Container Technology Docker

- 1. Introduction to Containers
 - 1. What is a Container?
 - 2. Examples of Use
 - 3. Chances and Challenges
- 2. Techlab

Agenda



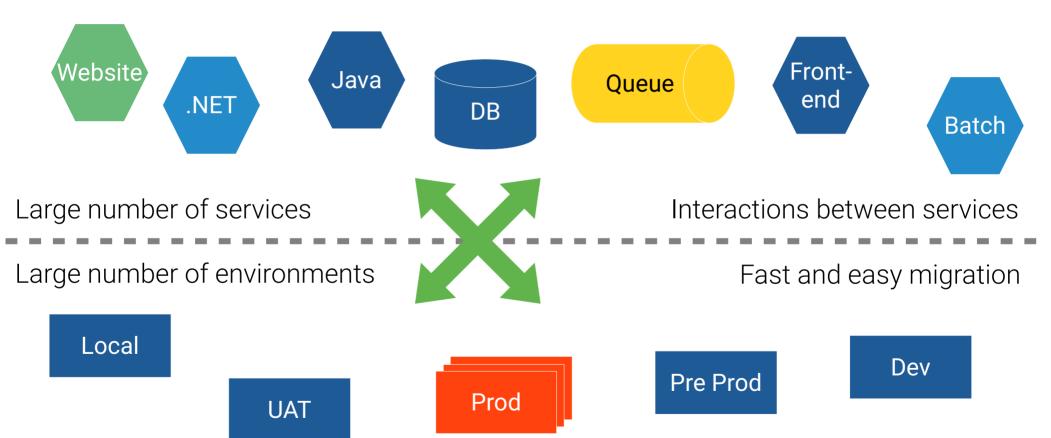
Developments in IT

1995

Developments in IT



Plethora of Combinations



Matrix from Hell

Website	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Frontend	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Web- Service	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Database	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Queue	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Application	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
	Dev PC	Dev	Test	Prod	Cloud	Customer server	

Goods Traffic before 1960







Plethora of Combinations











Large number of goods



Interaction between goods





Fast and smooth transport









Solution











Large number of goods







Interaction between goods

Fast and smooth transport

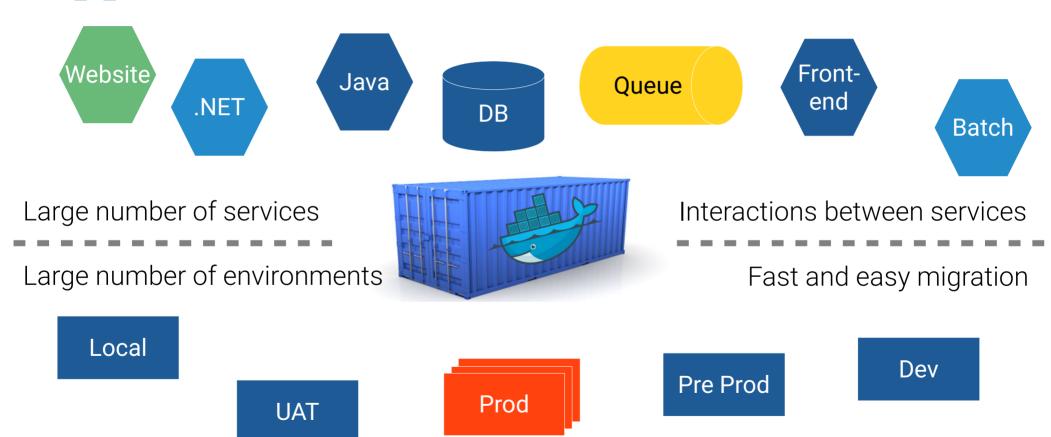








Applications in Containers



Matrix Reloaded

Website							
Frontend							
Web- Service							
Database							
Queue							
Application							
	Dev PC	Dev	Test	Prod	Cloud	Customer Server	

Purpose

- Standardized mechanism for building, deploying and operating applications
- Isolation of applications
- Clear definition of interfaces between application and platform
- Potential to unifiy workflows
- Dev and test environments analog to production





Hello World Docker Example

docker run fedora-minimal /bin/echo "Hello world"



What happend in the background?

