

# **1992 Annual Statistical Report of the Furlough Program**

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## **Abstract**

The Furlough program was first implemented by the Massachusetts Department of Correction on November 6, 1972. Since the inception of the program until December 31, 1992, a total of 129,357 furloughs have been granted to 24,087 individuals. There have been 652 escapes since the inception of the program, yielding an overall success rate of 99.6 percent of all furloughs and an escape rate of 0.5 percent.

- During 1992 a total of 515 furloughs were granted to 295 individuals. This is a decrease of 46 percent from the 945 furloughs granted during 1991; and a decrease of 19 percent from the 366 individuals furloughed during 1991.
- The median number of furloughs for furloughed offenders for 1992 was one. This is the same as the 1991 median.
- During 1992, 44 percent of all furloughs were from pre-release facilities; 25 percent were from mixed minimum/pre-release facilities; 4 percent were from minimum security facilities; and 27 percent were from maximum or medium security institutions.
- 41 percent of the furloughs taken in 1992 were unescorted furloughs and 59 percent were emergency/emergency escorted furloughs.
- The median number of hours of leave per furlough during 1992 was 4.5. This number is a decrease of 9.5 hours from 1991.
- There were no escapes from furlough during 1992, resulting in an escape rate per furlough of 0.0 percent.

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## **Introduction**

This report presents a statistical description of furloughs granted by the Massachusetts Department of Correction for the year 1992.

The report has three main sections. The first section gives a description of the furlough program and some background information. The second section covers furlough statistics for the year 1992. The third section provides furlough statistics and a discussion of trends from the inception of the program in 1972 until the end of 1992. Tables in the Appendix present the number and percent distribution of 1992 furloughs by inmate social characteristics, offense variables, criminal history variables and furlough characteristics.

This report includes information on furloughs granted from DOC facilities. Thus, it does not include any furloughs taken by inmates in non-DOC facilities such as county houses of correction, or Bridgewater State Hospital.

The data for this report were derived from institutional furlough rosters and the computerized inmate data base. The tables were produced using the Department of Correction's VAX Computer System.

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## **Background and Description of the Furlough Program**

The furlough program is authorized by Section 90A of Chapter 777 (Correctional Reform Act) and became effective on October 15, 1972. The significance of the 1972 law was that it established the concept of furloughs as a vital tool in minimizing the isolating effects of institutionalization, building or rebuilding social ties between offender and community, and reintegrating offenders from prison to community life, all major tasks of correction first identified by the President's Commission on Law Enforcement and the Administration of Justice in 1967.<sup>1</sup>

The Department of Correction regards the furlough program as a means by which residents may maintain or re-establish direct ties with the communities from which they have come and, therefore, to be consistent with its policy of community reintegration. Furloughs may be granted for medical purposes, for contacting prospective employers, for securing living accommodations preparatory to release, or for visiting a critically ill relative or attending a relative's funeral; they are also granted for family visits. As diverse as these functions are, they all share the common desired end result of a reduction in the repeated criminal behavior of the prison releasee.

The Department's furlough rules and regulations require residents to serve a certain portion of their sentences prior to becoming eligible for a furlough. Three levels of review have been built into the furlough screening process: the institution; The Commissioner's Furlough Panel; and The Commissioner. This consists of an application review by a furlough coordinator; an interview by

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<sup>1</sup> Task Force Report: Corrections, The President's Commission on Law Enforcement and Administration of Justice, U.S. Government Printing Office, Washington, 1967.

an institutional furlough committee comprised of 3-5 institutional staff including one or more correctional officers; completion of a furlough sponsorship agreement; a criminal history background check and interview of the furlough sponsor; and a review of all relevant information by the Superintendent of the facility. An initial furlough application must go through an even more extensive process. It is carefully reviewed and researched by the DOC furlough office. The case is then presented to the Commissioner's Furlough Panel. The Panel is composed of the Associate Commissioner for Programs and Treatment, the Director and the Deputy Director of Programs and Classification, the County and Interstate Manager, and the Chief of Investigations. The application receives final consideration and authorization by the Commissioner or his designee.

Residents meeting the general eligibility criteria are allowed by statute 14 furlough days per furlough year. In practice they receive seven days during the first half of the year and seven days during the second half of the year. A furlough may last less than 24 hours; thus, an individual can be furloughed more than 14 times during a year. A resident's furlough year runs for 12 consecutive months from the date of the resident's initial furlough. Each successive furlough year commences on the anniversary of the initial furlough date. Prior to any furlough release, local and state police and the furlough sponsor must be notified in writing of the inmate's proposed furlough.

There are three types of furlough: earned, emergency and emergency escorted. By far, the most common type of furlough is the earned furlough. In 1992, 41 percent of all furloughs were earned. An earned furlough is considered by the Department of Correction to be an "extension of the limits of the place of confinement for a trustworthy resident" of a state correctional facility.<sup>2</sup>

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<sup>2</sup> Source: 103 CMR 463.00 FURLOUGHS.

Fifty-nine percent of the furloughs taken during 1992 were emergency or emergency escorted furloughs. Emergency escorted furloughs are emergency furloughs granted to a resident who requires close supervision while in the community. The resident must be accompanied by correctional staff while on an emergency escorted furlough. Emergency furloughs are approved for residents when a serious or personal situation (i.e. funerals or medical emergencies) arises that requires their immediate presence in the community. During 1992, all furloughs from maximum or medium security were emergency or emergency escorted furloughs.

### **Furlough Program Participation For The Year 1992**

In 1992 there was a decrease in the use of the furlough program in the Massachusetts Department of Correction. From January 1, 1992 to December 31, 1992, there were 515 furloughs granted. The number of individuals who received furloughs in 1992 was 295. Compared to 1991, the number of furloughs decreased 46 percent (from 945 in 1991), and the number of individuals receiving furloughs decreased 19 percent (from 366 in 1991).

**Length of Furloughs.** In 1992, the median number of hours of leave per furlough was 4.5 hours, but the actual number of hours furloughed ranged from one to 49 hours. The median number of hours of leave per furlough during 1992 decreased by 9.5 hours from 1991 (12 hours).

#### **Individuals in the Furlough Program**

**Number of Furloughs Per Offender.** During 1992, 295 individuals received 515 furloughs. The median number of furloughs per furloughed offender was one. The number of furloughs per offender ranged from one to 11. Of those furloughed, 209 offenders received one furlough during the year, and 2 offenders received more than 10 furloughs during 1992. During 1991, the median number of furloughs per furloughed offender was one.



