



CS110: Introduction to Computer Science with Python

Lecture 20 Maze Solving Algorithms.

Prof. O. Karpenko

Announcements

- Midterm 1 Average: 35.7 (close to B)
- Quiz today
 - Pop quizzes from now on
- Project 1 Updated (more details on Part 2)
- Project 1 is due this Friday night
 - If your project does not run in IDLE3.4, you get a 0
 - Do not share your code / copy anybody's code or use code from the web
 - You will loose 5% of your grade

Announcements

- Updated Late Policy for Projects
 - Each person can get 2 late days TOTAL in the whole semester to apply to projects
 - Save them for harder projects
 - This project is worth 5%, the remaining three: 10%
 - Does not affect late policy for homework
 - no late homework is accepted



Project 1

Read the Maze

- Do the lab called labOct10th
 - under Modules, scroll down

Draw the Maze

- Do the lab (LabOct6th) first
 - under Modules, scroll down

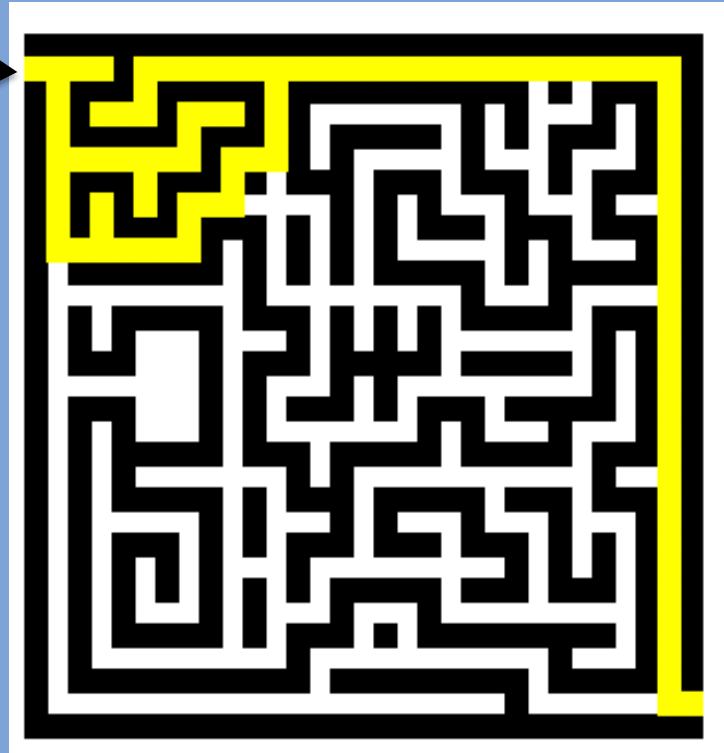
Solve the Maze

- Wall follower
 - Keep one hand (left, for instance) on the wall at all times
 - Whenever you reach a junction, always turn left (or always turn right)
- Extra credit:
 - Flood Fill
 - Random Mouse
 - Pledge algorithm

Where is the Entrance?

