

Maximilian Jager

Ph.D. Student

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RESEARCH INTERESTS

Primary: Financial Intermediation, Financial Regulation

Secondary: Financial Stability, Macro-Finance

EDUCATION

Ph.D. in Economics

Advisors: Ernst-Ludwig von Thadden (primary), Sascha Steffen (secondary)

University of Mannheim, Germany

2016 –

Visiting Scholar

Host: Viral Acharya

Stern School of Business, New York University, USA

2021 – 2022

Master of Science in Economics (with honors)

University of Regensburg, Germany

2013 – 2016

Visiting Student

Universidad Carlos III de Madrid, Spain

2014 – 2015

Bachelor of Science in Economics

University of Regensburg, Germany

2013 – 2016

PROFESSIONAL EXPERIENCE

Research Assistant

Prof. Sascha Steffen, Frankfurt School of Finance & Management, Germany

2021 –

Research Assistant

Bank for International Settlements, Switzerland

February – August 2019

Research Assistant

Bank for International Settlements, Switzerland

June – September 2018

Visiting Researcher

Bundesbank, Germany

July – December 2017

Trainee

European Central Bank, Germany

May – September 2016

Internships

KPMG AG, Bayerische Landesbank, Centre for European Economic Research (ZEW)

2012 – 2015

PUBLICATIONS

Kicking the can down the road: government interventions in the European banking sector

joint with Viral Acharya (NYU Stern), Lea Borchert (ZEW), and Sascha Steffen (Frankfurt School)
We analyze the determinants and the long-run consequences of government interventions in the eurozone banking sector during the 2008/09 financial crisis. Using a novel and comprehensive dataset, we document that fiscally constrained governments “kicked the can down the road” by providing banks with guarantees instead of full-fledged recapitalizations. We adopt an econometric approach that addresses the endogeneity associated with governmental bailout decisions in identifying their consequences. We find that forbearance caused undercapitalized banks to shift their assets from loans to risky sovereign debt and engage in zombie lending, resulting in weaker credit supply, elevated risk in the banking sector, and, eventually, greater reliance on liquidity support from the European Central Bank.

Review of Financial Studies, forthcoming.

The Janus Face of Bank Geographic Complexity

joint with Iñaki Aldasoro (BIS) and Bryan Hardy (BIS)

We study the relationship between bank geographic complexity and risk using a unique dataset of 96 global bank holding companies (BHCs) over 2008–2016. From data on the affiliate network of internationally active banking entities, we construct a measure of geographic coverage and complexity for each BHC. We find that higher geographic complexity heightens banks’ capacity to absorb local economic shocks, reducing their risk. However, higher geographic complexity can also help banks soften the impact of prudential regulation, increasing their risk. Bank geographic complexity therefore has a Janus face, decreasing some but increasing other aspects of bank risk.

Journal of Banking and Finance, forthcoming.

WORKING PAPERS AND WORK IN PROGRESS

Clear(ed) decision: the effect of Central Clearing on firms’ financing decision

joint with Frederick Zadow (Uni Mannheim)

Does derivative market regulation affect real economic outcomes? We investigate this question in the setting of the central counterparty (CCP) clearing reform on the corporate credit default swap (CDS) market. Exploiting the staggered introduction of CCP clearing to CDS contracts – an insurance against firm default – we uncover adverse real economic consequences for affected (non-financial) firms. Firms whose CDS contract is eligible for clearing with the monopolist CCP lose debt funding, shrink their balance sheet, cut employment and become less profitable. We theoretically motivate two channels through which the CCP environment can adversely affect firms’ debt funding situation: the hedging channel – higher trading costs on the centrally cleared derivative market push hedged investors away from affected firms; and the arbitrage channel – lower counterparty risk on the centrally cleared derivative market attracts investors from the bond market to the CDS market. Our empirical results highlight the existence of both channels with the arbitrage channel outweighing the hedging channel.

