# Voltage Detector Series with Programmable Delay

The NCP302 and NCP303 series are second generation ultra-low current voltage detectors that contain a programmable time delay generator. These devices are specifically designed for use as reset controllers in portable microprocessor based systems where extended battery life is paramount.

Each series features a highly accurate undervoltage detector with hysteresis and an externally programmable time delay generator. This combination of features prevents erratic system reset operation.

The NCP302 series consists of complementary output devices that are available with either an active high or active low reset. The NCP303 series has an open drain N-Channel output with an active low reset output.

#### **Features**

- Quiescent Current of 0.5 μA Typical
- High Accuracy Undervoltage Threshold of 2.0%
- Externally Programmable Time Delay Generator
- Wide Operating Voltage Range of 0.8 V to 10 V
- Complementary or Open Drain Output
- Active Low or Active High Reset
- Specified Over the -40°C to +125°C Temperature Range (Except for Voltage Options from 0.9 to 1.1 V)
- Pb-Free Packages are Available

#### **Typical Applications**

- Microprocessor Reset Controller
- Low Battery Detection
- Power Fail Indicator
- Battery Backup Detection

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#### MARKING DIAGRAM



TSOP-5/ SOT23-5 CASE 483



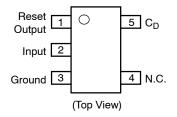
Specific Device CodeAssembly Location

Y = Year W = Work Week

= Pb-Free Package

(Note: Microdot may be in either location)

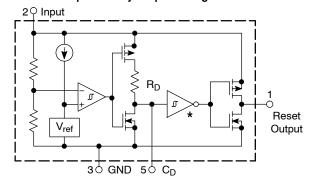
#### **PIN CONNECTIONS**



#### ORDERING INFORMATION

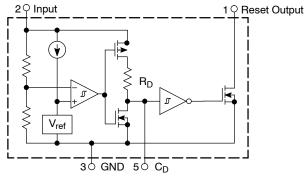
See detailed ordering and shipping information in the ordering information section on page 22 of this data sheet.

# NCP302xSNxxT1 Complementary Output Configuration



<sup>\*</sup> Inverter for active low devices. Buffer for active high devices.

NCP303LSNxxT1
Open Drain Output Configuration



This device contains 28 active transistors.

#### **MAXIMUM RATINGS**

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Input Power Supply Voltage (Pin 2)	V <sub>in</sub>	12	V
Delay Capacitor Pin Voltage (Pin 5)	V <sub>CD</sub>	-0.3 to V <sub>in</sub> + 0.3	V
Output Voltage (Pin 1) Complementary, NCP302 N-Channel Open Drain, NCP303	V <sub>OUT</sub>	-0.3 to V <sub>in</sub> + 0.3 -0.3 to 12	V
Output Current (Pin 1) (Note 2)	I <sub>OUT</sub>	70	mA
Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Air	$R_{ hetaJA}$	250	°C/W
Maximum Junction Temperature All NCP Options All NCV Options	TJ	+125 +150	°C
Operating Ambient Temperature Range All Voltage Options: 0.9 V to 1.1 V All Voltage Options: 1.2 V to 4.9 V	T <sub>A</sub> T <sub>A</sub>	-40 to +85 -40 to +125	°C °C
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to +150	°C
Moisture Sensitivity Level	MSL	1	
Latchup Performance (Note 3) Positive Negative	ILATCHUP	200 200	mA

Stresses exceeding Maximum Ratings may damage the device. Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Functional operation above the Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Extended exposure to stresses above the Recommended Operating Conditions may affect device reliability.

1. This device series contains ESD protection and exceeds the following tests: Human Body Model 2000 V per MIL–STD–883, Method 3015. Human Body Model 2000 V per MIL-SID-666, ....

Machine Model Method 200 V.

2. The maximum package power dissipation limit must not be exceeded.  $P_D = \frac{T_J(max) - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$ 

$$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta, JA}}$$

3. Maximum ratings per JEDEC standard JESD78.

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS** (For all values  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+125^{\circ}C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
NCP302/3 – 0.9 ( $T_A = 25$ °C for voltage options from 0.9 to 1.1 V)					
Detector Threshold (Pin 2, V <sub>in</sub> Decreasing)	V <sub>DET</sub> -	0.882	0.900	0.918	V
Detector Threshold Hysteresis (Pin 2, V <sub>in</sub> Increasing)	V <sub>HYS</sub>	0.027	0.045	0.063	V
Supply Current (Pin 2) (V <sub>in</sub> = 0.8 V) (V <sub>in</sub> = 2.9 V)	l <sub>in</sub>	- -	0.20 0.45	0.6 1.2	μΑ
Maximum Operating Voltage (Pin 2)	V <sub>in(max)</sub>	-	-	10	V
Minimum Operating Voltage (Pin 2) (T <sub>A</sub> = -40°C to 85°C)	V <sub>in(min)</sub>	- -	0.55 0.65	0.70 0.80	V
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 ( $V_{OUT} = 0.05V$ , $V_{in} = 0.70V$ ) ( $V_{OUT} = 0.50V$ , $V_{in} = 0.85V$ )		0.01 0.05	0.05 0.50	- -	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.4V, V <sub>in</sub> = 4.5V)		1.0	6.0	-	
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active High 'H' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 $(V_{OUT} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V})$		1.05	2.5	-	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 ( $V_{OUT}$ = 0.4 V, $V_{in}$ = 0.7 V) ( $V_{OUT}$ = GND, $V_{in}$ = 0.8 V)		0.011 0.014	0.04 0.08	_ _	
C <sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Threshold Voltage (Pin 5) (V <sub>in</sub> = 0.99 V)	V <sub>TCD</sub>	0.50	0.67	0.84	V
Delay Capacitor Pin Sink Current (Pin 5) $(V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{ V})$ $(V_{in} = 0.85 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.5 \text{ V})$	I <sub>CD</sub>	2.0 10	120 300	- -	μΑ
Delay Pullup Resistance (Pin 5)	$R_D$	0.5	1.0	2.0	МΩ
NCP302/3 - 1.8	•		•	•	
Detector Threshold (Pin 2, $V_{in}$ Decreasing) ( $T_A$ = 25°C) ( $T_A$ = -40°C to 125°C)	V <sub>DET</sub> -	1.764 1.746	1.800	1.836 1.854	٧
Detector Threshold Hysteresis (Pin 2, V <sub>in</sub> Increasing)	V <sub>HYS</sub>	0.054	0.090	0.126	V
Supply Current (Pin 2) (V <sub>in</sub> = 1.7 V) (V <sub>in</sub> = 3.8 V)	I <sub>in</sub>	_ _	0.23 0.48	0.7 1.3	μΑ
Maximum Operating Voltage (Pin 2)	V <sub>in(max)</sub>	-	-	10	V
Minimum Operating Voltage (Pin 2) ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C)	V <sub>in(min)</sub>	- -	0.55 0.65	0.70 0.80	٧
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 $(V_{OUT} = 0.05V, V_{in} = 0.70V)$ $(V_{OUT} = 0.50V, V_{in} = 1.5V)$		0.01 1.0	0.05 2.0	- -	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 $(V_{OUT} = 2.4V, V_{in} = 4.5V)$		1.0	6.0	-	
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active High 'H' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 ( $V_{OUT}$ = 0.5 V, $V_{in}$ = 5.0 V)		6.3	11	_	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 $(V_{OUT} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V})$ $(V_{OUT} = \text{GND}, V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V})$		0.011 0.525	0.04 0.6	- -	
C <sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Threshold Voltage (Pin 5) (V <sub>in</sub> = 1.98 V)	V <sub>TCD</sub>	0.99	1.34	1.68	V

 $\textbf{ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)} \ \, (\text{For all values } T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C to } + 125^{\circ}\text{C}, \, \text{unless otherwise noted.})$ 

