Federal Job Search

AUBURN UNIVERSITY CAREER CENTER YOUR CAREER. OUR MISSION.

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BENEFITS OF A FEDERAL JOB

1. The Nation's Largest Employer is Hiring

In the next five years, the Office of Personnel Management (OPM) projects that by 2016, 40 percent of all current federal employees will retire, that's a lot of job openings!

2. You Can Make a Difference

The work of government employee impacts the lives of every American. You can play a vital role in addressing pressing issues, from homelessness to homeland security.

3. There's a Job for Every Interest

There are jobs suited to every interest and skill. Combine your skills and interests, for example, use your accounting background to improve your environment.

4. The Federal Government Can Help Pay for School Federal agencies may help you pay back up to \$10,000 per year of your student loans. Some agencies may pick up the

tab if you decide to pursue a graduate degree.

5. You Can Advance Quickly

Federal agencies offer excellent training and development opportunities. There are a number of "fast track" possibilities for advancement within your field.

6. There are Federal Jobs around the Country & World Nearly 85 percent of federal jobs are located outside of the greater metropolitan Washington, D.C. area and more than 50,000 federal employees work abroad.

7. The Federal Government Values Diversity

The federal government has steadily increased the diversity of its workforce with agencies actively encouraging minorities and individuals with disabilities to consider a variety of internship and fellowship programs.

8. Federal Jobs Pay Better Than You Think

Average government salaries are competitive for most professions. Pay can increase pretty quickly for top candidates with strong education and experience.

9. Flexible Work Schedules and Benefits Encourage Work-Life Balance

Federal benefits, including health insurance, retirement and vacation, are extremely competitive with the private sector.

10. The Federal Government Is a Career Builder

Advance your career by developing highly marketable skills. Utilize your federal experiences as a building block for an exciting and diverse career.

Resource: www.makingthedifference.org/federalbenefits/

GETTING STARTED: FINDING FEDERAL JOBS

The U.S. Office of Personnel Management (OPM) is a good place to start your search. By law, most government agencies must post any vacancies open to outside applicants on their Web site, **USAJOBS.gov**. Because not all government jobs are posted on USAJOBS, however, it's also important to visit the websites of those agencies with which you might like to work.

USAJOBS TIPS

Much like the likes of Monster.com, Idealist.org and jobs.auburn.edu, the federal government maintains its own job search site, **USAJOBS.gov**.

- Click on "Search Jobs" button on USAJOBS homepage to find central job search screen. Here, you can sort and search through federal jobs by geographic location, job category, pay grade or salary, or entering a key word that you think might be found in a job you're interested in.
- **Key Word Search** helps you narrow your search to only those positions that fit your expertise and experience. If you're looking for a job with a specific title (e.g., electrical engineer), type that into this box and the search will only show you jobs that match your description.
- **Location** allows you to see positions that are open in a specific place.
- **Job Category Search** is a way to tailor the listings to your personal skills and interests.
- Salary Range and Pay Grade Range (GS) Search lets you eliminate jobs above or below your level of expertise and education.
 - **Bachelors Degree** = GS-5 through GS-7 levels
 - Master's degree = Begin your search at the GS-9 level
 - If you have an extensive work record, these guidelines may not be quite right; keep searching with the Pay Grade Range until you find a level that you think best fits your education and experience.
- Applicant Eligibility assesses a range of federal jobs available to you. If you're not sure whether or not you can answer "yes," or are not sure what some of the terms mean, leave the "no" option selected.

Once you've set up the search just the way you want it, click "Search for Jobs" at the bottom of the page, sorting results by keyword or date and viewing either a brief of detailed description.

If you find a job you're interested in, read the description carefully to make sure that you're eligible to apply and to learn how to begin the application process.

Once you're happy with the way your search is set up, you should consider clicking on the "Save this search and email me jobs" link at the bottom of the page. This will allow you to receive daily, weekly, bi-weekly or monthly emails that will contain all the new jobs that meet your criteria. To use this feature, you'll have to create an account on the USAJOBS Web site, simply click on the box that says "Create your account now" and fill in the necessary information.

