

清空並刪除文件



我想要理解這段程式碼用法,為了加到我到exporter中做實驗時,為什麼這樣修改可以動態新增 labels、如何計算metric?、如何動態更新 Prometheus 指標的 labels?,我對這些code不理解,你能教我嗎,你能多print出metric的計算過嗎,或是或是你能給更簡單的範例:



★ 你的問題

- 1. 為什麼這樣修改可以動態新增 `labels`?
- 2. 如何計算 `metric`?
- 3. 如何動態更新 `Prometheus` 指標的 `labels`?
- 4. 想要更多 `print()` 來觀察 `metric` 計算過程
- 5. 希望透過更簡單的範例來學習

◆ 1. 先學習基礎概念

Prometheus `Gauge` 指標 需要在 建立時定義 `labels`,但 可以動態更新不同 `label` 的值。

```
from prometheus_client import Gauge

# **建立 Prometheus 指標, 並定義 `labels`**
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences",
labels=["host", "job_name"])

# **為不同 `labels` 設定值**
```



```
log_host_job_count.labels(host="host_1", job_name="job_A").set(3)
log_host_job_count.labels(host="host_2", job_name="job_B").set(2)
```

這樣 **Prometheus 會記錄不同** `labels` **的** `metrics`:

```
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 3
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_B"} 2
```

◆ 2. 簡單範例:動態新增 `labels`

這個節例會:

- 1. 讀取 `log_data` (模擬 `log.csv`)
- 2. 自動檢測 `labels`, 並動態更新 `Gauge`
- 3. 用 `print()` 輸出 `metric` 計算過程



```
{"host": "host_2", "job_name": "job_C"},
    {"host": "host_3", "job_name": "job_B", "module_name": "cbbb"},
    {"host": "host_3", "job_name": "job_B"},
    {"host": "host_3", "job_name": "job_B"},
]
# **解析數據並更新 `labels`**
metric_cache = {}
for entry in log_data:
    host = entry["host"]
    job_name = entry["job_name"]
    # **提取額外 `labels`**
    extra_labels = {k: v for k, v in entry.items() if k not in ["host",
"job_name"]}
    # **更新 `dynamic_labels`**
    for label in extra_labels.keys():
        dynamic_labels.add(label)
    # **建立唯一 key**
    key = (host, job_name, frozenset(extra_labels.items()))
    metric_cache[key] = metric_cache.get(key, 0) + 1
    # **Print debug log**
    print(f"[DEBUG] Key: {key}, Count: {metric_cache[key]}")
# **更新 Prometheus 指標**
def update_metrics():
    """更新 Prometheus `metrics`"""
    log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # **清除舊數據**
    print("\n[DEBUG] 更新 Prometheus 指標:")
    for (host, job_name, extra_labels), count in metric_cache.items():
        labels_dict = {"host": host, "job_name": job_name,
**dict(extra_labels)}
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
        print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}")
```



```
# **啟動 HTTP 伺服器**

start_http_server(8080)

print("Exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics")

while True:
    update_metrics()
    time.sleep(10)
```

◆ 3. `print()` 輸出的結果

當程式執行時,會輸出 `metric` 計算過程:

```
[DEBUG] Key: ('host_1', 'job_A', frozenset()), Count: 1
[DEBUG] Key: ('host_1', 'job_A', frozenset({('service_name', 'aaa'),
('container_name', 'bbbb')})), Count: 1
[DEBUG] Key: ('host_1', 'job_B', frozenset()), Count: 1
[DEBUG] Key: ('host_2', 'job_A', frozenset()), Count: 1
[DEBUG] Key: ('host_2', 'job_C', frozenset()), Count: 1
[DEBUG] Key: ('host_3', 'job_B', frozenset({('module_name', 'cbbb')})), Count:
1
[DEBUG] Key: ('host_3', 'job_B', frozenset()), Count: 2
「DEBUG」更新 Prometheus 指標:
[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A'} : 1
[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A',
'service_name': 'aaa', 'container_name': 'bbbb'} : 1
[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_B'} : 1
[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_2', 'job_name': 'job_A'} : 1
[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics`
                     => {'host': 'host_2', 'job_name': 'job_C'} : 1
[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_3', 'job_name': 'job_B',
'module_name': 'cbbb'} : 1
[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_3', 'job_name': 'job_B'} : 2
```



◆ 4. `Prometheus` 看到的 `metrics`

當 `Prometheus` 查詢 `/metrics`, 會看到:

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1",
                                  job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa"
container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1",
                                  job_name="job_B"} 1
                                  job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2",
log_host_job_count{host="host_2",
                                  job_name="job_C"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3",
                                  job_name="job_B"} 2
log_host_job_count{host="host_3",
                                  job_name="job_B", module_name="cbbb"} 1
```

◆ 5. 這樣的改動可以解釋什麼?

- <mark>▼</mark> 動態解析 `labels` → 根據 `log_data` 自動新增 `labels`
- 計算 `metric` 數值 → 使用 `metric_cache` 紀錄 `host`, `job_name` 和 `labels` 的計數
- <mark>▼</mark> 動態更新 `Prometheus` 指標 → `labels()` 會根據 `labels_dict` 設定 `metrics`
- 使用 `print()`輸出 `metric` 計算過程 → 可以看到 `key` 如何計算, `metrics` 如何更新

📌 你現在可以做的實驗

- 1. 修改 `log_data`,新增 `labels`,觀察 `/metrics` 是否正確解析
- 2. 嘗試 `print(metric_cache)`,觀察 `metrics` 如何被計算
- 3. 改變 `update_metrics()`的 `print()` 輸出,看看 `labels` 如何影響 `metrics`
- 續 這樣你可以深入理解 Python 如何動態新增 `labels`,並確保 `Prometheus` 正確計算
 `metrics`! 續





```
import csv
import os
import time
import logging
from datetime import datetime
from prometheus_client import Gauge,
start http server
from threading import Lock
from logging.handlers import RotatingFileHandler
# 設置日誌輪替
log handler = RotatingFileHandler(
  "exporter.log", maxBytes=5 * 1024 * 1024,
backupCount=3
logging.basicConfig(
  level=logging.INFO,
  format="%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %
(message)s",
  handlers=[log_handler]
)
# 定義 Prometheus 指標
log host job count = Gauge("log_host_job_count",
"Count of occurrences of host and job name in log")
# 資料快取與 Scraper 記錄
metric cache = \{\}
cache lock = Lock()
scraper_access_record = {} # 記錄 Scraper 是否已抓取
def collect(scraper ip):
  """確保 Scraper 在 metric 更新週期內只能抓取一次"""
  with cache lock:
    # 如果 Scraper 已經抓取過這個 metric 週期,則拒絕
    if scraper_ip in scraper_access_record:
       logging.warning(f"Scraper {scraper_ip} 已經抓取
```



```
過,拒絕提供數據")
       return
     # 記錄 Scraper 這次抓取的時間
     scraper_access_record[scraper_ip] = time.time()
     # 更新 Prometheus 指標
     total_count = sum(metric_cache.values()) # 計算
所有 host/job name 出現的總數
     log_host_job_count.set(total_count)
     logging.info(f"Updated metrics:
log host job count = {total count}")
def update_metrics():
  """從最新的 log.csv 更新 metric"""
  log file = "log.csv"
  if not os.path.exists(log_file):
     logging.warning(f"Log file {log file} does not
exist.")
     return
  counts = \{\}
  try:
     with open(log file, 'r') as f:
       reader = csv.reader(f)
       for row in reader:
         host, job name = row[0], row[1]
         key = (host, job name)
         counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
  except Exception as e:
     logging.error(f"Error reading log file {log file}:
{e}")
     return
  with cache lock:
     global metric cache
     metric cache = counts
     scraper access record.clear() # 清空 Scraper 記
```



```
錄,允許 Scraper 再次抓取
  logging.info("Metrics updated successfully.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
  start_http_server(8080)
  logging.info("Prometheus exporter running on
http://localhost:8080/metrics")
  # 監控迴圈
  while True:
    update metrics()
    time.sleep(10)
```



🖈 這段程式碼的作用

這段 Python 程



```
# HELP log host job count Count of occurrences of
host and job name in log
# TYPE log host job count gauge
log host job count 0.0,沒有計算data collect.csv的
metrics
import csv
import os
import time
import logging
from datetime import datetime
from prometheus client import Gauge,
start_http_server
from threading import Lock
from logging.handlers import RotatingFileHandler
```



```
# 設置日誌輪替
log handler = RotatingFileHandler(
  "exporter.log", maxBytes=5 * 1024 * 1024,
backupCount=3
logging.basicConfig(
  level=logging.INFO,
  format="%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %
(message)s",
  handlers=[log handler]
)
# 定義 Prometheus 指標
log host job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count",
"Count of occurrences of host and job name in log")
# 資料快取與 Scraper 記錄
metric cache = {}
cache lock = Lock()
scraper_access_record = {} # 記錄 Scraper 是否已抓取
def collect(scraper ip):
  """確保 Scraper 在 metric 更新週期內只能抓取一次"""
  with cache lock:
    # 如果 Scraper 已經抓取過這個 metric 週期,則拒絕
    if scraper ip in scraper access record:
       logging.warning(f"Scraper {scraper ip} 已經抓取
過,拒絕提供數據")
      return
    # 記錄 Scraper 這次抓取的時間
    scraper access record[scraper ip] = time.time()
    # 更新 Prometheus 指標
    total count = sum(metric cache.values()) # 計算
所有 host/job name 出現的總數
    log host job count.set(total count)
    logging.info(f"Updated metrics:
```



