# Laboratorium 5 Testy jednostkowe

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Po przeanalizowaniu testów oraz treści zadania doszliśmy do wniosku, że jedyny test który wymaga korekty to test dla wartości produktu 2. Zmieniliśmy oczekiwany wynik tak aby wartość była liczona dla podatku 23%

Resztę testów pozostawiliśmy bez zmian gdyż zaokrąglenia przy tak małych wartościach nie wpływają na wynik.

Następnie ustawiliśmy nową wartość podatku. Od teraz ma on wartość 23%

```
public class Order {
    private static final BigDecimal TAX_VALUE = BigDecimal.valueOf(1.23);
    private final UUID id;
    private final Product product;
    private boolean paid;
    private Shipment shipment;
    private ShipmentMethod;
    private PaymentMethod paymentMethod;
```

### I uruchomiliśmy testy

```
✓ ✓ Test Results

115 ms

Testing started at 19:44 ...

> ✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.Orc 103 ms

> ✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.Mone 4 ms

> ✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.Prodl 1 ms

> ✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.Addre 1 ms

> ✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.Addre 1 ms

> ✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.Shipn 6 ms

> ✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.Shipn 6 ms

> ✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.Shipn 6 ms

> Task :compileTestJava UP-TO-DATE

> Task :processTestResources NO-SOURCE

> Task :testClasses UP-TO-DATE

> Task :test

BUILD SUCCESSFUL in 888ms

3 actionable tasks: 2 executed, 1 up-to-date

19:44:46: Task execution finished ':test --tests *'.
```

Zaczęliśmy od zmodyfikowania klasy Order w taki sposób aby możliwe było przechowywanie listy produktów. Wprowadzone modyfikacje nie obejmują jeszcze implementacji metod. Ich celem jest poprawna kompilacja z testami.

```
public class Order {
    private static final BigDecimal TAX_VALUE = BigDecimal.valueOf(1.23);
    private final UUID id;

// private final Product product;
    private boolean paid;
    private Shipment shipment;
    private ShipmentMethod shipmentMethod;

private PaymentMethod paymentMethod;

public Order(List<Product> products) {
        this.product = product;
        id = UUID.randomUUID();
        paid = false;
    }
}
```

```
public BigDecimal getPrice() { return null; }
public List<Product> getProducts() { return null; }
```

Następnie zmodyfikowaliśmy testy.

```
private Order getOrderWithMockedProduct() {
    Product product = mock(Product.class);
    return new Order(Collections.singletonList(product));
}
```

```
public void testGetProductThroughOrder() {
    // given
    Product expectedProduct = mock(Product.class);
    Order order = new Order(Collections.singletonList(expectedProduct));

    // when
    Product actualProduct = order.getProducts().get(0);

    // then
    assertSame(expectedProduct, actualProduct);
}
```

```
public void testGetPrice() throws Exception {
    // given
    BigDecimal expectedProductPrice = BigDecimal.valueOf(1000);
    Product product = mock(Product.class);
    given(product.getPrice()).willReturn(expectedProductPrice);
    Order order = new Order(Collections.singletonList(product));

    // when
    BigDecimal actualProductPrice = order.getPrice();

    // then
    assertBigDecimalCompareValue(expectedProductPrice, actualProductPrice);
}
```

```
private Order getOrderWithCertainProductPrice(double productPriceValue) {
    BigDecimal productPrice = BigDecimal.valueOf(productPriceValue);
    Product product = mock(Product.class);
    given(product.getPrice()).willReturn(productPrice);
    return new Order(Collections.singletonList(product));
}
```

Dopisaliśmy również test sprawdzający działanie tworzenia zamówienia z pustą listą produktów

```
@Test
public void testEmptyList(){
    //given
    List<Product> productList = new ArrayList<>();

    //when then
    assertThrows(IllegalArgumentException.class, () -> {Order order = new Order(productList);});
}
```

Oraz test który sprawdza działanie tworzenia zamówienia gdy lista nie istnieje (jest nullem)

```
@Test
public void testEmptyList(){
    //given
    List<Product> productList = new ArrayList<>();

    //when then
    assertThrows(IllegalArgumentException.class, () -> {Order order = new Order(productList);});
}
```

Następnie uruchomiliśmy testy

```
Test Results
Dl.edu.agh.internetshop.OrderTest
     testPriceWithTaxesWithRoundUp()
     testPriceWithTaxesWithRoundDown()
    testGetPrice()
    testNullList()

✓ testWhetherIdExists()

    testEmptyList()

✓ testShipmentWithoutSetting()

    testGetProductThroughOrder()
    testSetShipment()

✓ testIsPaidWithoutPaying()

     testSetPaymentMethod()

✓ testSending()

✓ testPaying()

✓ testIsSentWithoutSending()

     testPriceWithTaxesWithoutRoundUp()

✓ testSetShipmentMethod()

✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.ProductTest

✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.AddressTest

v pl.edu.agh.internetshop.ShipmentTest
v pl.edu.agh.internetshop.MoneyTransferTest
```

Część z nich zgodnie z oczekiwaniami nie przeszła.

