

RNN's and BMI's: linking network dynamics to behavior

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CoMPLEX
University College London

Niv Lab
March 5th, 2020

learning

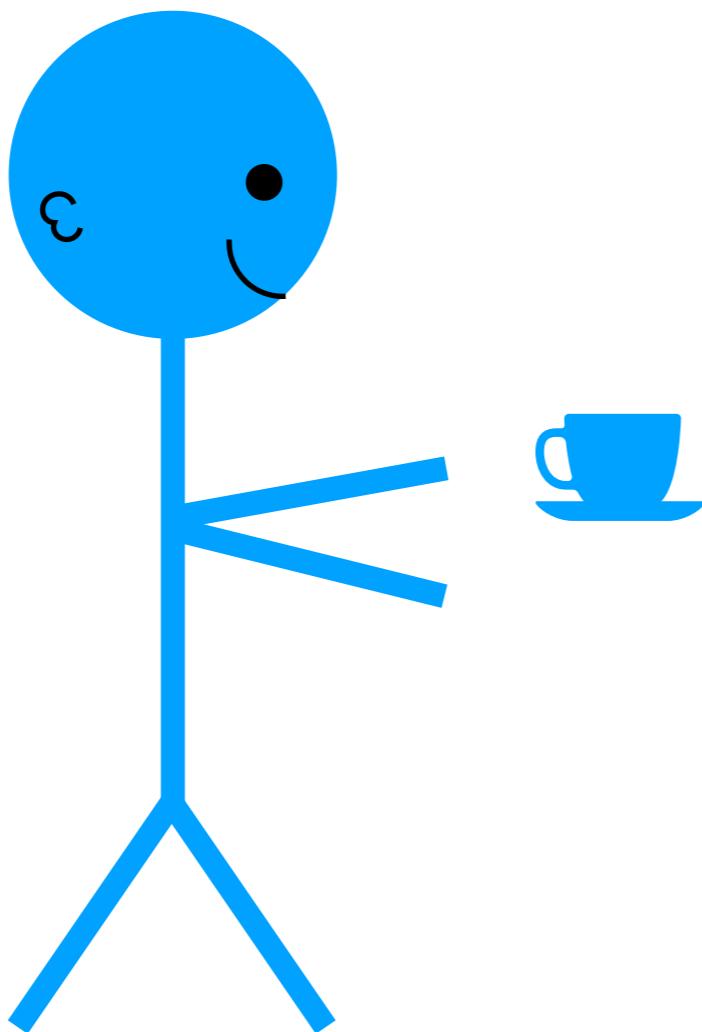
How do brains learn?

motor learning

How do brains learn
to produce goal-directed
movements?

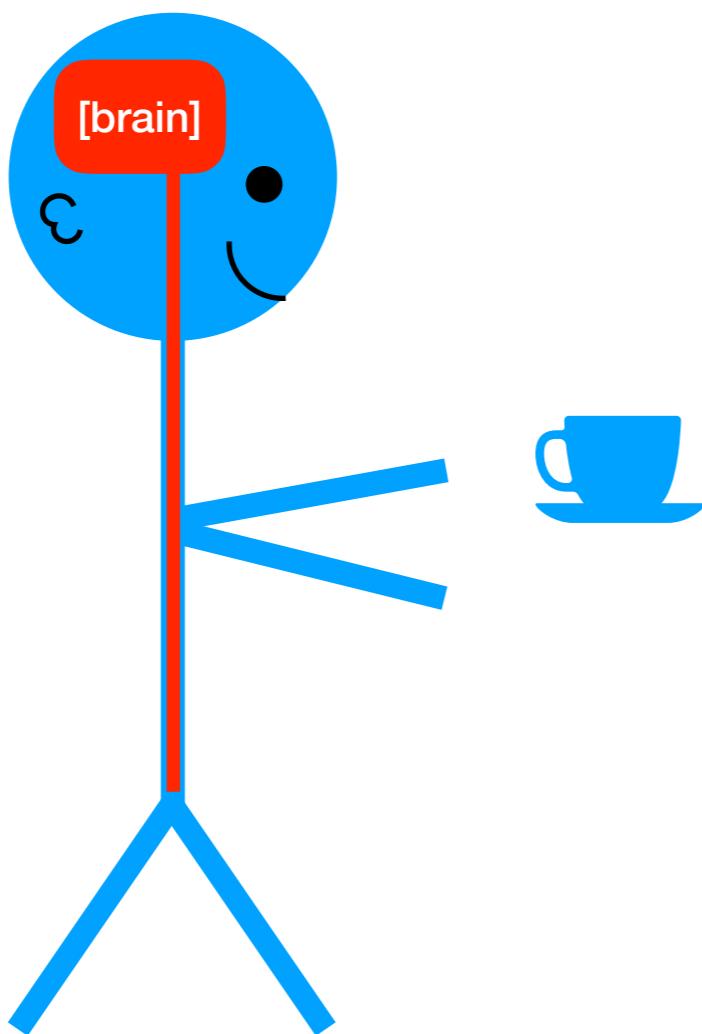
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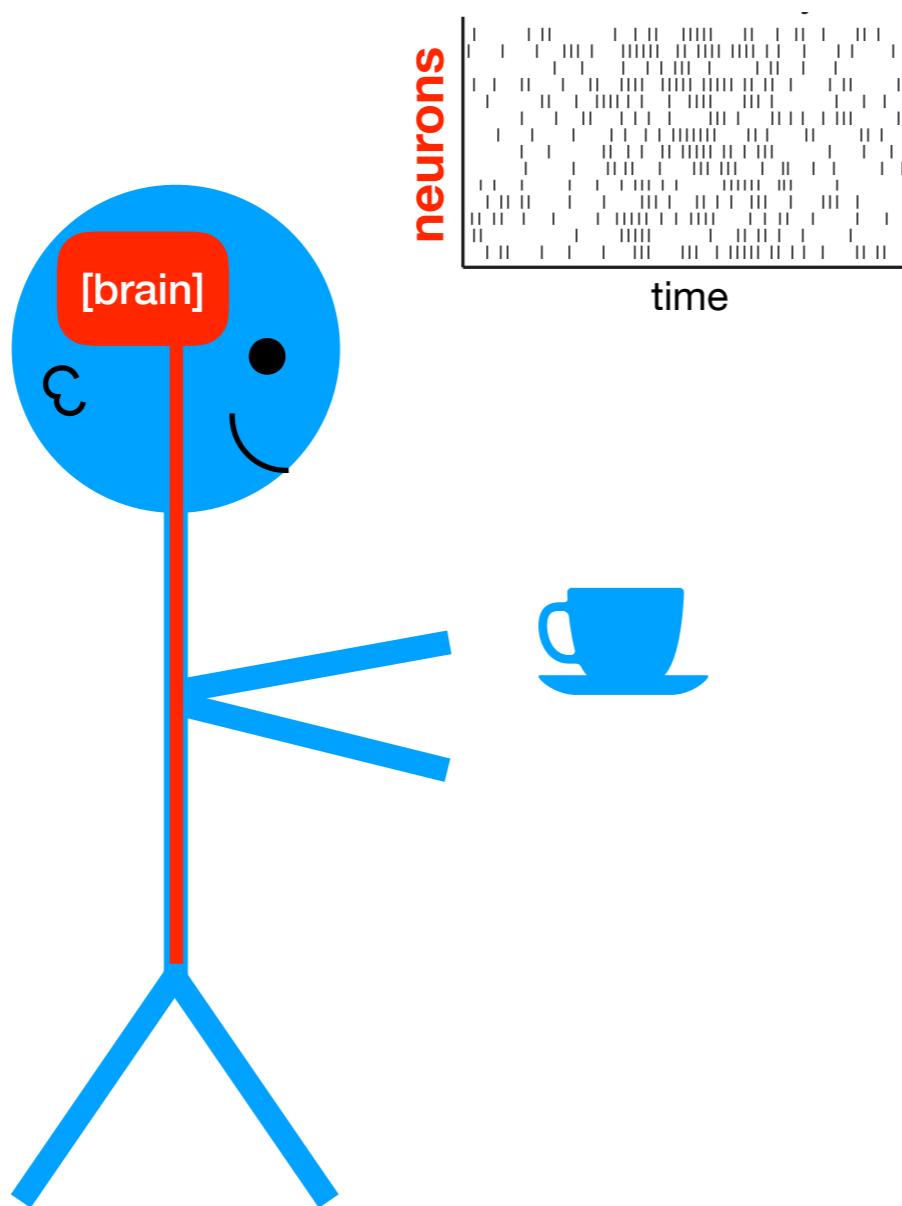
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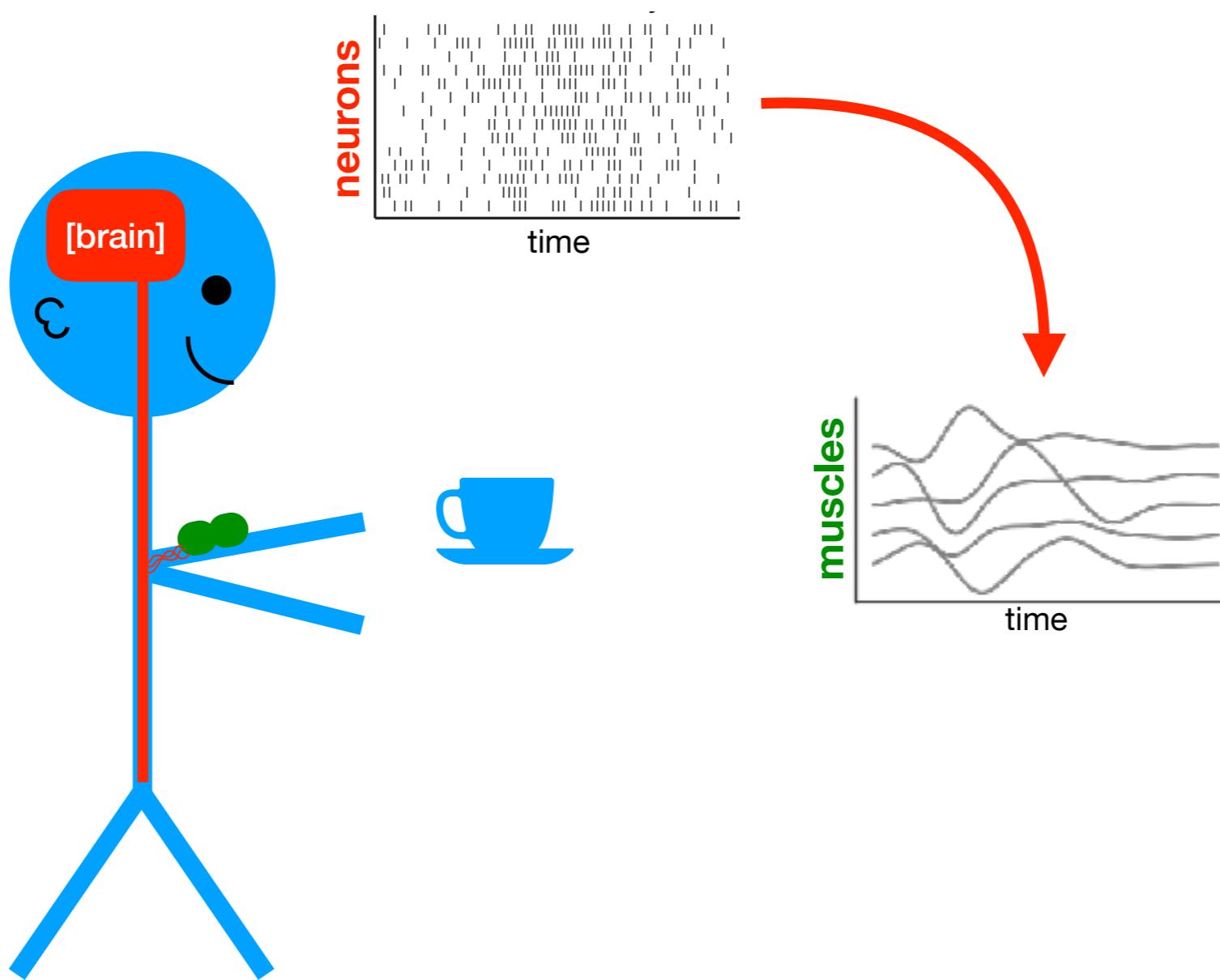
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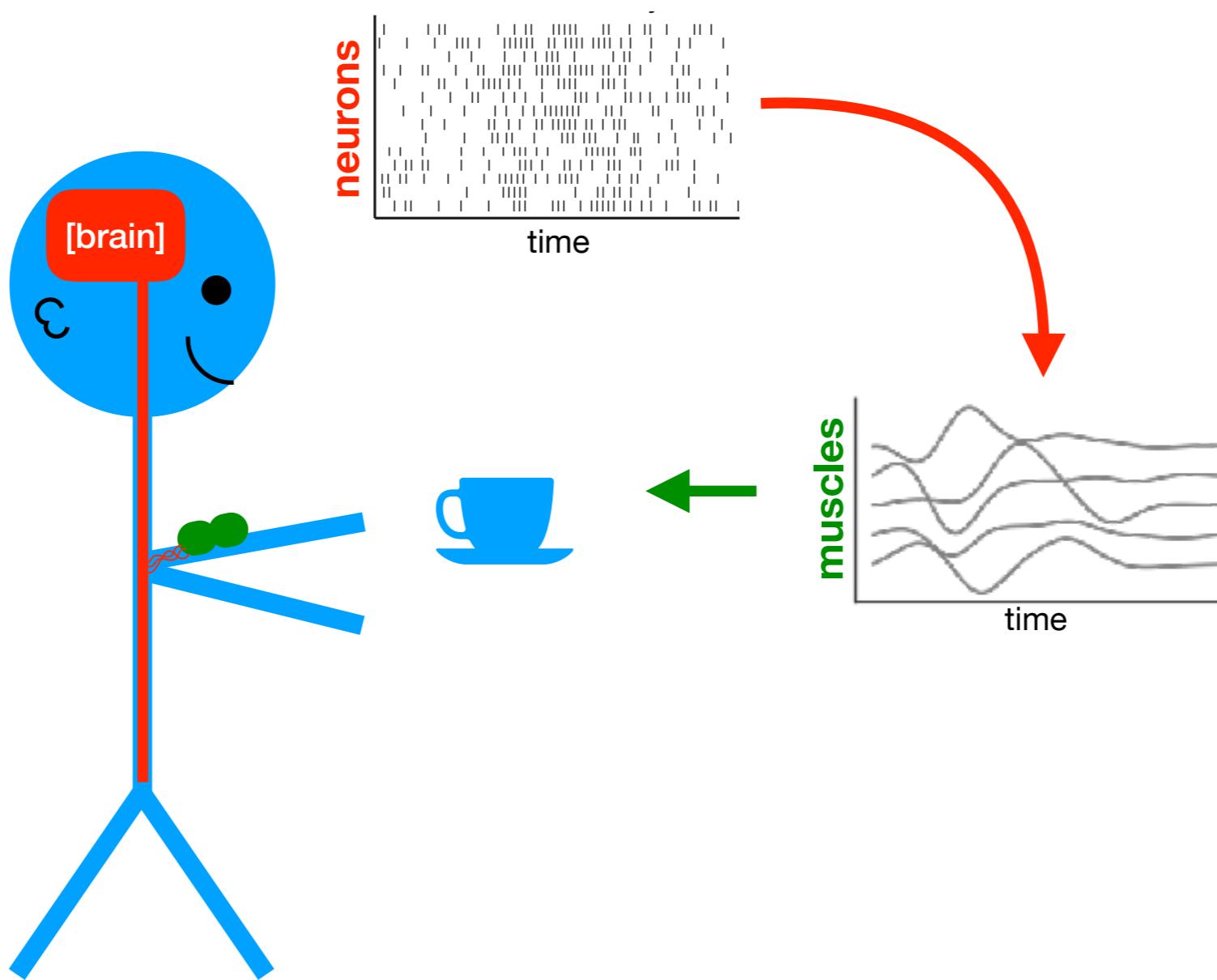
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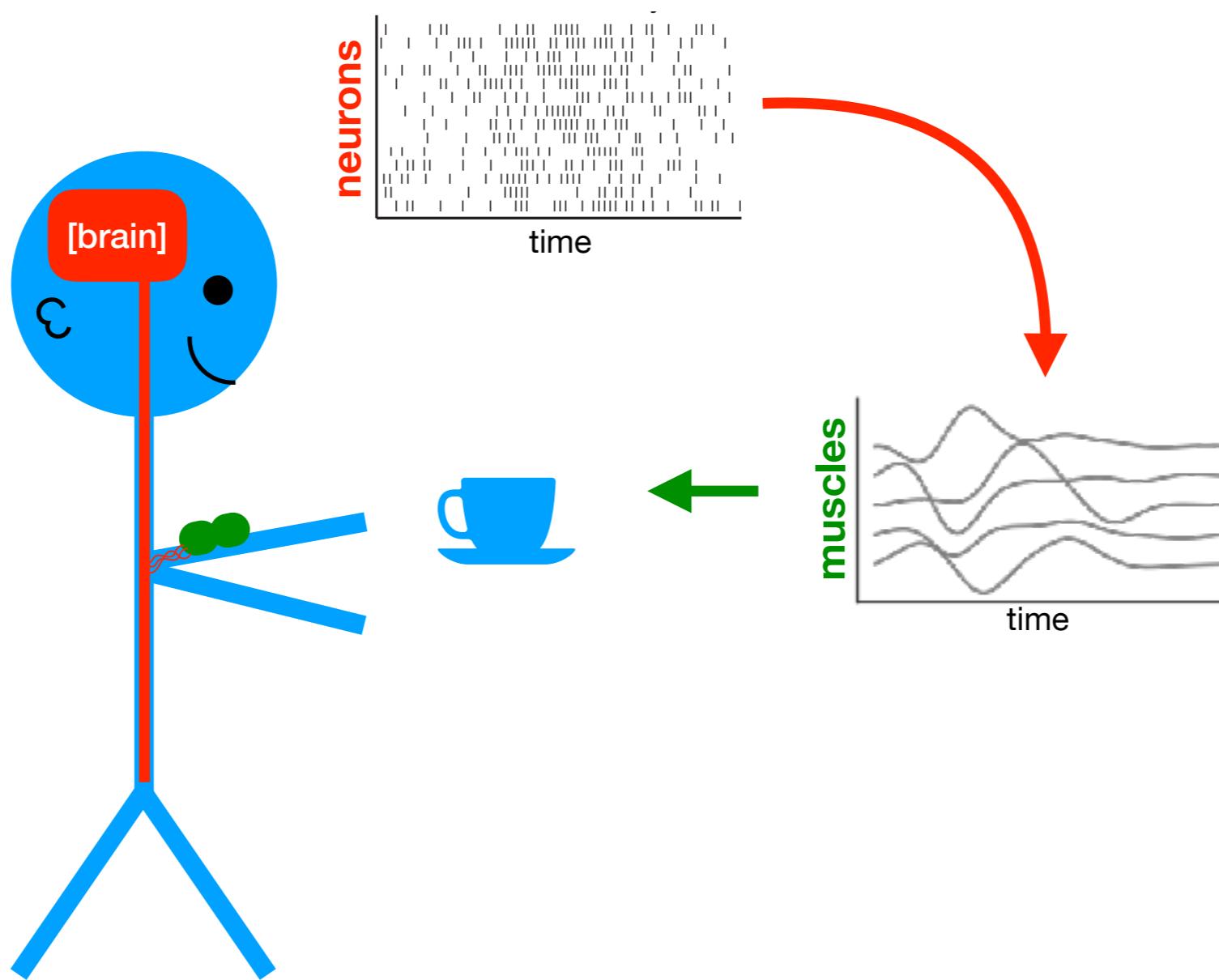
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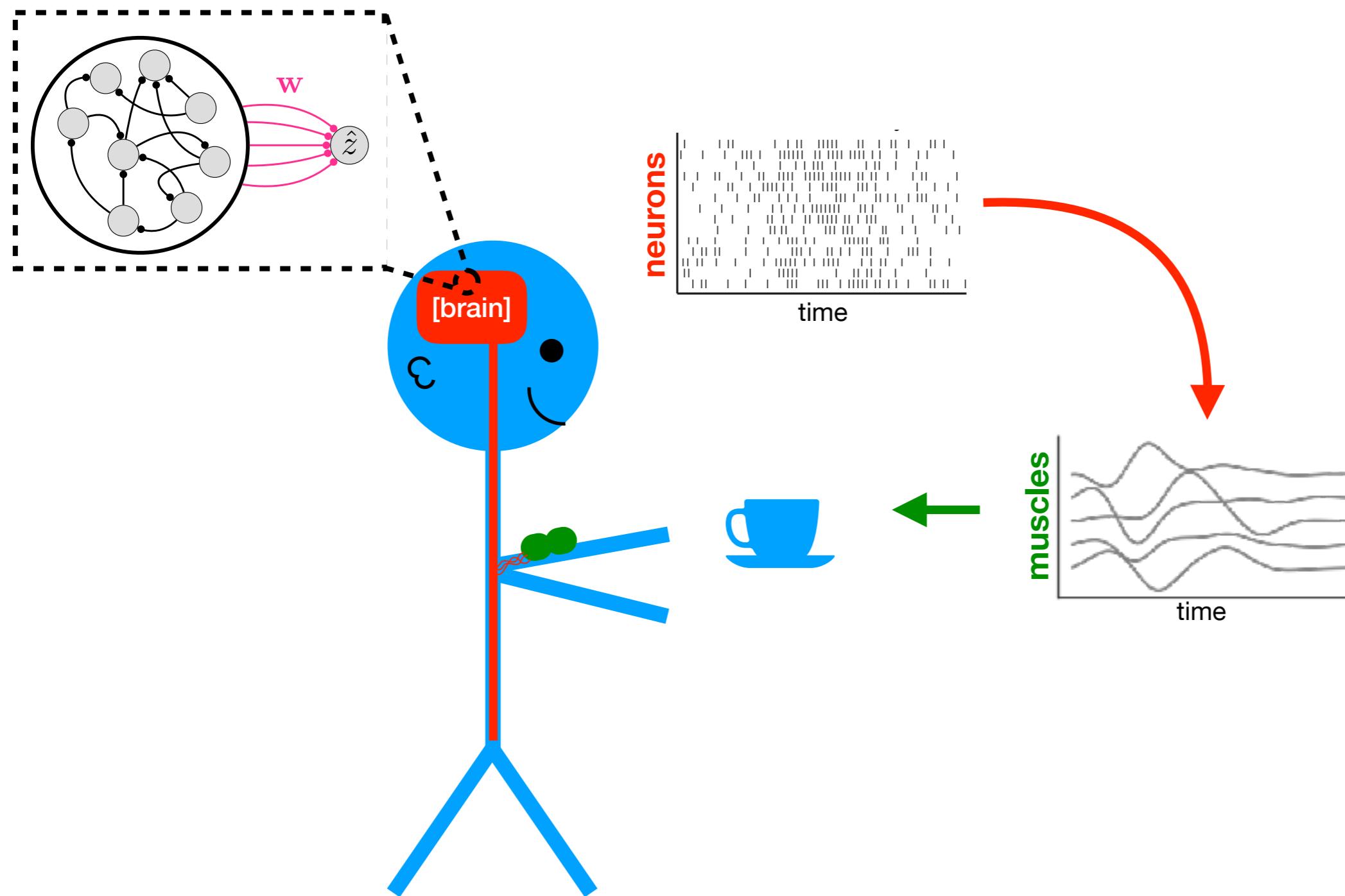
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How do brains learn
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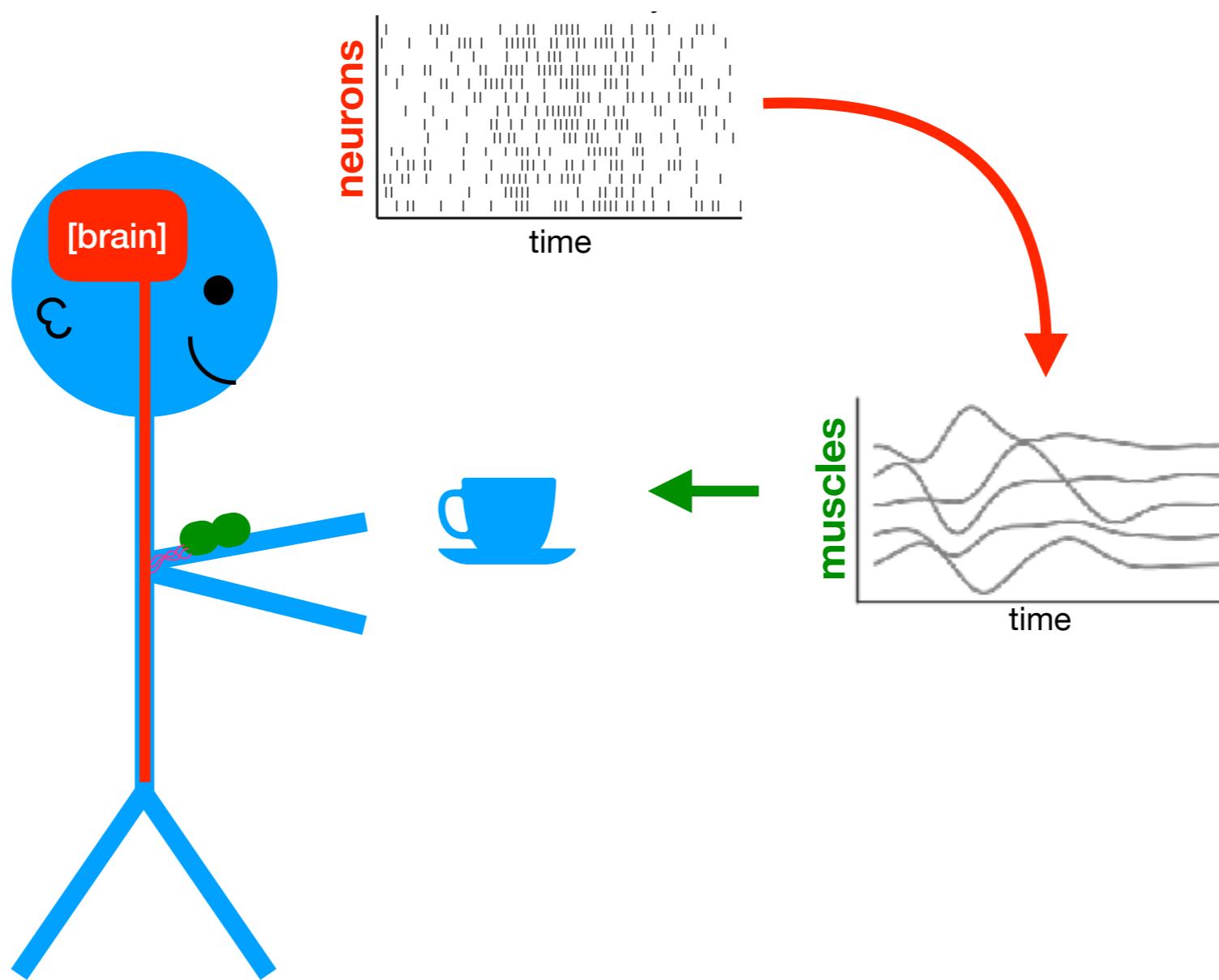
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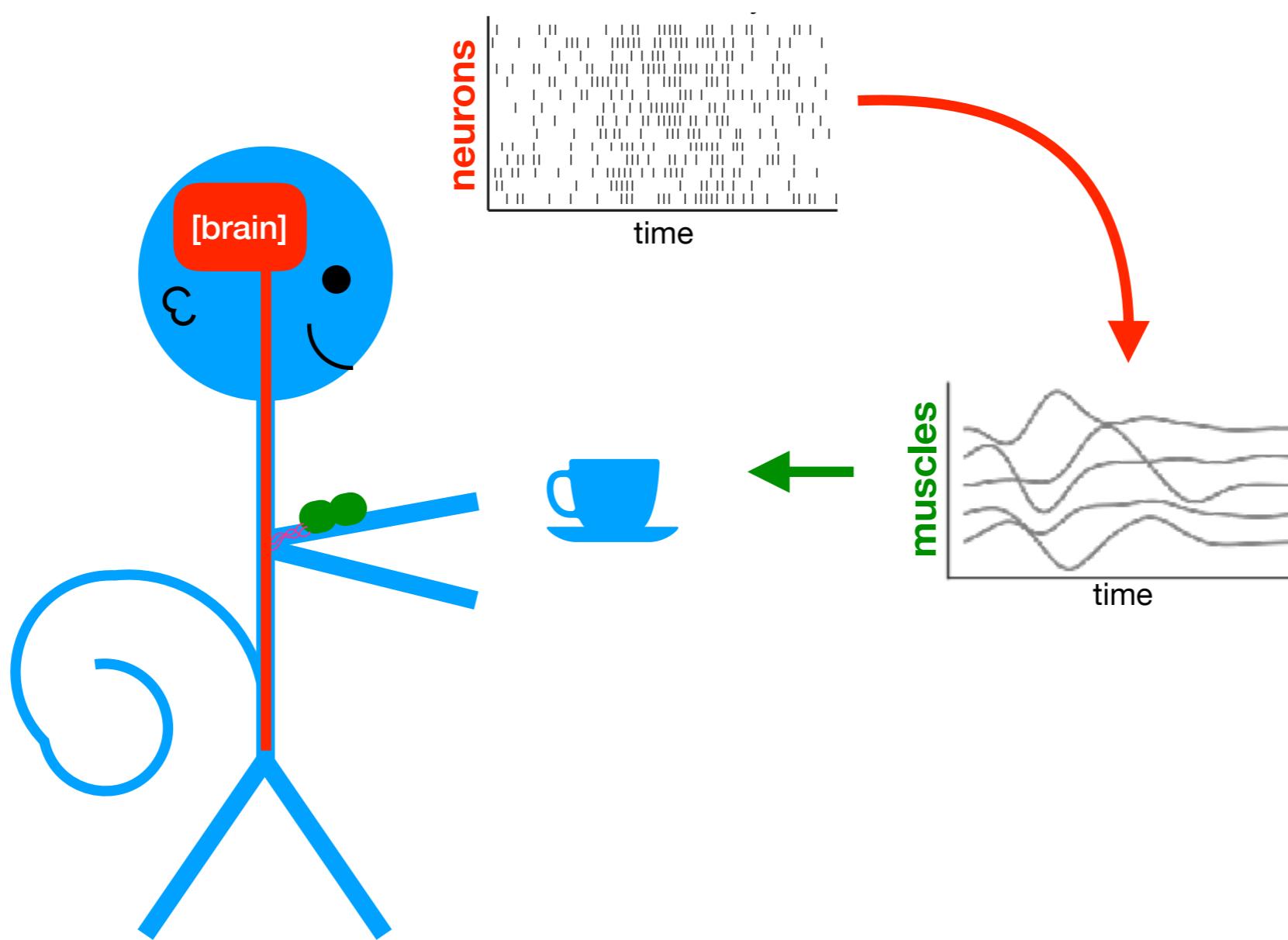
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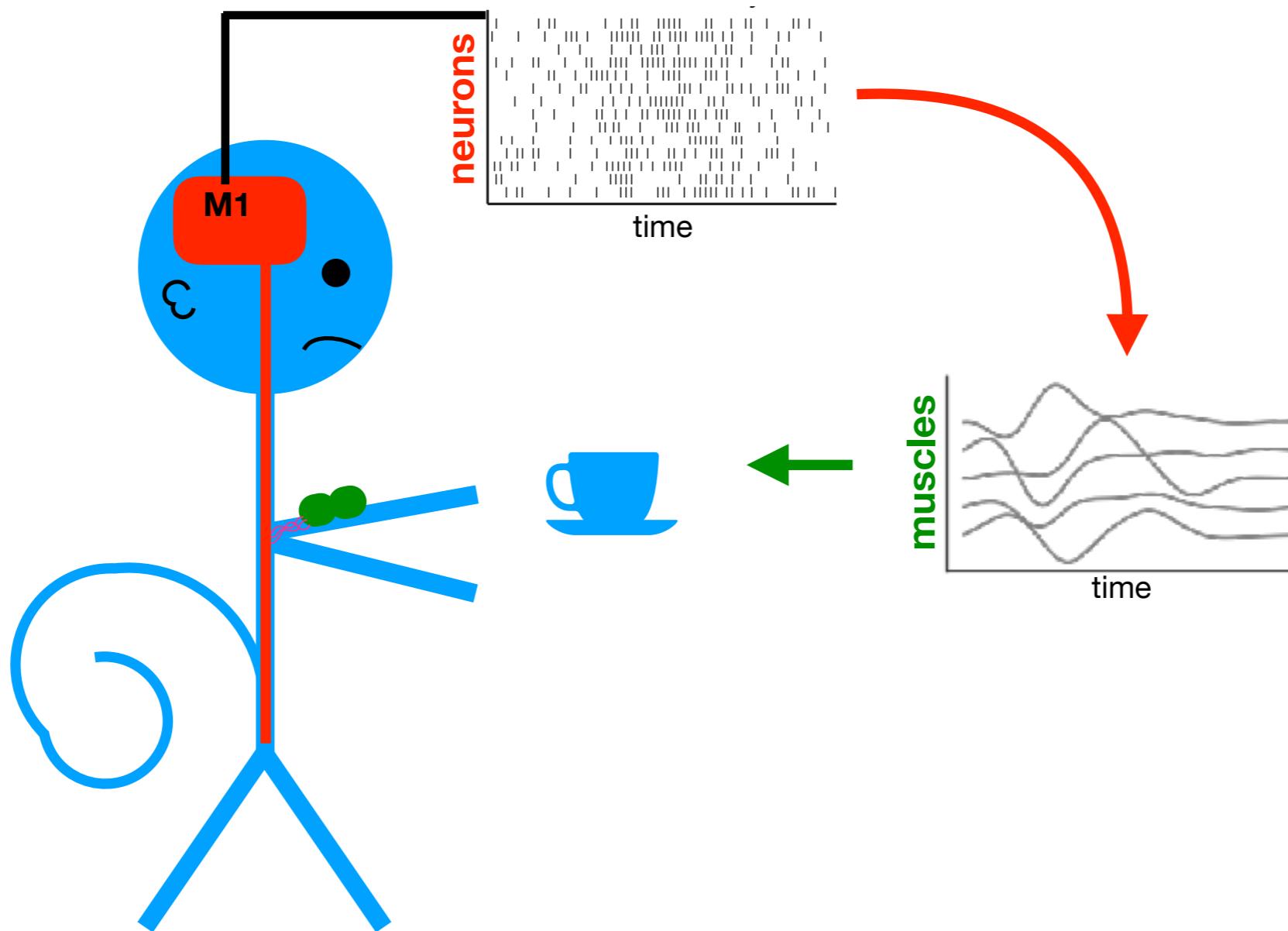
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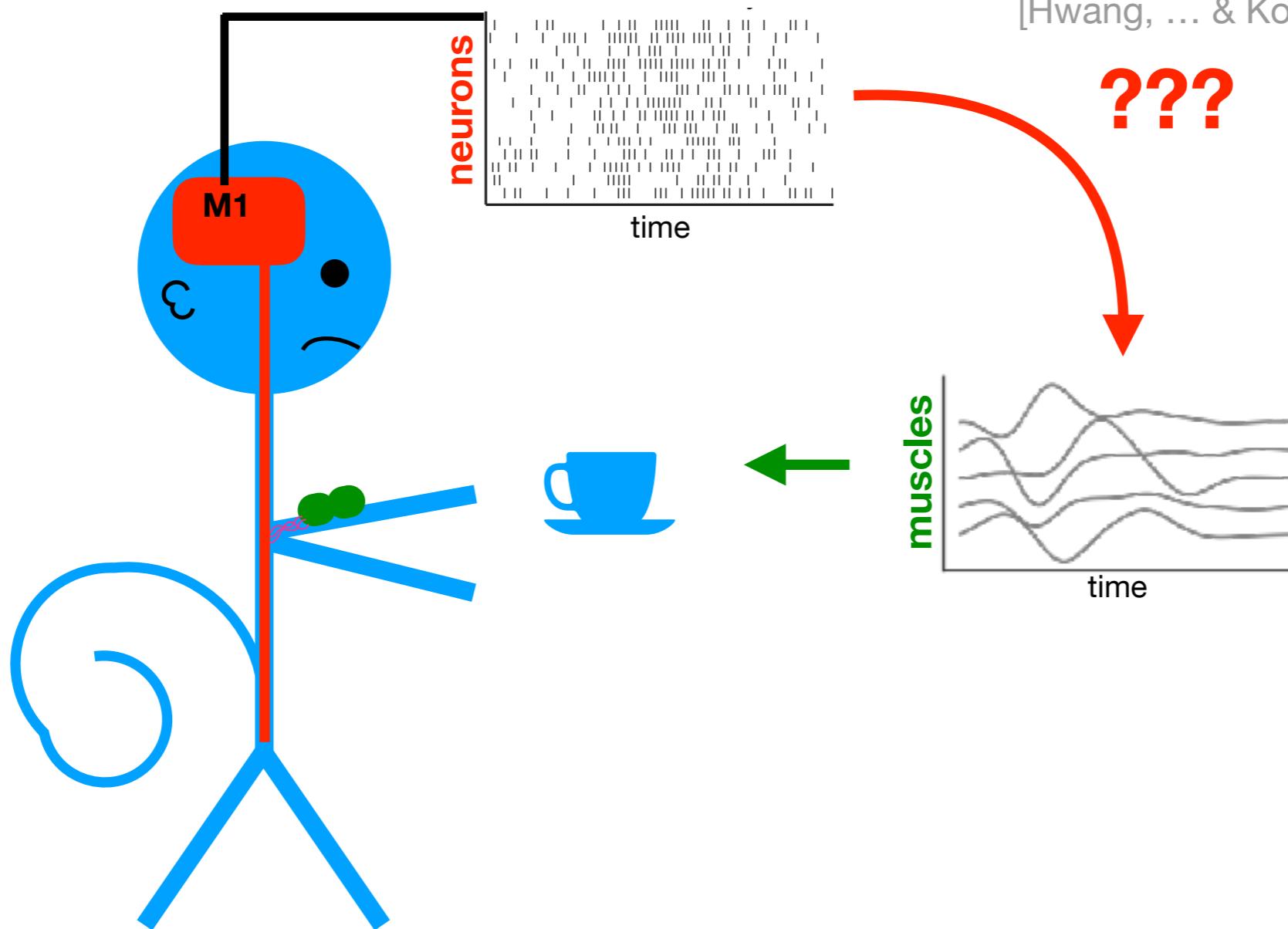
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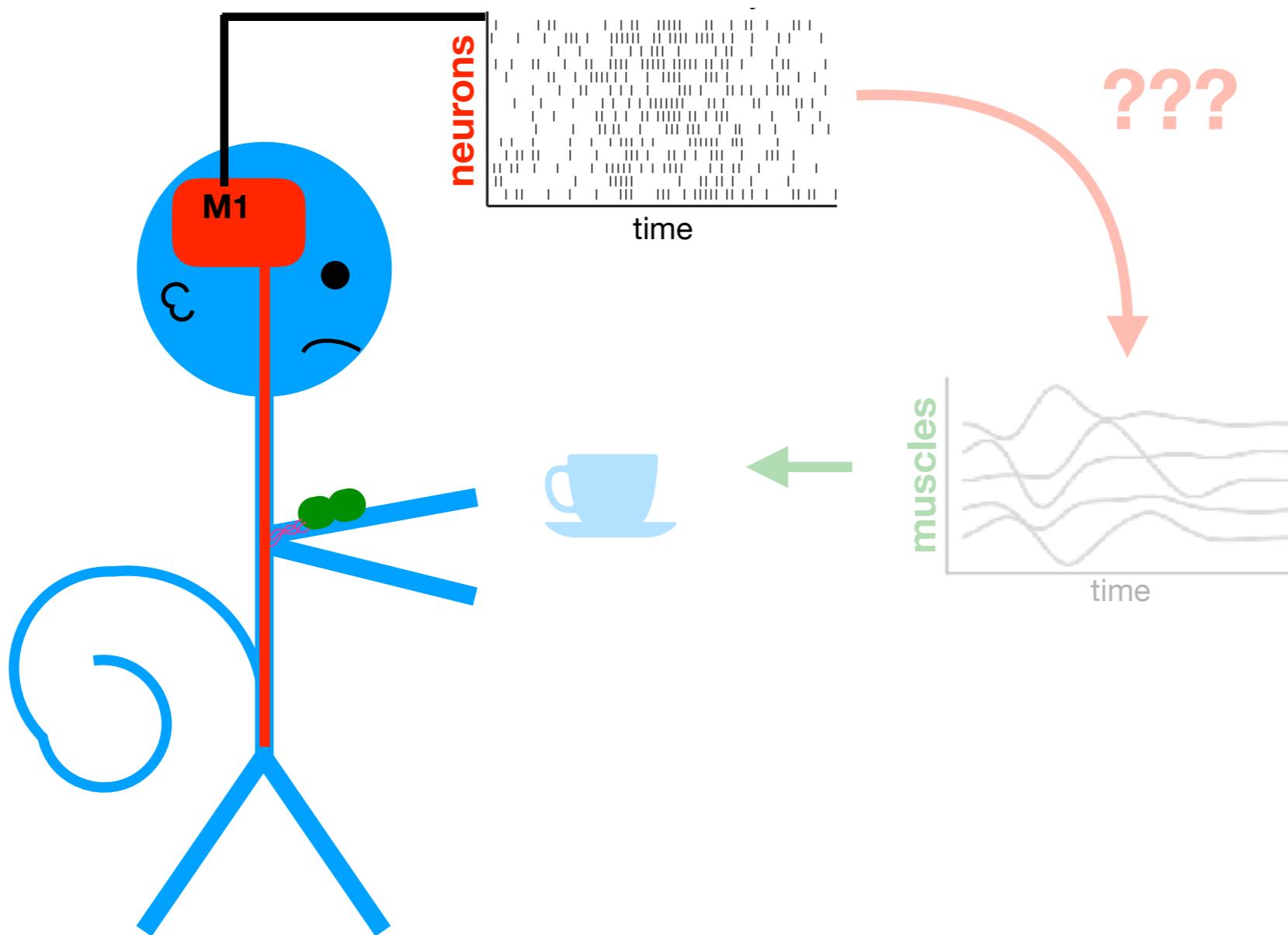
How do brains learn
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[Kawai, ... & Olveczky '15]
[Lopes, ..., Menendez, ... & Kampff '17]
[Hwang, ... & Komiyama '19]



