## School Exam Performance Analysis Lab

This script analyzes student test scores and attendance data using NumPy and Pandas. It demonstrates data filtering, analysis, and summarization techniques.

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In [2]: # Import neccessary libraries
       import numpy as np
       import pandas as pd
In [3]: print("=" * 80)
       print("SCHOOL EXAM PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS LAB")
       print("=" * 80)
       SCHOOL EXAM PERFORMANCE ANALYSIS LAB
       ______
In [4]: |# -----
       # SECTION A: NumPy — Student Scores Matrix
       # ------
In [5]: # Task A1: Create the Scores Matrix
       print("\n--- TASK A1: Create the Scores Matrix ---\n")
       --- TASK A1: Create the Scores Matrix ---
In [6]: # Create a 2D array with scores for 6 students across 5 subjects
       # Subjects: Math, Science, English, History, Computers
       scores = np.array([
         [78, 85, 88, 70, 90], # Student 1
          [60, 65, 70, 75, 80], # Student 2
         [90, 88, 85, 92, 95], # Student 3
         [55, 60, 58, 62, 65], # Student 4
          [85, 82, 80, 78, 88], # Student 5
          [72, 75, 78, 74, 76] # Student 6
       ])
In [7]: subjects = ["Math", "Science", "English", "History", "Computers"]
       students = ["S1", "S2", "S3", "S4", "S5", "S6"]
In [8]: print("Complete Scores Matrix:")
       print(scores)
       print("\nSubjects:", subjects)
       print("Students:", students)
```

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Complete Scores Matrix:
         [[78 85 88 70 90]
          [60 65 70 75 80]
          [90 88 85 92 95]
          [55 60 58 62 65]
          [85 82 80 78 88]
          [72 75 78 74 76]]
         Subjects: ['Math', 'Science', 'English', 'History', 'Computers']
         Students: ['S1', 'S2', 'S3', 'S4', 'S5', 'S6']
In [9]: # Task 1: Print scores for first 3 students
         print("\n--- Task 1: Scores for First 3 Students ---")
         print("Using slicing: scores[0:3, :]")
         first_three = scores[0:3, :]
         print(first_three)
         print("\nExplanation: scores[0:3, :] means:")
         print(" - Rows 0 to 2 (first 3 students)")
         print(" - All columns (:) means all subjects")
         --- Task 1: Scores for First 3 Students ---
         Using slicing: scores[0:3, :]
         [[78 85 88 70 90]
          [60 65 70 75 80]
          [90 88 85 92 95]]
         Explanation: scores[0:3, :] means:
           - Rows 0 to 2 (first 3 students)
           - All columns (:) means all subjects
In [10]: # Task 2: Print all scores in English (3rd subject)
         print("\n--- Task 2: All Scores in English (3rd Subject) ---")
         print("Using slicing: scores[:, 2]")
         english_scores = scores[:, 2]
         print(english_scores)
         print("\nExplanation: scores[:, 2] means:")
         print(" - All rows (:) means all students")
         print(" - Column 2 (3rd column, 0-indexed) is English")
         --- Task 2: All Scores in English (3rd Subject) ---
         Using slicing: scores[:, 2]
         [88 70 85 58 80 78]
         Explanation: scores[:, 2] means:
           - All rows (:) means all students
           - Column 2 (3rd column, 0-indexed) is English
In [11]: # Task 3: Extract scores for students who scored > 80 in Computers
         print("\n--- Task 3: Students with Computers Score > 80 ---")
         print("Using boolean indexing: scores[scores[:, 4] > 80]")
         computers_col = scores[:, 4] # Get all Computers scores
         high_computer_scores = scores[computers_col > 80]
         print("Students with Computers score > 80:")
         print(high_computer_scores)
         print("\nExplanation:")
         print(" - scores[:, 4] gets all Computers scores")
         print(" - scores[:, 4] > 80 creates a boolean mask [True/False for each student]")
         print(" - scores[mask] returns only rows where mask is True")
```

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--- Task 3: Students with Computers Score > 80 ---
        Using boolean indexing: scores[scores[:, 4] > 80]
        Students with Computers score > 80:
        [[78 85 88 70 90]
         [90 88 85 92 95]
         [85 82 80 78 88]]
        Explanation:
          - scores[:, 4] gets all Computers scores
          - scores[:, 4] > 80 creates a boolean mask [True/False for each student]
          - scores[mask] returns only rows where mask is True
In [12]: # Task 4: Extract students with average score > 75
        print("\n--- Task 4: Students with Average Score > 75 ---")
        print("Using row-wise mean and boolean indexing")
        row_averages = np.mean(scores, axis=1) # axis=1 means calculate mean across columns (
        print("Average scores per student:", row_averages)
        high_avg_students = scores[row_averages > 75]
        print("\nStudents with average > 75:")
        print(high avg students)
        print("\nExplanation:")
        print(" - np.mean(scores, axis=1) calculates average for each row (student)")
        print(" - row averages > 75 creates a boolean mask")
        print(" - scores[mask] returns only students with average > 75")
         --- Task 4: Students with Average Score > 75 ---
        Using row-wise mean and boolean indexing
        Average scores per student: [82.2 70. 90. 60. 82.6 75.]