Następnie przeszliśmy do zmodyfikowania klasy Order tak aby przechodziła testy. Zmieniliśmy atrybut Product product na List<Product> products, zmodyfikowaliśmy konstruktor oraz metodę getPrice tak, aby obliczała cenę zamówienia jako sumę cen produktów.

```
public class Order {
    private static final BigDecimal TAX_VALUE = BigDecimal.vαlueOf(1.23);
    private final UUID id;
    private final List<Product> products;
    private boolean paid;
    private Shipment shipment;
    private ShipmentMethod shipmentMethod;
    private PaymentMethod paymentMethod;
```

```
public Order(List<Product> products) {
   if (products == null)
        throw new NullPointerException("List cannot be null");
   if (products.isEmpty())
        throw new IllegalArgumentException("List cannot be empty");
   this.products = products;
   id = UUID.randomUUID();
   paid = false;
}
```

```
public List<Product> getProducts() {
    return this.products;
}
```

Następnie uruchomiliśmy testy. Wszystkie wykonały się pomyślnie.

▼ ✓ Test Results	139 ms
v pl.edu.agh.internetshop.ProductTest	15 ms
▼ ✓ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.OrderTest	113 ms
✓ testPriceWithTaxesWithRoundUp()	67 ms
✓ testPriceWithTaxesWithRoundDown()	1 ms
✓ testGetPrice()	1 ms
✓ testNullList()	2 ms
✓ testWhetherIdExists()	1 ms
✓ testEmptyList()	1 ms
testShipmentWithoutSetting()	1 ms
testGetProductThroughOrder()	2 ms
✓ testSetShipment()	6 ms
✓ testIsPaidWithoutPaying()	1 ms
✓ testSetPaymentMethod()	10 ms
✓ testSending()	7 ms
✓ testPaying()	11 ms
✓ testIsSentWithoutSending()	1 ms
✓ testPriceWithTaxesWithoutRoundUp()	1 ms
✓ testSetShipmentMethod()	0 ms
v pl.edu.agh.internetshop.AddressTest	1 ms
v pl.edu.agh.internetshop.ShipmentTest	7 ms
v pl.edu.agh.internetshop.MoneyTransferTest	3 ms

Rozpoczęliśmy od napisania wymaganych testów dla klasy Product.

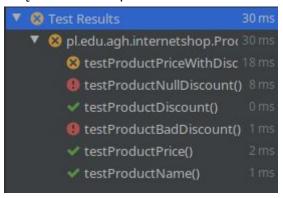
```
private static final String NAME = "Mr. Sparkle";
private static final BigDecimal PRICE = BigDecimal.valueOf(1);
private static final BigDecimal DISCOUNT = BigDecimal.valueOf(0.5);
```

```
public void testProductNullDiscount() throws Exception {
    Assertions.assertThrows(NullPointerException.class, ()->{
public void testProductBadDiscount() throws Exception {
   Assertions.assertThrows(IllegalArgumentException.class, ()->{
       Product product = new Product(NAME, PRICE, BigDecimal.valueOf(0));
public void testProductPriceWithDiscount() {
   Product product = new Product(NAME, PRICE, DISCOUNT);
   assertEquals(product.getPriceWithDiscount(), DISCOUNT.multiply(PRICE));
public void testProductDiscount() {
   Product product = new Product(NAME, PRICE, DISCOUNT);
    assertEquals(product.getDiscount(), DISCOUNT);
```

Następnie wprowadziliśmy jedynie niezbędne zmiany w klasie Product w celu poprawnej kompilacji testów. Dodaliśmy atrybut discount, metodę getDiscount oraz rozszerzyliśmy konstruktor o parametr discount.

```
public class Product {
   public static final int ROUND_STRATEGY = BigDecimal.ROUND_HALF_UP;
   private final String name;
   private final BigDecimal price;
   private final BigDecimal discount;
   public Product(String name, BigDecimal price, BigDecimal discount) {
       this.price = price;
       this.price.setScale(PRICE_PRECISION, ROUND_STRATEGY);
       this.discount = discount;
   public String getName() {
   public BigDecimal getPrice() {
   public BigDecimal getDiscount() {
       return discount;
```

Zgodnie z oczekiwaniami część testów nie przeszła.