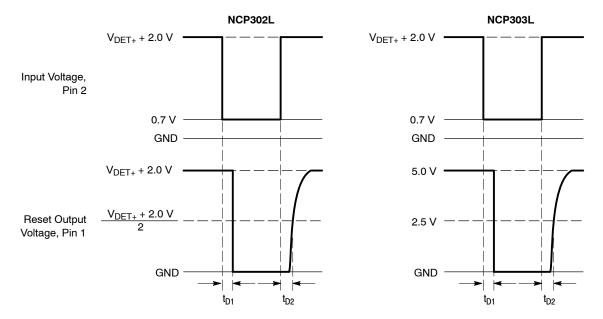
Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
NCP302/3 - 1.8					
Delay Capacitor Pin Sink Current (Pin 5) $(V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{V})$ $(V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.5 \text{V})$	I <sub>CD</sub>	2.0 200	120 1600	- -	μΑ
Delay Pullup Resistance (Pin 5)	$R_D$	0.5	1.0	2.0	MΩ
NCP302/3 - 2.0					
Detector Threshold (Pin 2, $V_{in}$ Decreasing) ( $T_A = 25$ °C) ( $T_A = -40$ °C to 125°C)	$V_{DET-}$	1.96 1.94	2.00	2.04 2.06	V
Detector Threshold Hysteresis (Pin 2, V <sub>in</sub> Increasing)	V <sub>HYS</sub>	0.06	0.10	0.14	V
Supply Current (Pin 2) (V <sub>in</sub> = 1.9 V) (V <sub>in</sub> = 4.0 V)	l <sub>in</sub>	- -	0.23 0.48	0.8 1.3	μΑ
Maximum Operating Voltage (Pin 2)	V <sub>in(max)</sub>	-	-	10	V
Minimum Operating Voltage (Pin 2) ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C)	V <sub>in(min)</sub>	- -	0.55 0.65	0.70 0.80	V
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 $(V_{OUT} = 0.05V, V_{in} = 0.70V)$ $(V_{OUT} = 0.50V, V_{in} = 1.5V)$		0.01 1.0	0.14 3.5	- -	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 2.4V, V <sub>in</sub> = 4.5V)		1.0	9.7	_	
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active High 'H' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 ( $V_{OUT}$ = 0.5 V, $V_{in}$ = 5.0 V)		6.3	11	_	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 $(V_{OUT} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V})$ $(V_{OUT} = GND, V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V})$		0.011 0.525	0.04 0.6	- -	
C <sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Threshold Voltage (Pin 5) (V <sub>in</sub> = 2.2 V)	V <sub>TCD</sub>	1.10	1.49	1.87	V
Delay Capacitor Pin Sink Current (Pin 5) $(V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{V})$ $(V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.5 \text{V})$	I <sub>CD</sub>	2.0 200	250 3600	- -	μΑ
Delay Pullup Resistance (Pin 5)	$R_D$	0.5	1.0	2.0	MΩ
NCP302/3- 2.7					
Detector Threshold (Pin 2, $V_{in}$ Decreasing) ( $T_A$ = 25°C) ( $T_A$ = -40°C to 125°C)	V <sub>DET</sub> _	2.646 2.619	2.700 -	2.754 2.781	V
Detector Threshold Hysteresis (Pin 2, V <sub>in</sub> Increasing)	V <sub>HYS</sub>	0.081	0.135	0.189	V
Supply Current (Pin 2) $(V_{in} = 2.6 \text{ V})$ $(V_{in} = 4.7 \text{ V})$	l <sub>in</sub>	- -	0.25 0.50	0.8 1.3	μΑ
Maximum Operating Voltage (Pin 2)	V <sub>in(max)</sub>	-	-	10	V
Minimum Operating Voltage (Pin 2) ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C)	V <sub>in(min)</sub>	- -	0.55 0.65	0.70 0.80	V
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 $(V_{OUT} = 0.05V, V_{in} = 0.70V)$ $(V_{OUT} = 0.50V, V_{in} = 1.5V)$		0.01 1.0	0.14 3.5	- -	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 $(V_{OUT} = 2.4V, V_{in} = 4.5V)$		1.0	9.7	-	
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active High 'H' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 ( $V_{OUT} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{in} = 5.0 \text{ V}$ )		6.3	11	-	

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)** (For all values  $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
NCP302/3- 2.7					
Pch Source Current, NCP302 (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.4 V, V <sub>in</sub> = 0.7 V) (V <sub>OUT</sub> = GND, V <sub>in</sub> = 1.5 V)		0.011 0.525	0.04 0.6	- -	
$C_D$ Delay Pin Threshold Voltage (Pin 5) ( $V_{in}$ = 2.97 V)	V <sub>TCD</sub>	1.49	2.01	2.53	V
Delay Capacitor Pin Sink Current (Pin 5) $(V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{ V})$ $(V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.5 \text{ V})$	I <sub>CD</sub>	2.0 200	250 3600	- -	μΑ
Delay Pullup Resistance (Pin 5)	$R_D$	0.5	1.0	2.0	МΩ
NCP302/3 - 3.0					
Detector Threshold (Pin 2, $V_{in}$ Decreasing) ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C)	V <sub>DET</sub> -	2.94 2.91	3.00	3.06 3.09	V
Detector Threshold Hysteresis (Pin 2, V <sub>in</sub> Increasing)	V <sub>HYS</sub>	0.09	0.15	0.21	V
Supply Current (Pin 2) $(V_{in} = 2.87 \text{ V})$ $(V_{in} = 5.0 \text{ V})$	l <sub>in</sub>	- -	0.25 0.50	0.9 1.3	μΑ
Maximum Operating Voltage (Pin 2)	V <sub>in(max)</sub>	-	-	10	V
Minimum Operating Voltage (Pin 2) ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C)	V <sub>in(min)</sub>	- -	0.55 0.65	0.70 0.80	V
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.05V, V <sub>in</sub> = 0.70V) (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.50V, V <sub>in</sub> = 1.5V)		0.01 1.0	0.14 3.5	- -	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 $(V_{OUT} = 2.4V, V_{in} = 4.5V)$		1.0	9.7	-	
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active High 'H' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 $(V_{OUT} = 0.5 \text{ V}, V_{in} = 5.0 \text{ V})$		6.3	11	-	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 $(V_{OUT} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V})$ $(V_{OUT} = \text{GND}, V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V})$		0.011 0.525	0.04 0.6	- -	
$C_D$ Delay Pin Threshold Voltage (Pin 5) ( $V_{in}$ = 3.3 V)	V <sub>TCD</sub>	1.65	2.23	2.81	V
Delay Capacitor Pin Sink Current (Pin 5) $(V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{ V})$ $(V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.5 \text{ V})$	I <sub>CD</sub>	2.0 200	250 3600	- -	μΑ
Delay Pullup Resistance (Pin 5)	$R_D$	0.5	1.0	2.0	МΩ
NCP302/3 - 4.5					
Detector Threshold (Pin 2, $V_{in}$ Decreasing) ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$ )	V <sub>DET</sub> -	4.410 4.365	4.500 -	4.590 4.635	V
Detector Threshold Hysteresis (Pin 2, V <sub>in</sub> Increasing)	V <sub>HYS</sub>	0.135	0.225	0.315	V
Supply Current (Pin 2) (V <sub>in</sub> = 4.34 V) (V <sub>in</sub> = 6.5 V)	I <sub>in</sub>	- -	0.33 0.52	1.0 1.4	μΑ
Maximum Operating Voltage (Pin 2)	V <sub>in(max)</sub>	_	-	10	V
Minimum Operating Voltage (Pin 2) ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$ )	V <sub>in(min)</sub>	- -	0.55 0.65	0.70 0.80	V
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 $(V_{OUT} = 0.05V, V_{in} = 0.70V)$ $(V_{OUT} = 0.50V, V_{in} = 1.5V)$		0.01 1.0	0.05 2.0	_ _	

