# Text Prediction using Probability Matrices and Prefix Trees

a CMSC190-2 presentation by John Alvin L. Sayson

## Significance of the Study

- Previous ventures into text generation allowed for applications in multiple fields.
- Writing mediums with embedded text prediction are now commonplace in mobile phones, with the goal of minimizing the general writing time in communication.
- The study aims to achieve a similar goal.
- Desktop systems will be given the power of predictive keyboards from mobile operating systems.

## Objectives of the Study

#### **GENERAL OBJECTIVE**

The study aims to create an application that utilises similar functionality as a mobile prediction keyboard as an extension for the Google Chrome browser.

#### **SPECIFIC OBJECTIVES**

- 1. Receive initial input from the user to instantiate the predictor application;
- 2. Use the probability matrix data structure in mapping word-level relation;
- 3. Use the prefix tree data structure in mapping letter-level relation;
- 4. Present word- and letter-level relation to the end user in the form of a predictive text writer interface;
- 5. Allow user text selection to create texts and allow said texts to update previously mentioned data structures; and
- 6. Assess user experience and program outputs using surveys.

## Methodology

### Implementation

- Javascript
- Google Chrome API library for browser integration

### Text Input Representations

- Sequence
- Bag-of-words
- Probability Matrix
- Prefix Tree

## Application Specifications

- Input accept preliminary input from an HTML page
- Processing clean input and convert to 4 representations, and store said representations to local storage
- Output form results depending on level of prediction, display result in a table of choices, determine word-level probabilities using Bayes' theorem formulas