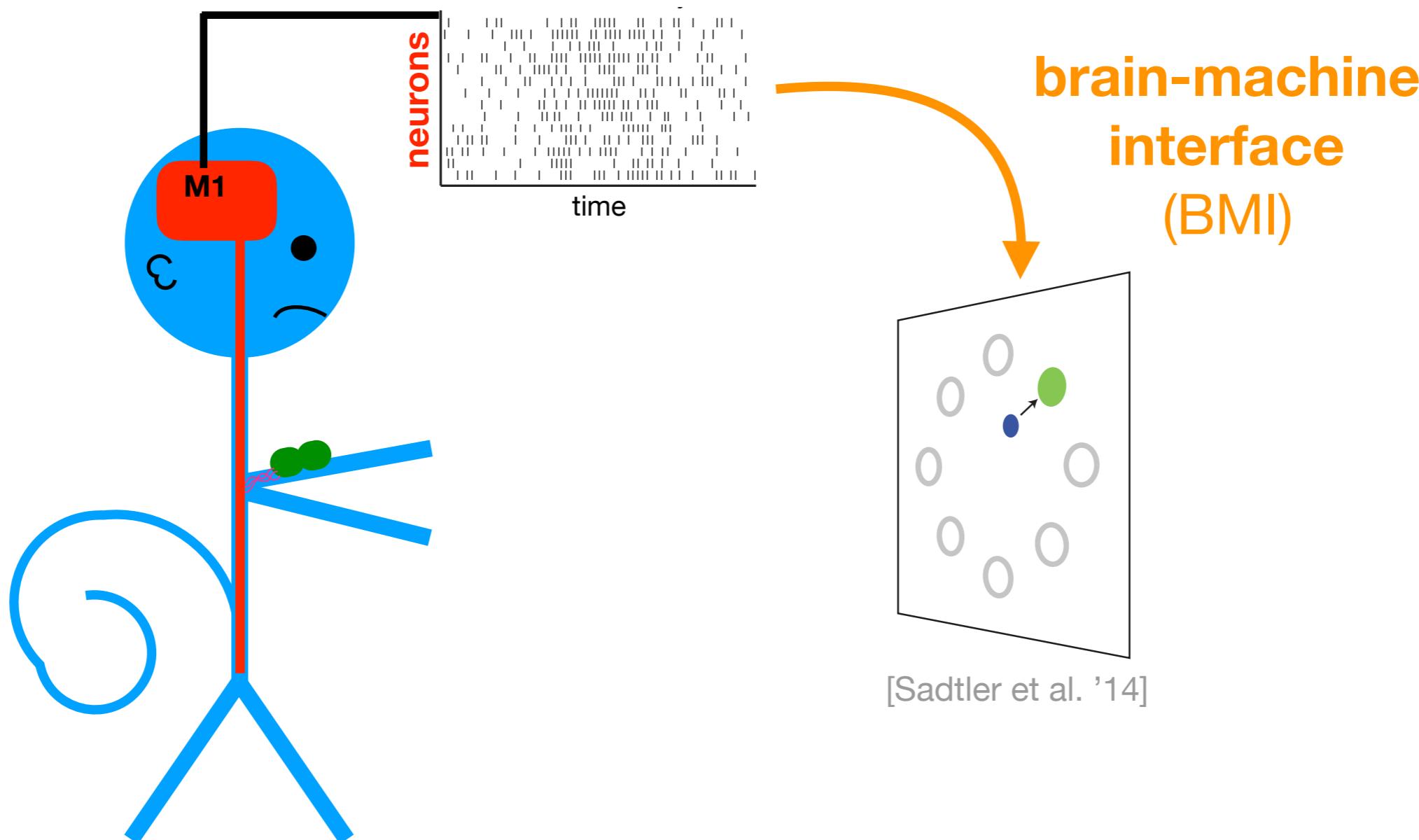
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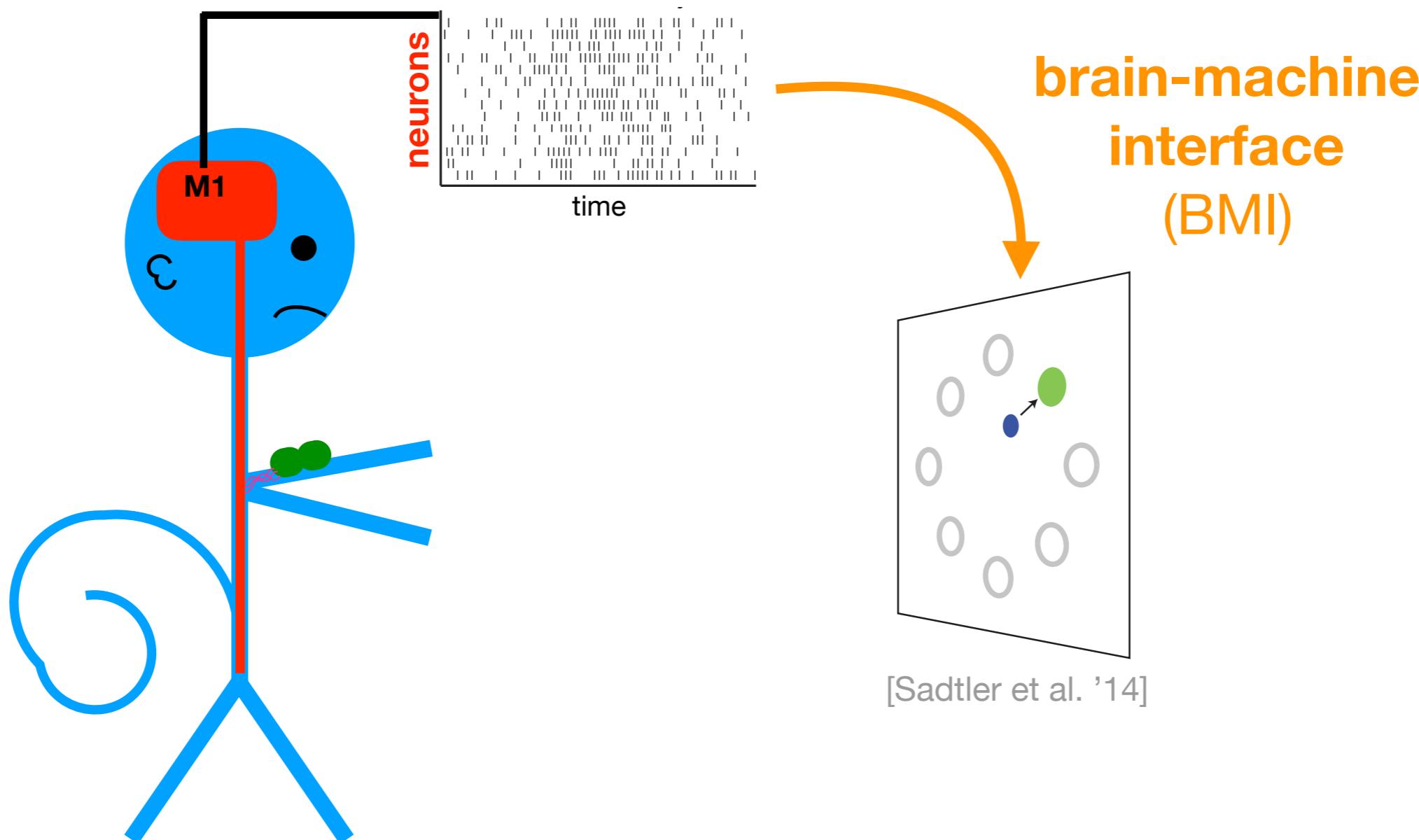
BMI learning

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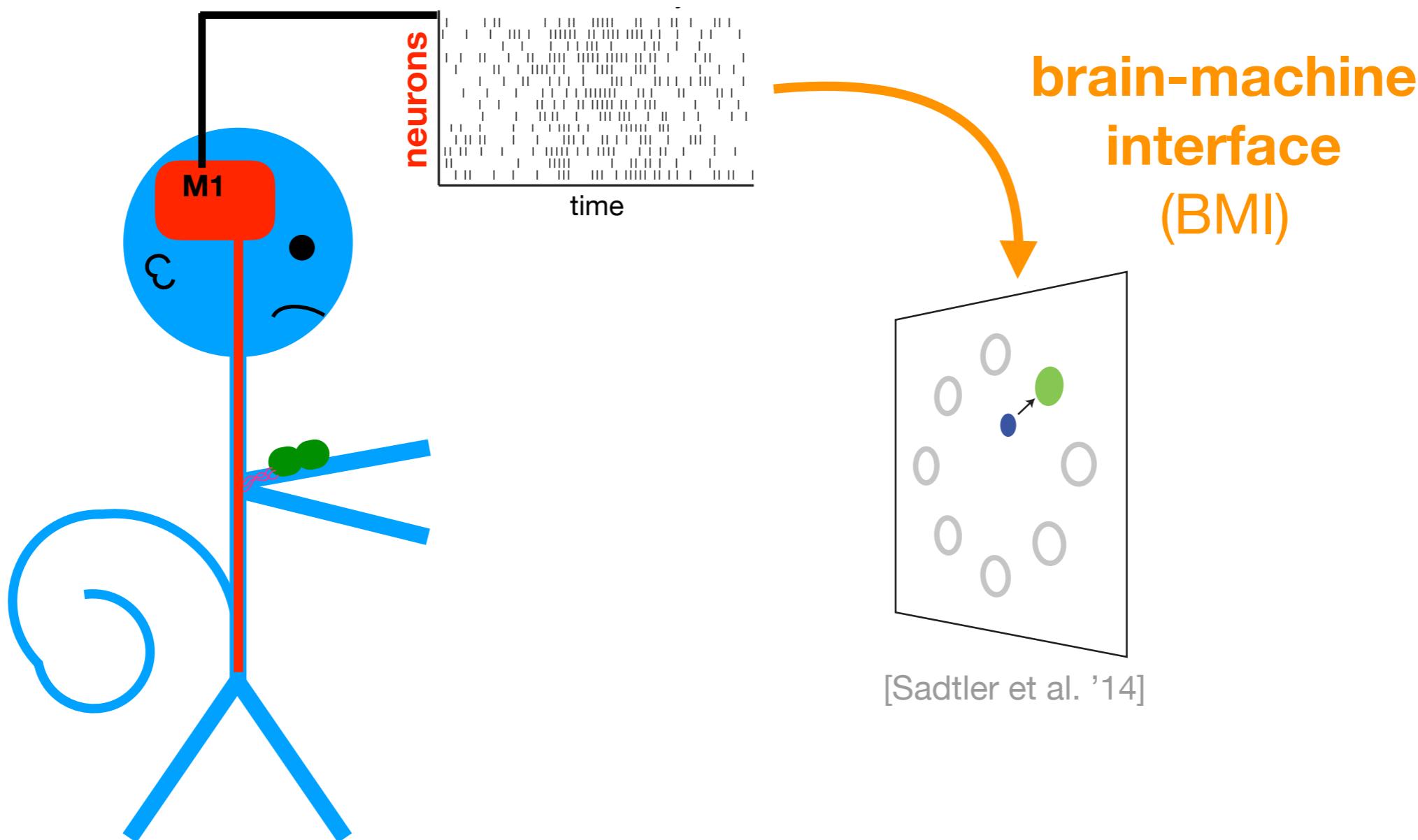
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BMI learning

Which neurons are
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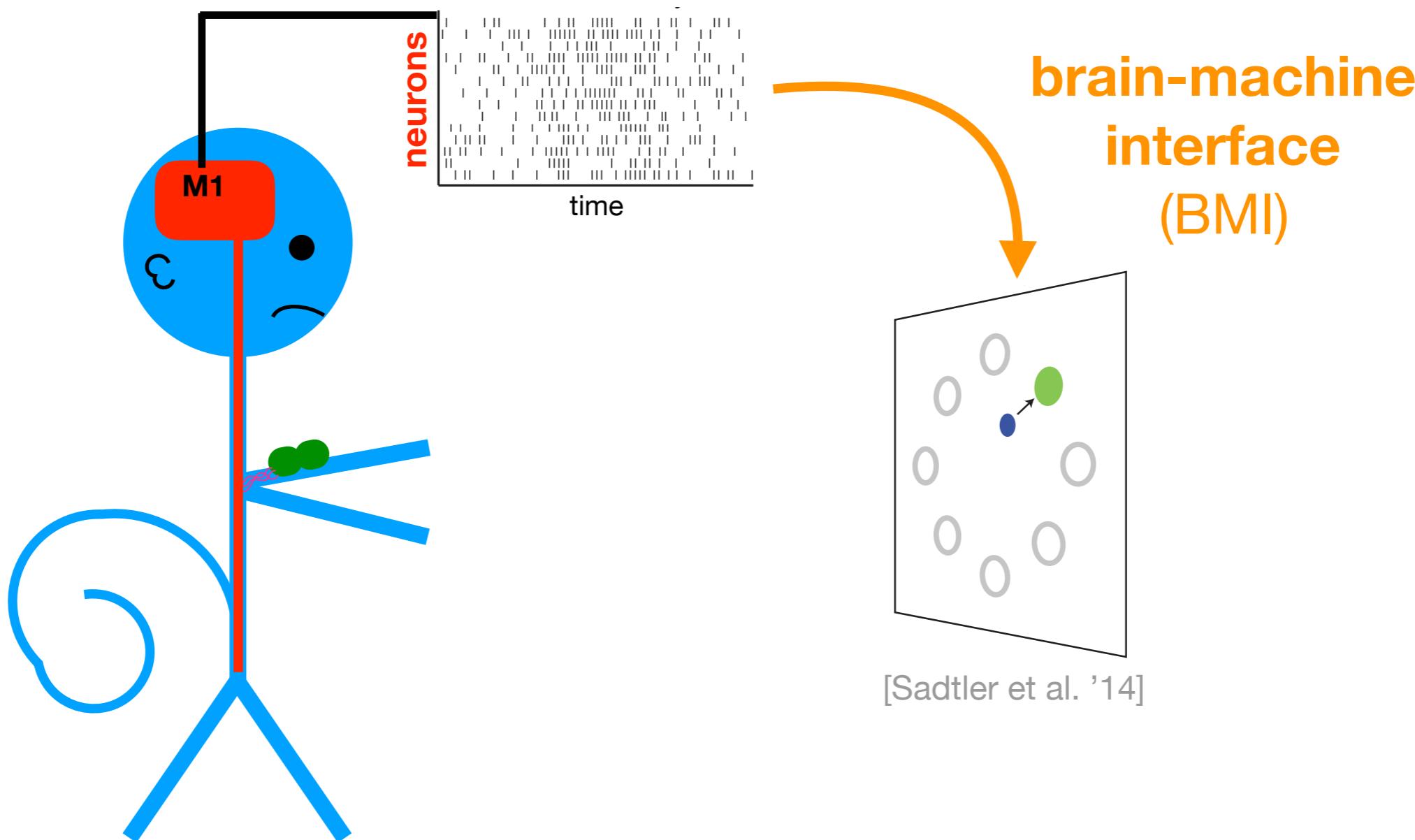
[Legenstein et al. '10]



BMI learning

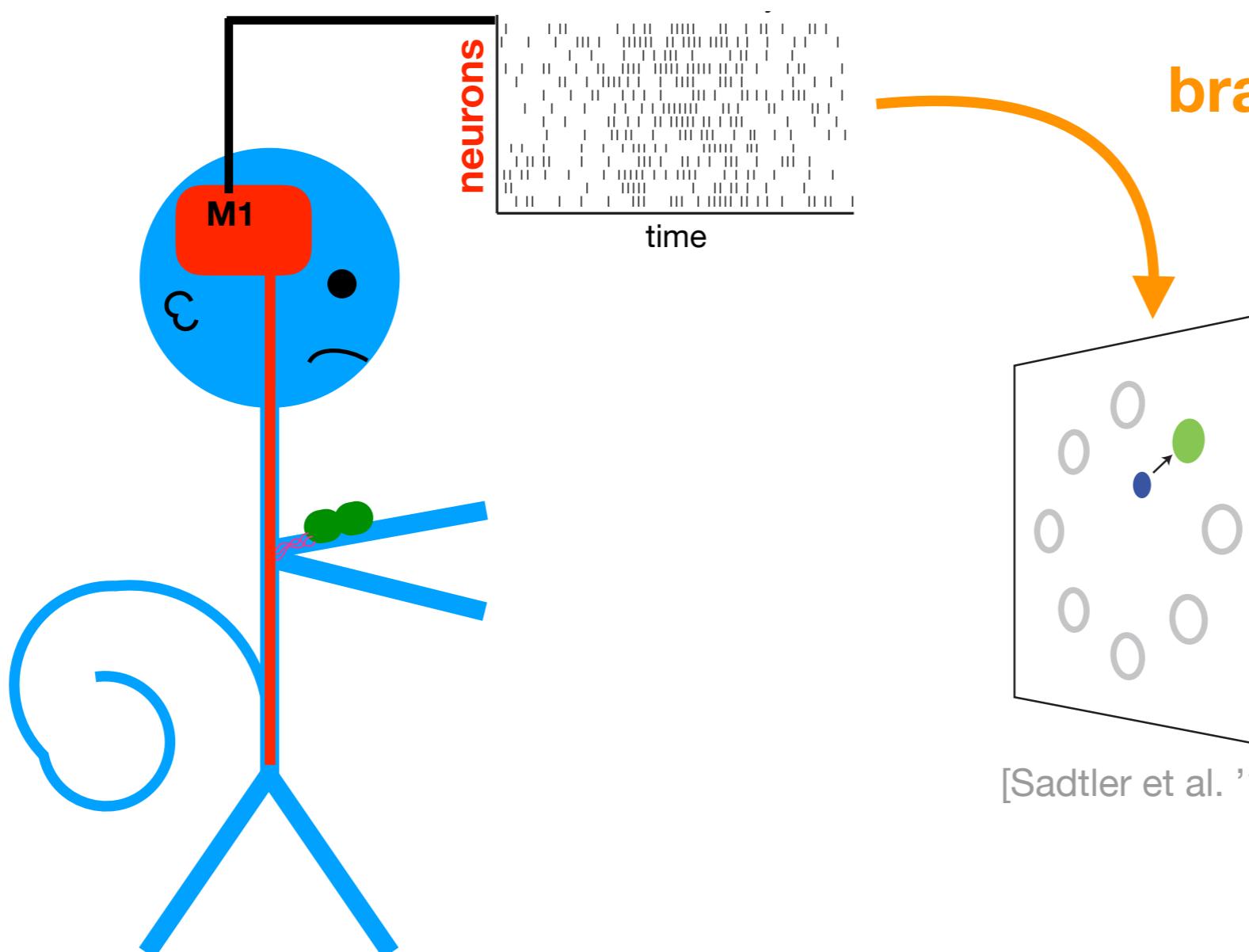
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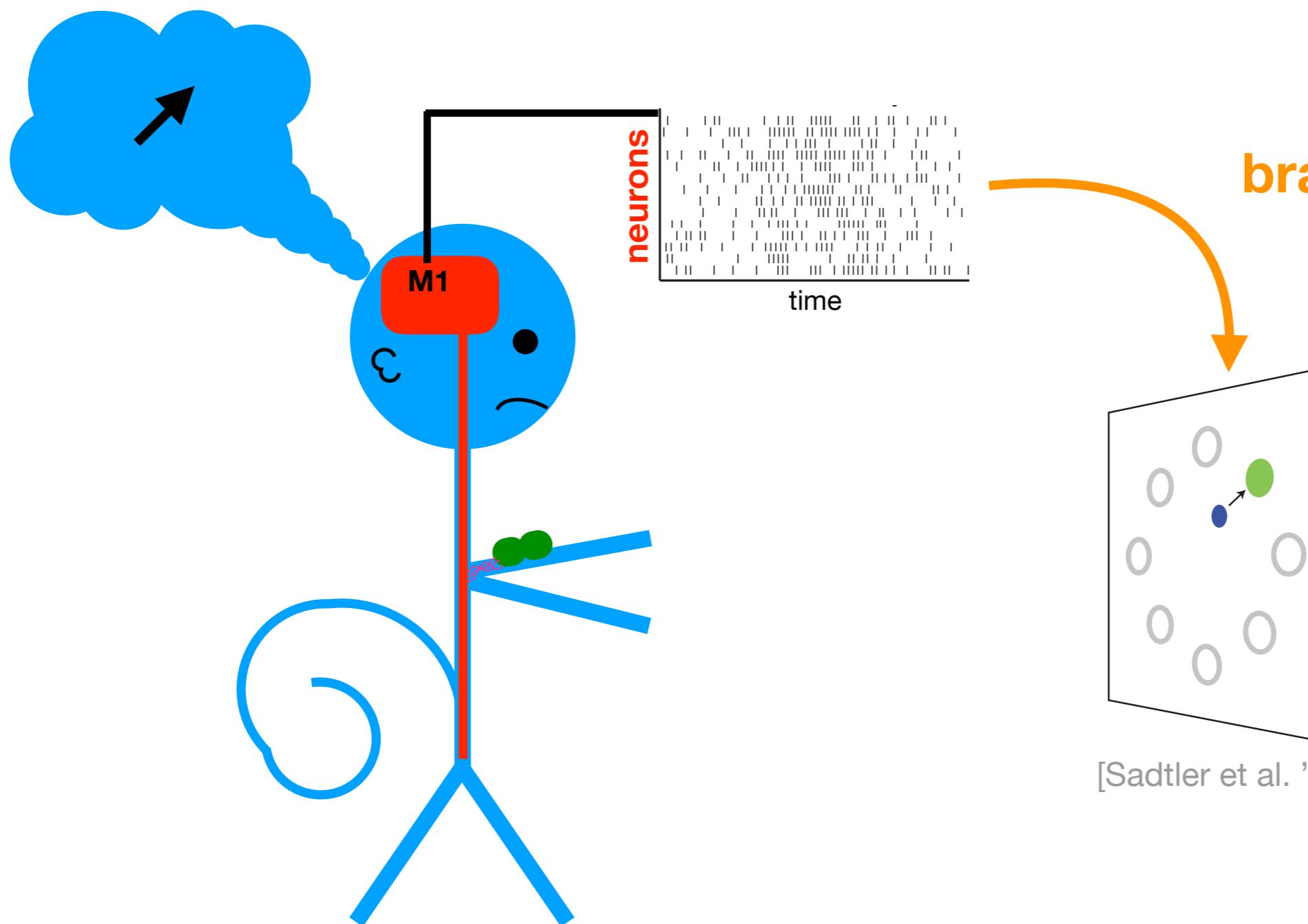
“re-aiming”



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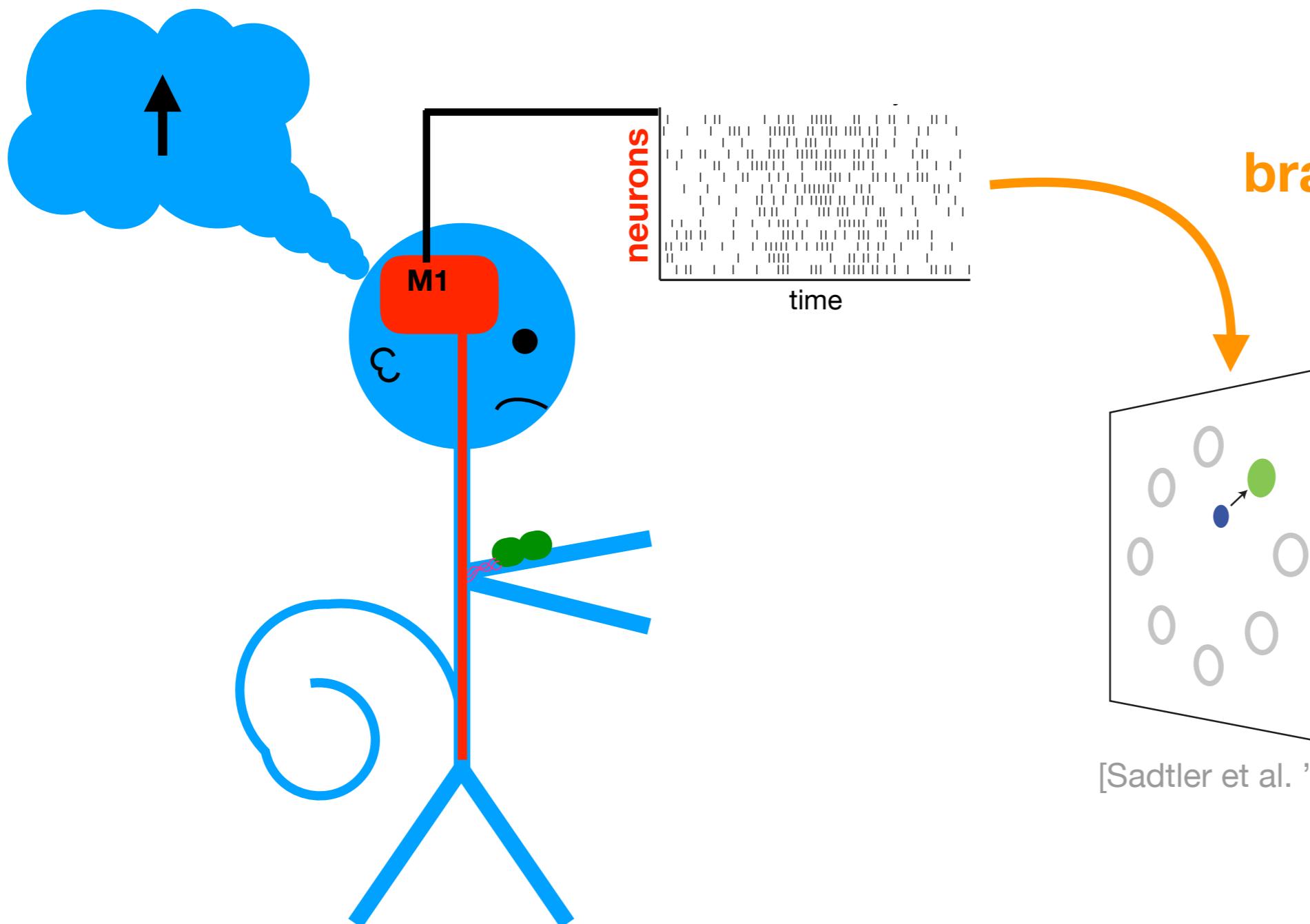
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brain-machine
interface
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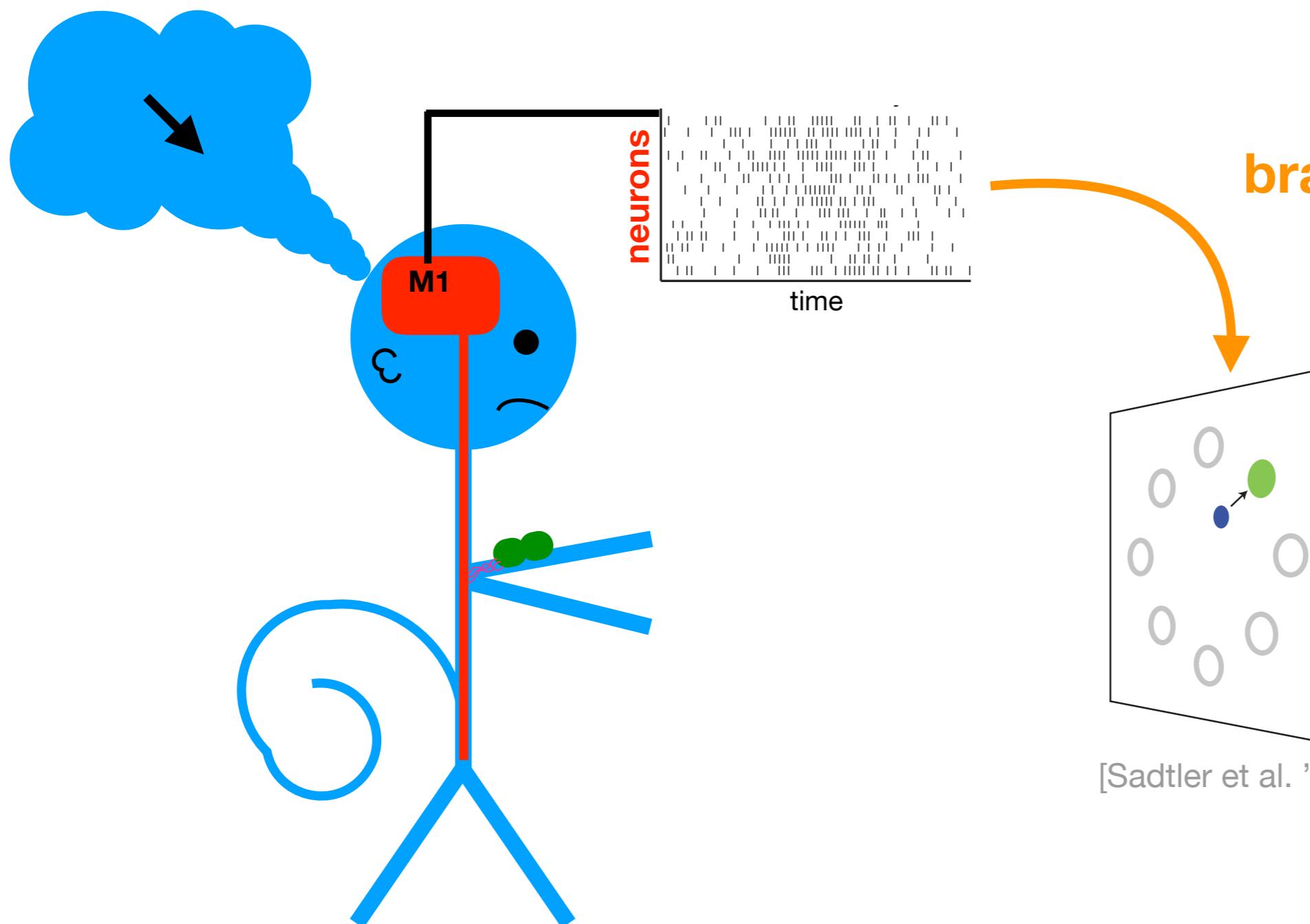
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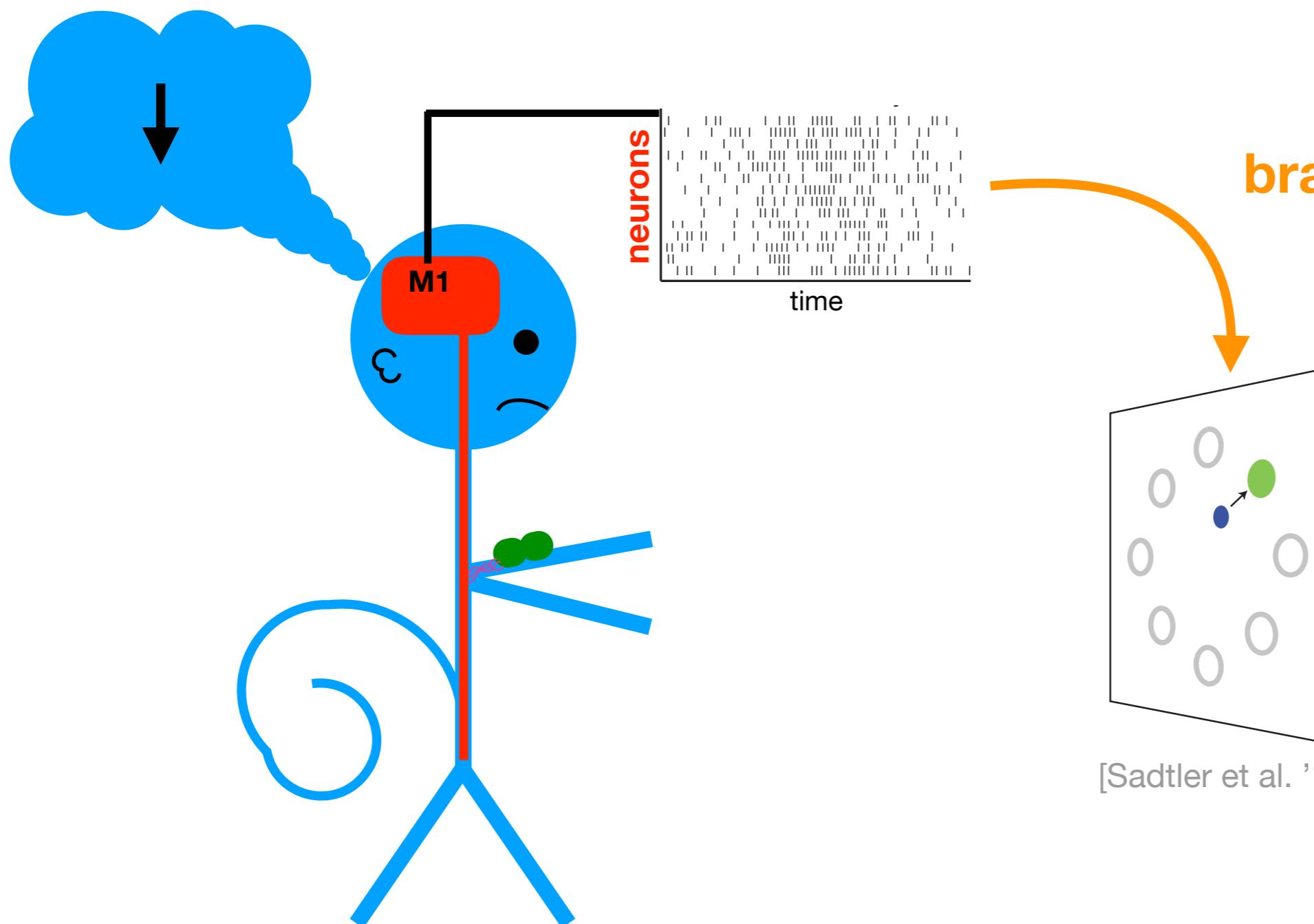
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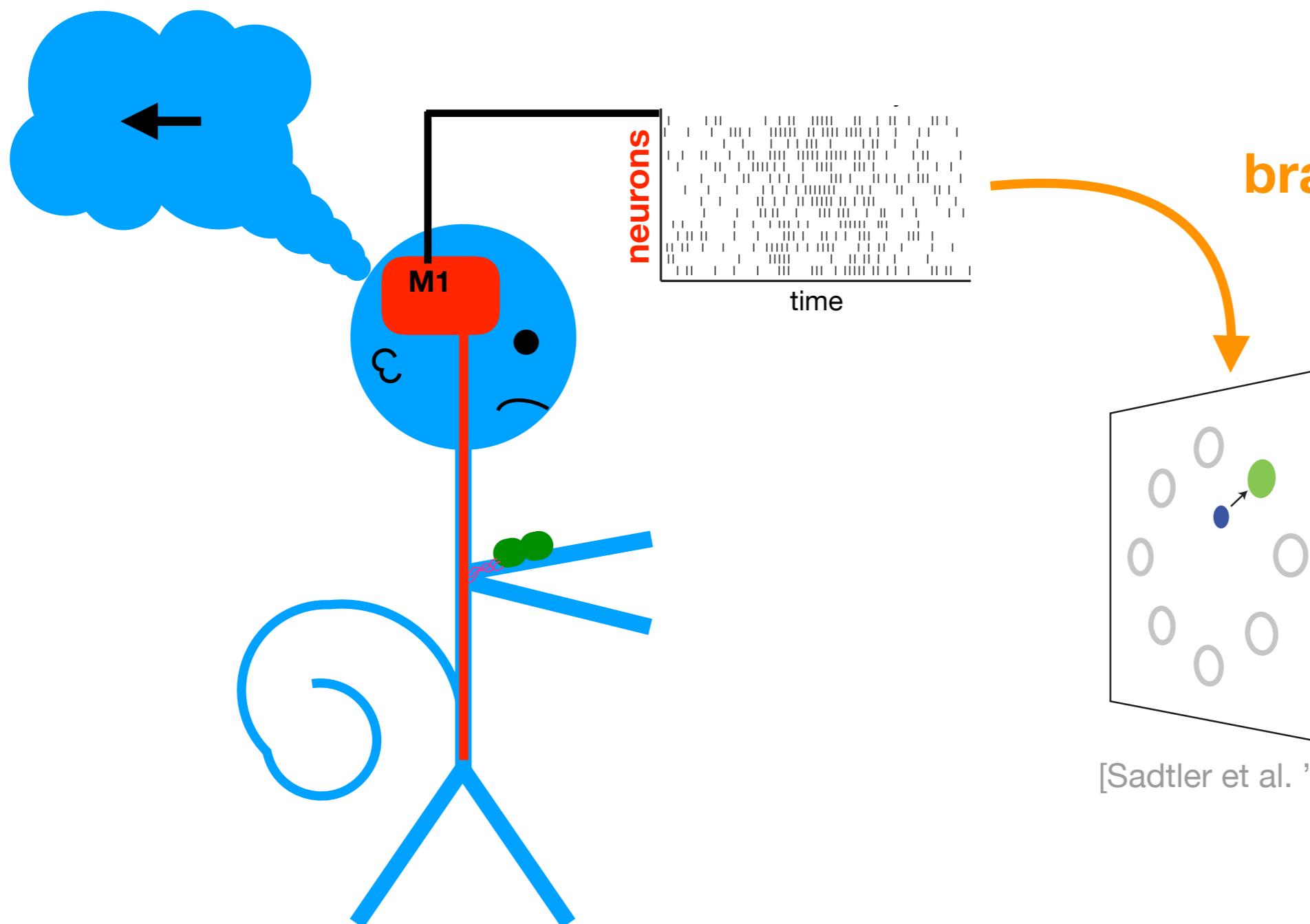
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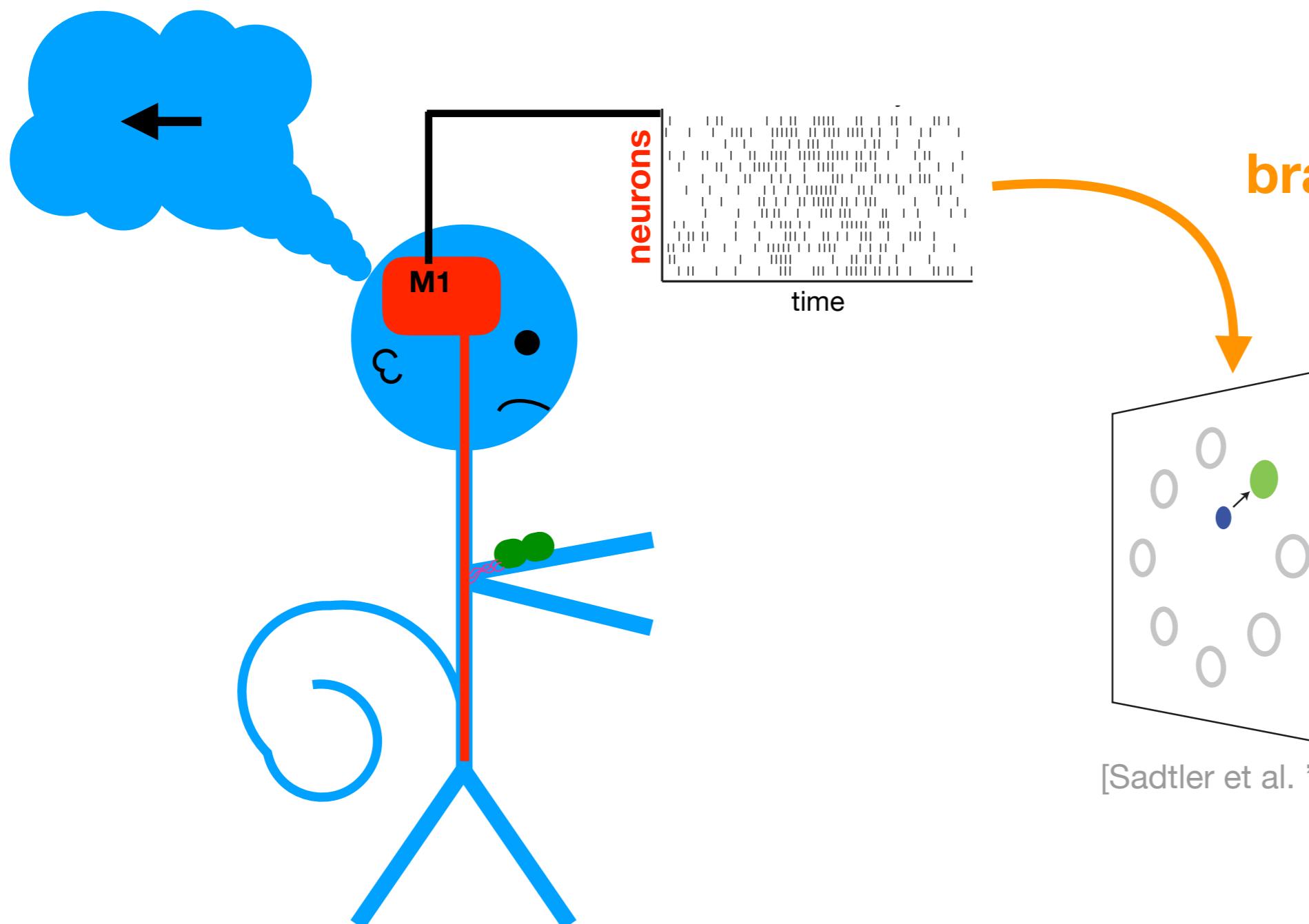
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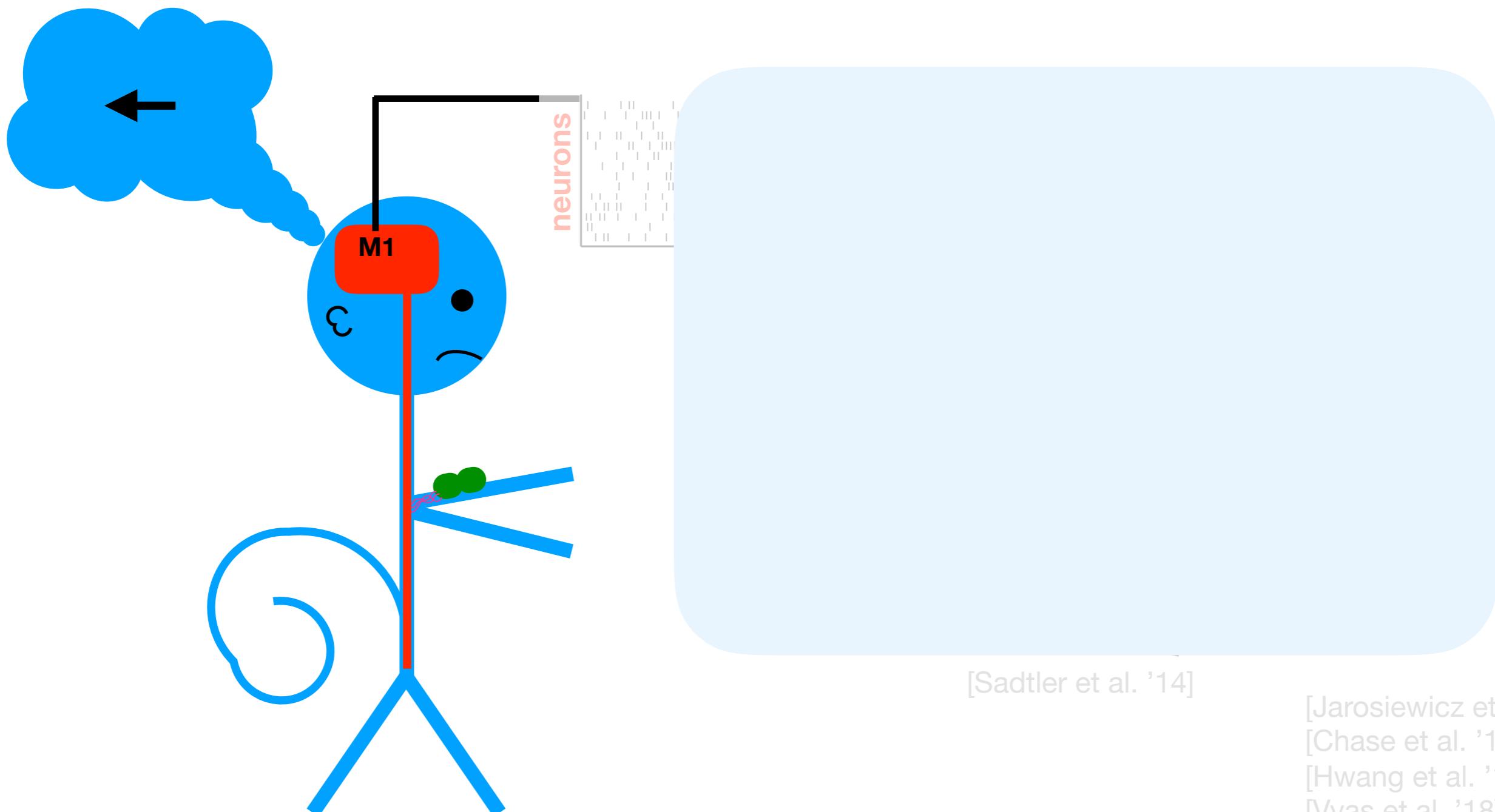
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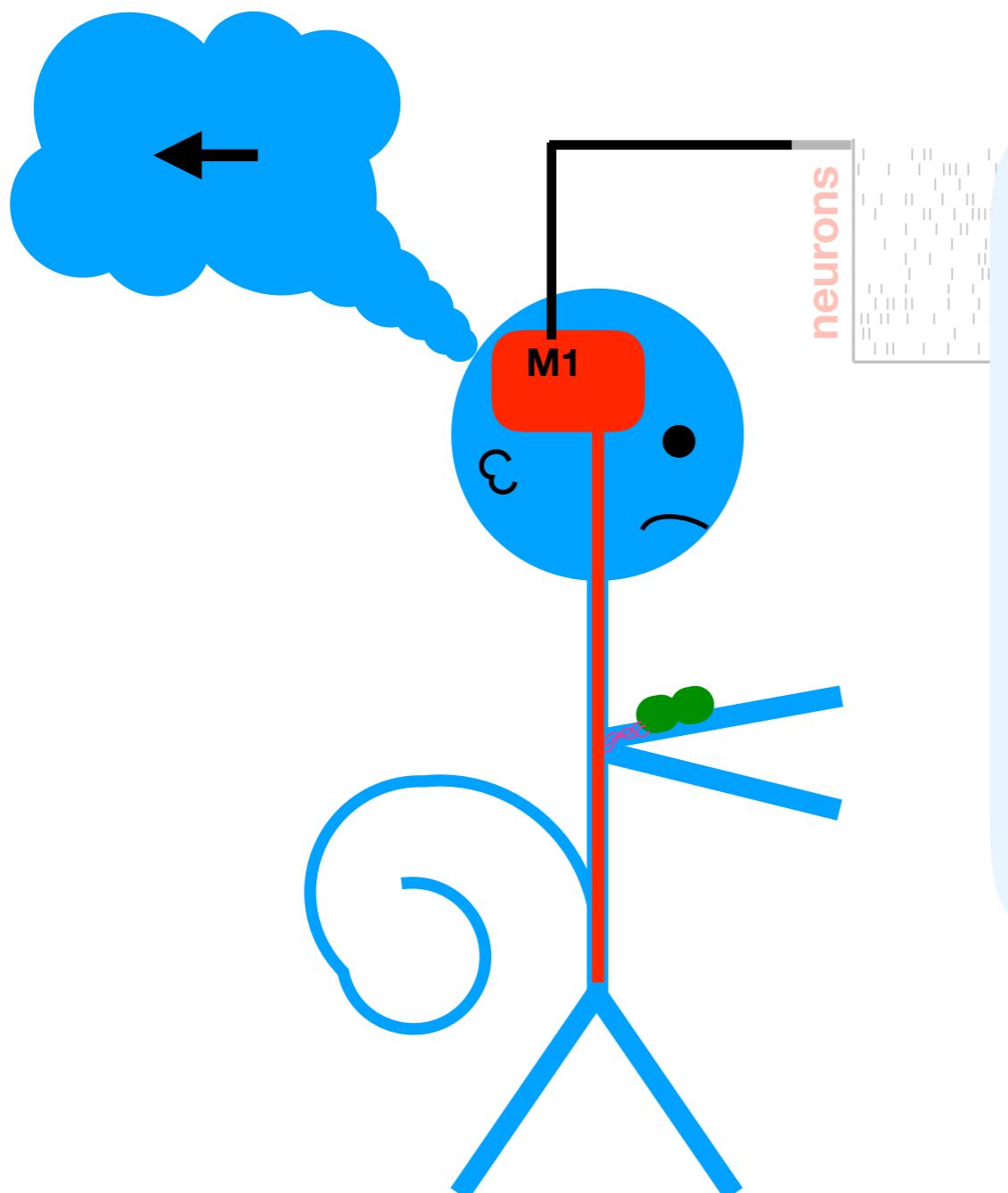
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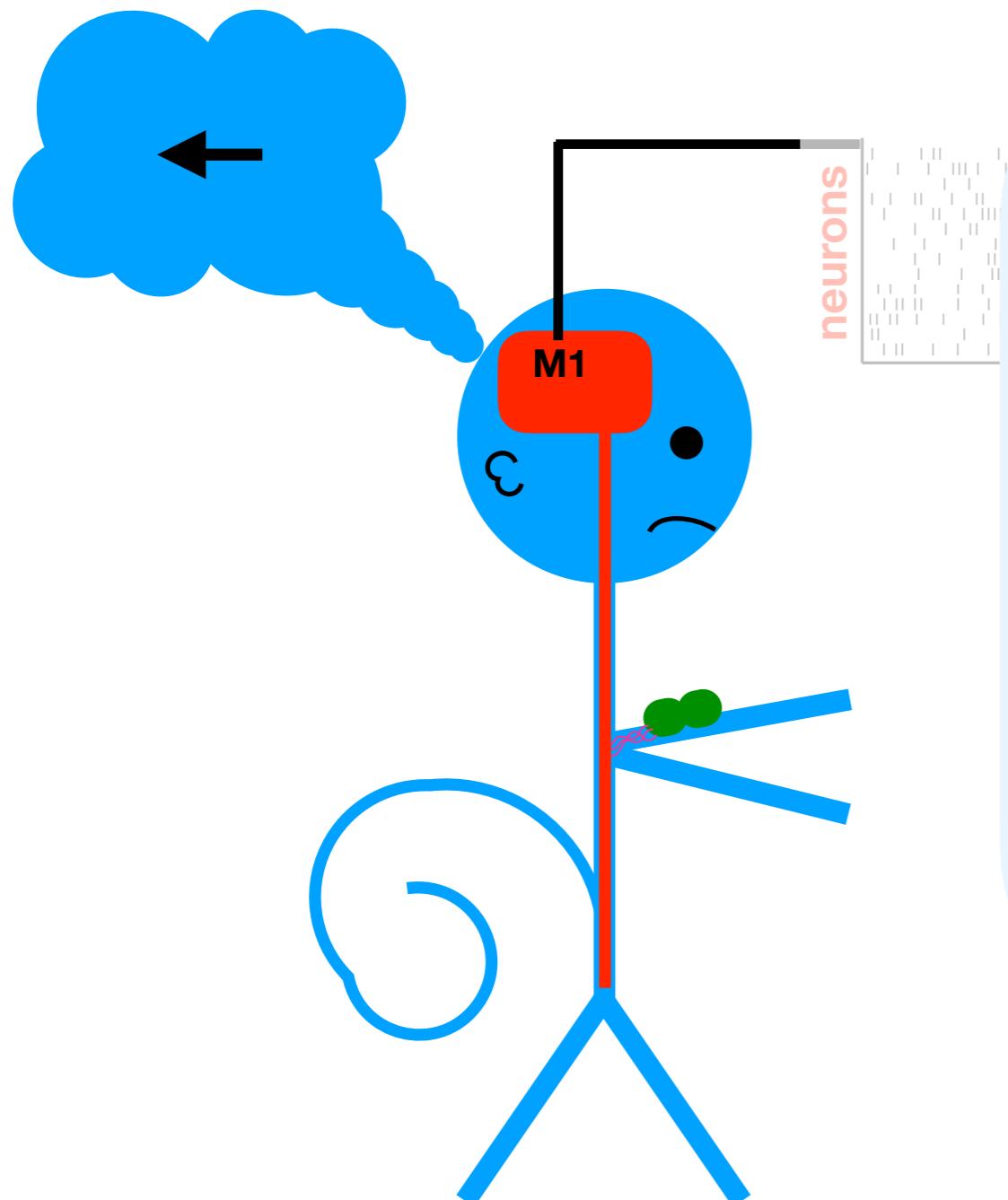
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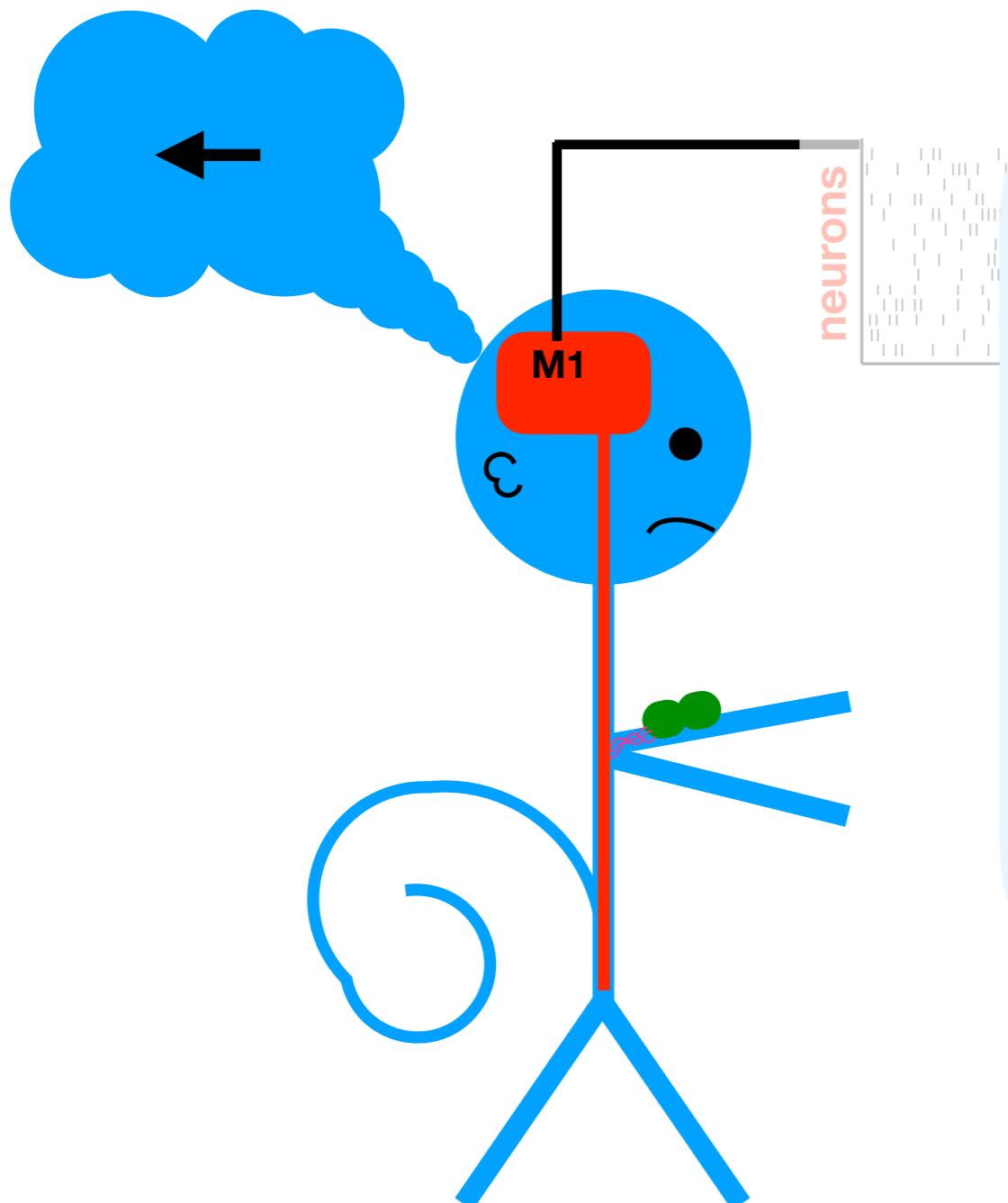
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- 1) neural model
- 2) predictions for population activity

