# Study 2 Mediations

### Cognitive Awareness & Study Approach Decision Making

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### **Abstract**

Why do learners not choose ideal study strategies when learning? Past research suggests that learners frequently misinterpret the effort affiliated with efficient strategies as being indicative of poor learning. Expanding on past findings, we explored the integration of study habits into this model. We conducted two experiments where learners experienced two contrasting strategies—blocked and interleaved schedules—to learn to discriminate between images of bird families. After experiencing each strategy, learners rated each according to its perceived effort, learning, and familiarity. Next, learners were asked to choose which strategy they would use in the future. Mediation analyses revealed, for both experiments, that the more mentally effortful interleaving felt, the less learners felt they learned, and the less likely learners were to use it in future learning. Further, in this study, strategy familiarity predicted strategy choice, also mediated by learners' perceived learning. Additionally, Study 2 verified that, in contrast to learners' judgments, the less familiar interleaving schedule resulted in better learning. Consequently, learners are making ineffective learning judgments based on their perceptions of effort and familiarity and, therefore, do not make use of optimal study strategies in self-regulated learning decisions.

### Load Packages

```
library(psych)
library(tidyverse)
```

```
## — Attaching core tidyverse packages —
                                                                     – tidyverse 2.0.0 —
## ✓ dplyr
                1.1.2
                           ✓ readr
                                        2.1.4
## ✓ forcats
                1.0.0

✓ stringr

                                        1.5.0
## ✓ ggplot2 3.4.2

✓ tibble

                                        3.2.1
## ✓ lubridate 1.9.2

✓ tidyr

                                        1.3.0
## ✓ purrr
                1.0.1
## — Conflicts -
                                                              — tidyverse_conflicts() —
## x ggplot2::%+%()
                        masks psych::%+%()
## * ggplot2::alpha() masks psych::alpha()
                        masks stats::filter()
## x dplyr::filter()
## x dplyr::lag()
                        masks stats::lag()
## i Use the conflicted package (<a href="http://conflicted.r-lib.org/">http://conflicted.r-lib.org/</a>) to force all conflicts
to become errors
```

```
library(mediation)
```

```
## Loading required package: MASS
##
## Attaching package: 'MASS'
##
##
  The following object is masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       select
##
## Loading required package: Matrix
##
## Attaching package: 'Matrix'
##
  The following objects are masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
##
##
       expand, pack, unpack
##
## Loading required package: mvtnorm
## Loading required package: sandwich
## mediation: Causal Mediation Analysis
## Version: 4.5.0
##
##
## Attaching package: 'mediation'
##
## The following object is masked from 'package:psych':
##
##
       mediate
```

```
library(powerMediation)
```

Disable Scientific Notation and set.seed

```
options(scipen = 999)
set.seed(1)
```

# Study 2 Set Up

Read in Data

3/17/25, 11:37 AM

```
study2 <- read.csv("study2-extendedtest-final.csv")
# Blocked -> Interleaved (rows 2-189)
# Interleaved -> Blocked (rows 190-379)
```

Variables of Interest

Mental Effort (X)

Familiarity/Habits (X)

Perceived Learning (M)

Final Strategy (Y)

#### Mental Effort

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -2.5000 -0.2500 0.5000 0.4052 1.0000 3.7500
```

### Perceived Learning

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max.
## -4.7500 -1.2500 -0.5000 -0.4861 0.2500 3.5000
```

#### Familiarity/Habits

```
## Min. 1st Qu. Median Mean 3rd Qu. Max. NA's
## -3.2500 -1.0000 -0.2500 -0.4269 0.0000 2.2500 4
```

### Final Study Strategy Choice

```
study2$strategy_choice <- (study2$ChooseActivity)

# Dummy Variable Coding for Binomial Family
study2$chooseInterleaved <- ifelse(study2$strategy_choice == "Blocked", 0, 1)</pre>
```

## Study 2 Mental Effort Mediation

a path

```
# a path
med.effort <- lm(learn_diff ~ effort_diff, data = study2)
summary(med.effort)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = learn_diff ~ effort_diff, data = study2)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                10 Median
                                30
                                       Max
## -5.7626 -0.6106 0.0125 0.6067 3.7336
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value
                                                       Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.23361
                           0.05760 - 4.056
                                                      0.0000608 ***
                           0.05391 - 11.558 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## effort diff -0.62310
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.035 on 375 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2626, Adjusted R-squared: 0.2607
## F-statistic: 133.6 on 1 and 375 DF, p-value: < 0.000000000000000022
```

```
# effort_diff = a path (p < .001)
# R2 = 0.26</pre>
```

