

the filesystem looks visually like this:

```
- / (dir)
  - a (dir)
    - e (dir)
      - i (file, size=584)
    - f (file, size=29116)
    - g (file, size=2557)
    - h.lst (file, size=62596)
  - b.txt (file, size=14848514)
  - c.dat (file, size=8504156)
  - d (dir)
    - j (file, size=4060174)
    - d.log (file, size=8033020)
    - d.ext (file, size=5626152)
    - k (file, size=7214296)
```

Here, there are four directories: `/` (the outermost directory), `a` and `d` (which are in `/`), and `e` (which is in `a`). These directories also contain files of various sizes.

Since the disk is full, your first step should probably be to find directories that are good candidates for deletion. To do this, you need to determine the **total size** of each directory. The total size of a directory is the sum of the sizes of the files it contains, directly or indirectly. (Directories themselves do not count as having any intrinsic size.)

The total sizes of the directories above can be found as follows:

- The total size of directory `e` is **584** because it contains a single file `i` of size 584 and no other directories.
- The directory `a` has total size **94853** because it contains files `f` (size 29116), `g` (size 2557), and `h.lst` (size 62596), plus file `i` indirectly (`a` contains `e` which contains `i`).
- Directory `d` has total size **24933642**.
- As the outermost directory, `/` contains every file. Its total size is **48381165**, the sum of the size of every file.

To begin, find all of the directories with a total size of at most 100000, then calculate the sum of their total sizes. In the example above, these directories are `a` and `e`; the sum of their total sizes is **95437** (94853 + 584). (As in this example, this process can count files more than once!)

Find all of the directories with a total size of at most 100000. What is the sum of the total sizes of those directories?

Your puzzle answer was **1432936**.

--- Part Two ---

Now, you're ready to choose a directory to delete.

The total disk space available to the filesystem is **70000000**. To run the update, you need unused space of at least **30000000**. You need to find a directory you can delete that will **free up enough space** to run the update.

In the example above, the total size of the outermost directory (and thus the total amount of used space) is **48381165**; this means that the size of the **unused** space must currently be **21618835**, which isn't quite the **30000000** required by the update. Therefore, the update still requires a directory with total size of at least **8381165** to be deleted before it can run.

To achieve this, you have the following options:

- Delete directory `e`, which would increase unused space by **584**.
- Delete directory `a`, which would increase unused space by **94853**.
- Delete directory `d`, which would increase unused space by **24933642**.
- Delete directory `/`, which would increase unused space by **48381165**.

Directories `e` and `a` are both too small; deleting them would not free up enough space. However, directories `d` and `/` are both big enough! Between these, choose the **smallest**: `d`, increasing unused space by `24933642`.

Find the smallest directory that, if deleted, would free up enough space on the filesystem to run the update. What is the total size of that directory?

Your puzzle answer was `272298`.

Both parts of this puzzle are complete! They provide two gold stars: **

At this point, you should [return to your Advent calendar](#) and try another puzzle.

If you still want to see it, you can [get your puzzle input](#).

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