21.01

What is Physics?

- $\mathbf{Physics} =$ the study of physical phenomenon and the mechanisms that cause them
 - This class is focused on **electromagnetism**
- Physics first discovered by the Greek philosophers
 - Rub piece of amber and it "pulls" straw near it
- Hans Christian Oersted = physicist who discovered the *unity* of electricity and magnetism(~1820)
 - Prior to this, the two phenomenon were assumed to be independent of one another
- Michael Faraday = physicist that pioneered much of the properties of electromagnetism
 - Didn't break these laws down into concrete formulas
 - * Physicists *love* them some formulas
- James Clerk Maxwell = physicist who made Faraday's discoveries more conrete
 - Created Maxwell's Equations
 - * Gauss's Law

Gaus:

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{E} = \frac{\rho}{\epsilon_0}$$

* Gauss's Law for Magnetism

$$\nabla \cdot \mathbf{B} = 0$$

* Faraday's Law of Induction

$$\nabla \times \mathbf{E} = -\frac{\delta \mathbf{B}}{\delta t}$$

* Ampere's Circuital Law

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$$\nabla \times \mathbf{B} = \mu_0 \left(\mathbf{J} + \epsilon_0 \frac{\delta \mathbf{E}}{\delta t} \right)$$