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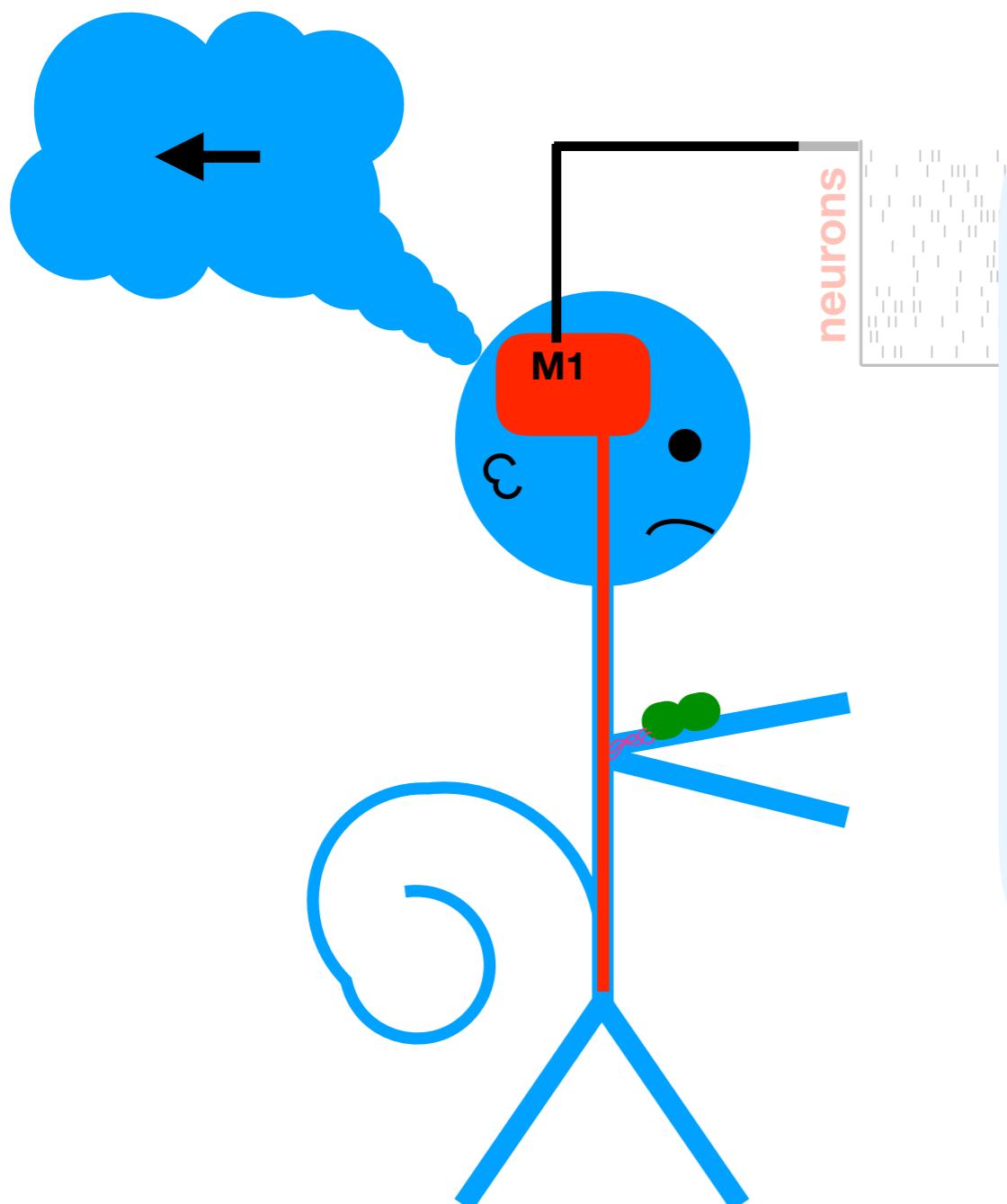
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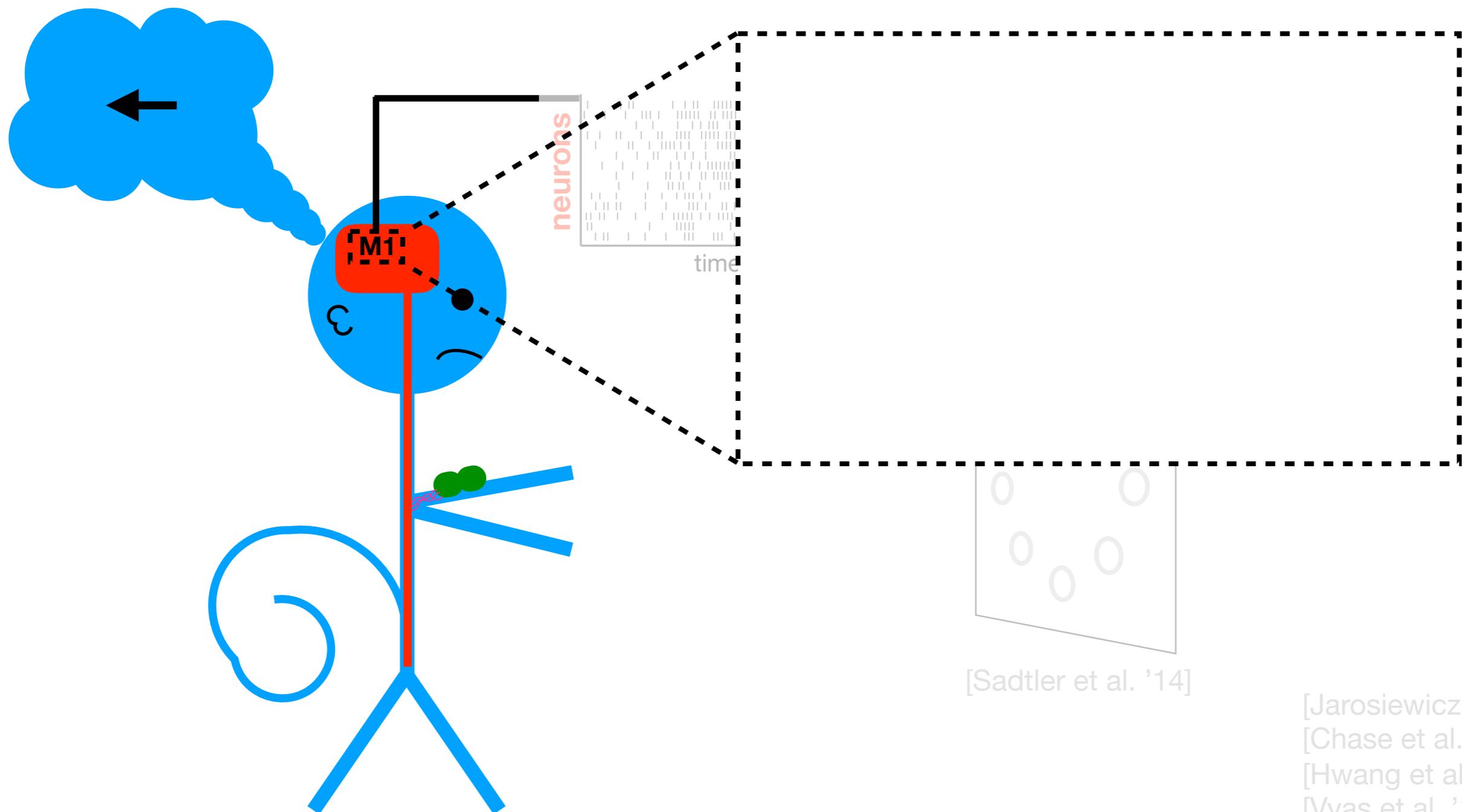
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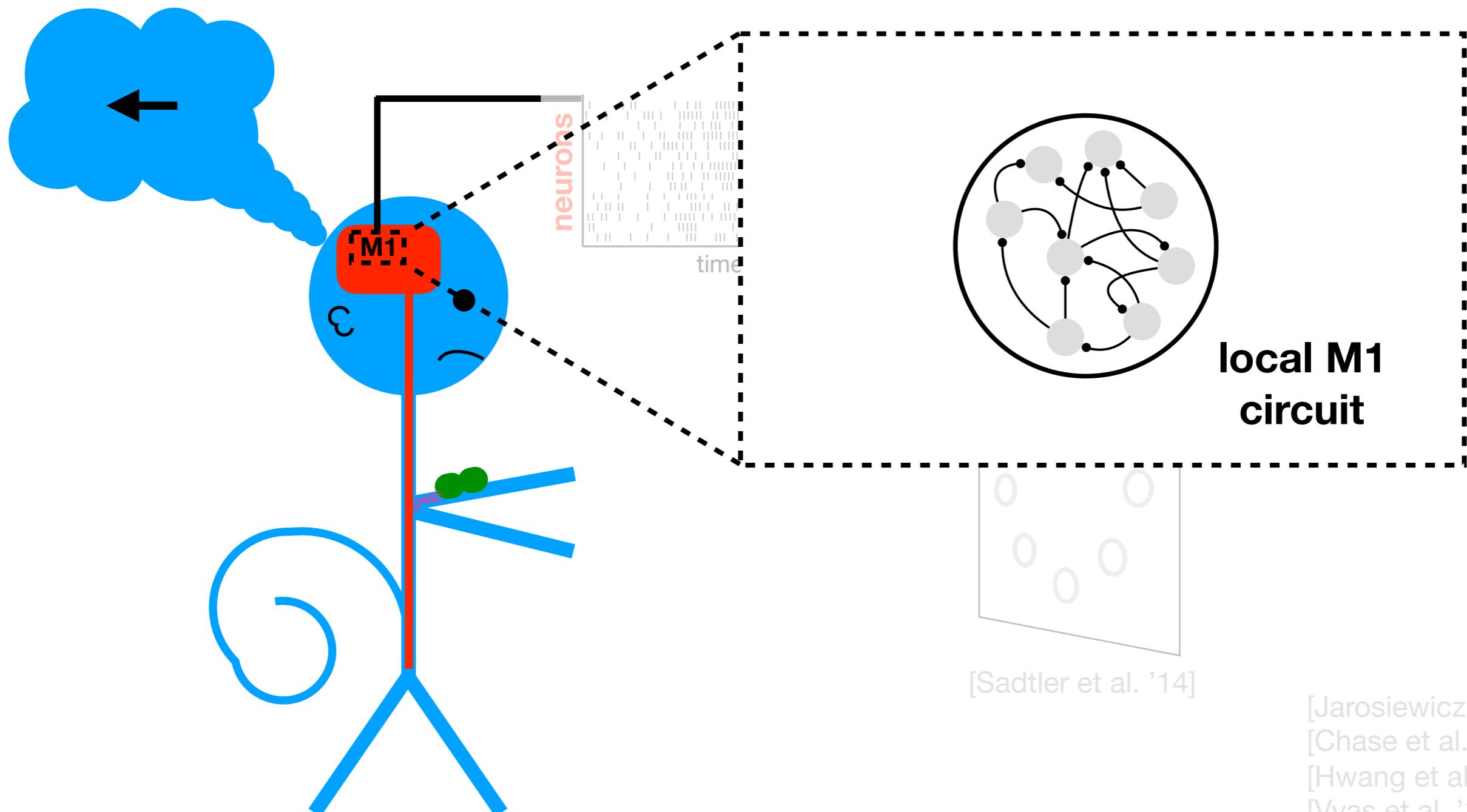
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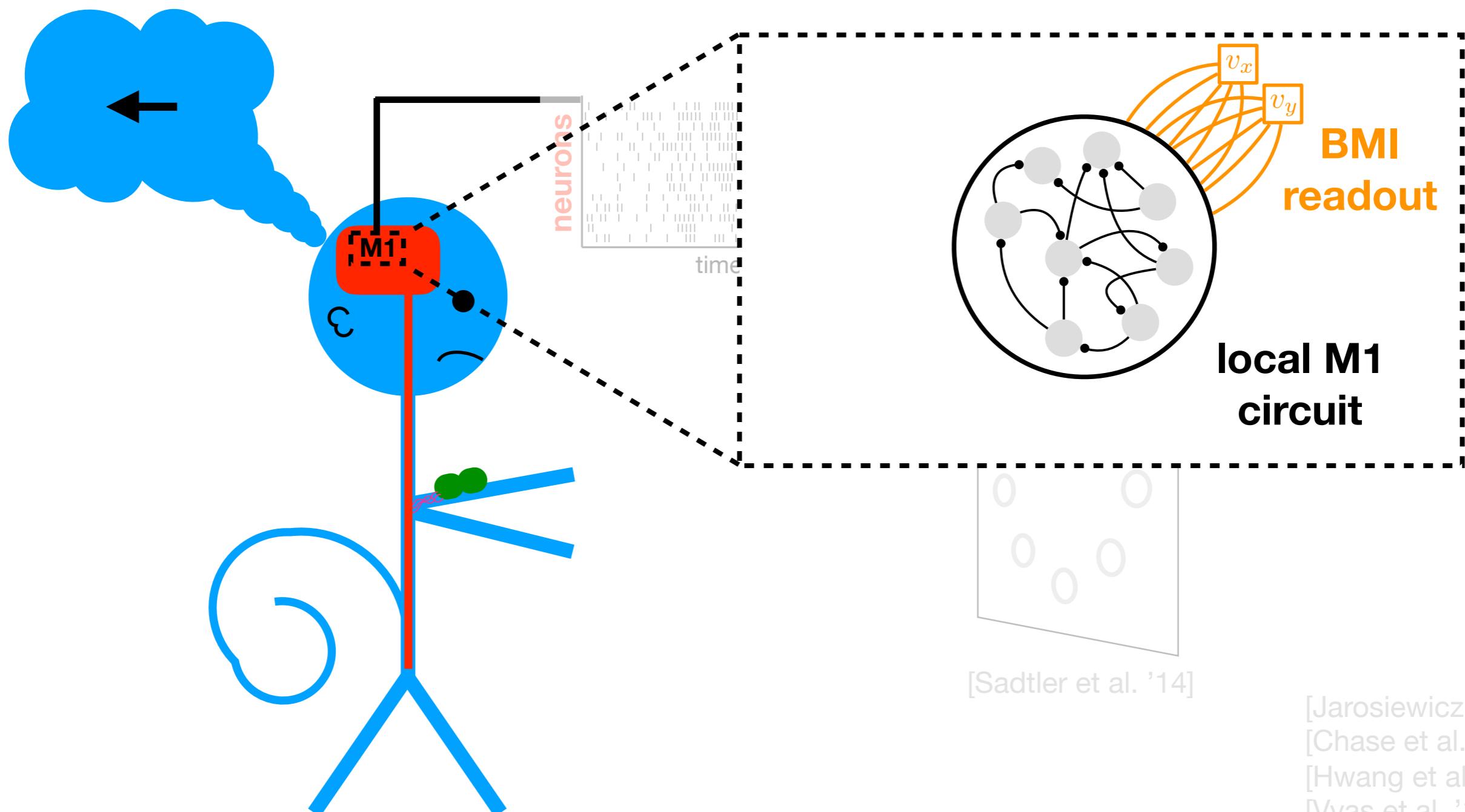
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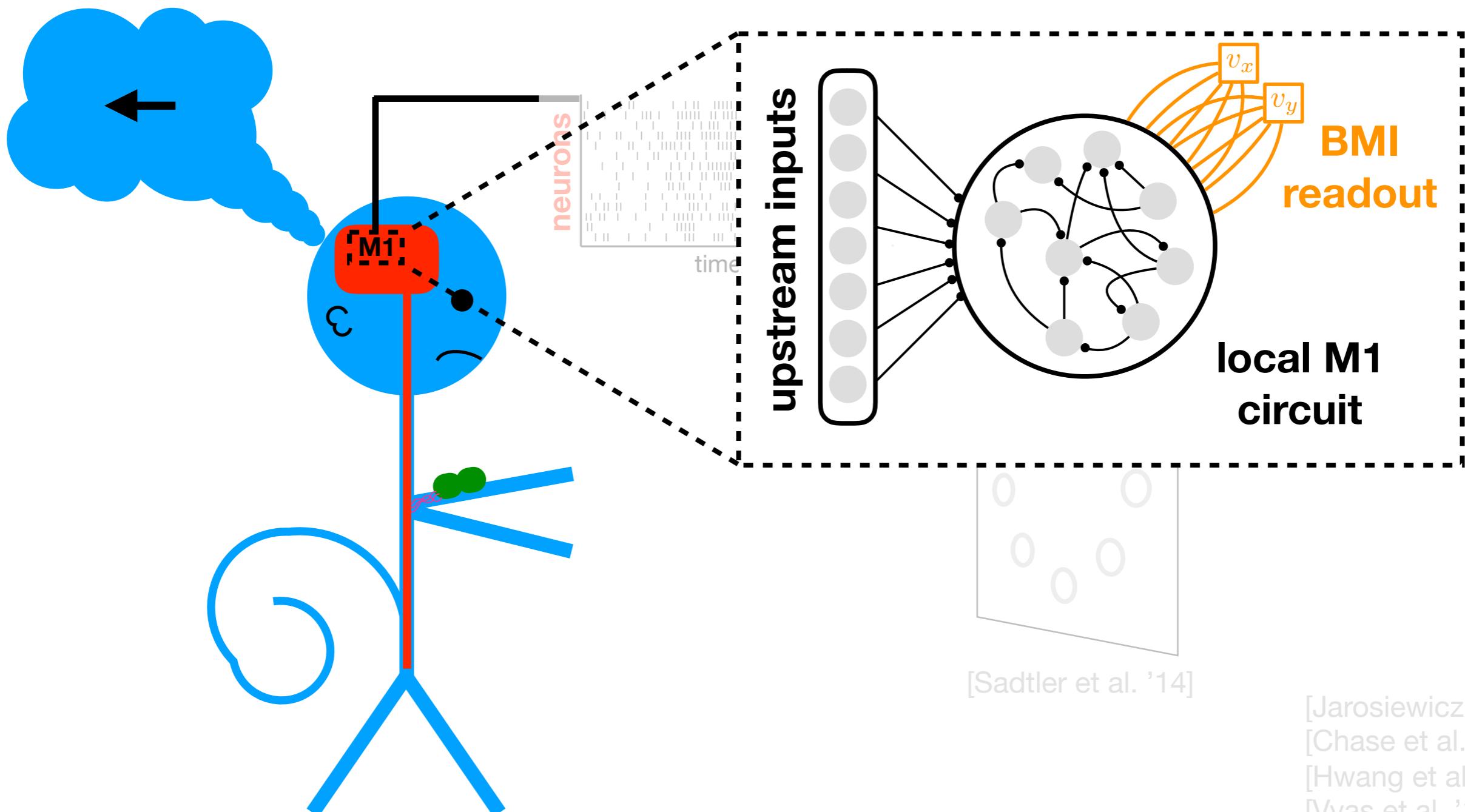
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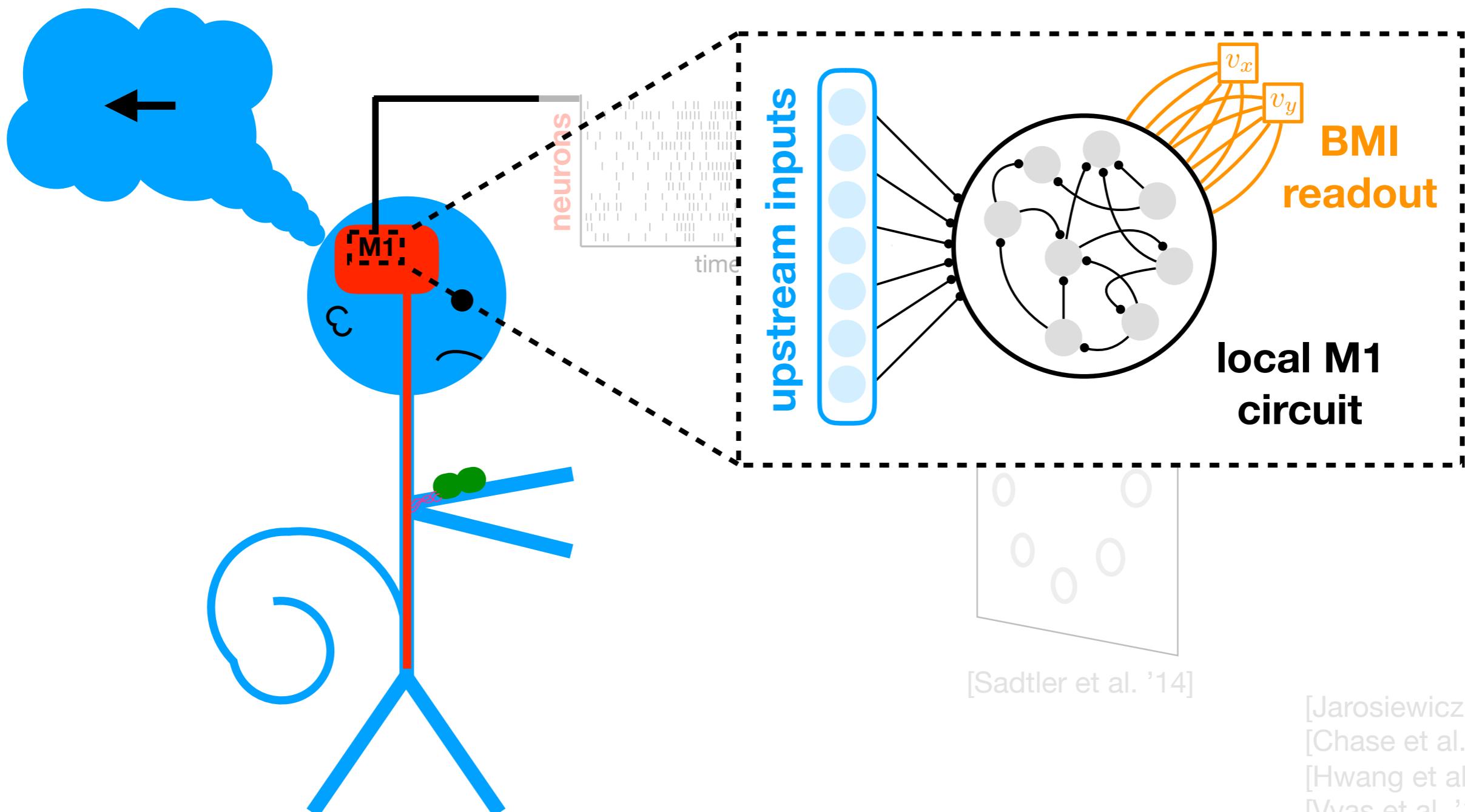
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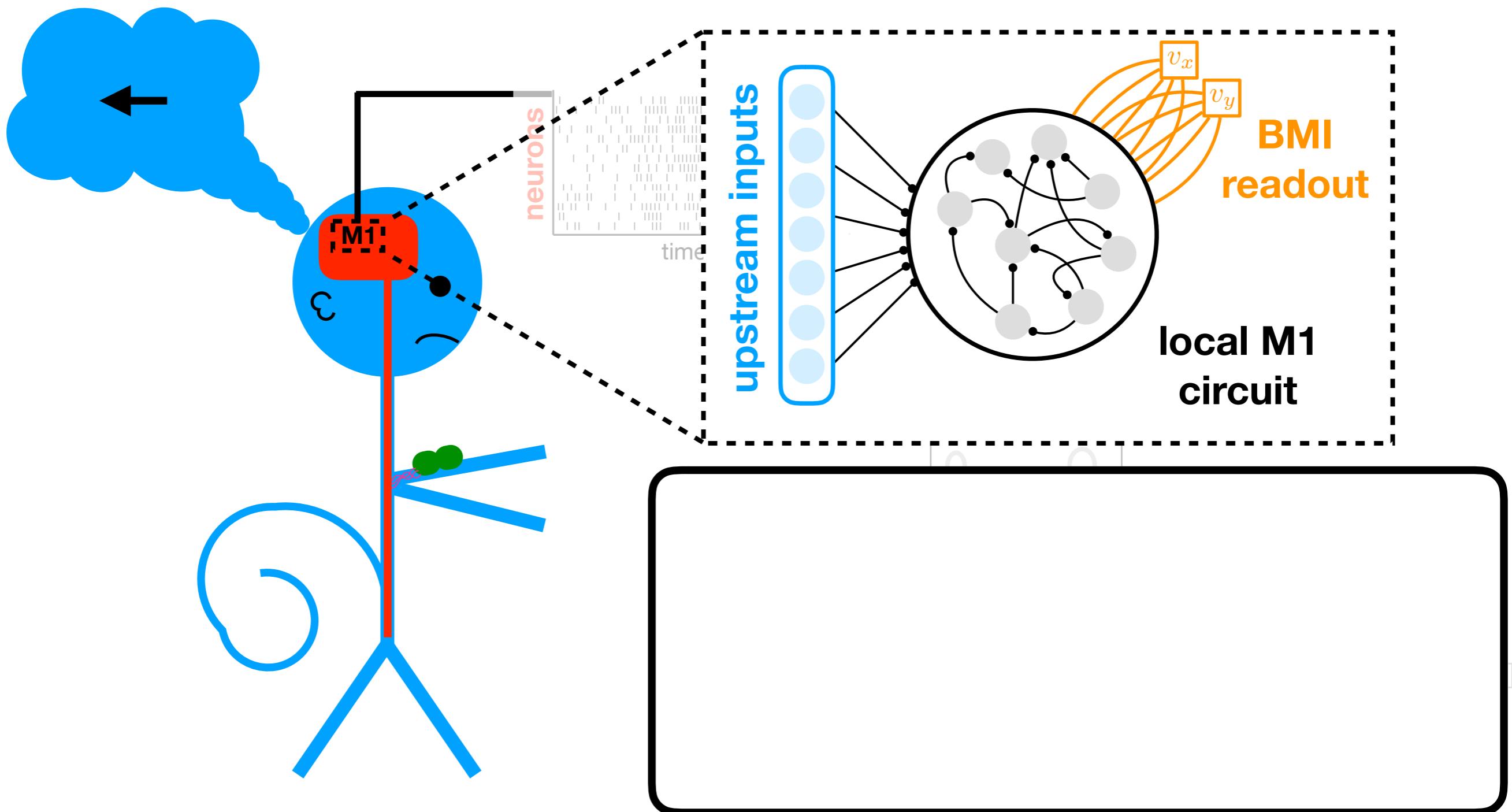
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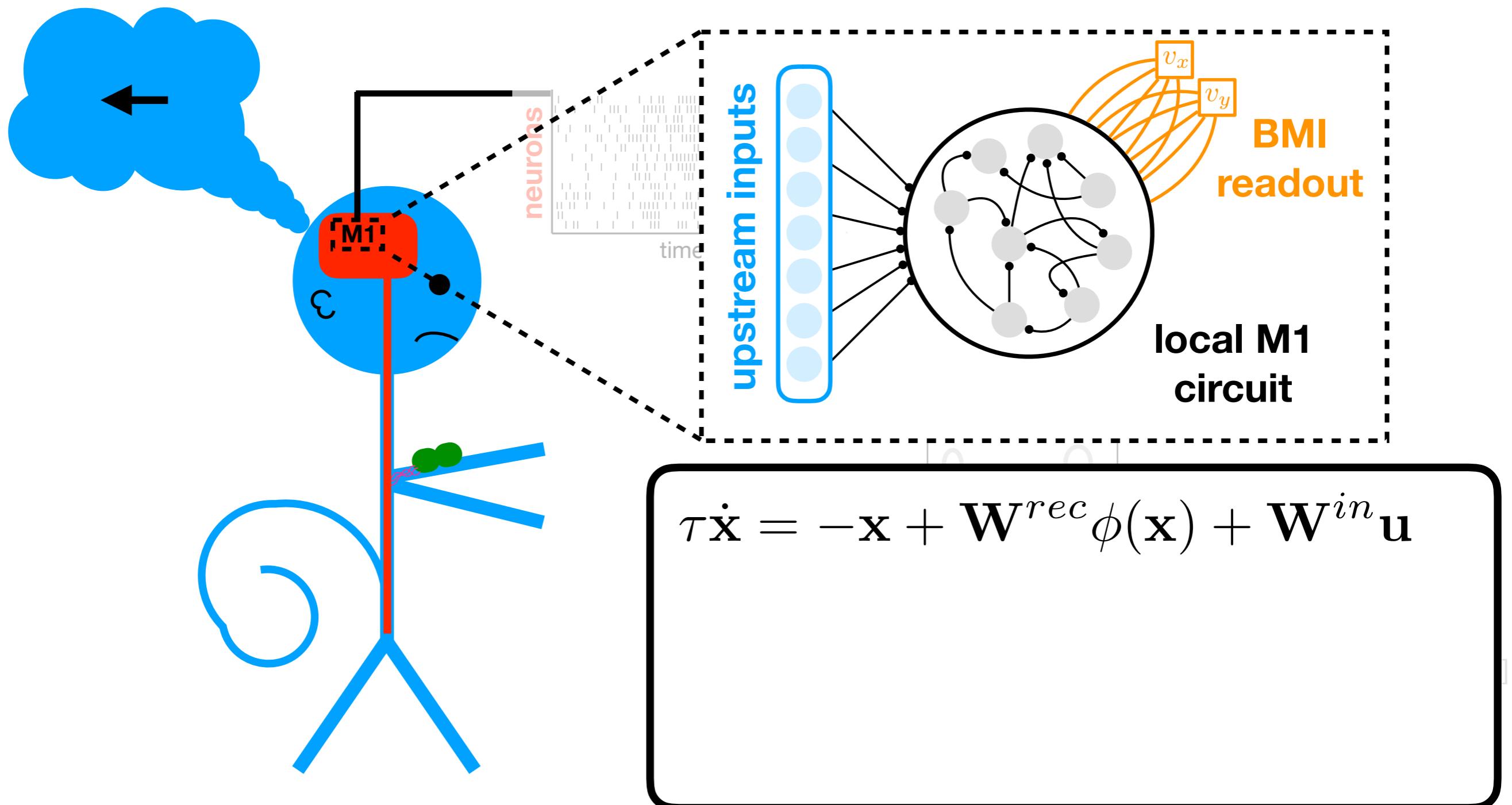
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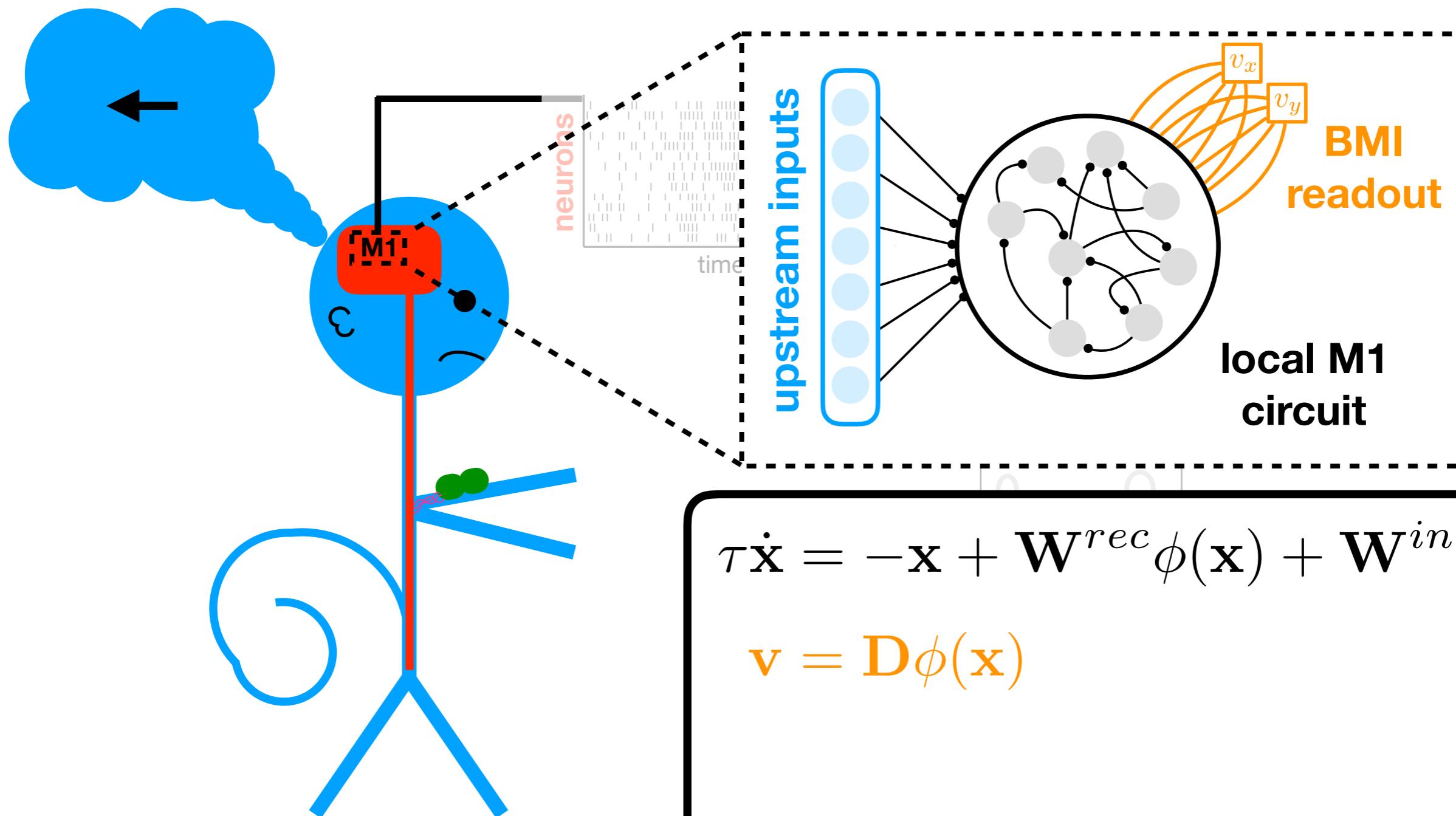
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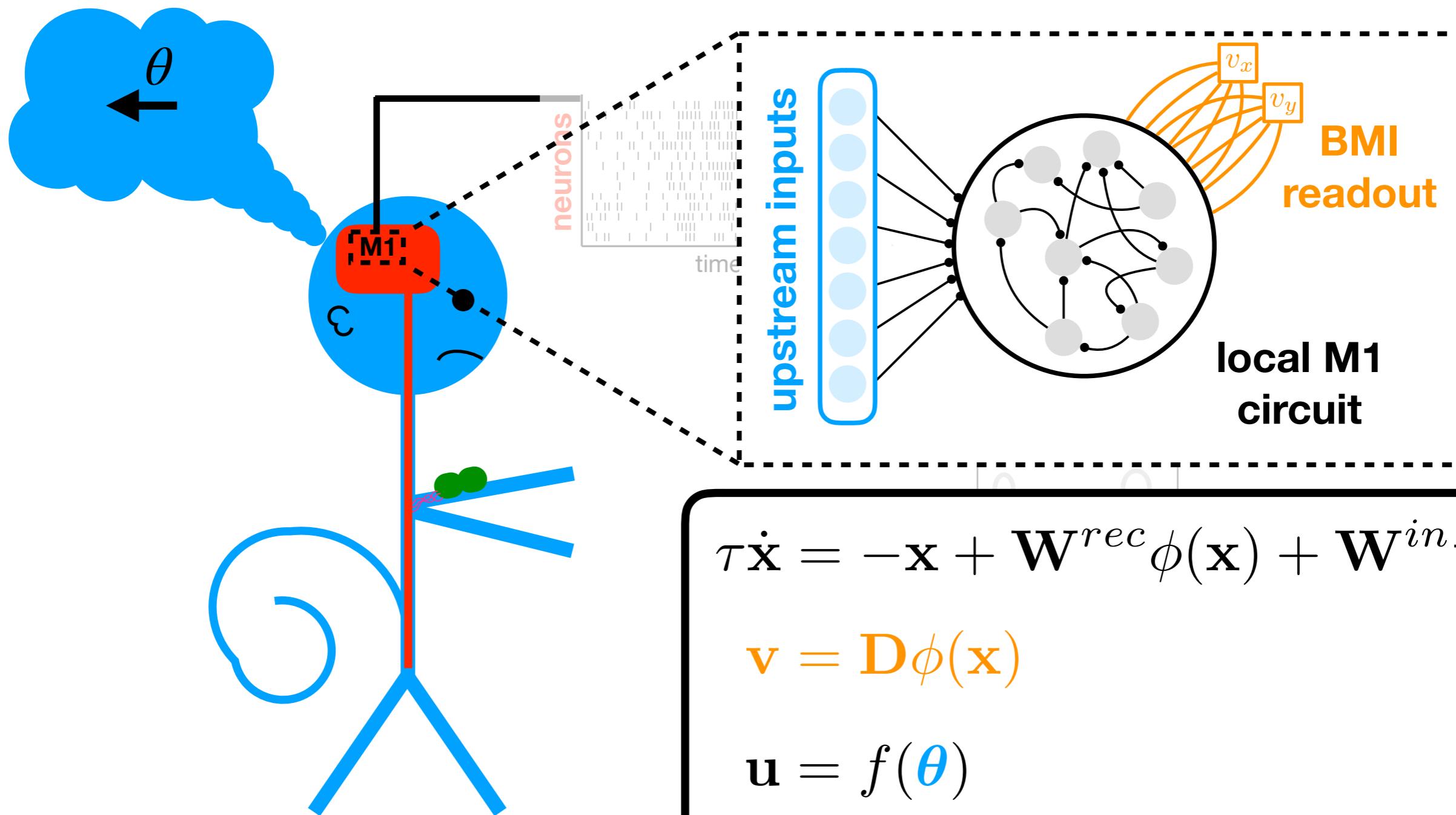


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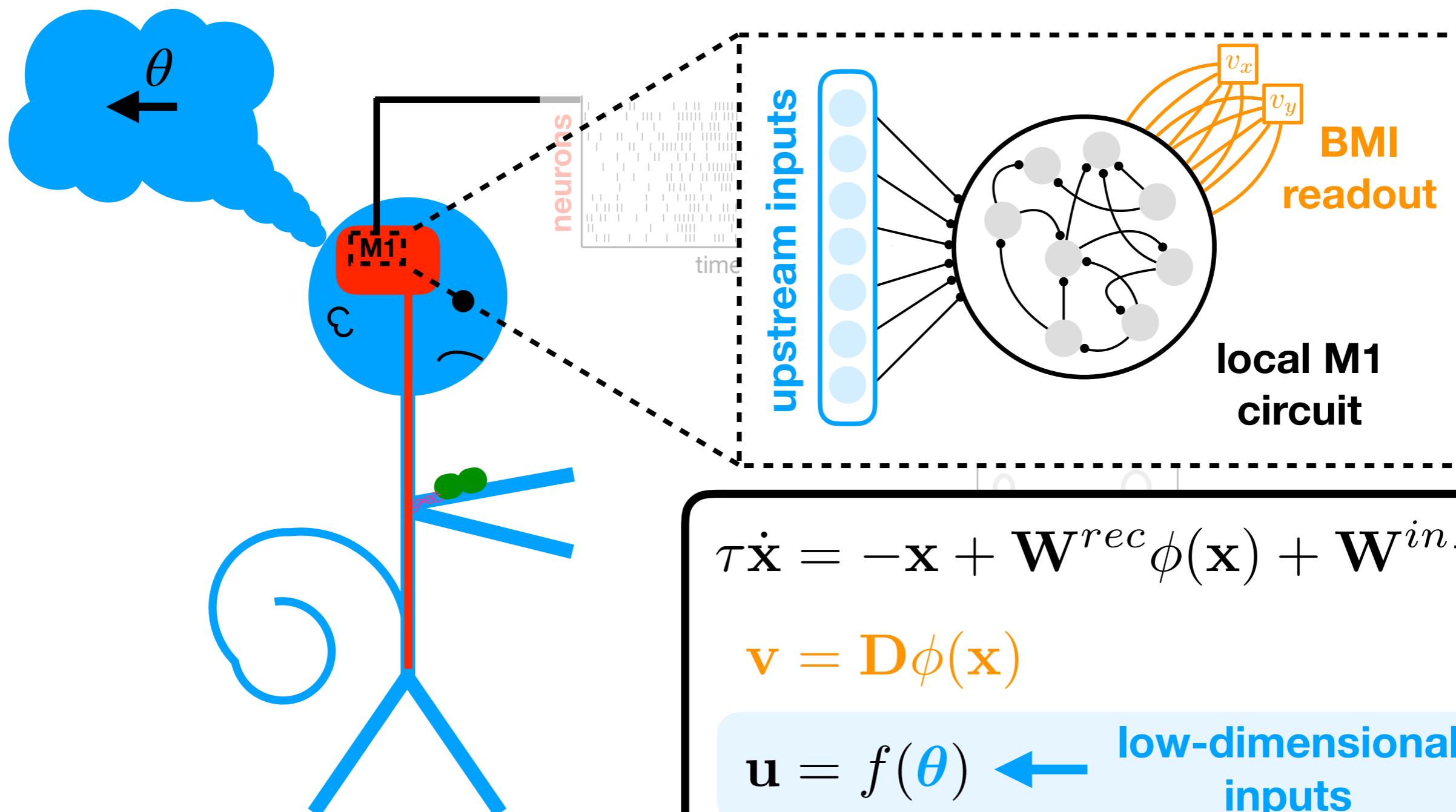