**Characteristics of Furlough Participants.** The tables in Appendix I show the number and percent distribution of furloughs by various characteristics of furlough participants.<sup>3</sup> It is important to note that the figures in these tables refer to the number of furloughs, not the number of individuals furloughed. Therefore, the characteristics of individuals receiving multiple furloughs during the year weigh more heavily in the statistics than those of inmates receiving a single furlough in 1992.

Of the 515 furloughs granted during 1992, 55 percent were furloughs by person offenders; 13 percent by sex offenders; 14 percent by property offenders; 13 percent by drug offenders; and 4 percent by "other" offenders. Twenty-four percent of all furloughs were taken by offenders serving life sentences. This number represents 40 individuals who took a total of 126 furloughs, an average of 3 furloughs per lifer.

Sixty-three percent of the furloughs were taken by white (includes white hispanic) offenders; 63 percent of the furloughs were taken by offenders with a marital status of "single"; 82 percent had no history of military service; 52 percent were from the Metropolitan Boston area at time of incarceration; and 50 percent had not completed high school. Forty-six percent of the furloughs were taken by those with no prior adult incarcerations.

**Furlough Institution.** Table 1 shows the number of furloughs by furlough institution.<sup>4</sup> During 1992, 376 of the 515 furloughs were from lower security institutions (73 percent). One hundred thirty-nine and furloughs were granted from maximum or medium security institutions,

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<sup>3</sup> Due to percentage rounding, some of the tables may not total to 100 percent.

<sup>4</sup> Several tables in this report present furlough statistics by the security level of the institution from which the furlough occurred. Six of the lower security institutions -- Plymouth, Warwick, Shirley, Lancaster, Longwood and Hodder House -- are mixed security. That is, they house inmates in pre-release as well as minimum security status. In addition, although SECC is considered a medium security facility in the report tables, it houses both medium and minimum security populations.

representing 27 percent of the furloughs granted in 1992. The furloughs from lower security institutions consisted of 19 furloughs (4 percent) from minimum security institutions, 130 furloughs from mixed minimum/pre-release institutions (25 percent), and 227 furloughs (44 percent) from pre-release facilities. Table 1 shows a decrease in the number of furloughs taken from each security level in 1992, when compared with 1991.

Although there were twenty-five institutions from which inmates were furloughed, the actual number of furloughs taken from many of these institutions was low. CRS which includes seven institutions, accounted for 21 percent of all furloughs taken during 1992: Brooke House (2 percent), Charlotte House (2 percent), Hillside Pre-Release Center (16 percent), Houston House (less than 1 percent), McGrath House (1 percent), Meridian House (less than 1 percent) and THP (less than 1 percent).

**Type of Furlough.** Table 1 shows that of the 515 furloughs granted during 1992, 41 percent were unescorted earned furloughs. However, furloughs from secure institutions (maximum & medium) were exclusively emergency or emergency escorted furloughs (those from Southeastern Correctional Center are exceptions to this pattern since minimum security level inmates are also housed there).

**Inmates Furloughed Per Average Monthly Population.** Table 2 presents information on the number of individuals furloughed in proportion to the average population for 1992. The average number of inmates furloughed per month in 1992 was 36. Out of an average population of 9,654 these 36 individuals represented 0.4 percent of the population. This proportion varied by security level. Less than two percent (0.2 percent) of the average maximum/medium security population, 0.2 percent of the minimum population, 0.5 percent of the mixed minimum/pre-release population, and 2.0 percent of the pre-release population received furloughs during an average month in 1992. These

numbers indicate a drop in the proportion of individuals furloughed out of the average population when compared to 1991 for each security level and for the total population.

### **Furlough Outcomes in 1992.**

Department of Correction policy defines four furlough outcomes: return on time, late under, late over, and escape. A "return on time" furlough outcome means that the offender returned by a designated time to a designated place. This outcome indicates an inmate's successful adherence to his/her furlough schedule. A "late under" furlough outcome occurs when an inmate returns within two hours of his/her designated time of return. "Late overs" are furloughs which result in voluntary returns after two hours but within 24 hours of the designated reporting time. "Escapes" are furloughs which result in involuntary returns or failure to return after 24 hours. Department of Correction policy defines a furlough escape as failure to return to a correctional facility within two hours of the designated time of return.<sup>5</sup> Therefore, a "late over" and "escape" are recognized as two classes of furlough escape. Table 3 gives a breakdown of the furlough outcome by furlough institution.

Of the 515 furloughs granted during 1992, 504 or 98 percent returned on time. These 504 furloughs involved 289 individuals. During 1992, there were 11 furloughs which were classified as a "late under". These 11 late unders involved 10 individuals. Out of the 515 furloughs granted in 1992, there were no incidents of furlough escape for the fourth consecutive year.

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<sup>5</sup> The Department of Correction furlough statistics define an "escape from furlough" in accordance with Department Order 467.1 entitled, "Furloughs - Rules and Regulations." According to Section 10.4 (c) : "Failure of the resident to return to the correctional facility after the two hour period set forth in Section 10.4 (b) shall be considered in escape regardless of prior notification to the facility by the resident that he would be late. The superintendent or his designee shall notify, forthwith, appropriate law enforcement official of the escape."

Table 1

Type of Furlough by Furlough Institution,  
1991 and 1992

Furlough Institution	<u>1992</u>			<u>1991</u>		
	Unescorted	Emergency/ Emergency Escorted	Total	Unescorted	Emergency/ Emergency Escorted	Total
<b><u>Maximum &amp; Medium</u></b>						
Cedar Junction	0	16	16	0	20	20
Concord	0	30	30	0	28	28
Framingham	0	15	15	0	14	14
OCCC	0	7	7	0	22	22
Norfolk	0	30	30	0	33	33
SECC	0	18	18	2	18	20
NCCI	0	23	23	0	18	18
Sub-Total	0	139	139	2	153	155
<b><u>Minimum</u></b>						
Bay State	0	5	5	6	7	13
NCC (NECC)	4	10	14	26	8	34
Sub-Total	4	15	19	32	15	47
<b><u>Minimum/Pre-Release</u></b>						
Plymouth	0	12	12	3	10	13
Warwick*	0	1	1	0	5	5
Shirley	0	64	64	2	39	41
Lancaster	20	17	37	81	15	96
Longwood T.C.	3	11	14	19	16	35
Hodder Cottage	0	2	2	0	10	10
Sub-Total	23	107	130	105	95	200
<b><u>Pre-Release</u></b>						
Boston State	32	15	47	80	1	81
Pondville	15	18	33	63	9	72
Park Drive	5	7	12	47	24	71
SMPRC	26	2	28	52	2	54
CRS	107	0	107	265	0	265
Sub-Total	185	42	227	507	36	543
Grand Total	212	303	515	646	299	945