### c prime and b path

```
# c' path and b path
med.learn1 <- glm(chooseInterleaved ~ effort_diff + learn_diff, data = study2, family=bi
nomial)
summary(med.learn1)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = chooseInterleaved ~ effort_diff + learn_diff, family = binomial,
       data = study2)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
        Min
                   10
                         Median
                                                Max
                                       30
## -2.09677 -0.61969
                      -0.32451 -0.06798
                                            2.54507
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error z value
                                                   Pr(>|z|)
##
                            0.1552 -6.899 0.00000000000523 ***
## (Intercept) -1.0709
## effort_diff -0.1405
                            0.1921 - 0.731
## learn diff
                 1.5055
                            0.2033
                                     7.407 0.00000000000013 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 407.31 on 376 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 282.53 on 374 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 288.53
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
# learn_diff = b path (p < .001)
    # partial R2 = 0.33
# c' (direct) = effort_diff (p = 0.47)
    # partial R2 = 0.00</pre>
```

### c path

```
# c path
med.learn2 <- glm(chooseInterleaved ~ effort_diff, data = study2, family=binomial)
summary(med.learn2)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = chooseInterleaved ~ effort_diff, family = binomial,
       data = study2)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                 10
                      Median
                                   30
                                           Max
## -1.6455 -0.7142 -0.5377 -0.2953
                                        2.2653
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error z value
                                                      Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept) -1.0278
                            0.1295 - 7.938 0.000000000000000205 ***
## effort diff -0.8331
                            0.1456 -5.721 0.00000001061838003 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 407.31 on 376 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 368.71 on 375 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 372.71
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

```
# effort_diff = c path (indirect) (p < .001)
# partial R2 = 0.15</pre>
```

### Mediation for Mental Effort

```
mediation_1 <- mediate(med.effort, med.learn1, sims=1000, boot=TRUE, treat = "effort_dif
f", mediator = "learn_diff")</pre>
```

```
## Running nonparametric bootstrap
```

```
summary(mediation_1)
```

```
##
## Causal Mediation Analysis
##
## Nonparametric Bootstrap Confidence Intervals with the Percentile Method
##
##
                            Estimate 95% CI Lower 95% CI Upper
                                                                          p-value
## ACME (control)
                            -0.1140
                                         -0.1506
                                                        -0.08 <0.00000000000000000
## ACME (treated)
                            -0.1074
                                          -0.1521
                                                        -0.07 < 0.000000000000000000
## ADE (control)
                            -0.0198
                                          -0.0681
                                                          0.04
                                                                             0.54
## ADE (treated)
                            -0.0133
                                          -0.0471
                                                          0.03
                                                                             0.54
## Total Effect
                            -0.1273
                                                        -0.08 <0.00000000000000000
                                          -0.1725
## Prop. Mediated (control)
                             0.8957
                                           0.6909
                                                          1.28 < 0.0000000000000000000
## Prop. Mediated (treated)
                                                          0.8442
                                          0.5589
## ACME (average)
                            -0.1107
                                         -0.1502
                                                        -0.08 < 0.000000000000000000
## ADE (average)
                            -0.0165
                                         -0.0577
                                                         0.03
                                                                             0.54
## Prop. Mediated (average)
                             0.8700
                                           0.6242
                                                          ##
## ACME (control)
                            ***
## ACME (treated)
                            ***
## ADE (control)
## ADE (treated)
## Total Effect
                            ***
## Prop. Mediated (control) ***
## Prop. Mediated (treated) ***
## ACME (average)
                            ***
## ADE (average)
## Prop. Mediated (average) ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Sample Size Used: 377
##
##
## Simulations: 1000
```

```
# p < .001
```

### Correlation with Mental Effort and Final Study Strategy Decision

```
cor.test(study2$effort_diff, study2$chooseInterleaved, method = "pearson") #-.31 (p<.00 1)
```

```
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: study2$effort_diff and study2$chooseInterleaved
## t = -6.3606, df = 375, p-value = 0.0000000005854
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.4004384 -0.2179247
## sample estimates:
## cor
## -0.3120578
```

## Study 2 Familiarity Mediation

a path

```
# a path
med.habit <- lm(learn_diff ~ habits_diff, data = study2)
summary(med.habit)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = learn_diff ~ habits_diff, data = study2)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                10 Median
                                30
                                       Max
## -3.7920 -0.7030 -0.0711 0.6934 3.4879
##
## Coefficients:
##
               Estimate Std. Error t value
                                             Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept) -0.34068
                           0.06912 -4.929 0.00000125 ***
                           0.07650
## habits diff 0.35275
                                     4.611 0.00000552 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 1.177 on 371 degrees of freedom
     (4 observations deleted due to missingness)
## Multiple R-squared: 0.05421,
                                    Adjusted R-squared: 0.05166
## F-statistic: 21.26 on 1 and 371 DF, p-value: 0.000005516
```

