## MA204: Assignment 1

## Md Shabbir Jamal

Department of Computer Science and Engineering BIT, Mesra, Ranchi btech10026.20@bitmesra.ac.in

Question 1: Find a simple root of f(x) = 0 using bisection method. Read the end points of the interval (a, b) in which the root lies, maximum number of iterations n and error tolerance eps.

```
1. f(x) = x^3 + 4x^2 - 10
  taking a = 1; as f(1) \langle 0,
         b = 2 : as f(2) > 0
  #include<iostream>
  #include<iomanip>
  #include<math.h>
  using namespace std;
  typedef long double ldb;
  1db eps = 0.0000001;
  ldb f(ldb x)
       return pow(x,3) + 4*pow(x,2) - 10;
  int main()
       ldb st = 0;
       ldb lt = 0;
       cout<<"Enter a : ";</pre>
       cin>>st;
       cout<<"Enter b : ";</pre>
       cin>>lt;
       ldb value = f((st + lt)/2);
       int iteration = 0;
       while(abs(value) > eps)
          iteration++;
          if(value*f(st) < 0)
              lt = (st + lt)/2;
          if(value*f(lt) < 0)
```

```
st = (st + 1t)/2;
                             value = f((st + 1t)/2);
                    }
                    cout<<"Root of the Equation (x^3 + 4x^2 - 10) : { x = ";
                    cout < fixed < setprecision(3) < (st + 1t)/2 < " } " < endl;
                     cout<<"Root found in "<<iteration<<" iterations"<<endl;</pre>
                     \verb|cout|<|"Error %: "<<(abs(1.365 - (round(((st+lt)/2)*1000.0))/1.365)*100<<endl;|| abs(1.365 - (round(((st+lt)/2)*1000.0))/1.365)*100<<endl|| abs(1.365 - ((st+lt)/2)*1000.0)/1000.0)/100<<endl|| abs(1.365 - ((st+lt)/2)*1000.0)/1000.0)/1000.0)/100<<endl|| abs(1.365 - ((st+lt)/2)*1000.0)/1000.0)/100<<endl|| abs(1.365 - ((st+lt)/2)*1000.0)/1000.0)/100<<endl|| abs(1.365 - ((st+lt)/2)*1000.0)/100<<endl|| abs(1.365 - ((st+lt)/2)*100<<endl|| abs(1.365 - ((
                    return 0;
       }
       Output
       Enter a : 1
       Enter b : 2
       Root of the Equation (x^3 + 4x^2 - 10) : \{ x = 1.365 \}
       Root found in 25 iterations
       Error % : 0.000
2. f(x) = \cos x - xe^x
       taking a = 0; as f(0) > 0,
                          b = \pi/2; as f(\pi/2) \ \langle \ 0
       #include<iostream>
       #include<iomanip>
       #include<math.h>
       using namespace std;
       typedef long double ldb;
       ldb eps = 0.0000000001;
       #define pi 3.14159265358979323846
       ldb f(ldb x)
       {
                    return cos(x) - x*exp(x);
       }
       int main()
       {
                    ldb st = 0;
                    1db 1t = 0;
                    cout<<"Enter a : ";</pre>
                    cin>>st;
                    cout<<"Enter b : ";</pre>
                    cin>>lt;
                    lt = ldb(lt)/2;
                    int iteration = 0;
                    ldb value = f((st + lt)/2);
                    while(abs(value) > eps)
                    {
                              iteration++;
                              if(value*f(st) < 0)</pre>
```

```
{
           1t = (st + 1t)/2;
       }
       if(value*f(lt) < 0)</pre>
       {
           st = (st + 1t)/2;
       value = f((st + lt)/2);
    cout<<"Root of the Equation (cos(x) - xe^x) : { x = ";}
    cout<<fixed<<setprecision(3)<<(st + lt)/2<<" }"<<endl;</pre>
    cout<<"Root found in "<<iteration<<" iterations"<<endl;</pre>
    \verb|cout<<"Error \% : "<<(abs(0.518 - (round(((st+lt)/2)*1000.0)/1000.0))/0.518)*100<<endl;|
    return 0;
}
Output
Enter a : 0
Enter b : 3.14159265358979323846
Root of the Equation (\cos(x) - xe^x) : {x = 0.518}
Root found in 37 iterations
Error % : 0.000
```