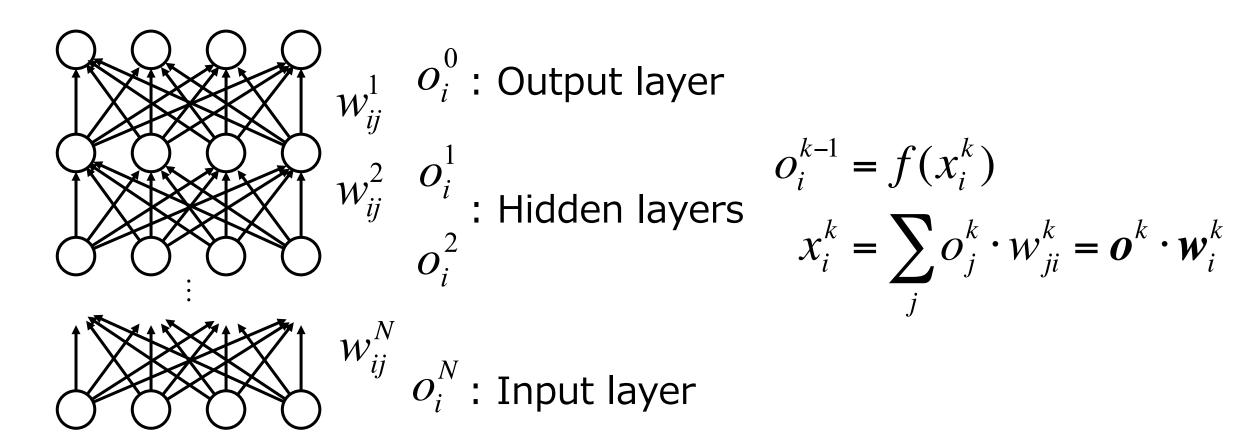
# 誤差逆伝搬法



### MLP のパラメタ推定法: Error back-propagation





**o**<sup>N</sup>:入力

 $o^0 = g(o^N; w)$ : 出力

w:モデルパラメタ

**d**:真值

$$E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} (o_i^0 - d_i)^2 = E(o^N, d; w)$$
 : 誤差関数

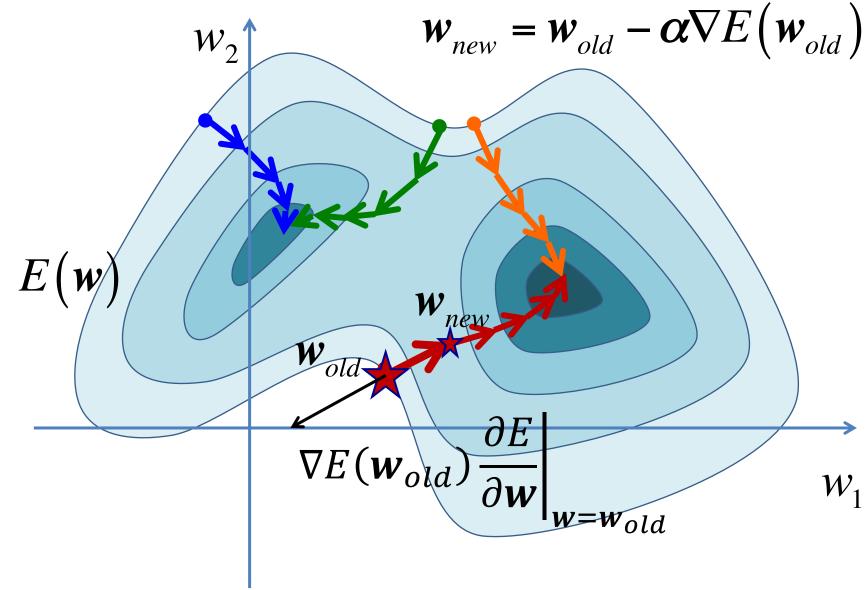
### Error back-propagation

= モデルパラメタの関数であるところの誤差関数を モデルパラメタで最小化する

$$w_{ij\_new}^{k} = w_{ij\_old}^{k} - \alpha \frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ij}^{k}} \bigg|_{w_{ij}^{k} = w_{ij\_old}^{k}}$$



### 最急降下法



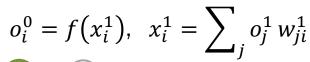
$$E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} (o_i^0 - d_i)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} (f(x_i^1) - d_i)^2$$