\*MCI-Warwick closed in July of 1992

Table 2

Percent of Average Institutional Population Furloughed, 1992

<b>Institution</b>	<b>Average Population<sup>6</sup></b>	<b>Average # of Inmates Furloughed Per Month</b>	<b>Percent of Population Furloughed</b>
<b><u>Maximum and Medium</u></b>			
Cedar Junction	823	1	(0.1)
Concord	1267	2	(0.2)
Framingham	459	1	(0.2)
OCCC	720	1	(0.1)
Norfolk	1249	2	(0.2)
SECC	769	2	(0.3)
NCCI	1027	2	(0.2)
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>6314</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>
<b><u>Minimum</u></b>			
Bay State	266	0	(0.0)
NCC (NECC)	263	1	(0.4)
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>529</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>(0.2)</b>
<b><u>Minimum/Pre-Release</u></b>			
Plymouth	264	1	(0.4)
Warwick*	0	0	(0.0)
Shirley	1440	5	(0.3)
Lancaster	277	3	(1.1)
Longwood T.C.	109	1	(0.9)
Hodder Cottage	29	0	(0.0)
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>2119</b>	<b>10</b>	<b>(0.5)</b>
<b><u>Pre-Release</u></b>			
Boston State	97	3	(3.1)
Pondville	197	2	(1.0)
Park Drive	66	1	(1.5)
SMPRC	191	2	(1.0)
CRS	141	6	(4.3)
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>692</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>(2.0)</b>
<b>Total Daily Average</b>	<b>9654</b>	<b>36</b>	<b>(0.4)</b>

<sup>6</sup> The figures for average population during 1991 were taken from the Quarterly Report on the Status of Prison Overcrowding, for the Fourth Quarter of 1992.

\*MCI-Warwick closed July 1992

Table 3

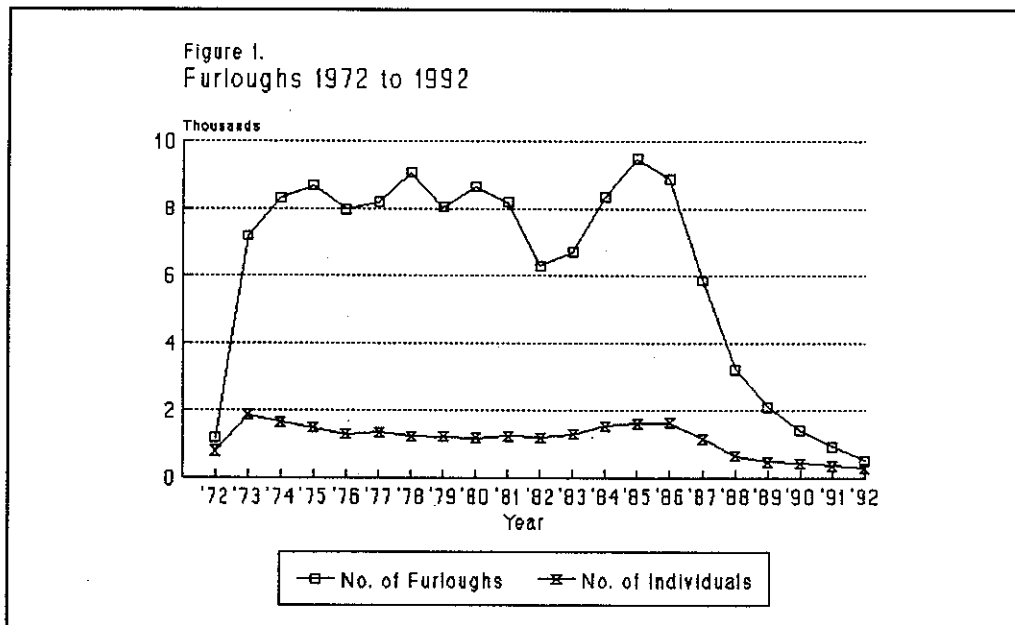
Furlough Outcome  
by Furlough Institution, 1992

<b>Furlough Institution</b>	<b>Return on Time</b>	<b>Late Under</b>	<b>Total</b>
<b>Maximum &amp; Medium</b>			
Cedar Junction	15	1	16
Concord	30	0	30
Framingham	15	0	15
OCCC	7	0	7
Norfolk	30	0	30
SECC	18	0	18
NCCI	23	0	23
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>138</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>139</b>
<b>Minimum</b>			
Bay State	5	0	5
NCC (NECC)	14	0	14
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>19</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>19</b>
<b>Minimum/Pre-Release</b>			
Plymouth	12	0	12
Warwick	0	1	1
Shirley	59	5	64
Lancaster	36	1	37
Longwood T.C.	14	0	14
Hodder Cottage	2	0	2
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>123</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>130</b>
<b>Pre-Release</b>			
Boston State	47	0	47
Pondville	33	0	33
Park Drive	12	0	12
SMPRC	28	0	28
CRS	104	3	107
<b>Sub-Total</b>	<b>224</b>	<b>3</b>	<b>227</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>504</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>515</b>

### Furlough Statistics Since the Inception of the Program

The Massachusetts Department of Correction furlough program has been operating since November 6, 1972. A total of 129,357 furloughs have been granted to 24,087 individuals since the inception of the program through December 31, 1992. On 652 occasions, individuals failed to return to their respective correctional facility within two hours of their appointed time of return. Thus, since the inception of the program there has been an overall escape rate of 0.5 percent.

Figure 1 and Table 4 present a summary of furlough statistics for the years 1972 to 1992. Included is information on the number of furloughs, the number of individuals furloughed, the number of escapes, and corresponding escape rates. During the last seven years (1986 through 1992) there was a decrease in the number of furloughs and number of individuals receiving furloughs. In addition, the number of escapes and escape rates dropped over the twenty year period.



There has been an 93 percent decrease in the number of furloughs taken from 1973 to 1992. The number of furloughs varies by year. The greatest percentage change between any two consecutive years occurred from 1991 to 1992 when the number of furloughs decreased by 46 percent.