FIND A JOB IN YOUR REGION

- Review the Blue Pages of your phone book
- Contact the Federal Executive Office (**feb.gov**) that coordinates federal offices for your region
- Use Fedscope (fedscope.opm.gov) to research which agencies are in your state and whether they hire people with your background by clicking on "employment" and the most recent data (month/year) on the federal workforce

GETTING STARTED: THE APPLICATION PROCESS

After selecting the job to which you'd like to apply, we encourage you to consider the following tips:

- Plan ahead.
- The application process itself can take time; to improve your chances of getting a job, be sure to allow plenty of time to thoroughly complete your application.
- Be selective.
- Applications tailored for specific jobs that are a good match for your skills and talents will be more successful than sending out a standard résumé for many jobs.
- Read about building your federal résumé and KSA writing before you apply: makingthedifference.org/ federaljobs/ksa.shtml.

PREPARE FOR A WAIT

It can take weeks to months before you will hear back about an application and there may be little or no communication from the agency. Every federal job requires a background check before being offered the position. If the position is related to national security, you will be instructed to complete the security clearance process once you receive an offer. This can prolong this time period. Apply for positions without security clearances about four months prior to your start date and six to eight months in advance for national security related positions.

FOLLOW-UP WITH THE AGENCY

Contact the identified representative to learn the status of an application or to find out more about a job about a month after the closing date. If the closing date is extended, follow -up about a month after you turned in your application.

THE APPLICATION

To apply, you must usually submit:

- A résumé
- A description of relevant knowledge
- Your knowledge, skills and abilities (KSAs) essays, other essays or online questionnaire (depending on what the application asks for)
- Additional supporting information called for in the vacancy announcement

FEDERAL RÉSUMÉ

You can edit and store up to five federal résumés at **usajobs.gov**. Although there is no mandated form, federal résumés require more detail than standard résumés. A recent graduate's federal résumé can be two to three pages long!

Essentials include:

- Information about the opening
- Your personal information
- Education and coursework levels
- Work experience (including dates of employment, number of hours worked per week, location of position and a supervisor's contact information)
- Other qualifications
- Agencies also request eligibility information including:
 - Past or current federal employment
 - Veteran qualifications
 - Non-competitive appointment: PeaceCorps/AmeriCorps

BUILDING YOUR RÉSUMÉ USING USAJOBS

After you click on the "Create a Résumé" button and register with the USAJOBS website, you'll see the four-step résumé-building process: Getting Started, Experience, Related Information, and Finishing Up. At any point during this process, you can click the "Save For Later." As you complete the résumé building process, keep an eye out for blue circles with question marks inside, as these can help explain the step you're working on.

Getting Started

Complete your basic contact information, especially filling in the mandatory boxes marked with a red asterisk. The one major decision you face here is whether to make your résumé confidential or non-confidential. Marking your résumé as confidential will prevent federal recruiters from easily learning your current contact information and employer. If a federal recruiter is interested in your résumé, they'll send you a message through USAJOBS and you'll have the option to give them that information. Marking your résumé as confidential will not hide the entire document from federal recruiters. You'll have the chance to do that later.

Experience

This is where you list career experience and educational achievements. Fill out both the work experience and education sections with a single record at a time. Once you click "Add Work Experience" or "Add Education" buttons, you'll be able to add information about other jobs you may have had or schools you may have attended. At the bottom of the Experience page, there's an optional section that will allow you to list any job related training you may have had. If you've taken relevant courses or attended valuable training sessions, be sure to include them here!

Related Information

This is another opportunity for you to add information about yourself that recruiters may value. List personal and professional references, languages you speak, organizations to which you belong, publications to which you have contributed and awards which you have received.

Toward the bottom of the page, the site asks you what type of employment you'd be willing to consider. This choice may seem daunting at first, but don't fret, click the question mark next to the word "Availability," and you'll find short descriptions of each of these job types. Read these descriptions and you'll be able to make an informed decision about what sort of job you're looking for.

Below the "Availability" section, you'll find the "Desired Locations" box that will allow you to let federal recruiters know of any geographic preferences you have. Feel free to select as many or as few locations as you like.

Finishing Up

Make sure to take advantage of the spell-check feature here. This is also where you can "Preview Your Résumé" to see your résumé just as federal recruiters will see it.

After you're satisfied with the shape your résumé is in, click the "Activate Résumé" button. This will send your résumé out into the pool of other applicants and allow federal recruiters to find it in their searches.

Whether you decide to make your résumé searchable or not, you'll be able to use it if you find a position on USAJOBS that accepts online applications. Look for the "Apply Online" button at the bottom of a job posting to see if the position you're interested in qualifies. If you decide to submit your résumé electronically, make sure to read the job description carefully to ensure that all of the information that it asks for is included in your résumé.