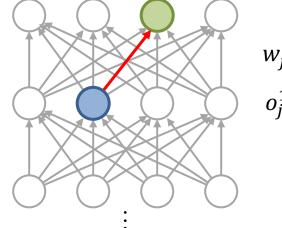
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^{1}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{1}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{1}}{\partial w_{ji}^{1}}$$

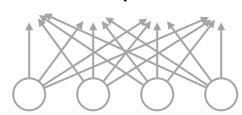
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^1} = (o_i^0 - d_i)f'(x_i^1) \equiv \delta_i^1$$

$$\frac{\partial x_i^1}{\partial w_{ji}^1} = o_j^1$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^1} = \delta_i^1 o_j^1, \qquad \widehat{w}_{ji}^1 = w_{ji}^1 - \varepsilon \ \delta_i^1 o_j^1$$









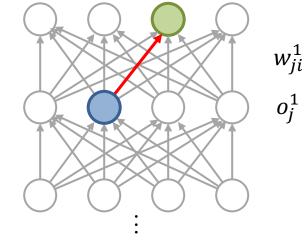
$$E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} (o_i^0 - d_i)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} (f(x_i^1) - d_i)^2$$

$$o_i^0 = f(x_i^1), \quad x_i^1 = \sum_j o_j^1 w_{ji}^1$$

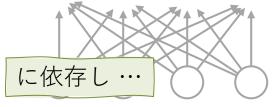
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^{1}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{1}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{1}}{\partial w_{ji}^{1}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial E}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^1} = (o_i^0 - d_i)f'(x_i^1) \equiv \delta_i^1$$



Eを減じるために どれだけ  $w_{ji}^1$  を変えるべきか E を減じるために どれだけ  $x_i^1$  を変えるべきか



$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ii}^1} = \delta_i^1 o_j^1,$$

$$\widehat{w}_{ji}^1 = w_{ji}^1 - \varepsilon \ \delta_i^1 o_j^1$$

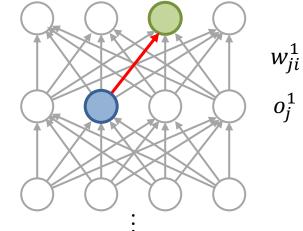


$$E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} (o_i^0 - d_i)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} (f(x_i^1) - d_i)^2$$

$$o_i^0 = f(x_i^1), \ x_i^1 = \sum_j o_j^1 w_{ji}^1$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^{1}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{1}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{1}}{\partial w_{ji}^{1}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^1} = (o_i^0 - d_i)f'(x_i^1) \equiv \delta_i^1$$



Eを減じるために どれだけ  $w_{ji}^1$  を変えるべきか

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ii}^1} = \delta_i^1 o_j^1,$$

E を減じるために どれだけ  $x_i^1$  を変えるべきか

に依存して決まり…

E を減じるために どれだけ  $x_i^1$  を変えるべきか は

Error

に依存して決まる



$$E = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} (o_i^0 - d_i)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i} (f(x_i^1) - d_i)^2$$

$$o_i^0 = f(x_i^1), \quad x_i^1 = \sum_j o_j^1 w_{ji}^1$$

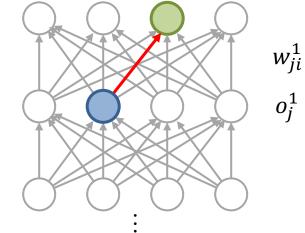
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^{1}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{1}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{1}}{\partial w_{ji}^{1}}$$

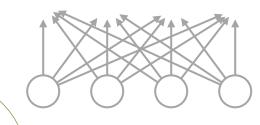
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^1} = (o_i^0 - d_i)f'(x_i^1) \equiv \delta_i^1$$

$$\frac{\partial x_i^1}{\partial w_{ji}^1} = o_j^1$$
E を減じるために

$$\frac{\partial x_i^1}{\partial w_{ii}^1} = o_j^1$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ii}^1} = \delta_i^1 o_j^1,$$