## Results

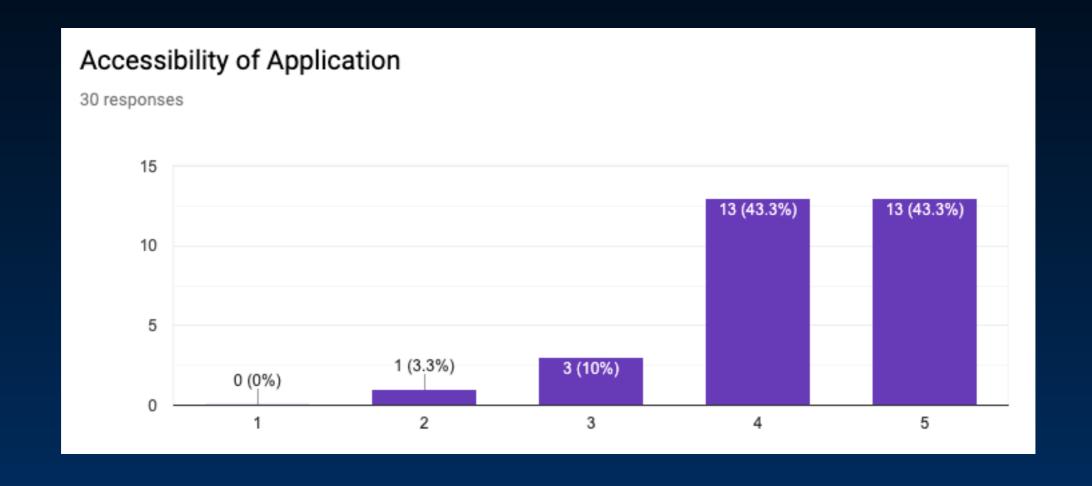


Fig. 1. Accessibility of application results

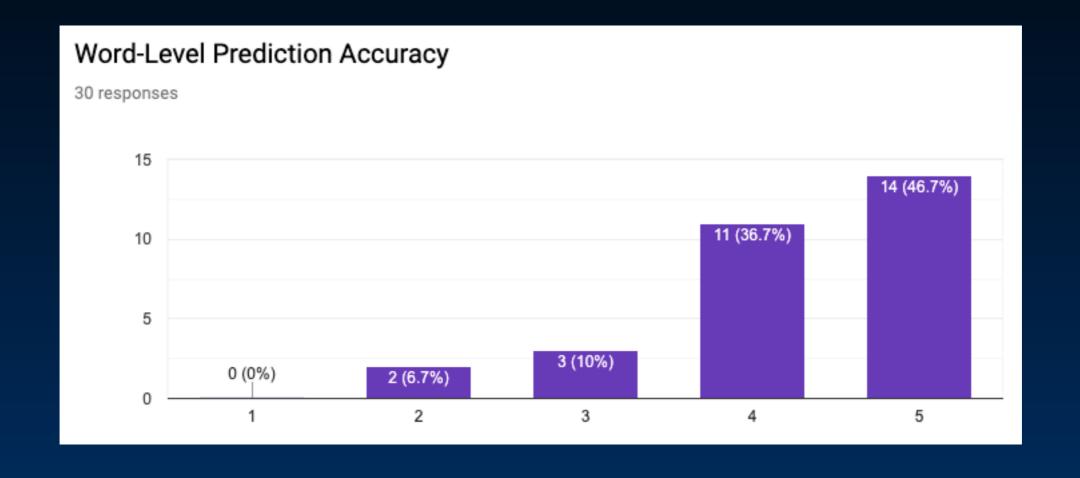


Fig. 2.Word-level prediction accuracy results

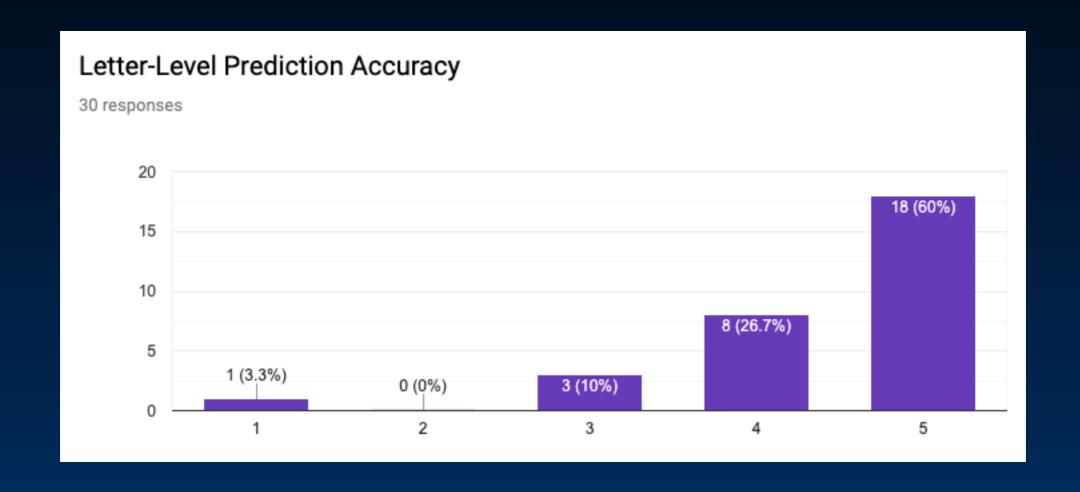


Fig. 3. Letter-level prediction results.

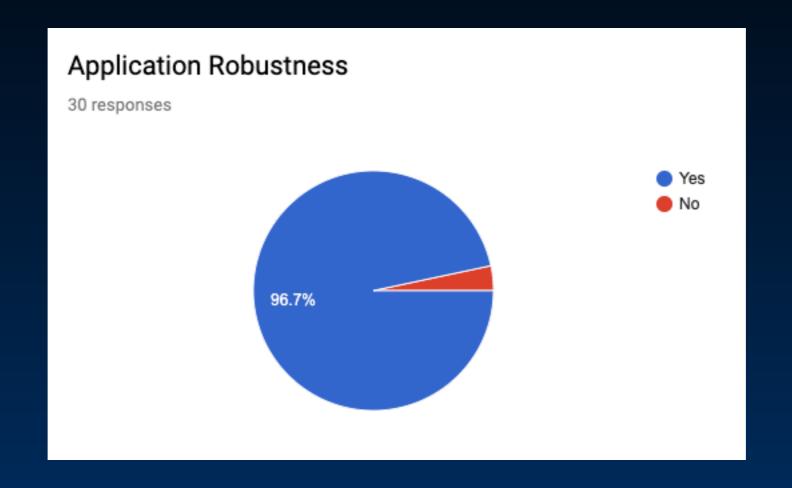


Fig. 4. Application robustness results.

