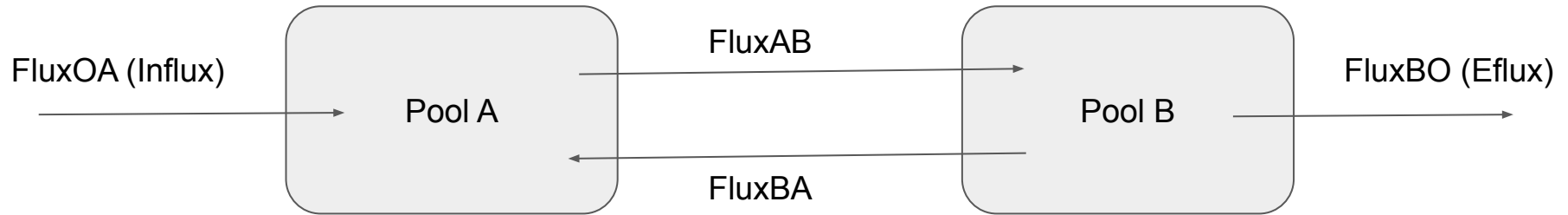


# Simple Two-Pool Dynamic Model



Pool A is Constant Size

Pool B is Constant Size

Concentration in Pool A,  $[A] = \text{Quantity of Solute in Pool A} / \text{Size of Pool A}$

Concentration in Pool B,  $[B] = \text{Quantity of Solute in Pool B} / \text{Size of Pool B}$

FluxOA (Influx) of Solute = Constant Quantity

FluxAB is Michaelis-Menten Form  $\text{FluxAB} = V_{\max\text{AB}} / (1 + (K_{m\text{AB}} / [A]))$

FluxBA is Michaelis-Menten Form  $\text{FluxBA} = V_{\max\text{BA}} / (1 + (K_{m\text{BA}} / [B]))$

FluxBO (Eflux) of Solute is Michaelis-Menten Form  $\text{FluxBO} = V_{\max\text{BO}} / (1 + (K_{m\text{BO}} / [B]))$

Where  $V_{\max\text{AB}}$ ,  $V_{\max\text{BA}}$ ,  $V_{\max\text{BO}}$ ,  $K_{m\text{AB}}$ ,  $K_{m\text{BA}}$ ,  $K_{m\text{BO}}$ , and FluxOA are all preset constants

Flux rates are system of ode's, solved over time to produce instantaneous flux rates and Solute quantities.