

**JAKUB HAJEK**

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# **CONTAINER ORCHESTRATION WITH TRAEFIK 2.X**

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# INTRODUCTION

- ▶ I am the owner and technical consultant working for Cometari
- ▶ I've been system admin since 1998
- ▶ Cometari is a solutions company implementing DevOps culture and providing consultancy, workshops and software services.
- ▶ Our expertise are DevOps, Elastic Stack - log analysis, Cloud
- ▶ We are deeply involved in the travel tech industry
- ▶ However our solutions go much further than just integrating travel API's.



"I strongly believe that implementing **DevOps** culture, across the entire organisation, should provide measurable value and solve the real issue rather than generate a new one."

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Jakub Hajek, Cometari



**The goal of this presentation** is to show you how we work with distributed systems and how Traefik makes our daily work easier.

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# CONTAINERS

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# IMMUTABLE CONTAINERS

- ▶ Mutable vs Immutable
- ▶ No incremental changes to the image
- ▶ No more drifting configuration
- ▶ (No) imperative updates
- ▶ Base image + source code = An artefact / immutable image
- ▶ The artefact is scaling unit in distributed systems
- ▶ Canary and mirror deployments
- ▶ Rollback if an error occurs



Immutable containers are at the core of any distributed systems

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**TRAEFIK 2.X**

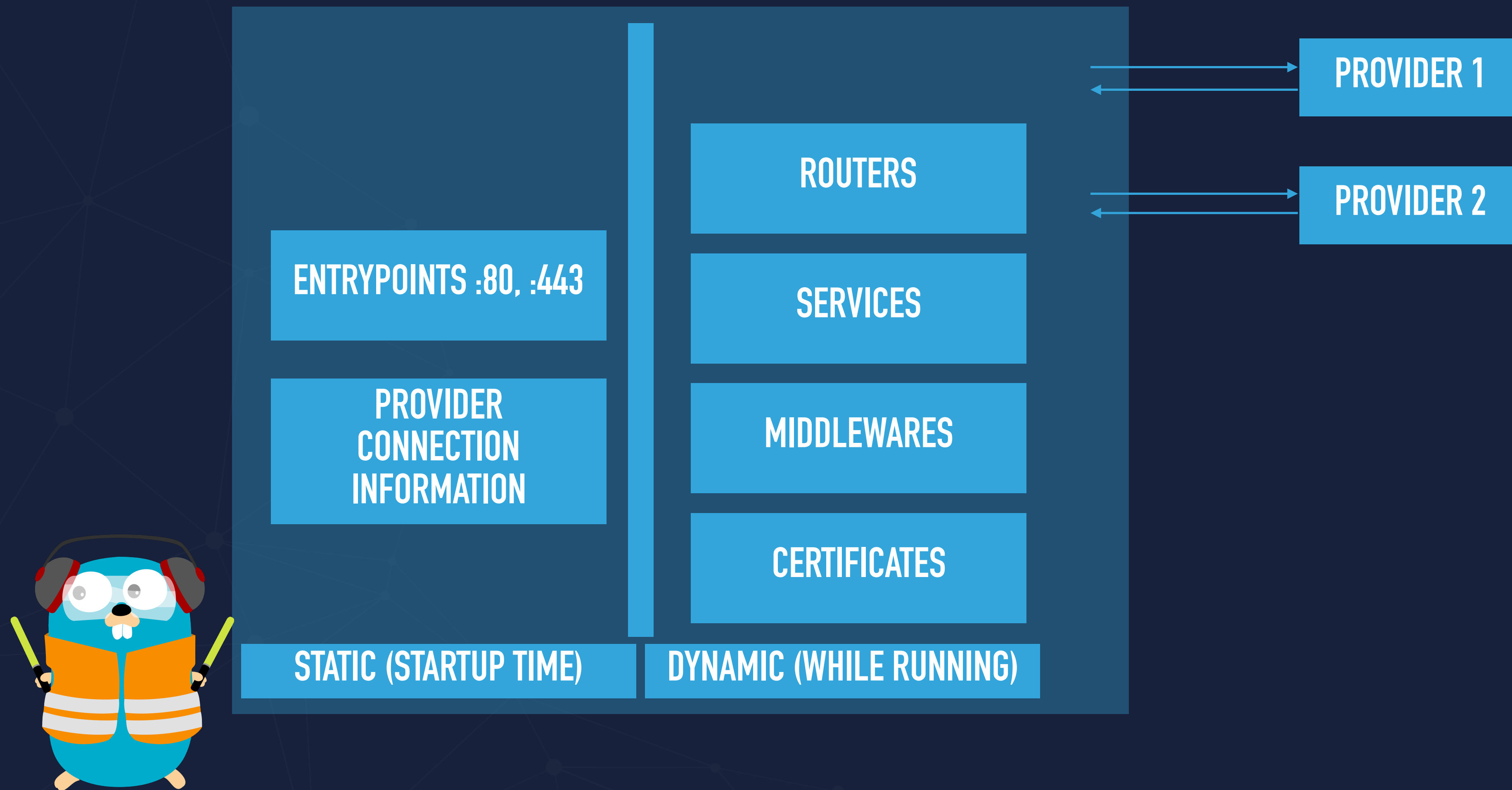


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# TRAEFIK 2.X KEY FEATURES

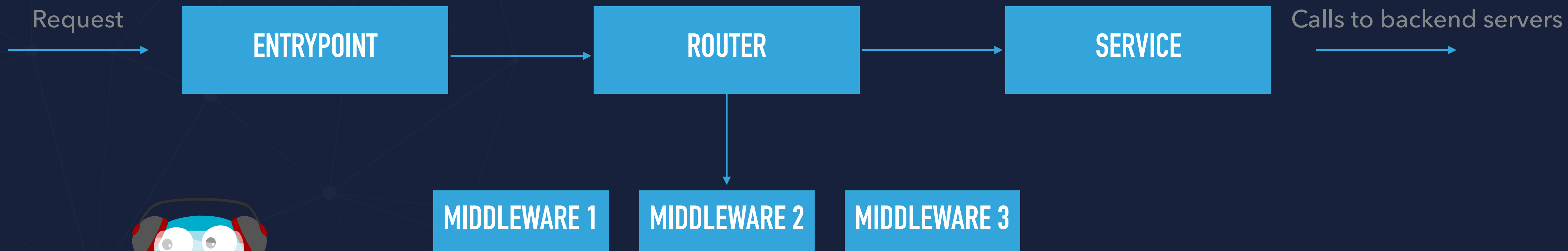
- ▶ TCP support
- ▶ **ROUTER**= frontend, **SERVICE**=backend, **MIDDLEWARES**=rules
- ▶ Fully customisable routes via middleware, which can be reused on many routers
- ▶ YAML, TOML is still good
- ▶ A new dashboard with web UI
- ▶ **Canary** deployment with Service Load balancer
- ▶ Network traffic **Mirroring** with Service Load balancer
- ▶ Consul catalog

# Traefik configuration introduction



# Tweaking request before / after the arrives to their destination

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## MIRRORING OR LIVE TRAFFIC SHADOW

- ▶ Understand difference between **Deployment** vs **Release**
- ▶ **Deployment** brings new code to the production, **no production traffic yet!**
- ▶ Run smoke, integration tests to make sure that new deployment has no impact to your users
- ▶ **Release** brings live traffic to a deployment.
  - ▶ We can shadow live traffic to the new deployment and reduce the risk of failure.

# Mirroring with Service Load Balancer



<https://github.com/containous/traefik/issues/2989>

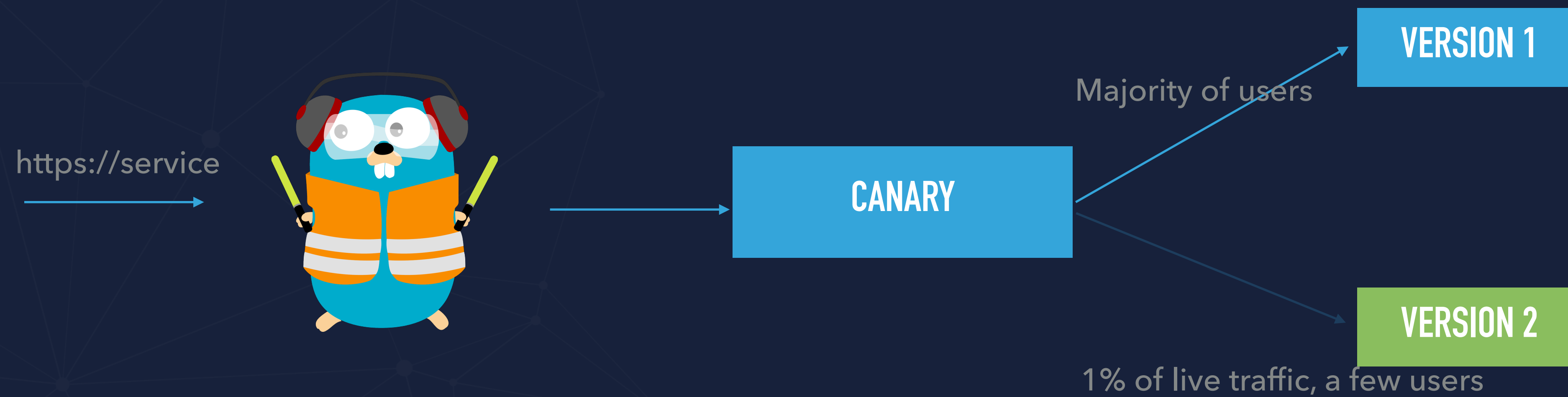
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# CANARY DEPLOYMENT