Następnie dokonaliśmy koniecznych zmian w klasie Product aby testy przeszły.

```
public class Order {
    private static final BigDecimal TAX_VALUE = BigDecimal.valueOf(1.23); // was 1.22
    private final UUID id;
    private final List<Product> products;
    private boolean paid;
    private final BigDecimal discount;
    private Shipment shipment;
    private ShipmentMethod shipmentMethod;
    private PaymentMethod paymentMethod;
```

```
public class Product {
   public static final int ROUND_STRATEGY = BigDecimal.ROUND_HALF_UP;
   private final String name;
   private final BigDecimal price;
   private final BigDecimal discount;
   public Product(String name, BigDecimal price, BigDecimal discount) {
       if (discount == null)
           throw new NullPointerException("Discount cannot be null");
        if (discount.equals(BigDecimal.ZERO))
            throw new IllegalArgumentException("Discount must be greater than zero");
        this.price = price;
       this.price.setScale(PRICE_PRECISION, ROUND_STRATEGY);
   public String getName() {
   public BigDecimal getPriceWithoutDiscount() {
   public BigDecimal getPriceWithDiscount() {
       return price.multiply(discount);
   public BigDecimal getDiscount() {
```

Na końcu zweryfikowaliśmy zmiany testami.

```
▼ Test Results 17 ms

▼ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.ProductTest 17 ms

▼ testProductPriceWithDiscount() 16 ms

▼ testProductNullDiscount() 1 ms

▼ testProductDiscount() 0 ms

▼ testProductBadDiscount() 0 ms

▼ testProductPrice() 0 ms

▼ testProductName() 0 ms
```

Kolejnym krokiem było dodanie metod do klasy order

```
public BigDecimal getPriceWithDiscountsAndTaxes() {
    return null;
}

public BigDecimal getPriceWithoutDiscountAndWithTaxes() {
    return null;
}
```

Oraz napisanie dla niej testów

Zgodnie z oczekiwaniami część testów nie przeszła.

```
Test Results
Ø pl.edu.agh.internetshop.OrderTest

✓ testPriceWithTaxesWithRoundUp() 75 ms

✓ testPriceWithTaxesWithRoundDown(; 1 ms

√ testGetPrice()

✓ testNullList()

     testWhetherIdExists()
     testZeroDiscount()

√ testEmptyList()

     testShipmentWithoutSetting()
     testPriceWithDiscountAndTaxes()

✓ testGetProductThroughOrder()

     testPriceWithoutDiscountAndWithTax 1 ms
     testSetShipment()

✓ testIsPaidWithoutPaying()

     testNullDiscount()

✓ testSetPaymentMethod()

✓ testSending()

✓ testPaying()

     testIsSentWithoutSending()

✓ testPriceWithTaxesWithoutRoundUp( 0 ms)

     testSetShipmentMethod()
```

Zmodyfikowaliśmy poszczególne metody tak aby spełniały wymagania testów.

```
public Order(List<Product> products, BigDecimal discount) {
   if (products == null)
        throw new NullPointerException("List cannot be null");

if (products.isEmpty())
      throw new IllegalArgumentException("List cannot be empty");

if (discount == null)
      throw new NullPointerException("Discount cannot be null");

if (discount.equals(BigDecimal.valueOf(0)))
      throw new IllegalArgumentException("Discount must be grater than zero");

this.products = products;
   id = UUID.randomUUID();
   paid = false;
   this.discount = discount;
}
```

Na końcu ponownie uruchomiliśmy testy w celu weryfikacji wprowadzonych zmian.