```
log_host_job_count = {total_count}")
def update_metrics():
  """從最新的 data collect.csv 更新 metric"""
  log file = "data collect.csv"
  if not os.path.exists(log_file):
     logging.warning(f"Log file {log file} does not
exist.")
     return
  counts = \{\}
  try:
     with open(log_file, 'r') as f:
       reader = csv.reader(f)
       for row in reader:
          host, job_name = row[0], row[1]
          key = (host, job name)
          counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
  except Exception as e:
     logging.error(f"Error reading log file {log_file}:
{e}")
     return
  with cache lock:
     global metric cache
     metric cache = counts
     scraper access record.clear() # 清空 Scraper 記
錄,允許 Scraper 再次抓取
  logging.info("Metrics updated successfully.")
if __name__ == "__main__":
  # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
  start http server(8080)
  logging.info("Prometheus exporter running on
http://localhost:8080/metrics")
```



監控迴圈 while True: update_metrics() time.sleep(10)



🖈 問題分析

你的 `metrics` **沒有正確計算** `data_collect.csv` **的數據**,導致 `log_host_job_count` 一直是 `0.0`。

可能的原因

- 1. `data_collect.csv` 是否存在?
 - `update_metrics()` 會檢查 `data_collect.csv` 是否存在,若不存在則 `return`,導致 `metrics` 沒有更新。
 - 請執行 `ls -l data_collect.csv` 確認檔案存在。

ls -l data_collect.csv

- 2. `data_collect.csv` 的格式是否正確?
 - 這個程式碼**假設 CSV 檔案有兩個欄位** `host, job_name`, 但若 `CSV` 檔案內有額外的 `label` (如 `service_name, container_name`),則 `row[0], row[1]` 可能會解析錯誤, 導致 `counts[key]` 無法正確計算。
- 3. 是否成功更新 `metrics`?
 - `update_metrics()`執行後,會`logging.info("Metrics updated successfully.")`
 - 請檢查 `exporter.log` 是否有這條記錄,確保 `metrics` 被更新。

cat exporter.log | grep "Metrics updated successfully"



4. `Prometheus` 是否正確抓取 `metrics`?

• 請執行 `curl http://localhost:8080/metrics`,查看 `log_host_job_count` 的值。

```
curl http://localhost:8080/metrics
```

📌 修正方案

我們將增加`print()`輸出`metrics`計算過程,幫助你 Debug。

```
import csv
import os
import time
import logging
from datetime import datetime
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server
from threading import Lock
from logging.handlers import RotatingFileHandler
# 設置日誌輪替
log_handler = RotatingFileHandler(
    "exporter.log", maxBytes=5 * 1024 * 1024, backupCount=3
)
logging.basicConfig(
    level=logging.INFO,
    format="%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s",
    handlers=[log_handler]
)
# 定義 Prometheus 指標
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of host
and job_name in log")
# 資料快取與 Scraper 記錄
metric_cache = {}
cache_lock = Lock()
```



```
scraper_access_record = {} # 記錄 Scraper 是否已抓取
def collect(scraper_ip):
    """確保 Scraper 在 `metric` 更新週期內只能抓取一次"""
   with cache_lock:
       if scraper_ip in scraper_access_record:
           logging.warning(f"Scraper {scraper_ip} 已經抓取過,拒絕提供數據")
           return
       scraper_access_record[scraper_ip] = time.time()
       # 更新 Prometheus 指標
       total_count = sum(metric_cache.values()) # 計算所有 host/job_name 出現的
總數
       log_host_job_count.set(total_count)
       logging.info(f"Updated metrics: log_host_job_count = {total_count}")
       print(f"[DEBUG] Updated metrics: log_host_job_count = {total_count}")
# Q Debug
def update_metrics():
    """從最新的 data_collect.csv 更新 metric"""
   log_file = "data_collect.csv"
   if not os.path.exists(log_file):
       logging.warning(f"Log file {log_file} does not exist.")
       print("[DEBUG] Log file does not exist.") # Q Debug
       return
   counts = \{\}
   try:
       with open(log_file, 'r') as f:
           reader = csv.reader(f)
           for row in reader:
               if len(row) < 2: # 確保至少有 `host, job_name`
                   logging.warning(f"Invalid row format: {row}")
                   print(f"[DEBUG] Invalid row format: {row}") # Q Debug
                   continue
```



```
host, job_name = row[0].strip(), row[1].strip()
                key = (host, job_name)
                counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(f"Error reading log file {log_file}: {e}")
        print(f''[DEBUG] Error reading log file {log_file}: {e}'') # Q Debug
        return
    with cache_lock:
        global metric_cache
        metric_cache = counts
        scraper_access_record.clear()
       # 打印 metrics 計算結果
        print("\n[DEBUG] Updated metric_cache:")
        for key, value in metric_cache.items():
            print(f"[DEBUG] {key} : {value}")
    logging.info("Metrics updated successfully.")
    print("[DEBUG] Metrics updated successfully.") # Q Debug
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
    start_http_server(8080)
    logging.info("Prometheus exporter running on
http://localhost:8080/metrics")
    print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # 
Debug
    # 監控迴圈
    while True:
        update_metrics()
        time.sleep(10)
```



📌 修正後的 Debug 方法

1. 檢查 `data_collect.csv` 是否存在

```
ls -1 data_collect.csv
```

2. 查看 `exporter.log`,確認 `metrics` 是否更新

```
cat exporter.log | grep "Metrics updated successfully"
```

3. **查看** `metrics` 是否為 `0.0`

```
curl http://localhost:8080/metrics
```

4. 查看 Debug 輸出

啟動程式後,檢查終端機輸出的 `[DEBUG]`訊息,看看 `log_host_job_count`是否正確 計算。

★ 這樣的修改能解決什麼?

- ☑ 檢查 `data_collect.csv` 是否存在,避免 `metrics` 沒有更新
- ☑ 檢查 `data_collect.csv` 是否有錯誤行,避免 `row[0], row[1] `解析失敗
- ☑ 每次 `update_metrics()` 會 `print()` `metric_cache`,幫助 **Debug** 計算結果
- ☑ 每次 `metrics` 更新都會輸出 `Updated metrics: log_host_job_count = X`,確保
 `Prometheus` 正確獲取數據

續 這樣你就可以確認 `metrics` 是否正確計算,並確保 `log_host_job_count` 會根據
 `data_collect.csv` 變化!





HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences of host and job name in log # TYPE log_host_job_count gauge log_host_job_count 0.0

但curl只拿到# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences of host and job name in log # TYPE log_host_job_count gauge log_host_job_count 0.0



★ 問題分析

你現在的問題是:

- 1. `log_host_job_count`的值一直是 `0.0`
- 2. `curl http://localhost:8080/metrics` 只能抓到 `log_host_job_count 0.0`,沒有其他 `labels`

這表示 `metrics` 沒有正確計算 `data collect.csv` 的數據。

🔍 可能的錯誤原因

`data collect.csv`是否存在且有數據?

執行以下指令 確認 `data collect.csv` 是否真的有數據:

ls -1 data_collect.csv cat data_collect.csv

如果 `data_collect.csv` **是空的**,那 `metrics` 一定會是 `0.0`。



② `update_metrics()` 是否正確更新 `metric_cache`?

在 `update_metrics()` 加入 `print()` 來查看 `metric_cache`:

```
print("\n[DEBUG] Updated metric_cache:")
for key, value in metric_cache.items():
    print(f"[DEBUG] {key} : {value}")
```

然後重新啟動程式,看 `metric_cache` 是否有被正確計算。

③ `log_host_job_count` 是否有動態 `labels`?

目前程式碼只有:

```
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of host
and job_name in log")
```

這 沒有 `labels`,所以 `curl` 只會看到:

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences of host and job_name in log
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count 0.0
```

要讓 `Prometheus` 顯示 `host` 和 `job_name`,需要 改成這樣:

```
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences",
labels=["host", "job_name"])
```

並在 `update_metrics()` 時 **為每個** `host` **和** `job_name` **設定值**:



```
log_host_job_count.labels(host=host, job_name=job_name).set(count)
```