There has also been a decrease from 1973 to 1992 in the number of individuals being furloughed (84 percent). In 1992, the number of individuals receiving furloughs dropped from the prior year by 19 percent. Over the nineteen year period, 1992 had the lowest number of furloughed offenders.

The number of escapes has decreased since 1973 when there were 134 escapes, to 0 escapes in 1992. The escape rate by furlough has declined from 1.9 escapes per 100 furloughs in 1973 to 0.0 in 1992. Similarly, the escape rate by individual has also decreased during this period from 7.2 in 1973 to 0.0 in 1992. The past four years, 1989, through 1992 are the only years since the inception of the furlough program that there have been no furlough escapes.

Figure 2 and Table 6 compare the proportion of the average population receiving furloughs by security level for the years 1974 through 1992. The proportion of the population furloughed each year is figured for the total average population and the security level of the institutions from which the furlough occurred.<sup>7</sup> The table shows that there has been a large decrease in the proportion of the total institutional population receiving furloughs, from 21.9 in 1974 to 0.4 in 1992. While the number of individuals receiving furloughs decreased, the average institutional population increased each year. The percentage of the population in maximum and medium security institutions who received furloughs decreased from 15.2 percent in 1974 to less than 1 percent in 1992. The percentage of the minimum security population furloughed dropped from 55.2 percent in 1974 to 0.3

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<sup>7</sup> To be consistent with earlier reports of average monthly population furloughed, MCI-Warwick, MCI-Plymouth, Hodder House and Longwood Treatment Center are classified as minimum security, and MCI-Shirley and MCI-Lancaster are classified as pre-release.



percent in 1992, and the proportion furloughed from pre-release facilities dropped from 79.9 percent in 1974 to 0.9 percent in 1992.

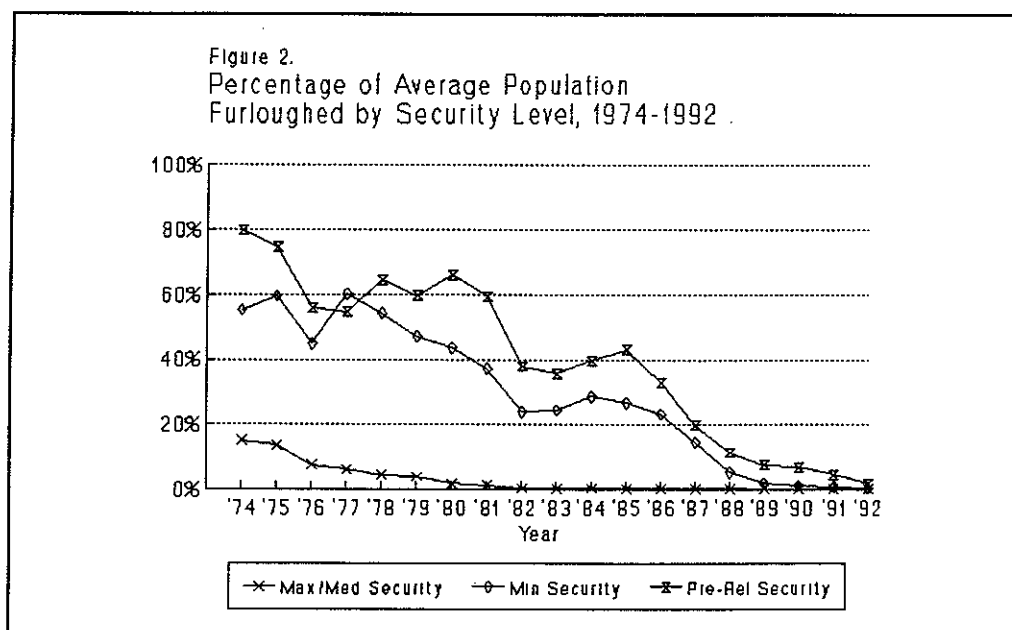


Table 5 examines furlough participation of releasees for the years 1973 to 1991. It is important to note that while the number of furloughs have declined, the number of offenders released to the street has increased each year with the exception of 1991. Thus, the proportion of releasees participating in the furlough program has decreased from 74 percent in 1974 to 8 percent in 1991. The figures for 1992 are presently unavailable.

Table 4

Summary Furlough Statistics for the Years 1972 - 1992

Year	Number of Furloughs	Individuals Furloughed	Number of Escapes	Escape Rate by Individual	Escape Rate by Furlough
1972 <sup>8</sup>	1182	793	8	1.0	0.7
1973	7195	1868	134	7.2	1.9
1974	8322	1668	127	7.6	1.5
1975	8680	1482	88	5.9	1.0
1976	7985	1305	40	3.1	0.5
1977	8199	1355	42	3.1	0.5
1978	9062	1248	38	3.0	0.4
1979	8040	1232	38	3.1	0.5
1980	8654	1193	24	2.0	0.3
1981	8196	1248	34	2.7	0.4
1982	6307	1198	12	1.0	0.2
1983	6710	1295	21	1.6	0.3
1984	8354	1546	10	0.6	0.1
1985	9492	1621	18	1.1	0.2
1986	8896	1645	11	0.7	0.1
1987	5859	1161	5	0.4	0.1
1988	3218	646	2	0.3	0.1
1989	2123	484	0	0.0	0.0
1990	1423	438	0	0.0	0.0
1991	945	366	0	0.0	0.0
1992	515	295	0	0.0	0.0

<sup>8</sup> The figures for 1972 represent totals for only two months of 1972 (November and December). Therefore, the number of furloughs and individuals furloughed is much lower than subsequent years.

Table 5  
Releases by Furlough Participation and Sex,  
1973-1991<sup>9</sup>

Year Released	Total Releases	% Furloughed Prior to Release	<u>Men Released</u>		<u>Women Released</u>	
			No.	% Furloughed	No.	% Furloughed
1973	966	(69)	---	---	---	---
1974	911	(74)	---	---	---	---
1975	926	(59)	835	---	91	---
1976	1029	(51)	904	---	125	---
1977	1193	(50)	1032	---	161	---
1978	1133	(49)	1002	---	131	---
1979	1124	(42)	955	---	169	---
1980	1015	(40)	799	(47)	216	(12)
1981	1118	(41)	849	(51)	269	(8)
1982	1440	(30)	962	(43)	478	(4)
1983	1976	(32)	1405	(42)	571	(5)
1984	2125	(30)	1468	(42)	657	(6)
1985	2331	(28)	1616	(38)	715	(5)
1986	3029	(27)	2243	(34)	786	(6)
1987	3114	(22)	2338	(27)	776	(5)
1988	3446	(12)	2530	(16)	916	(3)
1989	3737	(10)	2706	(12)	1031	(5)
1990	3852	(9)	2879	(11)	973	(3)
1991	3293	(8)	2500	(10)	793	(4)
1992**						

\* --- indicates that data are not available by sex for these years.

