



**U.S. FOOD & DRUG
ADMINISTRATION**

4 Basic Steps to Food Safety at Home

1. Clean

Always wash your food, hands, counters, and cooking tools.

- Wash hands in warm soapy water for at least 20 seconds. Do this before and after touching food.
- Wash your cutting boards, dishes, forks, spoons, knives, and counter tops with hot soapy water. Do this after working with each food item.
- Rinse fruits and veggies.
- Clean the lids on canned goods before opening.



2. Separate (Keep Apart)

Keep raw foods to themselves. Germs can spread from one food to another.

- Keep raw meat, poultry, seafood, and eggs away from other foods. Do this in your shopping cart, bags, and fridge.
- Do not reuse marinades used on raw foods unless you bring them to a boil first.
- Use a special cutting board or plate for raw foods only.



3. Cook

Foods need to get hot and stay hot. Heat kills germs.

- Cook to safe temperatures:
 - Beef, Pork, Lamb 145 °F
 - Fish 145 °F
 - Ground Beef, Pork, Lamb 160 °F
 - Turkey, Chicken, Duck 165 °F
- Use a food thermometer to make sure that food is done. You can't always tell by looking.



4. Chill

Put food in the fridge right away.

2-Hour Rule: Put foods in the fridge or freezer within 2 hours after cooking or buying from the store. Do this within 1 hour if it is 90 degrees or hotter outside.

- Never thaw food by simply taking it out of the fridge. Thaw food:
 - In the fridge
 - Under cold water
 - In the microwave
- Marinate foods in the fridge.





Food Safety at Home

Continued

Why should you care about food safety?

Each year millions of people get sick from food illnesses. Food illness can cause you to feel like you have the flu. Food illness can also cause serious health problems, even death.

Think you have a food illness?

Call your doctor and get medical care right away.

- Save the food package, can, or carton.
- Call USDA at 1-888-674-6854 for meat, poultry, or eggs.
- Call FDA at 1-866-300-4374 for all other foods.
- Call your local health department if you think you got sick from food you ate in a restaurant or other food seller.

Who is at risk?

Anyone can get sick from eating spoiled food. Some people are more likely to get sick from food illnesses.

- Pregnant women
- Older Adults
- People with certain health conditions like cancer, HIV/AIDS, diabetes, and kidney disease

Some foods are more risky for these people. Talk to your doctor or other health provider about which foods are safe for you to eat.



This fact sheet was developed by the FDA Office of Women's Health.
To get other women's health resources, go to

www.fda.gov/womens