#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)** (For all values $T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $+125^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit
NCP302/3 - 4.5	•	-	-	-	<u>-</u>
Pch Source Current, NCP302 (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.9V, V <sub>in</sub> = 8.0V)		1.5	10.5	-	
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active High 'H' Suffix Devices)	l <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 V, V <sub>in</sub> = 5.0 V)		6.3	11	-	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 $(V_{OUT} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V})$ $(V_{OUT} = GND, V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V})$		0.011 0.525	0.04 0.6	- -	
$C_D$ Delay Pin Threshold Voltage (Pin 5) ( $V_{in}$ = 4.95 V)	V <sub>TCD</sub>	2.25	3.04	3.83	V
Delay Capacitor Pin Sink Current (Pin 5) $(V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{V})$ $(V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V}, V_{CD} = 0.5 \text{V})$	I <sub>CD</sub>	2.0 200	120 1600	- -	μΑ
Delay Pullup Resistance (Pin 5)	$R_D$	0.5	1.0	2.0	МΩ
NCP302/3 - 4.7					
Detector Threshold (Pin 2, $V_{in}$ Decreasing) ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to $125^{\circ}C$ )	V <sub>DET</sub> -	4.606 4.559	4.700 -	4.794 4.841	V
Detector Threshold Hysteresis (Pin 2, V <sub>in</sub> Increasing)	V <sub>HYS</sub>	0.141	0.235	0.329	V
Supply Current (Pin 2) (V <sub>in</sub> = 4.54 V) (V <sub>in</sub> = 6.7 V)	l <sub>in</sub>	_ _	0.34 0.53	1.0 1.4	μΑ
Maximum Operating Voltage (Pin 2)	V <sub>in(max)</sub>	-	-	10	V
Minimum Operating Voltage (Pin 2) ( $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ ) ( $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C)	V <sub>in(min)</sub>	- -	0.55 0.65	0.70 0.80	V
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices)	I <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 $(V_{OUT} = 0.05V, V_{in} = 0.70V)$ $(V_{OUT} = 0.50V, V_{in} = 1.5V)$		0.01 1.0	0.05 2.0	- -	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 5.9V, V <sub>in</sub> = 8.0V)		1.5	10.5	-	
Reset Output Current (Pin 1, Active High 'H' Suffix Devices)	l <sub>OUT</sub>				mA
Nch Sink Current, NCP302, NCP303 (V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 V, V <sub>in</sub> = 5.0 V)		6.3	11	_	
Pch Source Current, NCP302 $(V_{OUT} = 0.4 \text{ V}, V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V})$ $(V_{OUT} = GND, V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V})$		0.011 0.525	0.04 0.6	- -	
C <sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Threshold Voltage (Pin 5) (V <sub>in</sub> = 5.17 V)	V <sub>TCD</sub>	2.59	3.49	4.40	V
Delay Capacitor Pin Sink Current (Pin 5) $(V_{in} = 0.7 \text{ V, } V_{CD} = 0.1 \text{V})$ $(V_{in} = 1.5 \text{ V, } V_{CD} = 0.5 \text{V})$	I <sub>CD</sub>	2.0 200	120 1600	- -	μΑ
Delay Pullup Resistance (Pin 5)	$R_{D}$	0.5	1.0	2.0	МΩ



NCP302 and NCP303 series are measured with a 10 pF capacitive load. NCP303 has an additional 470 k pullup resistor connected from the reset output to +5.0 V. The reset output voltage waveforms are shown for the active low 'L' devices. Output time delay  $t_{D1}$  and  $t_{D2}$  are dependent upon the delay capacitance. Refer to Figures 30, 31, and 32. The upper detector threshold,  $V_{DET-}$  is the sum of the lower detector threshold,  $V_{DET-}$  plus the input hysteresis,  $V_{HYS}$ .

Figure 2. Measurement Conditions for  $t_{D1}$  and  $t_{D2}$ 

Table 1. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC TABLE FOR 0.9 - 4.9 V

				Detec	Detector Threshold		Supply Current		Nch Sink	Current	Pch Source
NCP302 Series	Detec	tor Thre	shold		ysteresi		V <sub>in</sub> Low	V <sub>in</sub> High	V <sub>in</sub> Low	V <sub>in</sub> High	Current
	V <sub>DET</sub>	V <sub>DET</sub> (V) (Note 4)		,	V <sub>HYS</sub> (V)		I <sub>in</sub> (μΑ) (Note 5)	l <sub>in</sub> (μΑ) (Note 6)	I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA) (Note 7)	I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA) (Note 8)	I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA) (Note 9)
Part Number	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Тур	Тур	Тур	Тур	Тур
NCP302LSN09T1	0.882	0.9	0.918	0.027	0.045	0.063	0.20	0.45	0.05	0.5	2.0
NCP302LSN15T1	1.470	1.5	1.530	0.045	0.075	0.105					
NCP302LSN18T1	1.764	1.8	1.836	0.054	0.090	0.126	0.23	0.48			
NCP302LSN20T1	1.960	2.0	2.040	0.060	0.100	0.140					
NCP302LSN27T1	2.646	2.7	2.754	0.081	0.135	0.189	0.25	0.50			
NCP302LSN30T1,	2.940	3.0	3.060	0.090	0.150	0.210					
NCV302LSN30T1,	2.940	3.0	3.060	0.090	0.150	0.210					
NCP302LSN33T1	3.234	3.3	3.366	0.099	0.165	0.231					
NCP302LSN38T1	3.724	3.8	3.876	0.114	0.190	0.266					
NCP302LSN40T1	3.920	4.0	4.080	0.120	0.200	0.280					3.0
NCP302LSN43T1	4.214	4.3	4.386	0.129	0.215	0.301					
NCP302LSN45T1	4.410	4.5	4.590	0.135	0.225	0.315	0.33	0.52			
NCP302LSN47T1	4.606	4.7	4.794	0.141	0.235	0.329	0.34	0.53			

<sup>4.</sup> Values shown apply at +25°C only. For voltage options greater than 1.1 V, V<sub>DET</sub> limits over operating temperature range (-40°C to +125°C) are V<sub>NOM</sub> ±3%. For voltage options < 1.2 V, V<sub>DET</sub> is guaranteed only at +25°C.

#### Table 2. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC TABLE FOR 0.9 - 4.9 V

				Detec	Detector Threshold			Supply Current		Pch Source Current	
NCP302 Series	Detec	tor Thre	shold	Н	ysteresi	s	V <sub>in</sub> Low	V <sub>in</sub> High	Nch Sink Current	V <sub>in</sub> Low	V <sub>in</sub> High
	V <sub>DET</sub> _ (V) (Note 10)		V <sub>HYS</sub> (V)		l <sub>in</sub> (μΑ) (Note 11)	I <sub>in</sub> (μΑ) (Note 12)	I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA) (Note 13)	I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA) (Note 14)	I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA) (Note 15)		
Part Number	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Тур	Тур	Тур	Тур	Тур
NCP302HSN09T1	0.882	0.9	0.918	0.027	0.045	0.063	0.20	0.45	2.5	0.04	0.08
NCP302HSN18T1	1.764	1.8	1.836	0.054	0.090	0.126	0.23	0.48			
NCP302HSN27T1	2.646	2.7	2.754	0.081	0.135	0.189	0.25	0.50			
NCP302HSN30T1	2.940	3.0	3.060	0.090	0.150	0.210					
NCP302HSN40T1	3.920	4.0	4.080	0.120	0.200	0.280					
NCP302HSN45T1	4.410	4.5	4.590	0.135	0.225	0.315	0.33	0.52			

<sup>10.</sup> Values shown apply at +25°C only. For voltage options greater than 1.1 V, V<sub>DET</sub> limits over operating temperature range (-40°C to +125°C) are V<sub>NOM</sub> ±3%. For voltage options < 1.2 V, V<sub>DET</sub> is guaranteed only at +25°C.

11. Condition 1: 0.9 — 2.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = V<sub>DET</sub> – 0.10 V; 3.0 — 3.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = V<sub>DET</sub> – 0.13 V; 4.0 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = V<sub>DET</sub> – 0.16 V

12. Condition 2: 0.9 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = V<sub>DET</sub> + 2.0 V

13. Condition 3: 0.9 — 1.4 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 1.5 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 V; 1.5 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 5.0 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 V, Active High 'H' Suffix Devices

14. Condition 4: 0.9 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 0.7 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0.4 V, Active High 'H' Suffix Devices

15. Condition 5: 0.9 — 1.0 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 0.8 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = GND; 1.1 — 1.5 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 1.0 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = GND; 1.6 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 1.5 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = GND,

<sup>5.</sup> Condition 2: 0.9 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{DET}} - 0.10 \text{ V}$ ; 3.0 - 3.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{DET}} - 0.13 \text{ V}$ ; 4.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{DET}} - 0.16 \text{ V}$ 6. Condition 2: 0.9 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = V_{\text{DET}} + 2.0 \text{ V}$ 7. Condition 3: 0.9 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 0.7 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.05 \text{ V}$ , Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices

<sup>8.</sup> Condition 4: 0.9 - 1.0 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 0.85 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.1 - 1.5 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.6 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.1 - 1.5 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.6 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.1 - 1.5 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.0 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{OUT}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{in}} = 1.5 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V,  $V_{\text{out}} = 0.5 \text{ V}$ ; 1.0 - 4.9 V, 1.Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices

<sup>9.</sup> Condition 5: 0.9 — 3.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 4.5 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 2.4 V; 4.0 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 8.0 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 5.9 V, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices

Active High 'H' Suffix Devices

Table 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTIC TABLE FOR 0.9 - 4.9 V

				Detec	tor Thre	shold	Supply	Current	Nch Sinl	Current
NCP303 Series	Detec	tor Thre	shold		lysteresi		V <sub>in</sub> Low	V <sub>in</sub> High	V <sub>in</sub> Low	V <sub>in</sub> High
	V <sub>DET</sub>	V <sub>DET-</sub> (V) (Note 16)			V <sub>HYS</sub> (V)		I <sub>in</sub> (μΑ) (Note 17)	l <sub>in</sub> (μΑ) (Note 18)	I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA) (Note 19)	I <sub>OUT</sub> (mA) (Note 20)
Part Number	Min	Тур	Max	Min	Тур	Max	Тур	Тур	Тур	Тур
NCP303LSN09T1	0.882	0.9	0.918	0.027	0.045	0.063	0.20	0.45	0.05	0.5
NCP303LSN10T1	0.980	1.0	1.020	0.030	0.050	0.070				
NCP303LSN11T1	1.078	1.1	1.122	0.033	0.055	0.077				1.0
NCP303LSN13T1	1.274	1.3	1.326	0.039	0.065	0.091				
NCP303LSN14T1	1.372	1.4	1.428	0.042	0.070	0.098				
NCP303LSN15T1	1.470	1.5	1.530	0.045	0.075	0.105				
NCP303LSN16T1	1.568	1.6	1.632	0.048	0.080	0.112	1			2.0
NCP303LSN17T1	1.666	1.7	1.734	0.051	0.085	0.119	1			
NCP303LSN18T1	1.764	1.8	1.836	0.054	0.090	0.126	0.23	0.48		
NCP303LSN20T1	1.960	2.0	2.040	0.060	0.100	0.140	1			
NCP303LSN22T1	2.156	2.2	2.244	0.066	0.110	0.154	1			
NCP303LSN23T1	2.254	2.3	2.346	0.069	0.115	0.161	1			
NCP303LSN24T1	2.352	2.4	2.448	0.072	0.120	0.168				
NCP303LSN25T1	2.450	2.5	2.550	0.075	0.125	0.175	1			
NCP303LSN26T1	2.548	2.6	2.652	0.078	0.130	0.182	1			
NCP303LSN27T1	2.646	2.7	2.754	0.081	0.135	0.189	0.25	0.50	1	
NCP303LSN28T1	2.744	2.8	2.856	0.084	0.140	0.196				
NCP303LSN29T1	2.842	2.9	2.958	0.087	0.145	0.203	1			
NCP303LSN30T1	2.940	3.0	3.060	0.090	0.150	0.210	1			
NCP303LSN31T1	3.038	3.1	3.162	0.093	0.155	0.217	1			
NCP303LSN32T1	3.136	3.2	3.264	0.096	0.160	0.224	1			
NCP303LSN33T1	3.234	3.3	3.366	0.099	0.165	0.231	1			
NCP303LSN34T1	3.332	3.4	3.468	0.102	0.170	0.238	1			
NCP303LSN36T1	3.528	3.6	3.672	0.108	0.180	0.252	1			
NCP303LSN38T1	3.724	3.8	3.876	0.114	0.190	0.266	1			
NCP303LSN40T1	3.920	4.0	4.080	0.120	0.200	0.280	1			
NCP303LSN42T1	4.116	4.2	4.284	0.126	0.210	0.294	1			
NCP303LSN44T1	4.312	4.4	4.488	0.132	0.220	0.308	1			
NCP303LSN45T1	4.410	4.5	4.590	0.135	0.225	0.315	0.33	0.52	1	
NCP303LSN46T1	4.508	4.6	4.692	0.138	0.230	0.322	1			
NCP303LSN47T1	4.606	4.7	4.794	0.141	0.235	0.329	0.34	0.53	1	
NCP303LSN49T1	4.802	4.9	4.998	0.147	0.245	0.343	1			

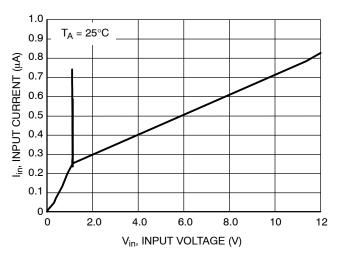
<sup>16.</sup> Values shown apply at +25°C only. For voltage options < 1.2 V, V<sub>DET</sub> is guaranteed only at +25°C.

17. Condition 1: 0.9 — 2.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = V<sub>DET</sub> – 0.10 V; 3.0 — 3.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = V<sub>DET</sub> – 0.13 V; 4.0 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = V<sub>DET</sub> – 0.16 V

18. Condition 2: 0.9 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = V<sub>DET</sub> + 2.0 V

19. Condition 3: 0.9 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 0.7 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0.05 V, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices

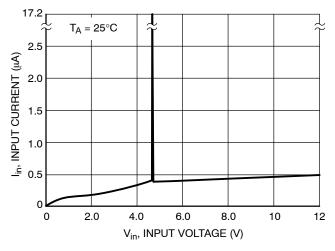
20. Condition 4: 0.9 — 1.0 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 0.85 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 V; 1.1 — 1.5 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 1.0 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 V; 1.6 — 4.9 V, V<sub>in</sub> = 1.5 V, V<sub>OUT</sub> = 0.5 V, Active Low 'L' Suffix Devices



10.5  $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ 2.5 I<sub>in</sub>, INPUT CURRENT (µA) 2.0 1.5 1.0 0.5 0 2.0 4.0 6.0 8.0 10 12 V<sub>in</sub>, INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

Figure 3. NCP302/3 Series 0.9 V Input Current vs. Input Voltage

Figure 4. NCP302/3 Series 2.7 V Input Current vs. Input Voltage



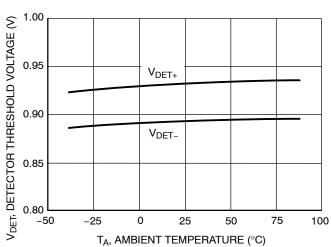
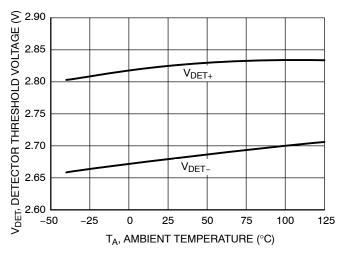


Figure 5. NCP302/3 Series 4.5 V Input Current vs. Input Voltage

Figure 6. NCP302/3 Series 0.9 V Detector Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature



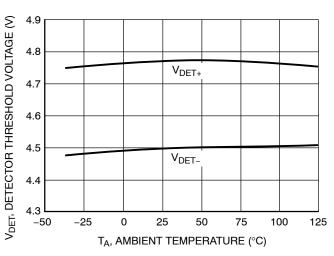
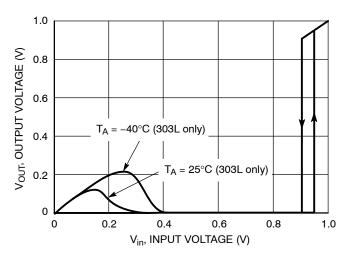


Figure 7. NCP302/3 Series 2.7 V Detector Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

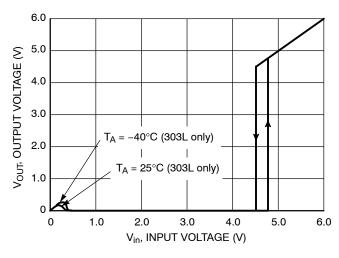
Figure 8. NCP302/3 Series 4.5 V Detector Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature



3.5 3.0 V<sub>OUT</sub>, OUTPUT VOLTAGE (V) 2.5 2.0 1.5 1.0  $T_A = 125^{\circ}C (303L \text{ only})$ 0.5 0 0 0.5 1.0 2.0 2.5 3.0 3.5 1.5 Vin, INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

Figure 9. NCP302L/3L Series 0.9 V Reset Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

Figure 10. NCP302L/3L Series 2.7 V Reset Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage



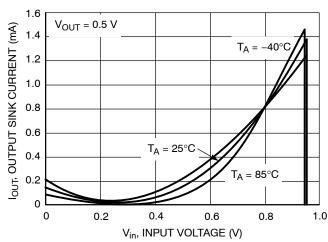
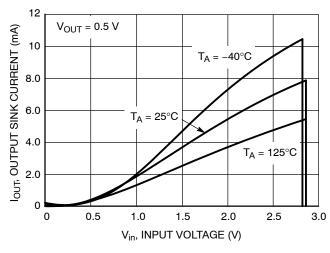


Figure 11. NCP302L/3L Series 4.5 V Reset Output Voltage vs. Input Voltage

Figure 12. NCP302H/3L Series 0.9 V Reset Output Sink Current vs. Input Voltage



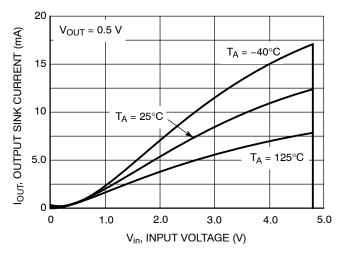
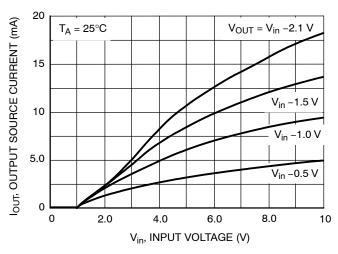


Figure 13. NCP302H/3L Series 2.7 V Reset Output Sink Current vs. Input Voltage

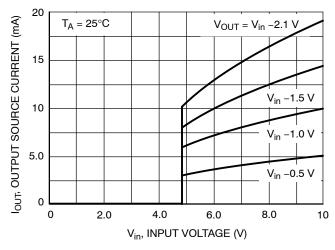
Figure 14. NCP302H/3L Series 4.5 V Reset Output Sink Current vs. Input Voltage



T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C I<sub>OUT</sub>, OUTPUT SOURCE CURRENT (mA)  $V_{OUT} = V_{in} - 2.1 V$ 15 V<sub>in</sub> –1.0 V 10 V<sub>in</sub> -0.5 V 5.0 0 0 2.0 4.0 6.0 8.0 10 V<sub>in</sub>, INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

Figure 15. NCP302L Series 0.9 V
Reset Output Source Current vs. Input Voltage

Figure 16. NCP302L Series 2.7 V
Reset Output Source Current vs. Input Voltage



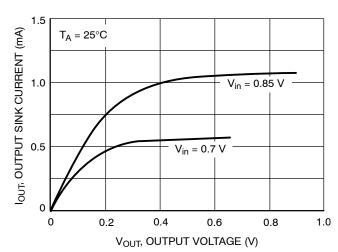
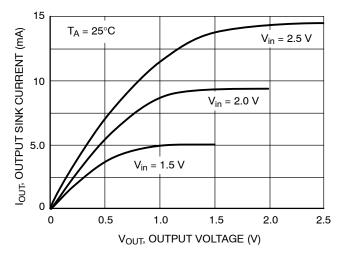


Figure 17. NCP302L Series 4.5 V Reset Output Source Current vs. Input Voltage

Figure 18. NCP302H/3L Series 0.9 V Reset Output Sink Current vs. Output Voltage



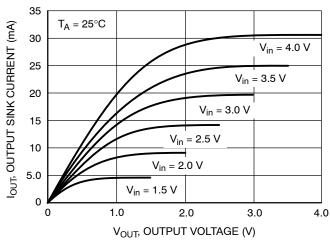
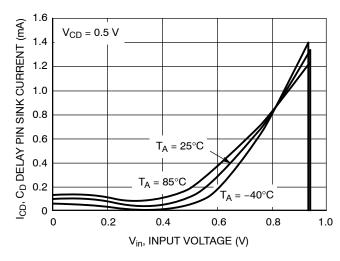


Figure 19. NCP302H/3L Series 2.7 V Reset Output Sink Current vs. Output Voltage

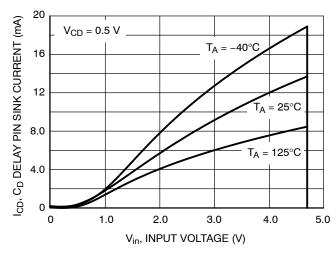
Figure 20. NCP302H/3L Series 4.5 V Reset Output Sink Current vs. Output Voltage



 $C_{\rm D}$  DELAY PIN SINK CURRENT (mA) V<sub>CD</sub> = 0.5 V 12  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$ 10 8.0 T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C 6.0 4.0 T<sub>A</sub> = 125°C 2.0 Ġ, 0 0 0.5 1.5 2.5 3.0 V<sub>in</sub>, INPUT VOLTAGE (V)

Figure 21. NCP302/3 Series 0.9 V C<sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Sink Current vs. Input Voltage

Figure 22. NCP302/3 Series 2.7 V C<sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Sink Current vs. Input Voltage



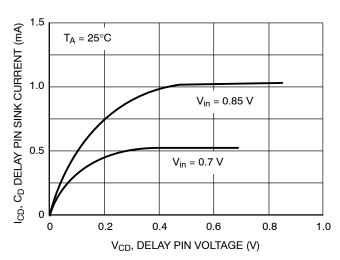
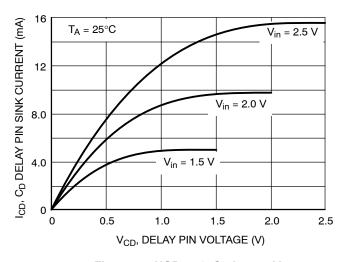


Figure 23. NCP302/3 Series 4.5 V C<sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Sink Current vs. Input Voltage

Figure 24. NCP302/3 Series 0.9 V C<sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Sink Current vs. Voltage



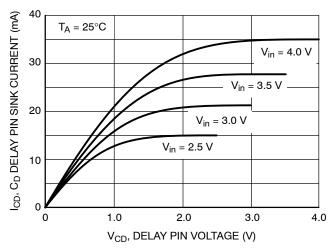
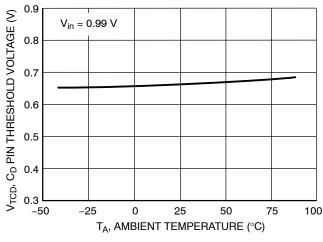


Figure 25. NCP302/3 Series 2.7 V C<sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Sink Current vs. Voltage

Figure 26. NCP302/3 Series 4.5 V C<sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Sink Current vs. Voltage



2.2 V<sub>in</sub> = 2.97 V

2.1 V<sub>in</sub> = 2.97 V

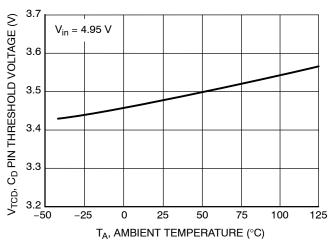
2.0 V<sub>in</sub> = 2.97 V

1.9 V<sub>in</sub> = 2.97 V

T<sub>A</sub>, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C)

Figure 27. NCP302/3 Series 0.9 V  ${
m C_D}$  Delay Pin Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

Figure 28. NCP302/3 Series 2.7 V C<sub>D</sub> Delay Pin Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature



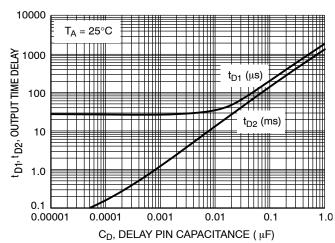
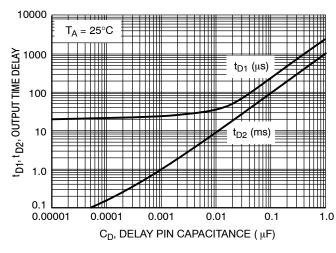


Figure 29. NCP302/3 Series 4.5 V  ${
m C_D}$  Delay Pin Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

Figure 30. NCP302/3 Series 0.9 V Output Time Delay vs. Capacitance



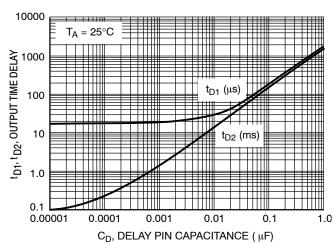
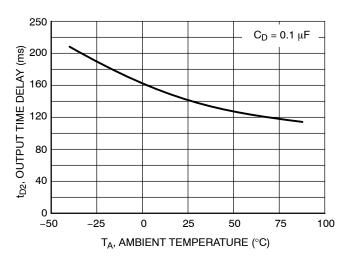