- ▶ **Deployment vs Release**
- ▶ Instead of switching to new version in one step, we use a phased approach
- ▶ We **deploy** a new app in a small part of the production infrastructure
- ▶ Only **a few users (1%)** are routed to the newest version (**Release**)
- ▶ With no errors reported, the new version can be released to the rest of the infrastructure.

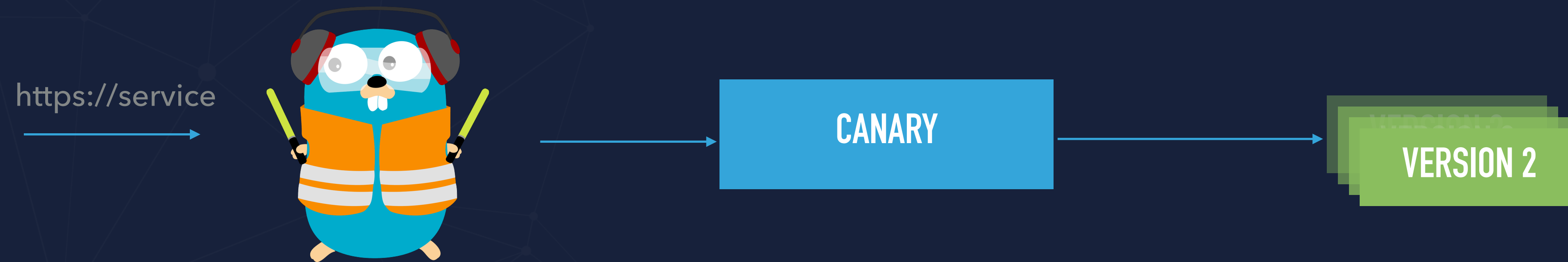


# Canary deployment with Service Load balancers



<https://github.com/containous/traefik/issues/1164>

# Canary deployment with Service Load balancers





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## IMMUTABLE CONTAINER WITH TRAEFIK

- ▶ Custom image with Traefik with added SSL certificate into image
- ▶ Configuration files added directly to the image
- ▶ Works perfectly if you bought SSL cert and don't use dynamically updated Let's Encrypt
- ▶ Horizontal scalability is simple, no need to care about the persistence for Let's Encrypt certificates

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# OBSERVABILITY

- ▶ Enable Prometheus or any other backend
- ▶ Use Grafana to visualise metrics
- ▶ Use existing dashboards to visualise data (or develop your own)

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## LOGGING AND VISUALISING ACCESS LOGS

- ▶ Traefik logs are in JSON including startup and errors events
- ▶ Access logs are written to STDOUT in JSON format.
- ▶ Treat logs as an event and transfer them to external system (Elastic Stack + Fluentd)
- ▶ Use Kibana and Logs tab to have live data streaming
- ▶ Develop dashboard with a map and place GEO points of IP addresses

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## CONFIGURATION TIPS

- ▶ Don't mix **static** configuration vs **dynamic** configuration
- ▶ **CLI** command can be used for static config or if you prefer you can define config file as well
- ▶ **Labels** can be used to define dynamic configuration or config files
  - ▶ directory with WATCH flag enabled as well
- ▶ More **advanced** rules configuration via middleware are dynamically defined
- ▶ The most flexible is to run **Traefik** as container, instead of binary directly from host
- ▶ **Healthcheck** for your services are crucial