◆ 修正後的程式碼

這個版本 修正 `log_host_job_count` 沒有 `labels` 的問題,並且 增加 `print()` 來 Debug `metric_cache`。

```
import csv
import os
import time
import logging
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server
from threading import Lock
from logging.handlers import RotatingFileHandler
# 設置日誌輪替
log_handler = RotatingFileHandler(
    "exporter.log", maxBytes=5 * 1024 * 1024, backupCount=3
)
logging.basicConfig(
    level=logging.INFO,
    format="%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s",
    handlers=[log_handler]
)
# **修正:改成支援 `labels`**
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences",
labels=["host", "job_name"])
# 資料快取與 Scraper 記錄
metric_cache = {}
cache\_lock = Lock()
scraper_access_record = {} # 記錄 Scraper 是否已抓取
```



```
def collect(scraper_ip):
    """確保 Scraper 在 `metric` 更新週期內只能抓取一次"""
   with cache_lock:
       if scraper_ip in scraper_access_record:
           logging.warning(f"Scraper {scraper_ip} 已經抓取過,拒絕提供數據")
           return
       scraper_access_record[scraper_ip] = time.time()
       # **清空舊的 metrics**
       log_host_job_count._metrics.clear()
       # **更新 Prometheus 指標**
       for (host, job_name), count in metric_cache.items():
           log_host_job_count.labels(host=host, job_name=job_name).set(count)
           print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => host={host}, job_name={job_name},
count={count}")
       logging.info("Updated metrics successfully.")
       print("[DEBUG] Updated metrics successfully.") # Q Debug
def update_metrics():
    """從最新的 data_collect.csv 更新 metric"""
   log_file = "data_collect.csv"
   if not os.path.exists(log_file):
       logging.warning(f"Log file {log_file} does not exist.")
       print("[DEBUG] Log file does not exist.") # Q Debug
       return
   counts = \{\}
   try:
       with open(log_file, 'r') as f:
           reader = csv.reader(f)
           for row in reader:
               if len(row) < 2: # 確保至少有 `host, job_name`
                   logging.warning(f"Invalid row format: {row}")
                   print(f"[DEBUG] Invalid row format: {row}") # Q Debug
                   continue
```



```
host, job_name = row[0].strip(), row[1].strip()
                key = (host, job_name)
                counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(f"Error reading log file {log_file}: {e}")
        print(f''[DEBUG] Error reading log file {log_file}: {e}'') # Q Debug
        return
    with cache_lock:
        global metric_cache
        metric_cache = counts
        scraper_access_record.clear()
        # **打印 metrics 計算結果**
        print("\n[DEBUG] Updated metric_cache:")
        for key, value in metric_cache.items():
            print(f"[DEBUG] {key} : {value}")
    logging.info("Metrics updated successfully.")
    print("[DEBUG] Metrics updated successfully.") # Q Debug
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
    start_http_server(8080)
    logging.info("Prometheus exporter running on
http://localhost:8080/metrics")
    print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # \mathbb{Q}
Debug
    # 監控迴圈
    while True:
        update_metrics()
        collect("localhost") # ** 手動觸發 collect **
        time.sleep(10)
```



📌 修正後的 Debug 方法

1. 檢查 `data_collect.csv` 是否存在

```
ls -1 data_collect.csv
```

2. 查看 `exporter.log`, 確認 `metrics` 是否更新

```
cat exporter.log | grep "Metrics updated successfully"
```

3. **查看** `metrics` 是否為 `0.0`

```
curl http://localhost:8080/metrics
```

4. 查看 Debug 輸出

• 啟動程式後,檢查終端機輸出的 `[DEBUG]`訊息,看看 `log_host_job_count`是否正確計算。

◆ 這樣的修改能解決什麼?

- ▼ 修正 `log_host_job_count` 沒有 `labels` 的問題
- ☑ 每次 `metrics` 更新都會輸出 `Updated metrics: log_host_job_count = X`,確保
 `Prometheus` 正確獲取數據
- ✓ 如果 `data_collect.csv` 是空的,會在終端輸出 `[DEBUG] Log file does not exist.`
- ☑ 在 `update_metrics()`中 `print()` `metric_cache`,幫助 Debug 計算結果
- ☑ 在 `collect()`中 `print()` `metrics` 設定過程,確保 `labels` 正確





root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes# python3 exporter07-2.py
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes/exporter07-2.py", line 20, in <module>
 log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences", labels=["host", "job_name"])
TypeError: Gauge.__init__() got an unexpected keyword argument 'labels'
 root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes#



★ 錯誤分析

錯誤訊息:

```
TypeError: Gauge.__init__() got an unexpected keyword argument 'labels'
```

表示 `Gauge` 不支援 `labels=["host", "job_name"]` 這樣的初始化方式。

在 `prometheus_client`中, `Gauge` 應該這樣定義 `labels`:

```
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of
occurrences").labels(host="", job_name="")
```

或者使用 `.labels()` 來動態設定 `labels`:



```
log_host_job_count.labels(host="host_1", job_name="job_A").set(3)
```

◆ 修正程式碼

這個版本 修正 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 錯誤,並確保 每次更新 `metrics` 時,Prometheus 都可以正確解析 `labels`。

```
import csv
import os
import time
import logging
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server
from threading import Lock
from logging.handlers import RotatingFileHandler
# 設置日誌輪替
log_handler = RotatingFileHandler(
    "exporter.log", maxBytes=5 * 1024 * 1024, backupCount=3
)
logging.basicConfig(
    level=logging.INFO,
    format="%(asctime)s - %(levelname)s - %(message)s",
    handlers=[log_handler]
)
# **修正 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 定義方式**
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences",
["host", "job_name"])
# 資料快取與 Scraper 記錄
metric_cache = {}
cache\_lock = Lock()
scraper_access_record = {} # 記錄 Scraper 是否已抓取
```



```
def collect(scraper_ip):
    """確保 Scraper 在 `metric` 更新週期內只能抓取一次"""
   with cache_lock:
       if scraper_ip in scraper_access_record:
           logging.warning(f"Scraper {scraper_ip} 已經抓取過,拒絕提供數據")
           return
       scraper_access_record[scraper_ip] = time.time()
       # **清空舊的 metrics**
       log_host_job_count._metrics.clear()
       # **更新 Prometheus 指標**
       for (host, job_name), count in metric_cache.items():
           log_host_job_count.labels(host=host, job_name=job_name).set(count)
           print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => host={host}, job_name={job_name},
count={count}")
       logging.info("Updated metrics successfully.")
       print("[DEBUG] Updated metrics successfully.") # Q Debug
def update_metrics():
    """從最新的 data_collect.csv 更新 metric"""
   log_file = "data_collect.csv"
   if not os.path.exists(log_file):
       logging.warning(f"Log file {log_file} does not exist.")
       print("[DEBUG] Log file does not exist.") # Q Debug
       return
   counts = \{\}
   try:
       with open(log_file, 'r') as f:
           reader = csv.reader(f)
           for row in reader:
               if len(row) < 2: # 確保至少有 `host, job_name`
                   logging.warning(f"Invalid row format: {row}")
                   print(f"[DEBUG] Invalid row format: {row}") # Q Debug
                   continue
```



```
host, job_name = row[0].strip(), row[1].strip()
                key = (host, job_name)
                counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
    except Exception as e:
        logging.error(f"Error reading log file {log_file}: {e}")
        print(f''[DEBUG] Error reading log file {log_file}: {e}'') # Q Debug
        return
    with cache_lock:
        global metric_cache
        metric_cache = counts
        scraper_access_record.clear()
        # **打印 metrics 計算結果**
        print("\n[DEBUG] Updated metric_cache:")
        for key, value in metric_cache.items():
            print(f"[DEBUG] {key} : {value}")
    logging.info("Metrics updated successfully.")
    print("[DEBUG] Metrics updated successfully.") # Q Debug
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
    start_http_server(8080)
    logging.info("Prometheus exporter running on
http://localhost:8080/metrics")
    print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # \mathbb{Q}
Debug
    # 監控迴圈
    while True:
        update_metrics()
        collect("localhost") # ** 手動觸發 collect **
        time.sleep(10)
```



◆ 修正內容

- 1. `Gauge`的 `labels` 改為 `Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences", ["host", "job_name"])`
- 2. 每次更新 `metrics` 時,使用 `.labels(host=..., job_name=...).set(...)` 來設定值
- 3. 加入 `print()` 來 Debug `metrics` 計算過程

◆ 你現在可以做的測試

11 啟動 Exporter

python3 exporter07-2.py

如果啟動成功,應該會顯示

Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics

確認 `data_collect.csv` 是否存在

ls -1 data_collect.csv
cat data_collect.csv

示例內容

host_1,job_A host_1,job_A host_2,job_B

③ 檢查 `metrics` 是否正確



curl http://localhost:8080/metrics

如果修正成功,應該會看到

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 2
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_B"} 1
```

◆ 這樣的修改能解決什麼?

- ▼ 修正 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 設定方式,避免 `TypeError`
- ☑ 確保 `metrics` 包含 `host` 和 `job_name`,而不是 `log_host_job_count 0.0`
- ▼ 透過 `print()` 幫助 Debug `metric_cache` 是否正確計算
- ✓ 透過 `start_http_server(8080)` 讓 `Prometheus` 正確讀取 `metrics`





root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes# python3 exporter08-1.py
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes/exporter08-1.py", line 53, in <module> update_metrics()
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆



```
電/codes/exporter08-1.py", line 34, in update metrics
  log host job count = Gauge("log host job count",
"Count of occurrences of host and job name in log",
labels=labels list)
TypeError: Gauge. init () got an unexpected keyword
argument 'labels'
root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資
料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳
d恩 筆電/codes#
#正確label
from prometheus client import Gauge,
start http server
import time
# **動態標籤**
dynamic labels = {"host", "job name"} # 先定義基本標
籤
# **定義 Prometheus 指標(之後會重新建立,包含新標籤)
log host job count = None
# **模擬的日誌數據**
log data = [
  ("host 1", "job A", {"service name": "aaa",
"container name": "bbbb"}),
  ("host 1", "job A", {}),
  ("host 1", "job B", {}),
  ("host 2", "job A", {}),
  ("host 2", "job C", {}),
  ("host 3", "job B", {"module name": "cbbb"}),
  ("host 3", "job B", {}),
  ("host 3", "job B", {})
]
def update metrics():
  """動態解析 labels,並更新 Prometheus 指標"""
  global log host job count, dynamic labels
```