- Container start
- Allocation of filesystem
- Mount of a read/write filesystem layer
- Attachment of networking layer
- Execution of `echo` command
- Output to my console
- Container stop

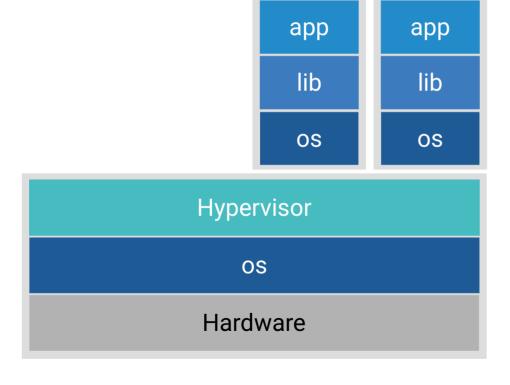
<1s

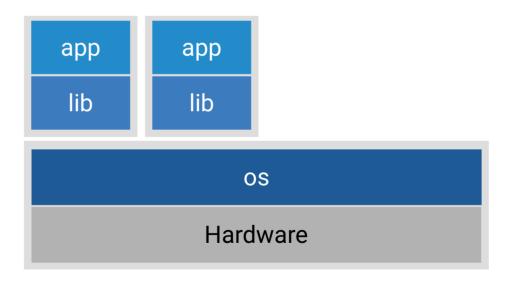
What is a Container?

Nothing new!

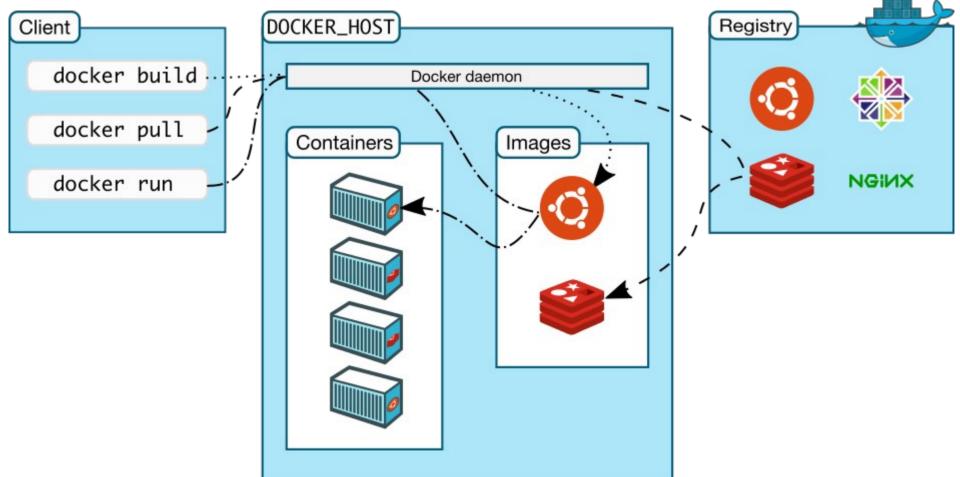
LXC, VServer, Free BSD Jails, Google...