▼ ✓ Test Results	107 ms
v pl.edu.agh.internetshop.OrderTest	107 ms
testPriceWithTaxesWithRoundUp()	75 ms
testPriceWithTaxesWithRoundDown()	1 ms
✓ testGetPrice()	0 ms
✓ testNullList()	2 ms
testWhetherIdExists()	1 ms
testZeroDiscount()	1 ms
✓ testEmptyList()	1 ms
testShipmentWithoutSetting()	1 ms
testPriceWithDiscountAndTaxes()	3 ms
testGetProductThroughOrder()	1 ms
testPriceWithoutDiscountAndWithTaxes()	1 ms
✓ testSetShipment()	4 ms
testIsPaidWithoutPaying()	1 ms
testNullDiscount()	1 ms
testSetPaymentMethod()	3 ms
✓ testSending()	5 ms
✓ testPaying()	4 ms
testIsSentWithoutSending()	0 ms
testPriceWithTaxesWithoutRoundUp()	1 ms
testSetShipmentMethod()	1 ms

Rozpoczęliśmy od definicji klasy OrderHistory, której zadaniem jest trzymanie listy wszystkich zamówień w sklepie. W tym celu skorzystaliśmy z wzorca singleton (co wymusiło delikatnie inne podejście do testów).

```
private static OrderHistory instance = null;
private final List<Order> orders;
private OrderHistory() {
    this.orders = new ArrayList<>();
public static OrderHistory getInstance(){
    if (instance == null){
       OrderHistory.instance = new OrderHistory();
    return OrderHistory.instance;
public void addOrder(Order order){
   orders.add(order);
public List<Order> findOrderByStrategy(SearchStrategy strategy) {
    return this.orders.stream()
           .filter(strategy::filter)
            .collect(Collectors.toList());
public List<Order> getOrders(){
```

Następnie stworzyliśmy wyszukiwanie zamówień korzystając ze wzorca Composite. Obejmowało ono interfejs dla klas szukających oraz same klasy.

```
package pl.edu.agh.internetshop;
public interface SearchStrategy {
    boolean filter(Order order);
}
```

```
public class PriceSearchStrategy implements SearchStrategy{
    private final BigDecimal price;

public PriceSearchStrategy(BigDecimal price){
        this.price = price;
    }

@Override
public boolean filter(Order order) {
        return order.getPrice().equals(price);
}
```

```
public class ClientNameSearchStrategy implements SearchStrategy {
    private final String clientName;

    public ClientNameSearchStrategy(String clientName) {
        this.clientName = clientName;
    }

    @Override
    public boolean filter(Order order) {
        return order.getShipment().getRecipientAddress().getName().equals(clientName);
    }
}
```

Następnie napisaliśmy testy dla klas implementujących interfejs SearchStrategy. Ze względu na specyficzne przeznaczenie tych klas ograniczyliśmy się do jednego tekstu na klasę.

```
Public void testPriceSearchStrategy() throws Exception {
    // given
    BigDecimal price = BigDecimal.valueOf(21.37);
    PriceSearchStrategy searchStrategy = new PriceSearchStrategy(price);
    Product prod1 = mock(Product.class);
    given(prod1.getPriceWithoutDiscount()).willReturn(price);
    Product prod2 = mock(Product.class);
    given(prod2.getPriceWithoutDiscount()).willReturn(price.multiply(BigDecimal.valueOf(2)));
    Order order1 = new Order(Collections.singletonList(prod1), BigDecimal.valueOf(1));
    Order order2 = new Order(Collections.singletonList(prod2), BigDecimal.valueOf(1));

    // when then
    assertTrue(searchStrategy.filter(order1));
    assertFalse(searchStrategy.filter(order2));
}
```

```
@Test
public void testProductNameSearchStrategy() throws Exception {
    // given
    String productName = "Kremówka";
    ProductNameSearchStrategy searchStrategy = new ProductNameSearchStrategy(productName);
    Product prod1 = mock(Product.class);
    given(prod1.getName()).willReturn(productName);
    Product prod2 = mock(Product.class);
    given(prod2.getName()).willReturn("Sernik z rodzynkami");
    Order order1 = new Order(Collections.singletonList(prod1), BigDecimal.valueOf(1));
    Order order2 = new Order(Collections.singletonList(prod2), BigDecimal.valueOf(1));

    // when then
    assertTrue(searchStrategy.filter(order1));
    assertFalse(searchStrategy.filter(order2));
}
```

```
public void testClientNameSearchStrategy() throws Exception {
   String wantedName = "Jan";
   ClientNameSearchStrategy searchStrategy = new ClientNameSearchStrategy(wantedName);
   Address address1 = mock(Address.class);
   given(address1.getName()).willReturn(wantedName);
   given(shipment1.getRecipientAddress()).willReturn(address1);
   Order goodOrder = mock(Order.class);
   given(goodOrder.getShipment()).willReturn(shipment1);
   Address address2= mock(Address.class);
   given(address2.getName()).willReturn("Stefan");
   Shipment shipment2 = mock(Shipment.class);
   given(shipment2.getRecipientAddress()).willReturn(address2);
   Order badOrder = mock(Order.class);
   given(badOrder.getShipment()).willReturn(shipment2);
   assertTrue(searchStrategy.filter(goodOrder));
   assertFalse(searchStrategy.filter(badOrder));
```

```
public void testClientNameSearchStrategy() throws Exception {
   String wantedName = "Jan";
   ClientNameSearchStrategy searchStrategy = new ClientNameSearchStrategy(wantedName);
   Address address1 = mock(Address.class);
   given(address1.getName()).willReturn(wantedName);
   Shipment shipment1 = mock(Shipment.class);
    given(shipment1.getRecipientAddress()).willReturn(address1);
   Order goodOrder = mock(Order.class);
   given(goodOrder.getShipment()).willReturn(shipment1);
   Address address2= mock(Address.class);
   given(address2.getName()).willReturn("Stefan");
    given(shipment2.getRecipientAddress()).willReturn(address2);
   Order badOrder = mock(Order.class);
    given(badOrder.getShipment()).willReturn(shipment2);
   assertTrue(searchStrategy.filter(goodOrder));
    assertFalse(searchStrategy.filter(badOrder));
```