 $\delta_i^1$ とおく



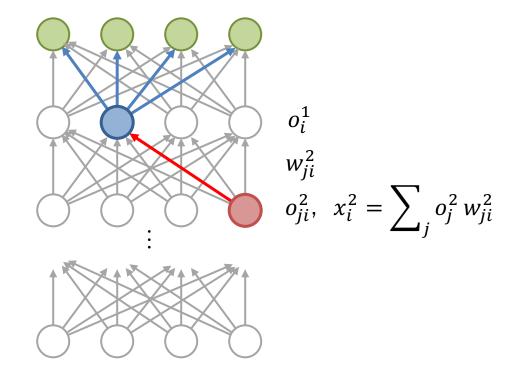
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^{2}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{2}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{2}}{\partial w_{ji}^{2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{2}} = \sum_{k} \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{k}^{1}} \frac{\partial x_{k}^{1}}{\partial o_{i}^{1}} \frac{\partial o_{i}^{1}}{\partial x_{i}^{2}}$$

$$= \sum_{k} \delta_{k}^{1} w_{ik}^{1} f'(x_{i}^{2}) \equiv \delta_{i}^{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^2} = \delta_i^2 o_j^2$$

$$\widehat{w}_{ji}^2 = w_{ji}^2 - \varepsilon \ \delta_i^2 o_j^2$$





$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^{2}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{2}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{2}}{\partial w_{ji}^{2}}$$

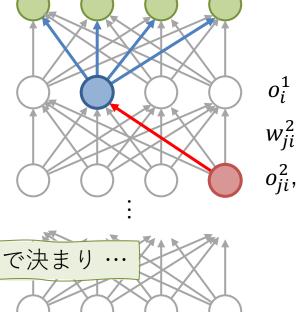
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{2}} = \sum_{k} \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{k}^{1}} \frac{\partial x_{k}^{1}}{\partial o_{i}^{1}} \frac{\partial o_{i}^{1}}{\partial x_{i}^{2}}$$

$$= \sum_{k} \delta_{k}^{1} w_{ik}^{1} f'(x_{i}^{2}) \equiv \delta_{i}^{2}$$

Eを減じるために どれだけ  $w_{ii}^2$  を変えるべきか

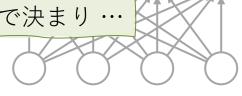
$$\frac{1}{\partial w_{ji}^2} = \delta_i^2 o_j^2$$

Eを減じるために どれだけ  $x_i^2$  を変えるべきか



$$w_{ji}^{2}$$

$$o_{ji}^{2}, x_{i}^{2} = \sum_{j} o_{j}^{2} w_{ji}^{2}$$



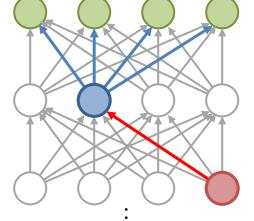
$$\widehat{w}_{ji}^2 = w_{ji}^2 - \varepsilon \ \delta_i^2 o_j^2$$



$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^2} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^2} \frac{\partial x_i^2}{\partial w_{ji}^2}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^2} = \sum_{k} \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_k^1} \frac{\partial x_k^1}{\partial o_i^1} \frac{\partial o_i^1}{\partial x_i^2}$$

$$= \sum_{i} \delta_k^1 w_{ik}^1 f'(x_i^2) \equiv \delta_i^2$$



 $o_{i}^{1}$   $w_{ji}^{2}$   $o_{ji}^{2}, x_{i}^{2} = \sum_{j} o_{j}^{2} w_{ji}^{2}$ 

Eを減じるために どれだけ  $w_{ji}^2$  を変えるべきか Eを減じるために は どれだけ  $x_i^2$  を変えるべきか

で決まり …

$$\frac{1}{\partial w_{ji}^2} = \delta_i^2 \alpha^2$$
 Eを減じるために どれだけ  $x_i^2$  を変えるべきか