Figure 31. NCP302/3 Series 2.7 V Output Time Delay vs. Capacitance

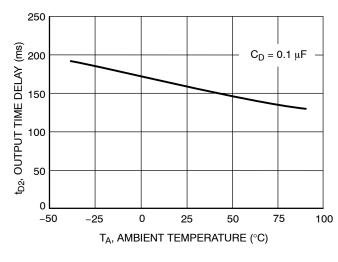
Figure 32. NCP302/3 Series 4.5 V Output Time Delay vs. Capacitance



160  $C_D = 0.1 \ \mu F$ 140 t<sub>D2</sub>, OUTPUT TIME DELAY (ms) 120 100 80 60 40 20 0 -25 25 -50 50 75 100 125 T<sub>A</sub>, AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (°C)

Figure 33. NCP302/3 Series 0.9 V Reset Output Time Delay vs. Temperature

Figure 34. NCP302/3 Series 2.7 V Reset Output Time Delay vs. Temperature



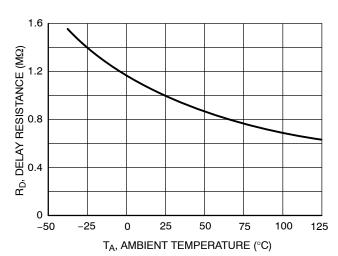


Figure 35. NCP302/3 Series 4.5 V Reset Output Time Delay vs. Temperature

Figure 36. NCP302/3 Series Delay Resistance vs. Temperature

#### **OPERATING DESCRIPTION**

The NCP302 and NCP303 series devices consist of a precision voltage detector that drives a time delay generator. Figures 37 and 38 show a timing diagram and a typical application. Initially consider that input voltage Vin is at a nominal level and it is greater than the voltage detector upper threshold (V<sub>DET+</sub>). The voltage at Pin 5 and capacitor C<sub>D</sub> will be at the same level as V<sub>in</sub>, and the reset output (Pin 1) will be in the high state for active low devices, or in the low state for active high devices. If there is a power interruption and Vin becomes significantly deficient, it will fall below the lower detector threshold (V<sub>DET</sub>-) and the external time delay capacitor C<sub>D</sub> will be immediately discharged by an internal N-Channel MOSFET that connects to Pin 5. This sequence of events causes the Reset output to be in the low state for active low devices, or in the high state for active high devices. After completion of the power interruption,

 $V_{in}$  will again return to its nominal level and become greater than the  $V_{DET+}$ . The voltage detector will turn off the N–Channel MOSFET and allow pullup resistor  $R_D$  to charge external capacitor  $C_D$ , thus creating a programmable delay for releasing the reset signal. When the voltage at Pin 5 exceeds the inverter/buffer threshold, typically 0.675  $V_{in}$ , the reset output will revert back to its original state. The reset output time delay versus capacitance is shown in Figures 30 through 32. The voltage detector and inverter/buffer have built–in hysteresis to prevent erratic reset operation.

Although these device series are specifically designed for use as reset controllers in portable microprocessor based systems, they offer a cost-effective solution in numerous applications where precise voltage monitoring and time delay are required. Figures 38 through 46 show various application examples.

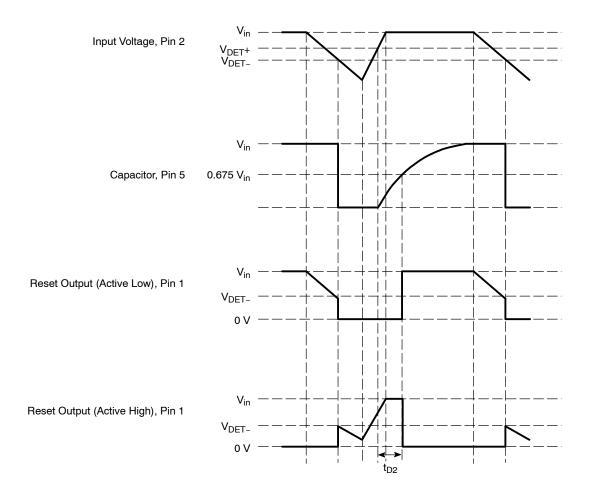


Figure 37. Timing Waveforms

#### **APPLICATION CIRCUIT INFORMATION**

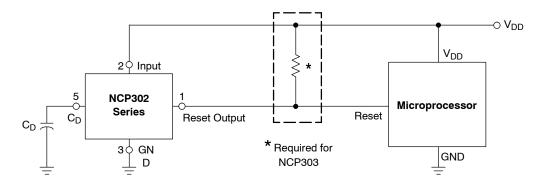


Figure 38. Microprocessor Reset Circuit

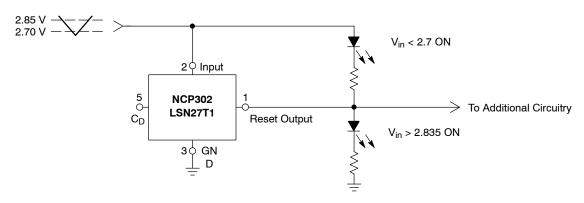


Figure 39. Battery Charge Indicator

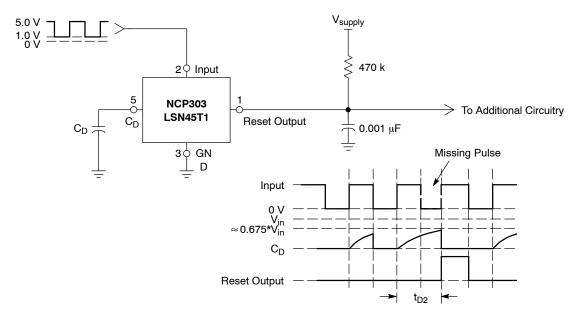


Figure 40. Missing Pulse Detector or Frequency Detector

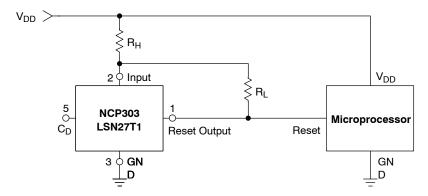


Figure 41. Microprocessor Reset Circuit with Additional Hysteresis

Comparator hysteresis can be increased with the addition of resistor  $R_H.$  The hysteresis equations have been simplified and do not account for the change of input current  $I_{in}$  as  $V_{in}$  crosses the comparator threshold. The internal resistance,  $R_{in}$  is simply calculated using  $I_{in}$  = 0.26  $\mu A$  at 2.6 V.

Vin Decreasing:

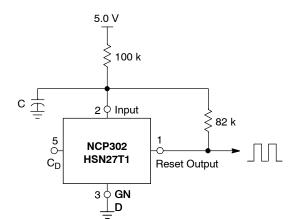
$$V_{th} = \left(\frac{R_H}{R_{in}} + 1\right) \left(V_{DET-}\right)$$

Vin Increasing:

$$V_{th} = \left(\frac{R_H}{R_{in} \parallel R_L} + 1\right) \left(V_{DET-} + V_{HYS}\right)$$

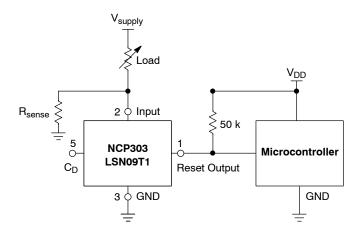
 $V_{HYS} = V_{in}$  Increasing –  $V_{in}$  Decreasing

Test Data										
V <sub>th</sub> Decreasing (V)	V <sub>th</sub> Increasing (V)	V <sub>HYS</sub> (V)	R <sub>H</sub> (Ω)	R <sub>L</sub> (kΩ)						
2.70	2.84	0.135	0	_						
2.70	2.87	0.17	100	10						
2.70	2.88	0.19	100	6.8						
2.70	2.91	0.21	100	4.3						
2.70	2.90	0.20	220	10						
2.70	2.94	0.24	220	6.8						
2.70	2.98	0.28	220	4.3						
2.70	2.70	0.27	470	10						
2.70	3.04	0.34	470	6.8						
2.70	3.15	0.35	470	4.3						



Test Data									
C (μF)	C (μF) f <sub>OSC</sub> (kHz)								
0.01	2590	21.77							
0.1	490	21.97							
1.0	52	22.07							

