Homework #10

The Postal Service

Due: Dec. 6 by 11:59:59 PM **Assigned:** November 27, 2018

IMPORTANT NOTES: The extra credit option cannot simply be tacked on. You will have to design your program for the extra credit from the beginning. There are also NO late submissions for this homework.

Until 2009, the US Postal Service printed a bar code on every envelope representing the zip code using a format called POSTNET. We will be doing the same with 5-digit zip codes. POSTNET consists of long and short lines, as seen below:



The POSTNET representation of 67260, WSU's zip code

In the program, the zipcode will be represented by an integer and the corresponding barcode will be represented by a string of digits. The digit 1 will represent the long bar, and the digit 0 will represent the short bar.

The first and last digits of a POSTNET code are **always** 1. Stripping these leaves 25 digits, which can be split into groups of 5. The above example translates into the following string and groups of five:

101100100010010101100110001 01100 10001 00101 01100 11000

Now, we look at each group of 5. There will **always** be two 1's. Depending on its location within the group, each 1 represents a number. When the numbers that the 1's represent are added together, you get that digit of the zip code. The table below translates the underlined group, which represents the number 6.

POSTNET Digits	0	1	1	0	0
Value	7	4	2	1	0

We see that the 1's correspond to the values of 4 and 2, respectively. Adding them up gives us 6, which is the first digit of the zip code (and also the fourth since the same group appears again, due to the zip code having two 6's)

In order to represent the number 0, the 1's will add up to a value of 11. This is done because of the requirement that every group of five always has two 1's in it.

Requirements:

- NOTE: Typically, I have tried to make the extra credit something that can be tacked on to the
 regular assignment. This is not the case here. The extra credit option will still use much of
 the same logic, but it requires that the homework be designed in a fundamentally different
 manner
- Name your source file program10.cpp
- These are the first ~50 lines of code (Don't forget the required comment block!):

```
#include <iostream>
   #include <fstream>
  #include <string>
  using namespace std;
   struct Zipcode {
       int romanZipcode;
       string postnetCode; // Does not store the leading and trailing 1
  };
10
11
  // Accepts both roman and barcode formats,
  // fills both struct members
   Zipcode fillZipcode(const string zip);
15
   // Conversion of roman zip code to bar code
16
   string romanToPOSTNET(const int r);
17
18
   // Conversion of bar code to roman zip code
19
   int postnetToRoman(const string p);
20
21
   void printRomanZip(const Zipcode zip);
   void printPOSTNET(const Zipcode zip);
23
24
   // Filename will be the roman zip,
   // contents are graphical bar code
   void writeToFile(const Zipcode zip);
29
   * Argument is used to display appropriate prompt to user
   * Gets zip code from user
   * Creates and assigns to a Zipcode struct
   * Prints roman and graphical bar code to screen
   * Creates a file whose name is in the format ROMAN.txt where
          ROMAN is the roman zip code, and the contents are the
35
```

```
graphical representation of the bar code
    */
37
   void processZip(int prompt);
39
   int main()
40
41
        int mainMenu;
42
43
        cout << "This program is able to convert zip codes to a "</pre>
44
              << "POSTNET format and vice versa\n"</pre>
              << "\t1. Convert zip code to POSTNET\n"</pre>
46
              << "\t2. Convert POSTNET to zip code\n"</pre>
              << "\t3. Quit\n";
48
        do {
50
            cout << "Please make your selection: ";</pre>
            cin >> mainMenu;
52
            switch(mainMenu) {
54
            case 1:
             case 2:
56
                 processZip(mainMenu);
57
                 break:
58
             default:
59
                 if (mainMenu != 3)
60
                      cout << "Invalid choice...\n";</pre>
61
                 else
62
                      cout << "\n";
63
64
        } while (mainMenu != 3);
65
66
        return 0;
67
   }
68
```

- Implement and use all functions as given
- The main() function will not be altered
- You may declare and use additional functions if needed
- You may assume that a valid zip code is entered, in either format
 - You may also assume that no zip code will be provided that begins with a 0, even though they are legal
- A sample run with zip code input will look something like this (NOTES: Some of the output is
 displayed on multiple lines simply to fit on the page, & the \$ represents the terminal prompt,

you should NOT print it in your code):
<pre>\$./prog10 This program is able to convert zip codes to a POSTNET format and vice versa</pre>
Enter a zip code in roman format (#####): 67260
Your zip code is 67260, and the bar code looks like this:
Your zip code was saved in the file 67260.txt \$
A sample run with bar code input will look something like this:
<pre>\$./prog10 This program is able to convert zip codes to a POSTNET format and vice versa</pre>
Enter a zip code in bar code format (1's and 0's): 1011001000100101101100110001
Your zip code is 67260, and the bar code looks like this:

• Yes, choices 1 and 2 provide the exact same output

\$

Your zip code was saved in the file 67260.txt

- The only difference is the prompt that the user sees, and what the user enters

Extra Credit:

- To score up to 125% (an extra 10 points) on this assignment, utilize a class instead
- It will have two constructors
 - The first will take an integer for the zip code
 - The second will take a string, the value of which is the barcode
- The class will only store the zip code in ONE of the formats (integer zip code or bar code string)
- The class will have three public member functions
 - A function to return the zip code as an integer
 - A function to return the zip code as a bar code string
 - A function to print the graphical bar code to the screen OR to a file
 - * The parameter shall be a reference to a stream that the function uses
- Naturally, you will be defining a class instead of a struct, so the beginning of your source file will not look the same
 - HOWEVER, the main() function will still look exactly the same
- You may declare extra helper functions as needed, but they must be privately declared

Hints:

- Making good use of the string class will be very important in this assignment
 - Namely, there are functions called stoi() and to_string() that should come in handy
- This assignment is a culmination of everything that has been learned up to this point
- DO NOT procrastinate
- The first line of the graphical representation is the only one that requires extra thought

Reminders:

- Be sure that your program includes your name, ID, description, etc. as shown in the General Homework Requirements Handout
- Use good style including indentation, comments, etc. Part of the grade will be for style and quality.
- Carefully test your program.

• You are welcome to write your program at home. If you do, be sure to compile and test it in the lab before submitting it.

How to submit your program:

• Submit the file program10.cpp electronically using the following terminal command: For the 12:30 lecture section:

~cs211a/bin/handin 10 program10.cpp

For the 5:35 lecture section:

~cs211b/bin/handin 10 program10.cpp