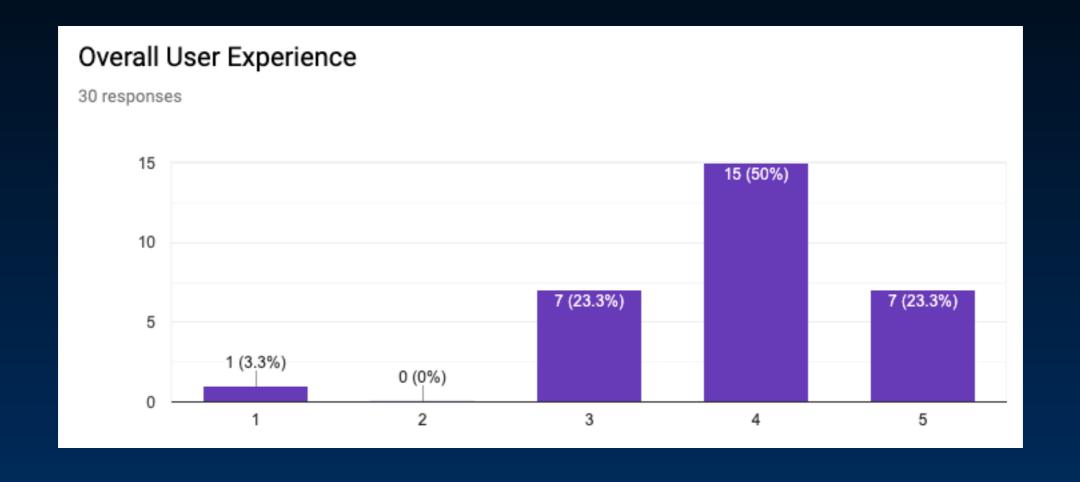


Fig. 5. Overall user experience results.

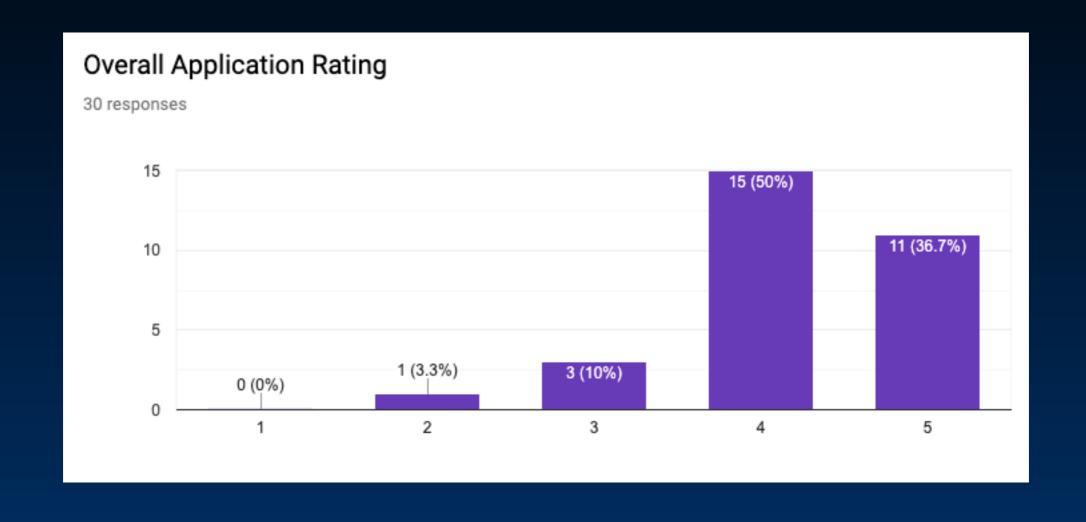


Fig. 6. Overall application rating results.