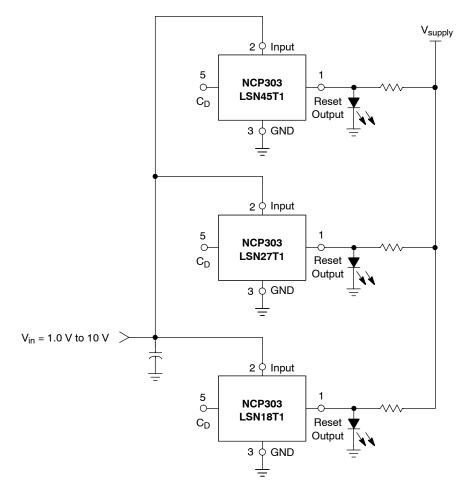
Figure 42. Simple Clock Oscillator



This circuit monitors the current at the load. As current flows through the load, a voltage drop with respect to ground appears across  $R_{\text{sense}}$  where  $V_{\text{sense}} = I_{\text{load}} * R_{\text{sense}}$ . The following conditions apply:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{If:} & \text{Then:} \\ I_{Load} < V_{DET-} \ / R_{sense} & \text{Reset Output} = 0 \ V \\ I_{Load} \geq \ (V_{DET-} + V_{HYS}) / R_{sense} & \text{Reset Output} = V_{DD} \end{array}$ 

Figure 43. Microcontroller Systems Load Sensing



A simple voltage monitor can be constructed by connecting several voltage detectors as shown above. Each LED will sequentially turn on when the respective voltage detector threshold ( $V_{DET-} + V_{HYS}$ ) is exceeded. Note that detector thresholds ( $V_{DET-}$ ) that range from 0.9 V to 4.9 V in 100 mV steps can be manufactured.

Figure 44. LED Bar Graph Voltage Monitor

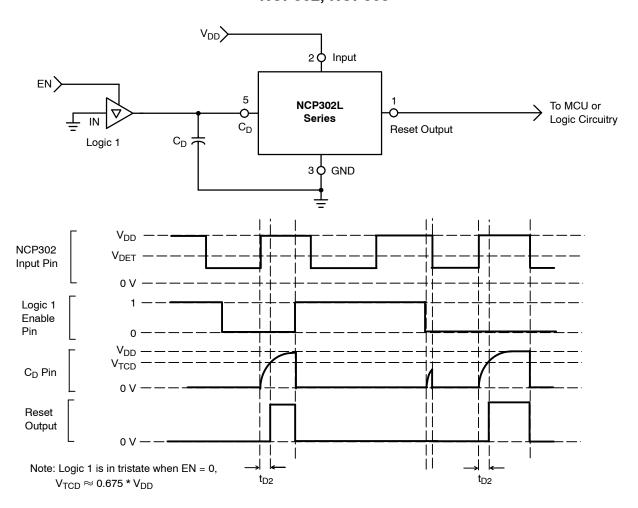


Figure 45. Undervoltage Detection with Independent Reset Signal Control

This circuit monitors  $V_{DD}$  for undervoltage. If the  $V_{DD}$  input falls below the detector threshold ( $V_{DET-}$ ), then the capacitor on the  $C_D$  pin will be immediately discharged resulting in the reset output changing to its active state indicating that an undervoltage event has been detected. The addition of a logic gate (Logic 1) provides for reset output control which is independent of  $V_{DD}$ . If the output of the

logic gate is tristated the undervoltage detector will behave normally. If the tristate is de–asserted, the logic gate will pull the  $C_D$  pin low resulting in the Reset Output pin changing to an active state. This independent control is useful in power supply sequencing applications when the Reset Output is tied to the enable input of an LDO or DC–DC converter.

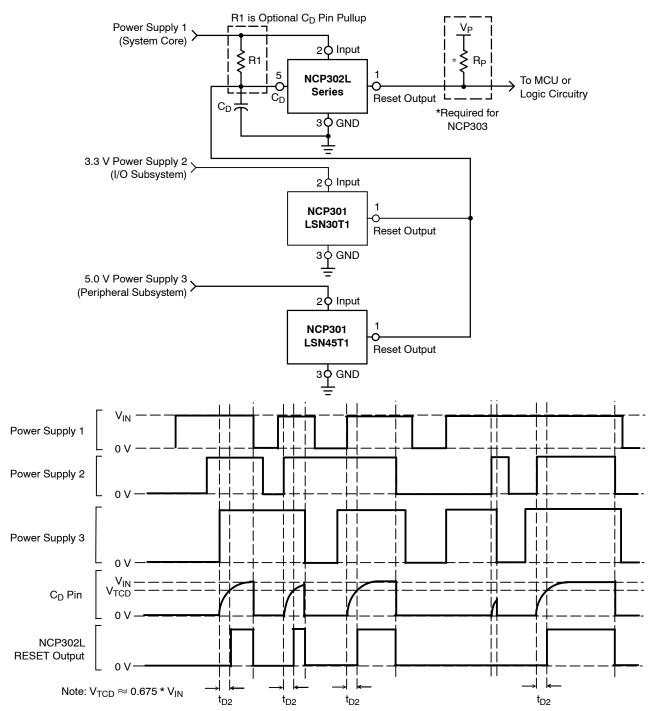


Figure 46. Multi-Rail Supply Undervoltage Monitor with Power Good

This circuit monitors multiple power supply rails for undervoltage conditions. If any of the three power supplies are in an undervoltage condition, the NCP302 reset output will be immediately set to an active low level. All three power supplies must be above their minimum voltage levels for the NCP302 reset output to generate a "Power Good" level (Reset Output = Power Supply 1 or V<sub>P</sub>).

Optionally, R1 may be added to provide a smaller effective  $C_D$  pin pullup resistance,  $(R_D)$ , where  $R_D' = R1 \parallel R_D$ , with  $R_D$  (internal  $C_D$  pin pullup resistance)

approximately equal to 1.0 M $\Omega$ , and R1 > 5 k $\Omega$ . If R1 << R<sub>D</sub>, then R1 also can decrease the reset output delay time (t<sub>D2</sub>) variance over the operating temperature range.

The Power Good signal time delay ( $t_{D2}$ ) can be estimated by:  $t_{D2} \approx R_D * C_D$ , with  $R_D$  in Ohms, and  $C_D$  in Farads. If R1 is installed, then  $R_D$ ' is substituted for  $R_D$ .  $R_P$  is added only if using the NCP303 to replace the NCP302. This allows the Reset Output to be pulled up to  $V_P$ , which can be the Power Supply 1 or an independent power supply rail.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Threshold Voltage	Output Type	Reset	Marking	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>			
NCP302LSN09T1	0.9			SBO	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN09T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302LSN15T1	1.5	1		SBI	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN15T1G					TSOP-5				
					(Pb-Free)				
NCP302LSN18T1	1.8			SBF	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN18T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302LSN20T1	2.0	1		SBD	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN20T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302LSN27T1	2.7	1		SAW	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN27T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302LSN30T1	3.0	1		SAT	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN30T1G					TSOP-5				
NCV302LSN30T1G*		CMOS	Active	ACJ	(Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel			
NCP302LSN33T1	3.3		Low	SAQ	TSOP-5	(7 inch Reel)			
NCP302LSN33T1G							TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)		
NCP302LSN38T1	3.8		3.8		SAK	TSOP-5			
NCP302LSN38T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302LSN40T1	4.0			SAI	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN40T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302LSN43T1	4.3			SAF	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN43T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302LSN45T1	4.5			SAL	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN45T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302LSN47T1	4.7	1		SAC	TSOP-5				
NCP302LSN47T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302HSN09T1	0.9			SDO	TSOP-5				
NCP302HSN09T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				
NCP302HSN18T1	1.8	1	۸	SFH	TSOP-5	0000 / Tara & Basil			
NCP302HSN18T1G			CMOS	Active High				TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	3000 / Tape & Reel (7 inch Reel)
NCP302HSN27T1	2.7	1		SDK	TSOP-5				
NCP302HSN27T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)				

NOTE: The ordering information lists standard undervoltage thresholds with active low outputs. Additional active low threshold devices, ranging from 0.9 V to 4.9 V in 100 mV increments and NCP302 active high output devices, ranging from 0.9 V to 4.9 V in 100 mV increments can be manufactured. Contact your ON Semiconductor representative for availability. The electrical characteristics of these additional devices are shown in Tables 1 and 2.

