

PA 0: Environment Setup, AddressSanitizer and GDB

James Robinson

1. **[System Setup]** I set up a virtual machine using Hyper-V and Ubuntu 20.04. I then installed the necessary packages and softwares.
2. **[C++ Compilation]** I used the terminal and g++ to compile buggy.cpp. I got several errors, all of them in the areas where the 'blanks' were
 - a. I included the vector file as well as the 'using namespace std;' statement.
 - b. I used the 'public' keyword to make it so that the member variables could be accessed outside the class.
 - c. I then changed some of the dot (.) operators to arrow (->) operators so that the pointer's member variables could be accessed.
3. **[Compilation with Symbol Table]** The program then compiled successfully. I added the '-g' tag so that the symbols would show up in the gdb debugger.
4. **[GDB Start/Run/Backtrace]** I ran the program and received this error:

```
Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
0x00000000080013e4 in create_LL (mylist=std::vector of length 3, capacity 3 = {...}, node_num=3) at buggy.cpp:20
20      mylist[i]->val = i;
```

5. **[GDB Breakpoint/Print]** I put a breakpoint on the line where the segmentation fault occurred and found that 'mylist[i]' was a null pointer.

```
(gdb) break 20
Breakpoint 2 at 0x800136f: file buggy.cpp, line 20.
(gdb) run
Starting program: /mnt/c/Users/james/Documents/CSCE 313/PA0/buggy
[Thread debugging using libthread_db enabled]
Using host libthread_db library "/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libthread_db.so.1".

Breakpoint 2, create_LL (mylist=std::vector of length 3, capacity 3 = {...}, node_num=3) at buggy.cpp:20
20      mylist[i]->val = i;
(gdb) print mylist[i]
$1 = (node *) 0x0
```

6. **[C++ Runtime Error Fix (Null-Pointer)]** I fixed this error by writing the statement 'mylist[i] = new node;' before assigning the values.
7. **[C++ Runtime Error Fix (non-NULL garbage value Pointer)]** I then ran into another segmentation fault and found that the for loop at the end of the create_LL function was iterating one too many times. To fix this I had it iterate while 'i < node_num - 1'.

```
Program received signal SIGSEGV, Segmentation fault.
0x0000000008000cf6 in sum_LL (ptr=0x21) at buggy.cpp:33
33      ret += ptr->val;
```

8. [Deletion of Dynamically Allocated Memory] I then wrote code using the 'delete' keyword to free up the memory that was allocated.

```
//Step4: delete nodes
//Blank D
for (int i = 0; i < NODE_NUM; i++) {
    delete mylist[i];
}
```

9. [AddressSanitizer] I then repeated these steps while using AddressSanitizer and got different error messages that helped me understand how memory leaks were occurring. I fixed the same compilation errors and then got run time errors from AddressSanitizer.

```
SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: heap-buffer-overflow /mnt/c/Users/james/Documents/CSCE 313/PA0/buggy.cpp:26 in create_LL(std::vector<node*, std::allocator<node*> >&, int)
Shadow bytes around the buggy address:
 0x0c067fff7fb0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 0x0c067fff7fc0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 0x0c067fff7fd0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 0x0c067fff7fe0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 0x0c067fff7ff0: 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
=>0x0c067fff8000: fa fa 00 00 00[fa]fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
 0x0c067fff8010: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
 0x0c067fff8020: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
 0x0c067fff8030: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
 0x0c067fff8040: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
 0x0c067fff8050: fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa fa
Shadow byte legend (one shadow byte represents 8 application bytes):
Addressable: 00
Partially addressable: 01 02 03 04 05 06 07
Heap left redzone: fa
Freed heap region: fd
Stack left redzone: f1
Stack mid redzone: f2
Stack right redzone: f3
Stack after return: f5
Stack use after scope: f8
Global redzone: f9
Global init order: f6
Poisoned by user: f7
Container overflow: fc
Array cookie: ac
Intra object redzone: bb
ASan internal: fe
Left alloca redzone: ca
Right alloca redzone: cb
==5009==ABORTING
[Inferior 1 (process 5009) exited with code 01]
```

I instantiated the pointers to the nodes in the linked list but got the below output when I did not delete them.

```
==5060==ERROR: LeakSanitizer: detected memory leaks

Direct leak of 16 byte(s) in 1 object(s) allocated from:
 #0 0x7ffa6f520448 in operator new(unsigned long) (/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libasan.so.4+0xe0448)
 #1 0x7ffa7080134e in create_LL(std::vector<node*, std::allocator<node*> >&, int) /mnt/c/Users/james/Documents/CSCE 313/PA0/buggy.cpp:19
 #2 0x7ffa708016ba in main /mnt/c/Users/james/Documents/CSCE 313/PA0/buggy.cpp:43
 #3 0x7ffa6eab1b96 in __libc_start_main (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6+0x21b96)

Indirect leak of 32 byte(s) in 2 object(s) allocated from:
 #0 0x7ffa6f520448 in operator new(unsigned long) (/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libasan.so.4+0xe0448)
 #1 0x7ffa7080134e in create_LL(std::vector<node*, std::allocator<node*> >&, int) /mnt/c/Users/james/Documents/CSCE 313/PA0/buggy.cpp:19
 #2 0x7ffa708016ba in main /mnt/c/Users/james/Documents/CSCE 313/PA0/buggy.cpp:43
 #3 0x7ffa6eab1b96 in __libc_start_main (/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6+0x21b96)

SUMMARY: AddressSanitizer: 48 byte(s) leaked in 3 allocation(s).

==5024==LeakSanitizer has encountered a fatal error.
==5024==HINT: For debugging, try setting environment variable LSAN_OPTIONS=verbosity=1:log_threads=1
==5024==HINT: LeakSanitizer does not work under ptrace (strace, gdb, etc)
[Inferior 1 (process 5024) exited with code 01]
```

But with the completed correct code, gdb with and without AddressSanitizer outputted the

```
The sum of nodes in LL is 3
```

The image shows a Visual Studio Code editor with a C++ project named "buggy.cpp". The code defines a linked list structure and a function to calculate the sum of all nodes. The output shows the sum is 80.

```
1 // Node structure
2 struct Node {
3     int data;
4     Node* next;
5 };
6
7 // Function to create a new node
8 Node* createNode(int data) {
9     Node* newNode = new Node;
10    newNode->data = data;
11    newNode->next = nullptr;
12    return newNode;
13 }
14
15 // Function to insert a new node at the end of the list
16 void insertAtEnd(Node*& head, int data) {
17     if (head == nullptr) {
18         head = createNode(data);
19         return;
20     }
21     Node* temp = head;
22     while (temp->next != nullptr) {
23         temp = temp->next;
24     }
25     temp->next = createNode(data);
26 }
27
28 // Function to calculate the sum of all nodes in the list
29 int sumLL(Node* head) {
30     int sum = 0;
31     Node* temp = head;
32     while (temp != nullptr) {
33         sum += temp->data;
34         temp = temp->next;
35     }
36     return sum;
37 }
38
39 // Main function
40 int main(int argc, char** argv) {
41     const int NODE_NUM = 3;
42     vector<Node*> mylist;
43     createLL(mylist, NODE_NUM);
44     int ret = sumLL(mylist[0]);
45     cout << "The sum of nodes in LL is " << ret << endl;
46
47     //Step4: Delete nodes
48     //Print 0
49     for (int i = 0; i < NODE_NUM; i++) {
50         delete mylist[i];
51     }
52 }
53
```

The output shows the sum of nodes in the linked list is 80.

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25     temp->next = createNode(data);
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