        Students with average > 75:
        [[78 85 88 70 90]
         [90 88 85 92 95]
         [85 82 80 78 88]]
        Explanation:
          - np.mean(scores, axis=1) calculates average for each row (student)
          - row_averages > 75 creates a boolean mask
          - scores[mask] returns only students with average > 75
In [14]: | # -----
        # Task A2: Score Summary
         # -----
        print("\n--- TASK A2: Score Summary ---\n")
        --- TASK A2: Score Summary ---
In [15]: # Calculate average score per subject (column-wise)
        print("1. Average Score Per Subject (Column-wise):")
        subject_averages = np.mean(scores, axis=0) # axis=0 means calculate mean down columns
        for i, subject in enumerate(subjects):
            print(f"
                     {subject}: {subject_averages[i]:.2f}")
```

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1. Average Score Per Subject (Column-wise):
           Math: 73.33
           Science: 75.83
           English: 76.50
           History: 75.17
           Computers: 82.33
In [16]: # Find highest and lowest scores per subject
        print("\n2. Highest and Lowest Scores Per Subject:")
        subject_max = np.max(scores, axis=0)
        subject_min = np.min(scores, axis=0)
        for i, subject in enumerate(subjects):
            print(f"
                     {subject}: Max={subject_max[i]}, Min={subject_min[i]}")
        2. Highest and Lowest Scores Per Subject:
           Math: Max=90, Min=55
           Science: Max=88, Min=60
           English: Max=88, Min=58
           History: Max=92, Min=62
           Computers: Max=95, Min=65
In [17]: # Find which subject had the highest overall average
        print("\n3. Subject with Highest Overall Average:")
        highest_avg_idx = np.argmax(subject_averages)
        highest_avg_subject = subjects[highest_avg_idx]
        highest avg value = subject averages[highest avg idx]
        print(f"
                 {highest_avg_subject} with average score of {highest_avg_value:.2f}")
        3. Subject with Highest Overall Average:
           Computers with average score of 82.33
In [19]: # -----
        # SECTION B: Pandas Series — Attendance Analysis
        print("\n" + "=" * 80)
        print("SECTION B: Pandas Series - Attendance Analysis")
        print("=" * 80)
        ______
        SECTION B: Pandas Series — Attendance Analysis
In [20]: # Task B1: Creating a Series
        print("\n--- TASK B1: Creating a Series ---\n")
        # Create a Pandas Series with attendance data
        attendance = pd.Series(
            [92, 80, 95, 70, 88, 85],
            index=["S1", "S2", "S3", "S4", "S5", "S6"],
            name="Attendance (%)"
        )
        print("Attendance Data (as Pandas Series):")
        print(attendance)
        print("\nExplanation:")
        print(" - Values: [92, 80, 95, 70, 88, 85] are attendance percentages")
        print(" - Index: [S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6] are student labels")
        print(" - Labels make it easier to reference data than numeric indices")
```

```
--- TASK B1: Creating a Series ---
         Attendance Data (as Pandas Series):
         S1
         S2
              80
         53
              95
         S4
              70
         S5
              88
         S6
              85
         Name: Attendance (%), dtype: int64
         Explanation:
          - Values: [92, 80, 95, 70, 88, 85] are attendance percentages
           - Index: [S1, S2, S3, S4, S5, S6] are student labels
           - Labels make it easier to reference data than numeric indices
In [21]: # Task 1: Find students with attendance below 85%
         print("\n--- Task 1: Students with Attendance Below 85% ---")
         print("Using boolean indexing: attendance[attendance < 85]")</pre>
         below 85 = attendance[attendance < 85]</pre>
         print(below_85)
         print("\nExplanation:")
         print(" - attendance < 85 creates a boolean Series [True/False for each student]")</pre>
         print(" - attendance[mask] returns only students where mask is True")
         --- Task 1: Students with Attendance Below 85% ---
         Using boolean indexing: attendance[attendance < 85]</pre>
         S2
              80
         S4
              70
         Name: Attendance (%), dtype: int64
         Explanation:
           - attendance < 85 creates a boolean Series [True/False for each student]</li>
