Quarterly Report on the Status of Prison Overcrowding, Third Quarter 2011

Massachusetts Department of Correction Submitted in Compliance with Chapter 799 Section 21 of the Acts of 1985



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October 2011

2011 Third Quarter Report

Section Twenty-one of Chapter 799 of the

Acts of 1985 directs the Commissioner of Correction
to report quarterly on the status of overcrowding
in state and county facilities. This statute calls for
the following information:

Such report shall include, by facility, the average daily census for the period of the report and the actual census on the first and last days of the report period. Said report shall also contain such information for the previous twelve months and a comparison to the rated capacity of such facility.

This report presents the required statistics for the third quarter of 2011.

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This report, prepared by Ashley Montgomery of the Research and Planning Division, is based on counts submitted by Massachusetts Sheriffs and the DOC.

2011 Third Quarter Report

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Technical Notes, 2000 to 20031

- The official capacity or custody level designation for each facility can change for a number of reasons,
 e.g. expansion of facility beds, decrease of facility beds due to fire, or changes in contracts with vendors.
 In all tables the capacity and custody level reflects the status at the end of the reporting period. The
 design capacity is reported for correctional facilities in Tables 1 through 6.
- State inmates housed in the Hampshire County contract program are included in the county population tables, as are all other state inmates housed in county facilities.
- On May 18, 2000, the Braintree Alternative Center was closed for renovations by the Norfolk County Sheriff's Office. All inmates were transferred to the minimum security Pre-Release Center in Dedham.
- As of September 15, 2000, Longwood Treatment Center, male population, was moved to the Massachusetts Boot Camp and the women were transferred to facilities housing female populations.
- As of September 22, 2000, Massachusetts Boot Camp ceased to hold medium security inmates.
- Due to DOC policy modification, the security level of Boston State Pre-Release was changed from Security Level 2 to Security Level 3/2 during the fourth quarter of 2001.
- P.P.R.E.P was closed effective July 6, 2001.
- Charlotte House was closed effective November 9, 2001.
- Effective November 16, 2001, NCCI-Gardner added 30 beds to Security Level 3, per policy 101.
- As of April 5, 2002, Norfolk County no longer has any contract beds, all inmates are now held at the Norfolk County House of Correction.
- May 20, 2002, NECC changed from a Security Level 3 to Level 3/2. The design capacity for Security Level 3 is 62, and for Security Level 2 the design capacity is 88.
- May 20, 2002, Pondville changed from a Security Level 3 to Level 3/2 with a design capacity of 100.
- June 10, 2002, South Middlesex Correctional Center changed to a facility for female offenders.
- June 22, 2002, Old Colony Correctional Center added a Level 3 housing unit. The design capacity for Security Level 5 is 480 and for Security Level 3 the design capacity is 100.
- On June 30, 2002, the following facilities were closed; SECC (Medium), Hodder House @ Framingham, MCI-Lancaster, the Massachusetts Boot Camp, and the Addiction Center @ SECC
- As of July 1, 2002, the Massachusetts Boot Camp was renamed the Massachusetts Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center (MASAC). Within MASAC is the Longwood Treatment Center Program, relocated on September 15, 2000. This program served individuals incarcerated for operating under the influence of alcohol. Because the inmates were predominantly county sentenced inmates, the inmate count and bed capacity were also included in Tables 3 and 4.
- The Massachusetts Treatment Center (MTC) houses both civil and criminal populations.
- As of July 1, 2002, two housing units remain open at MCI-Shirley Minimum with a design capacity of 92.
- In August 2002, the David R. Nelson Correctional Addiction Center (DRNCAC) was closed and all inmates were integrated into Bristol Dartmouth House of Correction.
- Within MASAC, The Longwood Treatment Center Program was terminated on July 1, 2003. The last inmate to leave the facility was on September 8, 2003.
- Prior to the 3rd Quarter 2003, NCCI-Gardner (Minimum) was inadvertently shown as Security Level 3/2 instead of Security Level 3.

¹ For Technical notes prior to 2000, please refer to previous quarterly reports. Refer to abbreviations on page vi.