Jak widać wszystkie testy przeszły.

```
▼ Test Results
133 ms

▼ pl.edu.agh.internetshop.SearchStrategyTest
133 ms

✓ testPriceSearchStrategy()
112 ms

✓ testProductNameSearchStrategy()
3 ms

✓ CompositeSearchTest()
5 ms

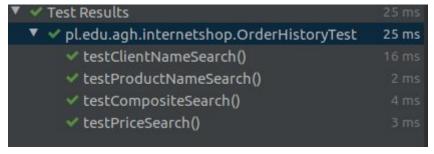
✓ testClientNameSearchStrategy()
13 ms
```

Na samym testy weryfikujące poprawne działanie OrderHistory.

```
public class OrderHistoryTest {
    private static final String customerName1 = "Jan";
    private static final String customerName2 = "Pawel";
    private static final BigDecimal productPrice1 = BigDecimal.value0f(21);
    private static final BigDecimal productPrice2 = BigDecimal.valueOf(37);
    private static final String productName1 = "Kremówka";
    private static final BigDecimal discount = BigDecimal.ONE;
    @BeforeAll
    static void addMockOrders() {
        Product prod1 = new Product(productName1, productPrice1, discount);
        Product prod2 = new Product(productName2, productPrice2, discount);
        List<Product> prodList1 = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.αsList(prod2, prod1, prod2));
        List<Product> prodList2 = new ArrayList<>(Arrays.αsList(prod2, prod2));
        Order order1 = new Order(prodList1, discount);
        Order order2 = new Order(prodList2, discount);
        Address address1 = mock(Address.class);
        given(address1.getName()).willReturn(customerName1);
        Address address2 = mock(Address.class);
        given(address2.getName()).willReturn(customerName2);
        Shipment shipment1 = mock(Shipment.class);
        given(shipment1.getRecipientAddress()).willReturn(address1);
        given(shipment2.getRecipientAddress()).willReturn(address2);
        order1.setShipment(shipment1);
        order2.setShipment(shipment2);
        OrderHistory orderHistory = OrderHistory.getInstance();
        orderHistory.addOrder(order1);
        orderHistory.addOrder(order2);
```

```
public void testCompositeSearch() {
   OrderHistory orderHistory = OrderHistory.getInstance();
    SearchStrategy productSearchStrategy = new ProductNameSearchStrategy(productName2);
    SearchStrategy clientSearchStrategy = new ClientNameSearchStrategy(customerName1);
    CompositeSearchStrategy searchStrategy = new CompositeSearchStrategy();
    searchStrategy.addStrategy(productSearchStrategy);
    searchStrategy.addStrategy(clientSearchStrategy);
    List<Order> actualOrders = orderHistory.searchOrderByStrategy(searchStrategy);
    List<Order> expectedOrders = orderHistory
            .getOrders() List<Order>
                   .equals(customerName1))
            .filter(order ->
                    order.getProducts()
                            .anyMatch(product -> product.getName().equals(productName2))
            .collect(Collectors.toList());
    assertEquals(actualOrders.size(), expectedOrders.size());
    assertEquals(actualOrders.get(0), expectedOrders.get(0));
```

Testy dla OrderHistory również przeszły.



Cały kod znajduje się w załączonym zipie.