CSC 461 Programming Languages

FALL 2024

Dr. Stephen Krebsbach

Ass #5 - 10 points Due: Wednesday Nov. 20th 11:59 PM

Please complete/answer	the following questior	ns and record using	the Online Quiz	: Format.

Each

n qu	estion	1 pt.	
1)	In imp	perative languages the associativity of operators that are at the same level of precedence	
	can be	2	
	a.	top to bottom	
	b.	confusing because most languages don't enforce it	
	c.	ignored because it does not play a part in the evaluation of the expression	
	d.	either right-to-left or left-to-right	
2)	Funct	ional side effects cannot occur when	
	a.	No parameters are passed	
	b.	If only 1 parameter is passed	
	c.	There are no logical error in the function (it works correctly)	
	d.	Only constants are involved	
3)	The expression: $x = foo(x) - foo(x)$ may or may not bring up issues of referential transparency		
		nding on	
	a.	If the right-hand side of the expression evaluates to a negative number	
	b.	If foo can have side effects on x	
	c.	If x is of type integer	
	d.	Foo does I/O	
4)	Wider	ning conversions are generally thought of as safe but even in languages that allow	
	widen	ing conversions such as assigning an integer to a float, there can still be an issue	
	with _		
	a.	Precision	
	b.	Scoping	
	c.	Name Binding	
	d.	Sequential flow of control	

- 5) Allowing or not allowing coercion of mixed-mode expressions brings up an issue with who should be responsible for dealing with such errors. Who are the two possible choices?
 - a. Programmer or End-User
 - b. Stack or heap
 - c. Programmer or Compiler
 - d. Readability or writability

6)	When short-circuiting is used in the evaluation of an expression an issue may arise if the whole expression is not evaluated if is present in the expression. a. A side-effect b. A multiplication c. A parenthesis pair d. Type cast
7)	The semantics of an expression is determined in a large part by a. The order of evaluation of operators b. The storage binding c. If it is in a block d. Writability
8)	The inclusion of the optional "else" with the "if" statement helps the user with reliability by enforcing a. The order of precedence b. Type checking c. Mutual exclusion d. Short-circuiting
9)	It is provable that if a language has a top-tested conditional (logical) control loop then a fixed (counter-controlled) loop is not needed. Why then is it often included as an addition iteration control structure? a. To help with scoping b. To allow unconditional branching c. To allow for blocks d. To help with Readability/Writability/Reliability
10)	The GOTO statement is the most powerful statement for controlling the flow of execution of a program. Nevertheless, even if included in a language, its use is discouraged because it violated what major design criteria for a language? a. Readability b. Writability c. Efficiency d. Portability