Technical Notes 2004 to Present

- Effective February 5, 2004, Boston State Pre-Release Center had a change in design capacity. The new capacity is 150. One hundred beds are Pre-Release and 50 beds are Minimum.
- Houston House program will be known as Women and Children's Program (WCP), effective July 12, 2004.
- Within MCI-Shirley is a 13 bed unit called the Assisted Daily Living Unit, this unit opened on February 22, 2005. The unit houses inmates who require assistance with activities of daily living (e.g., hygiene, eating, ambulating, etc.), but whose regular medical needs are treated on an outpatient basis.
- On September 12, 2005 OCCC designated a Special Housing Unit (SHU) to hold Security Level 4 inmates.
- Barnstable County House of Correction design capacity has changed. The new design capacity is 300, effective as of March 13, 2006.
- The Lemuel Shattuck Correctional (LEM) unit census was added to the first quarter 2006 report.
- Effective October 19, 2006 the count sheet was changed to reflect the Institution Security Level changes per the CMR 103 DOC 101 Policy.
- Memorandum of Agreement for 380 beds at Plymouth County Correctional Facility including, 52A's, Non-52A's, DYS, and other county.
- September 24, 2007 To reflect recent information that has come to light, Bristol County Dartmouth and Essex County Middleton facilities each include a pre-release women's facility which will be reported separately in future reports.
- On October 1, 2007 the Western MA Regional Women's Correctional Center opened in Chicopee MA (Hampden County). The design capacity is 228.
- The design capacity for Shirley Minimum has changed due to the reopening of additional housing units:
 Effective October 15, 2007 92 to 165

Effective February 27, 2008 - 165 to 161, due to the reassessment of space

Effective June 19, 2008 - 161 to 193

Effective November 5, 2008 - 193 to 249.

Effective May 6, 2010 - a new modular unit at Shirley Minimum opened with a rated capacity of 50, changing design/rated capacity from 249 to 299.

- On June 13, 2008 South Middlesex Correctional Center began housing awaiting trial inmates.
- On January 13, 2009, the DOC began the process of double-bunking inmates in some cells at SBCC, with two inmates instead of the previous one inmate per cell.
- Effective February 2, 2009 the DOC added 20 "Community Beds" at Brooke House, contracted with Community Resources for Justice.
- In February 2009, the Assisted Daily Living Unit at MCI-Norfolk opened. The unit houses inmates who require assistance with activities of daily living (e.g., hygiene, eating, ambulating, etc.), but whose regular medical needs are treated on an outpatient basis.
- The data now identifies that the DOC is reporting design/rated capacity. The MGL statute requires that the DOC report on rated capacity. While there is no numerical difference between design capacity and rated capacity, the DOC wanted to make sure the data is accurately and appropriately labeled.
- Effective April 13, 2009, the security level for the MASAC facility has changed from a Medium to Minimum security. In addition to continuing to house 30-day substance abuse civil commitments under MGL Ch.123 s.35, the facility will house inmates serving criminal sentences.

- On June 1, 2009 MCI-Cedar Junction @ Walpole became the reception center, designating one unit as medium security. This unit was designed to hold 72 inmates. All other units remain at maximum security.
- On August 13, 2010 the design capacity for the Hampden County women's facility was reviewed for discrepancies. The design capacity has been changed for accuracy from 228 to 189. The operational capacity for this facility is 240.
- Due to overcrowding, MCI-Cedar Junction began double-bunking maximum security housing units 2 and 3 on 3/17/2011, and the Orientation Unit on 3/29/2011.
- · Average Daily Population for the previous year was calculated by using the last Monday of each month.
- The ATU (Awaiting Trial Unit) house both <u>pre-trial</u> and <u>civilly</u> committed females. The facility population count provided includes all pre-trial and civil females, some of whom might be housed elsewhere within MCI-Framingham then the actual ATU.

Definitions

<u>Custody Population:</u> Custody population refers to all offenders held in DOC facilities only, and does not include DOC inmates serving time in correctional facilities outside of the DOC (e.g., Massachusetts county Houses of Correction, other states' correctional facilities, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons).

<u>Jurisdiction Population:</u> Jurisdiction population refers to all offenders incarcerated in DOC facilities as well as DOC inmates serving time in correctional facilities outside of the DOC (e.g., Massachusetts county Houses of Correction, other states' correctional facilities, and the Federal Bureau of Prisons).

<u>Design/Rated Capacity:</u> The number of inmates that planners or architects intended for the institution [as defined by the U.S. Department of Justice, Bureau of Justice Statistics (BJS)]. Rated capacity is the number of beds or inmates assigned by a rating official to institutions within the jurisdiction, essentially formally updated from the original design capacity.