Eを減じるために  
どれだけ 
$$x_i^1$$
 を変えるべきか

で決まる

$$\widehat{w}_{ji}^2 = w_{ji}^2 - \varepsilon \ \delta_i^2 o_j^2$$

Eを減じるために どれだけ  $x_i^1$  を変えるべきか

に は Error

or で決まる

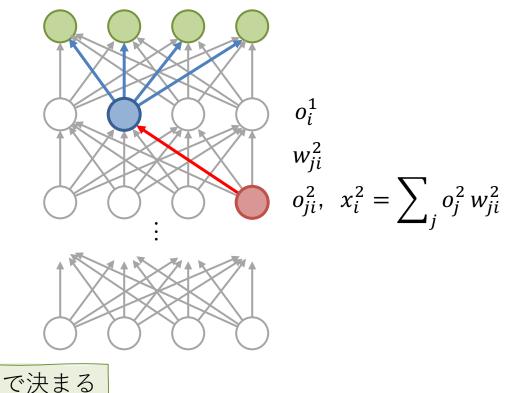
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^{2}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{2}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{2}}{\partial w_{ji}^{2}}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{2}} = \sum_{k} \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{k}^{1}} \frac{\partial x_{k}^{1}}{\partial o_{i}^{1}} \frac{\partial o_{i}^{1}}{\partial x_{i}^{2}}$$

$$= \sum_{k} \delta_{k}^{1} w_{ik}^{1} f'(x_{i}^{2}) \equiv \delta_{i}^{2}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^2} = \delta_i^2 \alpha^2$$
Eを減じるために
どれだけ  $x_i^2$  を変えるべきか

$$\widehat{w}_{ji}^2 = w_{ji}^2 - \varepsilon \ \delta_i^2 o_j^2$$





$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^{n}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{n}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{n}}{\partial w_{ji}^{n}}$$

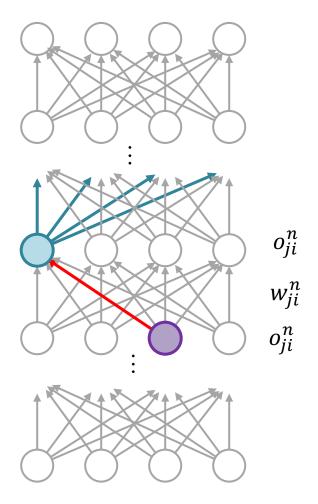
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{n}} = \sum_{k} \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{k}^{n-1}} \frac{\partial x_{k}^{n-1}}{\partial o_{i}^{n-1}} \frac{\partial o_{i}^{n-1}}{\partial x_{i}^{n}}$$

$$= \sum_{k} \delta_{k}^{n-1} w_{ik}^{n-1} f'(x_{i}^{n}) \equiv \delta_{i}^{n}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{n}} = \delta_{i}^{n} o_{i}^{n}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^n} = \delta_i^n o_j^n$$

$$\hat{w}_{ii}^n = w_{ii}^n - \varepsilon \ \delta_i^n o_i^n$$





$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^{n}} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{n}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{n}}{\partial w_{ji}^{n}}$$

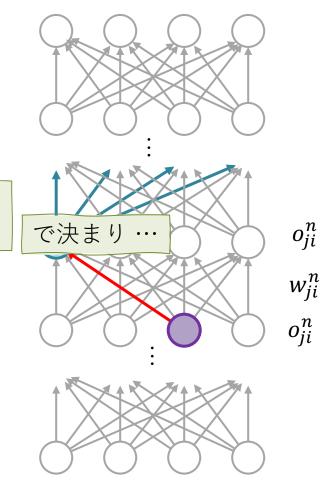
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{i}^{n}} = \sum_{k} \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_{k}^{n-1}} \frac{\partial x_{k}^{n-1}}{\partial x_{i}^{n-1}} \frac{\partial x_{i}^{n-1}}{\partial x_{i}^{n}}$$
るために

Eを減じるために どれだけ  $w_{ii}^n$  を変えるべきか

は どれだけ  $x_i^n$  を変えるべきか

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^n} = \delta_i^n o_j^n$$

$$\widehat{w}_{ji}^n = w_{ji}^n - \varepsilon \ \delta_i^n o_j^n$$



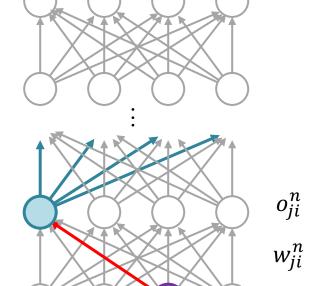


$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^n} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^n} \frac{\partial x_i^n}{\partial w_{ji}^n}$$
 
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^n} = \sum_k \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_k^{n-1}} \frac{\partial x_k^{n-1}}{\partial o_i^{n-1}} \frac{\partial o_i^{n-1}}{\partial x_i^n}$$
 
