SIM Denoising Pipeline

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train	61

2 Namespace Index

# **Hierarchical Index**

# 2.1 Class Hierarchy

This inheritance list is sorted roughly, but not completely, alphabetically:

torch.nn.Module
rcan.model.RCAN
rcan.modelchannel_attention_block
rcan.modelresidual_channel_attention_blocks
synthetic_sim.otf.PsfParameters
generate_sim.SimulationRunner
generate_sim.Simulator
Dataset
rcan.data generator.SIM Dataset

4 Hierarchical Index

# **Class Index**

# 3.1 Class List

Here are the classes, structs, unions and interfaces with brief descriptions:

rcan.modelchannel_attention_block	
Implements channel attention block/layer	69
rcan.modelresidual_channel_attention_blocks	
Implements residual group based on [1]	72
synthetic_sim.otf.PsfParameters	
Class to store PSF parameters	74
rcan.model.RCAN	
Builds a residual channel attention network	76
rcan.data_generator.SIM_Dataset	
Generates batches of images with real-time data augmentation	79
generate_sim.SimulationRunner	
Class which performs a batch of simulations, either sequentially or in parallel	83
generate_sim.Simulator	
The Simulator class encapsulates the state of a 3D microscope simulation	86

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# File Index

# 4.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:

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# **Namespace Documentation**

# 5.1 analyse Namespace Reference

#### **Functions**

• def reshape\_to\_bcwh (data)

#### **Variables**

```
• parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
type
• str
· required

    default

• args = parser.parse_args()
• output_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output_dir)
parents
• True
· exist ok
• tuple device

    ckpt

    model

• RCAN_hyperparameters = ckpt["hyperparameters"]
• gt_dir = pathlib.Path(args.gt_dir)
• raw_dir = pathlib.Path(args.raw_dir)
• model_1_dir = pathlib.Path(args.model_1_dir)
• gt_files = sorted(list(gt_dir.glob(args.glob_str)))
raw_files = sorted(list(raw_dir.glob(args.glob_str)))
model_1_files = sorted(list(model_1_dir.glob(args.glob_str)))
• model_2_dir = pathlib.Path(args.model_2_dir)

    model_2_files = sorted(list(model_2_dir.glob(args.glob_str)))

• psnr = PSNR(data_range=65536, device=device)
• ssim
• df
• N = len(gt files)
```

def gt = reshape\_to\_bcwh(tifffile.imread(gt\_files[i]))

def raw = reshape\_to\_bcwh(tifffile.imread(raw\_files[i]))
def model\_1 = reshape\_to\_bcwh(tifffile.imread(model\_1\_files[i]))
def model\_2 = reshape\_to\_bcwh(tifffile.imread(model\_2\_files[i]))
rng = np.random.default\_rng(seed=31052024)
img\_idx = list(range(N))
list gt\_samples = [np.squeeze(tifffile.imread(gt\_files[i])) for i in img\_idx]
list raw\_samples = [np.squeeze(tifffile.imread(raw\_files[i])) for i in img\_idx]
list model\_1\_samples
list model\_2\_samples

#### 5.1.1 Function Documentation

# 5.1.1.1 reshape\_to\_bcwh()

• cmap

#### 5.1.2 Variable Documentation

#### 5.1.2.1 args

```
analyse.args = parser.parse_args()
```

#### 5.1.2.2 ckpt

analyse.ckpt

#### 5.1.2.3 cmap

analyse.cmap

#### 5.1.2.4 default

analyse.default

# 5.1.2.5 device

tuple analyse.device

#### Initial value:

```
1 = (
2          torch.device("cuda") if torch.cuda.is_available() else torch.device("cpu")
3          )
```

#### 5.1.2.6 df

analyse.df

#### Initial value:

# 5.1.2.7 exist\_ok

analyse.exist\_ok

#### 5.1.2.8 gt

```
def analyse.gt = reshape_to_bcwh(tifffile.imread(gt_files[i]))
```

# 5.1.2.9 gt\_dir

```
analyse.gt_dir = pathlib.Path(args.gt_dir)
```

# 5.1.2.10 gt\_files

```
analyse.gt_files = sorted(list(gt_dir.glob(args.glob_str)))
```

# 5.1.2.11 gt\_samples

```
list \ analyse.gt\_samples = [np.squeeze(tifffile.imread(gt\_files[i])) \ for \ i \ in \ img\_idx]
```

# 5.1.2.12 img\_idx

```
analyse.img_idx = list(range(N))
```

#### 5.1.2.13 int

analyse.int

#### 5.1.2.14 model

analyse.model

# 5.1.2.15 model\_1

```
def analyse.model_1 = reshape_to_bcwh(tifffile.imread(model_1_files[i]))
```

# 5.1.2.16 model\_1\_dir

```
analyse.model_1_dir = pathlib.Path(args.model_1_dir)
```

# 5.1.2.17 model\_1\_files

```
analyse.model_1_files = sorted(list(model_1_dir.glob(args.glob_str)))
```

# 5.1.2.18 model\_1\_samples

```
list analyse.model_1_samples
```

#### Initial value:

# 5.1.2.19 model\_2

```
def analyse.model_2 = reshape_to_bcwh(tifffile.imread(model_2_files[i]))
```

#### 5.1.2.20 model\_2\_dir

```
analyse.model_2_dir = pathlib.Path(args.model_2_dir)
```

# 5.1.2.21 model\_2\_files

```
list analyse.model_2_files = sorted(list(model_2_dir.glob(args.glob_str)))
```

# 5.1.2.22 model\_2\_samples

```
analyse.model_2_samples
```

#### Initial value:

# 5.1.2.23 N

```
analyse.N = len(gt_files)
```

#### 5.1.2.24 output\_dir

```
analyse.output_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output_dir)
```

#### 5.1.2.25 parents

```
analyse.parents
```

#### 5.1.2.26 parser

```
analyse.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
```

# 5.1.2.27 psnr

```
analyse.psnr = PSNR(data_range=65536, device=device)
```

#### 5.1.2.28 raw

```
def analyse.raw = reshape_to_bcwh(tifffile.imread(raw_files[i]))
```

# 5.1.2.29 raw\_dir

```
analyse.raw_dir = pathlib.Path(args.raw_dir)
```

#### 5.1.2.30 raw\_files

```
analyse.raw_files = sorted(list(raw_dir.glob(args.glob_str)))
```

# 5.1.2.31 raw\_samples

```
list analyse.raw_samples = [np.squeeze(tifffile.imread(raw_files[i])) for i in img_idx]
```

# 5.1.2.32 RCAN\_hyperparameters

```
analyse.RCAN_hyperparameters = ckpt["hyperparameters"]
```

# 5.1.2.33 required

```
analyse.required
```

# 5.1.2.34 rng

```
analyse.rng = np.random.default_rng(seed=31052024)
```

#### 5.1.2.35 ssim

analyse.ssim

#### Initial value:

#### 5.1.2.36 str

analyse.str

# 5.1.2.37 True

analyse.True

# 5.1.2.38 type

analyse.type

# 5.2 apply Namespace Reference

# **Functions**

• def normalize\_between\_zero\_and\_one (m)

# **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- required
- int
- · choices
- default
- percentile
- action
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- input\_path = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- output\_path = pathlib.Path(args.output)
- parents
- raw\_files = sorted(input\_path.glob("\*.tif"))
- data = itertools.zip\_longest(raw\_files, [])
- tuple device
- ckpt
- model
- RCAN\_hyperparameters = ckpt["hyperparameters"]
- list overlap\_shape
- raw = normalize(tifffile.imread(raw\_file), args.p\_min, args.p\_max)
- restored
- output\_file = output\_path / ("pred\_" + raw\_file.name)
- imagej

# 5.2.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.2.1.1 normalize\_between\_zero\_and\_one()

```
def apply.normalize_between_zero_and_one ( \it m )
```

# 5.2.2 Variable Documentation

#### 5.2.2.1 action

apply.action

# 5.2.2.2 args

```
apply.args = parser.parse_args()
```

#### 5.2.2.3 choices

apply.choices

# 5.2.2.4 ckpt

apply.ckpt

#### 5.2.2.5 data

```
list apply.data = itertools.zip_longest(raw_files, [])
```

# 5.2.2.6 default

apply.default

# 5.2.2.7 device

tuple apply.device

# Initial value:

```
1 = (
2 torch.device("cuda") if torch.cuda.is_available() else torch.device("cpu")
3 )
```

# 5.2.2.8 imagej

apply.imagej

# 5.2.2.9 input\_path

```
apply.input_path = pathlib.Path(args.input)
```

#### 5.2.2.10 int

apply.int

#### 5.2.2.11 model

apply.model

# 5.2.2.12 output\_file

```
apply.output_file = output_path / ("pred_" + raw_file.name)
```

# 5.2.2.13 output\_path

```
apply.output_path = pathlib.Path(args.output)
```

#### 5.2.2.14 overlap\_shape

apply.overlap\_shape

#### Initial value:

```
1 = [
2          max(1, x // 8) if x > 2 else 0
3          for x in RCAN_hyperparameters["input_shape"]
```

# 5.2.2.15 parents

apply.parents

#### 5.2.2.16 parser

```
apply.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
```

#### 5.2.2.17 percentile

apply.percentile

#### 5.2.2.18 raw

```
apply.raw = normalize(tifffile.imread(raw_file), args.p_min, args.p_max)
```

#### 5.2.2.19 raw\_files

```
apply.raw_files = sorted(input_path.glob("*.tif"))
```

# 5.2.2.20 RCAN\_hyperparameters

```
apply.RCAN_hyperparameters = ckpt["hyperparameters"]
```

#### 5.2.2.21 required

apply.required

#### 5.2.2.22 restored

def apply.restored

#### Initial value:

# 5.2.2.23 str

apply.str

# 5.2.2.24 type

apply.type

# 5.3 convert\_omx\_to\_czxy Namespace Reference

# **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- required
- int
- action
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- input\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- input\_files = sorted(input\_dir.rglob("\*.tif"))
- original = tifffile.imread(input\_file)
- n\_phases = args.num\_phases
- n\_angles = args.num\_angles
- converted
- imagej

# 5.3.1 Variable Documentation

#### 5.3.1.1 action

 $\verb"convert_omx_to_czxy.action"$ 

# 5.3.1.2 args

convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.args = parser.parse\_args()

## 5.3.1.3 converted

convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.converted

#### Initial value:

## 5.3.1.4 imagej

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.imagej
```

#### 5.3.1.5 input\_dir

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.input_dir = pathlib.Path(args.input)
```

## 5.3.1.6 input\_files

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.input_files = sorted(input_dir.rglob("*.tif"))
```

## 5.3.1.7 int

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.int
```

# 5.3.1.8 n\_angles

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.n_angles = args.num_angles
```

# 5.3.1.9 n\_phases

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.n_phases = args.num_phases
```

# 5.3.1.10 original

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.original = tifffile.imread(input_file)
```

# 5.3.1.11 parser

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
```

# 5.3.1.12 required

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.required
```

#### 5.3.1.13 str