In November 2009, new security level designations were established according to 103 DOC 101 Correctional Institutions/Security Levels policy which states:

Security Levels:

- Pre-Release/Contracted Residential Placement The perimeter is marked by non-secure boundaries. Physical barriers to inmate movement and interaction are either non-secure or nonexistent. Inmate movements and interactions are controlled by rules and regulations only. Inmates may leave the institution daily for work and/or education in the community. Supervision while on the grounds of the facility is intermittent. While in the community, supervision is occasional, although indirect supervision (e.g. contact with employer) may be more frequent. Inmates must be within eighteen (18) months of parole eligibility or release and not barred by sentencing restrictions for either placement in a pre release facility or participation in work, education or program related activities (PRA) release programs.
- Minimum The perimeter is marked by non-secure boundaries. Physical barriers to movement and interaction are either non-secure or non-existent. Inmates may be housed in single, double or multiple occupancy areas. Inmate movements and interactions are controlled by rules and regulations only. Supervision is intermittent. Inmates may leave the perimeter under supervision. Contact visits and personal clothing are allowed.
- Medium The perimeter and physical barriers to control inmate movement and interaction are present. Inmates may be housed in single, double or multiple occupancy areas. Inmate movement and interaction are generally controlled by rules and regulations, as well as with physical barriers. Inmates are subject to direct supervision by staff. Work and program opportunities are available. Contact visits and personal clothing may be allowed. Inmates assigned to medium custody designation at MCI-Cedar Junction will receive contact visits.
- Maximum The perimeter is designed and staffed to prevent escapes and the introduction of contraband. Inmate movement and interaction are controlled by physical barriers. Inmates are housed in single and double cells. The design of the facility offers an ability to house some offenders separate from others without a limitation of work and/or program opportunities. Inmates are subject to direct supervision by staff. Contact visits may be allowed at Souza Baranowski. Personal clothing is generally not allowed. MCI-Cedar Junction reception beds are considered maximum security and inmates residing in reception beds will receive non-contact visits.

Abbreviations

AC ADP	Addiction Center Average Daily Population	NECC NCCI	Northeastern Correctional Center North Central Correctional Institution at Gardner
ATU	Awaiting Trial Unit	OCCC	Old Colony Correctional Center
BSH	Bridgewater State Hospital	OUI	Operating Under the Influence
CRS	Contract Residential Services Includes Women and	PPREP	Pre-Parole Residential Environmental
	Children's Program		Phase Program
DDU	Departmental Disciplinary Unit	PRC	Pre-Release Center
DOC	Massachusetts Department of Correction	SBCC	Souza-Baranowski Correctional Center
DSU	Departmental Segregation Unit	SECC	Southeastern Correctional Center
HOC	House Of Correction	SDPTC	Sexually Dangerous Person Treatment Center
LEM	Lemuel Shattuck Correctional Unit	SMCC	South Middlesex Correctional Center
LCAC	Lawrence Correctional Alternative Center		
MASAC	Massachusetts Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center		
MTC	Massachusetts Treatment Center		

Table 1 provides the DOC figures for the third quarter of 2011. The DOC Custody population has decreased by 100 inmates, or one percent in this time period. Operating with 11,541 inmates in the system, the average daily population was 11,574 with a design capacity of 8,029. Thus, the DOC operated at 144% of design capacity.

DOC inmates housed in non-DOC Facilities had an average daily population of 271 inmates. The majority of these inmates were in Massachusetts Houses of Correction.

Overall, the average daily total DOC Jurisdiction population for the third quarter 2011 was 11,845. There was a decrease of 85 inmates over the quarter from 11,896 to 11,811.