- For the mazes provided:
 $i = 1, j = 0$

Entrance

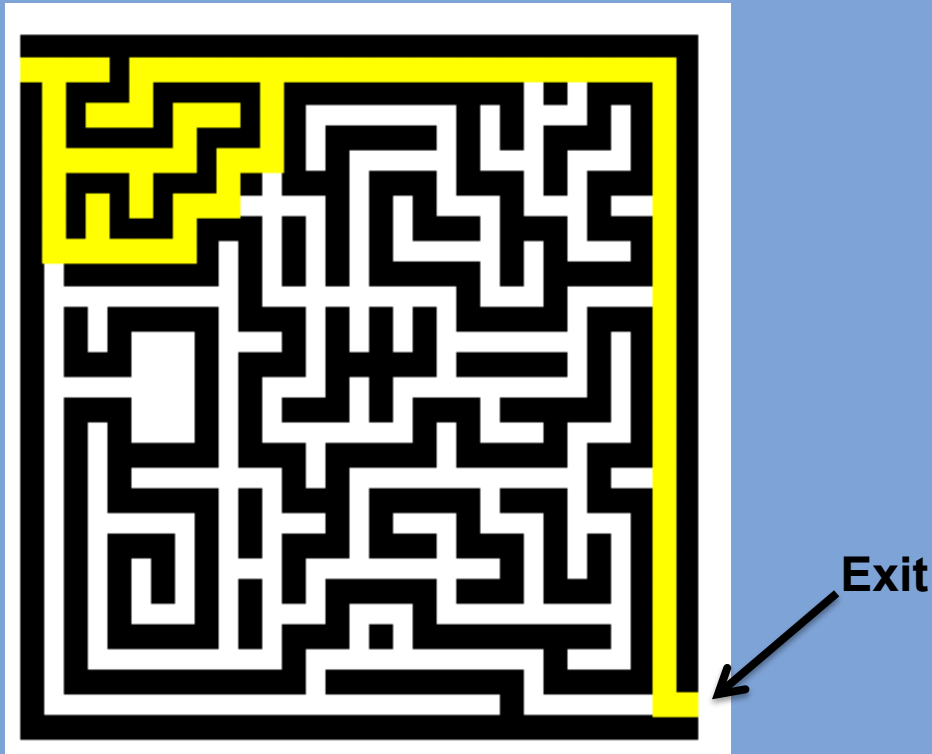


followLeftWall Function

- Start at $i = 1, j = 0$ (Entrance to the maze)
- Initial direction is "east"
- Repeat until you find the exit:
 - call nextMove to determine where to go
 - Update i and j
 - For instance, if nextMove is "east": update to $(i, j+1)$
 - draw a yellow square at (i,j)

Where is the Exit?

- For the mazes provided:
 - last to last row, last column

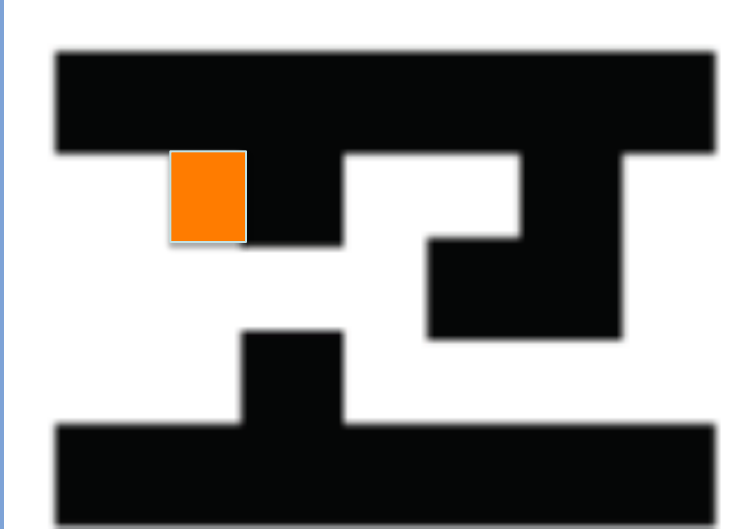


nextMove

- Takes the the current position (i,j),
- The current direction
 - one of : "east", "west", "north", "south"
- The maze

nextMove

- Needs to know where we can go:
 - Is there a wall to the east, to the south, to the north and to the west?



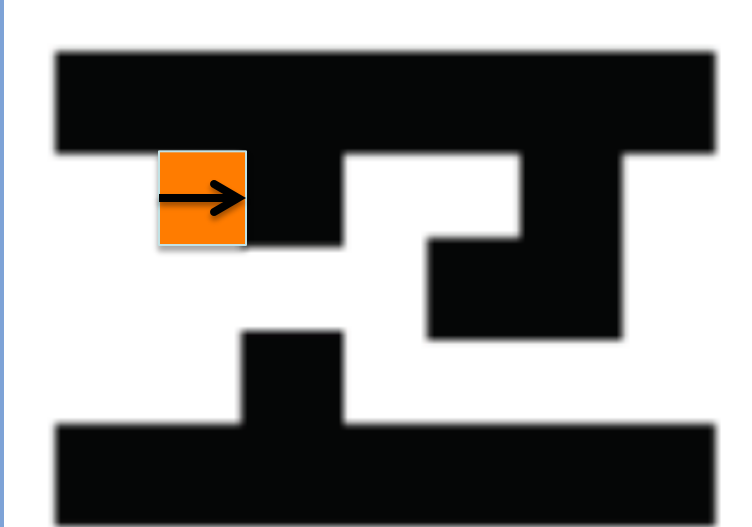


nextMove

- Tries to go left if possible (relative to your current direction)
- If can't go left, go straight,
- if can't go straight, go right
- If can't go right, go backwards

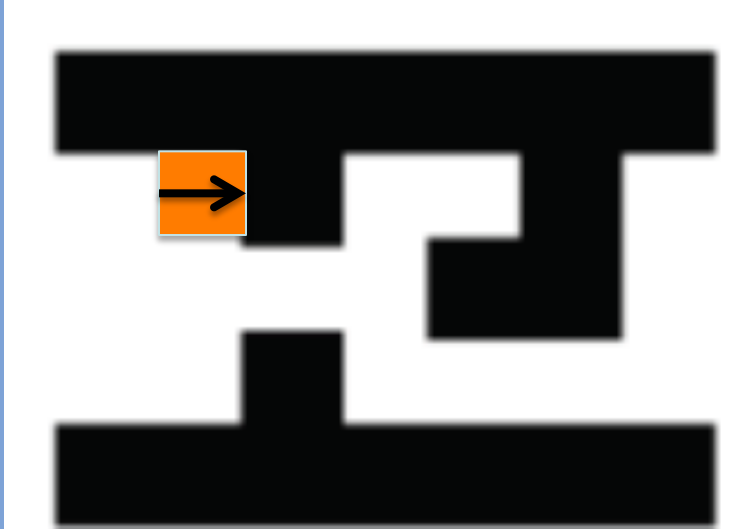
nextMove

- For this example, assuming we were going "east", where should we go?