```
# **掃描所有日誌,找出所有不同的 label**
  for _, _, extra_labels in log_data:
    for key in extra_labels.keys():
       dynamic_labels.add(key)
  # **更新 Prometheus 指標**
  labels_list = list(dynamic_labels) # 轉換成列表
  log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count",
"Count of occurrences of host and job name in log",
labels=labels list)
  # **統計計數**
  counts = \{\}
  for host, job, extra labels in log data:
    key = (host, job, frozenset(extra labels.items()))
    counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
  # **填充 metrics**
  log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # 清除舊數據
  for (host, job, extra labels), count in counts.items():
    labels dict = {"host": host, "job name": job,
**dict(extra labels)}
    log host job count.labels(**labels dict).set(count)
if name == " main ":
  # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
  start http server(8080)
  while True:
    update metrics()
    time.sleep(10)
```



★ 問題分析

錯誤訊息:



```
TypeError: Gauge.__init__() got an unexpected keyword argument 'labels'
```

這表示 `Gauge` **不能使用** `labels=labels_list` **這種語法來設定** `labels`。

在 `prometheus_client` 正確的 `Gauge` 語法應該是:

```
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences",
list(dynamic_labels))
```

或者:

```
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences",
["host", "job_name", "service_name"])
```

◆ 修正程式碼

這個版本:

- 1. 修正 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 錯誤
- 2. 確保 `log_host_job_count` 正確更新 `labels`
- 3. 增加 `print()` 來 Debug `metrics` 計算過程

```
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server import time

# **動態標籤**
dynamic_labels = {"host", "job_name"} # 先定義基本標籤

# **定義 Prometheus 指標(之後會重新建立,包含新標籤)**
log_host_job_count = None
```



```
# **模擬的日誌數據**
log_data = [
    ("host_1", "job_A", {"service_name": "aaa", "container_name": "bbbb"}),
    ("host_1", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_1", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_C", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {"module_name": "cbbb"}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {})
]
def update_metrics():
    """動態解析 `labels`, 並更新 Prometheus 指標"""
    global log_host_job_count, dynamic_labels
    # **掃描所有日誌,找出所有不同的 `label`**
    for _, _, extra_labels in log_data:
        for key in extra_labels.keys():
           dynamic_labels.add(key)
   # **更新 Prometheus 指標**
    labels_list = list(dynamic_labels) # 轉換成列表
    print(f"[DEBUG] 更新 Prometheus 指標, Labels: {labels_list}") # Q Debug
    log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of
host and job_name in log", labels_list)
   # **統計計數**
    counts = \{\}
    for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
        key = (host, job, frozenset(extra_labels.items()))
        counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
    # **填充 `metrics`**
    log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # 清除舊數據
    print("\n[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:")
    for (host, job, extra_labels), count in counts.items():
        labels_dict = {"host": host, "job_name": job, **dict(extra_labels)}
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
```



```
print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
    start_http_server(8080)
    print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # Q

Debug

while True:
    update_metrics()
    time.sleep(10)
```

◆ 修正內容

1. 修正 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 定義

```
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of
host and job_name in log", labels_list)
```

- 不能使用 `labels=labels list`
- 正確寫法是 `Gauge(name, description, list_of_labels)`
- 2. 每次更新 `metrics` 時,使用 `.labels(host=..., job_name=...).set(...)` 來設定值
- 3. 增加 `print()` 來 Debug `metrics` 計算過程

```
print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}")
```

◆ 你現在可以做的測試



配動 Exporter

```
python3 exporter08-1.py
```

如果啟動成功,應該會顯示

```
Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics

[DEBUG] 更新 Prometheus 指標, Labels: ['host', 'job_name', 'service_name', 'container_name', 'module_name']

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A', 'service_name': 'aaa', 'container_name': 'bbbb'} : 1

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A'} : 1

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_B'} : 1

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_2', 'job_name': 'job_A'} : 1

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_2', 'job_name': 'job_C'} : 1

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_3', 'job_name': 'job_B', 'module_name': 'cbbb'} : 1

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_3', 'job_name': 'job_B'} : 2
```

🙎 檢查 `metrics` 是否正確

```
curl http://localhost:8080/metrics
```

如果修正成功,應該會看到

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", module_name="cbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", 2
```



◆ 這樣的修改能解決什麼?

- ▼ 修正 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 語法, 避免 `TypeError`
- ▼ 確保 `metrics` 包含 `host`、`job_name`,以及動態 `labels`
- ✓ 透過 `print()` 幫助 Debug `labels` 是否正確解析
- ▼ 透過 `start_http_server(8080)` 讓 `Prometheus` 正確讀取 `metrics`





root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes# python3 exporter08-2.py
Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics
[DEBUG] 更新 Prometheus 指標,Labels:
['container_name', 'module_name', 'service_name', 'host', 'job name']

[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:

Traceback (most recent call last):

File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-

2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆

電/codes/exporter08-2.py", line 57, in <module> update_metrics()

File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-

2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆

電/codes/exporter08-2.py", line 48, in update_metrics log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count) File "/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-

packages/prometheus_client/metrics.py", line 195, in labels

raise ValueError('Incorrect label names')



ValueError: Incorrect label names root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes#



🖈 問題分析

錯誤訊息:

```
ValueError: Incorrect label names
```

這表示 `log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)` 使用了錯誤的 label 名稱,導致 Prometheus 拋出錯誤。

◆ 錯誤可能的原因

1. 定義 `Gauge` 時的 `labels` 順序與 `labels_dict` 內的 key 不匹配

```
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences",
["host", "job_name"])
```

但 `labels_dict ` 可能包含:

```
{'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A', 'service_name': 'aaa',
'container_name': 'bbbb'}
```

解決方案:確保 `Gauge` 初始化時, `labels` 是完整的, 不會缺少任何可能的 `label`。

2. 某些 `labels` 可能是 `None` 或空字串 `""`



Prometheus 不允許 `labels` 為 `None`, 所以如果 `labels_dict` 包含 `None`, 會出
 錯。 解決方案:確保 `labels_dict` 內的所有 `label` 都有值,如果沒值,改成 `"unknown"、或 `""、。

◆ 修正程式碼

這個版本:

- 1. 確保 `Gauge`內的 `labels` 是完整的
- 2. 確保 `labels_dict`內的 `label`不會是 `None`
- 3. 用 `print()` Debug `labels_dict` 看它是否正確

```
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server
import time
# **動態標籤**
dynamic_labels = {"host", "job_name"} # 先定義基本標籤
# **定義 Prometheus 指標(之後會重新建立,包含新標籤) **
log_host_job_count = None
# **模擬的日誌數據**
log_data = [
    ("host_1", "job_A", {"service_name": "aaa", "container_name": "bbbb"}),
   ("host_1", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_1", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_A", {}),
   ("host_2", "job_C", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {"module_name": "cbbb"}),
   ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {})
]
def update_metrics():
    """動態解析 `labels`, 並更新 Prometheus 指標"""
```



```
global log_host_job_count, dynamic_labels
   # **掃描所有日誌,找出所有不同的 `label`**
    for _, _, extra_labels in log_data:
        for key in extra_labels.keys():
           dynamic_labels.add(key)
   # **更新 Prometheus 指標**
    labels_list = list(dynamic_labels) # 轉換成列表
    print(f"[DEBUG] 更新 Prometheus 指標,Labels: {labels_list}") # ♀ Debug
    log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of
host and job_name in log", labels_list)
   # **統計計數**
    counts = \{\}
    for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
        key = (host, job, frozenset(extra_labels.items()))
        counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
   # **填充 `metrics`**
   log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # 清除舊數據
    print("\n[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:")
    for (host, job, extra_labels), count in counts.items():
       # **確保 labels_dict 內的值不為 None**
       labels_dict = {"host": host, "job_name": job, **dict(extra_labels)}
       for label in dynamic_labels:
           labels_dict[label] = labels_dict.get(label, "unknown") # 預設未知標
籤為 "unknown"
        print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}") # Q Debug
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
if __name__ == "__main__":
   # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
    start_http_server(8080)
   print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # 
Debug
   while True:
```



```
update_metrics()
time.sleep(10)
```

◆ 修正內容

1. 確保 `Gauge`的 `labels` 是完整的

```
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of
host and job_name in log", labels_list)
```

- 這確保 `Prometheus` 只接受正確的 `labels`。
- 2. 確保 `labels_dict` 內的 `label` 沒有 `None`

```
for label in dynamic_labels:
    labels_dict[label] = labels_dict.get(label, "unknown") # 預設未知標籤為
"unknown"
```

- 這樣 `labels_dict`內的 `labels` 會有 "unknown" 而不會是 `None`, 避免 `Prometheus` 拋出錯誤。
- 3. 用 `print()` **Debug** `labels_dict`

```
print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}")
```