BMI learning

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BMI learning



“re-aiming”

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec} \phi(\mathbf{x}) + \mathbf{W}^{in} \mathbf{u}$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{D}\phi(\mathbf{x})$$

$$\mathbf{u} = f(\boldsymbol{\theta}) \quad \leftarrow$$

low-dimensional
inputs

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Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{M}^\theta$

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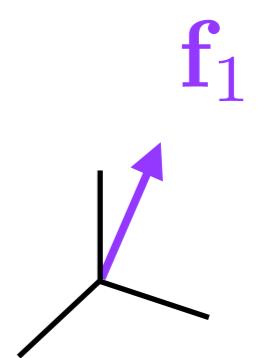
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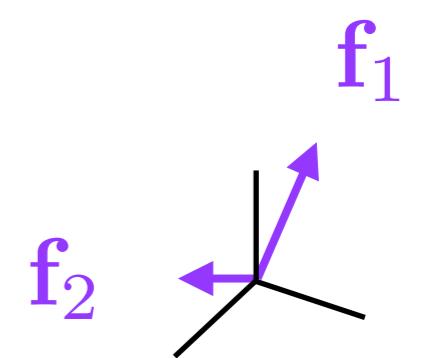
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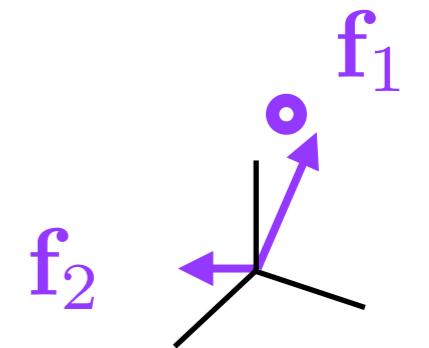
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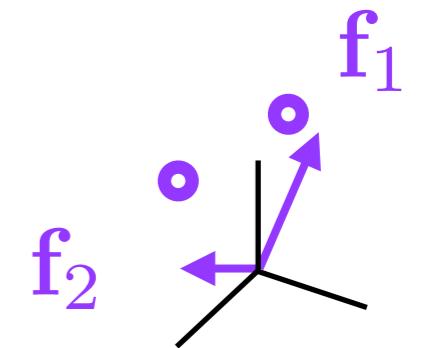
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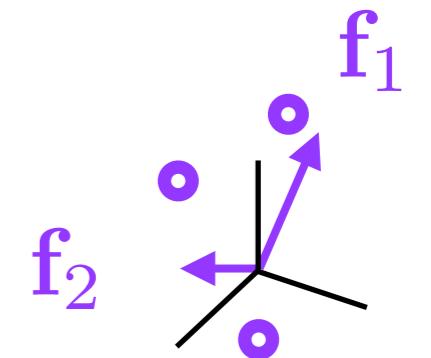
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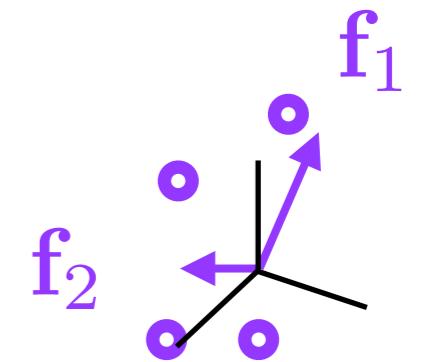
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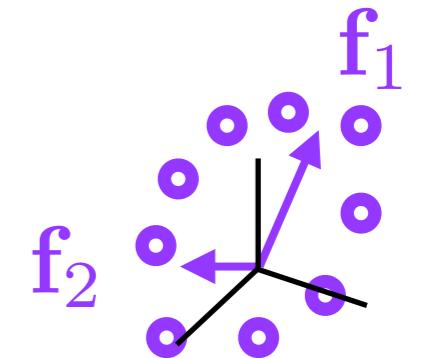
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[θ constant]



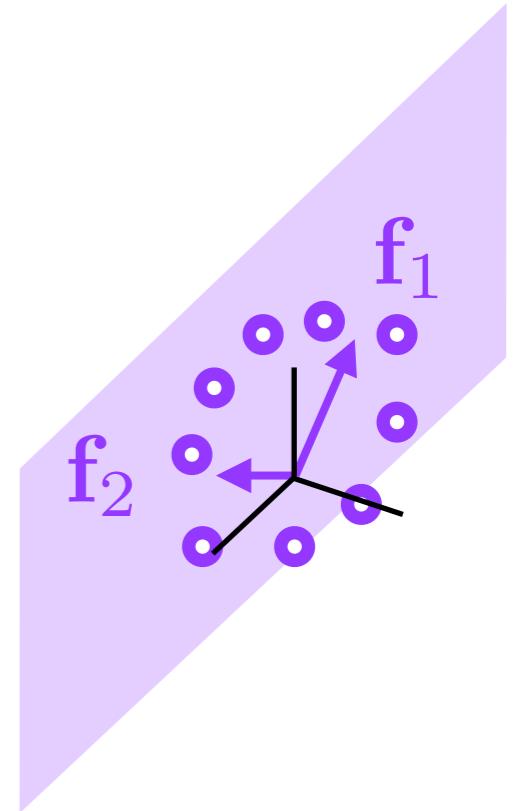
“re-aiming”

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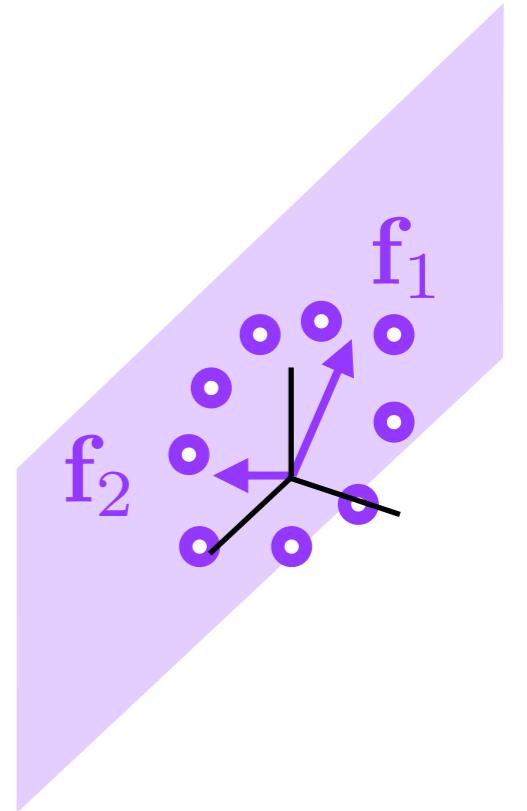
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(1) low-dimensional activity



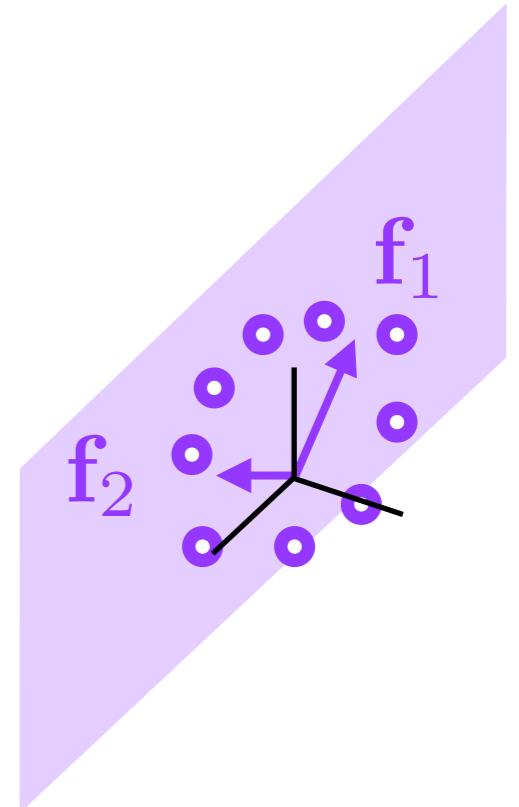
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[Sadler et al. '14]
[Gao & Ganguli '17]
[Golub et al. '18]
[Hennig et al. '18]

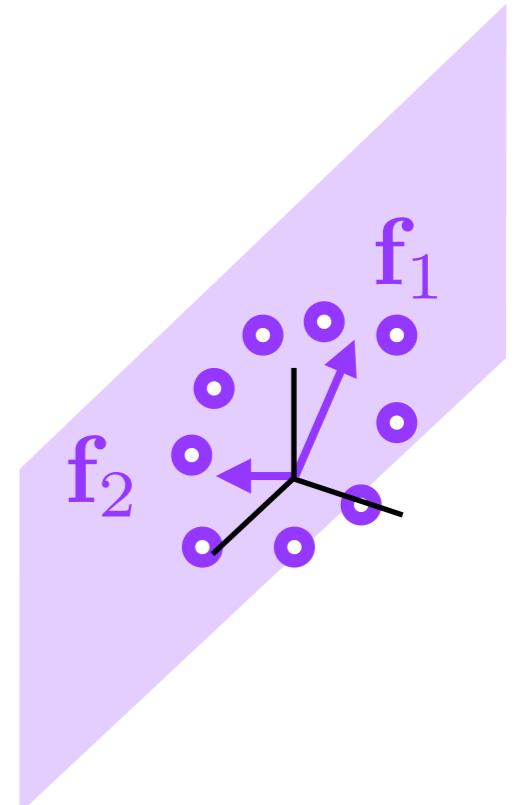
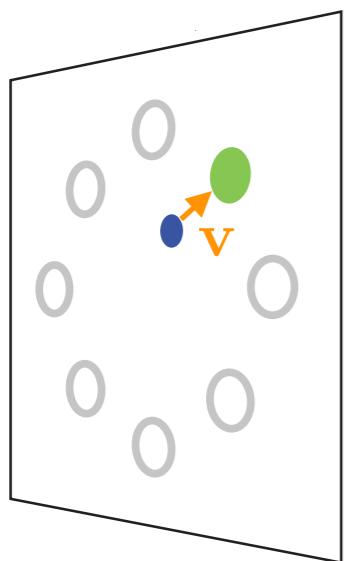
(1) low-dimensional activity } “re-aiming”

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(1) low-dimensional activity



“re-aiming”

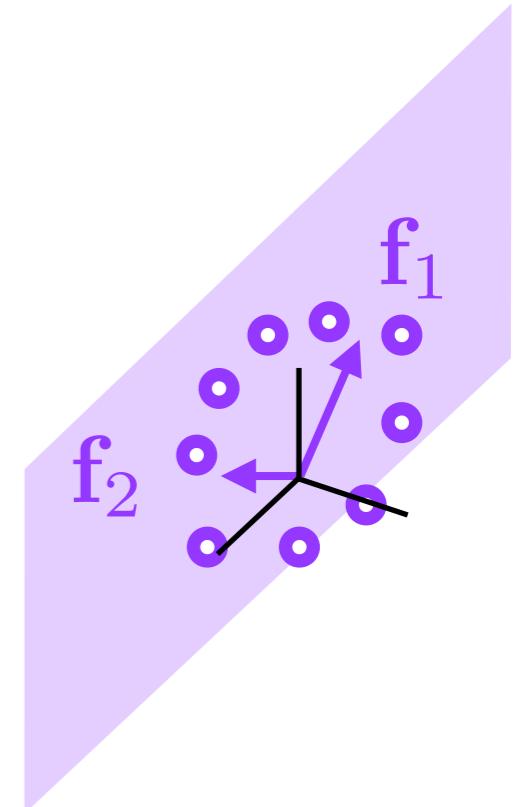
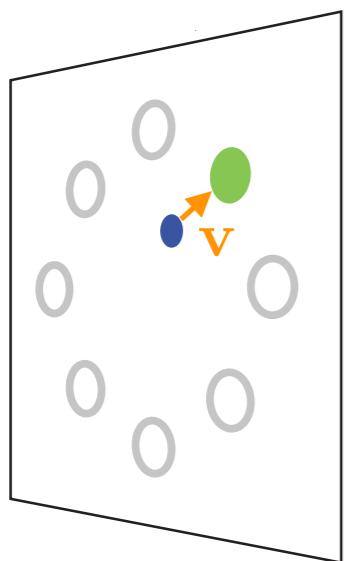
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(1) low-dimensional activity



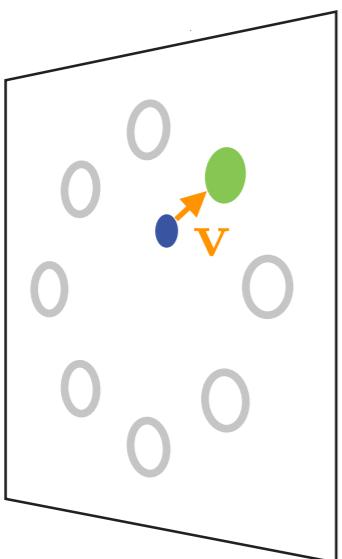
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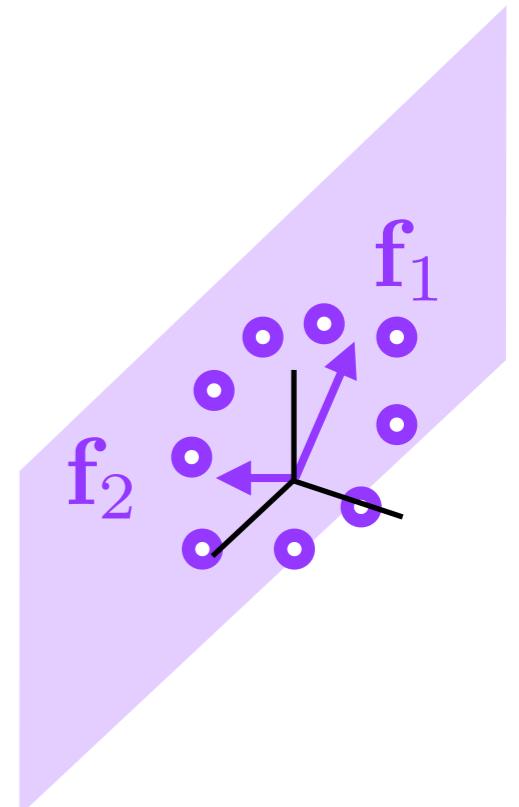
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(1) low-dimensional activity



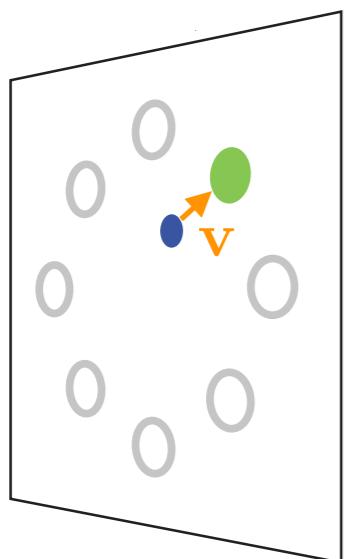
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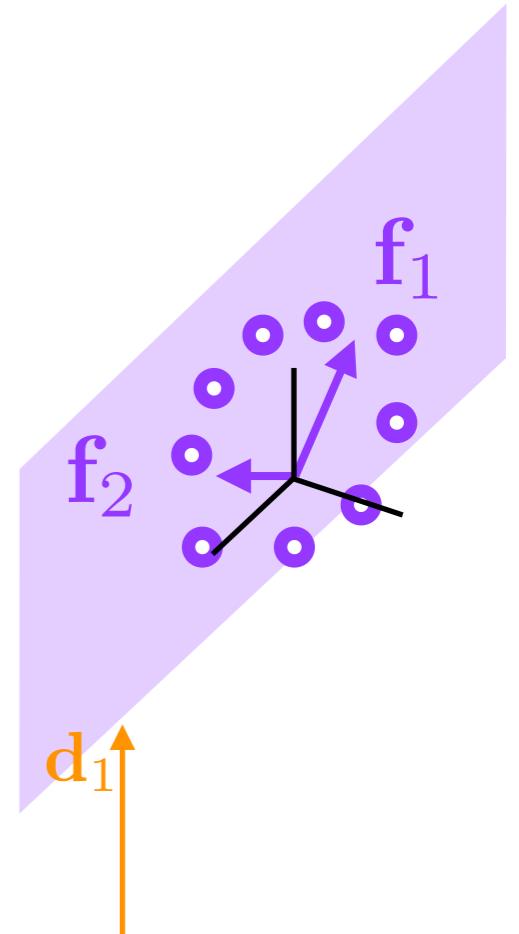
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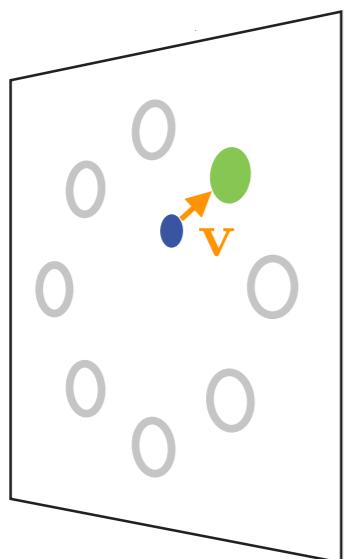
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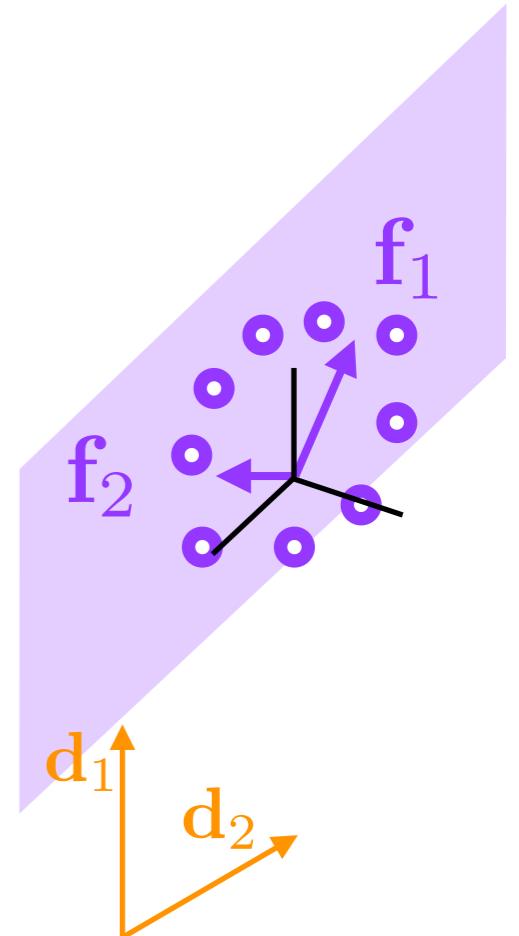
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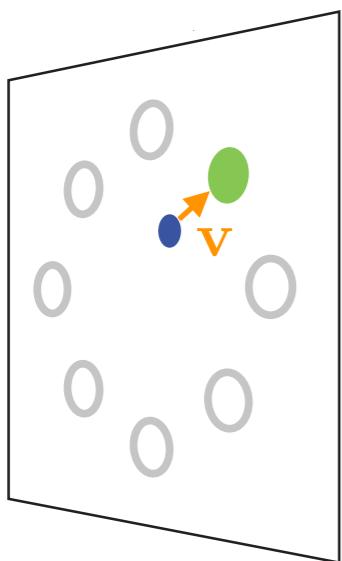
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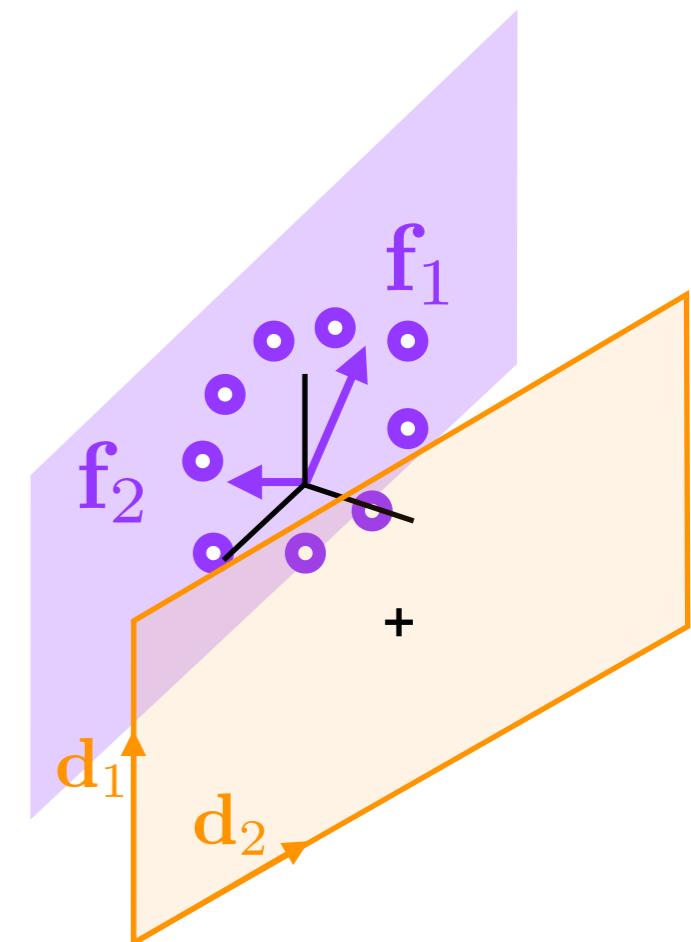
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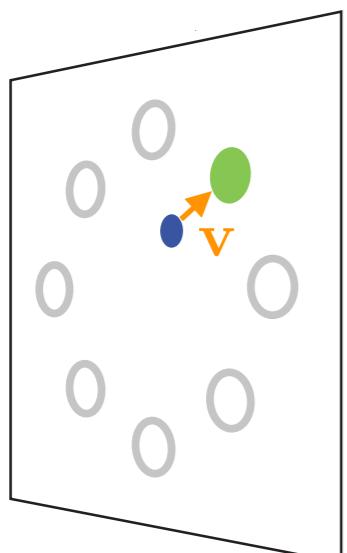
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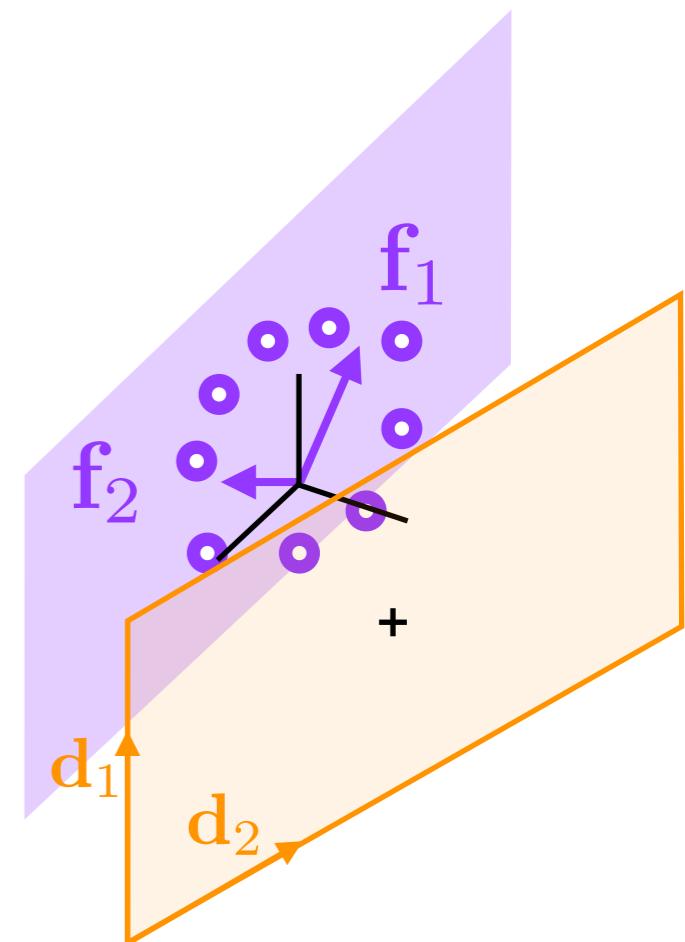
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(1) low-dimensional activity



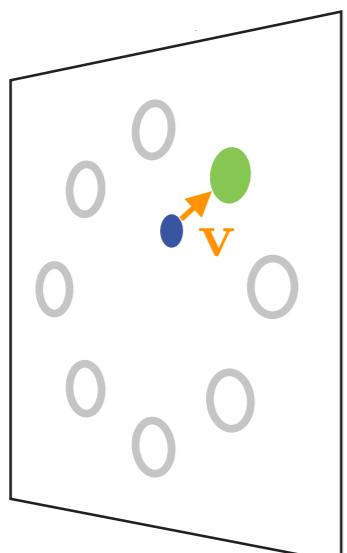
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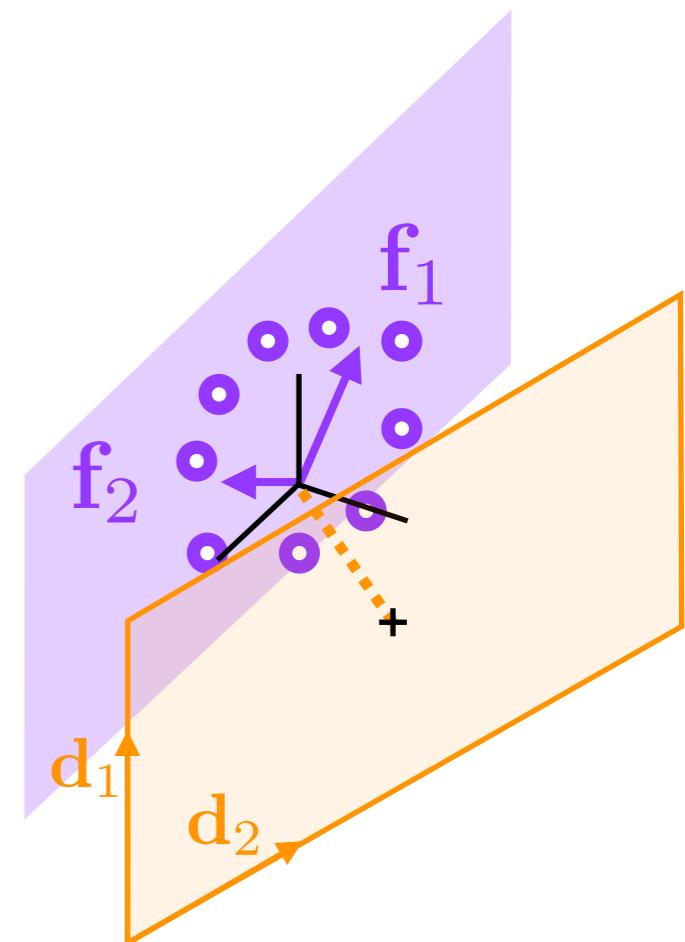
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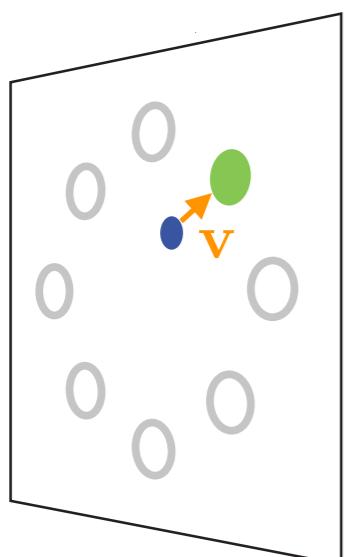
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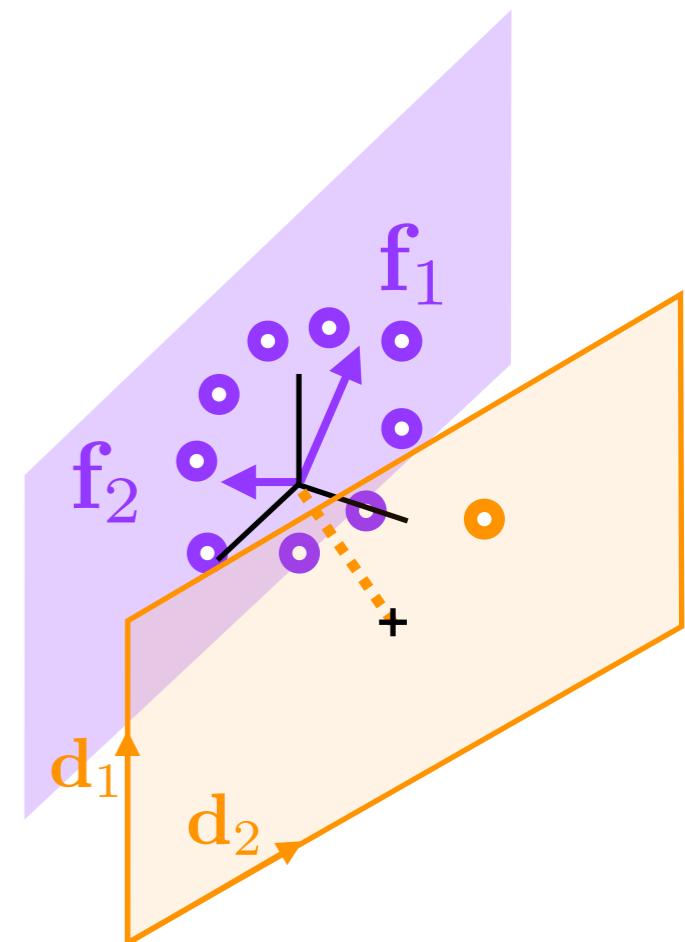
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(1) low-dimensional activity



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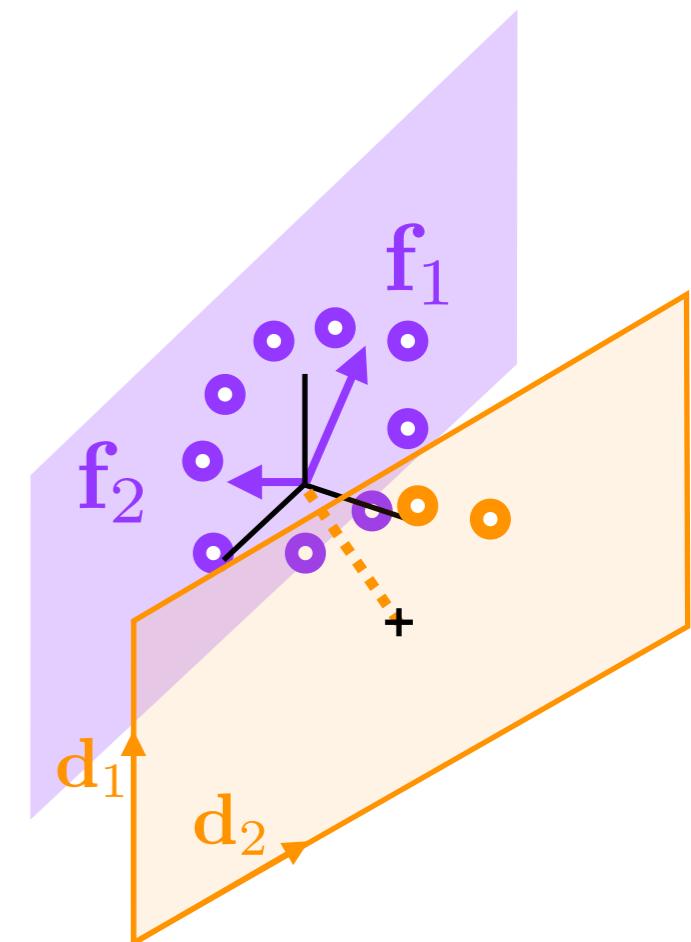
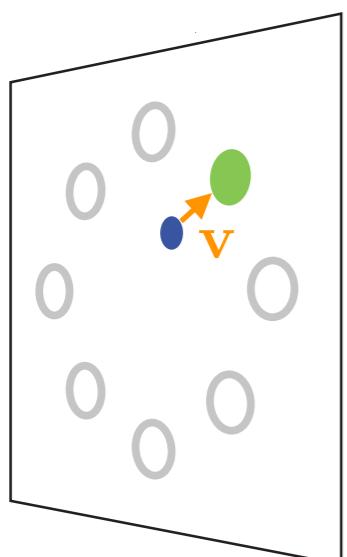
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(1) low-dimensional activity



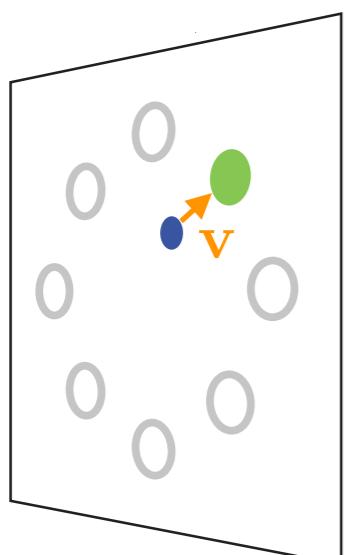
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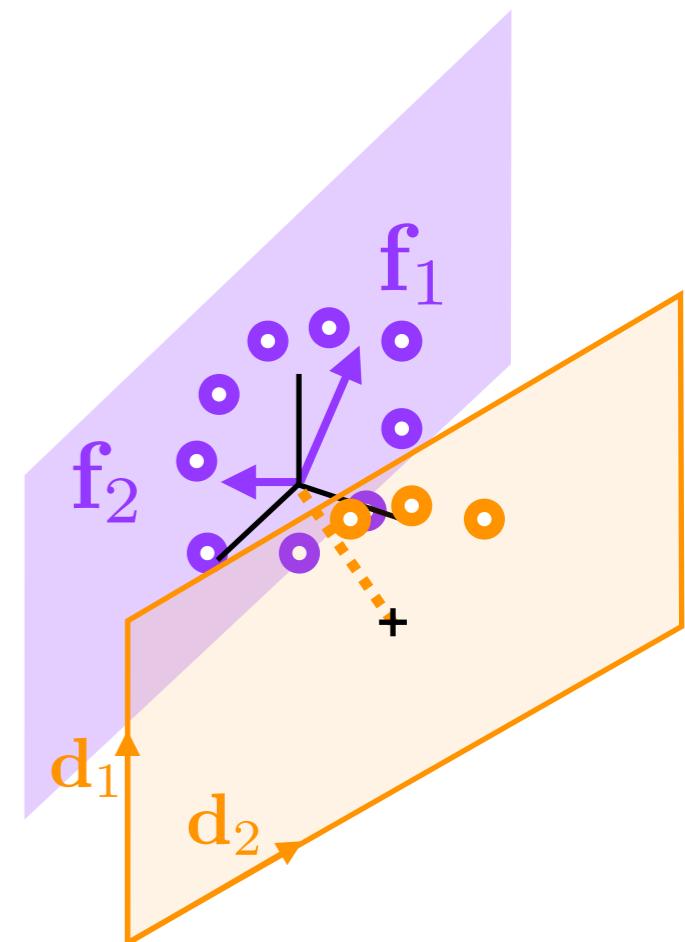
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(1) low-dimensional activity



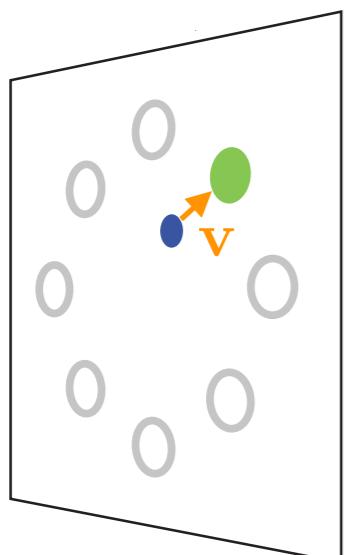
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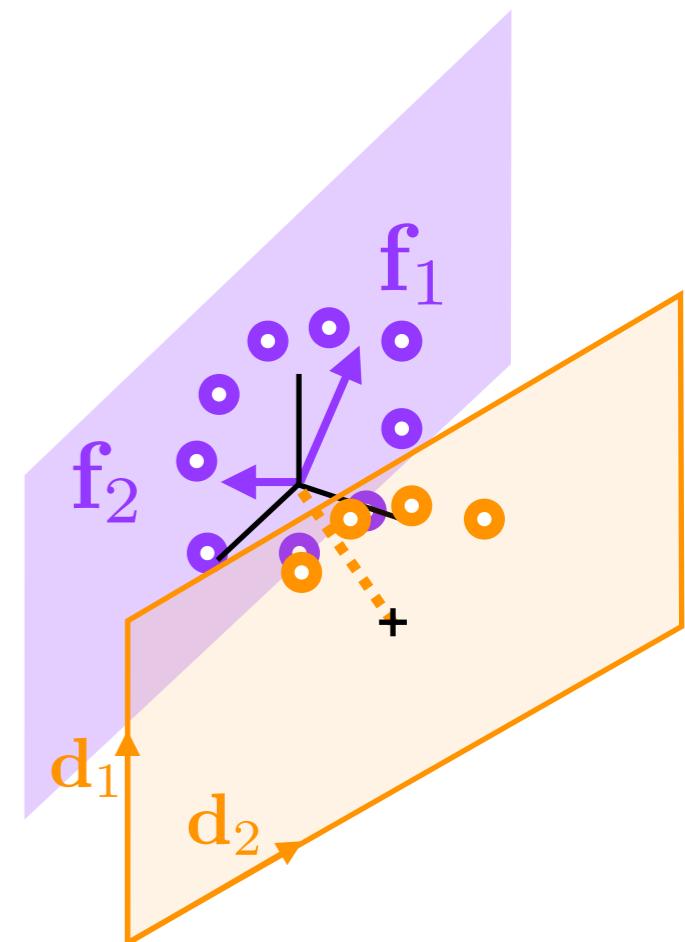
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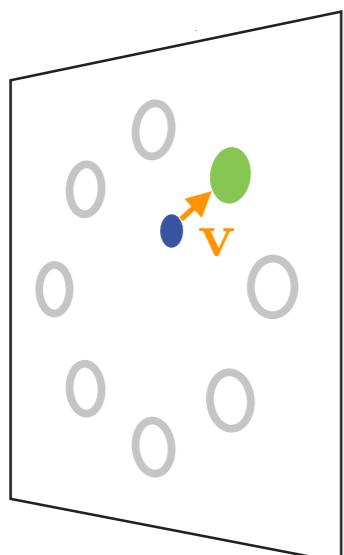
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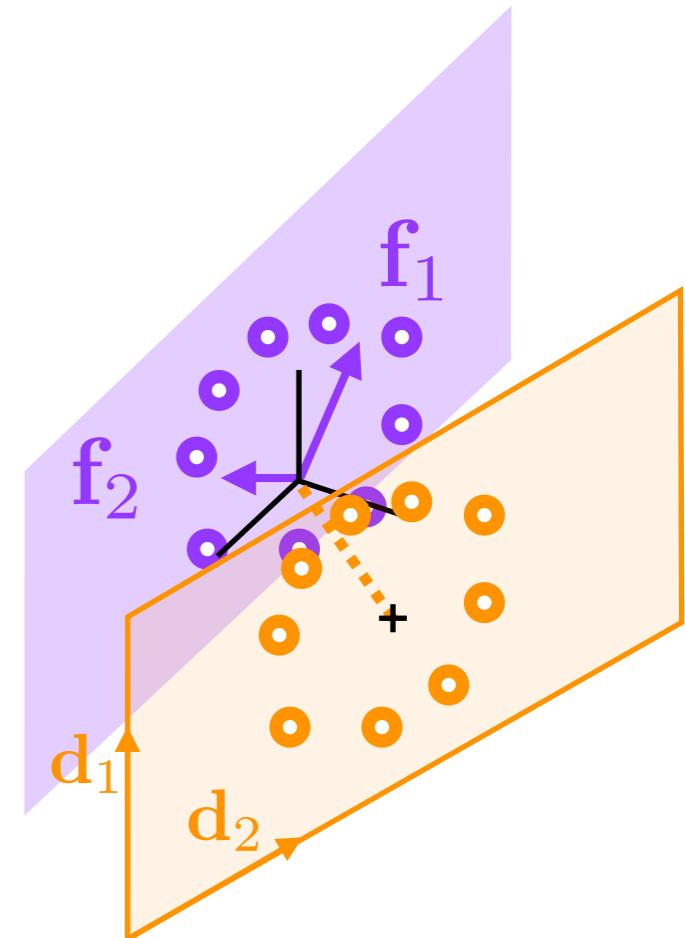
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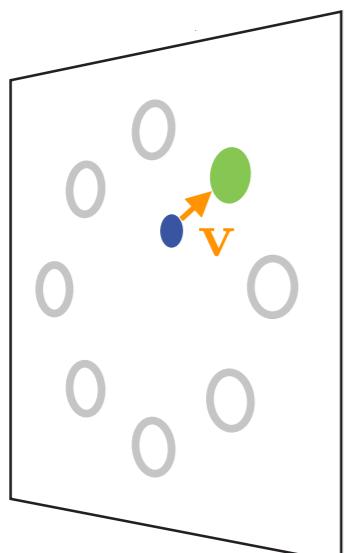
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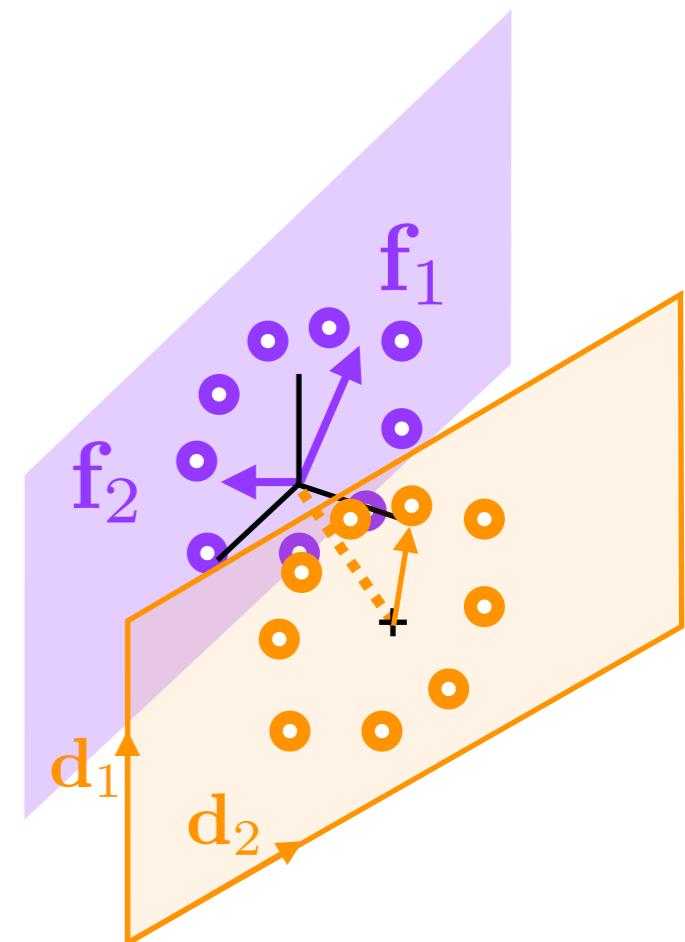
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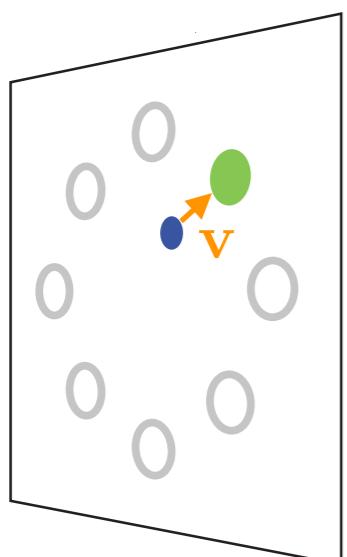
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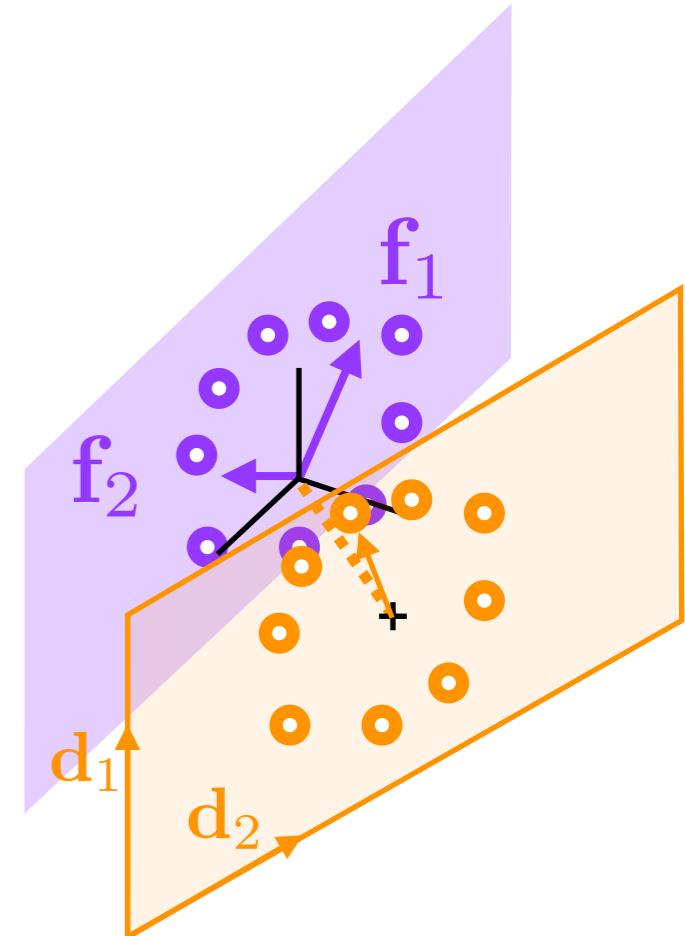
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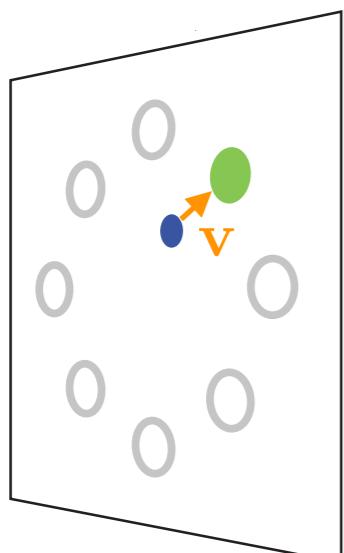
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$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$[\theta \text{ constant}] \Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2$