\*\* --- The figures for 1992 releases are presently unavailable.

<sup>9</sup> The figures in this table for the years 1973 through 1990 were taken from annual research reports, A Statistical Description of Releases from Massachusetts Department of Correction, Massachusetts Department of Correction, Numbers 89, 109, 117, 137, 163, 177, 204, 234, 242, 259, 273, 288, 299, 319, 337, 357, 364, and 372.

Table 6  
Percentage of Average Population Furloughed  
by Security Level, 1974 - 1992

Year	Maximum Or Medium Security	Minimum Security	Pre-Release	Total Population
1974	(15.2)	(55.2)	(79.9)	(21.9)
1975	(13.8)	(59.6)	(74.6)	(20.8)
1976	(7.6)	(44.9)	(55.9)	(14.7)
1977	(6.2)	(60.2)	(54.5)	(15.5)
1978	(4.5)	(54.2)	(64.6)	(16.8)
1979	(4.0)	(47.1)	(59.6)	(15.5)
1980	(2.0)	(43.7)	(66.2)	(14.1)
1981	(1.3)	(37.2)	(59.5)	(12.6)
1982	(0.5)	(24.0)	(37.9)	(8.8)
1983	(0.3)	(24.5)	(35.8)	(8.9)
1984	(0.5)	(28.7)	(39.8)	(10.1)
1985	(0.3)	(26.7)	(43.2)	(10.5)
1986	(0.4)	(23.3)	(33.0)	(9.0)
1987	(0.4)	(14.6)	(19.9)	(5.6)
1988	(0.3)	(5.5)	(11.5)	(2.6)
1989	(0.2)	(2.0)	(7.6)	(1.6)
1990	(0.2)	(1.2)	(7.0)	(1.3)
1991	(0.2)	(1.0)	(4.7)	(0.7)
1992	(0.2)	(0.3)	(0.9)	(0.4)

## **APPENDIX**

### **Furlough Characteristics, Offense Characteristics, Personal Background and Criminal History for 1992 Furlough Participants**

# Type of Furlough

Month Furloughed	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
January	31	(10%)	29	(14%)	60	(12%)
February	24	(8%)	35	(17%)	59	(11%)
March	24	(8%)	35	(17%)	59	(11%)
April	18	(6%)	29	(14%)	47	(9%)
May	19	(6%)	38	(18%)	57	(11%)
June	19	(6%)	36	(17%)	55	(11%)
July	29	(10%)	1	(0%)	30	(6%)
August	25	(8%)	2	(1%)	27	(5%)
September	26	(9%)	1	(0%)	27	(5%)
October	27	(9%)	1	(0%)	28	(5%)
November	30	(10%)	2	(1%)	32	(6%)
December	31	(10%)	3	(1%)	34	(7%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Hours Furloughed

6 or Less	298	(98%)	2	(1%)	300	(58%)
7 to 12	4	(1%)	49	(23%)	53	(10%)
13 to 18	0	(0%)	11	(5%)	11	(2%)
19 to 24	0	(0%)	82	(39%)	82	(16%)
25 to 30	0	(0%)	8	(4%)	8	(2%)
31 to 36	0	(0%)	27	(13%)	27	(5%)
37 to 42	0	(0%)	1	(0%)	1	(0%)
43 to 48	1	(0%)	31	(15%)	32	(6%)
More than 48	0	(0%)	1	(0%)	1	(0%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

Commitment Institution	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Concord	35	(12%)	22	(10%)	57	(11%)
Framingham	24	(8%)	13	(6%)	37	(7%)
Other Jurisdiction	13	(4%)	2	(1%)	15	(3%)
Cedar Junction	231	(76%)	175	(83%)	406	(79%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Jail Credits

None	90	(30%)	83	(39%)	173	(34%)
1 to 10 Days	16	(5%)	4	(2%)	20	(4%)
11 to 50 Days	35	(12%)	32	(15%)	67	(13%)
51 to 100 Days	38	(13%)	15	(7%)	53	(10%)
101 to 150 Days	39	(13%)	7	(3%)	46	(9%)
151 to 200 Days	18	(6%)	23	(11%)	41	(8%)
Over 200 Days	67	(22%)	48	(23%)	115	(22%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Present Offense General Category

Person	137	(45%)	147	(69%)	284	(55%)
Sex	39	(13%)	27	(13%)	66	(13%)
Property	42	(14%)	32	(15%)	74	(14%)
Drug	65	(21%)	3	(1%)	68	(13%)
Other	20	(7%)	3	(1%)	23	(4%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Present Offense Person						
Non-Person Offense	166	(55%)	65	(31%)	231	(45%)
Murder-1	8	(3%)	0	(0%)	8	(2%)
Murder-2	17	(6%)	91	(43%)	108	(21%)
Manslaughter	18	(6%)	9	(4%)	27	(5%)
Vehicular Homicide	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Asslt W-Intent Murder	3	(1%)	6	(3%)	9	(2%)
Accessory-Murder	0	(0%)	8	(4%)	8	(2%)
Armed Robbery	53	(17%)	21	(10%)	74	(14%)
Unarmed Robbery	16	(5%)	2	(1%)	18	(3%)
Unarmed Rob.vict+65	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Armed Assault	13	(4%)	10	(5%)	23	(4%)
Unarmed Assault	6	(2%)	0	(0%)	6	(1%)
Kidnapping	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Present Offense Sex

Non-Sex Offense	264	(87%)	185	(87%)	449	(87%)
Rape	17	(6%)	23	(11%)	40	(8%)
Assault-Rape	2	(1%)	1	(0%)	3	(1%)
Rape of Minor	14	(5%)	0	(0%)	14	(3%)
Assault-Rape Minor	6	(2%)	3	(1%)	9	(2%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Present Offense Property