nextMove

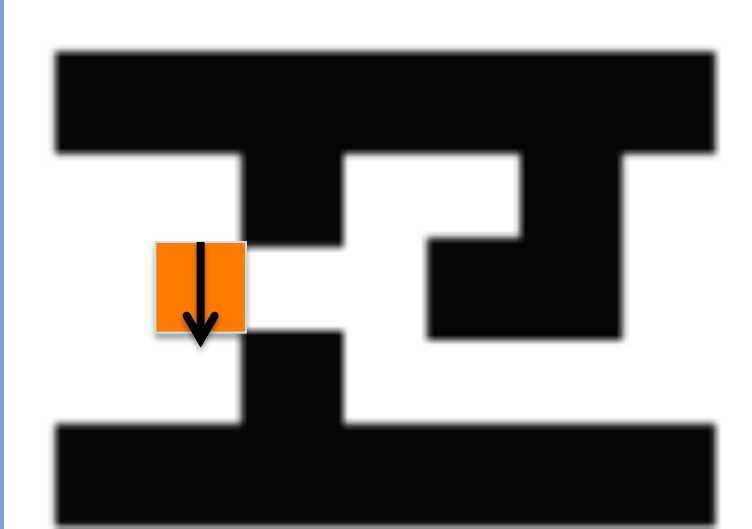
- For this example, assuming we were going "east", where should we go?
- New direction: "south"



(because we can't
go left or straight)

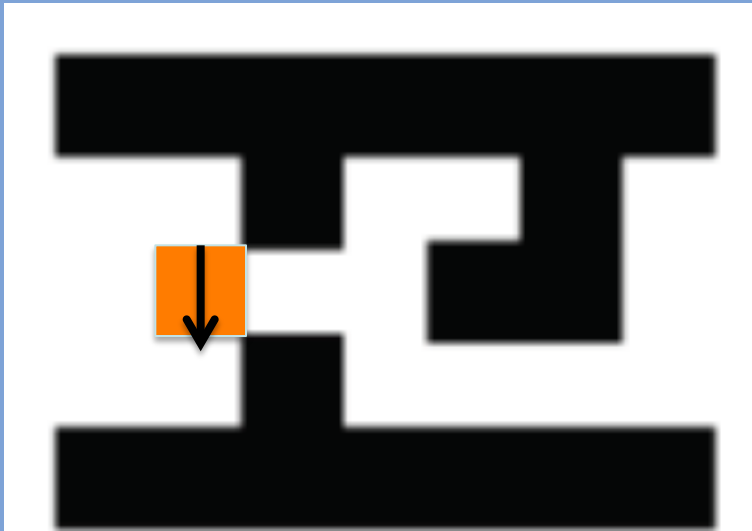
followLeftWall Function

- Change i, j to $i+1, j$
- New direction: "south"



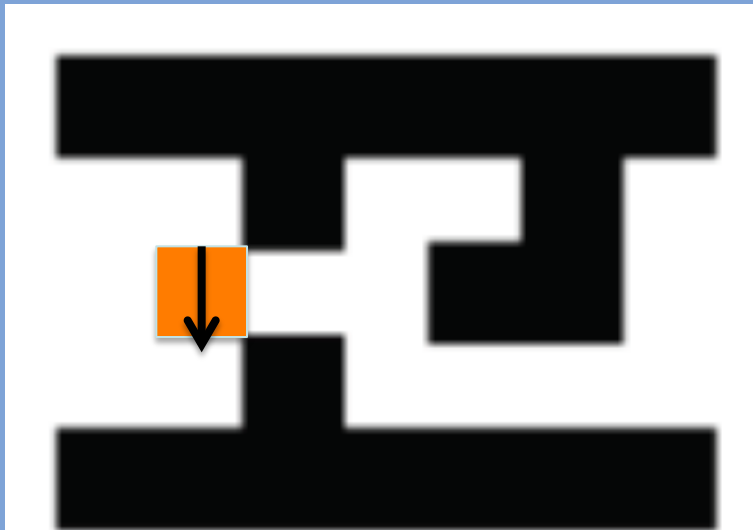
nextMove

- What will be the new direction?