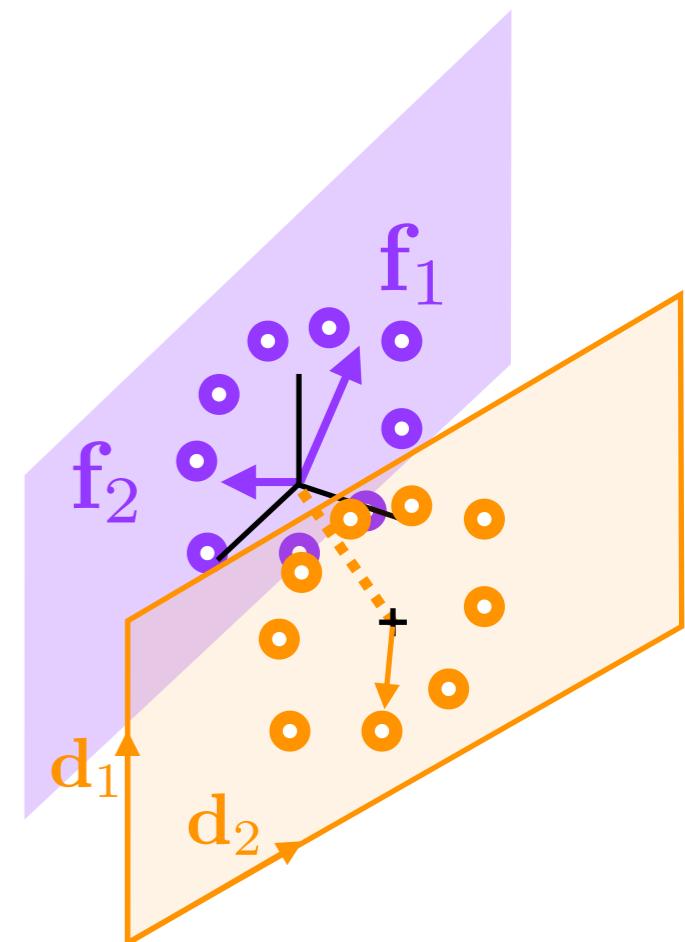
$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$



$$\mathbf{v}(t) = \mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{d}_1^T \\ -\mathbf{d}_2^T \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \end{bmatrix}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity



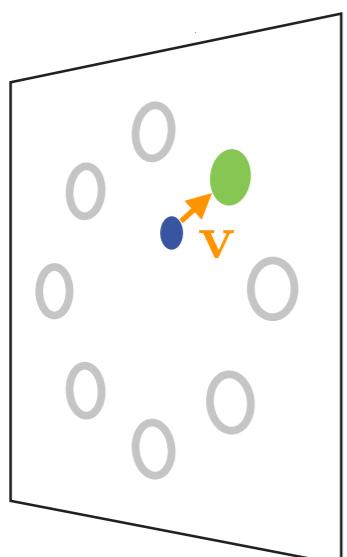
“re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

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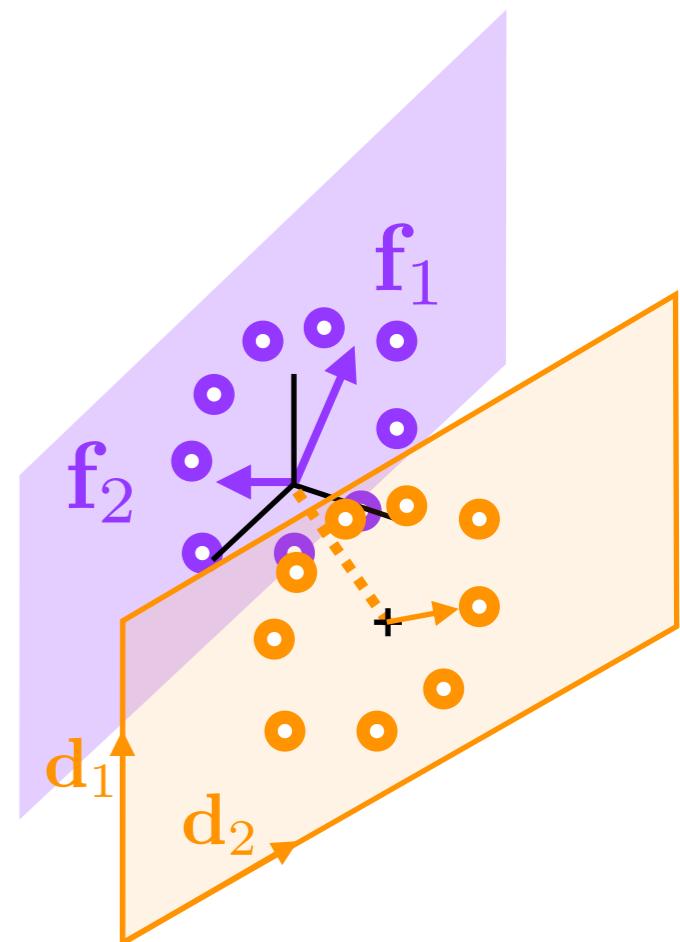
$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$



$$\mathbf{v}(t) = \mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{d}_1^T \\ -\mathbf{d}_2^T \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t)$$

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(1) low-dimensional activity



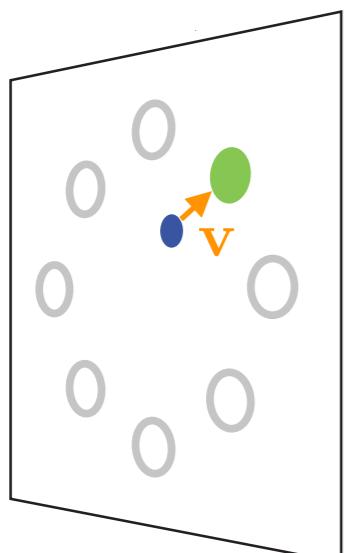
“re-aiming”

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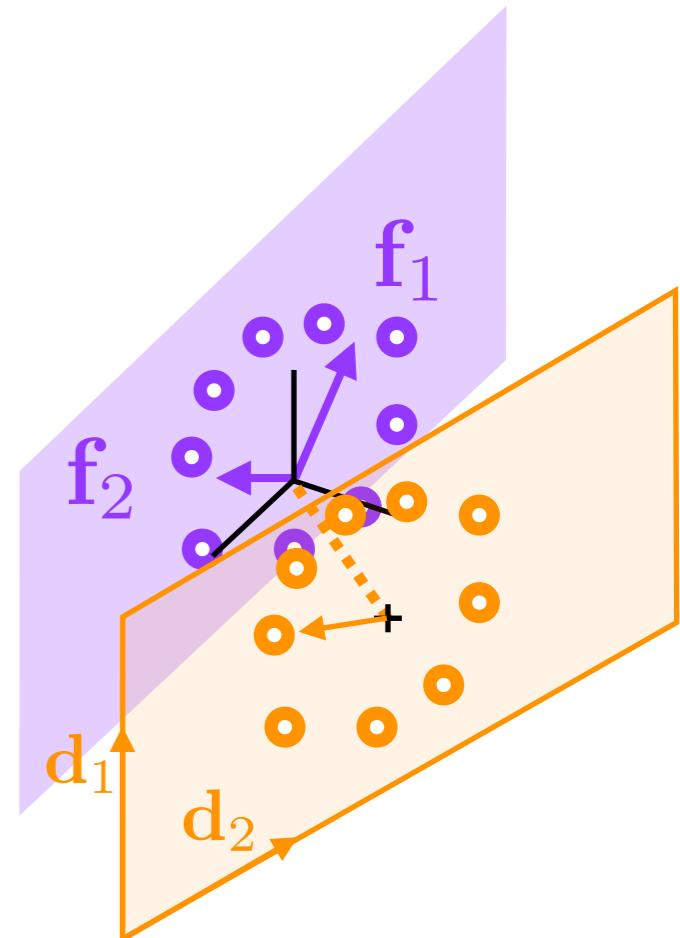
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$$\mathbf{v}(t) = \mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{d}_1^T \\ -\mathbf{d}_2^T \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t)$$

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(1) low-dimensional activity



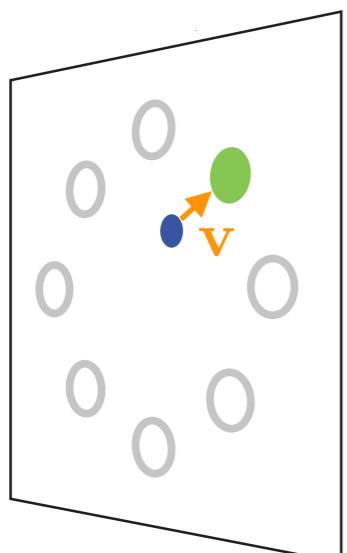
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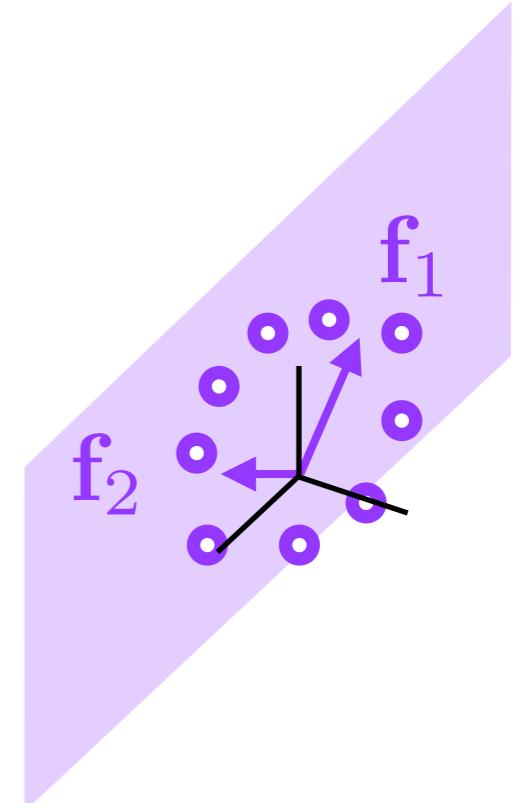
$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$



$$\mathbf{v}(t) = \mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t)$$

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(1) low-dimensional activity



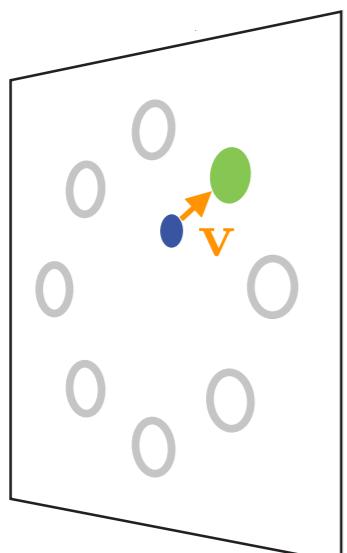
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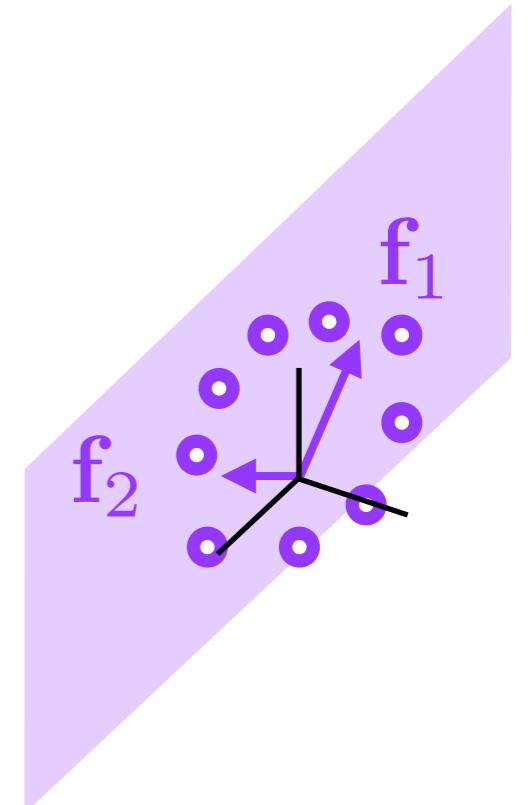
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$$\mathbf{v}(t) = \mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{d}_1^T \\ -\mathbf{d}_2^T \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t)$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \end{bmatrix}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity



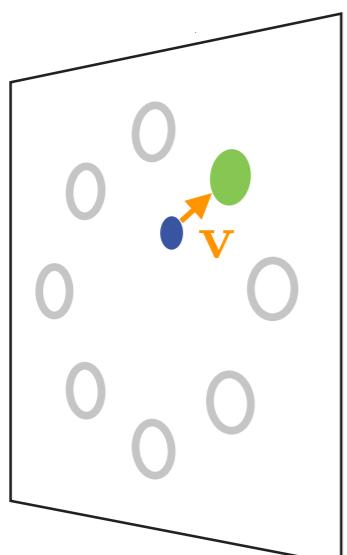
“re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

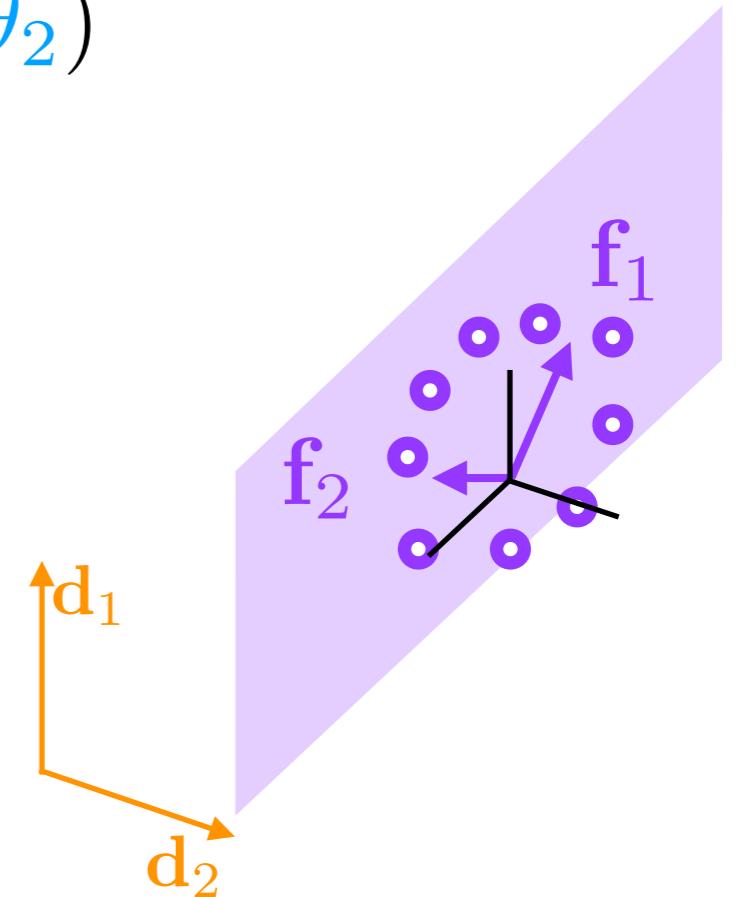
$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$[\theta \text{ constant}] \Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$



$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{v}(t) &= \mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{d}_1^T \\ -\mathbf{d}_2^T \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity



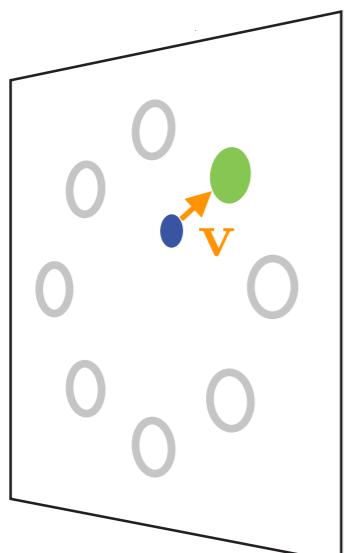
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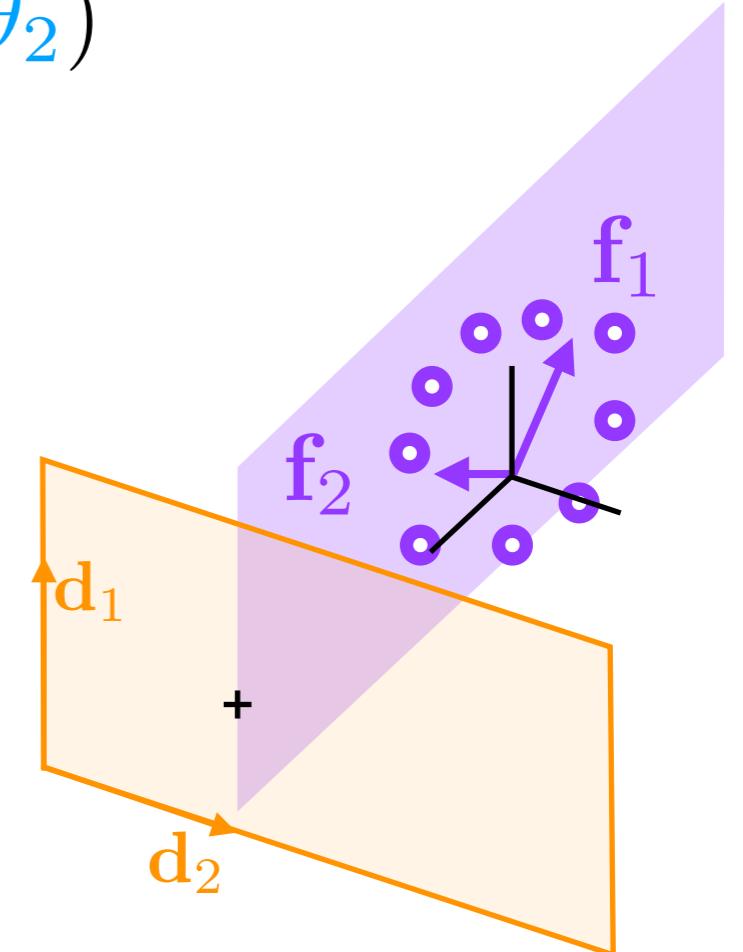
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(1) low-dimensional activity



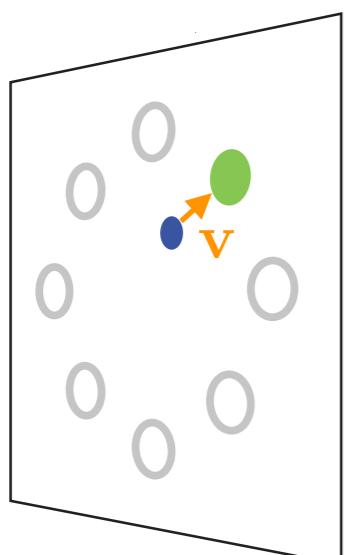
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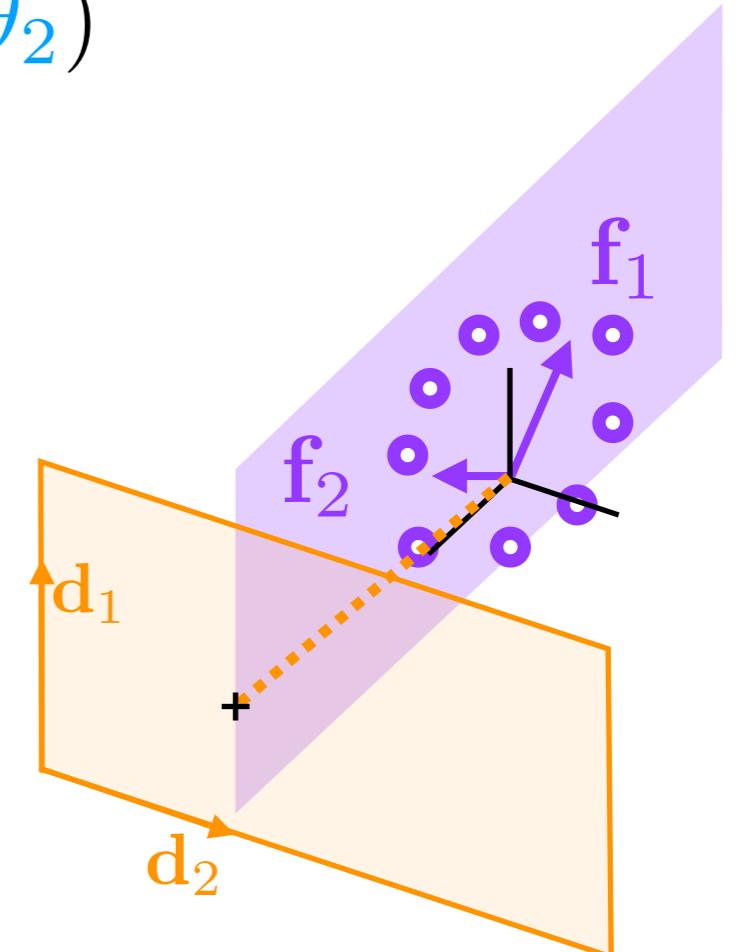
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(1) low-dimensional activity



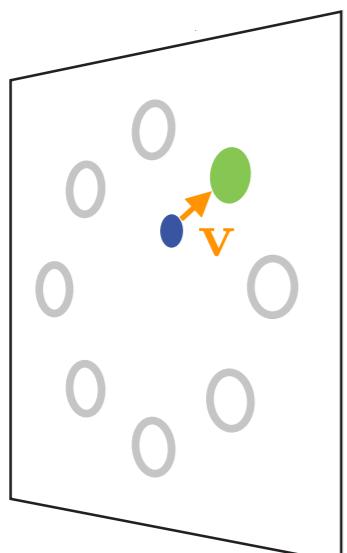
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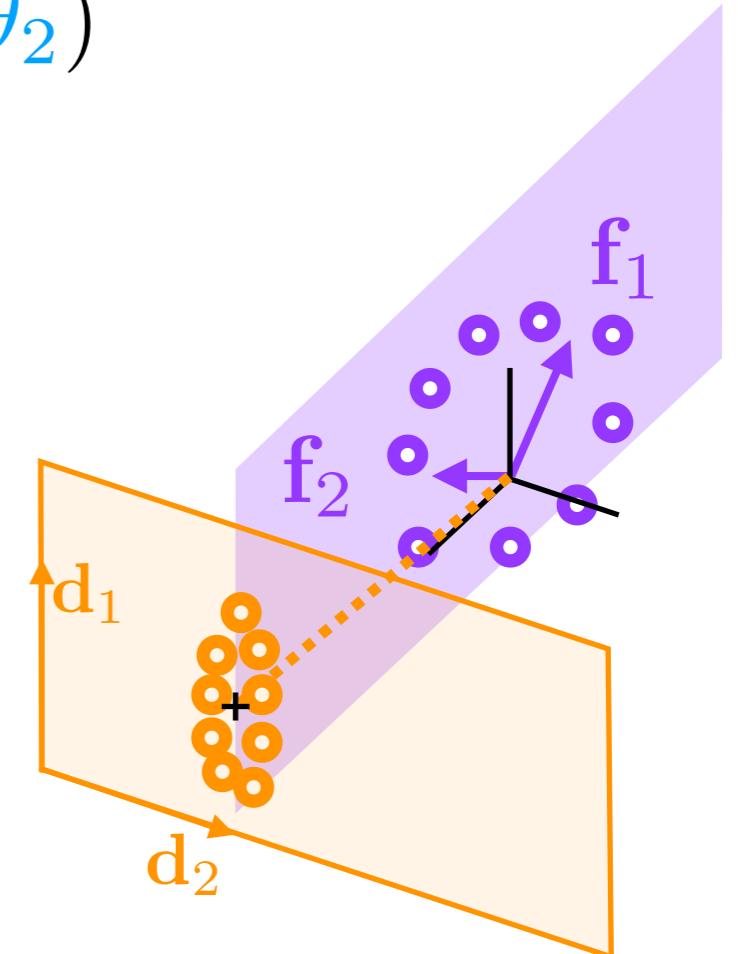
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(1) low-dimensional activity



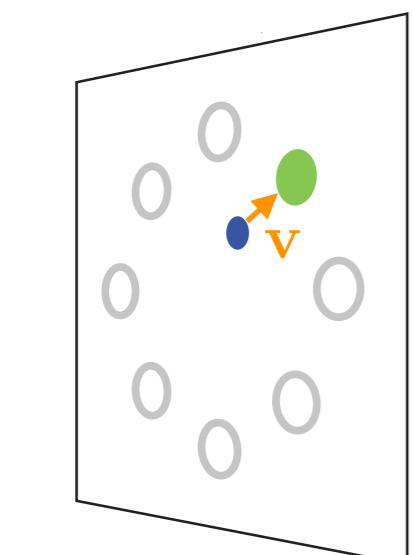
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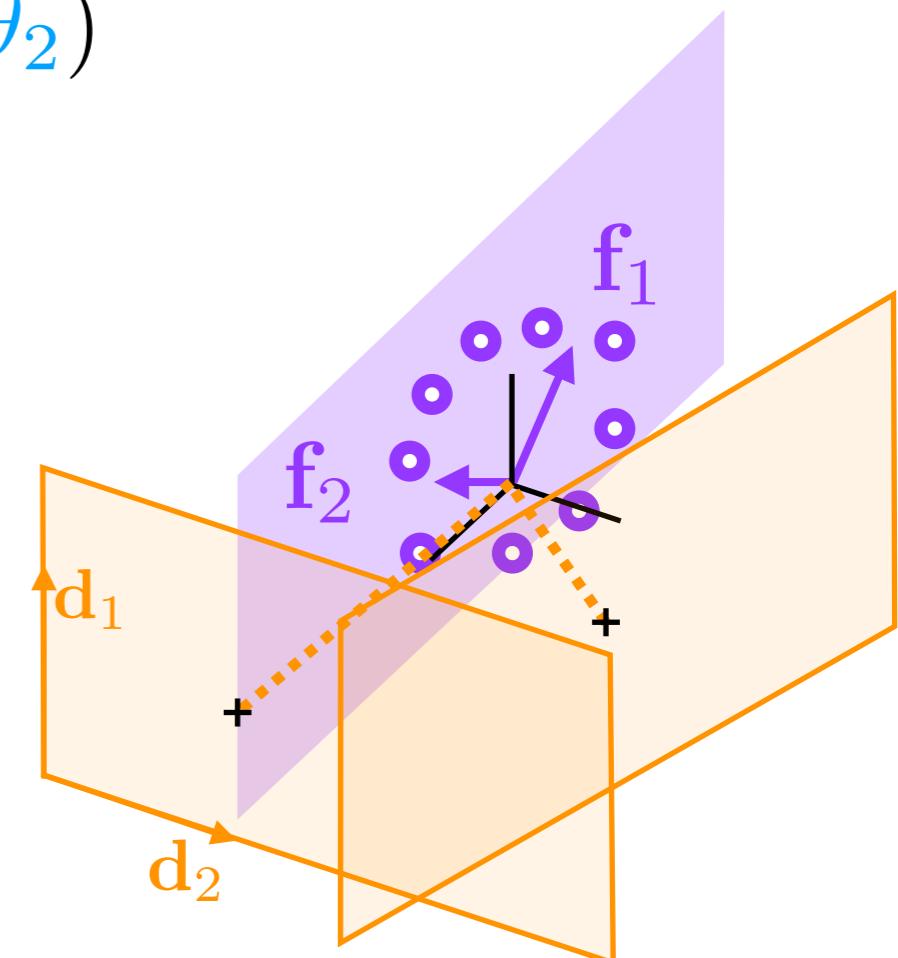
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$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2$

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(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

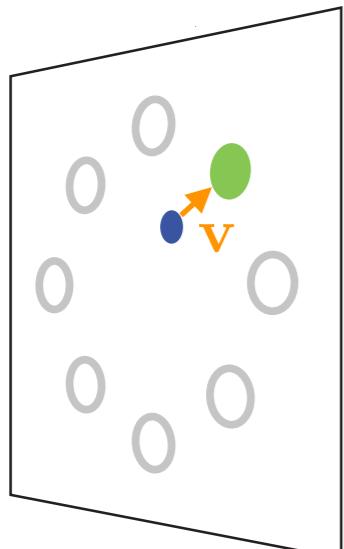
} “re-aiming”

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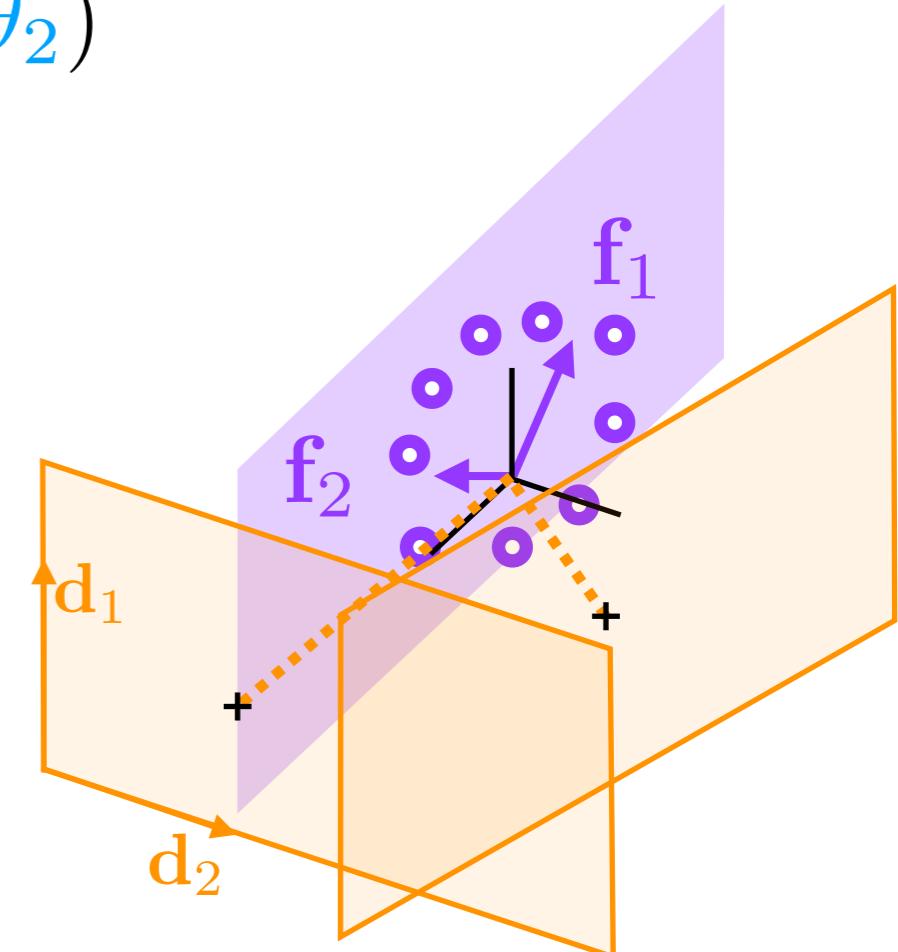
$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2$$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$



$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{v}(t) &= \mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} -\mathbf{d}_1^T \\ -\mathbf{d}_2^T \end{bmatrix} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

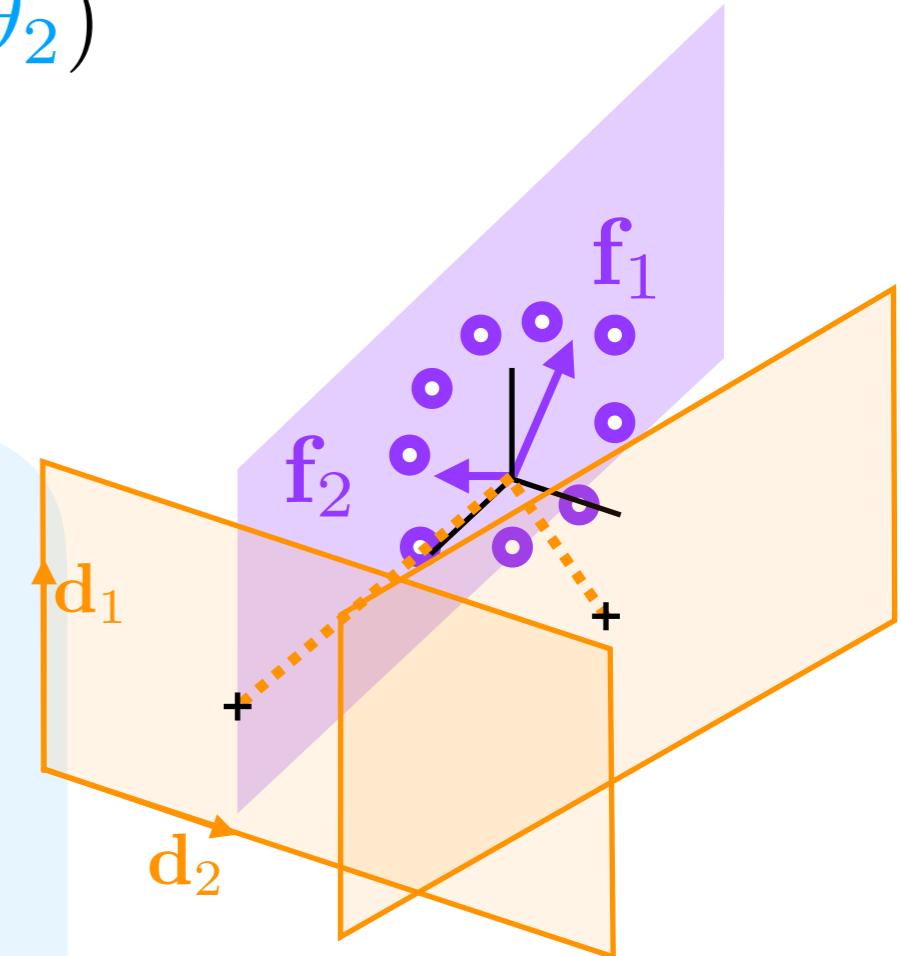
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$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

$$\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) \quad \mathbf{v}^*$$



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

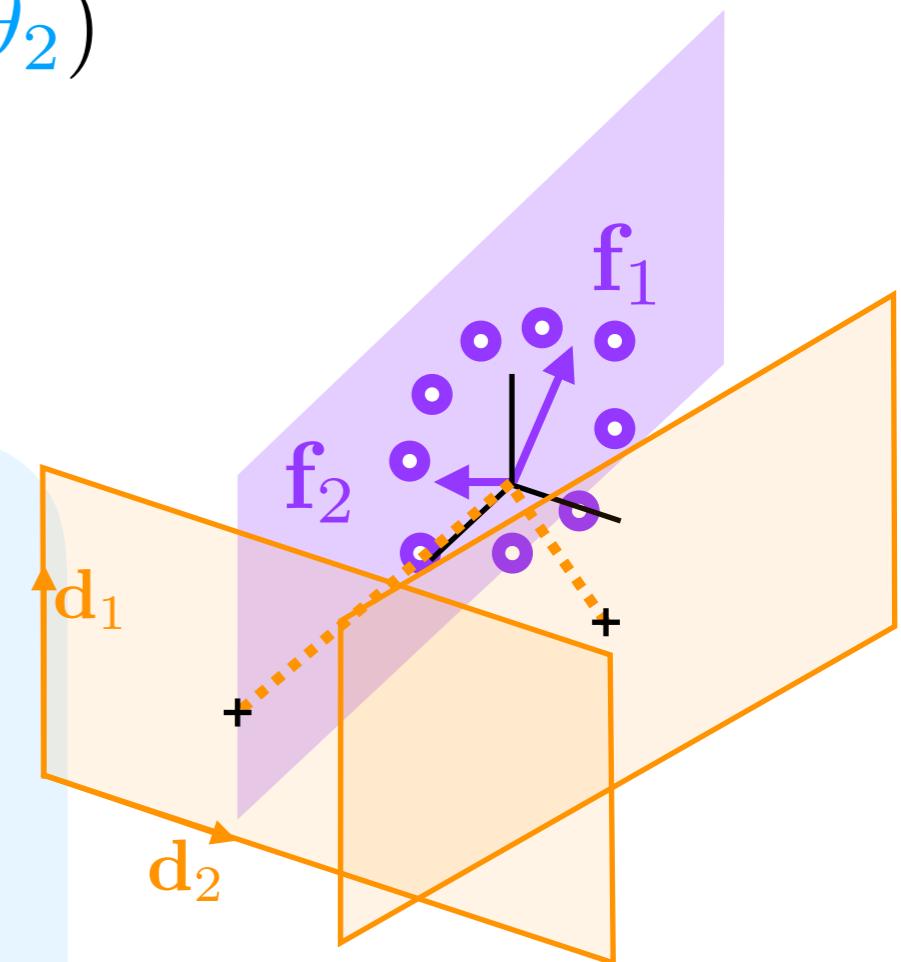
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$$\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2$$



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

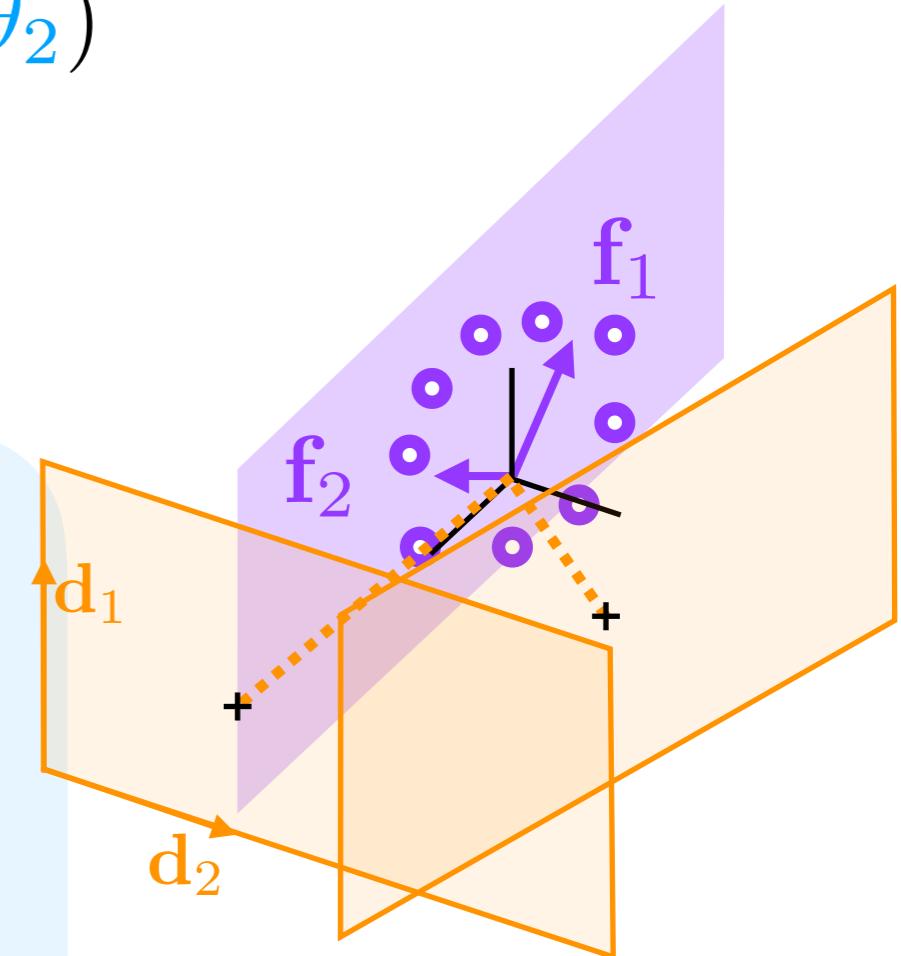
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$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

$$\min_{\theta} \quad \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2$$
$$\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C$$



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

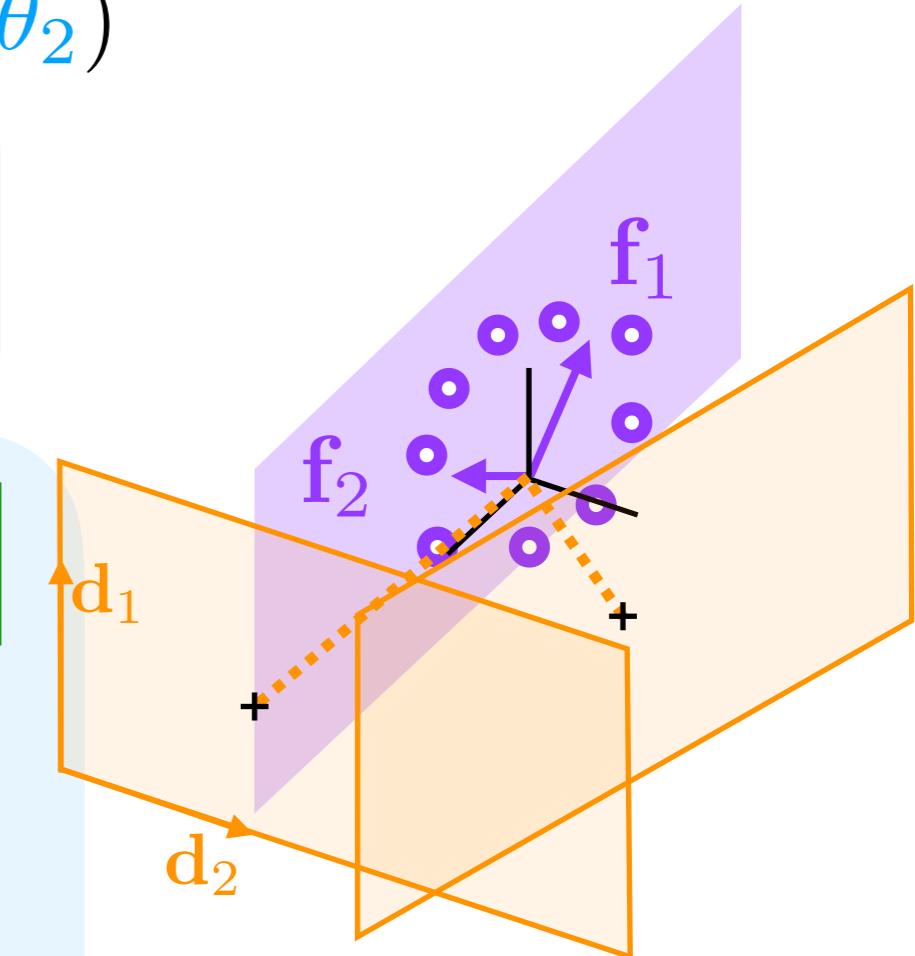
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$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\theta} \quad \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right] \quad \text{subject to } \|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C$$



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

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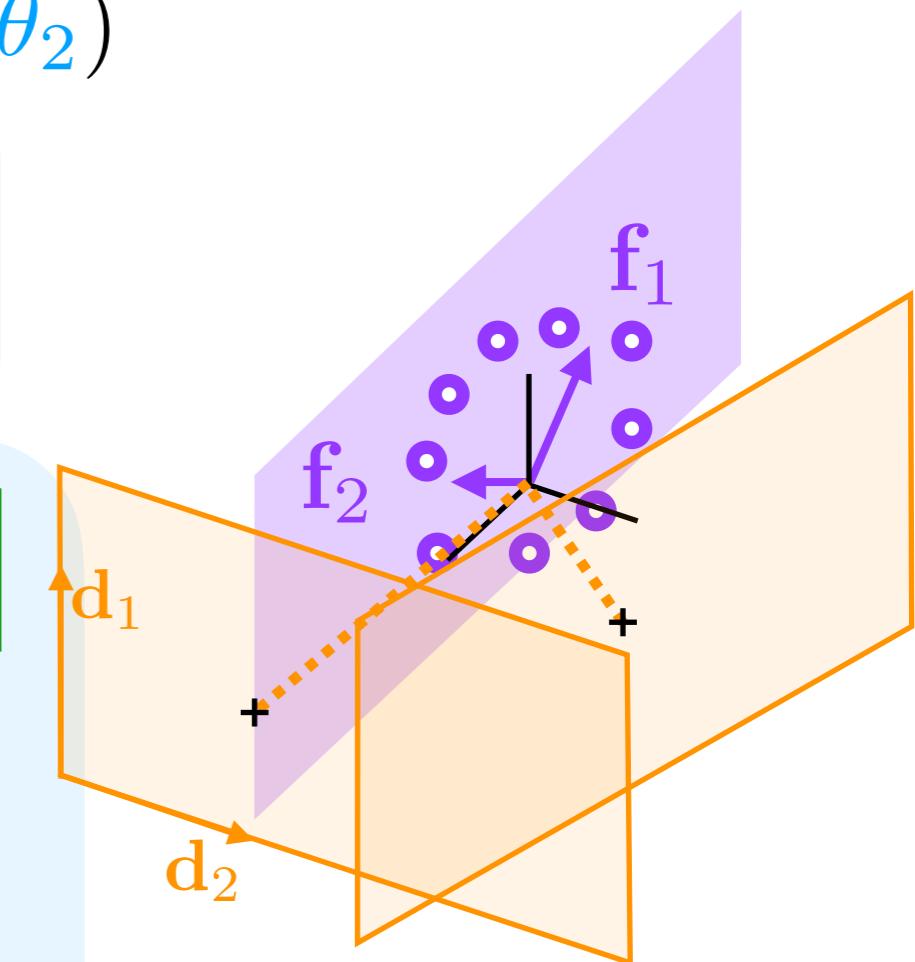
$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2$$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

optimal avg
reaching error

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\theta} \quad \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right] \quad \text{subject to } \|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C$$



