

2013 Clark County Profile

Statistical and Demographic Data



Pennsylvania House, Springfield, Ohio. Photo: Billie Lowe

Job and Family Services Profile

County Overview

Through its partnerships with community organizations and state and federal government agencies, Clark County provides a number of services to families and individuals in need of assistance. These services range from food assistance, cash assistance, and child care subsidies to child support enforcement, job training, and access to medical care.

2011 Census Poverty Levels as a Percentage of the Federal Poverty Level*

	County	Ohio	U.S.
<18 Years of Age in Poverty:	30.3%	23.9%	22.5%
All Ages in Poverty:	19.1%	16.3%	15.9%

^{*}Federal Poverty Level as issued by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, and published in the Federal Register.

Population 2012 Census Popul	lation 137,20	06 2000 C	ensus Population	144,742	
Ohio Total Population (2012) 11,544,225	Po	pulation	% of Total P	opulation	
Age Census (2012)	County	State	County	State	
Age 0-17	31,731	2,663,674	23.1%	23.1%	
Age 65 and Older	23,302	1,705,122	17.0%	14.8%	
Median Age (2012)	41.1	39.2	N/A	N/A	

Vital Statistics

		<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>	
		County	State	County	State
All Births		1,620	138,024	1,680	139,034
Teen Births:	<15 Years of Age	1	130	3	158
	15-17 Years of Age	57	3,255	80	3,699
	18-19 Years of Age	168	8,825	178	9,806

		<u>2011</u>		2010	
	County	State	County	State	
Marriages	721	67,606	776	66,433	
Divorces	561	39,306	573	39,524	

Income

The per capita income of a region provides a good barometer of its economic health. Over the last decade, per capita income fluctuations in Ohio have been highly correlated with employment growth or decline.

Per Capita Income Comparisons	County	Ohio	U.S.
Per Capita Income 2011	\$34,777	\$37,836	\$41,560
Per Capita Income 2000	\$25,819	\$28,206	\$29,845

Dependency Rate

	<u>2011</u>		<u>2010</u>		
	County	State	County	State	
Rate of Dependency on Income Supports*	26.9%	21.4%	26.6%	21.5%	
County Rank	32 of 88	N/A	32 of 88	N/A	

^{*}The 'Rate of Dependency on Income Supports' is the total amount of income support provided by taxpayer dollars (e.g. Retirement and Disability payments, Unemployment Compensation, Worker's Compensation, TANF, SSI, etc.) divided by total personal income. Note: Ranking based on highest (1) Rate of Dependency to lowest (88) Rate of Dependency.

Job and Family Services Profile

Jobs

Food Security

Prevalence of Household-Level Food Insecurity and Very Low Food Security 2009-2011 (Average) and 2010-2012 (Average)

Ohio Compared to Adjacent States and U.S.

		Food Insecu	rity ¹	Very Low Food Security ²			
	Average 2010-2012 (Percent)	Average 2007-2009 (Percent)	Change 2007-2009 to 2010-2012 (Percentage Pts)	Average 2010-2012 (Percent)	Average 2007-2009 (Percent)	Change 2007-2009 to 2010-2012 (Percentage Pts)	
U.S.	14.7	13.5	1.2	5.6	5.2	0.4	
Ohio	16.1	14.8	1.3	7.1	6.1	1.0	
Indiana	12.6	11.5	1.1	4.8	5.0	-0.2	
Kentucky	15.6	13.4	2.2	6.2	5.0	1.2	
Michigan	13.4	13.4	0.0	5.3	5.0	0.3	
Pennsylvania	12.3	11.8	0.5	4.8	4.4	0.4	
West Virginia	14.2	13.4	0.8	4.9	5.3	-0.4	

¹Food insecurity is a condition that arises from lack of money and other resources to acquire food.