KSA FACTORS

KSAs, an acronym for Knowledge, Skills, and Abilities, are a set of questions to help determine if you are a good fit for a job, based on (you guessed it!) your combined set of job-related knowledge, skills, and abilities.

Vacancy announcements list the specific knowledge, skills, and abilities an agency wants to see in a candidate. In your application you need to describe in writing how your experiences match the desired KSA factors. KSAs are very important to federal employers. So, be sure to include as much information as you can that responds to each KSA factor, even if that information is already included on your federal résumé.

Isn't My Résumé Enough?

In a word, no. A résumé is an important component of the job application process, but addressing the KSAs listed in a federal job opening gives you an extra chance to draw attention to your strengths and expand upon the specific factors the agency is looking for. Don't exclude anything from your KSA responses just because it is on your résumé.

Decoding KSAs

Think of KSAs as a set of interview questions. This way, you can look at the KSAs as an opportunity to use real-life examples to sell the experiences, education, and activities listed on your résumé. Below are examples of real job openings and their associated KSAs from USAJobs.gov, plus a question that an interviewer might ask to get at the same information.

Job Announcement	Includes a KSA That Reads	Which is Like an Interviewer Asking
Park Ranger GS 7	Knowledge of recreation site operation and maintenance techniques and ability to apply them to work.	"I see you volunteered regularly at the regional nature center during your four years in college, and that you worked as a life guard for a few summers. What did you learn in those experiences and how would you apply it to this job?"
Microbiologist GS 7-9	Knowledge of safety procedures and safe handling of hazardous biological agents.	"What experience do you have working in a lab with hazardous biological agents? If somebody in your lab accidentally knocked over a hazardous sample, what procedures would you follow?"
Intelligence Specialist GS-9	Skill at making presentations in front of a group.	"Tell me about a time when you had to make a persuasive argument, perhaps for a class project or internship. Tell me about another time when you had to make a presentation for a large audience and the tools and techniques you used."

EXCEPTED SERVICE

Excepted service is a special authority used by the federal government, which allows agencies to use a streamlined hiring process rather than hiring through the traditional competitive process. This authority allows agencies to help meet an unusual or special hiring need. Agencies can use this authority to individuals with backgrounds in highly needed or hard to recruit areas of government, like attorneys, chaplains, medical doctors, etc., because for these types of jobs it is often impractical to use standard qualification requirements in order to rate applicant using a traditional competitive process.

The excepted service authority is also used to fill a job under a special circumstance; for example, when there is a part-time or temporary job in a remote location or when there is a critical hiring need. U.S. Office of Personnel Management may also use a special hiring authority on a case-by-case basis to make a political appointment. Special hiring authorities can also be used to hire applicants with a special disability.

Certain excepted service hiring programs also are used as fast-track ways to bring talented individuals in at the entry levels, such as the Presidential Management Fellows Program. These programs include training and development components and are typically two-years in duration, with the potential for conversion to a full-time permanent position.

Excepted service positions are not required to be posted on **USAJOBS.gov**. As a result, it is important to look at individual agency Websites for job announcements.

MAJOR EXCEPTED SERVICE AGENCIES

- Administrative Office of the U.S. Courts: uscourts.gov/
- Agency for International Development (USAID): usaid.gov/careers
- Central Intelligence Agency (CIA): cia.gov
- Defense Intelligence Agency (DIA): dia.mil
- Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI): fbi.gov
- Federal Reserve System, Board of Governors: federalreserve.gov
- Government Accountability Office (GAO): gao.gov/jobopp.htm
- Military Sealift Command (MSC): msc.navy.mil/n1/
- National Geospatial-Intelligence Agency (NGA): nga.mil
- National Security Agency (NSA): nsa.gov
- Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC): nrc.gov/who-we-are/employment.html
- Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA): tva.gov
- Transportation Security Administration (TSA): tsa.gov/public/display?theme=2
- U.S. Court of Federal Claims: uscfc.uscourts.gov/

- U.S. Department of Defense Education Activity (DODEA): dodea.edu
- U.S. Department of Homeland Security (DHS): dhs.gov/xabout/careers/index.shtm
- U.S. Department of State: careers.state.gov/
- U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs (VA): va.gov/jobs/
- U.S. Mission to the United Nations: un.int/usa/
- U.S. Patent and Trademark Office (USPTO): uspto.gov
- U.S. Postal Service (USPS): usps.com
- U.S. Secret Service, Uniformed Division (USSS): secretservice.gov/opportunities.shtml
- Complete List of Federal Agencies: bestplacestowork.org/BPTW/rankings/list.php

COMPETITIVE SERVICE

There are two main ways to enter the federal civil service—through an <u>excepted service</u> appointment or through a competitive process. Regardless of whether you are applying for an excepted or competitive position, what is important to recognize is that it is typical for hundreds and even thousands of individuals to apply to any one position, so take care in reading the details of the application and make sure you are addressing everything that is asked for.