```
convert_omx_to_czxy.str
```

#### 5.3.1.14 type

convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.type

# 5.4 convert\_omx\_to\_paz Namespace Reference

# **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- required
- int
- action
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- input\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- input\_files = sorted(input\_dir.rglob("\*.tif"))
- original = tifffile.imread(input\_file)
- n\_phases = args.num\_phases
- n\_angles = args.num\_angles
- converted = np.zeros\_like(original)
- imagej

# 5.4.1 Variable Documentation

# 5.4.1.1 action

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.action

# 5.4.1.2 args

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.args = parser.parse\_args()

# 5.4.1.3 converted

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.converted = np.zeros\_like(original)

# 5.4.1.4 imagej

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.imagej

# 5.4.1.5 input\_dir

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.input\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.input)

# 5.4.1.6 input\_files

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.input\_files = sorted(input\_dir.rglob("\*.tif"))

# 5.4.1.7 int

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.int

# 5.4.1.8 n\_angles

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.n\_angles = args.num\_angles

# 5.4.1.9 n\_phases

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.n\_phases = args.num\_phases

# 5.4.1.10 original

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.original = tifffile.imread(input\_file)

# 5.4.1.11 parser

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()

# 5.4.1.12 required

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.required

# 5.4.1.13 str

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.str

# 5.4.1.14 type

convert\_omx\_to\_paz.type

# 5.5 convert\_slices\_to\_volumes Namespace Reference

# **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- required
- tuple\_of\_ints
- default
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- input\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output)
- input\_files = sorted(input\_dir.glob("\*.tif"))
- parents
- True
- exist\_ok
- volume = np.zeros((len(input\_files), 3061, 4096), dtype=np.uint8)
- input\_slice = tifffile.imread(file)
- subvolume
- tuple output file
- imagej

### 5.5.1 Variable Documentation

### 5.5.1.1 args

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.args = parser.parse_args()
```

## 5.5.1.2 default

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.default
```

#### 5.5.1.3 exist\_ok

convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.exist\_ok

# 5.5.1.4 imagej

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.imagej
```

# 5.5.1.5 input\_dir

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.input_dir = pathlib.Path(args.input)
```

# 5.5.1.6 input\_files

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.input_files = sorted(input_dir.glob("*.tif"))
```

## 5.5.1.7 input\_slice

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.input_slice = tifffile.imread(file)
```

# 5.5.1.8 output\_dir

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.output_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output)
```

## 5.5.1.9 output\_file

 $\verb|tuple convert_slices_to_volumes.output_file|\\$ 

## Initial value:

## 5.5.1.10 parents

```
{\tt convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.parents}
```

#### 5.5.1.11 parser

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
```

## 5.5.1.12 required

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.required
```

#### 5.5.1.13 str

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.str
```

# 5.5.1.14 subvolume

convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.subvolume

### Initial value:

## 5.5.1.15 True

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.True
```

## 5.5.1.16 tuple\_of\_ints

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.tuple_of_ints
```

# 5.5.1.17 type

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.type
```

#### 5.5.1.18 volume

```
convert_slices_to_volumes.volume = np.zeros((len(input_files), 3061, 4096), dtype=np.uint8)
```

# 5.6 generate\_sim Namespace Reference

#### **Classes**

· class Simulator

The Simulator class encapsulates the state of a 3D microscope simulation.

• class SimulationRunner

Class which performs a batch of simulations, either sequentially or in parallel.

# **Functions**

- def arange\_zero (n, spacing=1)
- def threshold\_norm (sample)

Applies a threshold and normalises the sample to improve contrast.

#### **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- · required
- int
- default
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- runner

# 5.6.1 Function Documentation

## 5.6.1.1 arange\_zero()

# 5.6.1.2 threshold\_norm()

Applies a threshold and normalises the sample to improve contrast.

# 5.6.2 Variable Documentation

# 5.6.2.1 args

```
generate_sim.args = parser.parse_args()
```

# 5.6.2.2 default

```
{\tt generate\_sim.default}
```

## 5.6.2.3 int

generate\_sim.int

## 5.6.2.4 parser

```
generate_sim.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
```

# 5.6.2.5 required

generate\_sim.required

# 5.6.2.6 runner

generate\_sim.runner

#### Initial value:

```
1 = SimulationRunner(
2    args.input, args.output, range(args.start, args.end), args.z_offset
3 )
```

#### 5.6.2.7 str

```
generate_sim.str
```

#### 5.6.2.8 type

```
generate_sim.type
```

# 5.7 image\_noising Namespace Reference

## **Functions**

• def save\_image\_pair (gt\_img, split, name, channel\_idx)

### **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- · required
- int
- · choices
- float
- default
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- input\_path = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- output\_path = pathlib.Path(args.output)
- parents
- output\_train\_gt\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Training", "GT")
- output\_train\_raw\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Training", "Raw")
- output val gt path = output path.joinpath("Validation", "GT")
- output\_val\_raw\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Validation", "Raw")
- output\_test\_gt\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Testing", "GT")
- output test raw path = output path.joinpath("Testing", "Raw")
- data = sorted(input\_path.glob("\*.tif"))
- n\_acquisitions = tifffile.imread(data[0]).shape[0] // args.channels
- n img = len(data)
- train\_size = int((1 args.test\_fraction) \* n\_img)
- val\_size = int(args.val\_fraction \* train\_size)
- rng = np.random.default\_rng(seed=25042024)
- img\_idx\_all = list(range(n\_img))
- img\_idx\_test = img\_idx\_all[train\_size:]
- img\_idx\_train = img\_idx\_all[: train\_size val\_size]
- img\_idx\_val = img\_idx\_all[train\_size val\_size : train\_size]
- gt = tifffile.imread(img\_file)
- string split = "train"

# 5.7.1 Function Documentation

# 5.7.1.1 save\_image\_pair()

# 5.7.2 Variable Documentation

# 5.7.2.1 args

```
image_noising.args = parser.parse_args()
```

# 5.7.2.2 choices

image\_noising.choices

# 5.7.2.3 data

```
list image_noising.data = sorted(input_path.glob("*.tif"))
```

# 5.7.2.4 default

image\_noising.default

## 5.7.2.5 float

image\_noising.float

## 5.7.2.6 gt

```
image_noising.gt = tifffile.imread(img_file)
```

# 5.7.2.7 img\_idx\_all

```
image_noising.img_idx_all = list(range(n_img))
```

# 5.7.2.8 img\_idx\_test

```
image_noising.img_idx_test = img_idx_all[train_size:]
```

## 5.7.2.9 img\_idx\_train

```
image_noising.img_idx_train = img_idx_all[: train_size - val_size]
```

# 5.7.2.10 img\_idx\_val

```
image_noising.img_idx_val = img_idx_all[train_size - val_size : train_size]
```

# 5.7.2.11 input\_path

```
image_noising.input_path = pathlib.Path(args.input)
```

## 5.7.2.12 int

image\_noising.int

# 5.7.2.13 n\_acquisitions

## 5.7.2.14 n\_img

```
image_noising.n_img = len(data)
```

# 5.7.2.15 output\_path

```
image_noising.output_path = pathlib.Path(args.output)
```

## 5.7.2.16 output\_test\_gt\_path

```
image\_noising.output\_test\_gt\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Testing", "GT")
```

#### 5.7.2.17 output\_test\_raw\_path

```
image_noising.output_test_raw_path = output_path.joinpath("Testing", "Raw")
```

# 5.7.2.18 output\_train\_gt\_path

```
image_noising.output_train_gt_path = output_path.joinpath("Training", "GT")
```

### 5.7.2.19 output train raw path

```
image_noising.output_train_raw_path = output_path.joinpath("Training", "Raw")
```

## 5.7.2.20 output\_val\_gt\_path

```
image_noising.output_val_gt_path = output_path.joinpath("Validation", "GT")
```

## 5.7.2.21 output\_val\_raw\_path

```
image_noising.output_val_raw_path = output_path.joinpath("Validation", "Raw")
```

# 5.7.2.22 parents

image\_noising.parents

## 5.7.2.23 parser

image\_noising.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()

# 5.7.2.24 required

image\_noising.required

## 5.7.2.25 rng

image\_noising.rng = np.random.default\_rng(seed=25042024)

# 5.7.2.26 split

string image\_noising.split = "train"

# 5.7.2.27 str

image\_noising.str

# 5.7.2.28 train\_size

image\_noising.train\_size = int((1 - args.test\_fraction) \* n\_img)

# 5.7.2.29 type

image\_noising.type

## 5.7.2.30 val\_size

```
image_noising.val_size = int(args.val_fraction * train_size)
```

# 5.8 manage\_stack Namespace Reference

# **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- required
- int
- · choices
- · default
- action
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)
- · parents
- True
- exist ok
- files = sorted(list(pathlib.Path(args.input\_dir).glob(args.glob\_str)))
- int stack\_number = -1 else args.stack\_number
- int number\_of\_stacks = len(files) // stack\_number
- sample = tifffile.imread(files[0])
- stack
- img\_data = tifffile.imread(input\_file)
- tuple filename
- tuple output\_file = output\_dir / filename
- n\_acq = args.num\_acquisitions
- n\_z = sample.shape[0] // n\_acq
- · output\_data

#### 5.8.1 Variable Documentation

### 5.8.1.1 action

manage\_stack.action

## 5.8.1.2 args

```
manage_stack.args = parser.parse_args()
```

## 5.8.1.3 choices

manage\_stack.choices

## 5.8.1.4 default

manage\_stack.default

# 5.8.1.5 exist\_ok

 $manage\_stack.exist\_ok$ 

## 5.8.1.6 filename

tuple manage\_stack.filename

#### Initial value:

# 5.8.1.7 files

```
manage_stack.files = sorted(list(pathlib.Path(args.input_dir).glob(args.glob_str)))
```

# 5.8.1.8 img\_data

```
manage_stack.img_data = tifffile.imread(input_file)
```

## 5.8.1.9 int

manage\_stack.int

# 5.8.1.10 n\_acq

```
manage_stack.n_acq = args.num_acquisitions
```

## 5.8.1.11 n\_z

```
manage_stack.n_z = sample.shape[0] // n_acq
```

## 5.8.1.12 number\_of\_stacks

```
int manage_stack.number_of_stacks = len(files) // stack_number
```

## 5.8.1.13 output\_data

manage\_stack.output\_data

#### Initial value:

## 5.8.1.14 output\_dir

```
manage_stack.output_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output_dir)
```

# 5.8.1.15 output\_file

```
string manage_stack.output_file = output_dir / filename
```

## 5.8.1.16 parents

```
manage_stack.parents
```

# 5.8.1.17 parser

```
manage_stack.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
```

# 5.8.1.18 required

manage\_stack.required

## 5.8.1.19 sample

```
manage_stack.sample = tifffile.imread(files[0])
```

#### 5.8.1.20 stack

manage\_stack.stack

## Initial value:

# 5.8.1.21 stack\_number

```
int manage_stack.stack_number = -1 else args.stack_number
```

#### 5.8.1.22 str

manage\_stack.str

# 5.8.1.23 True

```
manage_stack.True
```

### 5.8.1.24 type

```
manage_stack.type
```

# 5.9 rcan Namespace Reference

# **Namespaces**

- · data\_generator
- model
- plotting
- utils

# 5.10 rcan.data\_generator Namespace Reference

#### **Classes**

· class SIM\_Dataset

Generates batches of images with real-time data augmentation.

## **Functions**

def load\_SIM\_dataset (images, shape, batch\_size, transform\_function, intensity\_threshold, area\_threshold, scale\_factor, steps\_per\_epoch, p\_min, p\_max)

Wraps SIM\_Dataset object in a PyTorch Dataloader object to enable batch loading.

# 5.10.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.10.1.1 load\_SIM\_dataset()

Wraps SIM\_Dataset object in a PyTorch Dataloader object to enable batch loading.