Virtualiziation vs. Containerization

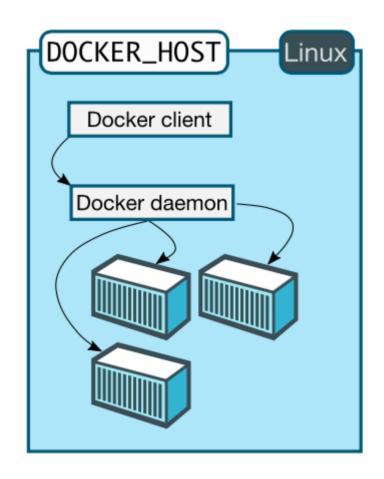


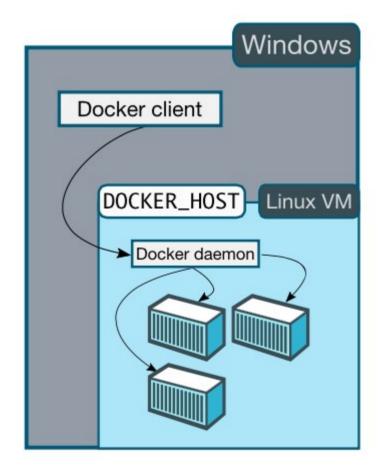


Docker Architecture



Docker Architecture on Windows





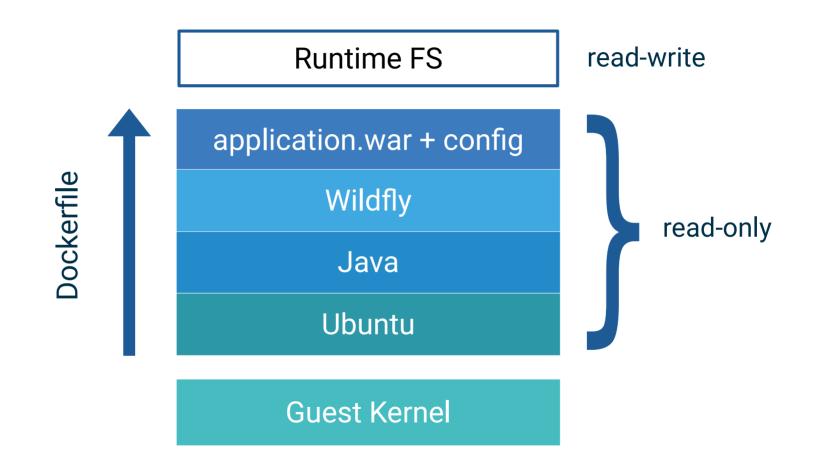
Docker Hub

- Public registry
- Lots of (official) container images
- Build platform for your own images
- Auto build and integration into GitHub

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Behind the scenes

- Docker is implemented in GO
- Namespaces (visibility)
- Control Groups (resources)
- Union File System



Container Concepts

- Containers are immutable
- Update a container by replacing it
 - applies to applications and system patches
- No local filesystem for data
- Persistent storage

Dockerfile (1)

```
FROM centos 7
MAINTAINER Thomas Philipona <philipona@puzzle.ch>
EXPOSE 8080
# Install Java
RUN INSTALL_PKGS="tar unzip bc which lsof java-1.8.0-openjdk"
java-1.8.0-openjdk-devel" && \
    yum install -y $INSTALL PKGS && \
    yum clean all -y
```

Dockerfile (2)

```
USER 1001
# Add application source to image
ADD . /opt/app-root/src/
# build application and copy to correct location
RUN sh /opt/app-root/src/gradlew build && \
    cp -a /opt/app-root/src/build/libs/springboots2idemo*.jar \
    /opt/app-root/application.jar
```

Dockerfile (3)

. . .

Dockerfile Best Practices (1/2)

- Containers should be stateless, state should only exist in mounted volumes
- One process per container
- Keep number of layers small
- Use a .dockerignore file
- Log to stdout → let platform handle aggregation and rotation

Dockerfile Best Practices (2/2)

- Only use trusted base images
- Automatic rebuild → security patches
- Sort multiline arguments:

```
RUN apt-get update && apt-get install -y \
  bzr \
  cvs \
  git \
  mercurial \
  subversion
```

Examples of Use

LaTex Rendering

Installation of a LaTex rendering infrastructure can be a pain (depending on OS)...

Put it into a container!

Standardization, traceability, installation documentation, fast

docker run pdflatex -output-directory output /input.tex

Build infrastructure

Java, JavaScript, Ruby on Rails, Node, ...

Build tools in different versions for varying projects have to be installed...

Put it in a container (-:

Define the exact development environment for each application.

Reusable, fast, isolated.

Java EE application with WildFly

Add your .war file and configuration into the image and let's go!

```
FROM jboss/wildfly

ADD app-web.war /opt/jboss/wildfly/standalone/deployments/
```

standalone.xml /opt/jboss/wildfly/standalone/configuration/

And so on...