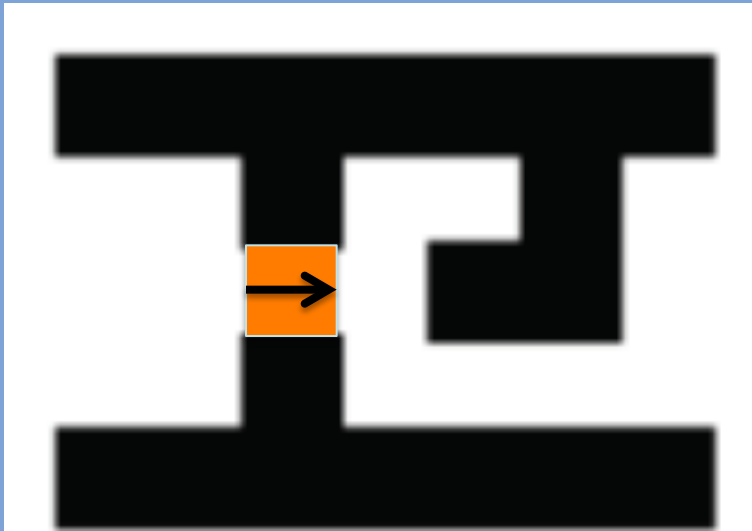
nextMove

- What will be the new direction?
 - East (because we prefer to go left)



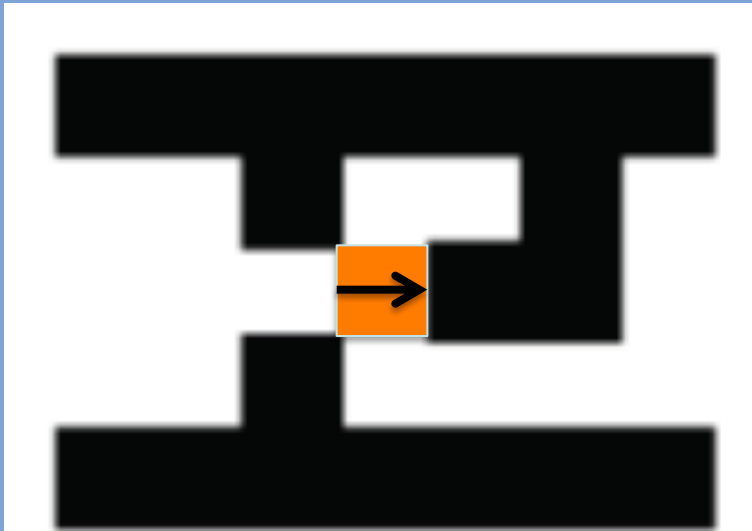
followLeftWall Function

- Update i, j ($j = j + 1$)
- Change the current direction to "east"



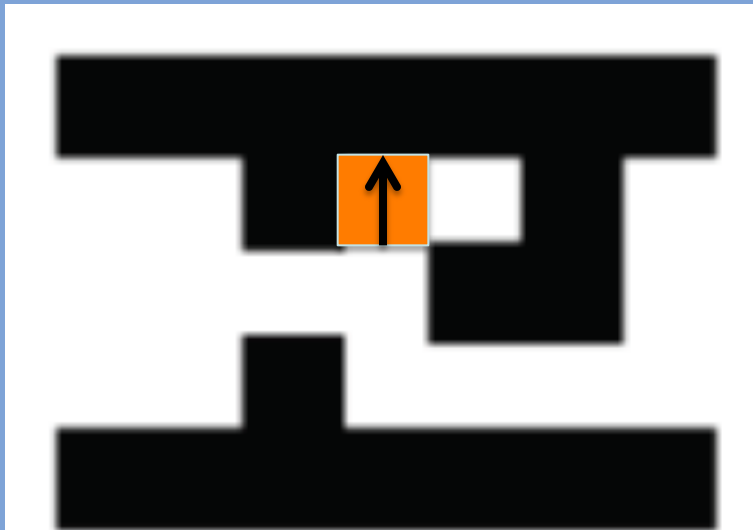
followLeftWall Function

- Update i, j ($j = j + 1$)
- Change the current direction to "east"



followLeftWall Function

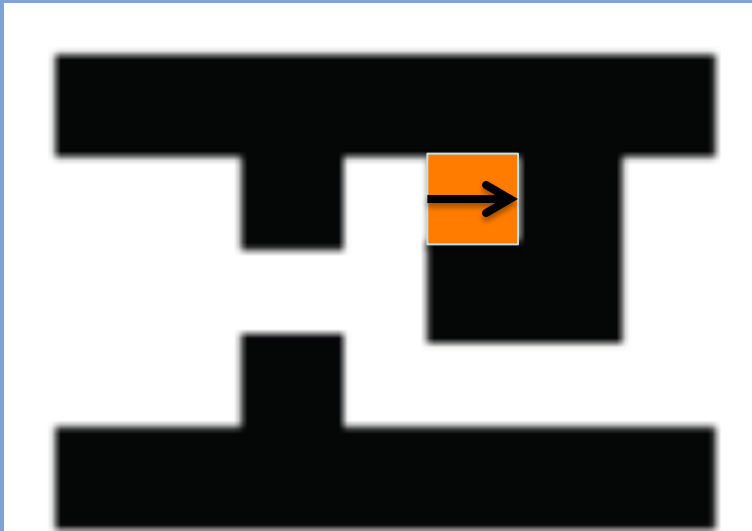
- Update i, j ($i = i - 1$)
- Change the current direction to "north"