```
# habits_diff output = a path (p < .001)
# R2 = 0.05</pre>
```

c prime and b path

```
# c' path and b path
med.learn1 <- glm(chooseInterleaved ~ habits_diff + learn_diff, data = study2, family=bi
nomial)
summary(med.learn1)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = chooseInterleaved ~ habits_diff + learn_diff, family = binomial,
       data = study2)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
        Min
                   10
                         Median
                                                Max
                                       30
## -2.09294 -0.61757
                      -0.31124 -0.07214
                                            2.53216
##
## Coefficients:
                                                       Pr(>|z|)
##
               Estimate Std. Error z value
## (Intercept) -1.12247
                           0.16647 - 6.743
                                                0.0000000000155 ***
## habits_diff 0.05867
                           0.19645
                                     0.299
                                                           0.765
## learn diff
                1.57500
                           0.18940
                                     8.316 < 0.0000000000000000 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes:
                   0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 397.93 on 372 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 274.51 on 370 degrees of freedom
     (4 observations deleted due to missingness)
##
## AIC: 280.51
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

```
# learn_diff = b path (p < .001)
    # partial R2 = 0.42
# c' (direct) = habits_diff (p = 0.77)
    # partial R2 = 0.04</pre>
```

### c path

```
# c path
med.learn2 <- glm(chooseInterleaved ~ habits_diff, data = study2, family=binomial)
summary(med.learn2)</pre>
```

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = chooseInterleaved ~ habits_diff, family = binomial,
      data = study2)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                10
                    Median
                                 30
                                         Max
## -1.0018 -0.7265 -0.6786 -0.5697
                                      2.0812
##
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value
##
                                                   Pr(>|z|)
                          ## (Intercept) -1.1205
## habits_diff
                0.3078
                          0.1608
                                   1.914
                                                     0.0556 .
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 397.93 on 372 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 394.16 on 371 degrees of freedom
##
     (4 observations deleted due to missingness)
## AIC: 398.16
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 4
```

```
# habits_diff = c path (indirect) (p = 0.06) # marginal significance
# partial R2 = 0.05
```

### Mediation for Familiarity/Habits

```
mediation_2 <- mediate(med.habit, med.learn1, sims=1000, boot=TRUE, treat = "habits_dif
f", mediator = "learn_diff")</pre>
```

```
## Running nonparametric bootstrap
```

```
summary(mediation_2) # ACME = Average calculated mediation effect
```

```
##
## Causal Mediation Analysis
##
## Nonparametric Bootstrap Confidence Intervals with the Percentile Method
##
                           Estimate 95% CI Lower 95% CI Upper
                                                                          p-value
## ACME (control)
                            0.07498
                                         0.03743
                                                         0.12 < 0.0000000000000000000
## ACME (treated)
                            0.07594
                                         0.03761
                                                         ## ADE (control)
                            0.00747
                                        -0.03498
                                                         0.06
                                                                            0.758
## ADE (treated)
                            0.00843
                                        -0.04060
                                                         0.06
                                                                            0.758
## Total Effect
                                         0.02551
                                                         0.16
                                                                            0.004
                            0.08341
## Prop. Mediated (control)
                                                         2.10
                                                                            0.004
                            0.89899
                                         0.53204
## Prop. Mediated (treated) 0.91039
                                                         1.98
                                         0.57717
                                                                            0.004
## ACME (average)
                            0.07546
                                         0.03738
                                                         ## ADE (average)
                            0.00795
                                        -0.03743
                                                         0.06
                                                                            0.758
## Prop. Mediated (average) 0.90469
                                         0.55756
                                                         2.03
                                                                            0.004
##
## ACME (control)
                           ***
## ACME (treated)
                           ***
## ADE (control)
## ADE (treated)
## Total Effect
                           **
## Prop. Mediated (control) **
## Prop. Mediated (treated) **
## ACME (average)
## ADE (average)
## Prop. Mediated (average) **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Sample Size Used: 373
##
##
## Simulations: 1000
```

Correlation with Familiarity/Habits and Final Study Strategy Decision

```
cor.test(study2$habits_diff, study2$chooseInterleaved, method = "pearson") # .10 (p=.05)
```

```
##
## Pearson's product-moment correlation
##
## data: study2$habits_diff and study2$chooseInterleaved
## t = 1.9287, df = 371, p-value = 0.05453
## alternative hypothesis: true correlation is not equal to 0
## 95 percent confidence interval:
## -0.001925632 0.199163851
## sample estimates:
## cor
## 0.09963635
```