Interbank Risk Assessment – A Simulation Approach

joint with Thomas Siemsen (Bundesbank) and Johannes Vilsmeier (ECB)

We introduce a novel simulation-based network approach, which provides full-fledged distributions of potential interbank losses. Based on those distributions we propose measures for (i) systemic importance of single banks, (ii) vulnerability of single banks, and (iii) vulnerability of the whole sector. The framework can be used for the calibration of macro-prudential capital charges, the assessment of systemic risks in the banking sector, and for the calculation of banks’ interbank loss distributions in general. Our application to German regulatory data from end-2016 shows that the German interbank network was at that time in general resilient to the default of large banks, i.e. did not exhibit substantial contagion risk. Even though up to four contagion defaults could occur due to an exogenous shock, the system-wide 99.9% VaR barely exceeds 1.5% of banks’ CET 1 capital. For single institutions, however, we found indications for elevated vulnerabilities and hence the need for a close supervision.

Bundesbank Discussion Paper No. 23/2020.

Implications of asymmetric information for bank funding costs and lending behaviour

joint with Stefan Avdjiev (BIS)

We document the existence of significant asymmetric information between European banks and their investors about the distribution of banks' credit risk. We conduct a counterfactual exercise in which we simulate a scenario with investors having perfect knowledge and quantify the average mispricing of banks' securities due to asymmetric information at 1%. This has two fundamental implications for banks: i) funding costs are distorted with some banks paying more than their actual credit risk would entail; ii) banks that are overcharged obtain less wholesale funding and search for yield in the lending market, thereby adversely affecting the risk in their portfolio as well as their profitability.

–work in progress–

Regulatory Heterogeneity and Credit Allocation

This project investigates whether the simultaneous presence of different regimes of bank credit risk regulation (standardized vs. internal-ratings based approach) is socially desirable. Using credit register data, this paper documents heterogeneous lending incentives for banks under different regimes. Moreover, the project aims at measuring the current efficiency of credit allocation under both regimes, as well as the single regime counterfactuals.

–work in progress–

CONFERENCES AND PRESENTATIONS

Conference presentations (including scheduled):

German Economic Association Annual Meeting, AFFI Annual Meeting, CRC TR 224 Retreat, RGS Doctoral Workshop, Bonn-Mannheim PhD Workshop, Muenster Banking Workshop, Workshop on Recent Developments in Banking Research (CRC TR 224), IWH-CIREQ-GW Macroeconometric Workshop (poster), Spring Meeting of Young Economists

Seminar presentations (including scheduled):

Stockholm School of Economics, HEC Paris, Frankfurt School of Finance & Management, Tilburg University, Bundesbank, Bank for International Settlements (2x)

TEACHING EXPERIENCE

Teaching Assistant

Principles of Econometrics (B.Sc.)

University of Mannheim

2018 – 2019

Teaching Assistant

Principles of Econometrics, Statistics for Economists, Macroeconomics I/II (all B.Sc.)

University of Regensburg

2012 – 2016

SCHOLARSHIPS AND AWARDS

Exchange Scholarship

German Academic Exchange Service (DAAD)

2021 – 2022

Ph.D. Scholarship

Stiftung Geld & Währung

2018 – 2021

Ph.D. Scholarship

German Research Foundation (DFG)

2016 – 2018

Selected Participant

Lindau Nobel Laureates Meeting

2020

Finalist

DZ Bank Career Award

2017

Top of class

M.Sc. Economics, University of Regensburg

2016

Thesis Award

Outstanding master thesis in economics or business, Christa-Lindner Foundation

2016

SKILLS

Computer skills: R, Stata, SQL, E-Views, MATLAB, VBA, Python, JMulTi, SPSS

Languages: English, German (*native*), Spanish

OTHER ACTIVITIES

Professional: Ph.D. student representative, founder and organizer of Ph.D. student reading class

Private: Instructor of university sports classes, volunteer at the local animal shelter, futsal enthusiast

Citizenship: German

Last Update: July 12, 2021