

```
In [1]: x = input()
        x
```

Out[1]: '5'

```
In [2]: x = input()
        y = input()

        z = x+y
        print(z)
```

84

```
In [3]: print(type(x))
        print(type(y))
        print(type(z))
```

<class 'str'>
<class 'str'>
<class 'str'>

```
In [4]: x1 = input('enter the first number')
        y1 = input('enter the second number')

        z1 = x1 + y1
        print(z1)
```

57

```
In [3]: x1 = int(input('enter the first number'))
        y1 = int(input('enter the second number'))

        z1 = x1 + y1
        print(z1)
```

10

```
In [4]: print(type(x1))
```

<class 'int'>

```
In [6]: x2 = input('username:')
        y2 = input('password:')

        z2 = x2 + y2
        print(z2)
```

shaikhDS

```
In [7]: st = input('Enter string')
        print(st)
```

python

```
In [8]: print(st[0])
```

p

```
In [9]: print(st[1:4])
```

yth

```
In [1]: st = input('enter a string')[1] #indexing with input function
        print(st)
```

a

```
In [10]: st = input('enter a string')[-1] #indexing with input function
         print(st)
```

d

```
In [11]: st = input('enter a string')[0:5] #slicing with input function
         print(st)
```

data

```
In [12]: result = input('enter expression:') #expression with input function
         print(result)
```

8+6-2

```
In [13]: result = int(input('enter expression:'))
         print(result)
```

```
-----
ValueError                                Traceback (most recent call last)
Cell In[13], line 1
----> 1 result = int(input('enter expression'))
      2 print(result)

ValueError: invalid literal for int() with base 10: '8+6-2'
```

```
In [ ]: # now we able to evaluate an expression using eval function
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In [14]: result = eval(input('enter an expr'))
         print(result)
```

12

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In [ ]:
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In [ ]:
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In [ ]:
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In [ ]:
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In [ ]:
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