Table 1

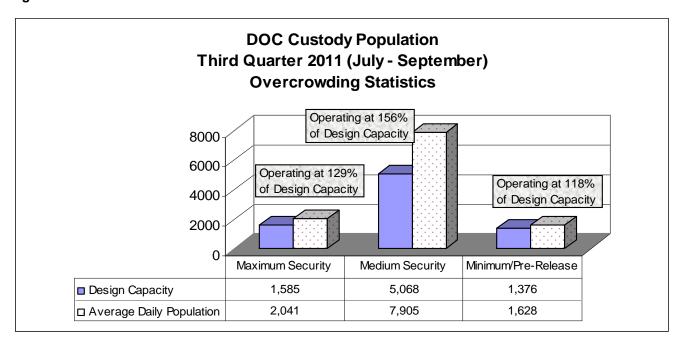
Third Quarter 2011

Population in DOC Facilities, July 4, 2011 to September 26, 2011

Security Level/Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Maximum	Fopulation	Population	Population	Сараспу	Capacity
MCI Cedar Junction	737	757	766	561	131%
SBCC	1,304	1,333	1,240	1,024	127%
Sub-Total, Maximum	2,041	2,090	2,006	1,585	129%
Medium	2,011	2,000	2,000	1,000	12070
Bay State Correctional Center	326	319	326	266	123%
Massachusetts Treatment Center	642	641	640	561	114%
MCI Cedar Junction	71	72	72	72	99%
MCI Concord	1,358	1,378	1,354	614	221%
MCI Framingham (Female)	446	450	439	388	115%
MCI Framingham: ATU (Female)	230	232	259	64	359%
MCI Norfolk	1,521	1,517	1,514	1,084	140%
MCI Shirley	1,213	1,225	1,206	720	168%
NCCI Gardner	937	914	980	568	165%
OCCC @ Bridgewater	752	754	733	480	157%
Shattuck Correctional Unit	24	23	22	24	100%
State Hospital @ Bridgewater	385	381	390	227	170%
Sub-Total, Medium	7,905	7,906	7,935	5,068	156%
Minimum	,	•	•	·	
MA Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center	161	157	157	236	68%
MCI Plymouth	194	201	177	151	128%
MCI Shirley	318	325	305	299	106%
NCCI Gardner	26	24	24	30	87%
0000	117	110	135	100	117%
Min/Pre					
Boston Pre-Release Center	166	173	186	150	111%
NECC	267	267	257	150	178%
Pondville Correctional Center	195	196	187	100	195%
SMCC	164	171	154	125	131%
Contract Pre-Release					
Brooke House	13	14	10	20	65%
Women and Children's Program	7	7	8	15	47%
Sub-Total:Contract, Minimum/Pre-Release	1,628	1,645	1,600	1,376	118%
Total	11,574	11,641	11,541	8,029	144%
DOC Inmates in Non-DOC Facilities					
Houses of Correction	195	178	195	n.a.	n.a.
Federal Prisons	8	8	8	n.a.	n.a.
Inter-State Contract	68	69	67	n.a.	n.a.
Sub-Total	271	255	270	n.a.	n.a.
Grand Total	11,845	11,896	11,811	8,029	148%

See Technical Notes, pp. iii-v, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Figure 1



- ➤ Medium security facilities were the most overcrowded state prison facilities during this quarter, operating overall at 156% of design capacity.
- Minimum/Pre-Release security facilities operated at an average of 118% of design capacity.
- Maximum security facilities operated above capacity during the third quarter 2011 at 129%. Souza-Baranowski Correctional Center operated at 127% of design capacity and MCI Cedar Junction operated at 131%.
- Operating within MCI Cedar Junction is a medium security unit designed to house 72 inmates. During the quarter the average daily population was 71, operating at 99% of design capacity.
- MCI-Concord, a medium security facility, was the second most overcrowded during the third quarter of 2011, averaging 1,358 inmates and operating over twice its design capacity, at 221%.
- Pondville Correctional Center, a minimum/pre-Release facility, operated at 195%, with an average daily population of 195 inmates.
- ➤ NECC, a minimum/pre-Release facility, operated at 178% of design capacity with an average daily population of 267 inmates.
- ➤ The Massachusetts Department of Correction (including treatment and support facilities) operated at an average of 144% of design capacity during the third quarter of 2011.

Table 2 provides the DOC figures for the previous twelve months (July 5, 2010 to June 27, 2011). These figures indicate that the DOC custody population increased by 328 inmates, or three percent, over the twelve-month period from 11,255 in July 2010 to 11,583 in June 2011.

DOC inmates housed in non-DOC Facilities had an average daily population of 245 inmates: 169 inmates in Houses of Correction, 67 inmates in Interstate Contract and 9 inmates in a Federal Prison.

The DOC jurisdiction population increased from 11,490 to 11,835 over the twelve month period, an increase of 345 inmates, or three percent. The average daily population during this time period was 11,570.

