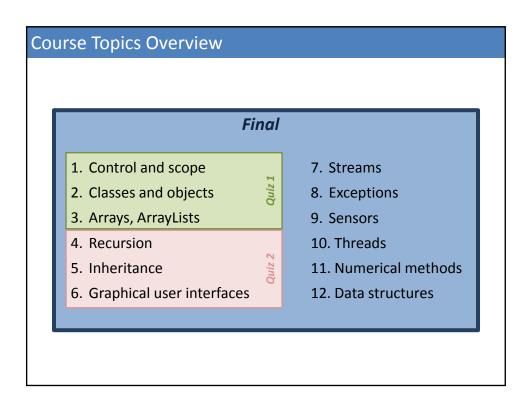
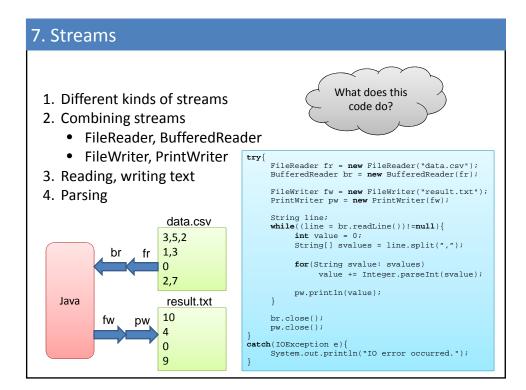
1.00/1.001
Spring 2012
Final Review





```
8. Exceptions
                            public static void main(String[] args) {
                               try{
                                   someMethod( 2);
  1. Syntax
     • try
     throw
     catch
                               catch(FavoriteException e){
                                   System.out.println("Ack!");
 2. Inheritance
  3. Used with streams
                            public void someMethod(int a)
                                       throws FavoriteException
                               if (a<0)
      What does this
                                   throw new FavoriteException();
        code do?
                               System.out.println(a);
                        class FavoriteException extends Exception {
                            public FavoriteException(){ }
```

```
8. Exceptions
                           public static void main(String[] args) {
 1. Syntax
                                   someMethod(-2);
     try
     throw
                               catch(FavoriteException e){
     catch
                                   System.out.println("Ack!");
 2. Inheritance
 3. Used with streams
                           public void someMethod(int a)
                                      throws FavoriteException
                               if (a<0)
      What does this
                                  throw new FavoriteException();
        code do?
                               System.out.println(a);
                        class FavoriteException extends Exception {
                           public FavoriteException(){ }
```

```
8. Exceptions
                            public static void main(String[] args) {
                                   someMethod(-2);
  1. Syntax
     • try
                               catch(Exception e){
                                   System.out.println("Oops!");
     throw
     catch
                               catch(FavoriteException e){
                                   System.out.println("Ack!");
 2. Inheritance
  3. Used with streams
                            public void someMethod(int a)
                                       throws FavoriteException
                               if (a<0)
      What does this
                                   throw new FavoriteException();
        code do?
                               System.out.println(a);
                        class FavoriteException extends Exception {
                            public FavoriteException(){ }
```

## 9. Sensors

1. Sensor change listener

2. Compare with action listener

# 10. Threads

- 1. Process vs. thread
- 2. Thread class
- 3. Runnable interface
- 4. Synchronization

```
public class Parallel extends Thread {
   private static int j = 1;
   public static void main(String[] args) {
        doThis("Main");
        doThis("Parallel");
   }

   public static void doThis(String a) {
        for (int i=1; i<=200; i++) {
            System.out.println((j++) + " " + a);
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

## 10. Threads

- 1. Process vs. thread
- 2. Thread class
- 3. Runnable interface
- 4. Synchronization

Make separate thread

```
public class Parallel extends Thread {
   private static int j = 1;

   public static void main(String[] args) {
        Thread p = new Parallel();
        p.start();
        doThis("Main");