Source: Data for the USDA Economic Research Service (ERS) food security reports are compiled from an annual survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau as a supplement to the monthly Current Population Survey. Information about the survey, data, and methods available at:

http://www.ers.usda.gov/publications/ap-administrative-publication/

Jobs

Workforce Investment Act

The federal Workforce Investment Act (WIA) is a federally funded program that assists employers in obtaining skilled and productive employees; expands the available pool of skilled workers whose skills match current job opportunities; and meaures program achievements in terms of customer outcomes and increased local accountability. Ohio has 31 comprehensive, full-service One-Stop sites, and 59 satellite sites throughout 20 local workforce development areas, with at least one site in every Ohio county. The following data is from Ohio's Annual Report for Program Year 2011:

Adult	Programs	
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Dislocated Worker Programs

Total Participants	47	Total Participants	108
Total Exiters	74	Total Exiters	137
Entered Employment Rate	63.5%	Entered Employment Rate	78.8%
Retention Rate	80.2%	Retention Rate	93.1%
Average Earnings	\$16,263	Average Earnings	\$21,055

Youth Programs

Total Participants	35
Total Exiters	56
Placement in Employment or Education Rate	62.5%
Attainment of Certificate or Diploma Rate	50.8%
Literacy/ Numeracy Gains Rate	11.1%

²Very low food security is a severe range of food insecurity in which the food intake of some household members was reduced and normal eating patterns were disrupted due to limited resources.

Job and Family Services Profile Jobs

Labor Force and Employment

The size of a county's labor force is an indication of economic health. It is influenced by both the economy and the size and composition of the population. Data as of July 2013.

	YTD CY 2013				<u>CY 2012</u>		
	County	State	U.S.	County	State	U.S.	
Labor Force	67,100	5,821,000	157,196,000	67,700	5,748,000	154,975,000	
Employment	62,300	5,397,000	145,113,000	62,800	5,335,000	142,469,000	
Unemployment	4,900	425,000	12,083,000	4,900	413,000	12,506,000	
Unemployment Rate	7.2	7.3	7.7	7.3	7.2	8.1	
1st UC Benefit Payments	141	18,895	N/A	2,693	251,259	N/A	
Total UC Benefits Issued	\$7,872,956	\$824,078,573	N/A	\$14,647,864	\$1,440,491,728	N/A	
Average Weekly Benefit	\$285	\$308	N/A	\$283	\$305	N/A	
UC Duration	16.0	16.9	N/A	17.0	16.6	N/A	

Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act (WARN)

WARN provides protection to workers, their families and communities by requiring employers to provide notification 60 calendar days in advance of plant closings and mass layoffs.

	CY 2012		CY 2011		
	County	State	County	State	
Employer WARN Notices	2	83	1	58	
WARN Employees Affected	177	11,223	171	8,840	

Reemployment and Eligibility Assessment (REA)

135 Clark County residents, during FFY 2012, participated in the Reemployment and Eligibility Assessment (REA) program, which provides unemployed job seekers with services that promote quicker re-entry into the workforce.

NOTE: The number of REAs completed in 2012 significantly decreased due largely to the passage of legislation requiring states to offer a program similar to REA to all claimants receiving federal extended benefits. Due to capacity issues, One-Stops were unable to serve as many REA claimants as had been in the past.

*To learn more about Labor Market and Employment information, go to:

http://lmi.state.oh.us/asp/laus/vbLAUS.htm

Commuting to Work*

Metropolitan areas tend to draw the most commuters from their own and neighboring counties. In Clark County, according to the U.S. Census Bureau, 34.90% of workers who are at least 16 years of age commute to jobs that are outside their county of residence. An average commute time is 21.7 minutes.

*NOTE: Blank field = "N/A" (Data Not Available)

Job and Family Services Profile

Family Services

Child Support

The Clark County Child Support Enforcement Agency establishes paternities and obtains, enforces, and collects child support funds for children.

\$23,036,317 in IV-D child support was collected by the county during Federal Fiscal Year (FFY) 2012.