Table 2

Previous Twelve Months

Population in DOC Facilities, July 5, 2010 to June 27, 2011

Security Level/Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Maximum	Population	Population	Population	Сараспу	Сараспу
Cedar Junction	677	633	752	561	121%
SBCC	1,259	1,240	1,323	1,024	123%
Sub-Total, Maximum	1,936	1,873	2,075	1,585	122%
Medium	1,500	1,070	2,070	1,000	12270
Bay State	314	315	319	266	118%
Massachusetts Treatment Center	624	627	638	561	111%
Cedar Junction	72	71	72	72	100%
MCI Concord	1,327	1,331	1,366	614	216%
MCI Framingham (Female)	463	477	441	388	119%
MCI Framingham: ATU (Female)	201	208	230	64	314%
MCI Norfolk	1,504	1,500	1,517	1,084	139%
MCI Shirley	1,188	1,202	1,215	720	165%
NCCI Gardner	907	906	914	568	160%
OCCC @ Bridgewater	733	692	749	480	153%
Shattuck Correctional Unit	27	28	25	24	113%
State Hospital @ Bridgewater	386	388	378	227	170%
Sub-Total, Medium	7,746	7,745	7,864	5,068	153%
Minimum	-,	-,	.,	2,000	
MA Alcohol and Substance Abuse Center	151	161	160	236	64%
MCI Plymouth	187	199	196	151	124%
MCI Shirley	320	329	321	299	107%
NCCI Gardner	27	30	24	30	90%
OCCC	148	155	109	100	148%
Min/Pre					
Boston Pre-Release Center	189	175	176	150	126%
NECC	269	272	265	150	179%
Pondville Correctional Center	193	191	197	100	193%
SMCC	142	110	176	125	114%
Contract Pre-Release					
Brooke House	13	13	14	20	65%
Women and Children's Program	4	2	6	15	27%
Sub-Total: Contract, Minimum/Pre-Release	1,643	1,637	1,644	1,376	119%
Total	11,325	11,255	11,583	8,029	141%
DOC Inmates in Non-DOC Facilities	,	,	,	,	
Houses of Correction	169	161	175	n.a.	n.a.
Federal Prisons	9	8	8	n.a.	n.a.
Inter-State Contract	67	66	69	n.a.	n.a.
Sub-Total	245	235	252	n.a.	n.a.
Grand Total	11,570	11,490	11,835	8,029	144%

See Technical Notes, pp iii-vi, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Table 3 presents the county figures for the third quarter of 2011. During the third quarter the county population increased by 271 inmates, or two percent, beginning the quarter with 12,303 inmates and ending with 12,574. The average daily population was 12,412 with a design capacity of 8,633. On average, the county facilities operated at 144% of design capacity.

Table 3

Third Quarter 2011

Population in County Correctional Facilities by County,

July 4, 2011 to September 26, 2011

Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Barnstable	440	448	439	300	147%
Berkshire	274	257	271	288	95%
Bristol	1,398	1,372	1,439	566	247%
Dukes	23	24	25	19	121%
Essex	1,572	1,568	1,622	658	239%
Franklin	221	257	193	144	153%
Hampden	1,575	1,520	1,581	1,492	106%
Hampshire	279	269	288	248	113%
Middlesex	1,182	1,193	1,192	1,035	114%
Norfolk	664	667	672	354	188%
Plymouth	1,389	1,448	1,404	1,140	122%
Suffolk	2,187	2,115	2,205	1,599	137%
Worcester	1,208	1,165	1,243	790	153%
Total	12,412	12,303	12,574	8,633	144%

Table 4 presents the breakdown of county figures for the third quarter of 2011 for the counties which operate more than one facility.

Table 4

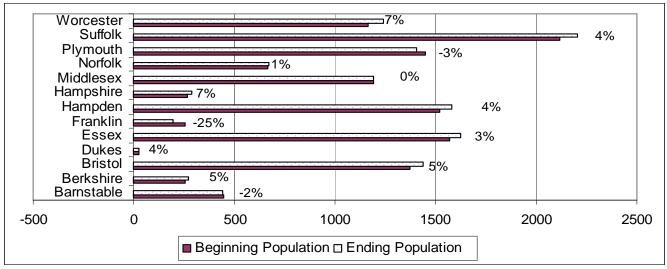
Third Quarter 2011

Population in County Correctional Facilities by Facility,
July 4, 2011 to September 26, 2011