   }

   public void run() {
        doThis("Parallel");
   }

   public static void doThis(String a) {
        for (int i=1; i<=200; i++) {
            System.out.println((j++) + " " + a);
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

#### 10. Threads

- 1. Process vs. thread
- 2. Thread class
- 3. Runnable interface
- 4. Synchronization

Make separate thread

Pause 20ms in

```
public class Parallel extends Thread {
    private static int j = 1;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Thread p = new Parallel();
        p.start();
        doThis("Main");
    }
    public void run() {
         doThis("Parallel");
    public static void doThis(String a){
        for (int i=1; i<=200; i++) {</pre>
             System.out.println((j++) + " " + a);
                 Thread.sleep(20);
             } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
        }
   }
```

#### 10. Threads

- 1. Process vs. thread
- 2. Thread class
- 3. Runnable interface
- 4. Synchronization

Make separate thread

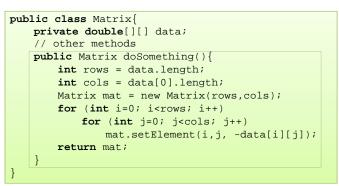
Pause 20ms in

Prevent parallel access to j

```
public class Parallel extends Thread {
    private static int j = 1;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Thread p = new Parallel();
        p.start();
        doThis("Main");
    }
    public void run() {
         doThis("Parallel");
    public synchronized static void doThis(String a) {
        for (int i=1; i<=200; i++) {</pre>
            System.out.println((j++) + " " + a);
             try {
                 Thread.sleep(20);
             } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
    }
```

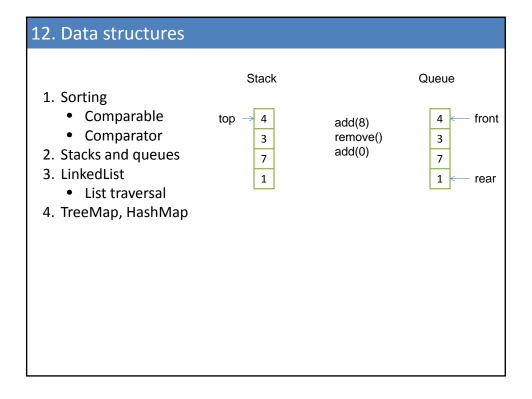
## 11. Numerical methods

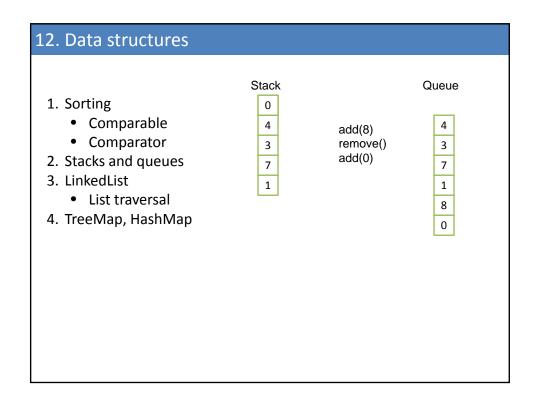
- 1. Matrices
  - Based on 2D array
  - Matrix manipulation
- 2. Integration methods
- 3. Root finding methods



What does this

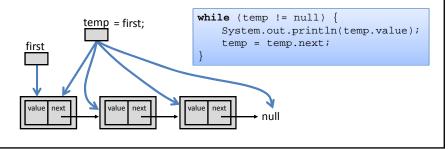
code do?





## 12. Data structures

- 1. Sorting
  - Comparable
  - Comparator
- 2. Stacks and queues
- 3. LinkedList
  - List traversal
- 4. TreeMap, HashMap



## **Previous Finals**

#### Fall 2011

- 1. True/false
- 2. Data structures
- 3. Matrices
- 4. Streams
- 5. Sensors

# Spring 2010

- 1. Classes, inheritance
- 2. Exceptions
- 3. Sorting, hashing
- 4. Matrices and recursion
- 5. Streams and Swing
- 6. Data structures

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