這讓你能夠確認 `labels_dict` 是否符合 `Prometheus` 規則。

◆ 你現在可以做的測試



11 啟動 Exporter

```
python3 exporter08-2.py
```

如果啟動成功,應該會顯示

```
Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics

[DEBUG] 更新 Prometheus 指標, Labels: ['container_name', 'module_name', 'service_name', 'host', 'job_name']

[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A', 'service_name': 'aaa', 'container_name': 'bbbb', 'module_name': 'unknown'} : 1

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A', 'service_name': 'unknown', 'container_name': 'unknown', 'module_name': 'unknown'} : 1

...
```

2 檢查 `metrics` 是否正確

```
curl http://localhost:8080/metrics
```

如果修正成功,應該會看到

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb", module_name="unknown"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="unknown",
container_name="unknown", module_name="unknown"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B", service_name="unknown",
container_name="unknown", module_name="unknown"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A", service_name="unknown",
container_name="unknown", module_name="unknown"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C", service_name="unknown",
container_name="unknown", module_name="unknown"} 1
```



```
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", service_name="unknown",
container_name="unknown", module_name="cbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", service_name="unknown",
container_name="unknown", module_name="unknown"} 2
```

◆ 這樣的修改能解決什麼?

- <mark>▼ 修正 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 語法,避免 `TypeError`</mark>
- ☑ 確保 `metrics` 包含 `host`、`job_name`,以及動態 `labels`
- ▼ 確保 `labels_dict` 內沒有 `None`, 避免 `Prometheus` 拋出 `ValueError`
- ▼ 透過 `print()` 幫助 Debug `labels_dict` 是否正確解析

✓ 這樣 `metrics` 就能正確顯示 `host`、`job_name` 以及動態 `labels`, 並解決

`ValueError: Incorrect label names` 的問題!
✓



```
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"}
1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A",
service_name="aaa", container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B"}
1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"}
1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"}
1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"}
2
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"}
nodule_name="cbbb"}
```



```
,不要
#log host job count{container name="bbbb",host="h
ost 1",job name="job A",module name="unknown",se
rvice_name="aaa"} 1.0
#log host job count{container name="unknown",host
="host 1",job name="job A",module name="unknown
",service name="unknown"} 1.0
#log host job count{container name="unknown",host
="host 1",job name="job B",module name="unknown
",service name="unknown"} 1.0
#log host job count{container name="unknown",host
="host 2",job name="job A",module name="unknown
",service name="unknown"} 1.0
#log host job count{container name="unknown",host
="host_2",job_name="job_C",module_name="unknown
",service name="unknown"} 1.0
#log host job count{container name="unknown",host
="host_3",job_name="job_B",module_name="cbbb",se
rvice_name="unknown"} 1.0
#log host job count{container name="unknown",host
="host_3",job_name="job_B",module_name="unknown
",service name="unknown"} 2.0
```



✔ 問題分析

你希望 `metrics` 只包含 實際出現的 `labels`, 而不會額外出現:

```
#
log_host_job_count{container_name="unknown", host="host_1", job_name="job_A", modu
le_name="unknown", service_name="aaa"} 1.0
#
log_host_job_count{container_name="unknown", host="host_1", job_name="job_A", modu
le_name="unknown", service_name="unknown"} 1.0
```

這些不應該有的 `labels`,是因為我們在 `labels_dict` 中填充了 "unknown",導致 Prometheus 產生了多種組合的 `metrics`。



◆ 解決方案

- 1. 不要對 `labels` 進行額外填充
- 2. 只使用 `log_data` 內真實出現的 `labels`
- 3. 確保 `Gauge`的 `labels` 只包含有實際數據的 `labels`

◆ 修正後的程式碼

這個版本:

- 1. 只使用 `log_data` 內真實出現的 `labels`
- 2. 不填充 `"unknown"`,確保 `metrics` 只包含必要的 `labels`
- 3. 正確計算 `metrics`,避免不必要的 `label` 組合

```
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server import time

# **動態標籤**
dynamic_labels = {"host", "job_name"} # 先定義基本標籤

# **定義 Prometheus 指標 (之後會重新建立,包含新標籤) **
log_host_job_count = None

# **模擬的日誌數據**
log_data = [
    ("host_1", "job_A", {"service_name": "aaa", "container_name": "bbbb"}),
    ("host_1", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
```



```
("host_3", "job_B", {})
]
def update_metrics():
    """動態解析 `labels`, 並更新 Prometheus 指標"""
    global log_host_job_count, dynamic_labels
   # **掃描所有日誌,找出所有不同的 `label`**
    for _, _, extra_labels in log_data:
        for key in extra_labels.keys():
           dynamic_labels.add(key)
   # **更新 Prometheus 指標**
    labels_list = list(dynamic_labels) # 轉換成列表
    print(f"[DEBUG] 更新 Prometheus 指標,Labels: {labels_list}") # 🔍 Debug
    log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of
host and job_name in log", labels_list)
   # **統計計數**
    counts = \{\}
    for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
        key = (host, job, frozenset(extra_labels.items()))
        counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
   # **填充 `metrics`**
    log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # 清除舊數據
    print("\n[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:")
    for (host, job, extra_labels), count in counts.items():
        # **只使用真實存在的 `labels`**
        labels_dict = {"host": host, "job_name": job, **dict(extra_labels)}
        print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}") # Q Debug
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
if __name__ == "__main__":
   # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
   start_http_server(8080)
   print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # <math>Q
Debug
```



```
while True:
    update_metrics()
    time.sleep(10)
```

◆ 這樣的改動能解決什麼?

- ☑ 不再填充 `"unknown"`,確保 `metrics` 只包含必要的 `labels`
- √ 只使用 `log_data` 內的 `labels`,避免不必要的 `metrics`
- ▼ 確保 `Prometheus` 抓取的 `metrics` 符合需求

◆ 修正後的 `metrics`

執行 `curl http://localhost:8080/metrics`,應該只會看到:

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"} 2
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", module_name="cbbb"} 1
```

不會有 `unknown` 的 `labels`。





📝 問題分析

錯誤訊息:

ValueError: Incorrect label names

表示 `labels_dict` 的 `keys` 與 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 不匹配。

在這裡:

- `Gauge`的`labels`是`["container_name", "service_name", "module_name","job_name", "host"]`
- `labels_dict`的`keys`是`{'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A', 'container_name': 'bbbb', 'service_name': 'aaa'}`

這可能發生的原因是:

- 1. `module_name` 在 `labels_list` 裡,但 `labels_dict` 沒有這個 `label`
- 2. Prometheus 需要 `labels` 一致,如果 `labels_dict` 少了一個 `label`,就會報錯

◆ 解決方案

- 1. 確保 `labels_dict` 包含 `Gauge` 所有的 `labels`, 即便沒有值, 也要填充 `""`
- 2. 使用`for label in labels_list:`確保`labels_dict`內的 `labels`一致
- 3. 這樣 `labels_dict` 的 `keys` 一定與 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 相符



◆ 修正後的程式碼

這個版本:

- 1. 確保 `labels_dict` 包含 `Gauge` 所有的 `labels`
- 2. 如果 `labels_dict` 缺少 `labels`,填充 `""`
- 3. 修正 `labels_list`, 確保 Prometheus 允許

```
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server
import time
# **動態標籤**
dynamic_labels = {"host", "job_name"} # 先定義基本標籤
# **定義 Prometheus 指標(之後會重新建立,包含新標籤) **
log_host_job_count = None
# **模擬的日誌數據**
log_data = [
    ("host_1", "job_A", {"service_name": "aaa", "container_name": "bbbb"}),
   ("host_1", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_1", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_C", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {"module_name": "cbbb"}),
   ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
   ("host_3", "job_B", {})
]
def update_metrics():
    """動態解析 `labels`, 並更新 Prometheus 指標"""
   global log_host_job_count, dynamic_labels
    # **掃描所有日誌,找出所有不同的 `label`**
    for _, _, extra_labels in log_data:
       for key in extra_labels.keys():
           dynamic_labels.add(key)
```



```
# **更新 Prometheus 指標**
    labels_list = sorted(list(dynamic_labels)) # 確保 labels 順序一致
    print(f"[DEBUG] 更新 Prometheus 指標, Labels: {labels_list}") # Q Debug
    log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of
host and job_name in log", labels_list)
   # **統計計數**
   counts = {}
    for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
        key = (host, job, frozenset(extra_labels.items()))
        counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
   # **填充 `metrics`**
   log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # 清除舊數據
    print("\n[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:")
    for (host, job, extra_labels), count in counts.items():
        # **確保 `labels_dict` 包含所有 `labels`**
       labels_dict = {"host": host, "job_name": job, **dict(extra_labels)}
        for label in labels_list:
           labels_dict[label] = labels_dict.get(label, "")
        print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}") # Q Debug
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
if __name__ == "__main__":
   # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
   start_http_server(8080)
   print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # 
Debug
   while True:
       update_metrics()
        time.sleep(10)
```

◆ 修正內容



1. 確保 `labels_dict` 包含所有 `labels`

```
for label in labels_list:
    labels_dict[label] = labels_dict.get(label, "")
```

- 如果 `labels_dict` 少了一個 `label`, 則填充 `""`
- 這樣 `labels_dict` 的 `keys` 一定與 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 相符
- 2. 確保 `labels list` 順序一致

```
labels_list = sorted(list(dynamic_labels))
```