Non-Property Offense	261	(86%)	180	(85%)	441	(86%)
Arson	3	(1%)	2	(1%)	5	(1%)
Burglary-Armed	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Burglary	25	(8%)	11	(5%)	36	(7%)
Burglary Tools	0	(0%)	5	(2%)	5	(1%)
Stealing	0	(0%)	1	(0%)	1	(0%)
Larceny	6	(2%)	7	(3%)	13	(3%)
Vehicle Theft	1	(0%)	5	(2%)	6	(1%)
Forgery-Uttering	3	(1%)	0	(0%)	3	(1%)
Stolen Goods	1	(0%)	1	(0%)	2	(0%)
Property Injuries	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)



# Type of Furlough

	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Present Offense Drug						
Non-Drug Offense	238	(79%)	209	(99%)	447	(87%)
Possession-Heroin	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Controlled Substance	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
Class-A	7	(2%)	3	(1%)	10	(2%)
Class-B	55	(18%)	0	(0%)	55	(11%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Present Offense Other

Person, Property, Sex, Drug Offenses	283	(93%)	209	(99%)	492	(96%)
Weapons Offense	7	(2%)	0	(0%)	7	(1%)
Prostitution	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Vehicle Offense	0	(0%)	1	(0%)	1	(0%)
OUI	12	(4%)	2	(1%)	14	(3%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

Minimum Sentence	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
3 Years	34	(11%)	4	(2%)	38	(7%)
4 Years	18	(6%)	29	(14%)	47	(9%)
5 Years	32	(11%)	11	(5%)	43	(8%)
6 Years	23	(8%)	3	(1%)	26	(5%)
7 Years	20	(7%)	6	(3%)	26	(5%)
8 Years	15	(5%)	0	(0%)	15	(3%)
9 Years	7	(2%)	11	(5%)	18	(3%)
10 Years	13	(4%)	7	(3%)	20	(4%)
11 to 12 Years	18	(6%)	3	(1%)	21	(4%)
13 to 15 Years	17	(6%)	2	(1%)	19	(4%)
16 to 19 Years	11	(4%)	6	(3%)	17	(3%)
21 or More Years	7	(2%)	0	(0%)	7	(1%)
Life	27	(9%)	99	(47%)	126	(24%)
Indeterminate	61	(20%)	31	(15%)	92	(18%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Maximum Sentence

Less than 1 Year	18	(6%)	3	(1%)	21	(4%)
1 Year	4	(1%)	1	(0%)	5	(1%)
2 Years	8	(3%)	3	(1%)	11	(2%)
3 Years	3	(1%)	0	(0%)	3	(1%)
4 Years	0	(0%)	2	(1%)	2	(0%)
5 Years	32	(11%)	5	(2%)	37	(7%)
6 Years	19	(6%)	0	(0%)	19	(4%)
7 Years	26	(9%)	9	(4%)	35	(7%)
8 Years	6	(2%)	9	(4%)	15	(3%)
9 Years	3	(1%)	0	(0%)	3	(1%)
10 Years	59	(19%)	24	(11%)	83	(16%)
11 to 12 Years	9	(3%)	14	(7%)	23	(4%)
13 to 15 Years	36	(12%)	18	(8%)	54	(10%)
16 to 19 Years	6	(2%)	0	(0%)	6	(1%)
20 Years	33	(11%)	25	(12%)	58	(11%)
21 or More Years	14	(5%)	0	(0%)	14	(3%)
Life	27	(9%)	99	(47%)	126	(24%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

Age at Incarceration	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Seventeen	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
Eighteen	11	(4%)	10	(5%)	21	(4%)
Nineteen	9	(3%)	13	(6%)	22	(4%)
Twenty	13	(4%)	14	(7%)	27	(5%)
Twenty-one	14	(5%)	1	(0%)	15	(3%)
Twenty-two	17	(6%)	2	(1%)	19	(4%)
Twenty-three	16	(5%)	8	(4%)	24	(5%)
Twenty-four	11	(4%)	20	(9%)	31	(6%)
Twenty-five	19	(6%)	19	(9%)	38	(7%)
26 to 29	54	(18%)	25	(12%)	79	(15%)
30 to 39	100	(33%)	66	(31%)	166	(32%)
40 and Over	35	(12%)	34	(16%)	69	(13%)
Unknown	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Race

White	170	(56%)	152	(72%)	322	(63%)
Black	99	(33%)	50	(24%)	149	(29%)
Hispanic	34	(11%)	10	(5%)	44	(9%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Marital Status

Married	57	(19%)	36	(17%)	93	(18%)
Single	201	(66%)	125	(59%)	326	(63%)
Divorced	36	(12%)	32	(15%)	68	(13%)
Widowed	3	(1%)	0	(0%)	3	(1%)
Common law	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Separated	5	(2%)	19	(9%)	24	(5%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Military Discharge						
No Service	234	(77%)	149	(70%)	383	(74%)
Honorable	34	(11%)	24	(11%)	58	(11%)
Dishonorable	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
Bad Conduct	2	(1%)	17	(8%)	19	(4%)
Discharge Unknown	3	(1%)	0	(0%)	3	(1%)
Unknown	28	(9%)	22	(10%)	50	(10%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Prior Address Selected Towns

Boston	81	(27%)	63	(30%)	144	(28%)
Brockton	5	(2%)	14	(7%)	19	(4%)
Cambridge	3	(1%)	6	(3%)	9	(2%)
Fall River	12	(4%)	0	(0%)	12	(2%)
Framingham	3	(1%)	0	(0%)	3	(1%)
Holyoke	5	(2%)	1	(0%)	6	(1%)
Lawrence	5	(2%)	4	(2%)	9	(2%)
Lowell	15	(5%)	11	(5%)	26	(5%)
Lynn	6	(2%)	2	(1%)	8	(2%)
New Bedford	11	(4%)	1	(0%)	12	(2%)
Quincy	1	(0%)	4	(2%)	5	(1%)
Somerville	4	(1%)	14	(7%)	18	(3%)
Springfield	32	(11%)	7	(3%)	39	(8%)
Worcester	10	(3%)	1	(0%)	11	(2%)
Other Mass. Towns	101	(33%)	84	(40%)	185	(36%)
Out of State	9	(3%)	0	(0%)	9	(2%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

