## International Rectifier

### **Applications**

- High Efficiency Synchronous Rectification in SMPS
- Uninterruptible Power Supply
- High Speed Power Switching
- Hard Switched and High Frequency Circuits

# G

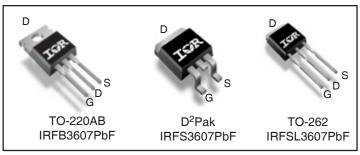
## IRFB3607PbF IRFS3607PbF IRFSL3607PbF

**HEXFET® Power MOSFET** 

V <sub>DSS</sub>		75V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub> ty	p.	7.34m $\Omega$
	nax.	9.0m $\Omega$
I <sub>D</sub>		80A

#### **Benefits**

- Improved Gate, Avalanche and Dynamic dv/dt Ruggedness
- Fully Characterized Capacitance and Avalanche SOA
- Enhanced body diode dV/dt and dl/dt Capability



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

**Absolute Maximum Ratings** 

Symbol	Parameter	Max.	Units
I <sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Continuous Drain Current, VGS @ 10V	80①	
<sub>D</sub> @ T <sub>C</sub> = 100°C	Continuous Drain Current, V <sub>GS</sub> @ 10V	<b>56</b> ①	А
DM	Pulsed Drain Current ②	310	
P <sub>D</sub> @T <sub>C</sub> = 25°C	Maximum Power Dissipation	140	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.96	W/°C
V <sub>GS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
Г <sub>Ј</sub>	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T <sub>STG</sub>	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds	300	
	(1.6mm from case)		
	Mounting torque, 6-32 or M3 screw	10lb· in (1.1N· m)	

#### **Avalanche Characteristics**

E <sub>AS (Thermally limited)</sub>	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy 3	120	mJ
I <sub>AR</sub>	Avalanche Current ①	46	Α
E <sub>AR</sub>	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ©	14	mJ

#### **Thermal Resistance**

Symbol	Parameter	Тур.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ®		1.045	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat Greased Surface, TO-220	0.50		°C/W
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, TO-220 ®		62	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount), D <sup>2</sup> Pak ® ®		40	

#### Static @ T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	75			V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_{J}$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient		0.096		V/°C	Reference to 25°C, I <sub>D</sub> = 5mA <sup>②</sup>
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance		7.34	9.0	mΩ	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 46A$ (5)
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0		4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$ , $I_D = 100 \mu A$
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current			20	μΑ	$V_{DS} = 75V, V_{GS} = 0V$
				250		$V_{DS} = 60V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_{J} = 125^{\circ}C$
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage			100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage			-100		V <sub>GS</sub> = -20V

Dynamic @  $T_1 = 25^{\circ}C$  (unless otherwise specified)

Dynamic e	Synamic & 1j = 25 C (umess otherwise specimed)								
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions			
gfs	Forward Transconductance	115			S	$V_{DS} = 50V, I_D = 46A$			
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge		56	84	nC	$I_D = 46A$			
$Q_{gs}$	Gate-to-Source Charge		13			$V_{DS} = 38V$			
$Q_{gd}$	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge		16			V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V <sup>⑤</sup>			
Q <sub>sync</sub>	Total Gate Charge Sync. (Q <sub>g</sub> - Q <sub>gd</sub> )		40			$I_D = 46A, V_{DS} = 0V, V_{GS} = 10V$			
R <sub>G(int)</sub>	Internal Gate Resistance		0.55		Ω				
t <sub>d(on)</sub>	Turn-On Delay Time		16		ns	$V_{DD} = 49V$			
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise Time		110			$I_D = 46A$			
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time		43			$R_G = 6.8\Omega$			
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall Time		96			V <sub>GS</sub> = 10V <sup>⑤</sup>			
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance		3070		pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$			
Coss	Output Capacitance		280			$V_{DS} = 50V$			
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance		130			f = 1.0MHz			
C <sub>oss</sub> eff. (ER)	Effective Output Capacitance (Energy Related)®		380			V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V, V <sub>DS</sub> = 0V to 60V ®			
C <sub>oss</sub> eff. (TR)	Effective Output Capacitance (Time Related)®		610			$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } 60V $			

