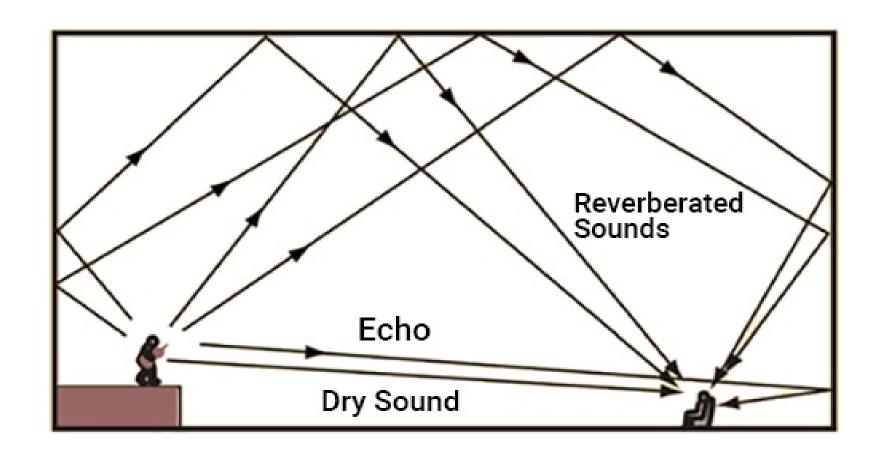
### Remove reverb from sound

## Reverb = echo from walls



• source: https://www.softdb.com/what-is-reverberation-in-acoustical-analysis/

### Use cases

#### 1) professional music production

- real time
- high quality

#### 2) home recordings

- post production for e.g. youtubers
- not real time

#### 3) speech transfer

- zoom, phone calls
- real time
- lower quality is sufficient

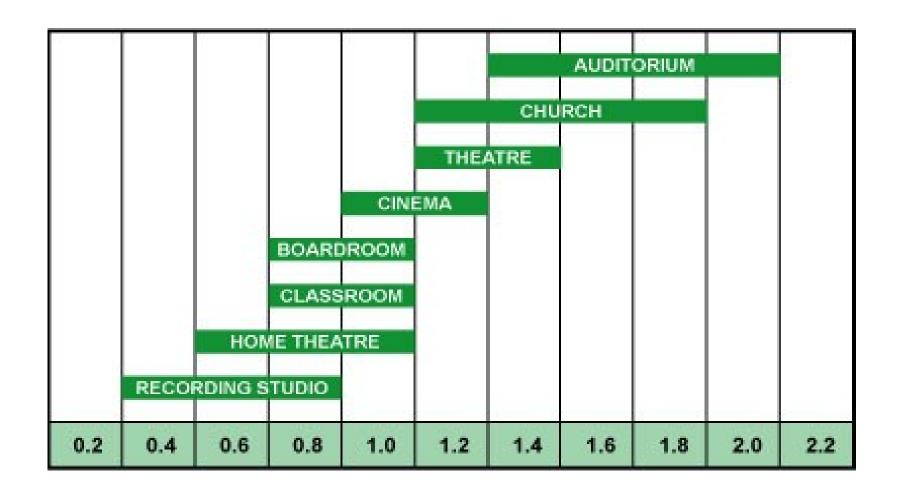
### Generate sound with reverb

anechoic sound + convolution with IR = sound with reverb

$$\int_{0}^{t} f(t-y)g(y)dy = h(t)$$

- IR: impulse response characterizes the room acoustics
- can be computed with FFT
- depends on:
  - room size and shape
  - position of source and receiver
  - shape and size of objects in the room

### Reverberation times



• source : https://www.primacoustic.com/broadway-panels/science/common-reverberation-times/

#### Remove reverb from sound by deconvolution

- deconvolution with known IR
- can be done by FFT
- numerically unstable: strong amplification of even small noise
- better, but not perfect: Wiener deconvolution

#### Blind dereverberation

deconvolution with unknown IR

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- one possible approach:
  - sample space of relevant IR sufficiently
  - classify IRs with a neural network
  - deconvolve by Wiener deconvolution

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# Blind dereverberation