Because nextMove returned
"north"

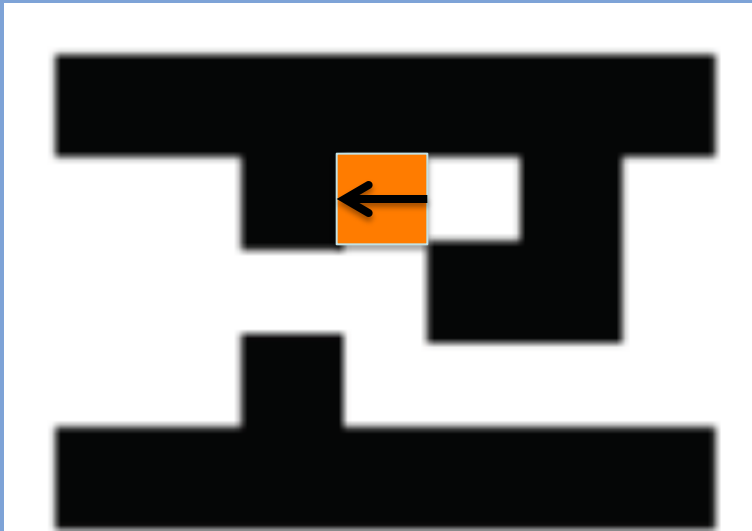
followLeftWall Function

- Update i, j ($j = j + 1$)
- Change the current direction to "east"



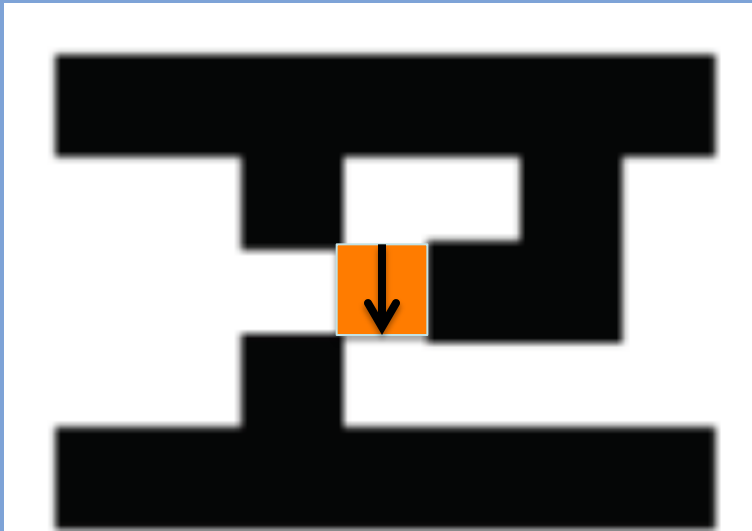
followLeftWall Function

- Update i, j ($j = j - 1$)
- Change the current direction to "west"



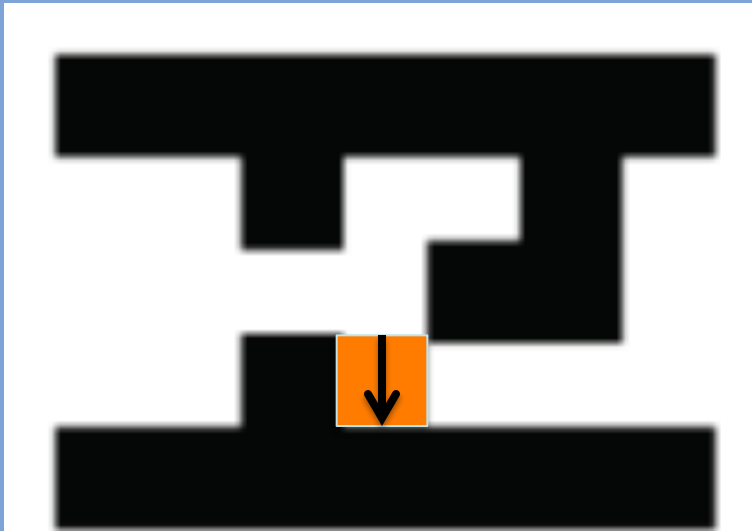
followLeftWall Function

- Update i, j ($i = i + 1$)
- Change the current direction to "south"