#### **Diode Characteristics**

Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Is	Continuous Source Current			80 <sup>①</sup>	Α	MOSFET symbol
	(Body Diode)					showing the
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Source Current			310		integral reverse
	(Body Diode) ②					p-n junction diode.
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage			1.3	V	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ , $I_S = 46A$ , $V_{GS} = 0V$ $\$$
dv/dt	Peak Diode Recovery		27		V/ns	$T_J = 175^{\circ}C$ , $I_S = 46A$ , $V_{DS} = 75V$ @
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time		33	50	ns	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ $V_R = 64V$ ,
			39	59		$T_J = 125^{\circ}C$ $I_F = 46A$
$Q_{rr}$	Reverse Recovery Charge		32	48	nC	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$ di/dt = 100A/ $\mu$ s $^{\circ}$
			47	71		$T_J = 125^{\circ}C$
I <sub>RRM</sub>	Reverse Recovery Current		1.9		Α	$T_J = 25^{\circ}C$
t <sub>on</sub>	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrins	ntrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by LS+LD)			

#### Notes:

- ① Calculated continuous current based on maximum allowable junction temperature. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the
   ④ I<sub>SD</sub> ≤ 46A, di/dt ≤ 1920A/µs, V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ V<sub>(BR)DSS</sub>, T<sub>J</sub> ≤ 175°C.
   ⑤ Pulse width ≤ 400µs; duty cycle ≤ 2%. temperature. Note that current limitations arising from heating of the device leads may occur with some lead mounting arrangements.
- ② Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- $R_G$  = 25 $\Omega$ ,  $I_{AS}$  = 46A,  $V_{GS}$  =10V. Part not recommended for use above this value.

- © Coss eff. (TR) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as  $C_{oss}$  while  $V_{DS}$  is rising from 0 to 80%  $V_{DSS}$ .
- O Coss eff. (ER) is a fixed capacitance that gives the same energy as  $C_{oss}\,\text{while}\,\,V_{DS}\,\text{is rising from 0 to 80\%}\,\,V_{DSS}.$
- ® When mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material). For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.

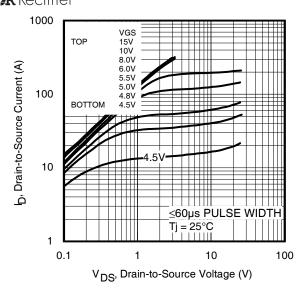


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

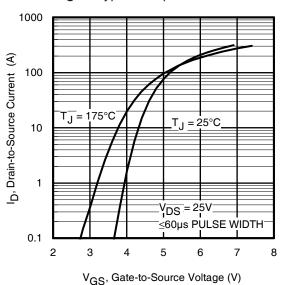
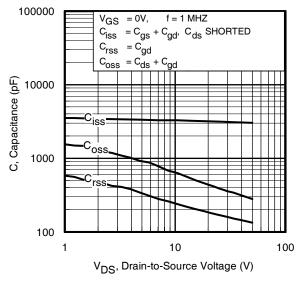


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics



**Fig 5.** Typical Capacitance vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage www.irf.com

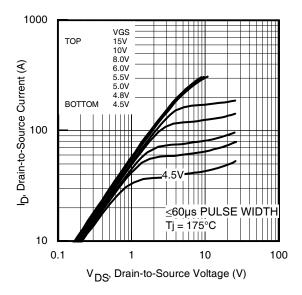


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

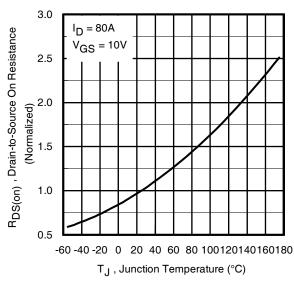


Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance vs. Temperature

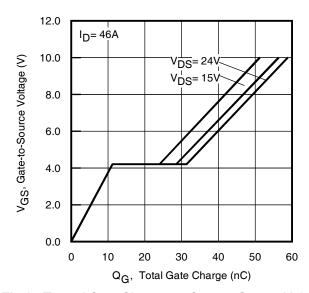


Fig 6. Typical Gate Charge vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