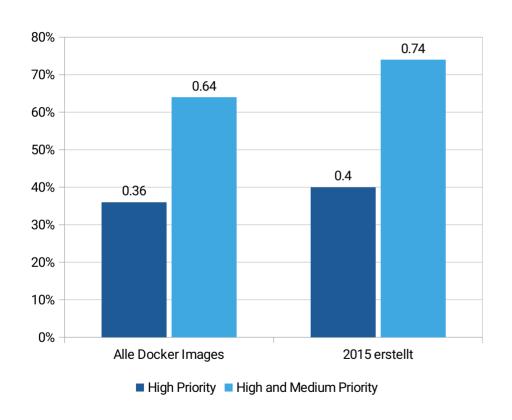
Chances and Challenges

Advantages

- Lightweight and fast
- Standardized
- Easy to use and extend
- Large community
- Lots of available images
- "Works on my machine" was yesterday

Containers in: PROD DEV Security code quality The learning container Lostins peer discovery config changes Supervision monitoring rolling appleyment) libactwork Docker Docker

Challenges: Security



"Over 30% of Official Images in Docker Hub Contain High Priority Security Vulnerabilities":

ShellShock (Bash)

Heartbleed (OpenSSL)

Poodle (OpenSSL)

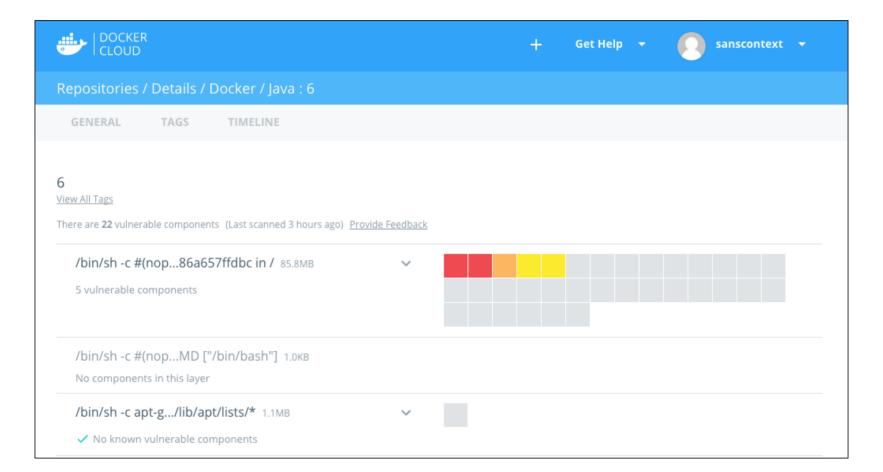
...

Source: http://www.banyanops.com/blog/analyzing-docker-hub/ May 2015: Jayanth Gummaraju, Tarun Desikan and Yoshio Turner

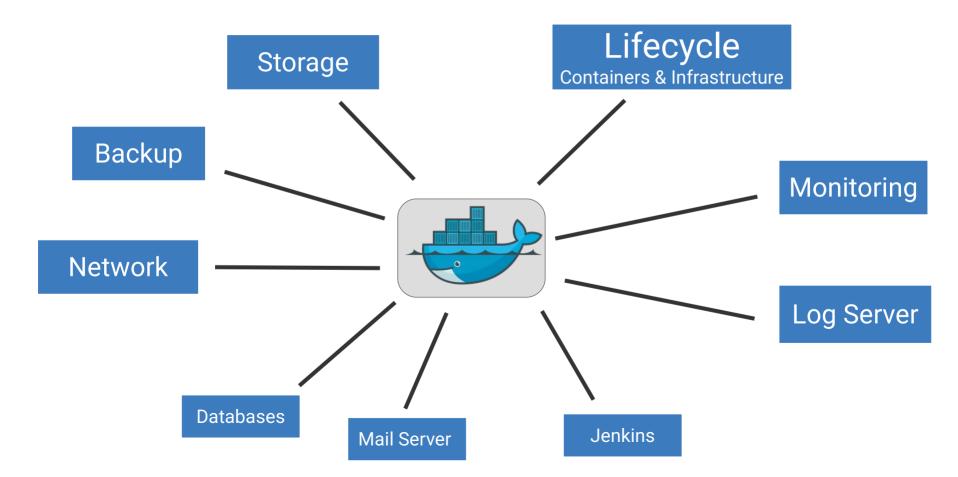
Challenges: Security

- Treat processes as if they were running on the host
- Do not let processes run as root
- Only open necessary ports

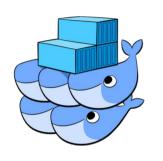
Docker Security Scanning



Challenges: Operations



Deployment and Orchestration













Thank you!