## COMPO015 Exercises: Lists

These exercises are taken from Chapter 7, Building Python Programs, A Back to Basics Approach by Stuart Reges, Marty Stepp, and Allison Obourn. **ISBN-10**: 0135205980, **ISBN-13**: 978-0135205983.

1. Write a function called list\_range that returns the range of values in a list of integers. The range is defined as 1 more than the difference between the maximum and minimum values in the list. For example, if a list called lis contains the values [36, 12, 25, 19, 46, 31, 22], the call of list\_range(lis) should return 35. You may assume that the list has at least one element.

## 2. Assessed Question

Write a function called contains that accepts two lists of integers a1 and a2 as parameters and that returns a Boolean value indicating whether or not the sequence of elements in a2 appears in a1 (True for yes, False for no). The sequence must appear consecutively and in the same order. For example, consider the following lists:

The call of contains(list1, list2) should return True because the sequence of values in list2 [1, 2, 1] is contained in list1 starting at index 5. If list2 had stored the values [2, 1, 2], the call of contains(list1, list2) would return False. Any two lists with identical elements are considered to contain each other. Every list contains the empty list, and the empty list does not contain any lists other than the empty list itself.

3. Write a function called is\_magic\_square that accepts a two-dimensional list of integers as a parameter and returns True if it is a magic square. A square matrix is a magic square if all of its row, column and diagonal sums are equal. For example, [[2, 7, 6], [9, 5, 1], [4, 3, 8]] is a square matrix because all eight of the sums are exactly 15. Another example of a magic square is: [[16, 3, 2, 13], [5, 10, 11, 8], [9, 6, 7, 12], [4, 15, 14, 1]].

Further problems can be found at: <a href="https://www.codestepbystep.com">https://codingbat.com/python</a>