Facility	Avg. Daily	Beginning	Ending	Design/Rated	% ADP
-	Population	Population	Population	Capacity	Capacity
Bristol County					
Bristol Ash Street	189	179	189	206	92%
Bristol Dartmouth	1,117	1,108	1,153	304	367%
Bristol Women's Center	92	85	97	56	164%
Essex County					
Essex Middleton	1,169	1,191	1,198	500	234%
Essex W.I.T	40	38	45	23	174%
Essex LCAC	363	339	379	135	269%
Hampden County					
Hampden	1,297	1,251	1,301	1,178	110%
Hampden OUI	145	144	150	125	116%
Hampden Women's Center	133	125	130	189	70%
Middlesex County					
Middlesex Cambridge	379	368	379	161	235%
Middlesex Billerica	803	825	813	874	92%
Norfolk County					
Norfolk Dedham	664	667	672	302	220%
Norfolk Braintree	-	-	-	52	0%
Suffolk County					
Suffolk Nashua Street	738	727	742	453	163%
Suffolk South Bay	1,449	1,388	1,463	1,146	126%

See Technical Notes, pp. iii-vi, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.





- Most county correctional institutions have jail beds (to hold prisoners awaiting trial) and house of correction beds (designated for sentenced inmates), with the exception of Suffolk County, which houses these populations in separate facilities. The design capacities are determined within each facility and separate capacities are not designated as "jail" (detainees) or "house of correction" (county sentenced) beds.
- In the third quarter of 2011, the county correctional system operated at 144% of its design capacity, with an average daily population of 12,412 and a capacity designed to hold 8,633 inmates.
- Franklin's County reported the largest percentage decrease, 25% for the third quarter. Their population decreased by 64 inmates from 257 inmates at the beginning of the quarter to 193 inmates at the end of the quarter.
- > Both Worcester and Hampshire County had the largest increases, at 7% over the guarter.
- The county correctional facilities' (jails and houses of correction) population increased by 271 inmates, or two percent, for the third quarter of 2011, from 12,303 at the beginning of the quarter to 12,574 at the end of the quarter.

Table 5 presents the county figures for the previous twelve months (July 5, 2010 to June 27, 2011). The figures indicate that the county population decreased by 66 inmates over this twelve-month period, or one percent, from 12,412 in July 2010 to 12,346 in June 2011.

Table 5
Previous Twelve Months
Population in County Correctional Facilities by County,
July 5, 2010 to June 27, 2011

Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Barnstable	416	432	448	300	139%
Berkshire	309	357	269	288	107%
Bristol	1,389	1,377	1,394	566	245%
Dukes	25	31	17	19	132%
Essex	1,570	1,501	1,576	658	239%
Franklin	228	168	263	144	158%
Hampden	1,565	1,568	1,518	1,492	105%
Hampshire	274	294	271	248	110%
Middlesex	1,196	1,235	1,213	1,035	116%
Norfolk	646	651	659	354	182%
Plymouth	1,446	1,456	1,431	1,140	127%
Suffolk	2,148	2,164	2,114	1,599	134%
Worcester	1,152	1,178	1,173	790	146%
Total	12,364	12,412	12,346	8,633	143%

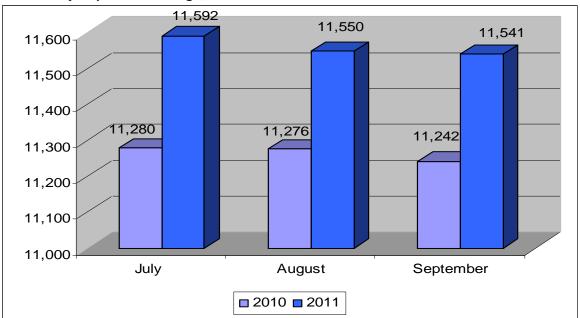
Table 6 presents the county figures for the previous twelve months. The following table presents a breakdown of facility population and capacity for counties that operate more than one facility.