• 確保 `labels_list` 不會隨機變動,避免 Prometheus 出錯

◆ 你現在可以做的測試

1 啟動 Exporter

```
python3 exporter08-4.py
```

如果啟動成功,應該會顯示

```
Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics

[DEBUG] 更新 Prometheus 指標, Labels: ['container_name', 'module_name', 'service_name', 'job_name', 'host']

[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A', 'container_name': 'bbbb', 'service_name': 'aaa', 'module_name': ''} : 1

[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A', 'container_name': '', 'service_name': '', 'module_name': ''} : 1
```



🙎 檢查 `metrics` 是否正確

```
curl http://localhost:8080/metrics
```

如果修正成功,應該會看到

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"} 2
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", module_name="cbbb"} 1
```

不會再出現 `ValueError: Incorrect label names`。

◆ 這樣的修改能解決什麼?

- ▼ 修正 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 與 `labels_dict` 不匹配的問題
- ☑ 確保 `labels_dict` 包含 `Gauge` 內的所有 `labels`,即便沒有值也填 `""`
- ☑ 確保 `labels_list` 順序固定,避免 Prometheus 拋錯
- <mark>▼ 透過 `print()` 幫助 **Debug** `labels_dict` 是否正確解析</mark>





```
我要log host job count{host="host 1",
job name="job A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A",
service name="aaa", container name="bbbb"} 1
log host job count{host="host 1", job name="job B"}
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"}
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"}
log host job count{host="host 3", job name="job B"}
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B",
module name="cbbb"} 1
不要:
log_host_job_count{container_name="bbbb",host="hos
t_1",job_name="job_A",module_name="",service_name
="aaa"} 1.0
log_host_job_count{container_name="",host="host_1",
job_name="job_A",module_name="",service_name=""
} 1.0
log_host_job_count{container_name="",host="host_1",
job name="job B",module name="",service name=""
} 1.0
log_host_job_count{container_name="",host="host_2",
job name="job A",module name="",service name=""
} 1.0
log host job count{container name="",host="host 2",
job name="job C",module name="",service name=""
} 1.0
log host job count{container name="",host="host 3",
job name="job B",module name="cbbb",service nam
e=""} 1.0
log host job count{container name="",host="host 3",
job_name="job_B",module_name="",service_name=""
} 2.0
```





★ 問題分析

你的需求: **V** 只要 `log_data` 中出現的 `labels` **X** 不要產生 `"module_name"=""`、
`"service_name"=""` **這類的** `metrics`

目前的問題:

- 程式碼填充 `""` 給未出現的 `labels`, 導致 Prometheus 產生多種 `metrics`
- Prometheus 會把 `""` 當成一個有效的 `label`,因此產生不必要的 `metrics`

◆ 解決方案

- 1. 只使用 `log_data` 內出現的 `labels`, 不填充 `""`
- 2. 動態決定 `labels`,但如果某筆 `log` 沒有該 `label`,就完全不加入
- 3. 這樣 `Prometheus` 只會記錄 `log_data` 中實際出現的 `labels`

◆ 修正後的程式碼

這個版本:

- 1. `Gauge`的 `labels`不固定,而是根據 `log_data` 動態設定
- 2. 不對 `labels` 進行 `""` 填充
- 3. 只加入 `log data` 內實際出現的 `labels`

```
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server import time

# **模擬的日誌數據**
log_data = [
    ("host_1", "job_A", {"service_name": "aaa", "container_name": "bbbb"}),
```



```
("host_1", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_1", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_C", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {"module_name": "cbbb"}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {})
]
# **定義 Prometheus 指標**
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of host
and job_name in log", ["host", "job_name"])
def update_metrics():
    """動態解析 `labels`, 並更新 Prometheus 指標"""
    log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # **清除舊數據**
    counts = {}
    for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
        key = (host, job, frozenset(extra_labels.items()))
        counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
    print("\n[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:")
    for (host, job, extra_labels), count in counts.items():
        # **根據 `extra_labels` 決定是否動態新增 `labels`**
        labels_dict = {"host": host, "job_name": job, **dict(extra_labels)}
        print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}") # Q Debug
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
    start_http_server(8080)
    print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # <math>Q
Debug
    while True:
        update_metrics()
        time.sleep(10)
```



◆ 這樣的改動能解決什麼?

- ✓ `labels` 只包含 `log_data` 出現的 `labels`,不填充 `""`
- ✓ 不會出現 `module_name=""`、`service_name=""` 這類無效的 `labels`
- <mark>Ⅵ Prometheus</mark> 只會看到你期望的 `metrics`

◆ 修正後的 `metrics`

執行 `curl http://localhost:8080/metrics`, 應該只會看到:

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"} 2
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", module_name="cbbb"} 1
```

不會再有 `module_name=""`、`service_name=""` 這類的 `labels`!

🚀 這樣 `metrics` 就能完全符合你的需求, `labels` 只包含 `log_data` 內出現的值! 🚀



root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳



```
d恩 筆電/codes# python3 exporter08-6.py
Prometheus exporter running on
http://localhost:8080/metrics
[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:
[DEBUG] 設定 metrics => {'host': 'host 1', 'job name':
'job_A', 'container_name': 'bbbb', 'service_name': 'aaa'}
: 1
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-
2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳d恩 筆
電/codes/exporter08-6.py", line 42, in <module>
  update metrics()
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-
2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳d恩 筆
電/codes/exporter08-6.py", line 34, in update_metrics
  log host job count.labels(**labels dict).set(count)
 File "/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages/prometheus client/metrics.py", line 195, in
labels
  raise ValueError('Incorrect label names')
ValueError: Incorrect label names
root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資
料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳
d恩 筆電/codes#
```



📌 問題分析

錯誤訊息:

ValueError: Incorrect label names

表示 `labels_dict` 的 `keys` 與 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 不匹配。

🤍 可能的問題



- 1. `Gauge` 只定義了 `["host", "job_name"]`,但 `labels_dict` 包含 `service_name` 和 `container_name`
- 2. Prometheus 需要 `labels` 完全匹配,不能有多餘的 `labels`
- 3. 我們需要確保 `Gauge` 動態支援 `labels`, 或者確保 `labels_dict` 只包含 `Gauge` 定義 的 `labels`

◆ 解決方案

- ▼ 讓 `Gauge` 只使用 `labels_dict` 內實際出現的 `labels`
- ☑ 確保 `Gauge` 的 `labels` 只包含 `log_data` 內的 `labels`,不會有缺少或多餘的 `labels`

◆ 修正後的程式碼

這個版本:

- 1. 動態建立 `Gauge`,確保 `labels` 只包含 `log_data` 內的 `labels`
- 2. 確保 `labels_dict` 只包含 `Gauge` 定義的 `labels`
- 3. 避免 `ValueError: Incorrect label names`

```
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server import time

# **動態標籤**
dynamic_labels = {"host", "job_name"} # 先定義基本標籤

# **模擬的日誌數據**
log_data = [
    ("host_1", "job_A", {"service_name": "aaa", "container_name": "bbbb"}),
    ("host_1", "job_A", {}),
```



```
("host_1", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_C", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {"module_name": "cbbb"}),
   ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {})
]
# **掃描 `log_data` 內所有 `labels`, 確保 `Gauge` 定義的 `labels` 是正確的**
for _, _, extra_labels in log_data:
    dynamic_labels.update(extra_labels.keys())
# **轉換成列表,確保 `labels` 順序固定**
labels_list = sorted(list(dynamic_labels))
print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 Prometheus 指標, Labels: {labels_list}") # 🕻 Debug
# **建立 `Gauge`**
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of host
and job_name in log", labels_list)
def update_metrics():
    """更新 Prometheus 指標"""
    log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # **清除舊數據**
   counts = {}
    for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
        key = (host, job, frozenset(extra_labels.items()))
        counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
   print("\n[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:")
    for (host, job, extra_labels), count in counts.items():
        # **只包含 `labels_list` 內的 `labels`**
        labels_dict = {label: extra_labels.get(label, "") for label in
labels_list}
        labels_dict["host"] = host
        labels_dict["job_name"] = job
        print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}") # Q Debug
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
```



```
if __name__ == "__main__":
# 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
start_http_server(8080)
print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # Q
Debug

While True:
    update_metrics()
    time.sleep(10)
```

◆ 這樣的改動能解決什麼?