Prior Address County	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Worcester	38	(13%)	2	(1%)	40	(8%)
Franklin	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Middlesex	43	(14%)	36	(17%)	79	(15%)
Suffolk	92	(30%)	63	(30%)	155	(30%)
Norfolk	3	(1%)	30	(14%)	33	(6%)
Bristol	25	(8%)	1	(0%)	26	(5%)
Plymouth	15	(5%)	42	(20%)	57	(11%)
Essex	24	(8%)	14	(7%)	38	(7%)
Hampshire	3	(1%)	0	(0%)	3	(1%)
Hampden	44	(15%)	24	(11%)	68	(13%)
Berkshire	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
Barnstable	3	(1%)	0	(0%)	3	(1%)
Out of State	10	(3%)	0	(0%)	10	(2%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Prior Address MSA

Boston	133	(44%)	133	(63%)	266	(52%)
Brockton	7	(2%)	20	(9%)	27	(5%)
Fall River	12	(4%)	0	(0%)	12	(2%)
Fitchburg-Leominster	8	(3%)	0	(0%)	8	(2%)
Lawrence-Haverhill	8	(3%)	4	(2%)	12	(2%)
Lowell	19	(6%)	11	(5%)	30	(6%)
New Bedford	12	(4%)	1	(0%)	13	(3%)
Pittsfield	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Providence-Paw-War	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Springfield	49	(16%)	24	(11%)	73	(14%)
Worcester	12	(4%)	1	(0%)	13	(3%)
Other Massachusetts	32	(11%)	18	(8%)	50	(10%)
Out of State	9	(3%)	0	(0%)	9	(2%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

Occupation	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Prof-Technical	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
Not Employed	1	(0%)	2	(1%)	3	(1%)
Student	3	(1%)	5	(2%)	8	(2%)
Armed Services	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Services	69	(23%)	47	(22%)	116	(23%)
Manual	127	(42%)	120	(57%)	247	(48%)
Sales, Clerical	16	(5%)	8	(4%)	24	(5%)
Business	15	(5%)	11	(5%)	26	(5%)
Semi-Professional	5	(2%)	0	(0%)	5	(1%)
Unknown	64	(21%)	19	(9%)	83	(16%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Time at Most Skilled Position

Less than One Month	3	(1%)	10	(5%)	13	(3%)
1-2 Months	7	(2%)	4	(2%)	11	(2%)
3-4 Months	7	(2%)	30	(14%)	37	(7%)
5-6 Months	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
7-9 Months	8	(3%)	9	(4%)	17	(3%)
10-12 Months	11	(4%)	9	(4%)	20	(4%)
1-2 Years	17	(6%)	24	(11%)	41	(8%)
2-5 Years	21	(7%)	35	(17%)	56	(11%)
More than 5 Years	22	(7%)	41	(19%)	63	(12%)
Unknown	206	(68%)	50	(24%)	256	(50%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Time on Job of Longest Duration

Less than One Month	3	(1%)	10	(5%)	13	(3%)
1-2 Months	7	(2%)	1	(0%)	8	(2%)
3-4 Months	8	(3%)	23	(11%)	31	(6%)
5-6 Months	1	(0%)	10	(5%)	11	(2%)
7-9 Months	7	(2%)	9	(4%)	16	(3%)
10-12 Months	11	(4%)	9	(4%)	20	(4%)
1-2 Years	17	(6%)	24	(11%)	41	(8%)
2-5 Years	23	(8%)	35	(17%)	58	(11%)
More than 5 Years	22	(7%)	41	(19%)	63	(12%)
Unknown	204	(67%)	50	(24%)	254	(49%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

Last Grade Completed	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Sixth or Less	8	(3%)	0	(0%)	8	(2%)
Seventh	6	(2%)	5	(2%)	11	(2%)
Eighth	17	(6%)	10	(5%)	27	(5%)
Ninth	31	(10%)	39	(18%)	70	(14%)
Tenth	44	(15%)	21	(10%)	65	(13%)
Eleventh	29	(10%)	29	(14%)	58	(11%)
High School Graduate	109	(36%)	83	(39%)	192	(37%)
Some College	28	(9%)	10	(5%)	38	(7%)
College Graduate	7	(2%)	0	(0%)	7	(1%)
Unknown	24	(8%)	15	(7%)	39	(8%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Total Number of Court Appearances						
First Offense	13	(4%)	0	(0%)	13	(3%)
Two	16	(5%)	11	(5%)	27	(5%)
Three	9	(3%)	22	(10%)	31	(6%)
Four	14	(5%)	21	(10%)	35	(7%)
Five	15	(5%)	16	(8%)	31	(6%)
6 to 9	35	(12%)	37	(17%)	72	(14%)
10 to 14	52	(17%)	32	(15%)	84	(16%)
15 to 20	43	(14%)	20	(9%)	63	(12%)
More than 20	55	(18%)	33	(16%)	88	(17%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Charges for Person Offenses

None	44	(15%)	13	(6%)	57	(11%)
One	21	(7%)	22	(10%)	43	(8%)
Two	32	(11%)	42	(20%)	74	(14%)
Three	14	(5%)	29	(14%)	43	(8%)
Four	27	(9%)	13	(6%)	40	(8%)
Five	13	(4%)	15	(7%)	28	(5%)
6 to 8	42	(14%)	30	(14%)	72	(14%)
More than Eight	59	(19%)	28	(13%)	87	(17%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Charges for Property Offenses

None	48	(16%)	57	(27%)	105	(20%)
One	22	(7%)	17	(8%)	39	(8%)
Two	18	(6%)	10	(5%)	28	(5%)
Three	9	(3%)	23	(11%)	32	(6%)
Four	9	(3%)	14	(7%)	23	(4%)
Five	8	(3%)	8	(4%)	16	(3%)
6 to 8	29	(10%)	10	(5%)	39	(8%)
More than Eight	109	(36%)	53	(25%)	162	(31%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)



# Type of Furlough

	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Charges for Sex Offenses						
None	187	(62%)	140	(66%)	327	(63%)
One	24	(8%)	24	(11%)	48	(9%)
Two	11	(4%)	21	(10%)	32	(6%)
Three	6	(2%)	0	(0%)	6	(1%)
Four	5	(2%)	4	(2%)	9	(2%)
Five	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
6 to 8	7	(2%)	0	(0%)	7	(1%)
More than Eight	10	(3%)	3	(1%)	13	(3%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Charges for Drug Offenses