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

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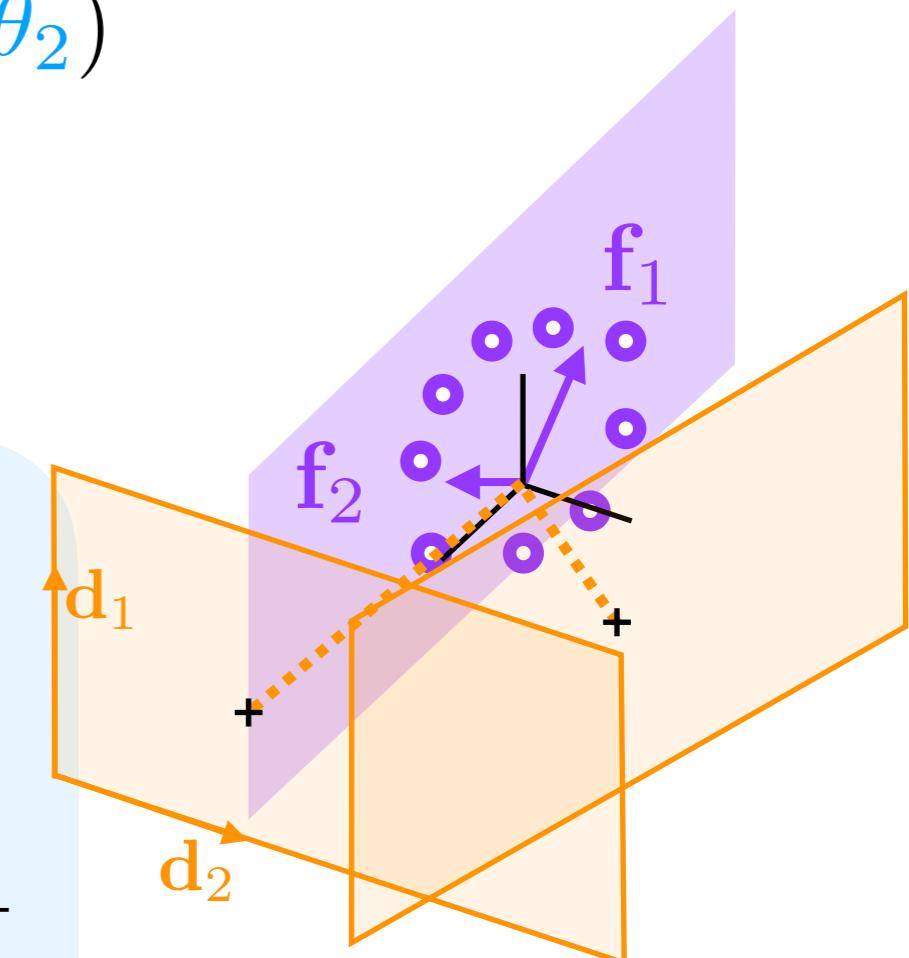
$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

optimal avg
reaching error

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\theta} \frac{\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2}{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C} \right]$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}$$

decoder alignment



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$$\xrightarrow[\theta \text{ constant}]{} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2$$

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optimal avg
reaching error

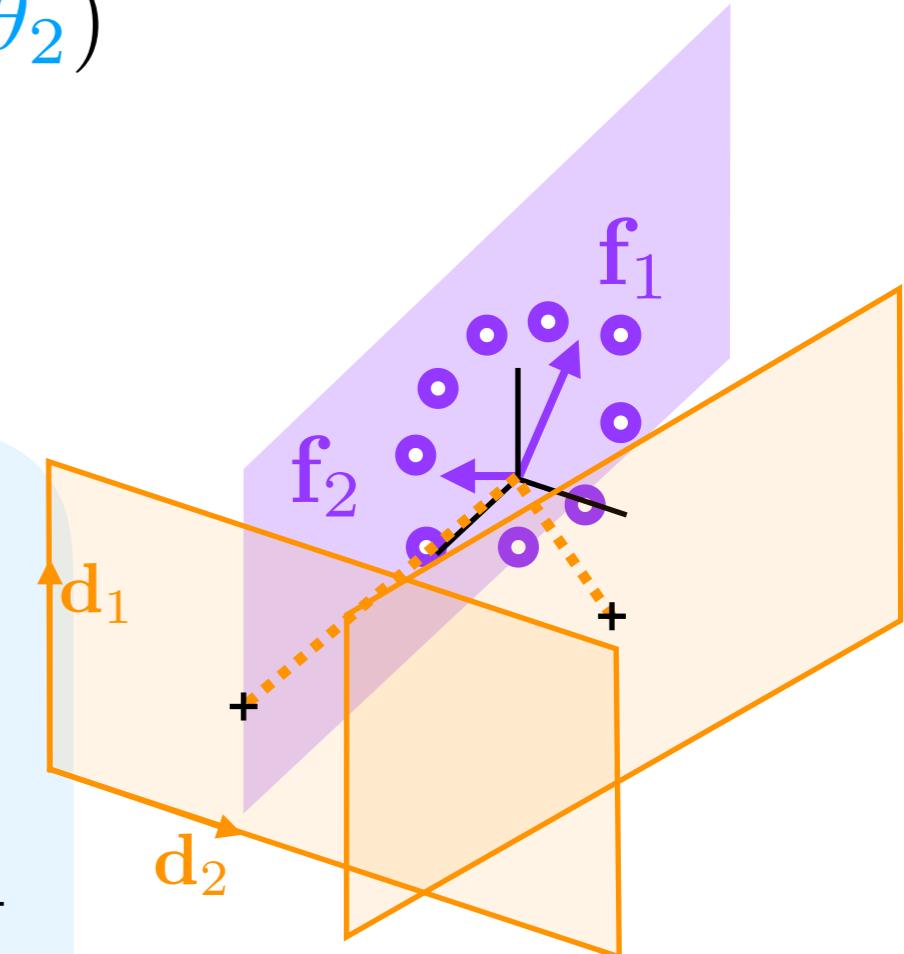
$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\theta} \frac{\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2}{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C} \right]$$

s_i = singular values of

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_2 \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}$$

decoder alignment



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$$\xrightarrow{[\theta \text{ constant}]} \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2$$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

optimal avg
reaching error

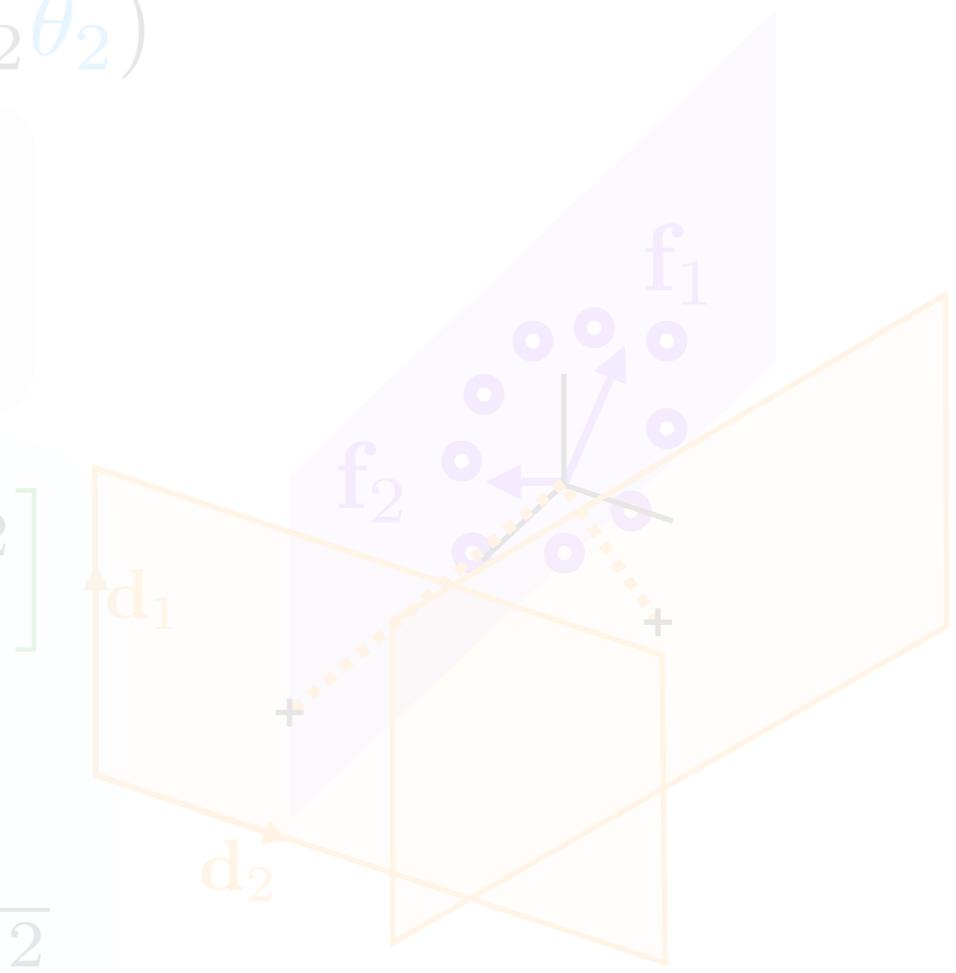
$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\theta} \frac{\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2}{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C} \right]$$

s_i = singular values of

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_2 \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}$$

decoder alignment



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

\mathbf{f}_1 \mathbf{f}_2 θ

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$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

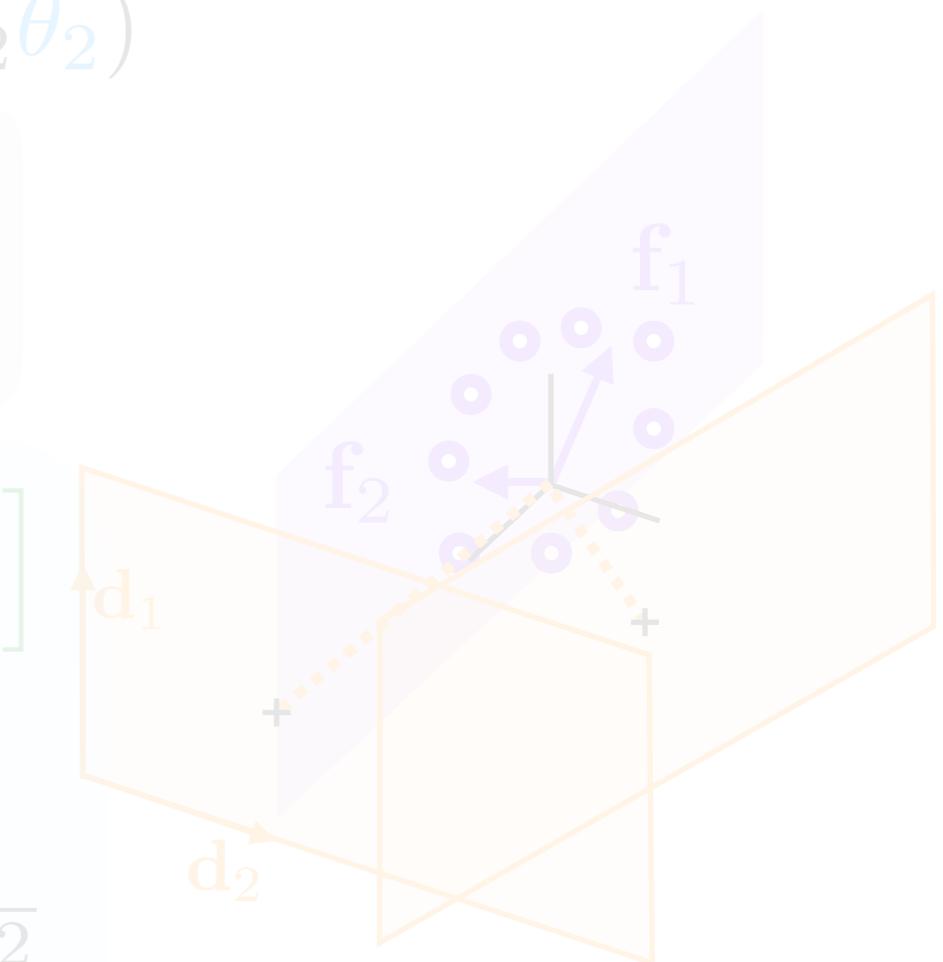
optimal avg
reaching error

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\min_{\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C} \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$

s_i = singular values of

$$\begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_1^T \mathbf{f}_2 \\ \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_1 & \mathbf{d}_2^T \mathbf{f}_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \underbrace{\frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}}_{\text{decoder alignment}}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity

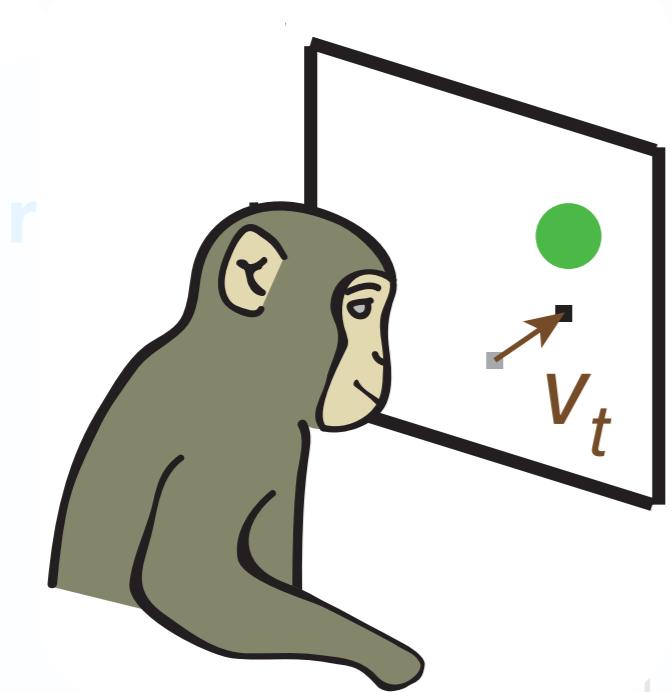
(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$

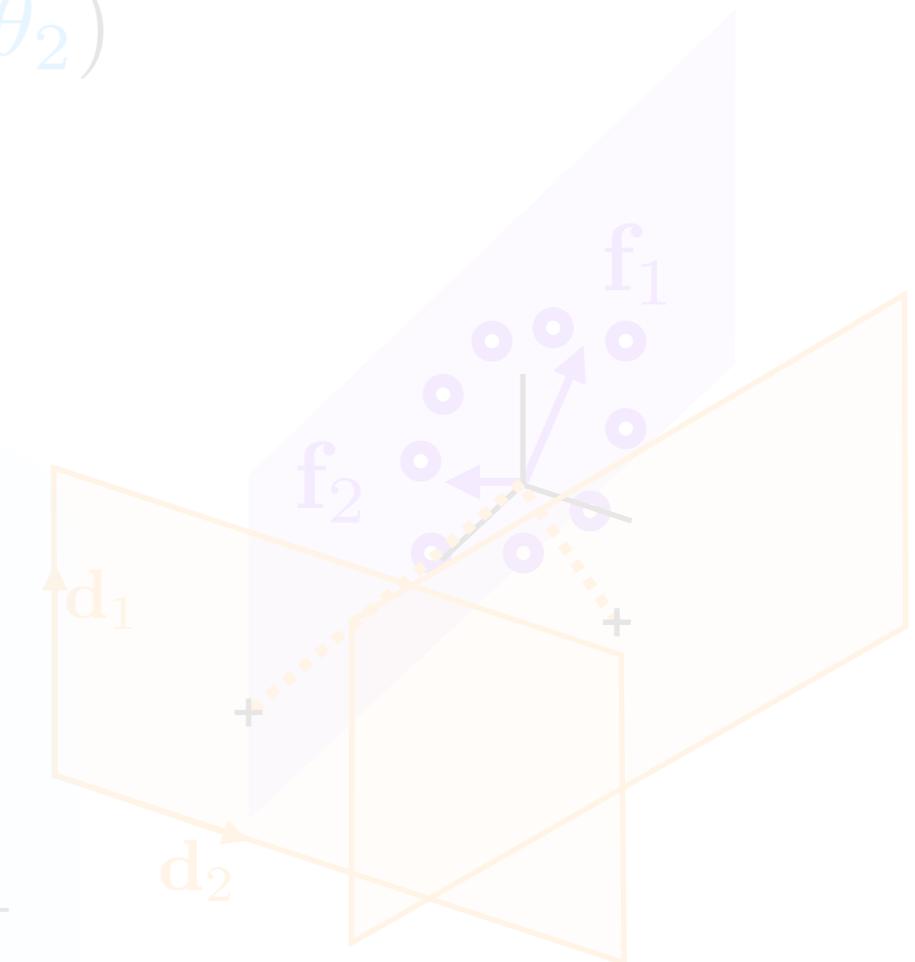


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$$\min_{\theta} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$
$$\text{subject to } \|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}$$

decoder alignment



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

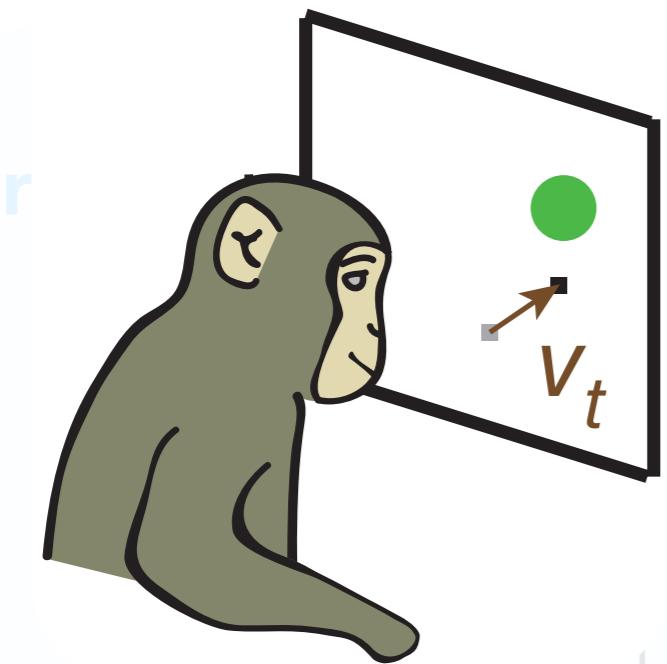
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

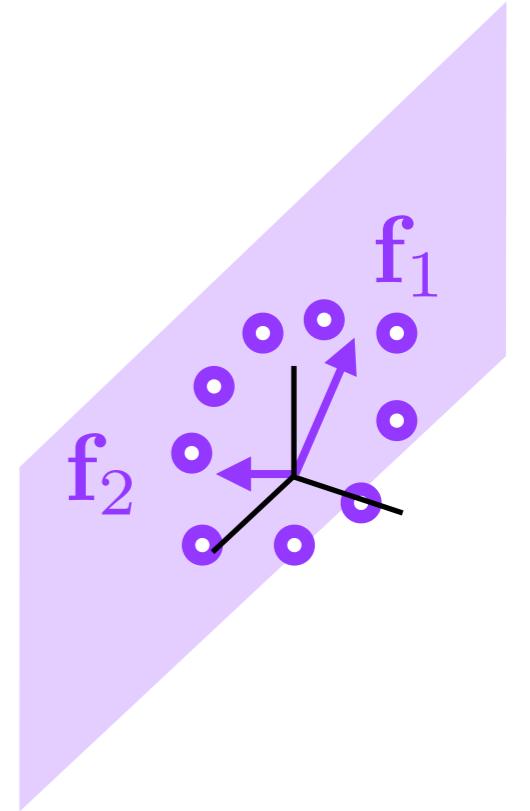
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$$\min_{\theta} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$
$$\|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}$$

decoder alignment



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

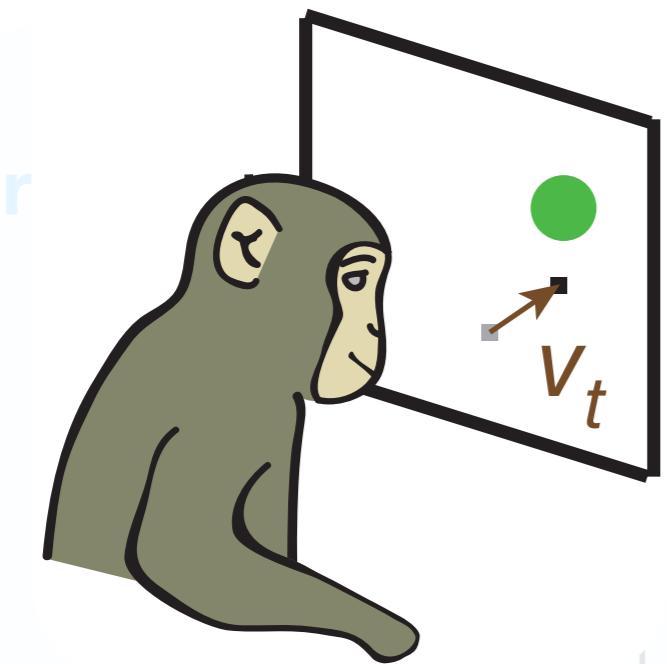
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

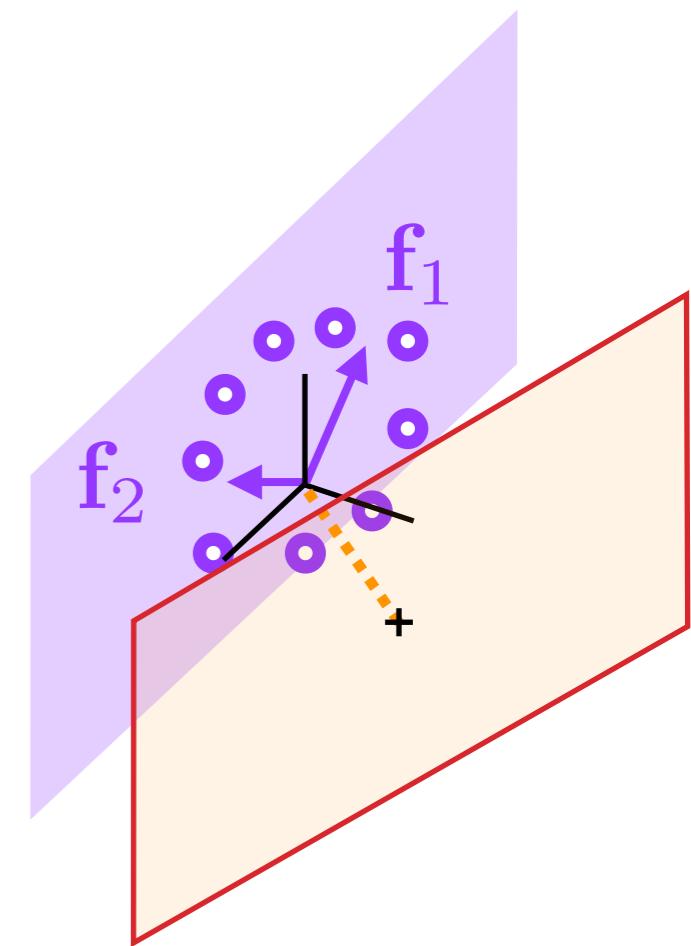
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$$\min_{\theta} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right]$$
$$\text{subject to } \|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}$$

decoder alignment



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

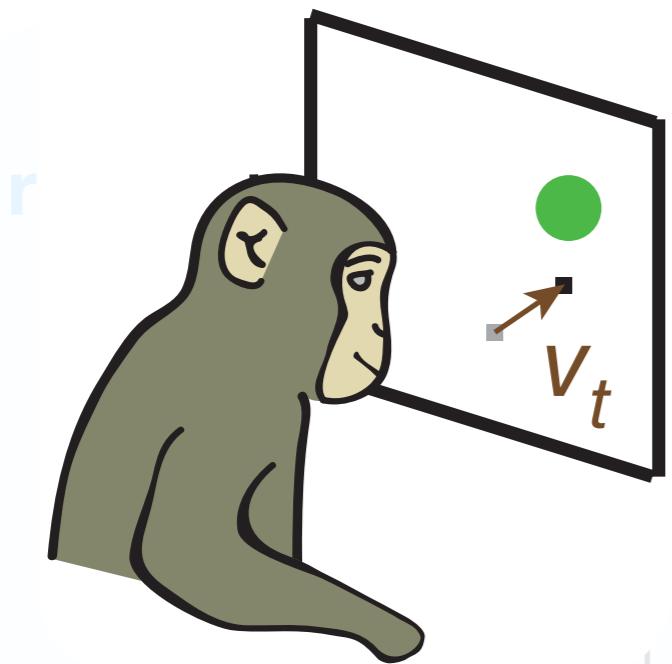
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{f}}_i = -\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i$$

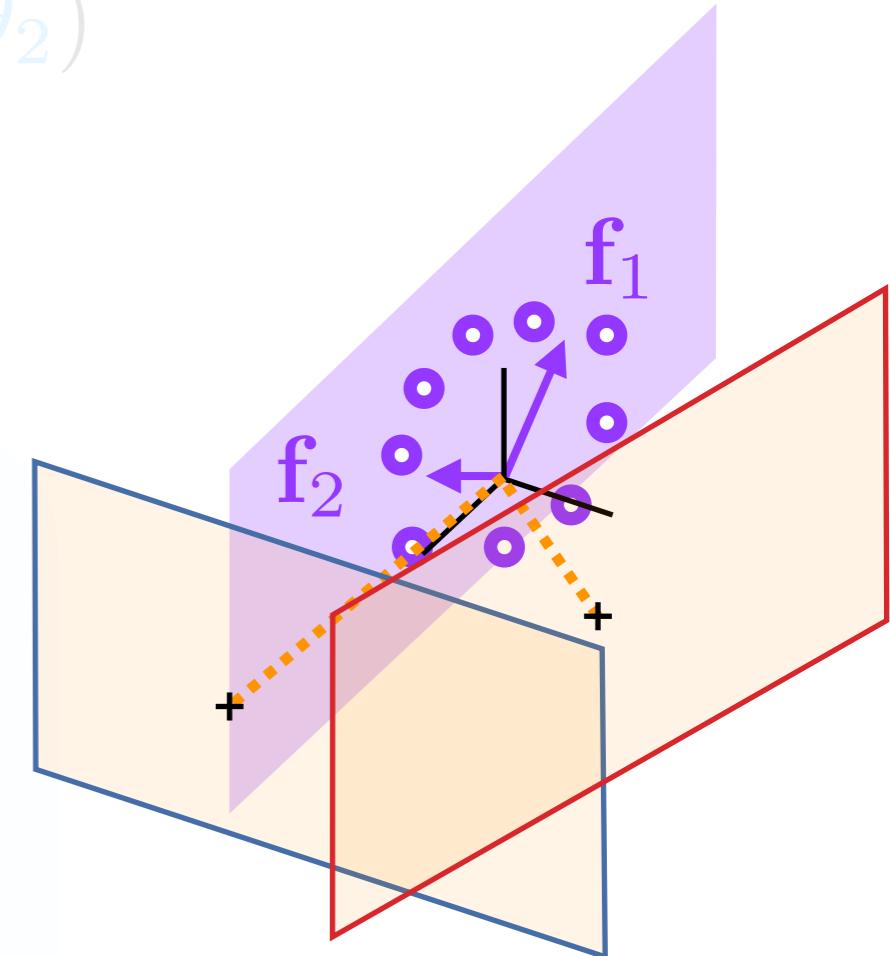
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$$\min_{\theta} \left[\|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \right] \quad \|\mathbf{u}_\theta\| < C$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2}$$

decoder alignment



(1) low-dimensional activity

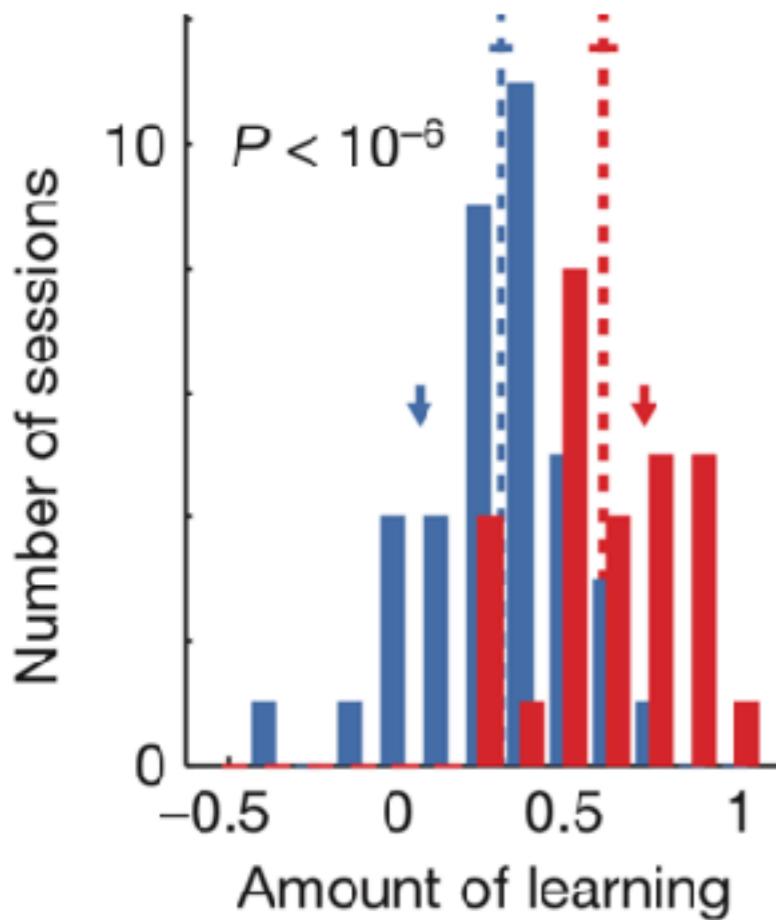
(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

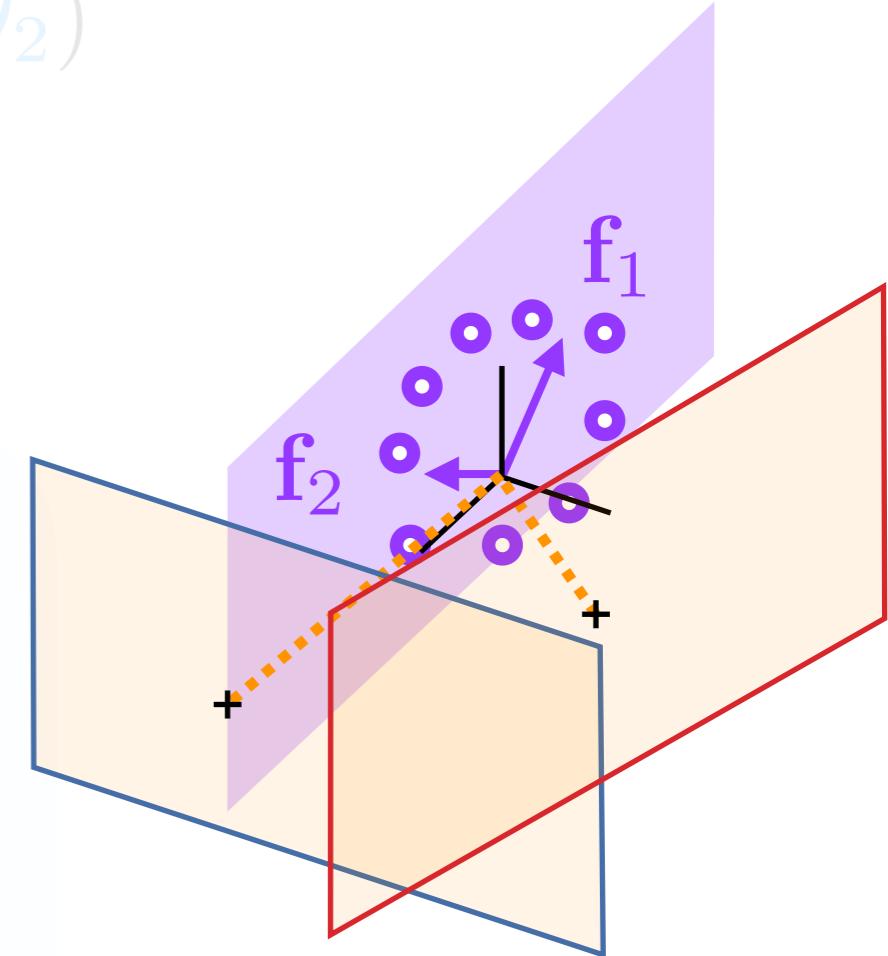
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

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$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{E} \mathbf{W}^{rec} \mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in} \mathbf{m}_i \\ & \text{min}_{\theta} \quad \| \mathbf{Dx}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^* \|^2 \\ & \|\theta\| < C \\ & = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2} \\ & \underbrace{\gamma s_i^2}_{\text{decoder alignment}} \end{aligned}$$



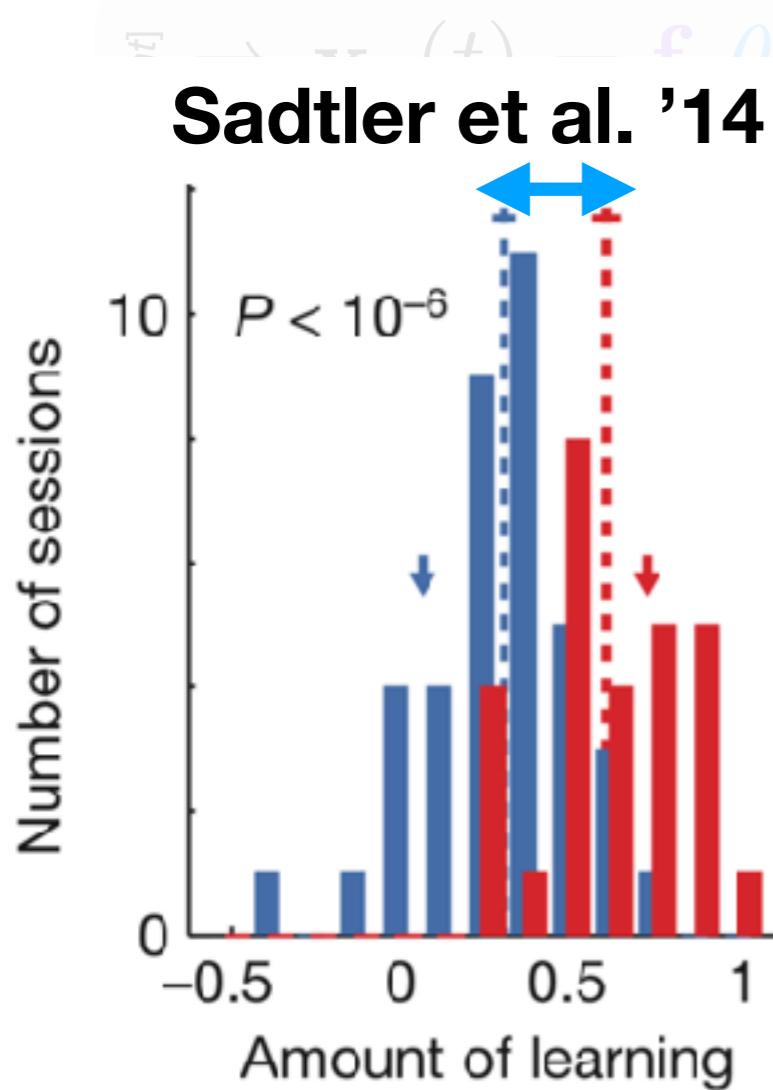
(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning \sim alignment

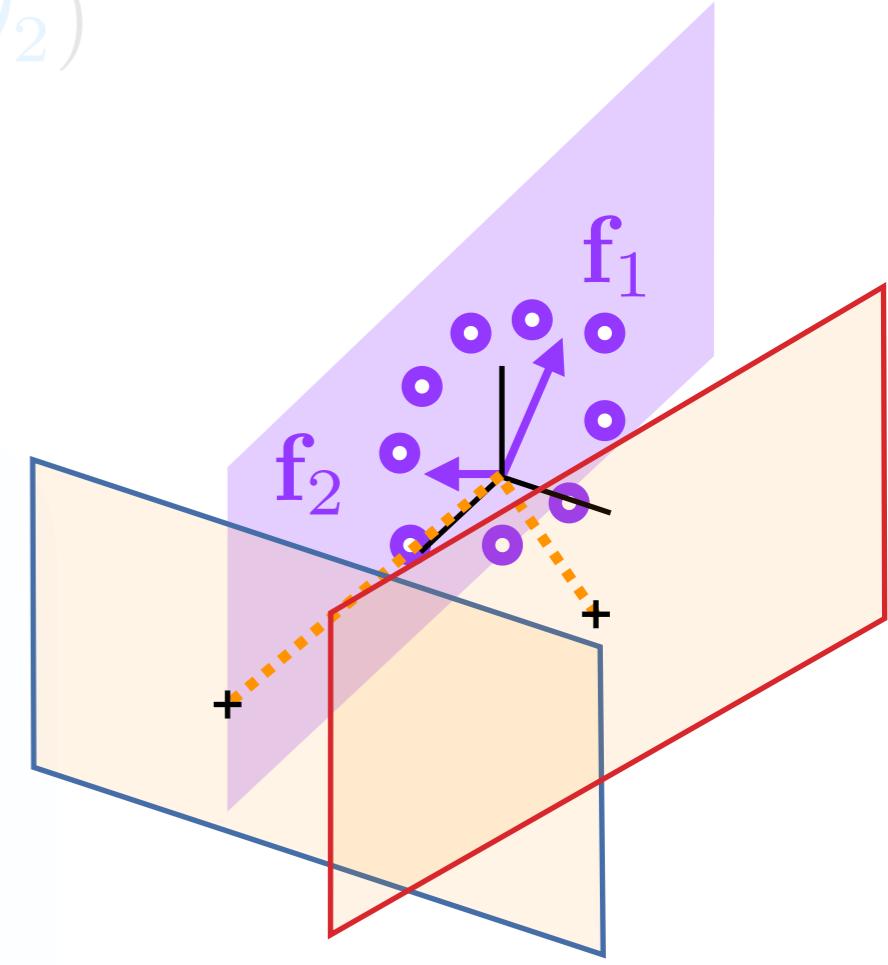
} “re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$



$$\begin{aligned} & \mathbb{E}[\mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{f}_i + \mathbf{W}^{in}\mathbf{m}_i] \\ & \text{min}_{\theta} \quad \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}_\theta(t) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 \\ & \|\theta\| < C \\ & = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^2 \frac{1}{(\gamma s_i^2 + 1)^2} \\ & \underbrace{\gamma s_i^2}_{\text{decoder alignment}} \end{aligned}$$



(1) low-dimensional activity

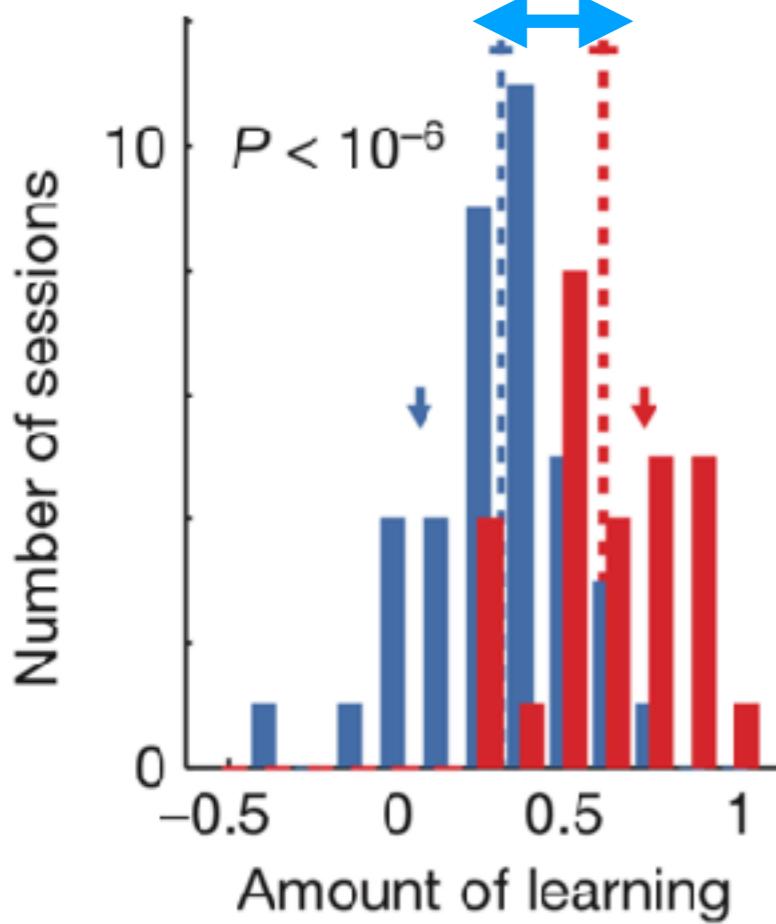
(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

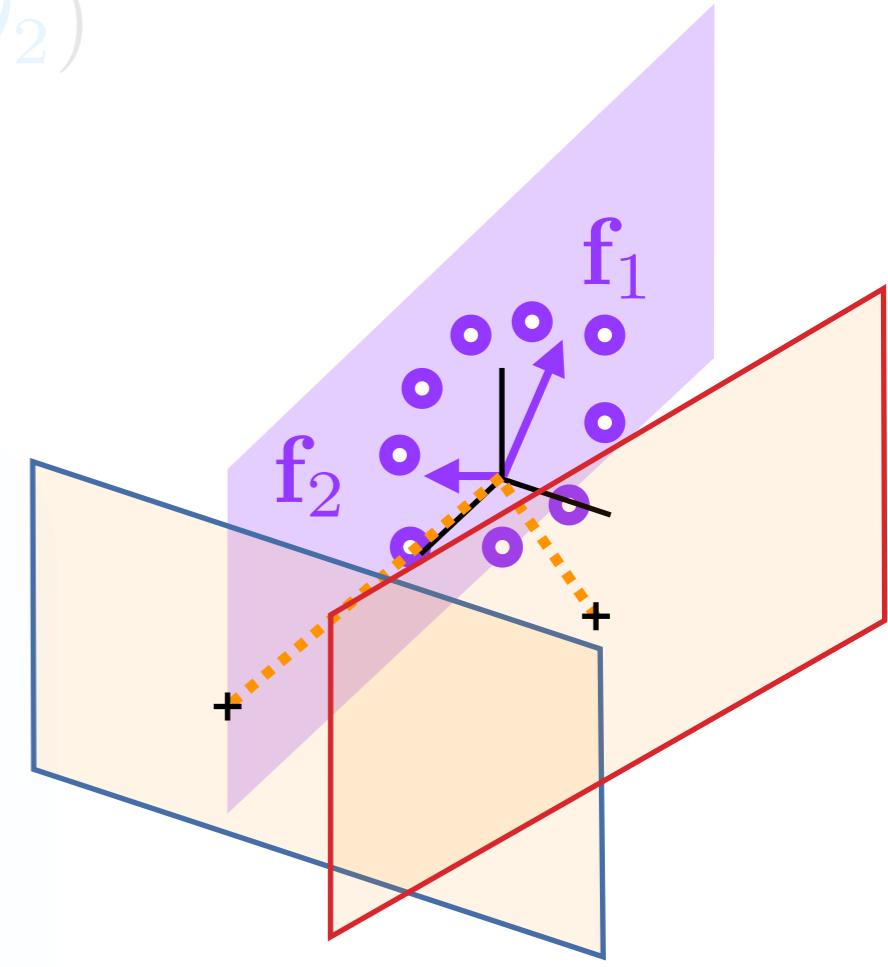
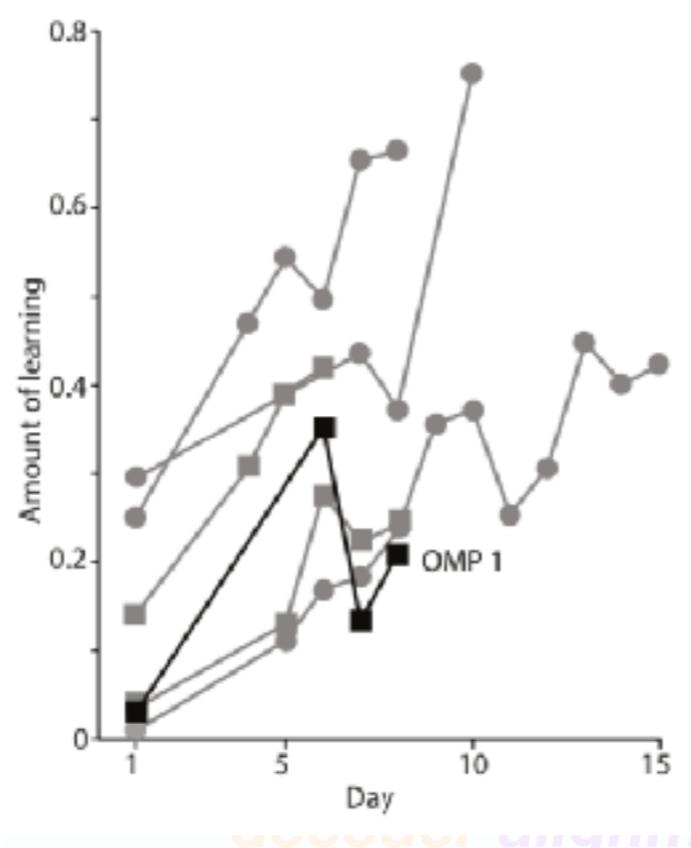
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