           - attendance[mask] returns only students where mask is True
In [22]: # Task 2: Count students with attendance >= 90%
         print("\n--- Task 2: Count Students with Attendance >= 90% ---")
         above_90 = attendance[attendance >= 90]
         count above 90 = len(above 90)
         print(f"Students with attendance >= 90%: {above_90.to_dict()}")
         print(f"Total count: {count_above_90}")
         --- Task 2: Count Students with Attendance >= 90% ---
         Students with attendance >= 90%: {'S1': 92, 'S3': 95}
         Total count: 2
In [23]: # Task 3: Calculate average attendance
         print("\n--- Task 3: Average Attendance ---")
         avg attendance = attendance.mean()
         print(f"Average attendance: {avg_attendance:.2f}%")
         --- Task 3: Average Attendance ---
         Average attendance: 85.00%
In [24]: | # -----
         # Task B2: Combining Series with NumPy Results
```

```
print("\n--- TASK B2: Combining Series with NumPy Results ---\n")
--- TASK B2: Combining Series with NumPy Results ---
```

```
In [26]: # Step 1: Compute average score per student from NumPy array
        print("1. Computing Average Score Per Student:")
        student_averages = np.mean(scores, axis=1)
        print(" Student averages:", student averages)
        # Step 2: Create a Pandas Series with same student labels
        print("\n2. Creating Pandas Series with Student Labels:")
        avg_scores_series = pd.Series(
            student_averages,
            index=["S1", "S2", "S3", "S4", "S5", "S6"],
            name="Average Score"
        print(avg_scores_series)
        # Step 3: Identify students with both conditions:
                  - Average score > 75
                  - Attendance >= 85%
        print("\n3. Students Meeting BOTH Criteria:")
        print(" Criteria: Average Score > 75 AND Attendance >= 85%\n")
        # Create boolean masks for both conditions
        high_score_mask = avg_scores_series > 75
        high_attendance_mask = attendance >= 85
        # Combine masks using & (AND operator)
        both_criteria = high_score_mask & high_attendance_mask
        print("Students meeting both criteria:")
        qualifying students = pd.DataFrame({
            'Average Score': avg_scores_series[both_criteria],
            'Attendance (%)': attendance[both_criteria]
        print(qualifying_students)
        print("\nExplanation:")
        print(" - high_score_mask = avg_scores_series > 75")
        print(" - high_attendance_mask = attendance >= 85")
        print(" - both_criteria = high_score_mask & high_attendance_mask")
        print(" - The & operator combines boolean masks (AND logic)")
         # ______
         # SUMMARY AND INSIGHTS
         # ______
        print("\n" + "=" * 80)
        print("SUMMARY AND INSIGHTS")
        print("=" * 80)
        print("\nKey Findings:")
        print(f"1. Best performing subject: {highest_avg_subject} (avg: {highest_avg_value:.2f
        print(f"2. Students with excellent performance (avg > 75 AND attendance >= 85%): {len(
        print(f"3. Overall class average attendance: {avg_attendance:.2f}%")
```

```
PGD219 Assignment (Numpy + Series)
print(f"4. Students needing improvement (avg <= 75): {len(avg_scores_series[avg_scores</pre>
print("\n" + "=" * 80)
print("END OF ANALYSIS")
print("=" * 80)
1. Computing Average Score Per Student:
  Student averages: [82.2 70. 90. 60. 82.6 75.]
2. Creating Pandas Series with Student Labels:
     82.2
S2
     70.0
S3
    90.0
     60.0
S4
     82.6
S5
     75.0
Name: Average Score, dtype: float64
3. Students Meeting BOTH Criteria:
  Criteria: Average Score > 75 AND Attendance >= 85%
Students meeting both criteria:
   Average Score Attendance (%)
S1
           82.2
                             92
            90.0
                             95
S3
S5
            82.6
                             88
Explanation:
 - high score mask = avg scores series > 75
  - high_attendance_mask = attendance >= 85
  - both_criteria = high_score_mask & high_attendance_mask
  - The & operator combines boolean masks (AND logic)
SUMMARY AND INSIGHTS
______
Key Findings:
1. Best performing subject: Computers (avg: 82.33)
2. Students with excellent performance (avg > 75 AND attendance >= 85%): 3
3. Overall class average attendance: 85.00%
4. Students needing improvement (avg <= 75): 3
END OF ANALYSIS
```

In [ ]: