OpenStreetMap Data Case Study - Project 3

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Map Area: I selected Columbus, Ohio, USA as it is the city I've spent the most time in.

- · Location: Columbus. Ohio
- [OpenStreetMap URL) (https://www.openstreetmap.org/export#map=11/39.9832/-82.9907)

Data Audit

Unique Tags

The XML file utilizes many tags to structure the data. Using mapparser.py I counted the number of each unique tag respectively from columbusOH.osm. The code for this is mapparser.py taken from the class case study.

'node': 1502751
'member': 38206,
'nd': 1837440,
'tag': 687442,
'bounds': 1,
'note': 526,
'meta': 91356,
'relation': 77866

'way' : 177854'osm' : 1

Patterns

This set of pattern checks was run on the entire osmfile vs the sample that's in the root folder and utilizes regular expressions. tags.py contains the necessary code to count these 4 categories.

- "lower": 429525 Tags that only contain low ercase letters and pass the validity checks.
- "lower_colon" : 244778 Tags that are otherwise valid, yet have colons in their name.
- "problemchars" : 0 Tags with problematic characters such as "=", "+", "&", ",", "?" and more.
- \bullet "other" : 13139 Any other tags that don't fit in the 3 prior categories

Problems In Data

The most significant issue that had to be addressed was the inconsistency in the street names and their abbreviations. In order to correct these the following functions were utilized within the audit.py file:

- $\bullet \quad {\tt audit_street_type} \ : \textbf{Determines if the street name is within the list of expected names}$
- street_name : Tests whether the 'k' attribute matches the key for street data (addr:street)
- audit : Returns a dictionary of key, value pairs which meet the criteria in the preceding functions
- update_name : Actually does the update on the street name

Data Overview

File Sizes

columbusOH.osm: 324 MB
nodes.csv: 124MB
nodes_tags.csv: 3.37 MB
ways.csv: 10.5 MB
ways_nodes.csv: 43.7 MB
ways_tags.csv: 20.2 MB
cbus.db: 171 MB

${\bf Number\ of\ Nodes:}$

sqlite> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM NODES

Output: 1502751

*Number of Ways:

```
sqlite> SELECT COUNT(*) FROM NODES
```

Output: 177854

A Count by type of the top 15 Node Tags

```
sqlite> SELECT DISTINCT TYPE, COUNT(ID) as TYPE_COUNT
FROM NODES_TAGS
GROUP BY TYPE
ORDER BY TYPE_COUNT DESC
LIMIT 15;
```

Output:

```
regular
             l 76620
addr
              7879
gnis
              4409
species
              | 1396
fire_hydrant
              572
traffic_signals | 404
brand
contact
              | 121
payment
              | 79
              77
tower
name
              | 50
historic
              42
service
              | 39
surveillance
             | 38
```

Number of Unique users:

```
sqlite> select COUNT(DISTINCT(u.uid)) FROM (SELECT uid FROM nodes UNION all select uid from ways) u;
```

Output: 1151

Top Contributors:

```
sqlite> SELECT USER, COUNT(*) AS EDITS
FROM (SELECT USER FROM NODES UNION ALL SELECT USER FROM WAYS) GROUP BY USER
ORDER BY EDITS DESC
LIMIT 10;
```

Output:

```
woodpeck_fixbot
doktorpixel14
                 167004
                 | 157726
Anonononon
                 150409
Nimbalo
MerlinPendragon
                 108529
duck57
                 88834
AndrewSP37
                 87877
               69057
Vid the Kid
kbzimmer
                 61976
```

Popular Restaurants by Cuisine

```
sqlite> SELECT NODES_TAGS.VALUE, COUNT(*) AS NUM FROM NODES_TAGS

JOIN (SELECT DISTINCT(ID) FROM NODES_TAGS WHERE VALUE="restaurant") r on nodes_tags.id=r.id

WHERE NODES_TAGS.KEY = 'cuisine'

GROUP BY nodes_tags.value

ORDER BY NUM DESC

LIMIT 15;
```

Output:

```
| 33
| 26
| 22
pizza
american
chinese
mexican
                  16
sandwich
                  | 14
italian
asian
                  | 10
                  8
ice_cream
                  | 6
indian
greek
japanese
sushi
                 | 5
burger
chicken;american | 3
                  | 2
barbecue
```

Greatest number of Worship Centers by Religion:

```
sqlite> SELECT NODES_TAGS.VALUE, COUNT(*) AS NUM FROM NODES_TAGS

JOIN (SELECT DISTINCT(ID) FROM NODES_TAGS WHERE VALUE = "place_of_worship") a

ON NODES_TAGS.ID = A.ID

WHERE NODES_TAGS.KEY = "religion"

GROUP BY NODES_TAGS.VALUE

ORDER BY NUM DESC

LIMIT 3;
```

Output:

```
christian | 536
muslim | 2
jewish | 1
```