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^n} = \sum_k \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_k^{n-1}} \frac{\partial x_k^{n-1}}{\partial o_i^{n-1}} \frac{\partial x_i^{n-1}}{\partial x_i^n}$$
 
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^n} = \delta_i^n o_j^n$$
 
$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^n} = w_{ji}^n - \varepsilon \delta_i^n o_j^n$$
 
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$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^n} = w_{ji}^n - \varepsilon \delta_i^n o_j^n$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^n} = \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^n} \frac{\partial x_i^n}{\partial w_{ji}^n}$$

$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial x_i^n} = \sum_{k} \frac{\partial E}{\partial x_k^{n-1}} \frac{\partial x_k^{n-1}}{\partial o_i^{n-1}} \frac{\partial o_i^{n-1}}{\partial x_i^n}$$

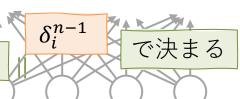
$$= \sum_{k} \delta_k^{n-1} w_{ik}^{n-1} f'(x_i^n) \equiv \delta_i^n$$



$$\frac{\partial E}{\partial w_{ji}^n} = \delta_i^n o_j^n$$

$$\widehat{w}_{ji}^n = w_{ji}^n - \varepsilon \, \delta_i^n o_j^n$$

$$f$$
を滅じるために  
どれだけ  $x_i^n$  を変えるべきか は





 $o_{ji}^n$ 

# MLPのパラメタ推定が 抱える問題



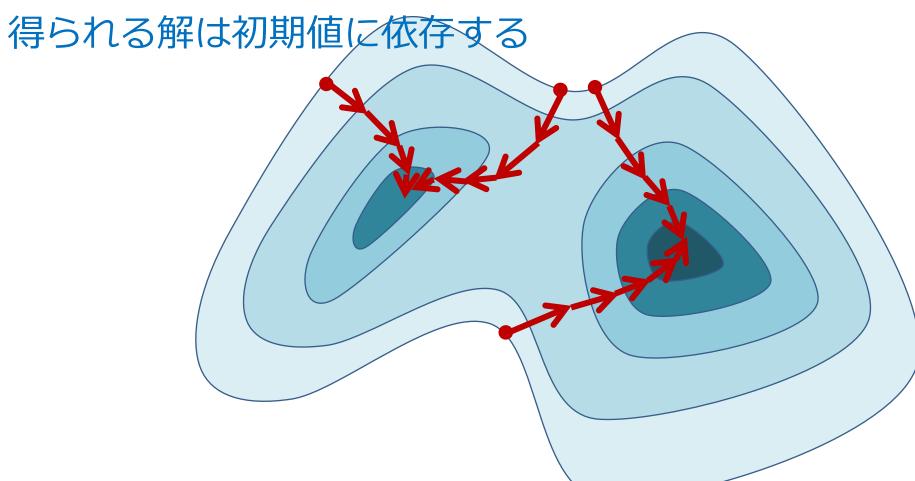
### パラメタ推定における問題

- □ 勾配法が抱える一般的問題
  - 解の初期値依存性
    - 局所最適解にトラップされる
    - 勾配消失問題
  - 不定解を生じやすい
- □ 勾配法が一般的に抱える問題は、DNNの構造が複雑なだけに 顕在化しやすい。



