temp)
            swap new_node2 and new_node2->next
            new_node2 = new_node2->prev->prev

        new_node2 ->next->data = temp
        new_node1 = new_node1->next
}

Int main(){
    Cubelist list1

    //fill list with values, see 1a

    list1.insertion_sort()

    list1.print()
}

```

4b

//Assume linked list is properly initialized, see 1a

```

Void sort(){
    node2* new_node1 = &head
    node2* new_node2 = &head

```

```

while(new_node1->next != NULL)
    New_node2 = new_node1->next
    while(new_node2->next != NULL)
        if(new_node2->data < new_node1->data)
            Swap new_node2 and new_node1

        New_node2 = new_node2->next

    New_node1 = new_node1->next
}

Int main(){
    Cubelist list1

    //fill list with values, see 1a

    list1.sort()

    list1.print()
}

```

7a

//Assume vector, pointer and Linked list are all initialized properly and sorted, see 1a

```

void search_linked(){
    node2* search_node = &head

    while(search_node->next != NULL)
        if(search_node->data == 279)
            Cout node address
}

Int main(){
    //Pointer
    for(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
        if(pointer[i] == 279)
            Cout address and index

    //vector
    for(i = 0, i < 300, i++)
        if(vect[i] == 279)

```

Cout address and index

```
list1.search_linked()
}
```

8a

//Assume linked list, pointer, and vector are properly initialized as well as sorted, see 1a

```
Void search_linked(int val){
}
```

```
void pointer_binary(int* point, int left1, int right1, int val1){
    middle = (left1+right1)/2
    if(point[middle] == val1)
        cout address and index
    else if(point[middle] != val && middle == 1)
        cout not found
    else
        if(val1 > point[middle])
            Left1 = middle
            pointer_binary(point, left1, right1, val1)
        else
            Right1 = middle
            pointer_binary(point, left1, right1, val1)
}
```

```
void vector_binary(vector<int> vec, int left2, int right2, int val2){
    middle = (left2+right2)/2
    if(vec[middle] == val2)
        cout address and index
    else if(vec[middle] != val && middle == 1)
        cout not found
    else
        if(val1 > vec[middle])
            Left2 = middle
            vector_binary(vec, left2, right2, val2)
        else
            Right2 = middle
            vector_binary(vec, left2, right2, val2)
}
```

```
node2* middle(node2* start, node2* end){
    node2* current = start
    node2* forward = start
```



```

        while(forward->next != end && forward->next->next != end)
            current = current->next
            forward = forward->next->next
        return current
    }

Void search_linked(int val){
    node2* new_node1 = &head
    node2* new_node2 = &tail

    while(new_node1 != new_node2)
        node2* mid = middle(new_node1, new_node2)

        If(mid->data == val)
            cout << &mid <<endl
            return;
        else
            if(mid->data > val)
                new_node2 = mid
            else
                new_node1 = mid->next
    }

Int main(){
    //couts are in the functions

    list1.search_linked(val)

}

```