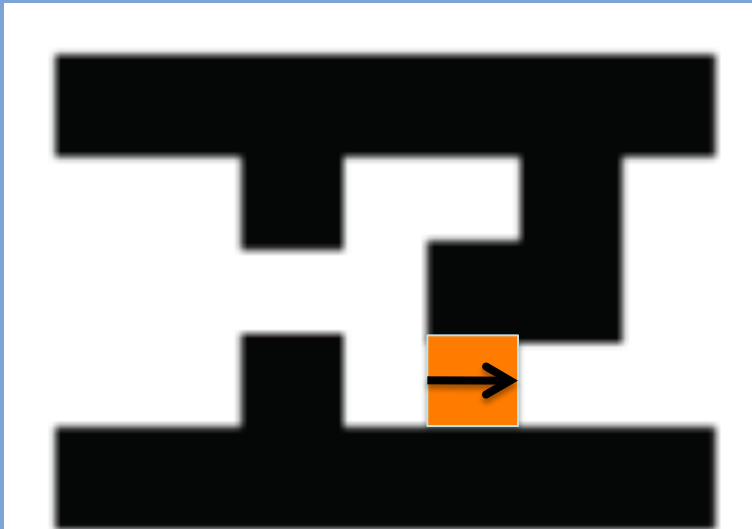
followLeftWall Function

- Update i, j ($i = i + 1$)
- The current direction remains "south"



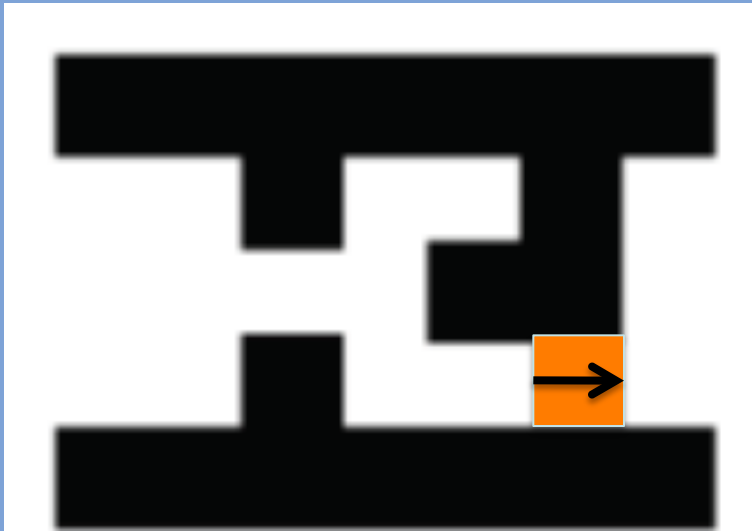
followLeftWall Function

- Update i, j ($j = j + 1$)
- Change the current direction to "east"



followLeftWall Function

- Update i, j ($j = j + 1$)
- Keep going "east"



Wall Follower is Done

- Found the exit





Extra Credit Algorithms

Random Mouse Algorithm

- Start going in one direction, follow this passage through any turnings until you get to a junction.
- Choose randomly between straight, right and left
- If you can't go straight, left or right, then go backwards till the next intersection

Flood Fill

- Stand at the entrance with the hose
- Turn the hose on, the water will start filling the maze
 - Assume that the water can not go through the walls