#### **Parameters**

images	(list[dict]) - List of dictionaries of data pairs with keys ["raw","gt"]. Images in CZXY format
shape	(tuple[int]) - Shape of batch images excluding the channel dimension
batch_size	(int) - Batch size
transform_function	(str or callable or None) - Function used for data augmentation. Typically you will set transform_function='rotate_and_flip' to apply combination of randomly selected image rotation and flipping. Alternatively, you can specify an arbitrary transformation function which takes two input images (source and target) and returns transformed images. If transform_function=None, no augmentation will be performed
intensity_threshold	(float) - If $intensity\_threshold > 0$ , pixels whose intensities are greater than this threshold will be considered as foreground
area_ratio_threshold	(float) - Threshold between 0 and 1. If intensity_threshold > 0, the generator calculates the ratio of foreground pixels in a target patch, and rejects the patch if the ratio is smaller than this threshold
scale_factor	(int) - Scale factor for the target patch size. Positive and negative values mean up- and down-scaling respectively.
steps_per_epoch	(int) - Determines how many times each image is used to generate a patch per batch
p_min	(float) - Minimum percentile used for scaling
p_max	(float) - Maximum percentile used for scaling

#### Returns

torch.utils.data.DataLoader object

# 5.11 rcan.model Namespace Reference

## **Classes**

- class \_channel\_attention\_block
  - Implements channel attention block/layer.
- class \_residual\_channel\_attention\_blocks
  - Implements residual group based on [1].
- class RCAN

Builds a residual channel attention network.

# **Functions**

- def \_conv (ndim, in\_filters, out\_filters, kernel\_size, padding="same", \*\*kwargs)
  - Returns the appropriate torch.nn convolution layer based on parameters.
- def \_global\_average\_pooling (ndim)
  - Returns the appropriate torch.nn pooling layer based on parameters.
- def \_standardize (x)
  - Standardises input data.
- def \_destandardize (x)

Inverse of \_standardize.

# 5.11.1 Function Documentation

# 5.11.1.1 \_conv()

Returns the appropriate torch.nn convolution layer based on parameters.

## **Parameters**

ndim	(int) - Specifies a 1, 2, or 3 dimensional convolution kernel
in_filters	(int) - Number of hidden input channels
out_filters	(int) - Number of hidden output channels
kernel_size	(int or tuple) Size of convolution kernel
padding	(str, optional) - Border padding strategy. Default: "same"

## Returns

torch.nn.Module object of the specified type

# 5.11.1.2 \_destandardize()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} $\operatorname{def rcan.model.\_destandardize} & ( & $x$ ) & [\operatorname{private}] \end{tabular}
```

Inverse of \_standardize.

# **Parameters**

```
x (torch.Tensor) Input
```

## Returns

torch. Tensor representing destandardised output.

#### 5.11.1.3 \_global\_average\_pooling()

Returns the appropriate torch.nn pooling layer based on parameters.

#### **Parameters**

```
ndim (int) - Specifies a 2 or 3 dimensional convolution kernel
```

#### Returns

torch.nn.Module object of the specified type

## 5.11.1.4 \_standardize()

Standardises input data.

Standardize the signal so that the range becomes [-1, 1] (assuming the original range is [0, 1]).

#### **Parameters**

```
x (torch.Tensor) Input
```

### Returns

torch. Tensor representing standardised output

# 5.12 rcan.plotting Namespace Reference

# **Functions**

def plot\_learning\_curve (losses\_train, losses\_val, psnr\_train, psnr\_val, ssim\_train, ssim\_val, figsize, output
 —path)

Plots the learning curve metrics from a model checkpoint according to loss, PSNR, and SSIM.

def plot\_reconstructions (device, output\_path, dim, gt\_imgs, raw\_imgs, model\_1\_imgs, model\_2\_
imgs=None, cmap="inferno")

Plots a sample of reconstructions comparing GT vs Raw vs Restored.

### 5.12.1 Function Documentation

# 5.12.1.1 plot\_learning\_curve()

Plots the learning curve metrics from a model checkpoint according to loss, PSNR, and SSIM.

#### **Parameters**

losses_train	(list[float]) - List of training losses
losses_val	(list[float]) - List of validation losses
psnr_train	(list[float]) - List of training psnrs
psnr_val	(list[float]) - List of validation psnrs
ssim_train	(list[float]) - List of training ssims
ssim_val	(list[float]) - List of validation ssims
figsize	(tuple[int]) - Specifies matplotlib layout size
output_path	(str) - Determines where plot is saved

# 5.12.1.2 plot\_reconstructions()

Plots a sample of reconstructions comparing GT vs Raw vs Restored.

## **Parameters**

device	(torch.device) - Handles the processing unit for torch
output_path	(str) - Determines where the plot is saved
dim	(int) - Dimensionality of the images
gt_imgs	(list[np.ndarray]) - List containing GT image arrays
raw_imgs	(list[np.ndarray]) - List containing Raw image arrays
model_1_imgs	(list[np.ndarray]) - List containing Step 1 image arrays
model_2_imgs	(list[np.ndarray], optional) - List containing Step 2 image arrays. Default: None
стар	(str) - Matplotlib colormap string

# 5.13 rcan.utils Namespace Reference

# **Functions**

def normalize (image, p min=2, p max=99.9, dtype="float32")

Normalizes the image intensity so that the  $p\_min$ -th and the  $p\_max$ -th percentiles are converted to 0 and 1 respectively.

• def apply (model, data, model\_input\_image\_shape, model\_output\_image\_shape, num\_input\_channels, num\_output\_channels, batch\_size, device, overlap\_shape=None, verbose=False)

Applies a model to an input image.

def load\_rcan\_checkpoint (ckpt\_path, device)

Enables loading of RCAN checkpointed model.

• def tuple\_of\_ints (string)

Defines behaviour of parsing tuples of ints (argparse).

• def percentile (x)

Defines behaviour of parsing percentiles (argparse).

#### 5.13.1 Function Documentation

#### 5.13.1.1 apply()

Applies a model to an input image.

The input image stack is split into sub-blocks with model's input size, then the model is applied block by block.

## **Parameters**

model	(torch.nn.module) - PyTorch model
data	(array_like or list of array_like) - Input data. Either an image or a list of images
batch_size	(int) - Controls the batch size used to process image data
device	(torch.device) - PyTorch device object to specify processor to use
overlap_shape	(tuple of int or None) - Overlap size between sub-blocks in each dimension. If not specified, a default size ((32, 32) for 2D and (2, 32, 32) for 3D) is used. Results at overlapped areas are blended together linearly

#### Returns

np.ndarray Result image

# 5.13.1.2 load\_rcan\_checkpoint()

Enables loading of RCAN checkpointed model.

Uses the hyperparameters key saved in checkpoint file in order to avoid the need to know the architecture specifications in advance.

#### **Parameters**

ckpt_path	(str) - filepath for checkpoint, should end in .pth
device	(torch.device) - handles processing unit for torch

#### Returns

tuple of checkpoint, and model with weights loaded

# 5.13.1.3 normalize()

Normalizes the image intensity so that the  $p\_min$ -th and the  $p\_max$ -th percentiles are converted to 0 and 1 respectively.

#### **Parameters**

image	(np.ndarray) - Image to apply the normalization to
p_min	(float, optional) - Percentile that is mapped to zero. Default: 2
p_max	(float, optional) - Percentile that is mapped to one. Default: 99.9
dtype	(str) - Datatype to use for the output

#### Returns

np.ndarray Image with transformed pixel values

## 5.13.1.4 References

Content-Aware Image Restoration: Pushing the Limits of Fluorescence Microscopy https://doi.epsightarrow org/10.1038/s41592-018-0216-7

## 5.13.1.5 percentile()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} def rcan.utils.percentile ( & x ) \end{tabular}
```

Defines behaviour of parsing percentiles (argparse).

# 5.13.1.6 tuple\_of\_ints()

Defines behaviour of parsing tuples of ints (argparse).

# 5.14 recon\_postprocess Namespace Reference

# **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- required
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- files = sorted(list(pathlib.Path(args.input\_dir).rglob("\*.tif")))
- img data = tifffile.imread(input file)

## 5.14.1 Variable Documentation

# 5.14.1.1 args

```
recon_postprocess.args = parser.parse_args()
```

# 5.14.1.2 files

```
recon_postprocess.files = sorted(list(pathlib.Path(args.input_dir).rglob("*.tif")))
```

## 5.14.1.3 img\_data

```
tuple recon_postprocess.img_data = tifffile.imread(input_file)
```

#### 5.14.1.4 parser

```
recon_postprocess.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
```

# 5.14.1.5 required

recon\_postprocess.required

#### 5.14.1.6 str

recon\_postprocess.str

# 5.14.1.7 type

recon\_postprocess.type

# 5.15 recon\_preprocess Namespace Reference

# **Functions**

• def normalize\_acquisition\_intensity (data, dim)

## **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- required
- int
- · choices
- · percentile
- default
- action
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)
- parents
- True
- exist\_ok
- files = sorted(list(pathlib.Path(args.input\_dir).glob("\*.tif")))
- img\_data = tifffile.imread(input\_file).astype("float32")
- output\_file = output\_dir / input\_file.name

# 5.15.1 Function Documentation

# 5.15.1.1 normalize\_acquisition\_intensity()

```
def recon_preprocess.normalize_acquisition_intensity ( data, dim )
```

# 5.15.2 Variable Documentation

# 5.15.2.1 action

recon\_preprocess.action

# 5.15.2.2 args

```
recon_preprocess.args = parser.parse_args()
```

# 5.15.2.3 choices

recon\_preprocess.choices

#### 5.15.2.4 default

recon\_preprocess.default

# 5.15.2.5 exist\_ok

recon\_preprocess.exist\_ok

# 5.15.2.6 files

recon\_preprocess.files = sorted(list(pathlib.Path(args.input\_dir).glob("\*.tif")))

# 5.15.2.7 img\_data

int recon\_preprocess.img\_data = tifffile.imread(input\_file).astype("float32")

## 5.15.2.8 int

recon\_preprocess.int

## 5.15.2.9 output\_dir

recon\_preprocess.output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)

# 5.15.2.10 output\_file

recon\_preprocess.output\_file = output\_dir / input\_file.name

### 5.15.2.11 parents

recon\_preprocess.parents

# 5.15.2.12 parser

recon\_preprocess.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()

## 5.15.2.13 percentile

recon\_preprocess.percentile

# 5.15.2.14 required

recon\_preprocess.required

#### 5.15.2.15 str

recon\_preprocess.str

# 5.15.2.16 True

recon\_preprocess.True

# 5.15.2.17 type

recon\_preprocess.type

# 5.16 stats Namespace Reference

# **Functions**

• def paired\_t (gt\_data, data)

# **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- required
- int
- choices
- default
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)
- parents
- True
- exist\_ok
- **df**
- fig
- ax
- figsize
- psnr\_diff\_1\_max

```
• psnr_diff_2_max
• psnr_diff_1_min
• psnr_diff_2_min
• tuple hist_range_psnr
• ssim_diff_1_max
ssim_diff_2_max
• ssim_diff_1_min
• ssim_diff_2_min
• tuple hist_range_ssim

    xlabel

    title

    range

    color

mean_psnr_1 = np.mean(np.array(df['psnr_model_1']) - np.array(df['psnr_raw']))
• se_psnr_1
mean_ssim_1 = np.mean(np.array(df['ssim_model_1']) - np.array(df['ssim_raw']))
• se_ssim_1
mean_psnr_2
• se_psnr_2
• mean_ssim_2
• se_ssim_2
• int psnr_cols = 2 else df.columns[1:3]
• int ssim_cols = 2 else df.columns[3:5]

    dflong

• dflongssim
• data
• X
• y

    hue

• dodge

    legend

    palette

• alpha
```