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# DEMO ENVIRONMENT

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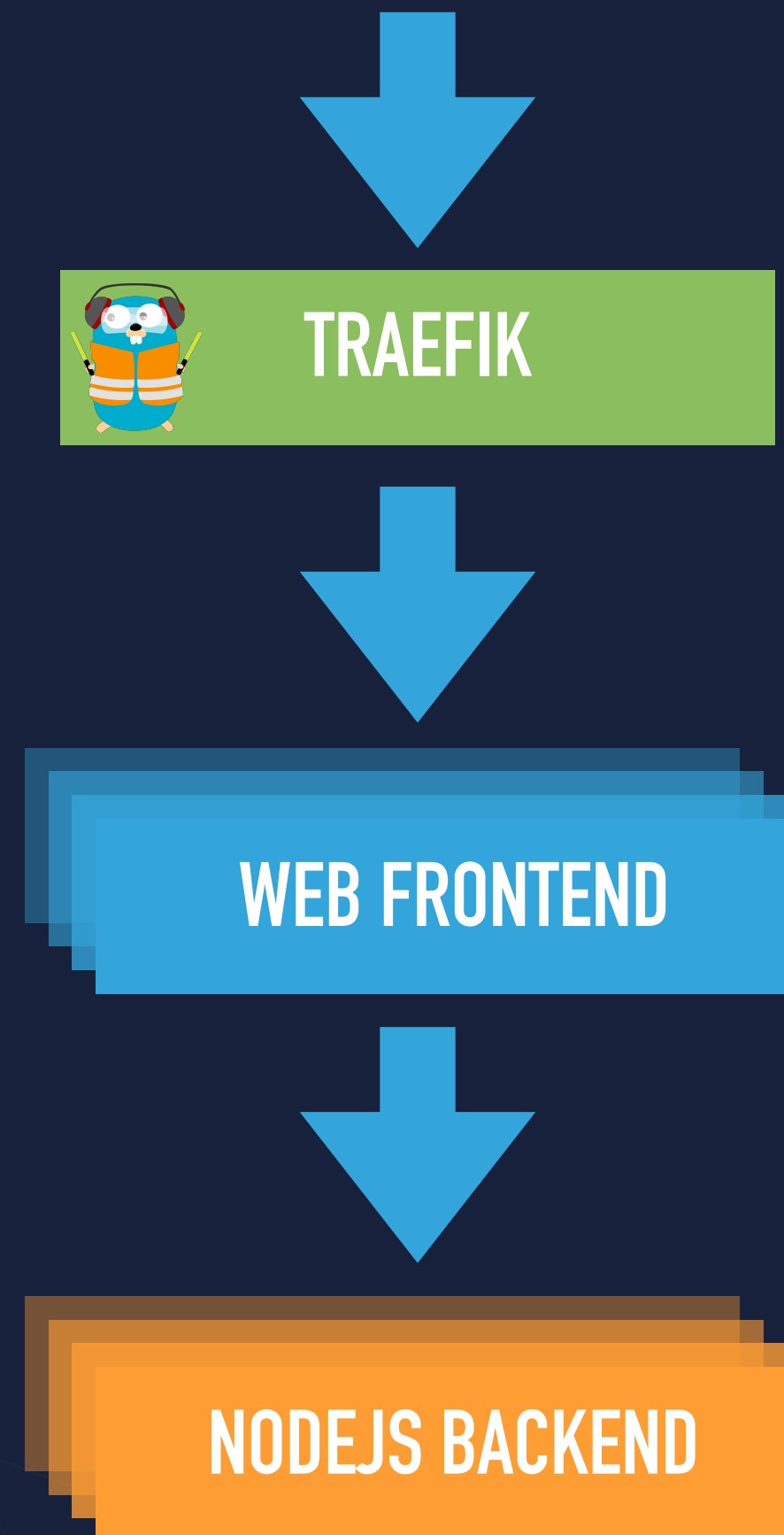
# DEMO ENVIRONMENT IN DETAILS

- ▶ Docker Swarm cluster\* consisting of 4 nodes
- ▶ SSL certs issued by Lets Encrypt
- ▶ FQDN domains:
  - ▶ <https://traefik.labs.cometari.eu>
  - ▶ <https://node-app.labs.cometari.eu>
  - ▶ <https://canary.labs.cometari.eu>
- ▶ DNS Round Robin: Route 53 with its implemented health checks
- ▶ Prometheus and Grafana
- ▶ Elastic stack, Fluentd to store and visualise data logs
- ▶ Web Server and NodeJS backend
- ▶ Stacks: Traefik, App stack, Consul for consul catalog



# Diagram of demo environment

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# Overview of configuration files!

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**DEMO TIME**

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## DEMO SCENARIOS

- ▶ Web UI to see how services are deployed
- ▶ Scaling services and generating some network traffic via Slapper
- ▶ Example of **Canary** deployment
- ▶ Metrics from Traefik in open metrics format

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# SUMMARY

- ▶ Traefik provides flexible way to expose services, auto discovery
- ▶ It can be configured in multiple way, there are no ready to use config - just refer to configuration tips
- ▶ Fully customise routes via middlewares
- ▶ Easily integrates with every major cluster technology
- ▶ Lets Encrypt integrated, managing SSL certs is easy
- ▶ Metrics, Tracing, Logs
- ▶ Rolling out releases thanks to Canary deployments
- ▶ Mirroring - duplicating incoming request and send them to different services.

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THANK YOU