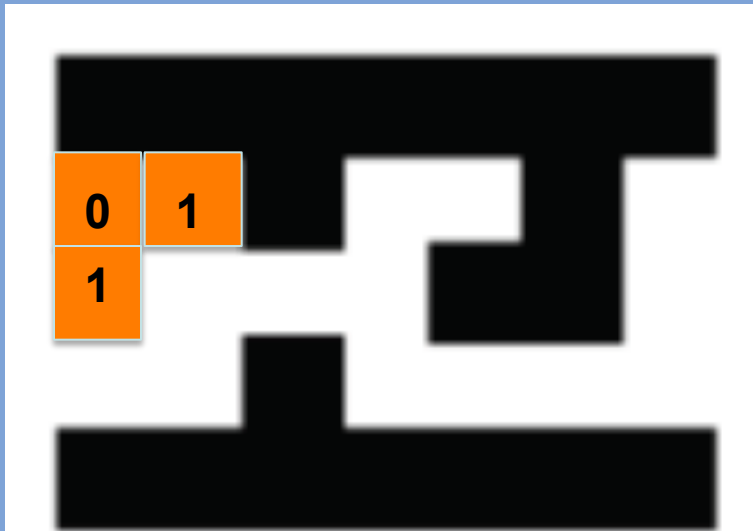
Flood Fill

- Start at the entrance
- 0: the distance the water traveled



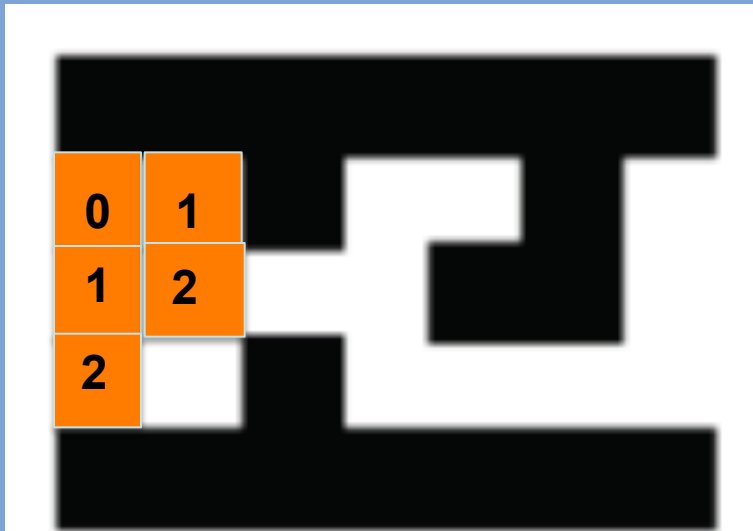
Flood Fill

- Time step 1: the water "flows" to the immediate neighbors



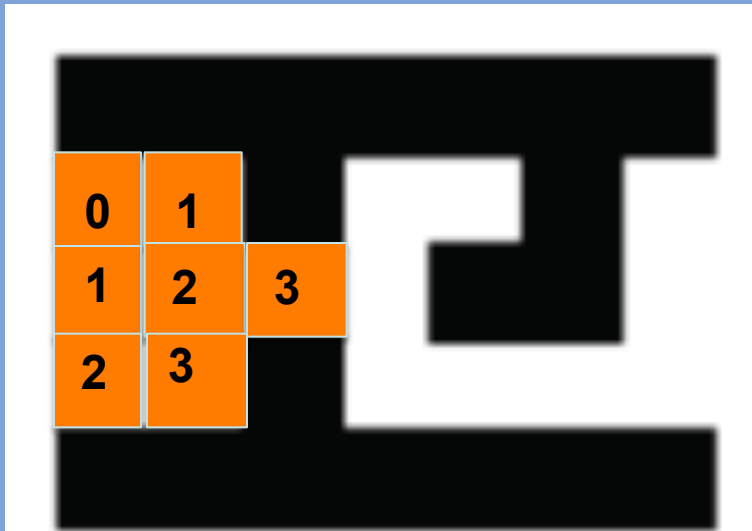
Flood Fill

- Time step 2: the water flows to the immediate neighbors of neighbors



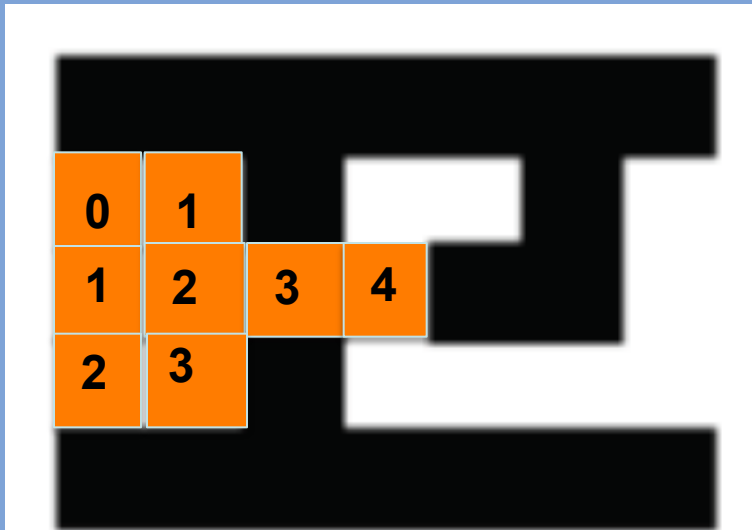
Flood Fill

- Time step 3



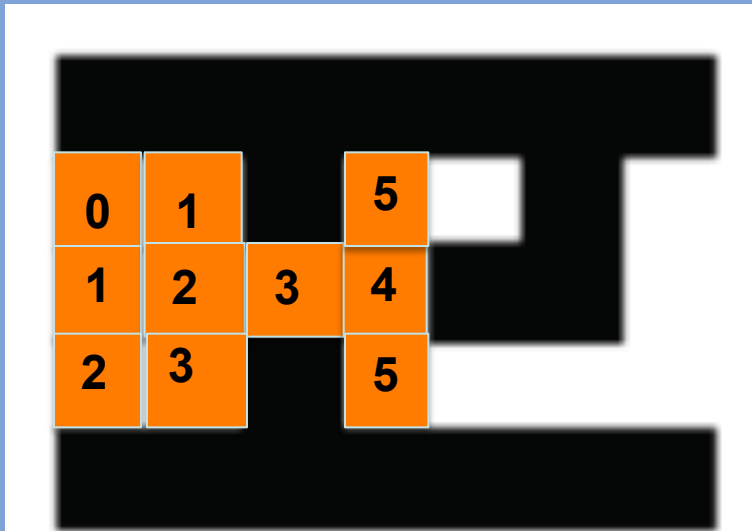
Flood Fill

- Time step 4



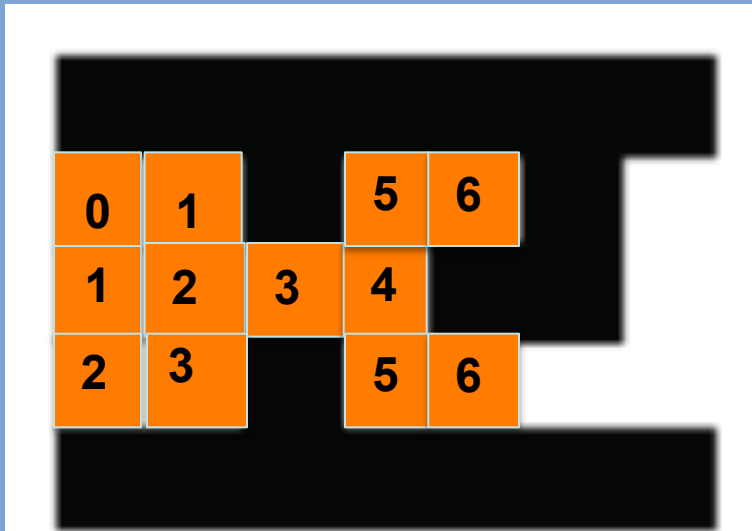
Flood Fill

- Time step 5



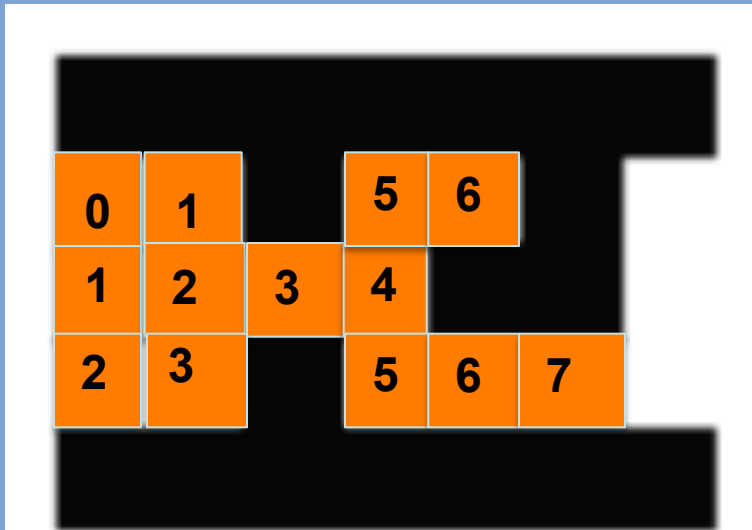
Flood Fill

- Time step 6



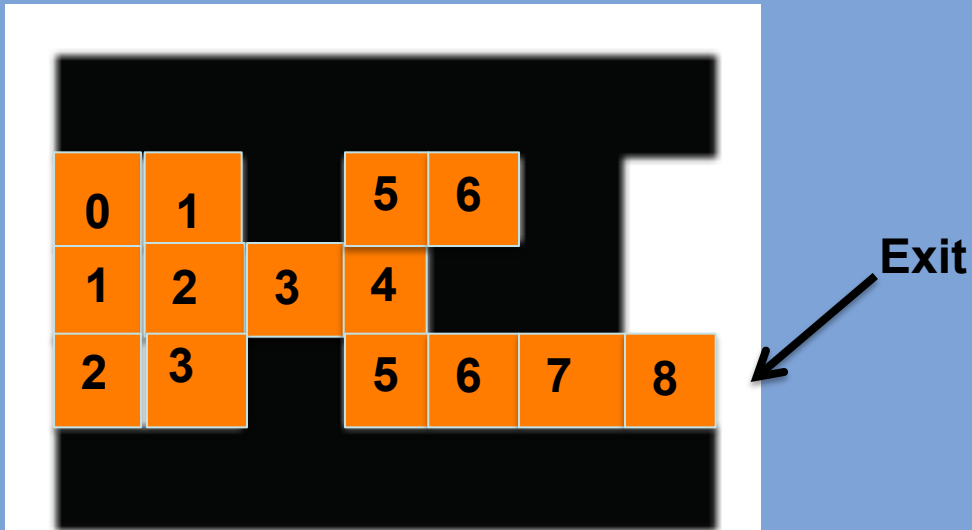
Flood Fill

- Time step 7



Flood Fill

- Time step 8



Implementation

REACHED = 2

While we did not "reach" the exit:

Scan the whole maze (in i and j)

- Consider the cell (i, j)
- If it's a wall, or already set to REACHED, skip it
- Set (i, j) to REACHED if one of the immediate neighbors is REACHED



More on Maze Solving Algorithms

- More about maze solving algorithms:

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Maze_solving_algorithm



Testing

- You need to make sure your project works for different inputs
- Need to test it

Testing

- Can you run it on the simplest example and conclude it "works"?

Testing

- Can you run it on the simplest example and conclude it "works"? **No!!!**
- The right approach:
 - What do I need to do to break this program?
 - Bang on it till you find bugs
- Once you found the case where it breaks, you start debugging it

Debugging

- Play Computer
 - print intermediate values
 - You can also use Python Online Tutor to execute your code line by line
- Think Backward