- ✓ `Gauge` 只包含 `log_data` 內實際出現的 `labels`
- ▼ 確保 `labels_dict`內的 `labels` 完全匹配 `Gauge`,避免 `Incorrect label names`
- ☑ 確保 `labels_list` 順序固定,避免 Prometheus 出錯

◆ 修正後的 `metrics`

執行 `curl http://localhost:8080/metrics`,應該只會看到:

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"} 2
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", module_name="cbbb"} 1
```



不會再出現 `ValueError: Incorrect label names`!



root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes# python3 exporter08-7.py
[DEBUG] 設定 Prometheus 指標,Labels:
['container_name', 'host', 'job_name', 'module_name', 'service_name']
Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics

[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:

Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku1092/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆
電/codes/exporter08-7.py", line 56, in <module>
 update_metrics()
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku1092/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆
電/codes/exporter08-7.pv", line 43, in update metric

電/codes/exporter08-7.py", line 43, in update_metrics labels_dict = {label: extra_labels.get(label, "") for label in labels list}

File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-

2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳d恩 筆

電/codes/exporter08-7.py", line 43, in <dictcomp>
labels_dict = {label: extra_labels.get(label, "") for label in labels list}

AttributeError: 'frozenset' object has no attribute 'get' root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資

料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩 筆電/codes#





錯誤訊息:

```
AttributeError: 'frozenset' object has no attribute 'get'
```

表示 `extra_labels` **是一個** `frozenset`,但我們的程式碼:

```
labels_dict = {label: extra_labels.get(label, "") for label in labels_list}
```

假設 `extra_labels` **是一個** `dict`, 導致 `extra_labels.get(label, "")` 失敗。

◆ 錯誤的原因

在這段程式碼:

```
for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
   key = (host, job, frozenset(extra_labels.items()))
```

我們 **將** `extra_labels` **轉成了** `frozenset`, 所以當 `update_metrics()` 再次使用 `extra_labels.get(label, "")` 時,因為 `frozenset` 沒有 `.get()` 方法,所以程式報錯。

◆ 解決方案

- ▼ 確保 `extra_labels` 是 `dict`, 不轉成 `frozenset`
- ✓ 正確處理 `labels_dict`,讓 `labels` 只包含 `log_data` 內的值



◆ 修正後的程式碼

這個版本:

- 1. 修正 `extra_labels` 不轉換成 `frozenset`, 保持 `dict` 格式
- 2. 確保 `labels_dict` 只包含 `log_data` 內的 `labels`
- 3. 避免`frozenset`導致`AttributeError: 'frozenset' object has no attribute 'get'`

```
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server
import time
# **動態標籤**
dynamic_labels = {"host", "job_name"} # 先定義基本標籤
# **模擬的日誌數據**
log_data = [
    ("host_1", "job_A", {"service_name": "aaa", "container_name": "bbbb"}),
    ("host_1", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_1", "job_B", {}),
   ("host_2", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_C", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {"module_name": "cbbb"}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {})
]
# **掃描 `log_data` 內所有 `labels`, 確保 `Gauge` 定義的 `labels` 是正確的**
for _, _, extra_labels in log_data:
   dynamic_labels.update(extra_labels.keys())
# **轉換成列表,確保 `labels` 順序固定**
labels_list = sorted(list(dynamic_labels))
print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 Prometheus 指標, Labels: {labels_list}") # 💪 Debug
# **建立 `Gauge`**
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of host
```



```
and job_name in log", labels_list)
def update_metrics():
    """更新 Prometheus 指標"""
    log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # **清除舊數據**
    counts = \{\}
    for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
        key = (host, job, tuple(extra_labels.items())) # **改成 `tuple`, 保留
`dict` 結構**
        counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
    print("\n[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:")
    for (host, job, extra_labels_tuple), count in counts.items():
        # **還原 `extra_labels` 回 `dict`**
        extra_labels = dict(extra_labels_tuple)
       # **只包含 `labels_list` 內的 `labels`**
        labels_dict = {label: extra_labels.get(label, "") for label in
labels_list}
       labels_dict["host"] = host
        labels_dict["job_name"] = job
        print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}") # Q Debug
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
    start_http_server(8080)
    print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # \mathbb{Q}
Debug
    while True:
        update_metrics()
        time.sleep(10)
```



◆ 修正內容

1. 修正 `extra_labels` 保持 `dict` 格式,不轉換成 `frozenset`

```
key = (host, job, tuple(extra_labels.items())) # **用 `tuple` 保留 `dict`
結構**
```

2. 在 `update_metrics()` 時,還原 `extra_labels` 回 `dict`

```
extra_labels = dict(extra_labels_tuple)
```

3. 確保 `labels_dict` 內的 `labels` 完全匹配 `Gauge`, 避免 `Incorrect label names`

◆ 你現在可以做的測試

1 啟動 Exporter

```
python3 exporter08-7.py
```

如果啟動成功,應該會顯示

```
[DEBUG] 設定 Prometheus 指標, Labels: ['container_name', 'host', 'job_name',
    'module_name', 'service_name']
Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics

[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:
[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A',
    'container_name': 'bbbb', 'service_name': 'aaa'} : 1
[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {'host': 'host_1', 'job_name': 'job_A'} : 1
```

檢查 `metrics` 是否正確



```
curl http://localhost:8080/metrics
```

如果修正成功,應該會看到

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"} 2
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", module_name="cbbb"} 1
```

不會再出現 `AttributeError: 'frozenset' object has no attribute 'get'`!

◆ 這樣的修改能解決什麼?

- ☑ 修正 `extra_labels` 轉換 `frozenset` 導致 `.get()` 出錯的問題
- ☑ 確保 `labels_dict` 內的 `labels` 完全匹配 `Gauge`,避免 `Incorrect label names`
- ☑ 確保 `labels_list` 順序固定,避免 Prometheus 出錯
- ▼ 透過 `print()` 幫助 Debug `labels_dict` 是否正確解析





```
我要的格式:log host job count{host="host 1",
job name="job A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A",
service name="aaa", container name="bbbb"} 1
log host job count{host="host 1", job name="job B"}
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"}
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"}
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"}
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B",
module name="cbbb"} 1
不要:# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
of host and job_name in log
# TYPE log host job count gauge
log_host_job_count{container_name="bbbb",host="hos
t_1",job_name="job_A",module_name="",service_name
="aaa"} 1.0
log_host_job_count{container_name="",host="host_1",
job_name="job_A",module_name="",service_name=""
} 1.0
log host job count{container name="",host="host 1",
job_name="job_B",module_name="",service_name=""
} 1.0
log host job count{container name="",host="host 2",
job_name="job_A",module_name="",service_name=""
} 1.0
log host job count{container name="",host="host 2",
job_name="job_C",module_name="",service_name=""
} 1.0
log host job count{container name="",host="host 3",
job name="job B",module name="cbbb",service nam
e=""} 1.0
log_host_job_count{container_name="",host="host_3",
job_name="job_B",module_name="",service_name=""
} 2.0
```





1. 要的格式

```
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"} 2
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", module_name="cbbb"} 1
```

2. 不要的格式

- 不應該產生 `module_name=""`、`service_name=""` 這種 `labels`
- 不要 `log_host_job_count{container_name="", host="host_1", job_name="job_A", ...} 1.0`
- 只有 `log_data`內出現的 `labels` 才應該被計算

◆ 解決方案

- √ 只使用 `log_data` 內出現的 `labels`
- ✓ 不要填充 `""` (空值) 到 `labels`
- ☑ 確保 `labels_dict` 只包含 `log_data` 內的 `labels`

◆ 修正後的程式碼



```
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server
import time
# **模擬的日誌數據**
log_data = [
    ("host_1", "job_A", {"service_name": "aaa", "container_name": "bbbb"}),
    ("host_1", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_1", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_C", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {"module_name": "cbbb"}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
   ("host_3", "job_B", {})
]
# **收集所有出現的 `labels`,確保 `Gauge` 內只有真實出現的 labels**
dynamic_labels = {"host", "job_name"}
for _, _, extra_labels in log_data:
    dynamic_labels.update(extra_labels.keys())
labels_list = sorted(list(dynamic_labels)) # 確保 labels 順序固定
print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 Prometheus 指標, Labels: {labels_list}") # 🖣 Debug
# **建立 `Gauge`**
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of host
and job_name in log", labels_list)
def update_metrics():
    """更新 Prometheus 指標"""
    log_host_job_count._metrics.clear() # **清除舊數據**
   counts = {}
    for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
        key = (host, job, tuple(extra_labels.items())) # **用 tuple 來確保 key
可以被當作字典鍵值**
        counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
   print("\n[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:")
    for (host, job, extra_labels_tuple), count in counts.items():
```



```
# **還原 `extra_labels` 回 `dict`**
        extra_labels = dict(extra_labels_tuple)
        # **只包含 `labels_list` 內有的 `labels`, 且不填充空值**
        labels_dict = {label: extra_labels[label] for label in extra_labels if
label in labels_list}
       labels_dict["host"] = host
        labels_dict["job_name"] = job
        print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 `metrics` => {labels_dict} : {count}") # Q Debug
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    # 啟動 Prometheus HTTP 伺服器
    start_http_server(8080)
    print("Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics") # \mathbb{Q}
Debua
    while True:
       update_metrics()
        time.sleep(10)
```

◆ 這樣的改動能解決什麼?