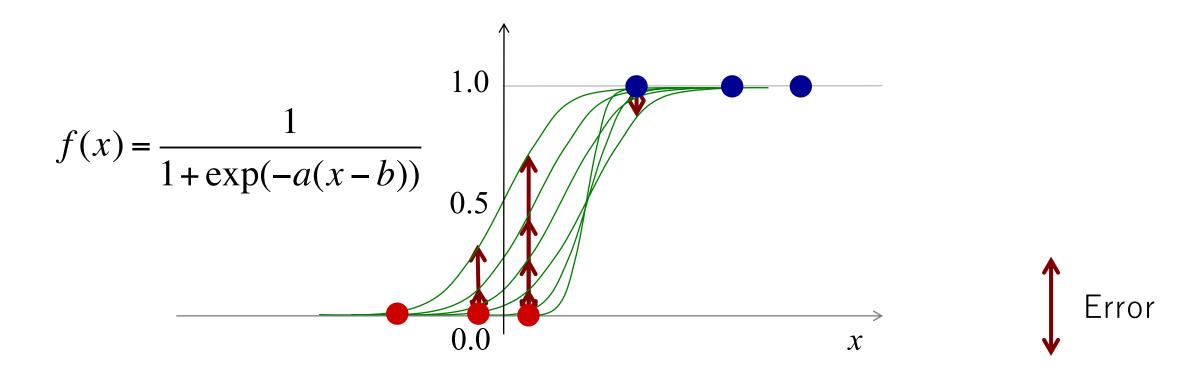
### 勾配法と初期値問題

勾配法においては,



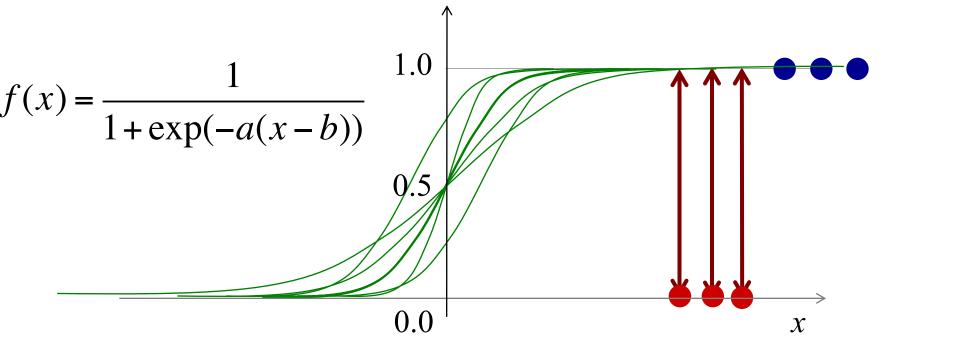
#### 1-dimensional view

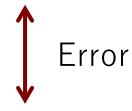
初期解が最適解に近ければ,最適解をみつけて収束する。





#### 1-dimensional view

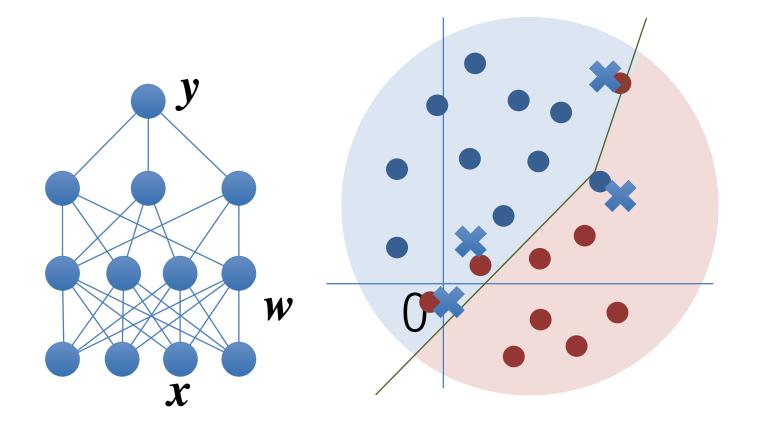






#### 2-dimensional view

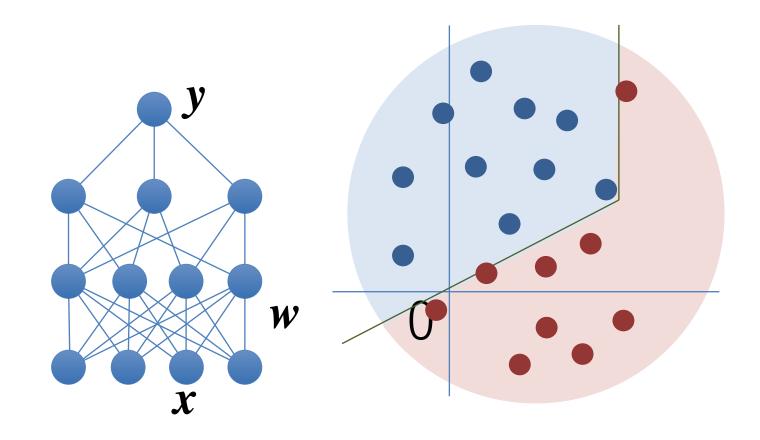