	FFY	2012	FFY	<u> 2011</u>	
Child Support Cases	County	State	County	State	
Number of Cases	15,510	925,695	14,767	953,163	
Paternity Establishment Rate*	101.9%	107.4%	100.0%	92.1%	
Cases with Support Orders	14,339	788,208	13,799	783,566	
Percentage of Cases with Support Orders	92.5%	85.1%	93.4%	82.2%	
Collection Rate on Current Support Due	62.0%	66.6%	61.9%	66.6%	
Rate of Cases Paying on Arrears	59.8%	63.8%	58.5%	64.1%	

^{*}The Paternity Establishment Rate is the total number of children born out-of-wedlock, who had active child support cases, for whom paternity was established or acknowledged at the end of the reporting period, divided by the total number of children born out-of-wedlock, who had active child support cases, as reported 12 months prior to the reporting period. In some cases, the rate can exceed 100%.

Food Assistance (FA)

The Food Assistance program is designed to raise nutritional levels, to expand buying power and to safeguard the health and well-being of individuals and families whose gross monthly income is within 130 percent of the federal poverty guideline.

		SFY 2013		SFY 2012	
Food Assistance	County	State	County	State	
Adult Recipients	22,314	1,421,518	22,846	1,427,182	
Child Recipients	15,429	979,415	15,876	989,858	
Total # of Recipients (Annual Unduplicated)	37,743	2,400,933	38,722	2,417,040	
Percent of Population	27.5%	20.8%	28.1%	20.9%	
Net Expenditures	\$45,769,761	\$2,972,410,717	\$47,245,785	\$2,983,899,907	
Average Annual FA Payment per Recipient	\$1,213	\$1,238	\$1,220	\$1,235	

Ohio Works First (OWF)

Ohio Works First (OWF) is the financial-assistance portion of the state's Temporary Assistance to Needy Families (TANF) program, which provides cash benefits to needy families for up to 36 months. Currently, 25 out of every 1,000 residents in Clark County received cash benefits through OWF during SFY 2013.

-	<u>s</u>	FY 2013	<u>s</u>	FY 2012	
Cash Assistance (CA)	County	State	County	State	
Adult Recipients	746	72,573	2,062	110,936	
Child Recipients	2,623	193,976	4,321	245,825	
Total # of Recipients (Annual Unduplicated)	3,369	266,549	6,373	356,167	
Percent of Population	2.5%	2.3%	4.6%	3.1%	
Net Expenditures	\$4,185,543	\$321,177,604	\$6,412,840	\$392,535,664	
Average Annual CA Payment per Recipient	\$1,242	\$1,205	\$1,006	\$1,102	

TANF Work Participation Programs

Federal law requires that families eligible to receive cash assistance through Ohio Works First (OWF) participate in work activities. At least 50% of all able-bodied adults receiving benefits are required to participate in work activities at least 30 hours a week. For households with two able-bodied parents receiving benefits, at least 90% are required to participate in work activities at least 35 hours a week, or 55 hours a week if they are using subsidized child care. Allowable work activities may include on-the-job training, community service and education directly related to employment.

Assistance Groups (AGs) Engaged in Work Participation Programs	County	State
Federal 2-Parent Families	67.92%	59.52%
Federal All-Family	78.47%	55.05%

Job and Family Services Profile

Family Services

Child Safety and Care/Placement

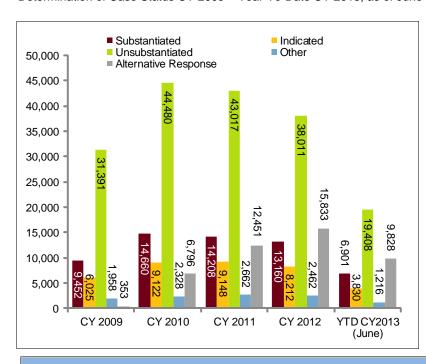
The Clark County Public Children Services Agency administers local adoption assistance, foster care services, and child welfare intervention programs. The agency strives to reunify children with their families when possible, or find other permanent living arrangements for them when they cannot safely return home.

