

4 Groups

- * ASD: $n = 75$
- * Control: $n = 29$
- * Mother: $n = 40$
- * Father: $n = 39$

Untargeted Molecular Profiling

- * HILIC-HRMS (positive mode)
- * RPLC-HRMS (negative mode)

Data Preprocessing

- * Feature detection, alignment, and filtering; batch effect correction

No. of features
HILIC: 10 173
RPLC: 8 011

**Only on the
significant
features**

Data processing

For each familial group

- * Extract residuals after adjusting for age, sex, and batch

Familial pairs: $n = 35$
No. of mutual features
HILIC: 79
RPLC: 45

A) Physiological Analysis

A1) Metabolome-wide association study

For ASD and control groups

- * Logistic regression

No. of significant features
HILIC: 125
RPLC: 66

A2) Putative annotation

- * Match features to chemicals by accurate mass

No. of annotated features
HILIC: 20
RPLC: 10

B) Shared Environment Analysis

B1) Correlations within household

Estimate Spearman's rank correlations

- * ASD-mother, ASD-father

B2) Correlation patterns within household

Create correlation globes

- * Visualize the Spearman's rank correlations matrixes of ASD, mother, father, ASD-mother, ASD-father

B3) Correlations of feature relatedness

- * Examine in ASD-mother, ASD-father
- * Use ASD-control for comparison