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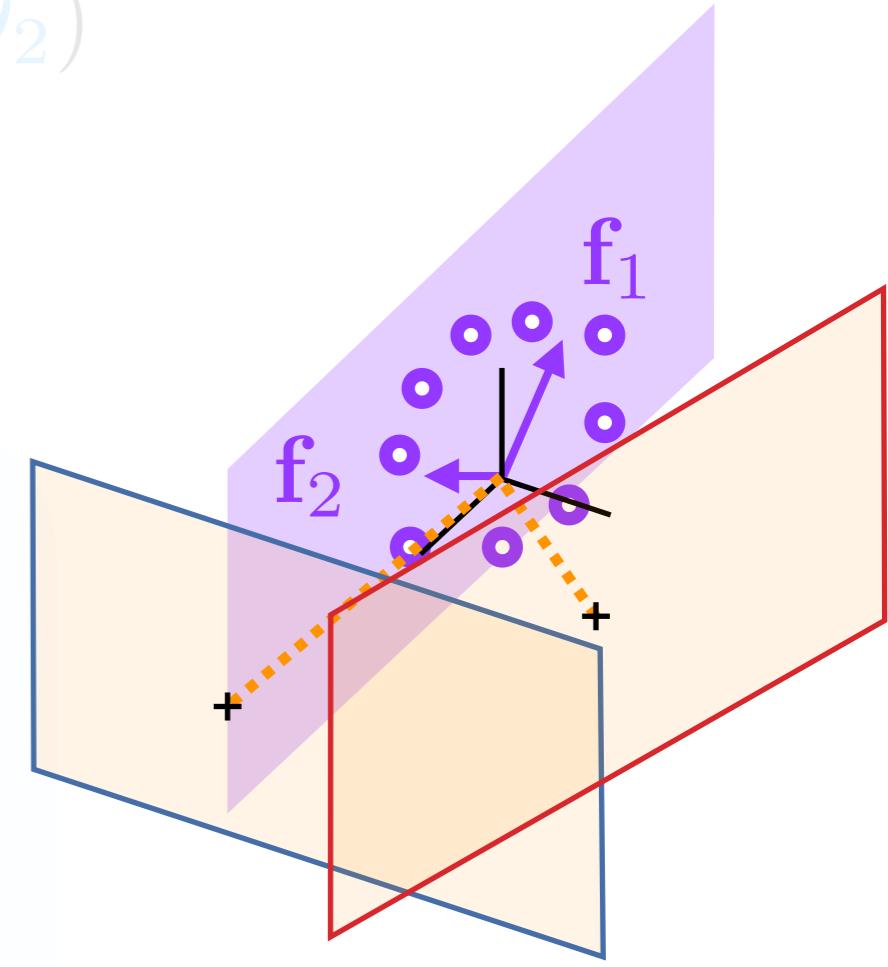
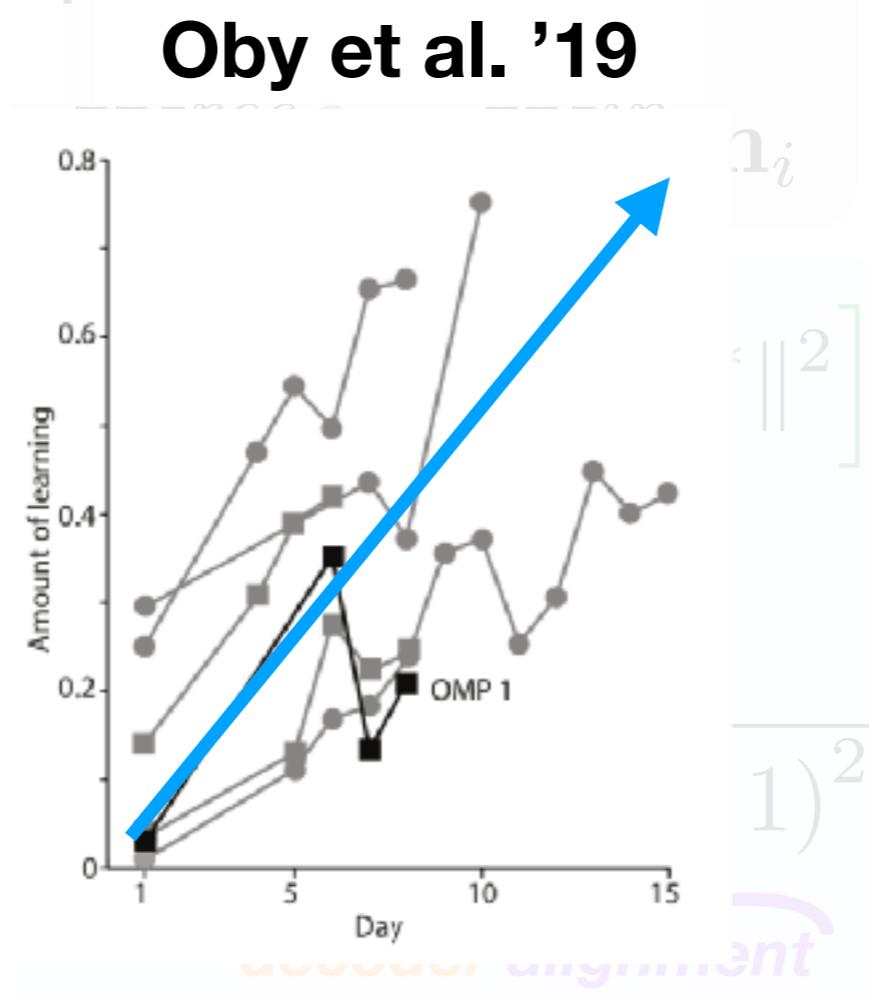
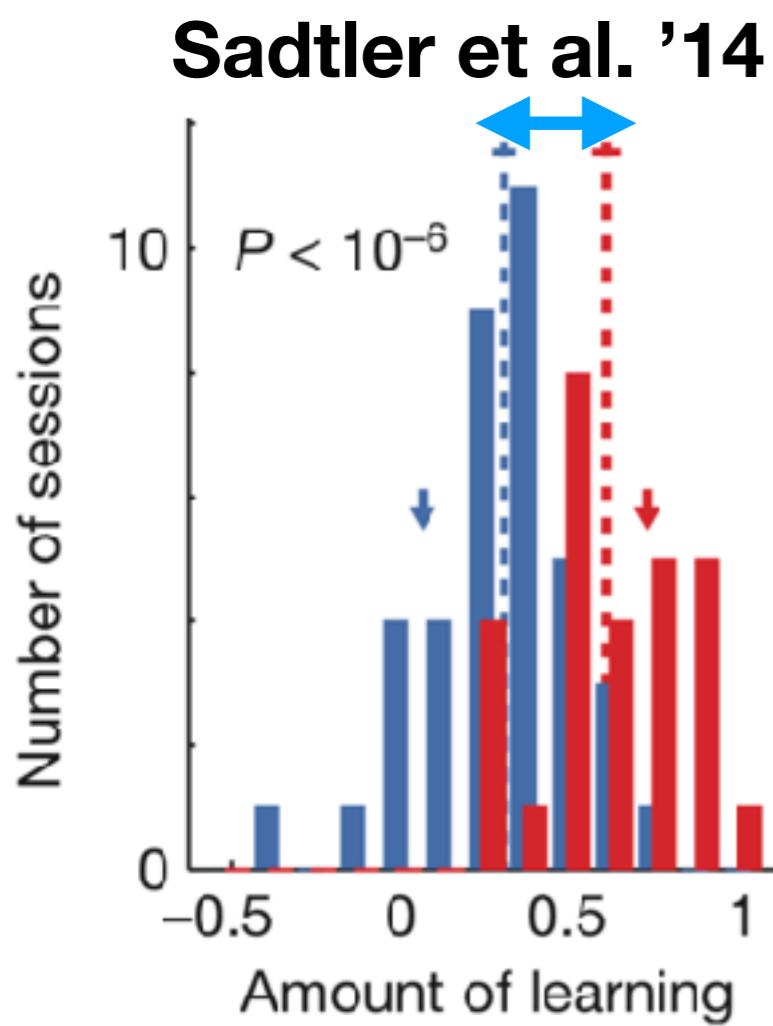


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- (1) low-dimensional activity
 - (2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”



(1) low-dimensional activity

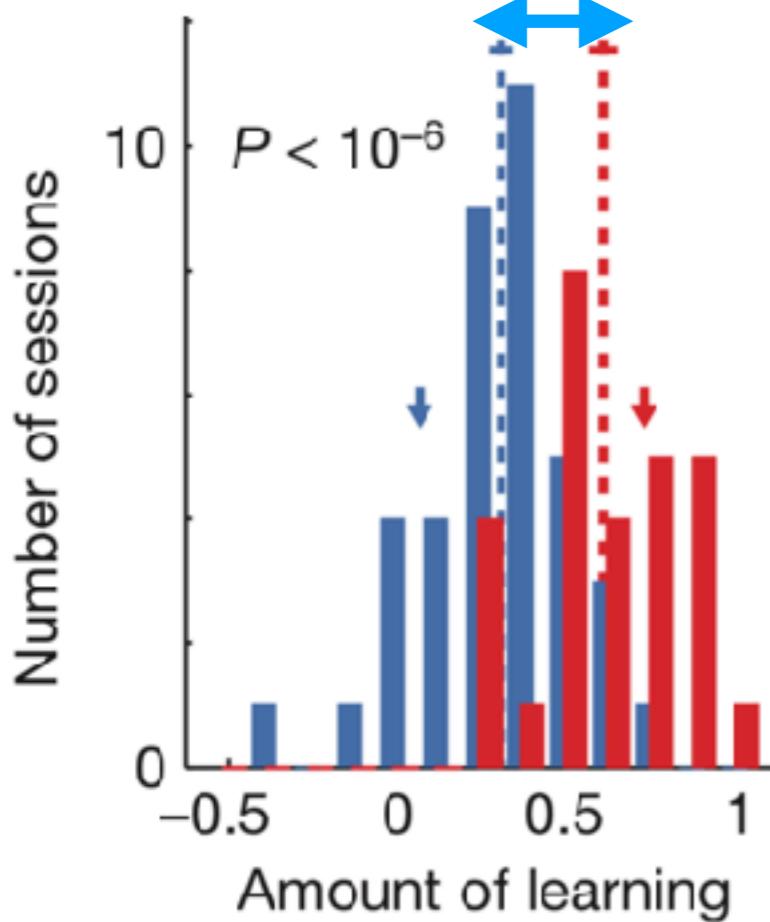
(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

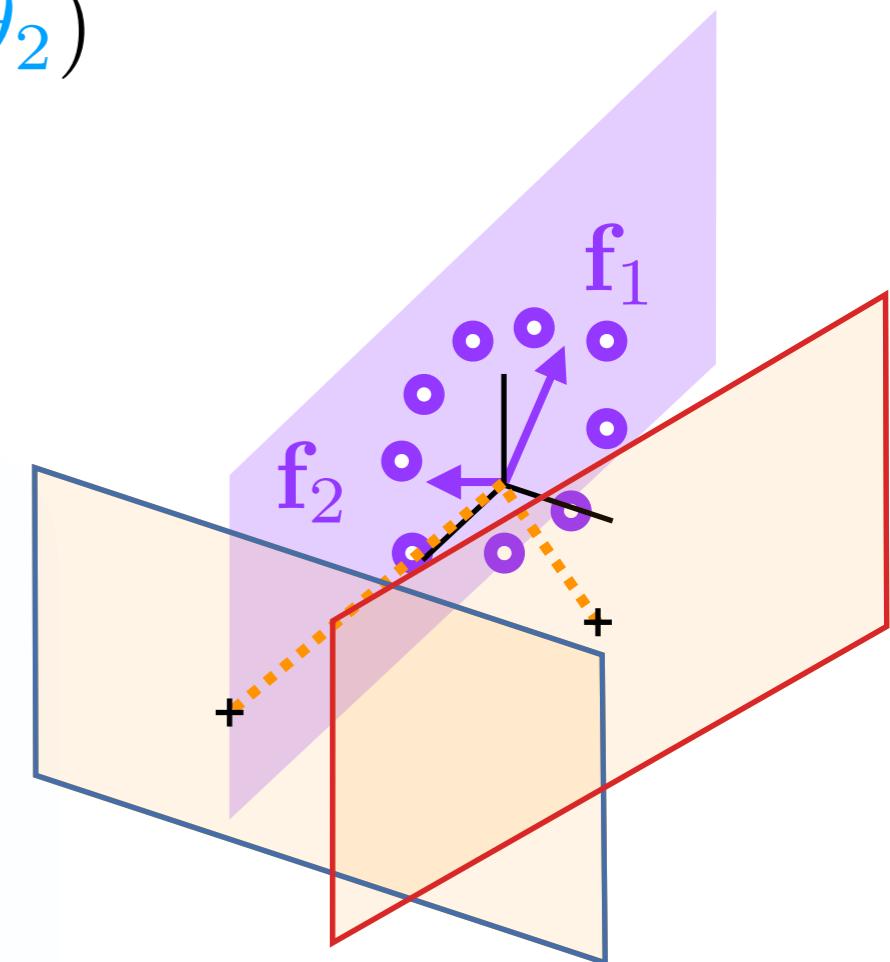
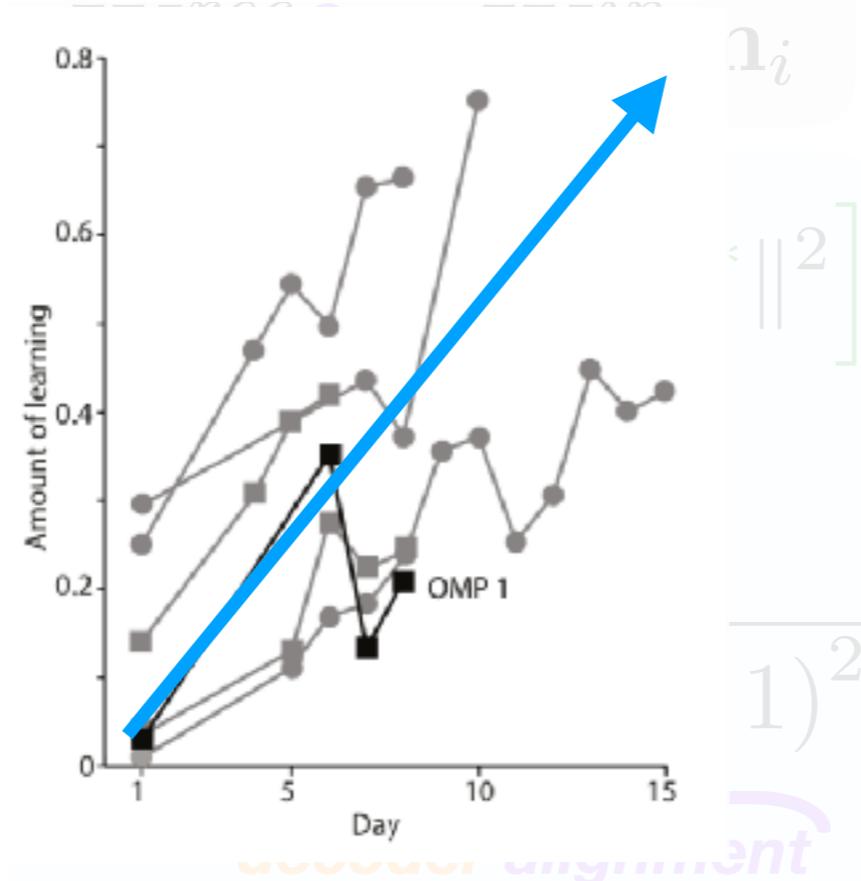
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

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(1) low-dimensional activity

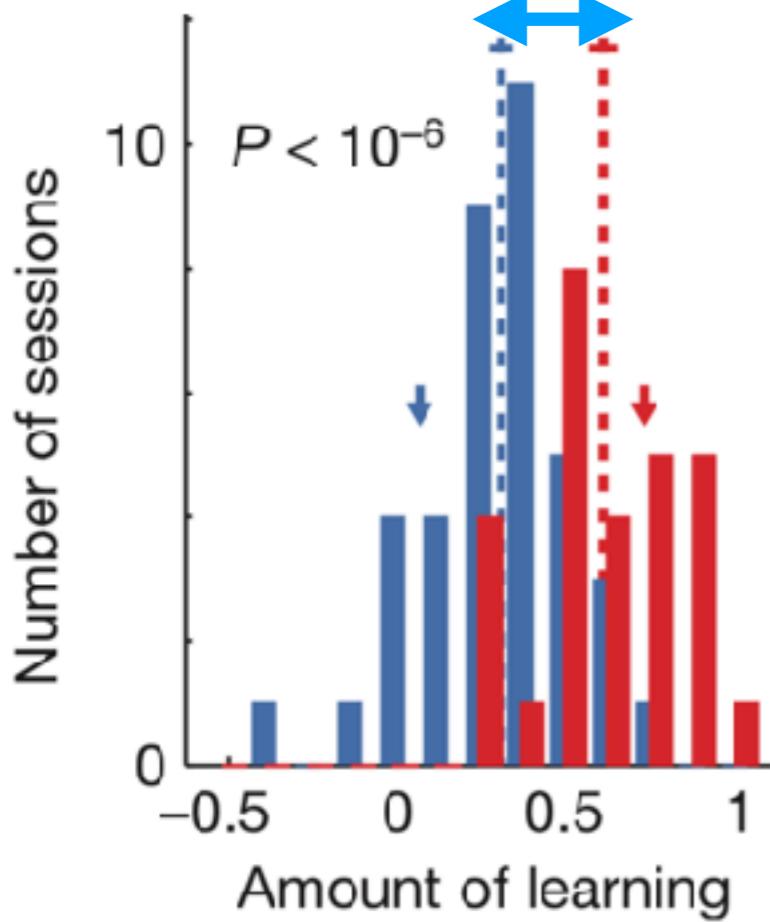
(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

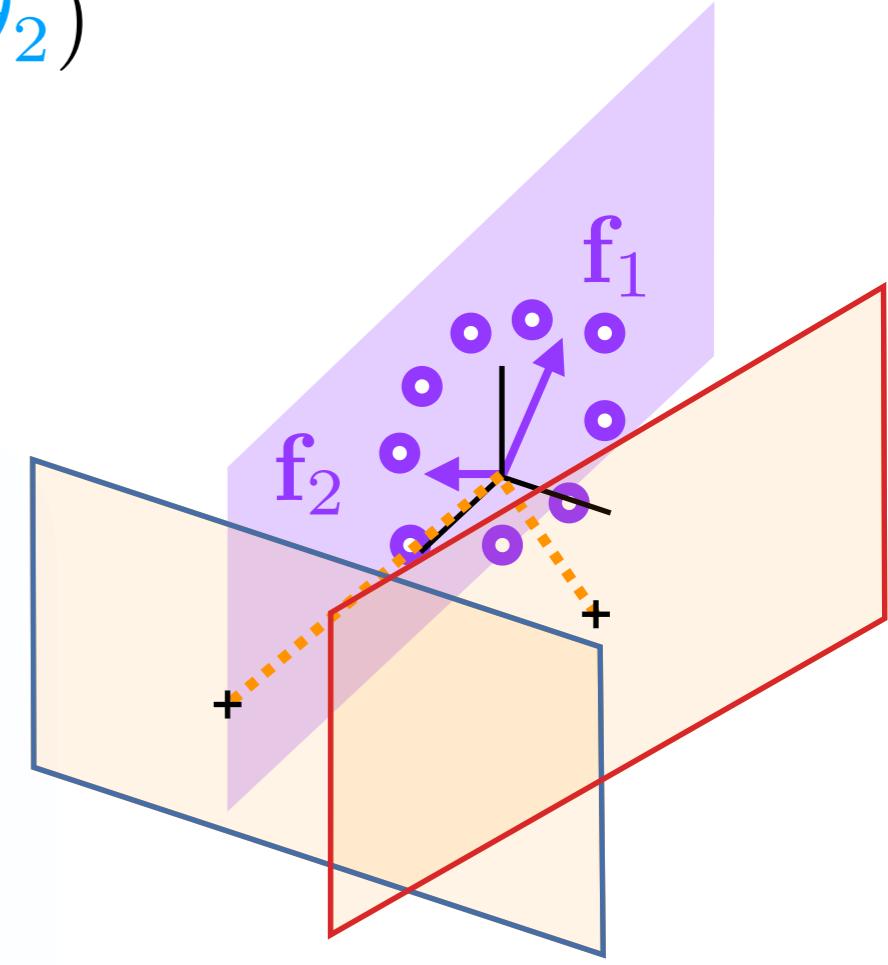
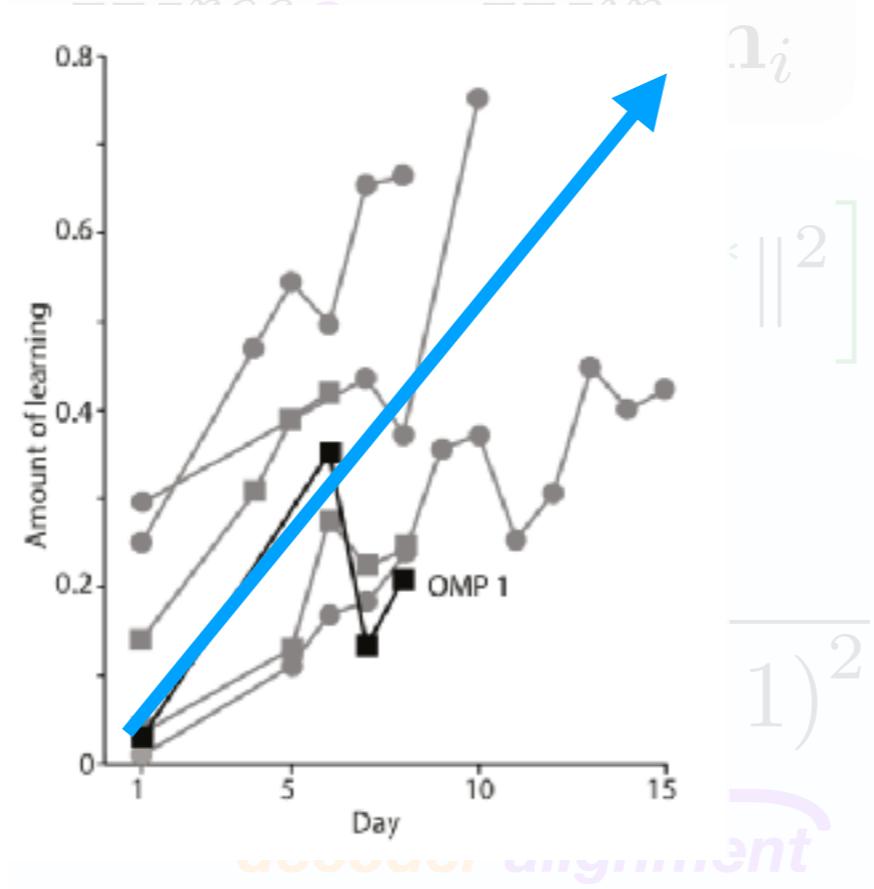
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 +$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2)$$

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(1) low-dimensional activity

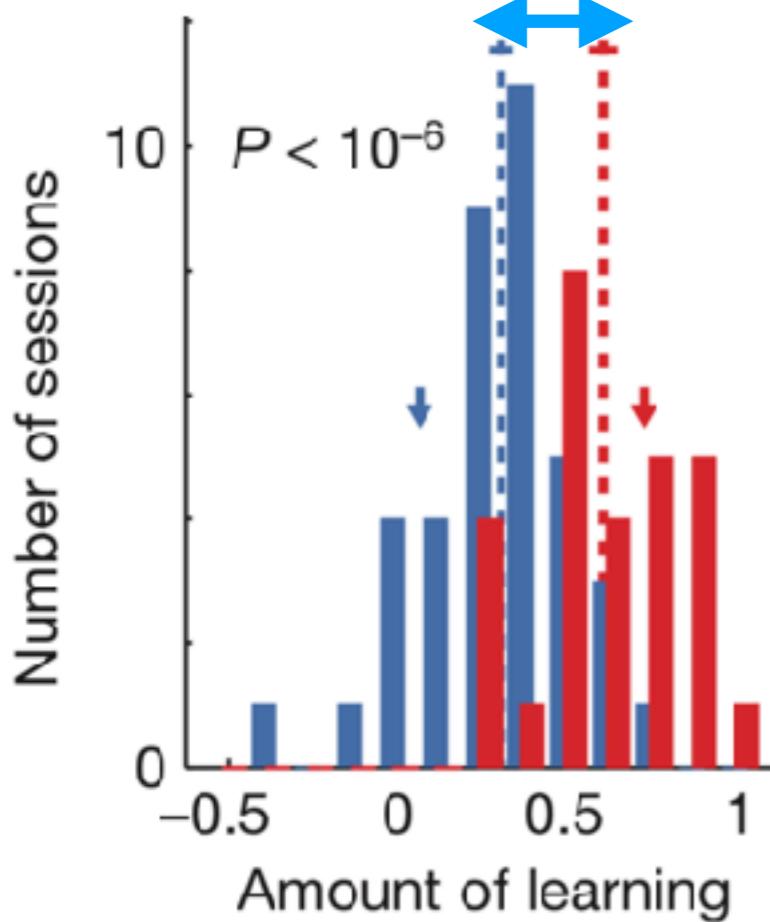
(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

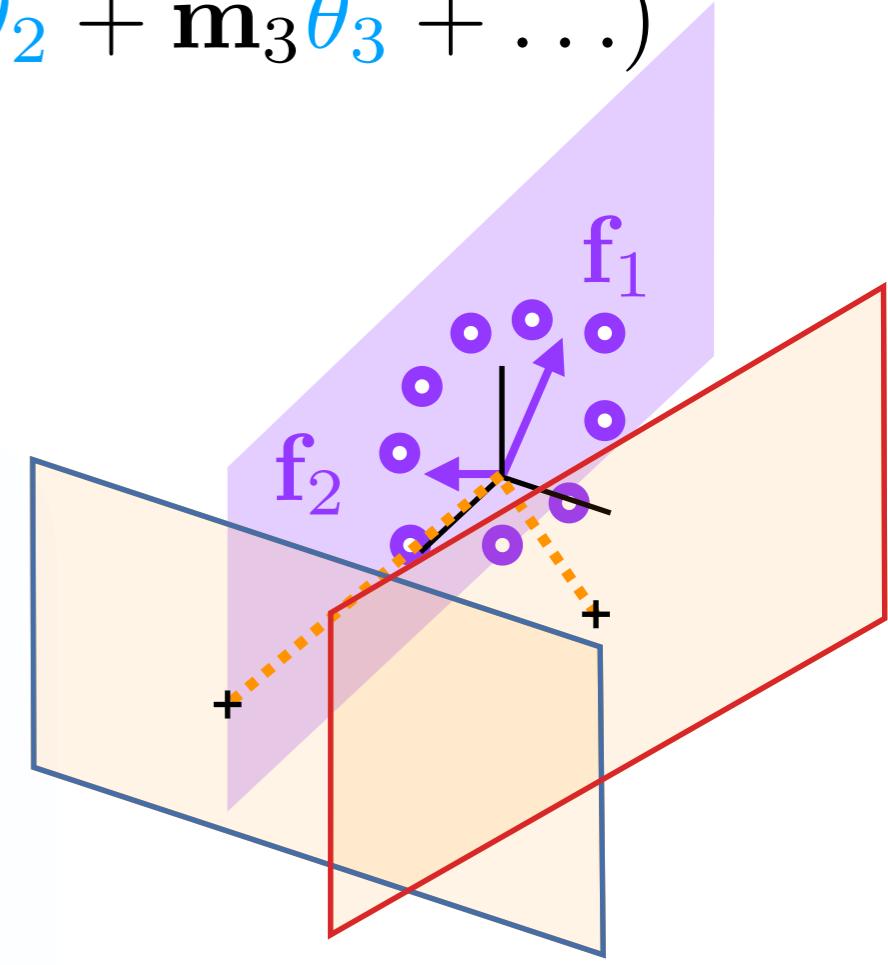
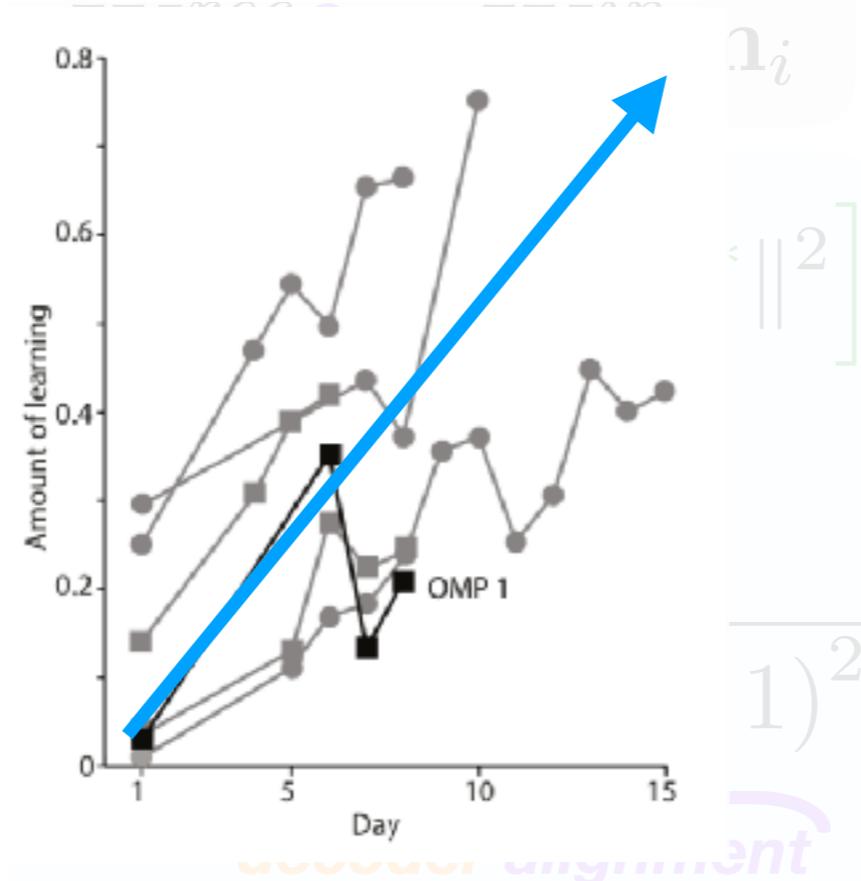
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 + \dots$

$$\tau \dot{\mathbf{x}} = -\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{rec}\mathbf{x} + \mathbf{W}^{in} (\mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 + \dots)$$

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(1) low-dimensional activity

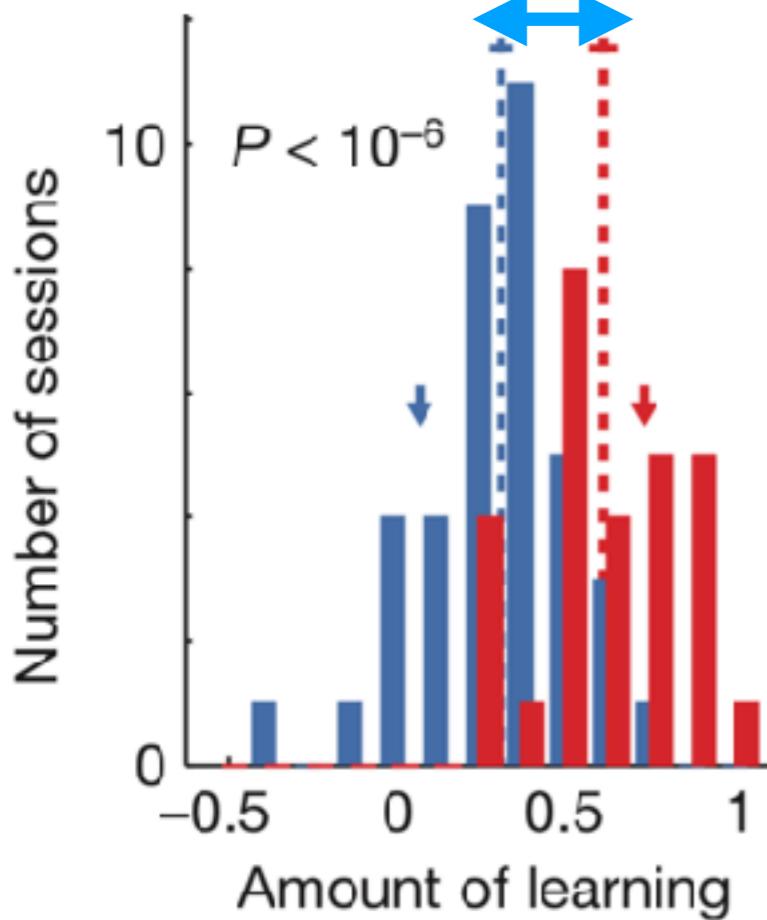
(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

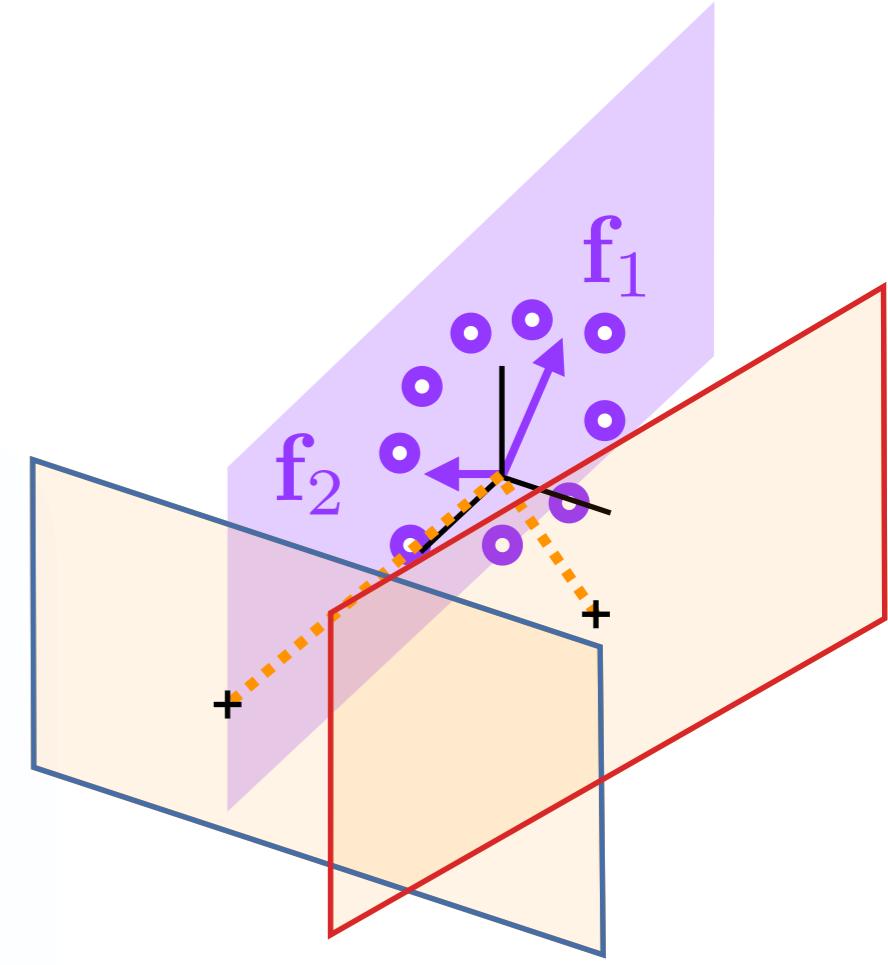
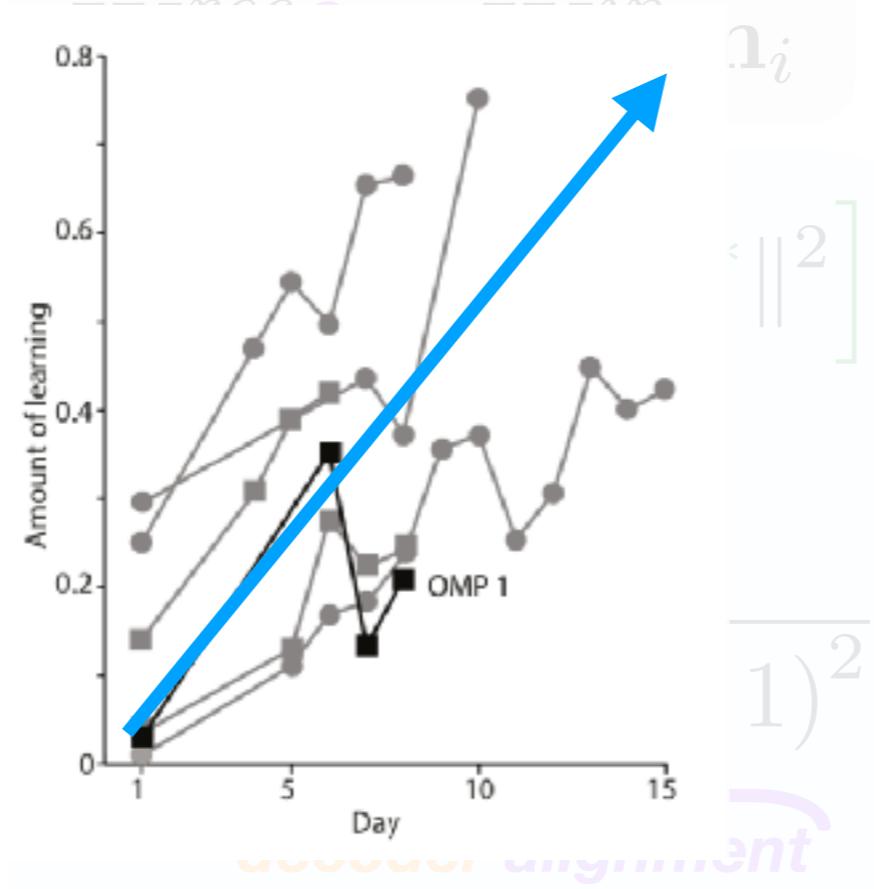
Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 +$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2 + \dots + \mathbf{f}_K\theta_K$$

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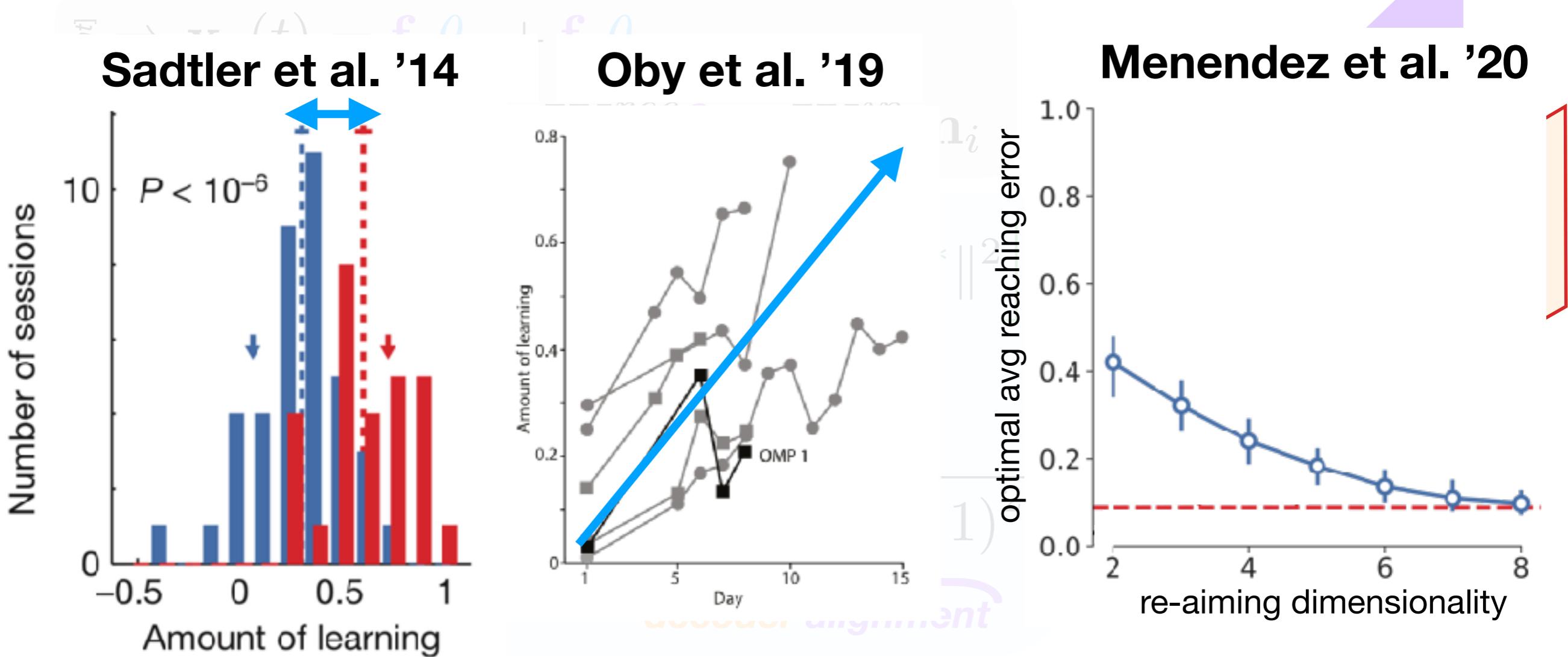
(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning \sim alignment

“re-aiming”

Linear dynamics: $\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \mathbf{x}$, $\mathbf{u}_\theta = \mathbf{m}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{m}_2\theta_2 + \mathbf{m}_3\theta_3 +$

$$\Rightarrow \mathbf{x}_\theta(t) = \mathbf{f}_1\theta_1 + \mathbf{f}_2\theta_2 + \dots + \mathbf{f}_K\theta_K$$



- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

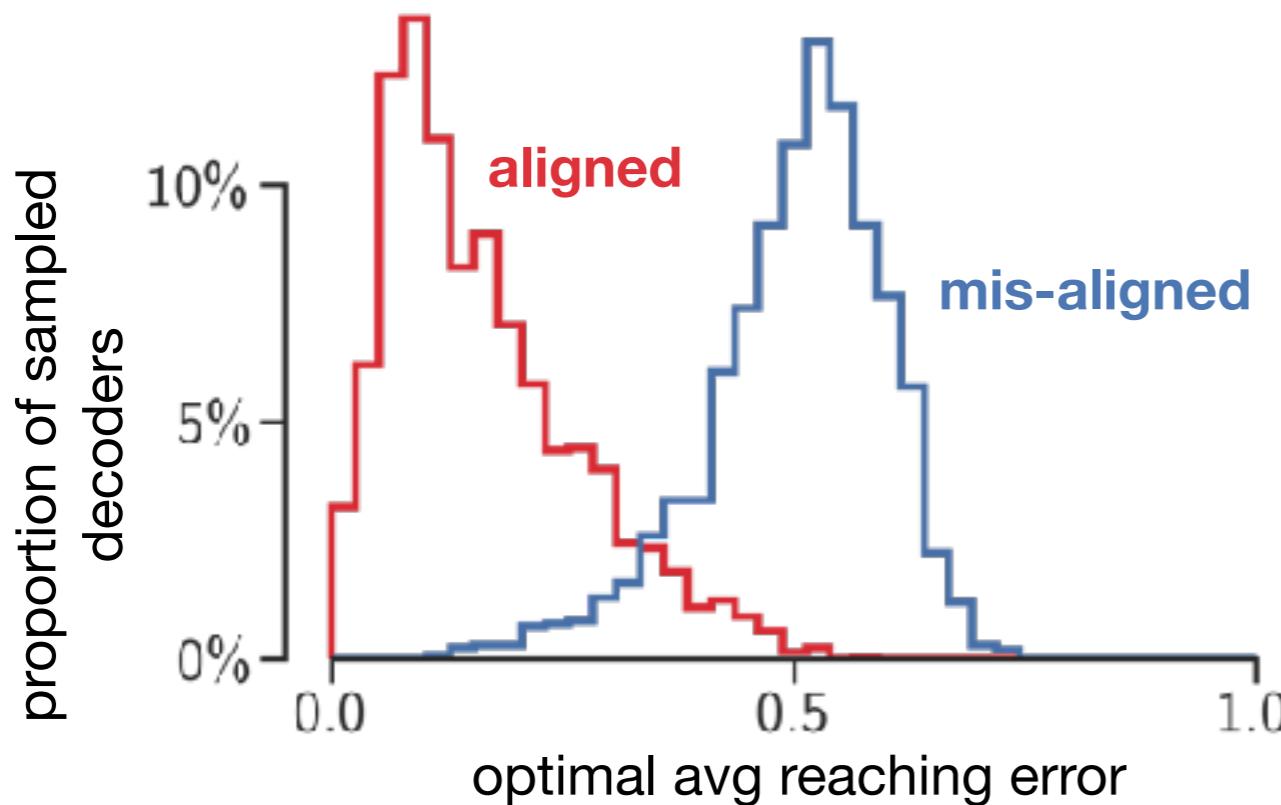
(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\boldsymbol{\theta})$$