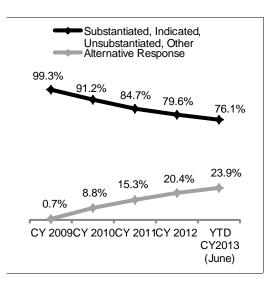
Ohio's Differential Response System

Differential Response offers child welfare agencies options for responding to accepted reports of child abuse and neglect by requiring that such reports be assigned to either the "Traditional Response (TR)" pathway or the "Alternative Response (AR)" pathway. In some instances, a traditional child protection response is needed in order to determine whether abuse or neglect has occurred and to ensure child safety and well-being. AR sets aside fault finding and substantiation decisions and applies only to reports that do not allege serious or imminent harm. In an AR response, caseworkers partner with families and ensure they are connected with the services and supports they need to keep their children safe.

By August 2011, thirty three counties had implemented the Differential Response System. As of September, 2012 an additional fifteen counties went 'live,' increasing the grand total to forty eight 'active' counties. To date, 70 counties have implemented Differential Response.

Determination of Case Status CY 2009 - Year-To-Date CY 2013, as of June 2013.





TRADITIONAL RESPONSE REPORT TYPES

Substantiated or Indicated - Reports with a "Substantiated" or "Indicated" finding.

Unsubstantiated - CPS reports with a finding of "Unsubstantiated:" due to intentionally false report; other than intentionally false report.

Closed/no finding - Cases Closed Without Finding.

Other - Case Closed For Other Reasons; Unknown or Missing.

Dates of conclusion - The period of time that children in the Total had a completed CPS investigation or assessment.

Total Dispositions - Child Protective Services (CPS) report investigation or assessments completed during the Report Period.

Job and Family Services Profile Family Services

CHILD WELFARE PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

Children and Family Services Review (CFSR) Performance Measures

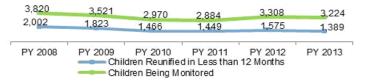
In 2004, the U.S. Health and Human Services, Administration of Children and Families, mandated a Children and Family Services Review (CFSR) process to gauge the effectiveness of child-welfare programs. The CFSR is a review of state child welfare systems and a guide that validates successful strategies and provides insight for areas needing improvement.

The Ohio CFSR Dashboard is a program evaluation and management tool. It empowers managers to detect problems in performance and make changes to programs prior to the end of the review period, thereby avoiding financial penalties.

The program year for the federal reporting period is April 1 to March 31. Data presented is as of March 31, 2013. Note: The 'Annual Target' is the Program Year value that must be met or exceeded to be compliant with Federal Government Standards and avoid penalties.

CFSR Permanency Measure C1-3: Entry Cohort Reunification in < 12 months

Of all children entering foster care for the first time between October and March, (6 months) prior to the beginning of the evaluation period, and remained in care for longer than one week, what percent was discharged from foster care to reunification in less than 12 months from the date of the latest removal from home? Target: At least 48.4% of the children must be reunified to avoid risk of Federal penalty.





CFSR Permanency Measure C2-3: Children in Care 17+ Months, Adopted by the end of the Year

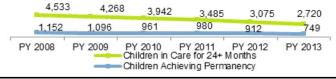
Of all children in foster care for 17+ months on April 1 of the evaulation year (and not discharged from foster care with a discharge reason of living with a relative, reunification, or guardianship), what percent was discharged from foster care to finalized adoption by the last day of the evaluation period? Target: At least 22.7% of the children must be adopted to avoid risk of Federal penalty.





CFSR Permanency Measure C3-1: Exits to Permanency Prior to 18th birthday for Children in Care for 24+ Months This includes reunification, guardianship or permanent placement with relatives.

Of all children in foster care for 24 months or longer on April 1 of the evaluation period, what percent was discharged? The target percent of children represents the percent released to a permanent home prior to their 18th birthday and by March 31, guardianship, or reunification (including living with relative).





CFSR Permanency Measure C4-3: Two or Fewer Placement Settings for Children In Care 24+ Months

Of all children in foster care for at least 24 months on April 1 of the evaluation year, what percent had two or fewer placement settings? The annual target of 41.8% is the minimum percent to avoid risk of Federal penalty.





Job and Family Services Profile

Family Services

Child Care

Ohio counties provide child care services and early learning opportunities that families need to succeed at work and school. Through state and federal funding, families whose income is at or below 125 percent of the federal poverty guideline can receive payment for all or part of their monthly child care expenses while parents work or attend job training/educational activities. A family may remain eligible until income increases to 200 percent of the federal poverty guideline.