初期解が最適解に近ければ,





#### 2-dimensional view

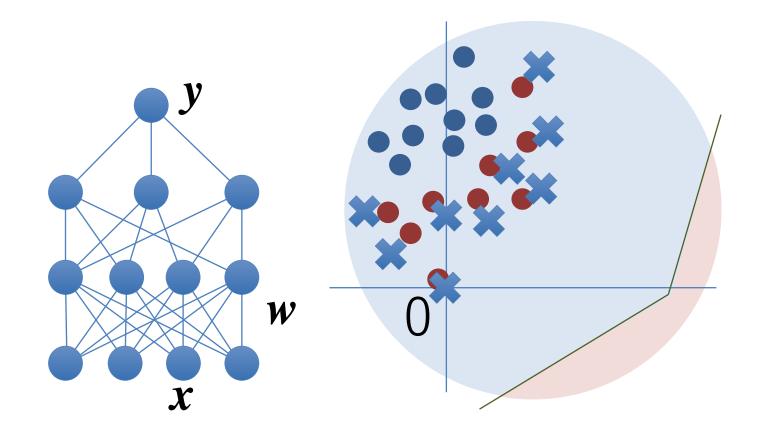
初期解が最適解に近ければ,最適解をみつけて収束する。





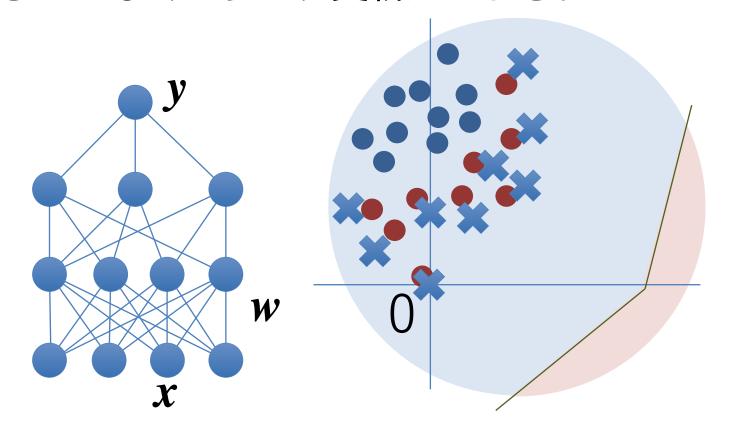
#### 2-dimensional view

初期解が最適解から離れているとき,



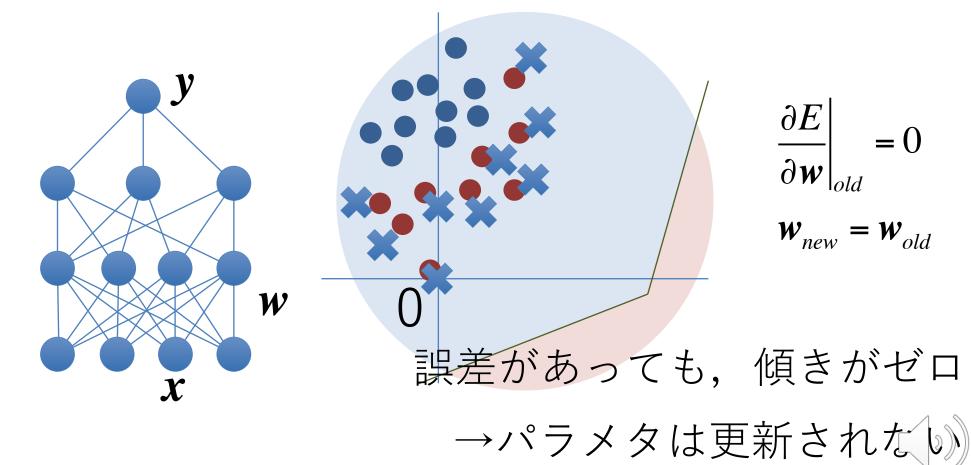


#### 2-dimensional view

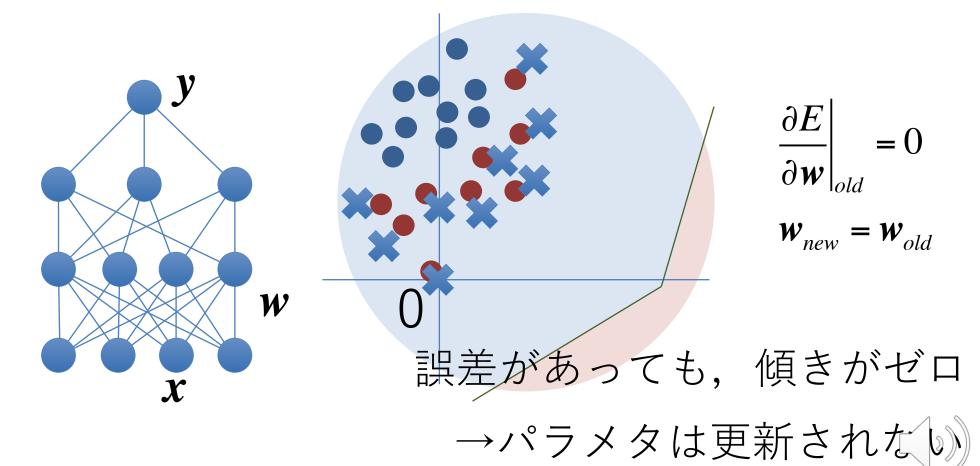




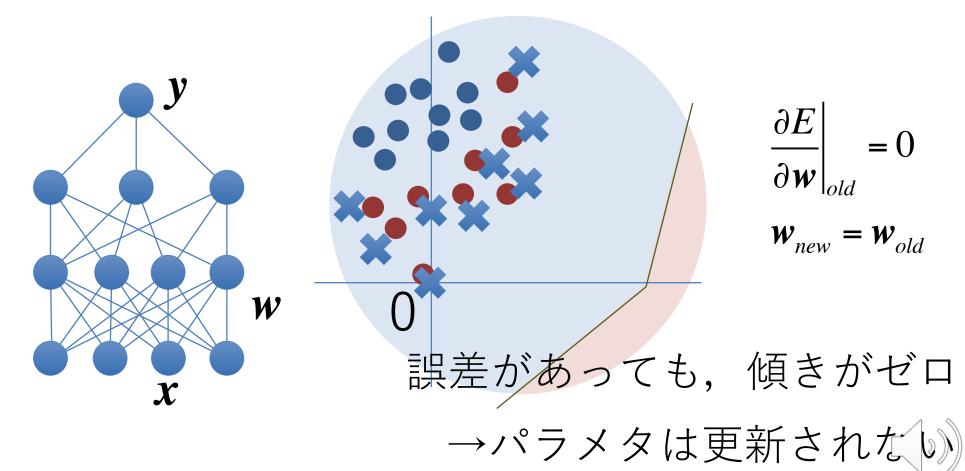
#### 2-dimensional view



#### 2-dimensional view

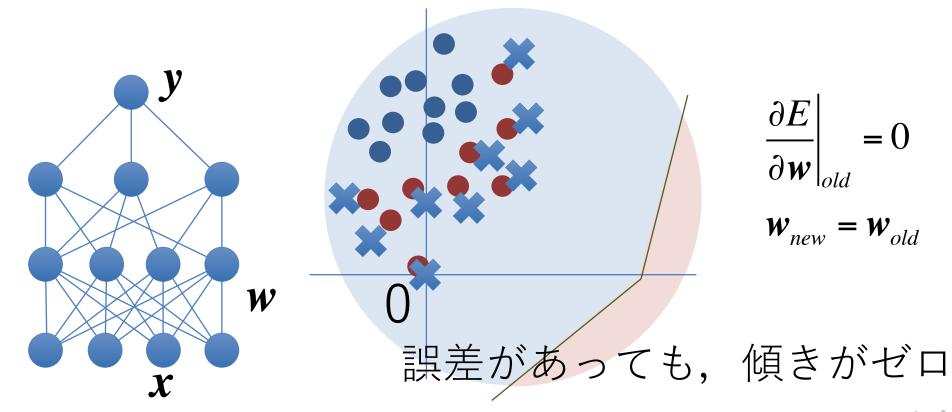


#### 2-dimensional view



#### 2-dimensional view

初期解が最適解から離れているとき, 解を見つけることなくパラメタ更新が止まる。



Vanishing gradient problem

→パラメタは更新されない

### まとめ

- □ MLPのパラメタ推定には、誤差逆伝播法が用いられる。
- □ 誤差逆伝播法は、勾配法を採用する。
- □ 誤差逆伝播法は、初期値問題、勾配消失問題などの問題を持つ。