<sup>†</sup>For information on tape and reel specifications, including part orientation and tape sizes, please refer to our Tape and Reel Packaging Specifications Brochure, BRD8011/D.

<sup>\*</sup>NCV prefix for automotive and other applications requiring site and control changes. NCVxxx:  $T_{low} = -40^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_{high} = +125^{\circ}C$ . Guaranteed by design.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Threshold Voltage	Output Type	Reset	Marking	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
NCP302HSN30T1	3.0			SDI	TSOP-5	
NCP302HSN30T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP302HSN40T1	4.0		Active	SJH	TSOP-5	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCP302HSN40T1G		CMOS	High		TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	(7 inch Reel)
NCP302HSN45T1	4.5			SDG	TSOP-5	
NCP302HSN45T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN09T1	0.9			SDE	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN09T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN10T1G	1.0	1		SDD	TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCV303LSN10T1*				SSM	TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN10T1G*					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN11T1	1.1	1		SDC	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN11T1G					TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN11T1G*				ADC	(Pb-Free)	
NCV303LSN12T1G*	1.2			SDB	1	
NCP303LSN13T1	1.3			SDA	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN13T1G					TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN13T1G*				SRS	(Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN14T1	1.4	Open	Active	SCZ	TSOP-5	3000 / Tape & Reel
NCP303LSN14T1G		Drain	Low		TSOP-5	(7 inch Reel)
NCV303LSN14T1G*				SRT	(Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN15T1	1.5			SCY	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN15T1G					TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN15T1G*				SRU	(Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN16T1	1.6			SCX	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN16T1G					TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN16T1G*				SRV	(Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN17T1G	1.7			SCW	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN18T1	1.8	1		SCV	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN18T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN20T1	2.0	1		SCT	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN20T1G					TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN20T1G*				SRW	(Pb-Free)	

NOTE: The ordering information lists standard undervoltage thresholds with active low outputs. Additional active low threshold devices, ranging from 0.9 V to 4.9 V in 100 mV increments and NCP302 active high output devices, ranging from 0.9 V to 4.9 V in 100 mV increments can be manufactured. Contact your ON Semiconductor representative for availability. The electrical characteristics of these additional devices are shown in Tables 1 and 2.

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#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Threshold Voltage	Output Type	Reset	Marking	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>				
NCP303LSN22T1	2.2			SCR	TSOP-5					
NCP303LSN22T1G					TSOP-5					
NCV303LSN22T1G*				ADD	(Pb-Free)					
NCP303LSN23T1	2.3	_		SCQ	TSOP-5					
NCP303LSN23T1G					TSOP-5					
NCV303LSN23T1G*				SRX	(Pb-Free)					
NCP303LSN24T1	2.4	_		SCP	TSOP-5					
NCP303LSN24T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					
NCP303LSN25T1	2.5	_		SCO	TSOP-5					
NCP303LSN25T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					
NCP303LSN26T1	2.6			SCN	TSOP-5					
NCP303LSN26T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					
NCP303LSN27T1	2.7			SCM	TSOP-5					
NCP303LSN27T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					
NCP303LSN28T1	2.8	Open	Active	SCL	TSOP-5	3000 / Tape & Reel				
NCP303LSN28T1G		Drain	Low		TSOP-5	(7 inch Reel)				
NCV303LSN28T1G*				TAA	(Pb-Free)					
NCP303LSN29T1	2.9	.9 SC	SCK	TSOP-5						
NCP303LSN29T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					
NCV303LSN29T1*				SSK	TSOP-5					
NCV303LSN29T1G*					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					
NCP303LSN30T1	3.0			SCJ	TSOP-5					
NCP303LSN30T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					
NCV303LSN30T1*				SSA	TSOP-5					
NCV303LSN30T1G*					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					
NCP303LSN31T1	3.1	3.1		SCI	TSOP-5	]				
NCP303LSN31T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					
NCV303LSN31T1G*								CAR	TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN32T1	3.2		SCH	TSOP-5						
NCP303LSN32T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)					

NOTE: The ordering information lists standard undervoltage thresholds with active low outputs. Additional active low threshold devices, ranging from 0.9 V to 4.9 V in 100 mV increments and NCP302 active high output devices, ranging from 0.9 V to 4.9 V in 100 mV increments can be manufactured. Contact your ON Semiconductor representative for availability. The electrical characteristics of these additional devices are shown in Tables 1 and 2.

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<sup>\*</sup>NCV prefix for automotive and other applications requiring site and control changes. NCVxxx:  $T_{low} = -40^{\circ}C$ ,  $T_{high} = +125^{\circ}C$ . Guaranteed by design.

#### **ORDERING INFORMATION**

Device	Threshold Voltage	Output Type	Reset	Marking	Package	Shipping <sup>†</sup>
NCP303LSN33T1	3.3			SCG	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN33T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN34T1	3.4			SCF	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN34T1G					TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN34T1G*				CAT	(Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN36T1	3.6			SCD	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN36T1G					TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN36T1G*				SSC	(Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN38T1	3.8			SCA	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN38T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN40T1	4.0			SBY	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN40T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN42T1	4.2			SBW	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN42T1G					TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN42T1G*				SSE	(Pb-Free)	
NCV303LSN43T1G*	4.3			SBV	1	
NCP303LSN44T1	4.4			SBU	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN44T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCV303LSN44T1*		Open Drain	Active Low	SSF	TSOP-5	3000 / Tape & Reel (7 inch Reel)
NCV303LSN44T1G*		Diam	Low		TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	(7 inch neel)
NCP303LSN45T1	4.5			SBT	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN45T1G					TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN45T1G*				SSG	(Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN46T1	4.6			SBS	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN46T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCV303LSN46T1*				SSH	TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN46T1G*					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN47T1	4.7			SBR	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN47T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCV303LSN47T1*				SSJ	TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN47T1G*					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCP303LSN49T1	4.9			SBP	TSOP-5	
NCP303LSN49T1G					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	
NCV303LSN49T1*				SSI	TSOP-5	
NCV303LSN49T1G*					TSOP-5 (Pb-Free)	

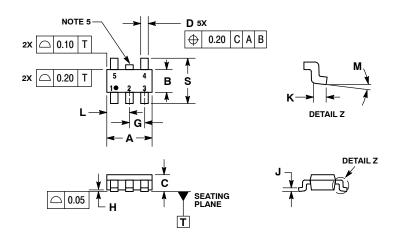
NOTE: The ordering information lists standard undervoltage thresholds with active low outputs. Additional active low threshold devices, ranging from 0.9 V to 4.9 V in 100 mV increments and NCP302 active high output devices, ranging from 0.9 V to 4.9 V in 100 mV increments can be manufactured. Contact your ON Semiconductor representative for availability. The electrical characteristics of these additional devices are shown in Tables 1 and 2.

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#### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

TSOP-5 (SOT-23-5/SC59-5) CASE 483-02 ISSUE H

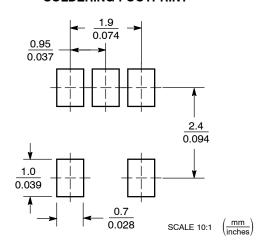


#### NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER
   ASME V14 5M 1994
- ASME Y14.5M, 1994. 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS.
- MAXIMUM LEAD THICKNESS INCLUDES LEAD FINISH THICKNESS. MINIMUM LEAD THICKNESS IS THE MINIMUM THICKNESS OF BASE MATERIAL.
- DIMENSIONS A AND B DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS, OR GATE BURRS.
   OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION: AN
- OPTIONAL CONSTRUCTION: AN ADDITIONAL TRIMMED LEAD IS ALLOWED IN THIS LOCATION. TRIMMED LEAD NOT TO EXTEND MORE THAN 0.2 FROM BODY.

	MILLIMETERS				
DIM	MIN	MAX			
Α	3.00 BSC				
В	1.50 BSC				
C	0.90	1.10			
D	0.25	0.50			
G	0.95 BSC				
Н	0.01	0.10			
ſ	0.10	0.26			
Κ	0.20	0.60			
Ĺ	1.25	1.55			
М	0 °	10°			
S	2.50	3.00			

#### **SOLDERING FOOTPRINT\***



\*For additional information on our Pb-Free strategy and soldering details, please download the ON Semiconductor Soldering and Mounting Techniques Reference Manual, SOLDERRM/D.

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