	SI	Y 2013	SFY 2012		
Children Served	County	State	County	State	
Number of Children Using Publicly Funded Child Care (Unduplicated Count)	1,699	178,132	1,987	188,526	
Public Funds Used for Child Care Expenditure	\$3,772,652	\$508,988,420	\$4,485,154	\$571,296,382	

Providers	SFY 2013	SFY 2012
Number of Licensed Child Care Centers*	24 3,102	26 3,112
*Includes licensed full-time part-time Head Start school-ha	sed and combination centers with 7 c	or more children

Includes licensed full-time, part-time, Head Start, school-based and combination centers with 7 or more children.

"Step Up To Quality" Program

Step Up To Quality (SUTQ) is Ohio's voluntary quality rating system for child care programs. SUTQ is designed to increase the number of high-quality programs, recognize and support programs that achieve higher quality standards, and provide parents with an easy-to-use tool to assist them in making more informed choices on behalf of their children. Programs with the highest ratings qualify for monetary awards.

The number of Licensed Child Care Centers Earning Quality Ratings as of June 30, 2013: 5

For additional information about child care services, Step Up to Quality (SUTQ), or to search for child care in your area, go to: http://jfs.ohio.gov/cdc/childcare.stm

Adult Protective Services (APS)

County Departments of Job and Family Services provide Adult Protective Services to the elderly who are in danger of harm, unable to protect themselves, and/or have no one to assist them.

	SFY 2012-SFY2013		SFY2011-2012	
	County	State	County	State
Adult Cases	105	14,832	47	15,475
Cases Deemed Emergencies	0	424	0	511
Cases in Need of Protective Services	17	5,905	4	6,381
Cases Where Protective Services Not Available	0	88	0	81

	SFY 2013 SFY 2012				
	County	State	County	State	
Expenditures	\$162,267	\$16,070,280	\$70,955	\$17,017,750	

Kinship Permanency Incentive

KPI provides time-limited incentive payments to relatives caring for minor children who would be at risk of harm if they remained in their own homes. (Blank field = N/A)

	SFY 2012		
Unduplicated Counts*	County	State	
Children Approved for Initial KPI Funding	55	2,241	
Children Receiving KPI Payments Redeterminations	145	4,714	
Total Number of Children Receiving KPI Payments	200	6,955	
*Blank Field = N/A			

Job and Family Services Profile

Medical Assistance

Ohio offers a variety of assistance programs to give those with limited resources access to basic medical care. The most comprehensive of these is Medicaid, the federally funded, state-administered program that reimburses doctors and health-care facilities for providing services to eligible individuals with low income.

Nursing Facilities/Residential Care*

	CY 2012		<u>CY 2</u>	<u>011</u>	
	County	State	County	State	
Nursing Homes	15	958	15	939	
Residential Care Facilities	11	608	11	599	

^{*}Total includes state-licensed and Medicaid-certified facilities.

Alternatives to Nursing Facilities (Waiver Programs)

Waiver programs allow people on Medicaid with disabilities to receive care in their homes and communities instead of in nursing homes. The following chart lists the waiver programs available in Ohio for SFY 2013 and SFY 2012, and the number of Clark County residents participating in them.

Unduplicated Number of Residents Receiving Services	SFY 2	FY 2013 SFY 2		2012	
Waiver Type	County	State	County	State	
Choices - Age 60 or older		649	0	697	
PASSPORT - Pre-admission Screening System Providing Options and Resources Today - Age 60 or older	741	40,781	724	40,752	
Assisted Living- Age 21 or older	80	5,357	93	4,795	
Individual Options Waiver - Available to all ages	282	17,739	268	17,311	
Level One Waiver - Available to all ages with an ICF/MR Level of Care	196	13,031	175	11,851	
Ohio Home Care - Age 59 or younger	148	10,445	140	10,442	
Transitions - Age 60 or older	42	3,182	41	3,066	
Transitions Carve Out - All ages	32	2,634	30	2,352	