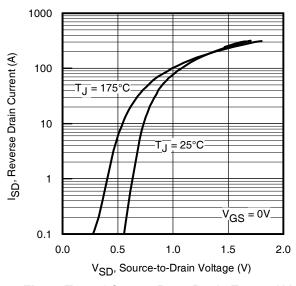


Fig 7. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

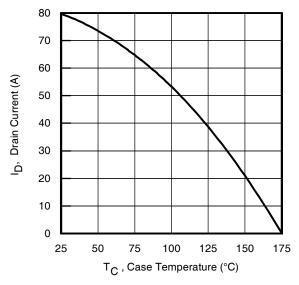


Fig 9. Maximum Drain Current vs. Case Temperature

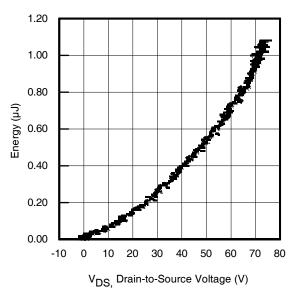


Fig 11. Typical C<sub>OSS</sub> Stored Energy

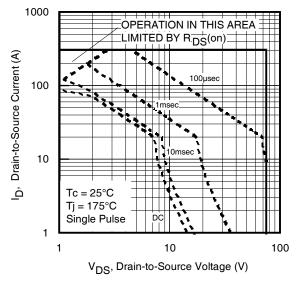


Fig 8. Maximum Safe Operating Area

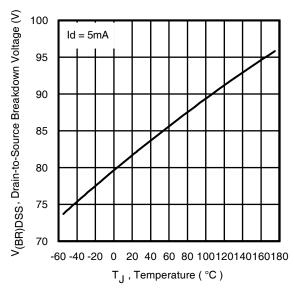


Fig 10. Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage

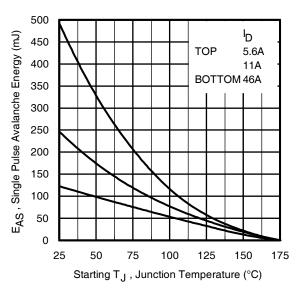


Fig 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. DrainCurrent www.irf.com

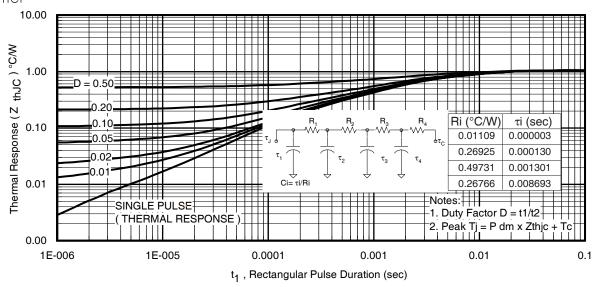


Fig 13. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

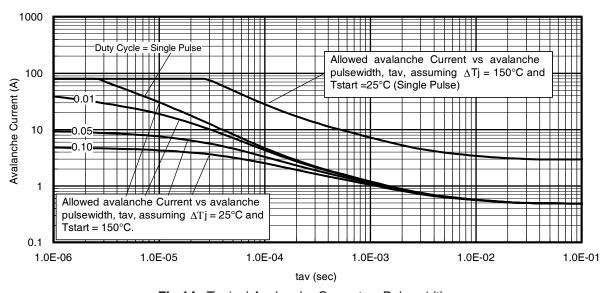


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current vs. Pulsewidth

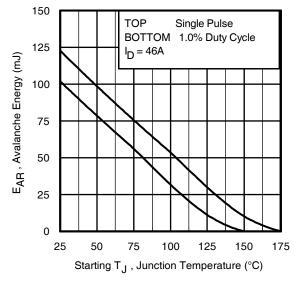


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy vs. Temperature

## Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15: (For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