None	98	(32%)	141	(67%)	239	(46%)
One	28	(9%)	24	(11%)	52	(10%)
Two	14	(5%)	13	(6%)	27	(5%)
Three	25	(8%)	4	(2%)	29	(6%)
Four	21	(7%)	1	(0%)	22	(4%)
Five	19	(6%)	3	(1%)	22	(4%)
6 to 8	16	(5%)	4	(2%)	20	(4%)
More than Eight	31	(10%)	2	(1%)	33	(6%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Charges for Alcohol Offenses

None	182	(60%)	134	(63%)	316	(61%)
One	30	(10%)	34	(16%)	64	(12%)
Two	17	(6%)	16	(8%)	33	(6%)
Three	7	(2%)	0	(0%)	7	(1%)
Four	6	(2%)	1	(0%)	7	(1%)
Five	3	(1%)	0	(0%)	3	(1%)
6 to 8	2	(1%)	6	(3%)	8	(2%)
More than Eight	5	(2%)	1	(0%)	6	(1%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

Charges for Escape Offenses	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
None	223	(74%)	176	(83%)	399	(77%)
One	21	(7%)	11	(5%)	32	(6%)
Two	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
Three	3	(1%)	5	(2%)	8	(2%)
Four	2	(1%)	0	(0%)	2	(0%)
6 to 8	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Prior County Incarcerations

None	118	(39%)	132	(62%)	250	(49%)
One	55	(18%)	29	(14%)	84	(16%)
Two	22	(7%)	21	(10%)	43	(8%)
Three	17	(6%)	1	(0%)	18	(3%)
Four	10	(3%)	2	(1%)	12	(2%)
Five	13	(4%)	1	(0%)	14	(3%)
Six or More	17	(6%)	6	(3%)	23	(4%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Prior State or Federal Incarcerations

None	207	(68%)	137	(65%)	344	(67%)
One	23	(8%)	23	(11%)	46	(9%)
Two	15	(5%)	18	(8%)	33	(6%)
Three	5	(2%)	14	(7%)	19	(4%)
Four	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Six or More	1	(0%)	0	(0%)	1	(0%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Total Prior Adult Incarcerations						
None	105	(35%)	100	(47%)	205	(40%)
One	54	(18%)	35	(17%)	89	(17%)
Two	27	(9%)	30	(14%)	57	(11%)
Three	16	(5%)	10	(5%)	26	(5%)
Four	14	(5%)	10	(5%)	24	(5%)
Five	10	(3%)	0	(0%)	10	(2%)
Six or More	26	(9%)	7	(3%)	33	(6%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Age at First Court Appearance

Twelve or Younger	25	(8%)	1	(0%)	26	(5%)
Thirteen	4	(1%)	19	(9%)	23	(4%)
Fourteen	9	(3%)	9	(4%)	18	(3%)
Fifteen	14	(5%)	8	(4%)	22	(4%)
Sixteen	19	(6%)	13	(6%)	32	(6%)
Seventeen	67	(22%)	27	(13%)	94	(18%)
Eighteen	15	(5%)	21	(10%)	36	(7%)
Nineteen	17	(6%)	46	(22%)	63	(12%)
Twenty	13	(4%)	17	(8%)	30	(6%)
Twenty-one	5	(2%)	0	(0%)	5	(1%)
Twenty-two	9	(3%)	0	(0%)	9	(2%)
Twenty-three	11	(4%)	0	(0%)	11	(2%)
Twenty-four	7	(2%)	1	(0%)	8	(2%)
Twenty-five	6	(2%)	0	(0%)	6	(1%)
26 to 29	16	(5%)	16	(8%)	32	(6%)
30 to 39	8	(3%)	14	(7%)	22	(4%)
40 and Over	7	(2%)	0	(0%)	7	(1%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

# Type of Furlough

	Emergency Escorted		Earned		Total	
	N	%	N	%	N	%
Age at First Alcohol Court Appearance						
Not Applicable	182	(60%)	134	(63%)	316	(61%)
15 to 17	9	(3%)	0	(0%)	9	(2%)
18 to 19	12	(4%)	0	(0%)	12	(2%)
20 to 21	7	(2%)	10	(5%)	17	(3%)
22 to 24	16	(5%)	0	(0%)	16	(3%)
25 to 29	19	(6%)	17	(8%)	36	(7%)
30 to 34	1	(0%)	17	(8%)	18	(3%)
35 to 39	3	(1%)	6	(3%)	9	(2%)
40 and Over	3	(1%)	8	(4%)	11	(2%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Age at First Drug Court Appearance

Not Applicable	98	(32%)	141	(67%)	239	(46%)
15 to 17	19	(6%)	12	(6%)	31	(6%)
18 to 19	30	(10%)	17	(8%)	47	(9%)
20 to 21	23	(8%)	2	(1%)	25	(5%)
22 to 24	34	(11%)	8	(4%)	42	(8%)
25 to 29	26	(9%)	4	(2%)	30	(6%)
30 to 34	15	(5%)	2	(1%)	17	(3%)
35 to 39	3	(1%)	6	(3%)	9	(2%)
40 and Over	4	(1%)	0	(0%)	4	(1%)
Unknown	51	(17%)	20	(9%)	71	(14%)
Total	303	(100%)	212	(100%)	515	(100%)

## Glossary

### Court Appearance

Each separate arraignment date is counted as a court appearance. The source of this information is the Probation Central File.

### Institution

Cedar Junction

Formerly known as MCI-Walpole.

CRS

Community Residential Service includes Brooke House, Charlotte House, Hillside Pre-Release Center, Houston House, McGrath House, Meridian House and THP.

NCC (NECC)

Northeastern Correctional Center.

NCCI

North Central Correctional Institution at Gardner.

OCCC

Old Colony Correctional Center.

SECC

Southeastern Correctional Center.

SMPRC

South Middlesex pre-Release Center.

THP

Temporary Housing Program.

### Offense

Armed Assault

Includes armed assault in a dwelling, assault and battery with a dangerous weapon and assault by means of a dangerous weapon.

Unarmed Assault

Includes assault and assault and battery.

Assault with Intent to Murder

Includes attempted murder.

**Glossary (cont.)**

Rape	Includes aggravated rape.
Assault/Rape of Minor	Includes indecent assault and battery on child under 14.
Assault/Rape	Includes indecent assault and battery on person over 14.
Class A	Includes heroin and morphine.
Class B	Includes amphetamines, barbiturates, cocaine, and PCP.
Class C	Includes hallucinogens, hash, and LSD.
Class D	Marijuana.
<u>MSA</u>	Metropolitan Statistical Area.