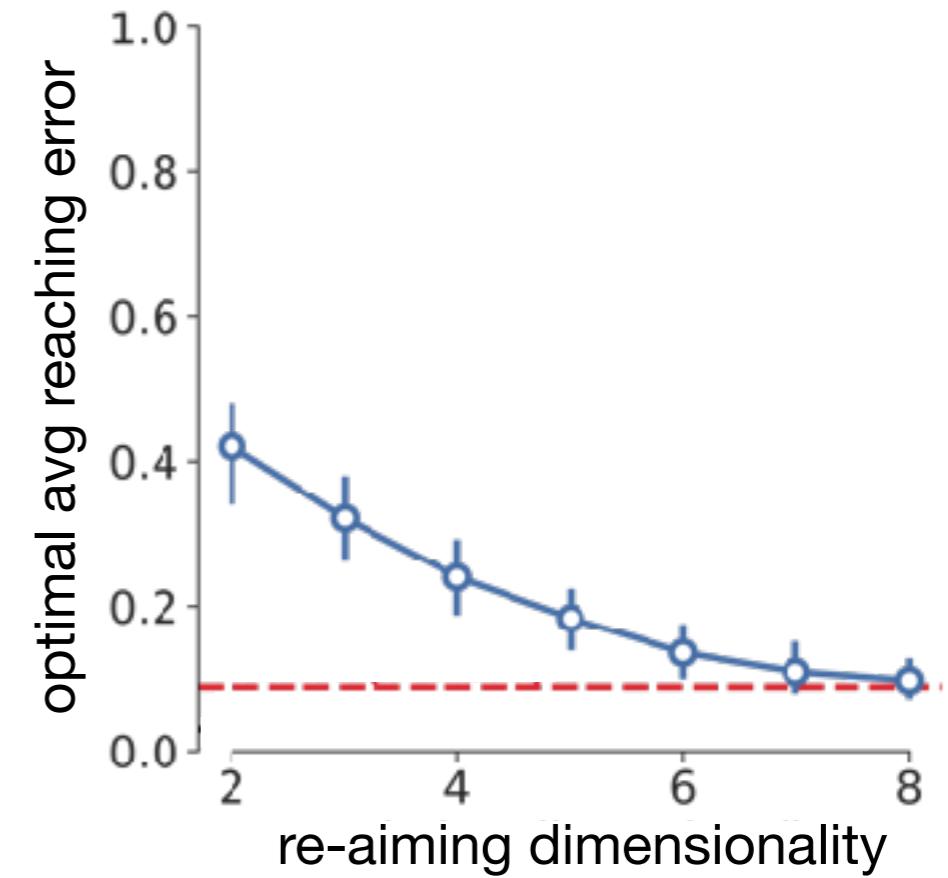
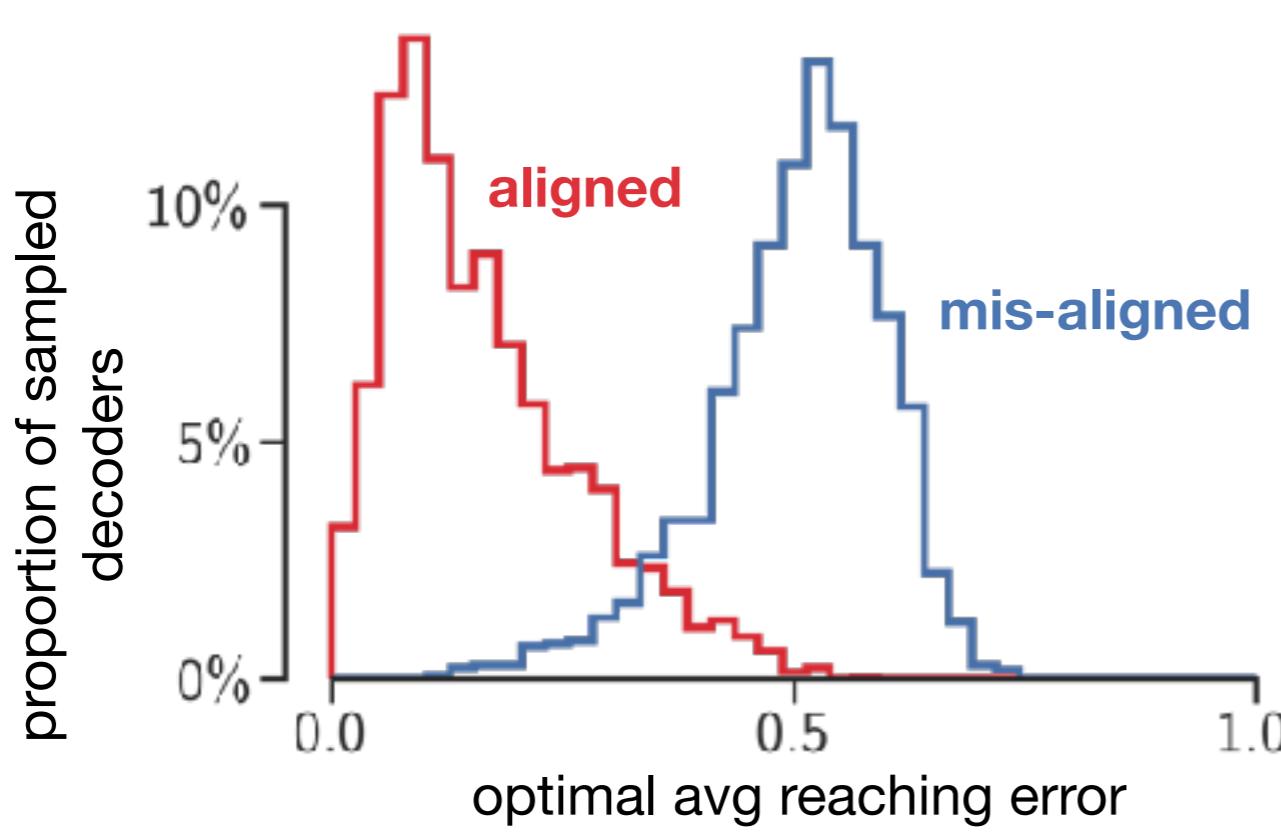
(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\boldsymbol{\theta})$$



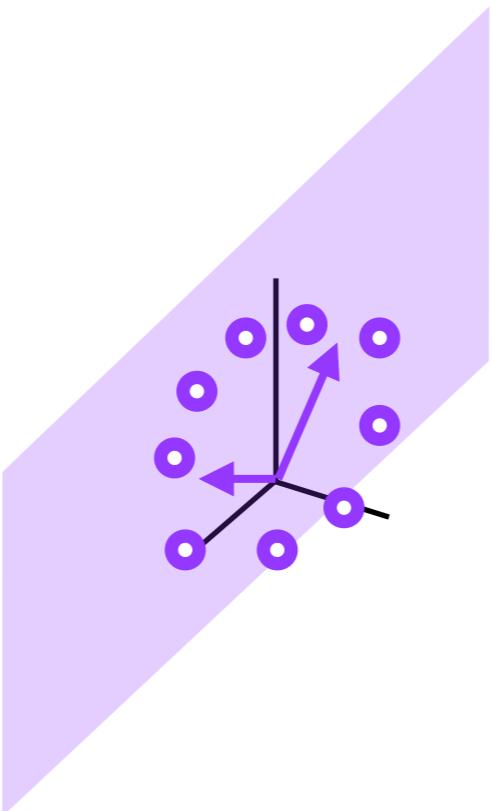
(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\boldsymbol{\theta})$$



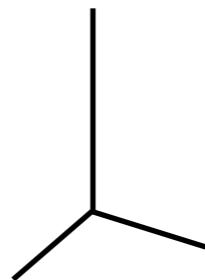
(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\boldsymbol{\theta})$$



(1) low-dimensional activity

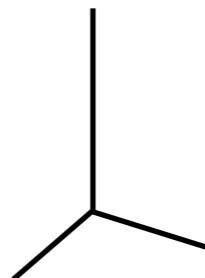
(2) learning \sim alignment

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

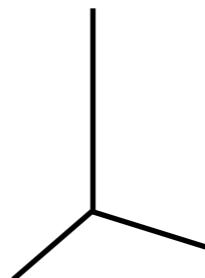
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

► angle



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

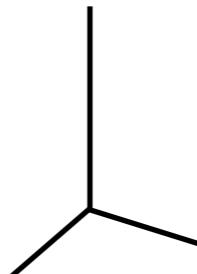
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

- ▶ angle
- ▶ magnitude



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

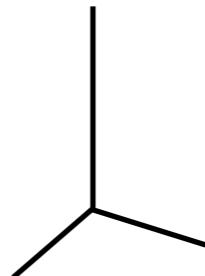
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

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2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

- ▶ angle
- ▶ magnitude



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

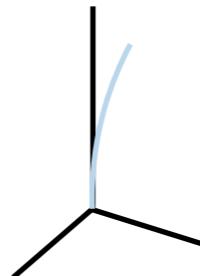
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

- ▶ angle
- ▶ magnitude



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

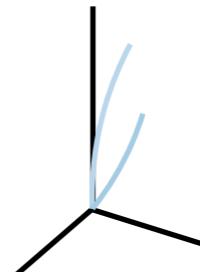
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

- ▶ angle
- ▶ magnitude



(1) low-dimensional activity

(2) learning ~ alignment

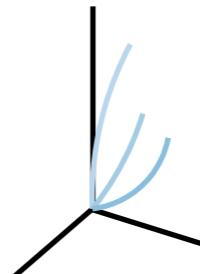
} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

$$\phi(\mathbf{x}) = \text{ReLU}(\mathbf{x}), \quad \mathbf{u}_\theta = \phi(\mathbf{M}\theta)$$

2D re-aiming: $\theta \in \mathbb{R}^2$

- ▶ angle
- ▶ magnitude



(1) low-dimensional activity

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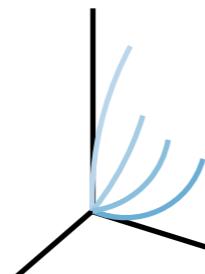
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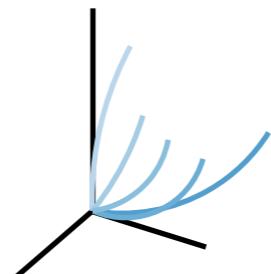
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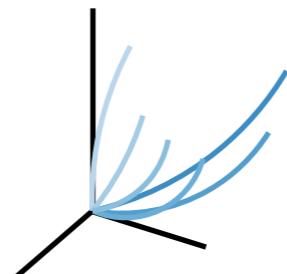
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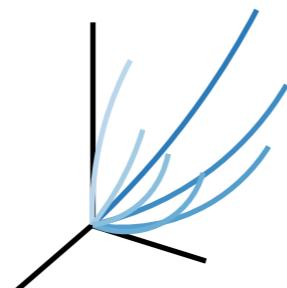
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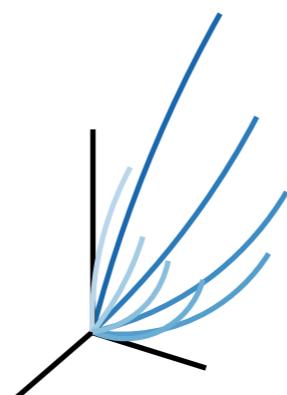
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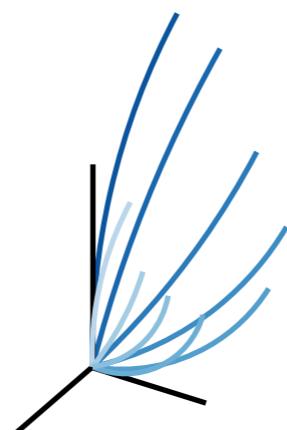
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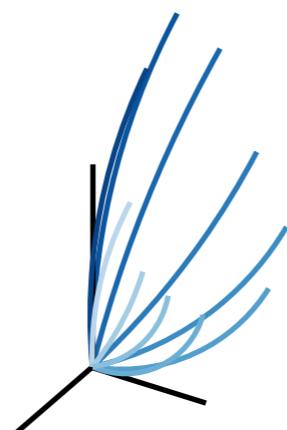
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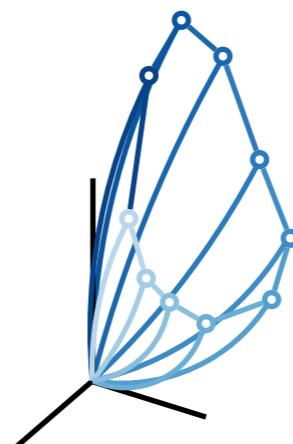
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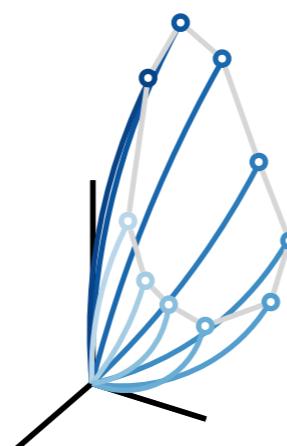
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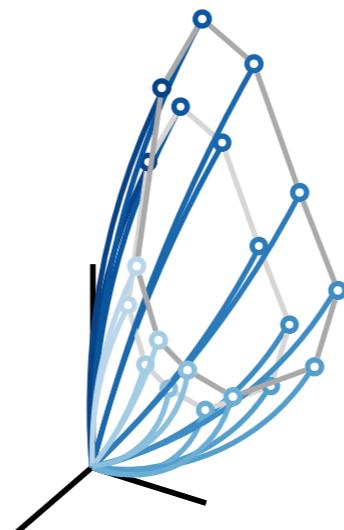
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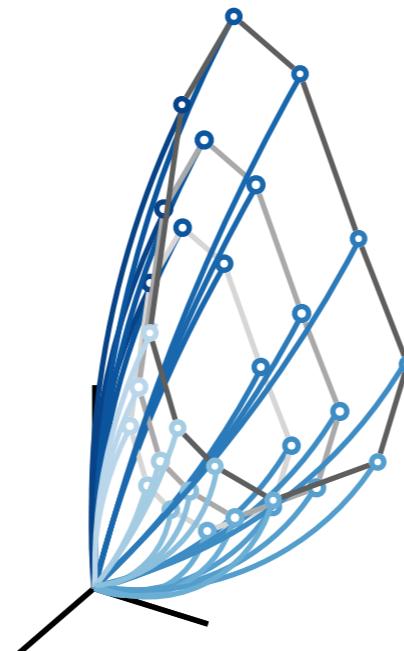
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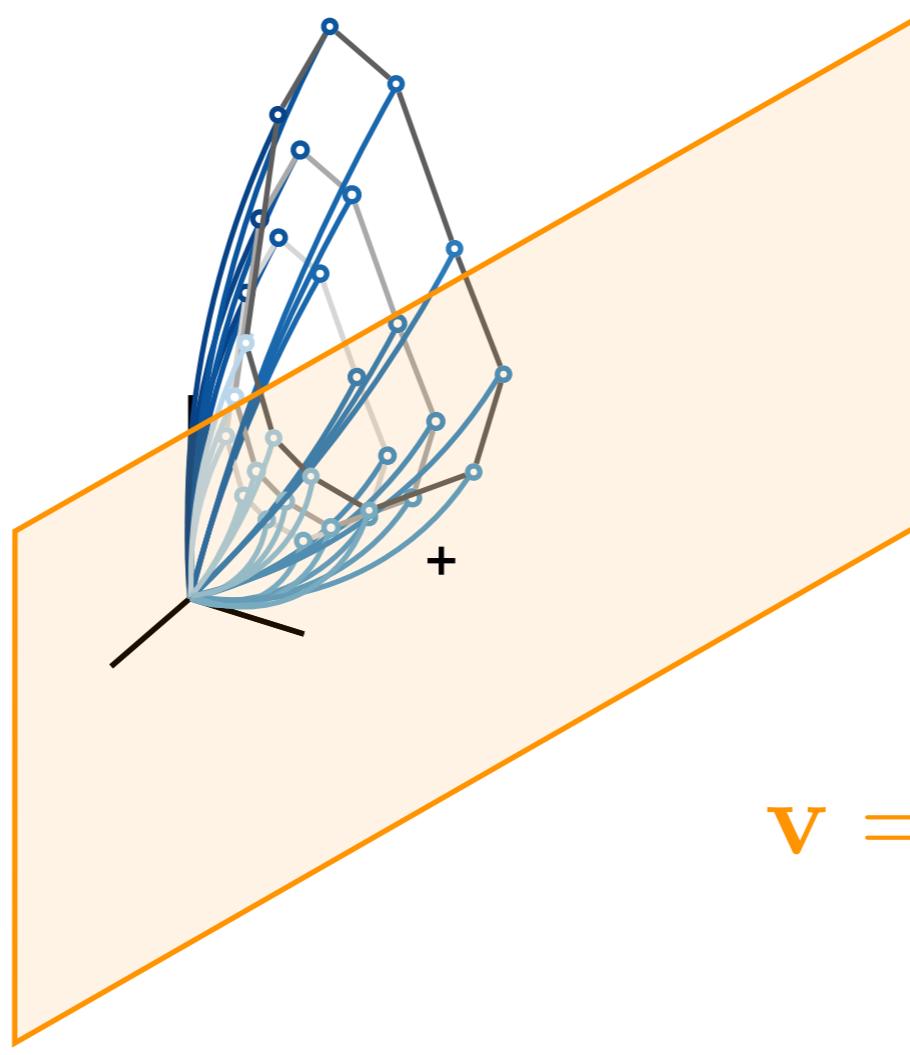
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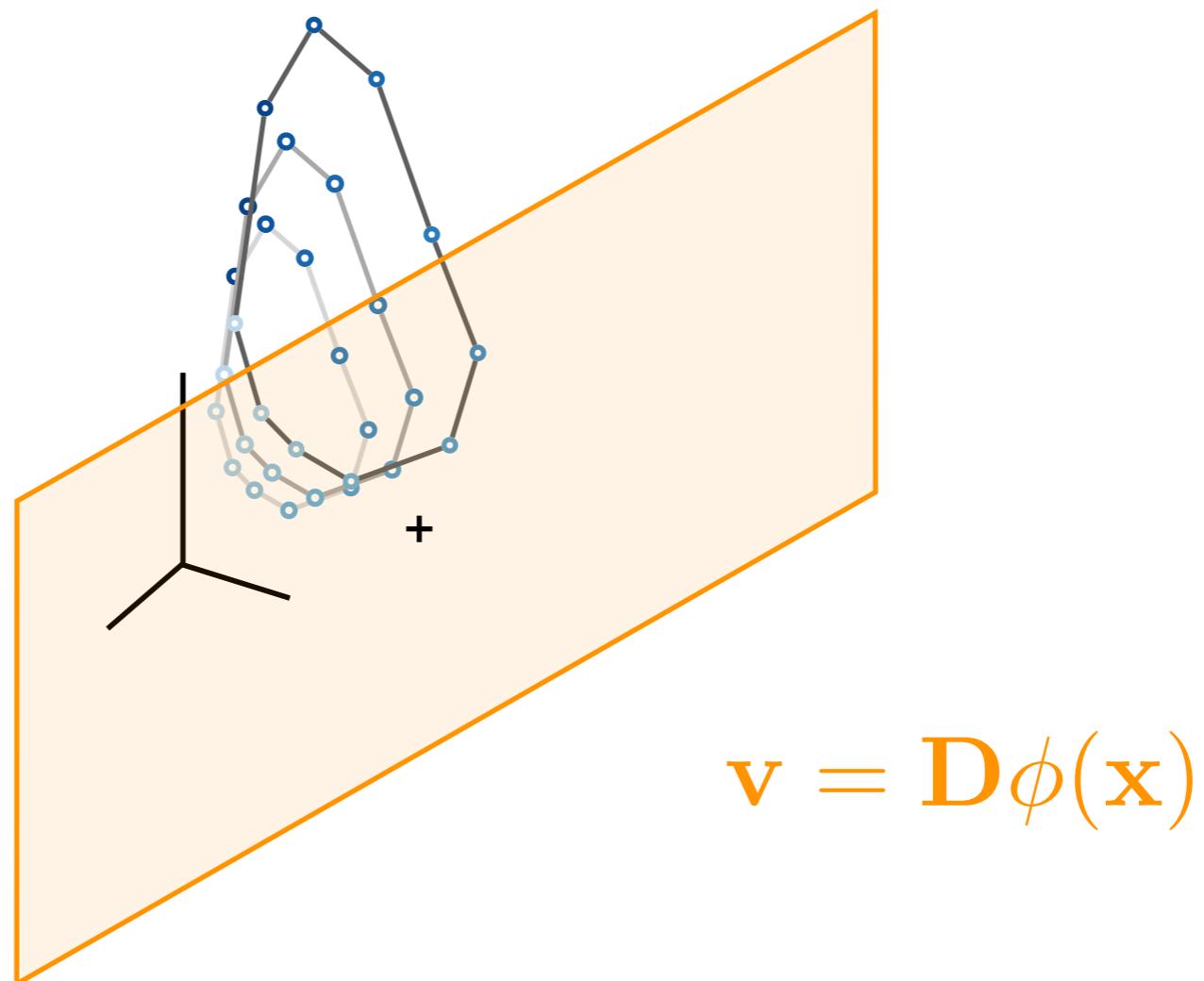
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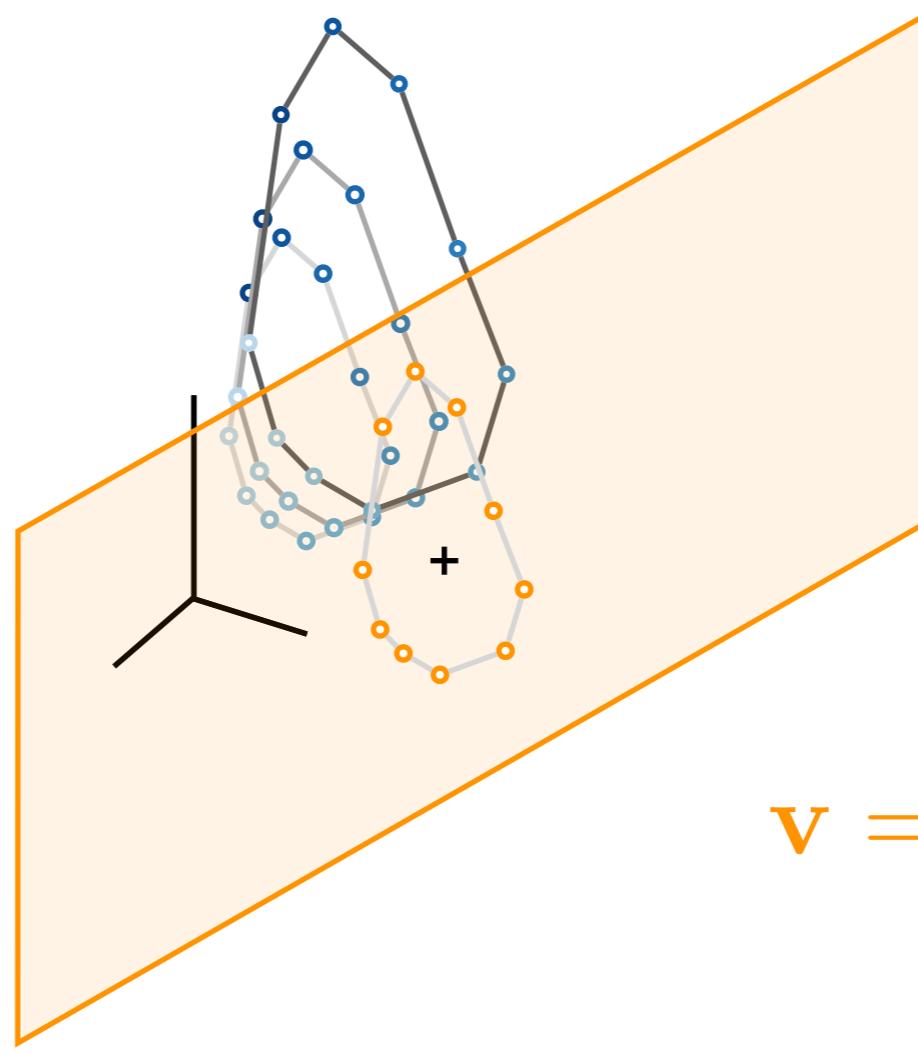
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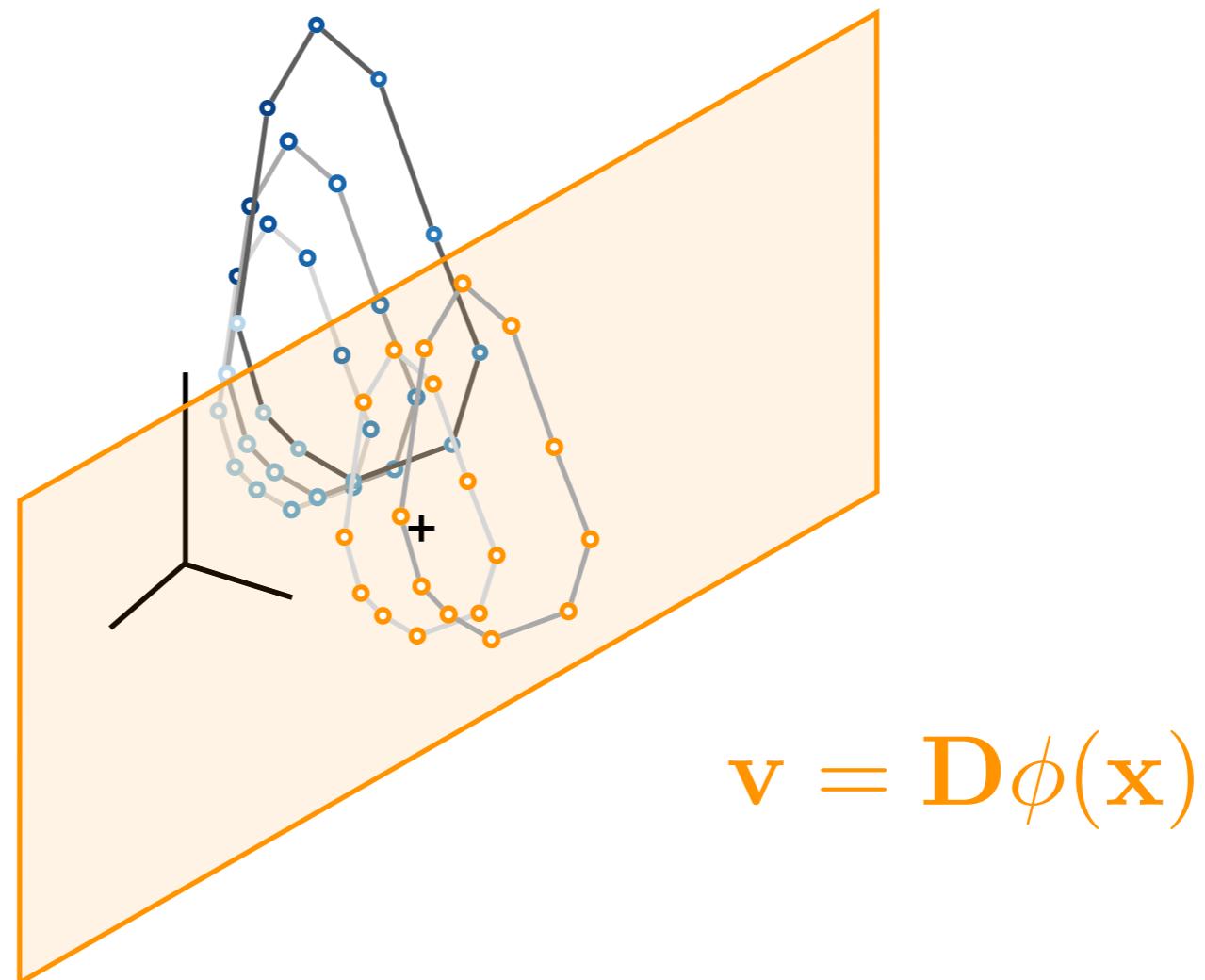
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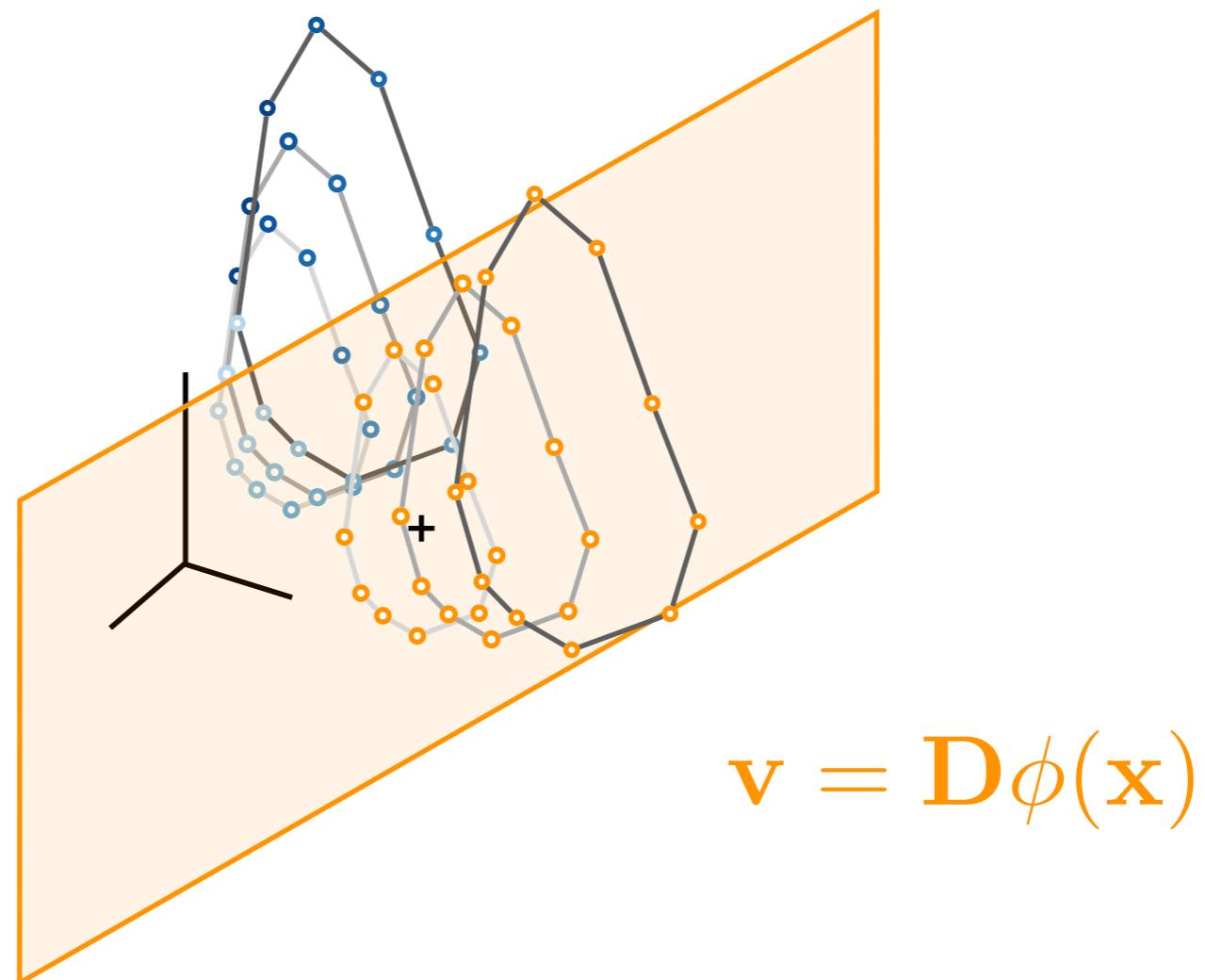
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- ▶ angle
- ▶ magnitude



- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment
- (3) behavioral asymmetry

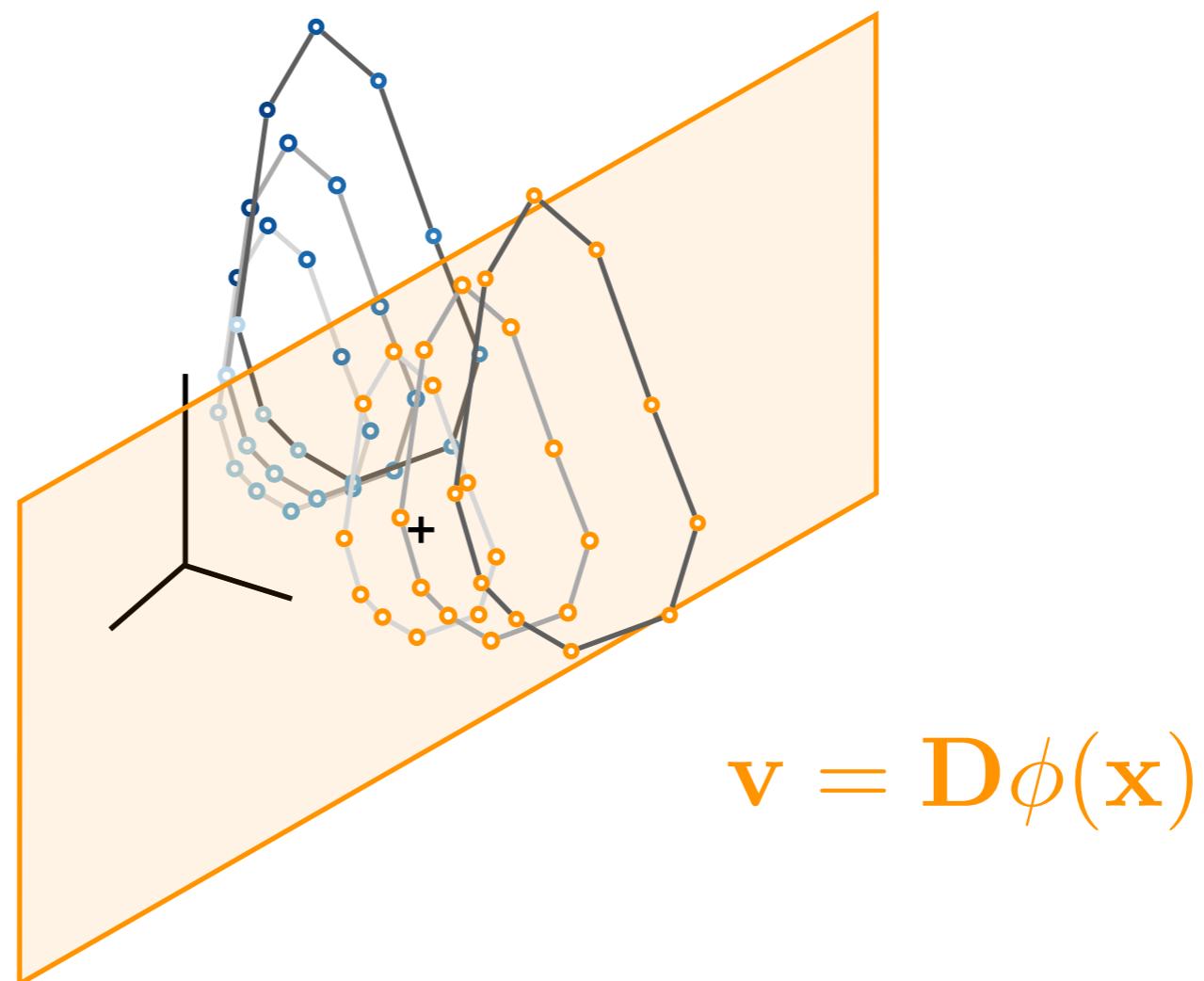
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- ▶ angle
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- (3) behavioral asymmetry

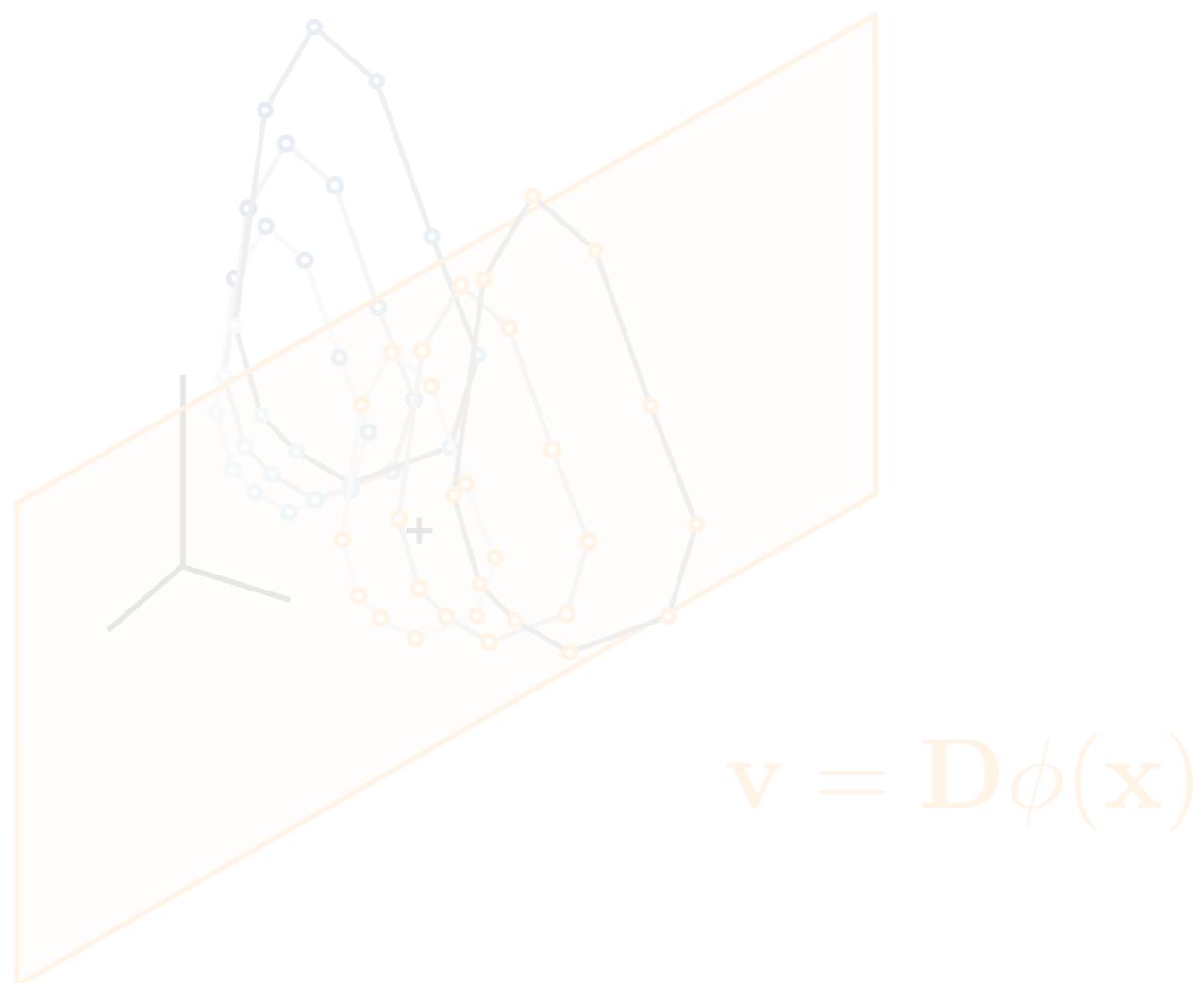
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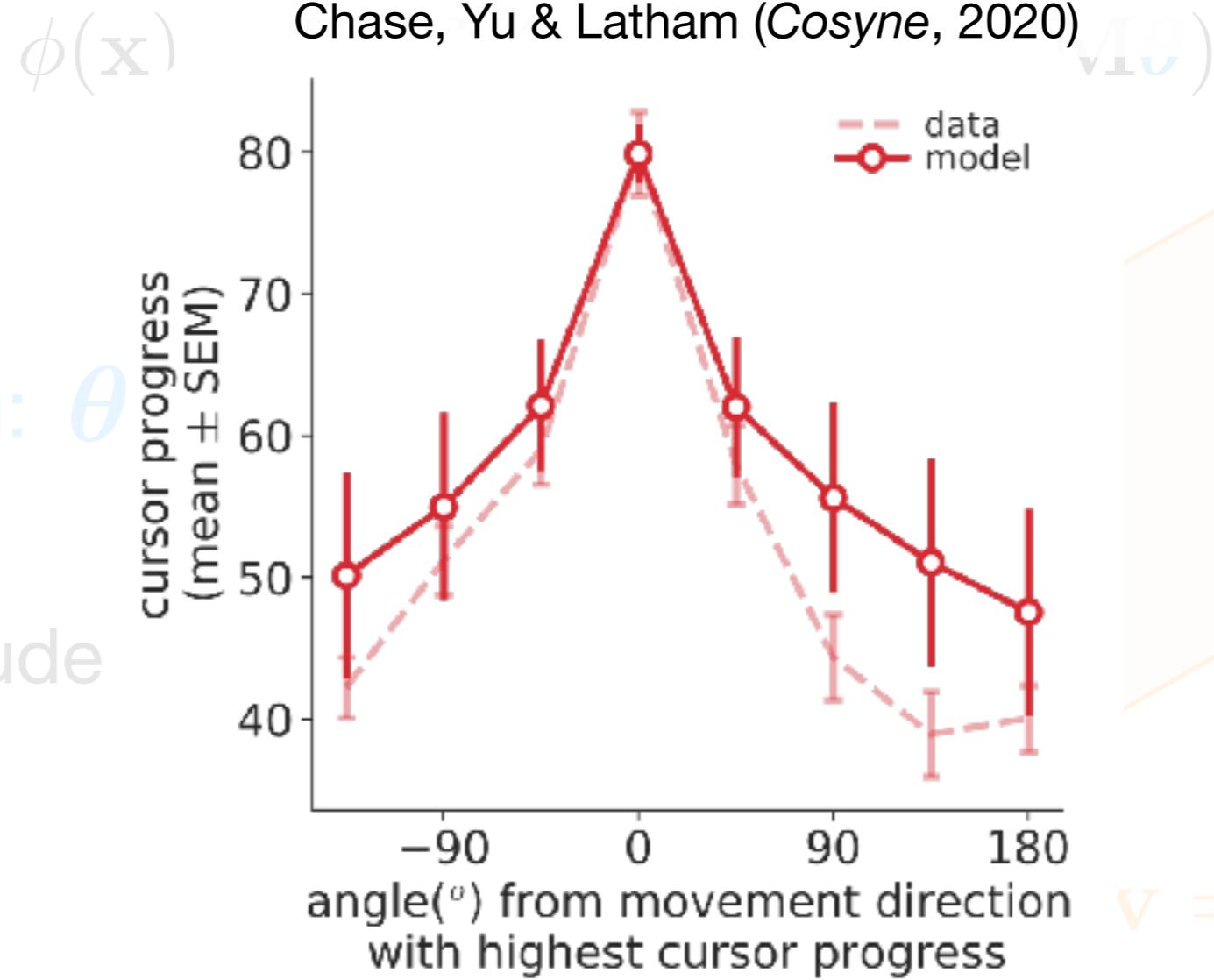
- (1) low-dimensional activity
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- (3) behavioral asymmetry

} “re-aiming”

Non-linear dynamics?

Menendez, Hennig, Golub, Oby, Batista,

Chase, Yu & Latham (Cosyne, 2020)



2D re-aiming: θ

- angle
- magnitude

$$\mathbf{v} = \mathbf{D}\phi(\mathbf{x})$$

- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment
- (3) behavioral asymmetry

} “re-aiming”

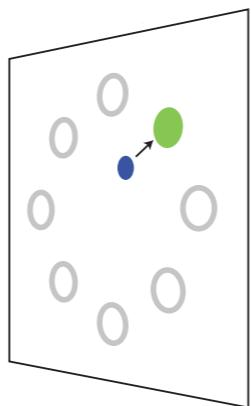
Future directions

- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment
- (3) behavioral asymmetry

} “re-aiming”

Future directions

closed-loop control

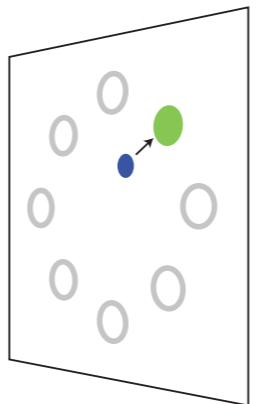


- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment
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} “re-aiming”

Future directions

closed-loop control



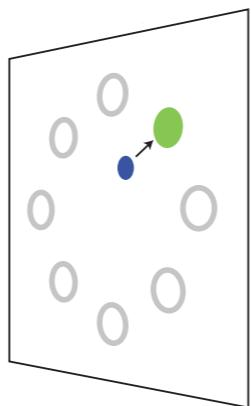
$$\theta^*(t) = \arg \min_{\theta(t)} \int_t^T \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}(\tau) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 d\tau$$

- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment
- (3) behavioral asymmetry

} “re-aiming”

Future directions

closed-loop control



$$\theta^*(t) = \arg \min_{\theta(t)} \int_t^T \|\mathbf{D}\mathbf{x}(\tau) - \mathbf{v}^*\|^2 d\tau$$

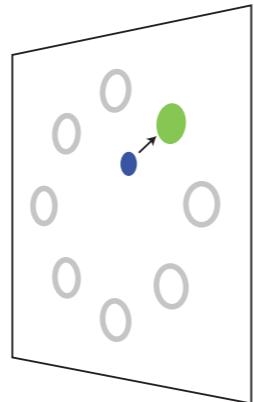
what is learned vs. *how* it is learned

- (1) low-dimensional activity
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closed-loop control



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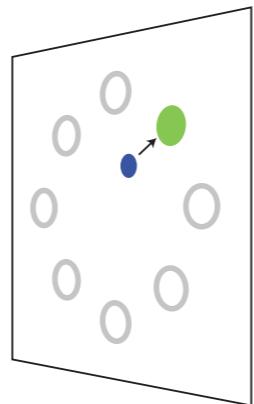
what does this tell us about **motor learning**?

- (1) low-dimensional activity
- (2) learning ~ alignment
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} “re-aiming”

Future directions

closed-loop control



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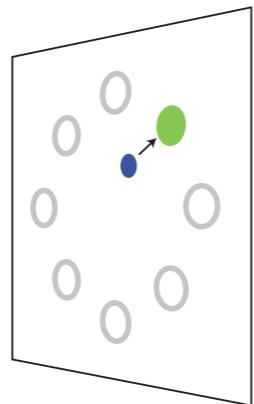
re-aiming = learning a **sensorimotor map**

- (1) low-dimensional activity
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re-aiming = learning a **sensorimotor map**

low-dimensional **learning strategies**

Acknowledgements

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