# 5.16.1 Function Documentation

## 5.16.1.1 paired\_t()

lw

```
def stats.paired_t (
    gt_data,
    data)
```

# 5.16.2 Variable Documentation

# 5.16.2.1 alpha

stats.alpha

# 5.16.2.2 args

stats.args = parser.parse\_args()

# 5.16.2.3 ax

stats.ax

## 5.16.2.4 choices

stats.choices

# 5.16.2.5 color

stats.color

# 5.16.2.6 data

stats.data

# 5.16.2.7 default

stats.default

## 5.16.2.8 df

stats.df

#### Initial value:

```
1 = pd.read_csv(
2    pathlib.Path(args.dataset),
3    index_col=False
4 ).drop(columns="Unnamed: 0")
```

# 5.16.2.9 dflong

stats.dflong

## Initial value:

```
1 = pd.melt(
2     df,
3     id_vars=["file"],
4     value_vars=df.columns[1:4],
5     var_name="type",
6     value_name="psnr"
7 )
```

# 5.16.2.10 dflongssim

stats.dflongssim

## Initial value:

```
1 = pd.melt(
2     df,
3     id_vars=["file"],
4     value_vars=df.columns[4:7],
5     var_name="type",
6     value_name="ssim"
7 )
```

#### 5.16.2.11 dodge

stats.dodge

# 5.16.2.12 exist\_ok

 $stats.exist\_ok$ 

# 5.16.2.13 fig

stats.fig

# 5.16.2.14 figsize

stats.figsize

## 5.16.2.15 hist\_range\_psnr

tuple stats.hist\_range\_psnr

#### Initial value:

```
1 = (
2    min(psnr_diff_1_min, psnr_diff_2_min),
3    max(psnr_diff_1_max, psnr_diff_2_max)
4 )
```

# 5.16.2.16 hist\_range\_ssim

tuple stats.hist\_range\_ssim

# Initial value:

```
1 = (
2    min(ssim_diff_1_min, ssim_diff_2_min),
3    max(ssim_diff_1_max, ssim_diff_2_max)
4 )
```

# 5.16.2.17 hue

stats.hue

## 5.16.2.18 int

stats.int

## 5.16.2.19 legend

```
stats.legend
```

#### 5.16.2.20 lw

stats.lw

# 5.16.2.21 mean\_psnr\_1

```
stats.mean_psnr_1 = np.mean(np.array(df['psnr_model_1']) - np.array(df['psnr_raw']))
```

# 5.16.2.22 mean\_psnr\_2

stats.mean\_psnr\_2

# Initial value:

# 5.16.2.23 mean\_ssim\_1

```
stats.mean\_ssim\_1 = np.mean(np.array(df['ssim\_model\_1']) - np.array(df['ssim\_raw']))
```

# 5.16.2.24 mean\_ssim\_2

stats.mean\_ssim\_2

## Initial value:

## 5.16.2.25 output\_dir

```
stats.output_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output_dir)
```

# 5.16.2.26 palette

stats.palette

# 5.16.2.27 parents

stats.parents

# 5.16.2.28 parser

```
stats.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
```

# 5.16.2.29 psnr\_cols

```
int stats.psnr_cols = 2 else df.columns[1:3]
```

# 5.16.2.30 psnr\_diff\_1\_max

stats.psnr\_diff\_1\_max

## Initial value:

```
1 = np.max(
2 np.array(df["psnr_model_1"]) - np.array(df["psnr_raw"])
3)
```

# 5.16.2.31 psnr\_diff\_1\_min

stats.psnr\_diff\_1\_min

# Initial value:

```
1 = np.min(
2     np.array(df["psnr_model_1"]) - np.array(df["psnr_raw"])
3 )
```

# 5.16.2.32 psnr\_diff\_2\_max

```
stats.psnr_diff_2_max
```

# Initial value:

# 5.16.2.33 psnr\_diff\_2\_min

```
stats.psnr_diff_2_min
```

#### Initial value:

# 5.16.2.34 range

stats.range

# 5.16.2.35 required

stats.required

# 5.16.2.36 se\_psnr\_1

```
stats.se_psnr_1
```

# Initial value:

# 5.16.2.37 se\_psnr\_2

stats.se\_psnr\_2

# 5.16.2.38 se\_ssim\_1

```
stats.se_ssim_1
```

#### Initial value:

```
1 = np.std(
2     np.array(df['ssim_model_1']) - np.array(df['ssim_raw']), ddof=1
3 )/np.sqrt(len(df['ssim_model_1']))
```

# 5.16.2.39 se\_ssim\_2

```
stats.se_ssim_2
```

#### Initial value:

# 5.16.2.40 ssim\_cols

```
int stats.ssim_cols = 2 else df.columns[3:5]
```

# 5.16.2.41 ssim\_diff\_1\_max

```
stats.ssim_diff_1_max
```

# Initial value:

# 5.16.2.42 ssim\_diff\_1\_min

```
stats.ssim_diff_1_min
```

# 5.16.2.43 ssim\_diff\_2\_max

```
stats.ssim_diff_2_max
```

# Initial value:

# 5.16.2.44 ssim\_diff\_2\_min

```
stats.ssim_diff_2_min
```

# Initial value:

# 5.16.2.45 str

stats.str

# 5.16.2.46 title

stats.title

# 5.16.2.47 True

stats.True

# 5.16.2.48 type

stats.type

# 5.16.2.49 x

stats.x

# 5.16.2.50 xlabel

```
stats.xlabel
```

# 5.16.2.51 y

stats.y

# 5.17 synthetic\_sim Namespace Reference

# **Namespaces**

otf

# 5.18 synthetic\_sim.otf Namespace Reference

# **Classes**

class PsfParameters

Class to store PSF parameters.

# **Functions**

• def calc\_psf (params)

Calculate an approximate Gibson-Lanni PSF based on the parameters provided.

# 5.18.1 Function Documentation

# 5.18.1.1 calc\_psf()

```
def synthetic_sim.otf.calc_psf (
          params )
```

Calculate an approximate Gibson-Lanni PSF based on the parameters provided.

Code ported from MATLAB, original copyright Jizhou Li, 2016, The Chinese University of Hong Kong.

#### **Parameters**

params (PsfParameters) - dataclass storing the PSF parameters

#### Returns

psf (np.ndarray) - array representing the PSF

# 5.19 train Namespace Reference

# **Functions**

- def load\_data\_paths (config, data\_type)
- def train (train\_loader, val\_loader, optimizer, scheduler, net, batchsize, n\_accumulations, saveinterval, nepoch, start\_epoch=0, losses\_train\_epoch=[], losses\_val\_epoch=[], psnr\_train\_epoch=[], psnr\_val\_epoch=[], ssim\_train\_epoch=[], ssim\_val\_epoch=[])

#### **Variables**

- parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- type
- str
- · required
- args = parser.parse\_args()
- · dictionary schema
- config = json.load(f)
- int ndim = tifffile.imread(training\_data[0]["raw"]).ndim 1
- input\_shape = config["input\_shape"]
- tuple device
- ckpt\_path = None if args.model\_ckpt is None else pathlib.Path(args.model\_ckpt)
- model
- dictionary RCAN\_hyperparameters
- ckpt
- train\_loader
- · val loader
- · optimizer
- · scheduler
- output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)
- parents
- True
- exist\_ok
- n\_accumulations
- saveinterval
- nepoch
- · start epoch
- · losses\_train\_epoch
- · losses\_val\_epoch
- psnr\_train\_epoch
- · psnr\_val\_epoch
- ssim\_train\_epoch
- ssim\_val\_epoch

# 5.19.1 Function Documentation

# 5.19.1.1 load\_data\_paths()

# 5.19.1.2 train()

```
def train.train (
             train_loader,
             val_loader,
             optimizer,
              scheduler,
             net,
             batchsize,
             n_accumulations,
             saveinterval,
             nepoch,
             start_epoch = 0,
             losses_train_epoch = [],
             losses_val_epoch = [],
             psnr_train_epoch = [],
             psnr_val_epoch = [],
             ssim_train_epoch = [],
              ssim_val_epoch = [] )
```

# 5.19.2 Variable Documentation

# 5.19.2.1 args

```
train.args = parser.parse_args()
```

# 5.19.2.2 ckpt

train.ckpt

# 5.19.2.3 ckpt\_path

train.ckpt\_path = None if args.model\_ckpt is None else pathlib.Path(args.model\_ckpt)

#### 5.19.2.4 config

```
train.config = json.load(f)
```

#### 5.19.2.5 device

tuple train.device

#### Initial value:

```
1 = (
2  torch.device("cuda") if torch.cuda.is_available() else torch.device("cpu")
3 )
```

#### 5.19.2.6 exist\_ok

train.exist\_ok

# 5.19.2.7 input\_shape

```
tuple train.input_shape = config["input_shape"]
```

# 5.19.2.8 losses\_train\_epoch

train.losses\_train\_epoch

# 5.19.2.9 losses\_val\_epoch

train.losses\_val\_epoch

#### 5.19.2.10 model

train.model

```
1 = RCAN(
2     input_shape,
3     num_input_channels=config["num_input_channels"],
4     num_hidden_channels=config["num_hidden_channels"],
5     num_residual_blocks=config["num_residual_blocks"],
6     num_residual_groups=config["num_residual_groups"],
7     channel_reduction=config["channel_reduction"],
8     residual_scaling=1.0,
9     num_output_channels=config["num_output_channels"],
10    )
```

# 5.19.2.11 n\_accumulations

train.n\_accumulations

#### 5.19.2.12 ndim

```
int train.ndim = tifffile.imread(training_data[0]["raw"]).ndim - 1
```

# 5.19.2.13 nepoch

train.nepoch

# 5.19.2.14 optimizer

train.optimizer

#### Initial value:

```
1 = torch.optim.Adam(
2     model.parameters(), lr=config["initial_learning_rate"]
3 )
```

# 5.19.2.15 output\_dir

```
train.output_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output_dir)
```

# 5.19.2.16 parents

train.parents

# 5.19.2.17 parser

```
train.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
```

# 5.19.2.18 psnr\_train\_epoch

```
train.psnr_train_epoch
```

# 5.19.2.19 psnr\_val\_epoch

train.psnr\_val\_epoch

# 5.19.2.20 RCAN\_hyperparameters

train.RCAN\_hyperparameters

# Initial value:

```
1 = {
2          "input_shape": input_shape,
3          "num_input_channels": config["num_input_channels"],
4          "num_hidden_channels": config["num_hidden_channels"],
5          "num_residual_blocks": config["num_residual_blocks"],
6          "num_residual_groups": config["num_residual_groups"],
7          "channel_reduction": config["channel_reduction"],
8          "residual_scaling": 1.0,
9          "num_output_channels": config["num_output_channels"],
10          "num_output_channels": config["num_output_channels"],
```

# 5.19.2.21 required

train.required

#### 5.19.2.22 saveinterval

train.saveinterval

#### 5.19.2.23 scheduler

train.scheduler

```
1 = torch.optim.lr_scheduler.StepLR(
2 optimizer, step_size=config["epochs"] // 4, gamma=config["lr_decay"]
3)
```

# 5.19.2.24 schema

dictionary train.schema

# 5.19.2.25 ssim\_train\_epoch

train.ssim\_train\_epoch

# 5.19.2.26 ssim\_val\_epoch

train.ssim\_val\_epoch

# 5.19.2.27 start\_epoch

train.start\_epoch

# 5.19.2.28 str

train.str

# 5.19.2.29 train\_loader

train.train\_loader

# 5.19.2.30 True

train.True

# 5.19.2.31 type

train.type

# 5.19.2.32 val\_loader

train.val\_loader

```
1 = load_SIM_dataset(
2     validation_data,
3     input_shape,
4     batch_size=config["batch_size"],
5     transform_function=(
6         "rotate_and_flip" if config["data_augmentation"] else None
7     ),
8     intensity_threshold=config["intensity_threshold"],
9     area_threshold=config["area_ratio_threshold"],
10     scale_factor=1,
11     steps_per_epoch=config["steps_per_epoch"],
12     p_min=config["p_min"],
13     p_max=config["p_max"],
14     )
```

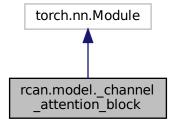
# **Chapter 6**

# **Class Documentation**

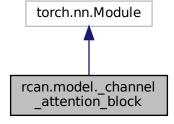
# 6.1 rcan.model.\_channel\_attention\_block Class Reference

Implements channel attention block/layer.

Inheritance diagram for rcan.model.\_channel\_attention\_block:



 $Collaboration\ diagram\ for\ rcan.model.\_channel\_attention\_block:$ 



# **Public Member Functions**

```
    def __init__ (self, ndim, num_channels, reduction=16)
        Initialises class.

    def forward (self, x)
        Forward method for class.
```

#### **Public Attributes**

- · global\_average\_pooling
- conv 1
- conv 2

# 6.1.1 Detailed Description

Implements channel attention block/layer.

Instantiates a simple attention mechanism which pools all spatial information in each channel, and computes channel attention weights through a series of linear transformations and activation layers. Builds part of the architecture originally presented in [1]. Software implementation based on [2].

#### 6.1.1.1 References

[1] Image Super-Resolution Using Very Deep Residual Channel Attention Networks <a href="https://arxiv.eporg/abs/1807.02758">https://arxiv.eporg/abs/1807.02758</a> [2] Fast, multicolour optical sectioning over extended fields of view by combining interferometric SIM with machine learning <a href="https://doi.org/10.1364/BOE.510912">https://doi.org/10.1364/BOE.510912</a> (Implementation based on CALayer from the paper's source code: <a href="https://github.com/edward-n-ward/ML-OS-eporghold-blob/master/RCAN/Training%20code/models.py">https://github.com/edward-n-ward/ML-OS-eporghold-blob/master/RCAN/Training%20code/models.py</a>)

# 6.1.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.1.2.1 __init__()
```

Initialises class.

#### **Parameters**

ndim	(int) - Feature dimensionality
num_channels	(int) - Number of hidden channels
reduction	(int, optional) - Factor to reduce the number of channels by during the attention weight computation. Default: 16.

# 6.1.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.1.3.1 forward()

Forward method for class.

#### **Parameters**

```
x (torch.Tensor) Input
```

# Returns

torch. Tensor representing x multiplied by attention weights across channels.

# 6.1.4 Member Data Documentation

# 6.1.4.1 conv\_1

```
rcan.model._channel_attention_block.conv_1
```

# 6.1.4.2 conv\_2

```
rcan.model._channel_attention_block.conv_2
```

# 6.1.4.3 global\_average\_pooling

```
\verb|rcan.model._channel_attention_block.global_average_pooling|\\
```

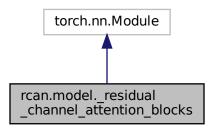
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/rcan/model.py

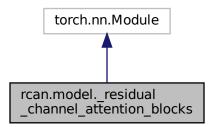
# 6.2 rcan.model.\_residual\_channel\_attention\_blocks Class Reference

Implements residual group based on [1].

Inheritance diagram for rcan.model.\_residual\_channel\_attention\_blocks:



Collaboration diagram for rcan.model.\_residual\_channel\_attention\_blocks:



# **Public Member Functions**

- def \_\_init\_\_ (self, ndim, num\_channels, repeat=1, channel\_reduction=8, residual\_scaling=1.0)
   Initialises object.
- def forward (self, x)

Forward method for class.

# **Public Attributes**

- repeat
- residual\_scaling
- conv list
- channel\_attention\_block\_list

# 6.2.1 Detailed Description

Implements residual group based on [1].

# 6.2.1.1 References

[1] Fast, multicolour optical sectioning over extended fields of view by combining interferometric SIM with machine learning https://doi.org/10.1364/BOE.510912 (Implementation based on ResidualGroup from the paper's source code: https://github.com/edward-n-ward/ML-OS-SIM/blob/master/edward-n-ward/ML-OS-SIM/blob/m

#### 6.2.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

```
6.2.2.1 __init__()
```

Initialises object.

# **Parameters**

ndim	(int) - Spatial dimension of input features
num_channels	(int) - Number of hidden channels
repeat	(int) - Number of residual blocks in group
channel_reduction	(int) - Channel reduction during attention mechanism
residual_scaling	(float) - output multiplier before residual connection

# 6.2.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.2.3.1 forward()

```
def rcan.model._residual_channel_attention_blocks.forward ( self, \\ x \ )
```

Forward method for class.

#### **Parameters**

x (torch.Tensor) - Input values

# Returns

torch. Tensor representing output values

# 6.2.4 Member Data Documentation

# 6.2.4.1 channel\_attention\_block\_list

rcan.model.\_residual\_channel\_attention\_blocks.channel\_attention\_block\_list

# 6.2.4.2 conv\_list

rcan.model.\_residual\_channel\_attention\_blocks.conv\_list

#### 6.2.4.3 repeat

 $\verb|rcan.model._residual_channel_attention_blocks.repeat|\\$ 

# 6.2.4.4 residual\_scaling

rcan.model.\_residual\_channel\_attention\_blocks.residual\_scaling

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/rcan/model.py

# 6.3 synthetic\_sim.otf.PsfParameters Class Reference

Class to store PSF parameters.

# **Static Public Attributes**

- int
- float
- Callable

# 6.3.1 Detailed Description

Class to store PSF parameters.

 ${\tt @details}$  Class to store the parameters used to evaluate an approximate Gibson-Lanni PSF. Default values are provided except for the PSF size.

# 6.3.2 Member Data Documentation

#### 6.3.2.1 Callable

synthetic\_sim.otf.PsfParameters.Callable [static]

#### 6.3.2.2 float

synthetic\_sim.otf.PsfParameters.float [static]

# 6.3.2.3 int

synthetic\_sim.otf.PsfParameters.int [static]

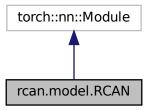
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

/home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/synthetic\_sim/otf.py

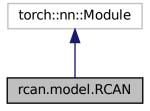
# 6.4 rcan.model.RCAN Class Reference

Builds a residual channel attention network.

Inheritance diagram for rcan.model.RCAN:



Collaboration diagram for rcan.model.RCAN:



# **Public Member Functions**

def \_\_init\_\_ (self, input\_shape=(16, 256, 256), \*num\_input\_channels=9, num\_hidden\_channels=32, num
 \_residual\_blocks=3, num\_residual\_groups=5, channel\_reduction=8, residual\_scaling=1.0, num\_output\_
 channels=-1)

Initialises object.

• def forward (self, x)

Forward method for class.

# **Public Attributes**

- num\_residual\_groups
- rcab\_list
- conv\_input
- conv\_list
- conv\_output

# 6.4.1 Detailed Description

Builds a residual channel attention network.

Note that the upscale module at the end of the network is omitted so that the input and output of the model have the same size.

#### 6.4.1.1 References

# 6.4.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 6.4.2.1 \_\_init\_\_()

Initialises object.

Builds a residual channel attention network. Note that the upscale module at the end of the network is omitted so that the input and output of the model have the same size.

# **Parameters**

input_shape	(tuple[int]) - Input shape of the model.
num_channels	(int) - Number of feature channels.
num_residual_blocks	(int) - Number of residual channel attention blocks in each residual group.
num_residual_groups	(int) - Number of residual groups.
channel_reduction	(int) - Channel reduction ratio for channel attention.
residual_scaling	(float) - Scaling factor applied to the residual component in the residual channel attention block.
num_output_channels	(int) - Number of channels in the output image. if negative, it is set to the same number as the input.

#### Returns

torch.nn.Module PyTorch model instance.

# 6.4.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.4.3.1 forward()

```
def rcan.model.RCAN.forward ( self, \\ x \ )
```

Forward method for class.

# **Parameters**

```
x (torch.Tensor) - Input
```

#### Returns

torch.Tensor Output

# 6.4.4 Member Data Documentation

# 6.4.4.1 conv\_input

rcan.model.RCAN.conv\_input

# 6.4.4.2 conv\_list

rcan.model.RCAN.conv\_list

# 6.4.4.3 conv\_output

rcan.model.RCAN.conv\_output

# 6.4.4.4 num\_residual\_groups

rcan.model.RCAN.num\_residual\_groups

# 6.4.4.5 rcab\_list

rcan.model.RCAN.rcab\_list

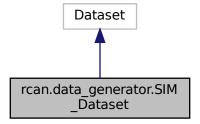
The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/rcan/model.py

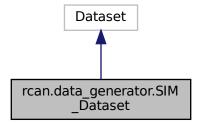
# 6.5 rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset Class Reference

Generates batches of images with real-time data augmentation.

Inheritance diagram for rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset:



 $Collaboration\ diagram\ for\ rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset:$ 



# **Public Member Functions**

```
    def __init__ (self, images, shape, transform_function="rotate_and_flip", intensity_threshold=0.0, area_ratio
    _threshold=0.0, scale_factor=1, steps_per_epoch=1, p_min=2.0, p_max=99.9)
        Initialises object.
    def __getitem__ (self, j)
        Method used during batch loading.
    def __len__ (self)
```

# **Public Attributes**

- · steps per epoch
- p\_min
- p\_max
- output\_shape
- output\_signature

# **Private Member Functions**

• def scale (self, shape)

# **Private Attributes**

- shape
- \_transform\_function
- \_intensity\_threshold
- · \_area\_threshold
- \_scale\_factor
- \_y

# 6.5.1 Detailed Description

Generates batches of images with real-time data augmentation.

# 6.5.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

Initialises object.

#### **Parameters**

images	(list[dict]) - List of dictionaries of data pairs with keys ["raw","gt"]. Images in CZXY format
shape	(tuple[int]) - Shape of batch images excluding the channel dimension
transform_function	(str or callable, optional) - Function used for data augmentation. Typically you will set transform_function='rotate_and_flip' to apply combination of randomly selected image rotation and flipping. Alternatively, you can specify an arbitrary transformation function which takes two input images (source and target) and returns transformed images. If transform_function=None, no augmentation will be performed. Default: "rotate_and_flip"
intensity_threshold	(float, optional) - If $intensity\_threshold > 0$ , pixels whose intensities are greater than this threshold will be considered as foreground. Default: 0.0
area_ratio_threshold	(float, optional) - Threshold between 0 and 1. If $intensity\_threshold > 0$ , the generator calculates the ratio of foreground pixels in a target patch, and rejects the patch if the ratio is smaller than this threshold. Default: 0.0
scale_factor	(int, optional) - Scale factor for the target patch size. Positive and negative values mean up- and down-scaling respectively. Default: 1
steps_per_epoch	(int, optional) - Determines how many times each image is used to generate a patch per batch. Default: 1
p_min	(float, optional) - Minimum percentile used for scaling. Default: 2.0
p_max	(float, optional) - Maximum percentile used for scaling. Default: 99.9

# 6.5.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.5.3.1 \_\_getitem\_\_()

Method used during batch loading.

Standardises pixel values and takes patches from the image pair. Also implements the rejection of patches based on area/intensity threshold, if  $self.\_intensity\_threshold > 0$ . Augments data pair.

# **Parameters**

j (int) - Index of data to be loaded. Note that if self.steps\_per\_epoch > 1, this can be more than the dataset size, in which case it is interpreted modulo the dataset size.

#### Returns

tuple(torch.Tensor) raw-gt image pair

# 6.5.4 Member Data Documentation

# 6.5.4.1 \_area\_threshold

rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.\_area\_threshold [private]

# 6.5.4.2 \_intensity\_threshold

 ${\tt rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.\_intensity\_threshold} \quad [{\tt private}]$ 

# 6.5.4.3 \_scale\_factor

rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.\_scale\_factor [private]

# 6.5.4.4 \_shape

rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.\_shape [private]

# 6.5.4.5 \_transform\_function

 $\verb|rcan.data_generator.SIM_Dataset.\_transform\_function|| [private]|$ 

# 6.5.4.6 \_y

rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.\_y [private]

# 6.5.4.7 output\_shape

rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.output\_shape

#### 6.5.4.8 output\_signature

rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.output\_signature

# 6.5.4.9 p\_max

rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.p\_max

# 6.5.4.10 p\_min

rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.p\_min

# 6.5.4.11 steps\_per\_epoch

rcan.data\_generator.SIM\_Dataset.steps\_per\_epoch

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

/home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/rcan/data\_generator.py

# 6.6 generate\_sim.SimulationRunner Class Reference

Class which performs a batch of simulations, either sequentially or in parallel.

# **Public Member Functions**

```
    def __init__ (self, input_dir, output_dir, index_range, z_offset)
```

• def do sim (self, i, sim, vol)

Creates a new random virtual microscope simulator, takes a new sample from the VHP dataset, runs the simulation on the sample, and saves the results, along with the ground truth, in a single TIFF file.

• def run (self)

Runs a series of simulations sequentially.

# **Public Attributes**

- · input dir
- input\_files
- · output dir
- range
- z\_offset

# 6.6.1 Detailed Description

Class which performs a batch of simulations, either sequentially or in parallel.

#### 6.6.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 6.6.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.6.3.1 do\_sim()

Creates a new random virtual microscope simulator, takes a new sample from the VHP dataset, runs the simulation on the sample, and saves the results, along with the ground truth, in a single TIFF file.

The parameters are saved in an accompanying JSON file.

# 6.6.3.2 run()

```
\label{eq:constraint} \mbox{def generate\_sim.SimulationRunner.run (} \\ self \mbox{)}
```

Runs a series of simulations sequentially.

# 6.6.4 Member Data Documentation

# 6.6.4.1 input\_dir

generate\_sim.SimulationRunner.input\_dir

# 6.6.4.2 input\_files

generate\_sim.SimulationRunner.input\_files

# 6.6.4.3 output\_dir

generate\_sim.SimulationRunner.output\_dir

# 6.6.4.4 range

generate\_sim.SimulationRunner.range

# 6.6.4.5 z\_offset

 ${\tt generate\_sim.SimulationRunner.z\_offset}$ 

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/generate\_sim.py

# 6.7 generate\_sim.Simulator Class Reference

The Simulator class encapsulates the state of a 3D microscope simulation.

#### **Public Member Functions**

- def \_\_init\_\_ (self, \*\*kwargs)
- def randomise (self)
- def params\_dict (self)
- def psf\_params (self)
- def wavevectors (self)

Calculates wavevectors inside the sample for the three beams, for a given number of rotations of those beams.

def illumination (self)

Calculates the illumination intensity in the sample; returns ndarray of shape (n\_rotations, n\_shifts, n\_x, n\_x, n\_z)

def in\_focus\_plane (self, sample)

Returns the designated 'ground truth' plane.

def psf (self)

Calculates a PSF if it has not been done already.

• def simulate\_sim (self, sample)

Calculates the 15 simulated SIM images for a given sample.

• def simulate\_ideal\_superres (self, sample)

Simulates the best-case scenario for a 3D SIM reconstruction, by convolving the in-focus plane with a small PSF.

• def add\_noise (self, image)

Adds a combination of Gaussian and Poissonian noise to the image.

# **Public Attributes**

- n\_shifts
- n\_angles
- n\_x
- n\_z
- · n rotations
- res\_axial
- res lateral
- delta\_z\_p
- n\_sample
- n\_i
- n\_g
- **Z**
- z\_p
- angle\_error
- poisson\_photons
- signal\_to\_noise
- lambda0
- k0
- lambda\_exc
- k exc
- · beam position

# **Private Attributes**

- \_psf
- \_superres\_psf
- illumination

# 6.7.1 Detailed Description

The Simulator class encapsulates the state of a 3D microscope simulation.

A single instance of this class corresponds to a specific set of microscope parameters. These parameters are randomly chosen upon object creation.

# 6.7.2 Constructor & Destructor Documentation

# 6.7.3 Member Function Documentation

# 6.7.3.1 add\_noise()

Adds a combination of Gaussian and Poissonian noise to the image.

# 6.7.3.2 illumination()

```
\label{eq:continuous} \mbox{def generate\_sim.Simulator.illumination (} \\ self \mbox{)}
```

Calculates the illumination intensity in the sample; returns ndarray of shape (n\_rotations, n\_shifts, n\_x, n\_x, n\_z)

# 6.7.3.3 in\_focus\_plane()

```
def generate_sim.Simulator.in_focus_plane ( self, \\ sample )
```

Returns the designated 'ground truth' plane.

# 6.7.3.4 params\_dict()

```
\label{lem:condition} \mbox{def generate\_sim.Simulator.params\_dict (} \\ self \mbox{)}
```

# 6.7.3.5 psf()

Calculates a PSF if it has not been done already.

# 6.7.3.6 psf\_params()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \tt def generate\_sim.Simulator.psf\_params & \\ self \end{tabular} \label{eq:self}
```

# 6.7.3.7 randomise()

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \tt def generate\_sim.Simulator.randomise ( \\ & self ) \end{tabular}
```

# 6.7.3.8 simulate\_ideal\_superres()

Simulates the best-case scenario for a 3D SIM reconstruction, by convolving the in-focus plane with a small PSF.

# 6.7.3.9 simulate\_sim()

```
def generate_sim.Simulator.simulate_sim ( self, \\ sample )
```

Calculates the 15 simulated SIM images for a given sample.

# 6.7.3.10 wavevectors()

```
\label{eq:continuous} \mbox{def generate\_sim.Simulator.wavevectors (} \\ self \mbox{)}
```

Calculates wavevectors inside the sample for the three beams, for a given number of rotations of those beams.

Returns ndarray of shape (n rotations, n beams, 3), where n beams = 3

# 6.7.4 Member Data Documentation

# 6.7.4.1 illumination

```
generate_sim.Simulator._illumination [private]
```

# 6.7.4.2 psf

```
generate_sim.Simulator._psf [private]
```

# 6.7.4.3 \_superres\_psf

```
generate_sim.Simulator._superres_psf [private]
```

# 6.7.4.4 angle\_error

```
generate_sim.Simulator.angle_error
```

# 6.7.4.5 beam\_position

generate\_sim.Simulator.beam\_position

# 6.7.4.6 delta\_z\_p

generate\_sim.Simulator.delta\_z\_p

# 6.7.4.7 k0

 ${\tt generate\_sim.Simulator.k0}$ 

# 6.7.4.8 k\_exc

generate\_sim.Simulator.k\_exc

# 6.7.4.9 lambda0

generate\_sim.Simulator.lambda0

# 6.7.4.10 lambda\_exc

generate\_sim.Simulator.lambda\_exc

# 6.7.4.11 n\_angles

generate\_sim.Simulator.n\_angles

# 6.7.4.12 n\_g

generate\_sim.Simulator.n\_g

# 6.7.4.13 n\_i

generate\_sim.Simulator.n\_i

# 6.7.4.14 n\_rotations

generate\_sim.Simulator.n\_rotations

# 6.7.4.15 n\_sample

generate\_sim.Simulator.n\_sample

# 6.7.4.16 n\_shifts

generate\_sim.Simulator.n\_shifts

# 6.7.4.17 n\_x

generate\_sim.Simulator.n\_x

# 6.7.4.18 n\_z

generate\_sim.Simulator.n\_z

# 6.7.4.19 poisson\_photons

generate\_sim.Simulator.poisson\_photons

# 6.7.4.20 res\_axial

generate\_sim.Simulator.res\_axial

# 6.7.4.21 res\_lateral

generate\_sim.Simulator.res\_lateral

# 6.7.4.22 signal\_to\_noise

generate\_sim.Simulator.signal\_to\_noise

# 6.7.4.23 z

generate\_sim.Simulator.z

# 6.7.4.24 z\_p

generate\_sim.Simulator.z\_p

The documentation for this class was generated from the following file:

• /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/generate\_sim.py

### **Chapter 7**

### **File Documentation**

## 7.1 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/analyse.py File Reference

Script producing plots and small datasets that summarise the performance of models.

### **Namespaces**

· analyse

### **Functions**

def analyse.reshape\_to\_bcwh (data)

- analyse.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- · analyse.type
- · analyse.str
- · analyse.required
- · analyse.default
- · analyse.int
- analyse.args = parser.parse\_args()
- analyse.output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)
- · analyse.parents
- analyse.True
- analyse.exist\_ok
- tuple analyse.device
- · analyse.ckpt
- analyse.model
- analyse.RCAN\_hyperparameters = ckpt["hyperparameters"]
- analyse.gt\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.gt\_dir)
- analyse.raw\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.raw\_dir)
- analyse.model\_1\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.model\_1\_dir)
- analyse.gt\_files = sorted(list(gt\_dir.glob(args.glob\_str)))

- analyse.raw\_files = sorted(list(raw\_dir.glob(args.glob\_str)))
- analyse.model\_1\_files = sorted(list(model\_1\_dir.glob(args.glob\_str)))
- analyse.model 2 dir = pathlib.Path(args.model 2 dir)
- analyse.model\_2\_files = sorted(list(model\_2\_dir.glob(args.glob\_str)))
- analyse.psnr = PSNR(data range=65536, device=device)
- · analyse.ssim
- · analyse.df
- analyse.N = len(gt\_files)
- def analyse.gt = reshape to bcwh(tifffile.imread(gt files[i]))
- def analyse.raw = reshape to bcwh(tifffile.imread(raw files[i]))
- def analyse.model 1 = reshape to bcwh(tifffile.imread(model 1 files[i]))
- def analyse.model\_2 = reshape\_to\_bcwh(tifffile.imread(model\_2\_files[i]))
- analyse.rng = np.random.default\_rng(seed=31052024)
- analyse.img\_idx = list(range(N))
- list analyse.gt samples = [np.squeeze(tifffile.imread(gt files[i])) for i in img idx]
- list analyse.raw samples = [np.squeeze(tifffile.imread(raw files[i])) for i in img\_idx]
- list analyse.model\_1\_samples
- · list analyse.model 2 samples
- · analyse.cmap

### 7.1.1 Detailed Description

Script producing plots and small datasets that summarise the performance of models.

This script reads directories of reconstructed images, and compares raw versus model reconstructions versus ground truth. The script then produces summary statistics, saves relevant metrics to a .csv file, and produces samples of cropped image regions for comparison.

### Arguments:

- · g: directory path for ground-truth images
- · r: directory path for raw images
- · a: directory path for model-1-restored images
- b: directory path for model-2-restored images
- o: output directory for analysis plots, default "figures/"
- x: filepath for model 1 checkpoint (plots learning curve)
- · y: filepath for model 2 checkpoint (plots learning curve)
- · s: globbing string, to analyse a subset of images
- n: number of sample crops to display, default 0.

### 7.2 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/apply.py File Reference

Script producing restored images resulting from an RCAN denoiser being applied to low SNR images.

### **Namespaces**

apply

### **Functions**

• def apply.normalize\_between\_zero\_and\_one (m)

### **Variables**

- apply.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- · apply.type
- · apply.str
- · apply.required
- · apply.int
- · apply.choices
- · apply.default
- apply.percentile
- · apply.action
- apply.args = parser.parse\_args()
- apply.input\_path = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- apply.output\_path = pathlib.Path(args.output)
- · apply.parents
- apply.raw\_files = sorted(input\_path.glob("\*.tif"))
- apply.data = itertools.zip\_longest(raw\_files, [])
- · tuple apply.device
- · apply.ckpt
- apply.model
- apply.RCAN\_hyperparameters = ckpt["hyperparameters"]
- list apply.overlap\_shape
- apply.raw = normalize(tifffile.imread(raw\_file), args.p\_min, args.p\_max)
- · apply.restored
- apply.output\_file = output\_path / ("pred\_" + raw\_file.name)
- apply.imagej

### 7.2.1 Detailed Description

Script producing restored images resulting from an RCAN denoiser being applied to low SNR images.

This script takes directories of raw images, and a model checkpoint file, and applies the model to the image in a patched fashion. The details of this patching, and the output datatype, can be configured.

### Arguments:

- · m: model checkpoint filepath
- i: low SNR image directory path
- · o: output directory path
- b: specifies pixel bit depth to save for output (8 or 16)
- O: block overlap shape (by default input\_shape / 8)

- · p\_min: input normalization parameter, percentile maps to zero
- p max: input normalization parameter, percentile maps to one
- · normalize\_output\_range\_between\_zero\_and\_one: scaling for output

Adapted from https://github.com/AiviaCommunity/3D-RCAN/blob/TF2/apply.py

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### 7.3 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/convert\_omx\_ to czxy.py File Reference

Script enabling .tif file conversion between OMX and CZXY.

### **Namespaces**

· convert omx to czxy

### **Variables**

- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.type
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.str
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.required
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.int
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.action
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.args = parser.parse\_args()
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.input\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.input\_files = sorted(input\_dir.rglob("\*.tif"))
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.original = tifffile.imread(input\_file)
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.n\_phases = args.num\_phases
   convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.n\_angles = args.num\_angles
- convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.converted
- · convert\_omx\_to\_czxy.imagej

### 7.3.1 Detailed Description

Script enabling .tif file conversion between OMX and CZXY.

This script takes directories of image volumes as input, and converts, in place, between the OMX and CZXY formats (in either direction). In the OMX format, the first dimension is of size  $n_p$  hases x  $n_z$  x  $n_z$  angles; moving along this dimension, the phase changes first, then the z-value, then the angle. The CZXY format is the same, but the z-dimension of the image is separated into the 2nd dimension, so that the first dimension is just  $n_z$  phases x  $n_z$  angles.

### Arguments:

- i: image directory
- · p: number of phases
- · a: number of angles
- b: specifies conversion if not used it will be OMX to CZXY, the b flag reverses this direction.

## 7.4 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/convert\_omx\_ to\_paz.py File Reference

Script enabling .tif file conversion between OMX and PAZ.

### **Namespaces**

convert\_omx\_to\_paz

#### **Variables**

- convert omx to paz.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- · convert omx to paz.type
- convert\_omx\_to\_paz.str
- · convert\_omx\_to\_paz.required
- convert\_omx\_to\_paz.int
- convert\_omx\_to\_paz.action
- convert\_omx\_to\_paz.args = parser.parse\_args()
- convert omx to paz.input dir = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- convert\_omx\_to\_paz.input\_files = sorted(input\_dir.rglob("\*.tif"))
- convert\_omx\_to\_paz.original = tifffile.imread(input\_file)
- convert\_omx\_to\_paz.n\_phases = args.num\_phases
- convert\_omx\_to\_paz.n\_angles = args.num\_angles
- convert omx to paz.converted = np.zeros like(original)
- convert\_omx\_to\_paz.imagej

### 7.4.1 Detailed Description

Script enabling .tif file conversion between OMX and PAZ.

This script takes directories of image volumes as input, and converts, in place, between the OMX and PAZ formats (in either direction). In the OMX format, the first dimension is of size n\_phases x n\_z x n\_angles; moving along this dimension, the phase changes first, then the z-value, then the angle. The PAZ format is the same except the order is changed so that z-values and angels are swapped.

### Arguments:

- · i: image directory
- · p: number of phases
- · a: number of angles
- b: specifies conversion if not used it will be OMX to PAZ, the b flag reverses this direction.

## 7.5 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/convert\_slices \_to\_volumes.py File Reference

Script enabling construction of 3D image volumes from large RGB 2D image slices.

### **Namespaces**

· convert\_slices\_to\_volumes

#### **Variables**

- convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- · convert slices to volumes.type
- convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.str
- · convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.required
- convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.tuple\_of\_ints
- · convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.default
- convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.args = parser.parse\_args()
- convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.input\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- convert slices to volumes.output dir = pathlib.Path(args.output)
- convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.input\_files = sorted(input\_dir.glob("\*.tif"))
- · convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.parents
- · convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.True
- · convert slices to volumes.exist ok
- convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.volume = np.zeros((len(input\_files), 3061, 4096), dtype=np.uint8)
- convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.input\_slice = tifffile.imread(file)
- · convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.subvolume
- · tuple convert slices to volumes.output file
- · convert\_slices\_to\_volumes.imagej

### 7.5.1 Detailed Description

Script enabling construction of 3D image volumes from large RGB 2D image slices.

Takes a directory of 2D image slices as input, and converts to 3D volumes. The 2D images are assumed to be ordered z-axially; the number of images is the number of voxels in the z-direction of the 3D volumes. The lateral cross-sections of the 3D images are determined by script arguments. Saves in uint16 depth.

### Arguments:

- · i: directory path for 2D images
- · o: directory path for 3D image volumes
- s: start pixel coordinates (x, y)
- j: crop size for image volume (crop\_x, crop\_y)
- n: number of crops to take in each direction (steps\_x, steps\_y)
- · I: filename prefix, default "volume"

### 7.6 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/generate\_sim.py File Reference

Script simulating the acquisition of 3D SIM image volumes.

### **Classes**

class generate\_sim.Simulator

The Simulator class encapsulates the state of a 3D microscope simulation.

· class generate\_sim.SimulationRunner

Class which performs a batch of simulations, either sequentially or in parallel.

### **Namespaces**

· generate\_sim

#### **Functions**

- def generate\_sim.arange\_zero (n, spacing=1)
- def generate\_sim.threshold\_norm (sample)

Applies a threshold and normalises the sample to improve contrast.

### **Variables**

- generate\_sim.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- generate\_sim.type
- · generate sim.str
- generate\_sim.required
- generate\_sim.int
- generate\_sim.default
- generate\_sim.args = parser.parse\_args()
- generate\_sim.runner

### 7.6.1 Detailed Description

Script simulating the acquisition of 3D SIM image volumes.

Takes a directory of 3D image volumes as input, and produces synthetic 3-beam SIM volumes of size (15, 32, 256, 256).

#### Arguments:

- · i: directory path of input volumes
- · o: directory path of output volumes
- · s: start index of sorted input files to process
- · e: end index of sorted input files to process
- z: z\_offset, used to specify the region of the input volume to use.

# 7.7 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/image\_ noising.py File Reference

Script which converts a directory of high-SNR SIM images into a training dataset.

### **Namespaces**

· image noising

### **Functions**

• def image\_noising.save\_image\_pair (gt\_img, split, name, channel\_idx)

### **Variables**

- image noising.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- · image noising.type
- · image\_noising.str
- · image\_noising.required
- image\_noising.int
- · image noising.choices
- · image noising.float
- · image noising.default
- image noising.args = parser.parse args()
- image\_noising.input\_path = pathlib.Path(args.input)
- image\_noising.output\_path = pathlib.Path(args.output)
- · image noising.parents
- image\_noising.output\_train\_gt\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Training", "GT")
- image\_noising.output\_train\_raw\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Training", "Raw")
- image noising.output val gt path = output path.joinpath("Validation", "GT")
- image\_noising.output\_val\_raw\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Validation", "Raw")
- image\_noising.output\_test\_gt\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Testing", "GT")
- image\_noising.output\_test\_raw\_path = output\_path.joinpath("Testing", "Raw")
- image\_noising.data = sorted(input\_path.glob("\*.tif"))
- image noising.n acquisitions = tifffile.imread(data[0]).shape[0] // args.channels
- image\_noising.n\_img = len(data)
- image\_noising.train\_size = int((1 args.test\_fraction) \* n\_img)
- image\_noising.val\_size = int(args.val\_fraction \* train\_size)
- image\_noising.rng = np.random.default\_rng(seed=25042024)
- image\_noising.img\_idx\_all = list(range(n\_img))
- image\_noising.img\_idx\_test = img\_idx\_all[train\_size:]
- image noising.img idx train = img idx all[: train size val size]
- image\_noising.img\_idx\_val = img\_idx\_all[train\_size val\_size : train\_size]
- image noising.gt = tifffile.imread(img file)
- string image\_noising.split = "train"

### 7.7.1 Detailed Description

Script which converts a directory of high-SNR SIM images into a training dataset.

Each image is duplicated so that a low SNR counterpart is produced, simulating the same sample imaged with a lower illumination intensity. The data is then randomly split into train, validation, and testing subsets.

### Arguments:

- · i: directory path of input image
- · o: directory path of output
- d: dimension
- s: scale factor used to simulate the low SNR images.
- tf: the fraction of the full dataset used for the hold-out test set.
- vf: the fraction of the training dataset that is reserved for validation during training.

## 7.8 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/manage\_ stack.py File Reference

Script handling the stacking and unstacking of groups of images, for the purpose of batch reconstructions.

### **Namespaces**

manage\_stack

#### **Variables**

- manage\_stack.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- manage\_stack.type
- · manage\_stack.str
- · manage stack.required
- · manage\_stack.int
- · manage stack.choices
- manage\_stack.default
- manage\_stack.action
- manage stack.args = parser.parse args()
- manage\_stack.output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)
- · manage stack.parents
- manage\_stack.True
- manage\_stack.exist\_ok
- manage\_stack.files = sorted(list(pathlib.Path(args.input\_dir).glob(args.glob\_str)))
- int manage stack.stack number = -1 else args.stack number
- int manage stack.number of stacks = len(files) // stack number
- manage\_stack.sample = tifffile.imread(files[0])
- manage\_stack.stack
- manage\_stack.img\_data = tifffile.imread(input\_file)
- tuple manage\_stack.filename
- tuple manage\_stack.output\_file = output\_dir / filename
- manage\_stack.n\_acq = args.num\_acquisitions
- manage\_stack.n\_z = sample.shape[0] // n\_acq
- manage\_stack.output\_data

### 7.8.1 Detailed Description

Script handling the stacking and unstacking of groups of images, for the purpose of batch reconstructions.

Takes a directory of images as input, and either stacks or unstacks the images there according to the configuration. 3D Image Volumes are expected to be in PAZ format.

### Arguments:

- · i: directory path of input images
- · o: directory path of output images
- n: output image name prefix only applies in 'stack' mode

- · d: dimension
- q: number of SIM acquisitions per image currently also used to set the number of z-planes per image when unstacking reconstructions
- · g: glob string used to choose images from input directory
- · u: if used, sets mode to 'unstack'
- · s: start index of sorted input files to process
- · e: end index of sorted input files to process
- t: number of images to stack together only applies in 'stack' mode

### 7.9 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/rcan/\_\_init\_\_.py File Reference

### **Namespaces**

rcan

# 7.10 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/synthetic\_- sim/\_\_init\_\_.py File Reference

### **Namespaces**

• synthetic\_sim

# 7.11 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/rcan/data\_ generator.py File Reference

Module that handles processing and batching of data during training loop.

### **Classes**

· class rcan.data generator.SIM Dataset

Generates batches of images with real-time data augmentation.

### **Namespaces**

rcan.data\_generator

### Functions

def rcan.data\_generator.load\_SIM\_dataset (images, shape, batch\_size, transform\_function, intensity\_

 threshold, area\_threshold, scale\_factor, steps\_per\_epoch, p\_min, p\_max)

Wraps SIM\_Dataset object in a PyTorch Dataloader object to enable batch loading.

### 7.11.1 Detailed Description

Module that handles processing and batching of data during training loop.

This module primarily defines the SIM\_Datatset class which handles image cropping, normalization, augmentation, and intensity-threshold-area based rejection.

 $\label{lower_model} \begin{array}{ll} \textbf{Migrated} & \textbf{from} & \texttt{https://github.com/AiviaCommunity/3D-RCAN/blob/TF2/rcan/data\_} \\ & \texttt{generator.py} \end{array}$ 

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### 7.12 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/rcan/model.py File Reference

Module defining the RCAN model architecture.

### **Classes**

· class rcan.model.\_channel\_attention\_block

Implements channel attention block/layer.

· class rcan.model.\_residual\_channel\_attention\_blocks

Implements residual group based on [1].

· class rcan.model.RCAN

Builds a residual channel attention network.

### **Namespaces**

· rcan.model

### **Functions**

• def rcan.model.\_conv (ndim, in\_filters, out\_filters, kernel\_size, padding="same", \*\*kwargs)

Returns the appropriate torch.nn convolution layer based on parameters.

def rcan.model.\_global\_average\_pooling (ndim)

Returns the appropriate torch.nn pooling layer based on parameters.

• def rcan.model.\_standardize (x)

Standardises input data.

• def rcan.model.\_destandardize (x)

Inverse of \_standardize.

### 7.12.1 Detailed Description

Module defining the RCAN model architecture.

Module that defines a number of classes inheriting from nn.Module, implementing different levels of the RCAN architecture. This includes the channel attention layer, residual channel attention block, and RCAN itself.

Migrated from https://github.com/AiviaCommunity/3D-RCAN/blob/TF2/rcan/model.py

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## 7.13 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_← project/jh2284/src/rcan/plotting.py File Reference

Module providing helper functions for matplotlib plots.

### **Namespaces**

· rcan.plotting

### **Functions**

• def rcan.plotting.plot\_learning\_curve (losses\_train, losses\_val, psnr\_train, psnr\_val, ssim\_train, ssim\_val, fig-size, output\_path)

Plots the learning curve metrics from a model checkpoint according to loss, PSNR, and SSIM.

def rcan.plotting.plot\_reconstructions (device, output\_path, dim, gt\_imgs, raw\_imgs, model\_1\_imgs, model 
 2 imgs=None, cmap="inferno")

Plots a sample of reconstructions comparing GT vs Raw vs Restored.

### 7.13.1 Detailed Description

Module providing helper functions for matplotlib plots.

Provides tools to assist with analysis of trained networks, including samples of restored reconstructions, metrics, and model progress during training.

### 7.14 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/rcan/utils.py File Reference

Contains utility functions for the training loop and inference.

### **Namespaces**

· rcan.utils

### **Functions**

• def rcan.utils.normalize (image, p\_min=2, p\_max=99.9, dtype="float32")

Normalizes the image intensity so that the  $p\_min$ -th and the  $p\_max$ -th percentiles are converted to 0 and 1 respectively.

def rcan.utils.apply (model, data, model\_input\_image\_shape, model\_output\_image\_shape, num\_input\_

 channels, num\_output\_channels, batch\_size, device, overlap\_shape=None, verbose=False)

Applies a model to an input image.

def rcan.utils.load\_rcan\_checkpoint (ckpt\_path, device)

Enables loading of RCAN checkpointed model.

def rcan.utils.tuple\_of\_ints (string)

Defines behaviour of parsing tuples of ints (argparse).

def rcan.utils.percentile (x)

Defines behaviour of parsing percentiles (argparse).

### 7.14.1 Detailed Description

Contains utility functions for the training loop and inference.

Migrated from https://github.com/AiviaCommunity/3D-RCAN/blob/TF2/rcan/utils.py

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# 7.15 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/recon\_postprocess.py File Reference

Script handling the postprocessing of SIM reconstructions.

### **Namespaces**

recon\_postprocess

- recon\_postprocess.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- recon\_postprocess.type
- · recon postprocess.str
- · recon\_postprocess.required
- recon\_postprocess.args = parser.parse\_args()
- recon\_postprocess.files = sorted(list(pathlib.Path(args.input\_dir).rglob("\*.tif")))
- recon\_postprocess.img\_data = tifffile.imread(input\_file)

### 7.15.1 Detailed Description

Script handling the postprocessing of SIM reconstructions.

Takes a directory of images as input, clips zero values, and scales to the full 16-bit depth range. Operates in-place.

Arguments:

· i: directory path of input images

# 7.16 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/recon\_← preprocess.py File Reference

Script handling the preprocessing of images before SIM reconstruction.

### **Namespaces**

· recon\_preprocess

### **Functions**

• def recon\_preprocess.normalize\_acquisition\_intensity (data, dim)

- recon preprocess.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- recon\_preprocess.type
- · recon\_preprocess.str
- recon\_preprocess.required
- · recon\_preprocess.int
- recon\_preprocess.choices
- recon\_preprocess.percentile
- recon\_preprocess.default
- recon\_preprocess.action
- recon\_preprocess.args = parser.parse\_args()
- recon\_preprocess.output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)
- recon\_preprocess.parents
- recon\_preprocess.True
- recon\_preprocess.exist\_ok
- recon\_preprocess.files = sorted(list(pathlib.Path(args.input\_dir).glob("\*.tif")))
- recon preprocess.img data = tifffile.imread(input file).astype("float32")
- recon\_preprocess.output\_file = output\_dir / input\_file.name

### 7.16.1 Detailed Description

Script handling the preprocessing of images before SIM reconstruction.

Takes a directory of images as input, equalizes the total acquisition, intensities within each image, subtracts background and extreme pixels on a percentile basis, then scales to the full 16-bit depth range.

### Arguments:

- · i: directory path of input images
- · o: directory path of output images
- · d: dimension
- I: lower percentile used for clipping (background)
- u: upper percentile used for clipping (bright values)
- · n: turns on normalization of acquisition intensity

### 7.17 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/stats.py File Reference

### **Namespaces**

stats

### **Functions**

• def stats.paired\_t (gt\_data, data)

- stats.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- stats.type
- · stats.str
- · stats.required
- · stats.int
- · stats.choices
- stats.default
- stats.args = parser.parse\_args()
- stats.output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)
- · stats.parents
- · stats.True
- · stats.exist\_ok
- · stats.df
- · stats.fig
- stats.ax
- stats.figsize
- stats.psnr\_diff\_1\_max
- stats.psnr\_diff\_2\_max

- stats.psnr\_diff\_1\_min
- stats.psnr\_diff\_2\_min
- · tuple stats.hist\_range\_psnr
- stats.ssim\_diff\_1\_max
- · stats.ssim diff 2 max
- stats.ssim\_diff\_1\_min
- stats.ssim\_diff\_2\_min
- tuple stats.hist\_range\_ssim
- · stats.xlabel
- · stats.title
- · stats.range
- · stats.color
- stats.mean\_psnr\_1 = np.mean(np.array(df['psnr\_model\_1']) np.array(df['psnr\_raw']))
- stats.se psnr 1
- stats.mean\_ssim\_1 = np.mean(np.array(df['ssim\_model\_1']) np.array(df['ssim\_raw']))
- stats.se ssim 1
- stats.mean\_psnr\_2
- stats.se\_psnr\_2
- stats.mean\_ssim\_2
- stats.se\_ssim\_2
- int stats.psnr\_cols = 2 else df.columns[1:3]
- int stats.ssim\_cols = 2 else df.columns[3:5]
- · stats.dflong
- · stats.dflongssim
- stats.data
- stats.x
- · stats.y
- stats.hue
- stats.dodge
- stats.legend
- · stats.palette
- · stats.alpha
- · stats.lw

# 7.18 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/synthetic\_ sim/otf.py File Reference

### **Classes**

· class synthetic\_sim.otf.PsfParameters

Class to store PSF parameters.

### **Namespaces**

• synthetic\_sim.otf

### **Functions**

• def synthetic\_sim.otf.calc\_psf (params)

Calculate an approximate Gibson-Lanni PSF based on the parameters provided.

### 7.19 /home/jhughes2712/projects/sim\_project/jh2284/src/train.py File Reference

Script used to train RCAN.

### **Namespaces**

train

### **Functions**

- def train.load\_data\_paths (config, data\_type)
- def train.train (train\_loader, val\_loader, optimizer, scheduler, net, batchsize, n\_accumulations, saveinter-val, nepoch, start\_epoch=0, losses\_train\_epoch=[], losses\_val\_epoch=[], psnr\_train\_epoch=[], psnr\_val\_← epoch=[], ssim\_train\_epoch=[], ssim\_val\_epoch=[])

- train.parser = argparse.ArgumentParser()
- · train.type
- · train.str
- · train.required
- train.args = parser.parse\_args()
- · dictionary train.schema
- train.config = json.load(f)
- int train.ndim = tifffile.imread(training data[0]["raw"]).ndim 1
- train.input\_shape = config["input\_shape"]
- · tuple train.device
- train.ckpt\_path = None if args.model\_ckpt is None else pathlib.Path(args.model\_ckpt)
- · train.model
- · dictionary train.RCAN\_hyperparameters
- · train.ckpt
- train.train\_loader
- train.val\_loader
- train.optimizer
- · train.scheduler
- train.output\_dir = pathlib.Path(args.output\_dir)
- · train.parents
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- train.nepoch
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- train.losses\_train\_epoch
- train.losses\_val\_epoch
- train.psnr\_train\_epoch
- train.psnr\_val\_epoch
- train.ssim\_train\_epoch
- · train.ssim\_val\_epoch

### 7.19.1 Detailed Description

Script used to train RCAN.

Reads the specified config.json file, and trains an RCAN model accordingly. Intermediate training progress is saved using model checkpoints. Can handle resumed model training if a previous checkpoint is provided.

### Arguments:

- · c: filepath for config JSON file
- · o: path of model checkpoint directory
- m: filepath of intermediate model checkpoint (if given, training resumes from this checkpoint)

Adapted from https://github.com/AiviaCommunity/3D-RCAN/blob/TF2/train.py

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