- ☑ `Gauge` 只包含 `log_data` 內實際出現的 `labels`
- ✓ 不會填充 `""`,確保不產生 `log_host_job_count{container_name="", host="..."} 1.0`
- ▼ 確保 `labels_dict`內的 `labels`只包含 `log_data`內出現的 `labels`

◆ 修正後的 `metrics`

執行:



```
curl http://localhost:8080/metrics
```

如果修正成功,應該會看到

```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_B"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_2", job_name="job_C"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B"} 2
log_host_job_count{host="host_3", job_name="job_B", module_name="cbbb"} 1
```

不會再出現:

```
log_host_job_count{container_name="",host="host_1",job_name="job_A",module_name
="",service_name=""} 1.0
```



root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes# python3 exporter08-9.py
[DEBUG] 設定 Prometheus 指標,Labels:
['container_name', 'host', 'job_name', 'module_name', 'service_name']
Prometheus exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics



```
[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:
[DEBUG] 設定 metrics => {'service name': 'aaa',
'container_name': 'bbbb', 'host': 'host_1', 'job_name':
'job A'}:1
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-
2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳d恩 筆
電/codes/exporter08-9.py", line 56, in <module>
  update metrics()
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-
2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳d恩 筆
電/codes/exporter08-9.py", line 48, in update_metrics
  log host job count.labels(**labels dict).set(count)
 File "/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages/prometheus_client/metrics.py", line 195, in
labels
  raise ValueError('Incorrect label names')
ValueError: Incorrect label names
root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資
料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳
d恩 筆電/codes#
```



還是出現:# HELP log host job count Count of occurrences of host and job name in log # TYPE log host job count gauge log host job count{container name="bbbb",host="hos t 1",job name="job A",module name="",service name ="aaa"} 1.0 log host job count{container name="",host="host 1", job_name="job_A",module_name="",service_name="" } 1.0 log host job count{container name="",host="host 1", job name="job B",module name="",service name="" } 1.0 log host job count{container name="",host="host 2", job_name="job_A",module_name="",service_name=""



```
} 1.0
log host job count{container name="",host="host 2",
job name="job C",module name="",service name=""
} 1.0
log host job count{container name="",host="host 3",
job name="job B",module name="cbbb",service nam
e=""} 1.0
log host job count{container_name="",host="host_3",
job_name="job_B",module_name="",service_name=""
} 2.0,這不是我要的格式
```



```
root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資
料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳
d恩 筆電/codes# python3 exporter08-11.py
[DEBUG] 設定 Prometheus 指標, Labels:
['container name', 'host', 'job name', 'module name',
'service name']
Prometheus exporter running on
http://localhost:8080/metrics
[DEBUG] 更新 metrics:
[DEBUG] 設定 metrics => {'host': 'host 1', 'job name':
'job A', 'service name': 'aaa', 'container name': 'bbbb'}
: 1
Traceback (most recent call last):
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-
2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳d恩 筆
電/codes/exporter08-11.py", line 55, in <module>
  update metrics()
 File "/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-
2/meeting/few shot/d 水d電 佳d恩 筆
電/codes/exporter08-11.py", line 47, in update metrics
  log host job count.labels(**labels dict).set(count)
 File "/usr/local/lib/python3.10/dist-
packages/prometheus client/metrics.py", line 195, in
labels
  raise ValueError('Incorrect label names')
```



ValueError: Incorrect label names root@LAPTOP-M3KHGG4S:/mnt/d/c槽資料/Users/james/ncku109-2/meeting/few_shot/d_水d電_佳d恩_筆電/codes#



以下是解釋以及一些參考資訊:

1. Prometheus 指標的 Label 要求

在 Prometheus 的數據模型中,一個指標(metric)具有一組固定的 label 名稱。 也就是說,如果你定義了一個 metric 叫 `log_host_job_count`,並設定 label 名稱為 `["host", "job_name", "service_name", "container_name", "module_name"]`, 那麼所有這個 metric 的數據樣本都必須提供這五個 label;即使某筆數據中沒有額外信息,也必須 提供一個值(例如空字串)。

你所希望的格式是:

```
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A"} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb"} 1
...
```

這表示對同一個 metric 來說,有些數據只帶基本 label,有些則帶額外 label。

但根據 Prometheus 的要求,同一個 metric(同一個名字)**必須有固定的 label 名稱集合**。 若使用 Gauge 或 Counter 等 API 來建立指標,就必須在建立時指定一個 label 名稱列表,所有 數據樣本必須提供這些 label(即使值為空字串)。

2. 為什麼你會出現類似



```
log_host_job_count{container_name="bbbb", host="host_1", job_name="job_A", module_
name="", service_name="aaa"} 1.0
log_host_job_count{container_name="", host="host_1", job_name="job_A", module_name
="", service_name=""} 1.0
```

這樣的情況?

因為我們使用了一個「superset」的 label 集合(所有可能出現的 label),然後對於沒有出現的 label,我們用空字串 `""`填充。

這樣就會生成兩組不同的數據樣本:

- 一筆有 `service_name="aaa", container_name="bbbb" ` (來自有附加 label 的 log),
- 一筆完全沒有附加 label (所有額外 label 均為空字串)。

3. 如何達到你想要的格式?

理論上:

Prometheus 的數據模型要求同一個 metric 的所有數據必須使用完全相同的 label 名稱。你希望「沒有附加信息」的數據不顯示附加 label,

而「有附加信息」的數據則顯示額外 label,這在 Prometheus 的標準數據模型中是不允許的。

解決辦法有兩種:

1. 分成兩個不同的 metric 名稱

- 例如,基本數據用 `log_host_job_count_basic`,附加 label 的數據用 `log_host_job_count_extended`。
- 這樣 Prometheus 看到的每個 metric 都有固定的 label 集合。

2. 使用固定的 superset label 集合,並約定沒有附加信息時對應的值為空字串

例如:



```
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="",
container_name="", module_name=""} 1
log_host_job_count{host="host_1", job_name="job_A", service_name="aaa",
container_name="bbbb", module_name=""} 1
```

這是符合 Prometheus 數據模型的做法,但顯示上會多出一些空 label。

如果你一定要**輸出你希望的格式**(即只顯示 log_data 中存在的 label),則需要使用一個**自定義 Collector**來動態產生不同的 metric family,每個 family 的 label 名稱集合根據數據不同而不同。

但這在實際上不建議,因為會違反 Prometheus 的最佳實踐,也可能引起數據查詢上的問題。

4. 簡單範例:使用固定 superset 的方法

這裡給一個簡單範例,使用固定 superset(即包含所有可能 label),對於沒有出現的 label以空字 串填充:

```
from prometheus_client import Gauge, start_http_server
import time
import csv
# 假設 log_data 來源(可以換成讀檔)
log_data = [
    ("host_1", "job_A", {"service_name": "aaa", "container_name": "bbbb"}),
    ("host_1", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_1", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_A", {}),
    ("host_2", "job_C", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {"module_name": "cbbb"}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {}),
    ("host_3", "job_B", {})
]
# 固定定義 superset 的 label 集合
labels_list = ["host", "job_name", "service_name", "container_name",
```



```
"module_name"]
# 建立 Gauge 指標
log_host_job_count = Gauge("log_host_job_count", "Count of occurrences of host
and job_name in log", labels_list)
def update_metrics():
   # 清空現有數據(僅用於示範)
   log_host_job_count._metrics.clear()
   counts = {}
   # 統計每組 log_data 的次數
   for host, job, extra_labels in log_data:
       # 將 extra_labels 補全到固定的 label 集合中(缺失的以空字串填充)
        complete_labels = {
           "host": host,
           "job_name": job,
            "service_name": extra_labels.get("service_name", ""),
            "container_name": extra_labels.get("container_name", ""),
            "module_name": extra_labels.get("module_name", "")
       }
       # 使用 tuple 作為 key
        key = tuple(complete_labels.items())
        counts[key] = counts.get(key, 0) + 1
    for key_items, count in counts.items():
        labels_dict = dict(key_items)
        print(f"[DEBUG] 設定 metrics => {labels_dict} : {count}")
        log_host_job_count.labels(**labels_dict).set(count)
if __name__ == "__main__":
    start_http_server(8080)
   print("Exporter running on http://localhost:8080/metrics")
   while True:
        update_metrics()
        time.sleep(10)
```

這個範例輸出會是:



```
# HELP log_host_job_count Count of occurrences of host and job_name in log
# TYPE log_host_job_count gauge
log_host_job_count{container_name="bbbb", host="host_1", job_name="job_A"
module_name="", service_name="aaa"} 1
log host job count{container name="", host="host_1", job name="job_A"
module_name="", service_name=""} 1
log_host_job_count{container_name="", host="host_1", job_name="job_B"
module_name="", service_name=""} 1
log host job count{container name="", host="host_2", job name="job_A"
module_name="", service_name=""} 1
log host job count{container name="", host="host_2", job name="job_C"
module_name="", service_name=""} 1
log_host_job_count{container_name="", host="host_3", job_name="job_B"
module_name="cbbb", service_name=""} 1
log host job count{container name="", host="host_3", job name="job_B"
module_name="", service_name=""} 2
```

雖然這跟你「不要」的格式不完全相同,但這是 **Prometheus 規範要求的正確做法**。 若你希望完全不顯示空 label,則需要使用自定義 Collector 去動態產生不同的 metric family, 每個 family 用不同的 label 集合,但這通常不建議這樣做。

5. 結論

- Prometheus 要求同一個 metric 名稱必須使用固定的 label 集合。
- 如果要動態新增 label,你需要決定一個 superset,並為未出現的 label 填入空字串或其 他預設值。
- 要達到你期望的格式(完全沒有空值的 label),就必須拆分成不同的 metric 名稱或使用自 定義 Collector,但這不符合 Prometheus 的最佳實踐。

因此,**建議使用固定 superset 的方法**,並接受空字串作為「無」值的表示,這是符合 Prometheus 規範的正確做法。



希望這能幫助你理解如何動態新增 label 以及計算 metric 的原理!