Table 6
Previous Twelve Months
Population in County Correctional Facilities by Facility,
July 5, 2010 to June 27, 2011

Facility	Avg. Daily Population	Beginning Population	Ending Population	Design/Rated Capacity	% ADP Capacity
Bristol County		•	_		•
Bristol Ash Street	189	190	184	206	92%
Bristol Dartmouth	1103	1074	1121	304	363%
Women's Center	97	113	89	56	173%
Essex County					
Essex Middleton	1189	1163	1188	500	238%
Essex W.I.T.	39	44	35	23	170%
Essex LCAC	342	294	353	135	253%
Hampden County					
Hampden	1292	1280	1263	1,178	110%
Hampden OUI	148	144	137	125	118%
Hampden Women's Center	125	144	118	189	66%
Middlesex County					
Middlesex Cambridge	370	399	378	161	230%
Middlesex Billerica	826	836	835	874	95%
Norfolk County					
Norfolk Dedham	646	651	659	302	214%
Norfolk Braintree	-	-	-	52	0%
Suffolk County					
Suffolk Nashua Street	710	709	717	453	157%
Suffolk South Bay	1438	1455	1397	1,146	125%

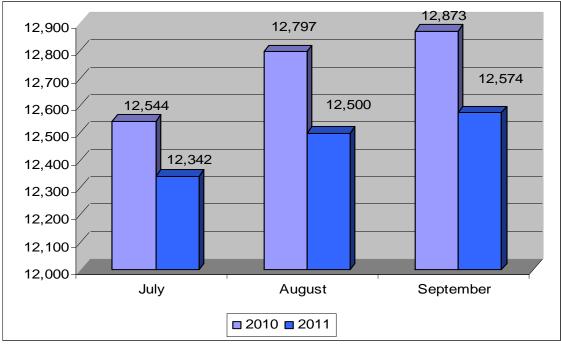
See Technical Notes, pp. iii-vi, for information regarding design capacity, custody level designations, facility closings or name changes relevant to this time period.

Figure 3
DOC Custody Population Change, Third Quarters of 2010 and 2011



The graph above compares the DOC custody population including treatment and support facilities for the third quarter 2010 to the third quarter 2011 by month. For July 2011, the DOC population increased by 312 inmates, or three percent compared to July 2010; for August 2011 the population increased by 274 inmates, or two percent; for September 2011 the population increased by 299 inmates, or three percent.

Figure 4
County Correctional Population Change, Third Quarters of 2010 and 2011



The graph above compares the County Correctional population for the third quarter in 2011 to the third quarter in 2010, by month. For July 2011, the population decreased by 202 inmates, or two percent, compared to 2010; for August 2011 the population decreased by 297 inmates, or two percent, for September 2011 the population decreased by 299 inmates, or two percent.

Note: Data for Figure 4 was taken from the end of the month daily count sheet compiled by the DOC Classification Division.

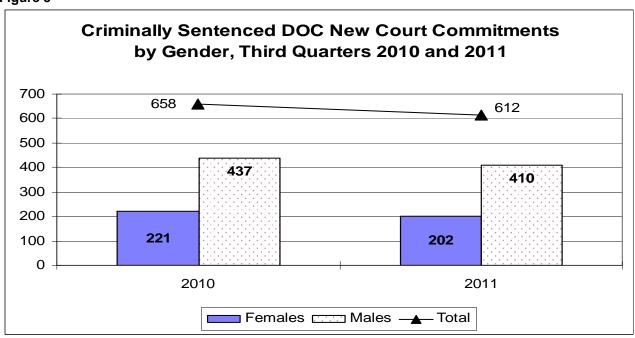
Table 7 provides quarterly statistics on criminally sentenced, new court commitments to the DOC for the first, second, and third quarters of 2010 and 2011, by gender. Overall, there was a decrease of 46 new court commitments for the third quarter 2010, in comparison to new court commitments in the third quarter 2011, from 658 to 612. During this time period, male commitments decreased by 27, or 6%, from 437 to 410; female commitments decreased by 19, or nine percent, from 221 to 202.

Table 7

Criminally Sentenced DOC New Court Commitments by Gender, First, Second and Third Quarters 2010 and 2011						
	2010	2011	Difference			
Males						
First Quarter	573	601	5%			
Second Quarter	510	579	14%			
Third Quarter	437	410	-6%			
Subtotal	1,520	1,590	5%			
<u>Females</u>						
First Quarter	251	221	-12%			
Second Quarter	256	234	-9%			
Third Quarter	221	202	-9%			
Subtotal	728	657	-10%			
Total	2,248	2,247	0%			

Figure 5 provides a graphical representation of the number of criminally sentenced new court commitments to the DOC during the third quarters of 2010 and 2011, by gender.

Figure 5



Note: Data for Table 7 and Figure 5 were obtained from the DOC's IMS Database.