

# MLSZ - WS5: Bsp 1

1) ALLGEMEIN:  $\underline{S}_i = \underline{U}_i \cdot \underline{I}_i^*$

$$\underline{P}_i = \operatorname{Re}\{\underline{S}_i\} = \operatorname{Re}\{\underline{U}_i \cdot \underline{I}_i^*\} = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}\{\underline{U}_i \cdot \underline{I}_i^*\}$$

WIRBEL  $\underline{I}_i = \frac{\underline{U}_i}{\underline{Z}_i} = \frac{|\underline{U}_i| \cdot e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L}{R_i}) + \varphi_i)}}{\sqrt{R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2}}$

DIESER SCHRITT HAT'S IM SICHT :)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\underline{U}_i}{\underline{Z}_i} &= \left( \frac{1}{R_i + j\omega L} \right) \underline{U}_i e^{j\varphi_i} = \frac{(R_i - j\omega L)}{R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2} \underline{U}_i = \left[ \frac{R_i}{R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2} - j \frac{\omega L}{R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2} \right] \underline{U}_i \\ &= \left[ \frac{R_i^2}{(R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2)^2} + \frac{(\omega L)^2}{(R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2)^2} e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L}{R_i}))} \right] \underline{U}_i \\ &= \left[ \frac{\sqrt{R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2}}{R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2} e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L}{R_i}))} \right] \underline{U}_i \\ &= \left[ \frac{1}{\sqrt{R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2}} e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L}{R_i}))} \right] \underline{U}_i e^{j\varphi_i} \end{aligned}$$

hier:  $\underline{P}_{\text{tot}} = \sum \underline{P}_i = \underline{P}_1 + \underline{P}_2 + \underline{P}_3 = \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Re}\{\underline{U}_1 \cdot \underline{I}_1^* + \underline{U}_2 \cdot \underline{I}_2^* + \underline{U}_3 \cdot \underline{I}_3^*\}$

$$= \frac{|\underline{U}_1|^2}{2} \operatorname{Re}\left\{ \frac{e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L_1}{R_1}) + \varphi_1)}}{\sqrt{R_1^2 + (\omega L_1)^2}} e^{-j\varphi_1} + \frac{e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L_2}{R_2}) + \varphi_2)}}{\sqrt{R_2^2 + (\omega L_2)^2}} e^{-j\varphi_2} + \frac{e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L_3}{R_3}) + \varphi_3)}}{\sqrt{R_3^2 + (\omega L_3)^2}} e^{-j\varphi_3} \right\}$$

$$= \frac{|\underline{U}_1|^2}{2} \operatorname{Re}\left\{ \frac{e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L_1}{R_1}) + \varphi_1)}}{\sqrt{R_1^2 + (\omega L_1)^2}} + \frac{e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L_2}{R_2}) + \varphi_2)}}{\sqrt{R_2^2 + (\omega L_2)^2}} + \frac{e^{j(\omega t - \arctan(\frac{\omega L_3}{R_3}) + \varphi_3)}}{\sqrt{R_3^2 + (\omega L_3)^2}} \right\}$$

## MLS2 - W05: Bsp Teil 2:

1.2)

HIER IST DIE LEISTUNG AN VERBRÄUCHER:

$$P = \frac{|\underline{\hat{I}}|^2}{2} \operatorname{Re} \left\{ \frac{e^{+j(\omega t - \frac{\omega L}{R})}}{\sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}} + \frac{e^{+j(\omega t - \frac{\omega L}{R})}}{\sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}} + \frac{e^{+j(\omega t - \frac{\omega L}{R})}}{\sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}} \right\}$$

$$= 3 \cdot \frac{|\underline{\hat{I}}|^2}{2} \operatorname{Re} \left\{ \frac{e^{+j(\omega t - \frac{\omega L}{R})}}{\sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}} \right\}$$

$$= 3 \cdot \frac{|\underline{\hat{I}}|^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}} \cdot \operatorname{Re} \left\{ e^{+j(\omega t - \frac{\omega L}{R})} \right\}$$

$$= 3 \cdot \frac{|\underline{\hat{I}}|^2}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}} \cdot \cos \left( \omega t - \frac{\omega L}{R} \right)$$

1.3) KCL (KIRCHHOFF):

$$\underline{\hat{I}}_N = \underline{\hat{I}}_1 + \underline{\hat{I}}_2 + \underline{\hat{I}}_3 = \sum_i \frac{|\underline{\hat{I}}| \cdot e^{+j(\omega t - \frac{\omega L}{R_i})}}{\sqrt{R_i^2 + (\omega L)^2}}$$

$$= \frac{|\underline{\hat{I}}|}{\sqrt{R^2 + (\omega L)^2}} e^{-j(\omega t - \frac{\omega L}{R})} \left[ 1 + e^{-j120^\circ} + e^{-j240^\circ} \right] = \underline{0}$$

UND WAS BRINGT  
UND DAS DEFT? :)