Competitive Civil Service

Competitive civil service jobs are filled according to a merit system where the best qualified candidates are chosen based on an application and interview process. Managers can hire a current federal employee (promotion or transfer) or may choose to hire someone from outside the federal government.

Non-Competitive Status

Individuals who have committed to serving the country through certain programs are eligible, upon completion of the program, to be non-competitively appointed to a position in the federal government (i.e., they do not have to go through the regular competitive hiring civil service hiring process).

- AmeriCorps*VISTA members must serve one year in order to be eligible for non-competitive status
- PeaceCorps volunteers must first commit two years to the Peace Corps before receiving non-competitive status

Eligibility for non-competitive status is for a one-year period following their departure from the program. In some cases, that eligibility can be extended for up to two additional years if the person first goes into the military or an institution of higher learning after leaving the Peace Corps or VISTA.

VETERANS' PREFERENCE & DISABILITY ACCOMMODATIONS

If you are a veteran, you may be eligible for something called Veterans' Preference, which provides assistance in competing for a federal job. If you have a disability, it is helpful to know that the government makes it a priority to provide reasonable accommodations to individuals with disabilities.

Veterans' Preference

Veterans' Preference was established by Congress to recognize those who have served our country and, in doing so, have suffered economic loss and, in some cases, have become disabled. It is designed to give veterans extra assistance in competing for a federal job.

Typically veterans must have served on active duty for at least two years during a period of war or be disabled in order to be eligible for Veterans' Preference. Veterans receive an additional 5 to 10 points which is added to their score on the competitive civil service examination. Veterans' preference does not guarantee the veteran a job.

For more information about Veterans Preference visit: www.opm.gov/veterans/html/vetsInfo.asp

Disability Accommodations

Federal agencies provide reasonable accommodations to individuals with disabilities, as long as you meet the job qualifications. Some of the accommodations provided include:

- TTYs for use with telephones
- Hardware and software that make computers accessible if you have vision impairments or difficulty using your hands
- Sign language interpreters or readers
- Training and other written materials in an alternative formats (e.g., braille, audio tape, computer disk)
- Physical changes, such as installing a ramp or modifying a workspace

SECURITY CLEARANCES

Agencies that require security clearances

Everyone hired for a federal job undergoes a basic background check of their criminal and credit histories.

In addition, jobs that include access to sensitive information generally require a security clearance, which requires a more intensive background investigation that begins after someone has already received a job offer. Examples of agencies which may require high levels of security clearance include the following:

- U.S. State Department
- Intelligence Community (e.g., CIA, FBI)
- U.S. Agency for International Development
- Department of Defense
- National Nuclear Security Administration

Security Clearance Process

Federal jobs that involve access to sensitive information often require a security clearance. There is a four-step process which includes receiving the job offer, a basic background check of your criminal and credit history. About 90% of background investigations go through one agency, the Office of Personnel Management (OPM).

The hiring agency makes the ultimate decisions about the job offer and granting clearance and therefore dictates how long these steps will take. OPM's Web site (opm.gov/Products_and_Services/Investigations/FAQs.asp) answers many questions about the rest of the process.

Tips for smooth security clearance process

- Ensure your package is complete with properly rolled fingerprints.
- Follow up after a reasonable interval (roughly a month) if you have not heard back.
- It may be possible to work for the agency in a nonsensitive position (also referred to as a "low public trust") while you wait for the security clearance. Ask your agency for details.
- Prepare in advance: know the kinds of questions that will be asked of you as you seek to get a security clearance.
 See the "Standard form 86" (opm.gov/forms/pdf_fill/ sf86.pdf) on OPM's Web site.
- Keep track of where you live and a contact who knew you
 when you lived at each place. This is especially important
 if you study abroad, because it's often hard to reestablish
 contact with someone overseas if you no longer have upto-date contact information.
- Consider a summer internship with an agency that requires a security clearance. If you need a security clearance after graduation, getting an updated clearance will be considerably faster than the initial investigation.

Federal résumé page 1

Abraham Lincoln

1111 President Drive | Washington, DC 20005 202.200.2222 | alinconIn@pastpresidents.com

United States of America Country of Citizenship: Veterans' Preference:

GS-02-?, 06/20XX-08/20XX Yes Contact Current Employer: Highest Grade:

Temporary Promotion Federal Career Intern Permanent Job Type: **AVAILABILITY**

Full Time

Work Schedule:

US-DC-Washington/Metro US-VA-Northern LOCATIONS DESIRED WORK

Salary: 20 USD Per Hour Hours per week: 40 9/20XX - 4/20XX Virginia Cooperative Extension Fairfax, VA US EXPERIENCE

Program Coordinator

Oversee three mentoring programs in limited resource communities

Recruit, train and manage 25 adult mentors and 30 youth

Develop marketing and training materials for use in FMP programs and other county mentoring initiatives

Write and manage program grants, hire outside contractors for grant implementation Communicate in Spanish with program participants and their families

(Contact Supervisor: Yes, Supervisor's Name: Clyde Jackson, Supervisor's Phone: 703.324.5369)

Hours per week: 45 9/20XX - present Grade Level: NA U.S. Consulate (Department of State) Milan, Lombardy Italy

Political and Economic Section Intern, NA

Researched and wrote regional economic and political briefs for US Ambassador's Milan consulate district visits

Worked with Italian professionals in regional chambers of commerce, banks,

Utilized Italian language skills and political and cultural knowledge in a NGO's and government offices to compile briefs variety of settings

(Contact Supervisor: yes, Supervisor's Name: Lisa Miller, Supervisor's Phone: State Dept in Wash. DC)

Hours per week: 20 9/20XX - 8/20XX Grade Level: 02 Department of State (Educational and Washington, DC US Cultural Affairs)

Intern, Public Affairs Assistant, GS

Wrote articles in Bureau newsletter & press releases Supervised contractors on communications project

Contacted and pitched media for program publicity

Assembled financial and budget information for use in ECA material

(Contact Supervisor: Yes, Supervisor's Name: Nina Bishop, Supervisor's Phone: 202.203.7024)

FEDERAL RÉSUMÉ PAGE 2

	Auburn University Aduburn, AL US Bachelor of Arts - 5/20XX 121 Semester Hours Major: Foreign Affairs, Italian Language (Double Major) GPA: 3:50 out of 4.0	: Major)
LANGUAGES	Italian Spoken: Written: Read:	Advanced Advanced Advanced
	Spanish Spoken: Written: Read:	Advanced Advanced Advanced
AFFILIATIONS	National Italian American Foundation	Member
REFERENCES	George Washington	GWU Professor, Italian Language
	Phone Number: Email Address: Reference Type:	Literature 202.777.3333 gwash@pastpresidents.org Personal
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION	Skills Strong written and oral communication skills Strong analytical abilities and problem solving capabilities Strong analytical abilities and problem solving capabilities Grant writing experience (awarded "Dream Catchers" Program Grant by Community and Recreation Services, Fairfax County Government, Dec. 2 Regional expertise in Balkan, Post-Soviet and Western European political issues (including extensive regional travel and language capabilities) Proficient in Microsoft Office programs	Is ng capabilities Catchers" Program Grant by x County Government, Dec. 3 nd Western European politica nd language capabilities)

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20XX

Leadership and Service Roles

Kaleidoscope Center for Cultural Fluency at UVA: Social Diversity Program, Director, Sep. 20XX - May 20XX

Developed forums for dialogue between diverse student groups

Recruited executive committee members, planned meetings, managed a Societa Italiana (Italian Society) at UVA, President, Sep. 20XX - May 20XX

Built partnerships between student groups through cultural programming

Organized club involvement in national Italian-American collegiate membership base of 40+ students

Created community events with local Italian businesses and restaurants workshops and events

Other Roles at the University of Virginia

Council of the College of Arts & Sciences: Italian Department

International Residence College: Academic Affairs, Committee Chair: Sep. Representative: Sep. 20XX - May 20XX 20XX - May 20XX

Jefferson Literary & Debating Society: Member: Jan. 20XX - May 20XX

European Society: Culture Chair: Jan 20XX - Jan 20XX

St. Anthony's Church, Falls Church, VA: Substitute Instructor, ESL: Present