- 1. Avalanche failures assumption:
  - Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of  $T_{jmax}$ . This is validated for every part type.
- 2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long asT<sub>imax</sub> is not exceeded.
- 3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 16a, 16b.
- 4.  $P_{D (ave)}$  = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
- 5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
- 6. I<sub>av</sub> = Allowable avalanche current.
- 7.  $\Delta T$  = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed  $T_{jmax}$  (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).

t<sub>av =</sub> Average time in avalanche.

 $D = Duty cycle in avalanche = t_{av} \cdot f$ 

 $Z_{th,JC}(D, t_{av})$  = Transient thermal resistance, see Figures 13)

$$\begin{split} P_{D \text{ (ave)}} &= 1/2 \text{ ( } 1.3 \cdot \text{BV} \cdot \text{I}_{av} \text{)} = \triangle \text{T/ } Z_{thJC} \\ I_{av} &= 2\triangle \text{T/ [ } 1.3 \cdot \text{BV} \cdot Z_{th} \text{]} \\ E_{AS \text{ (AR)}} &= P_{D \text{ (ave)}} \cdot t_{av} \end{split}$$

5

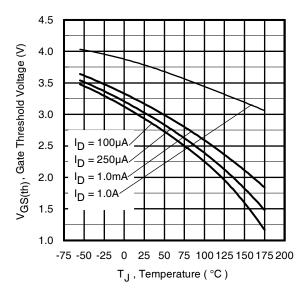


Fig 16. Threshold Voltage vs. Temperature

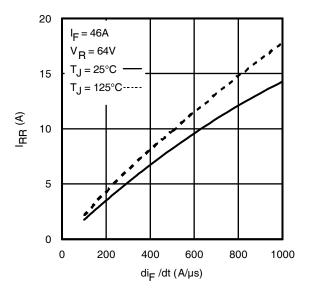


Fig. 18 - Typical Recovery Current vs. dif/dt

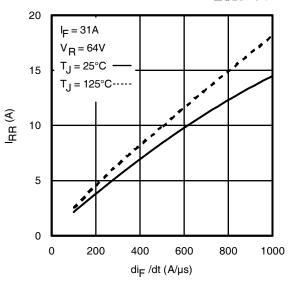


Fig. 17 - Typical Recovery Current vs. di<sub>f</sub>/dt

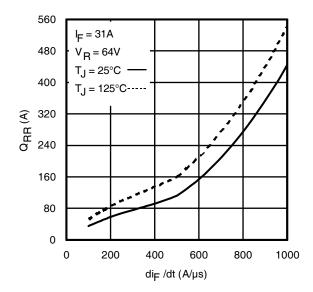


Fig. 19 - Typical Stored Charge vs. di<sub>f</sub>/dt

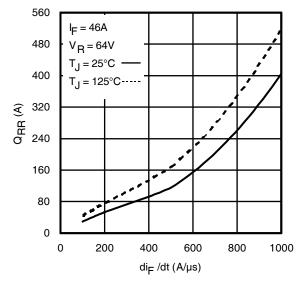


Fig. 20 - Typical Stored Charge vs. dif/dt

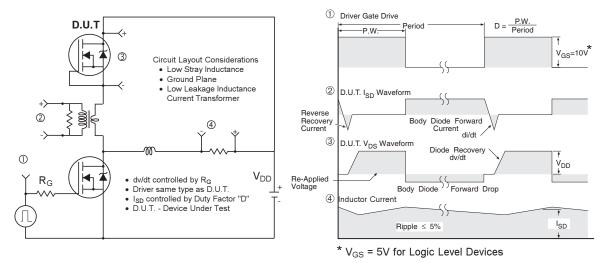


Fig 20. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

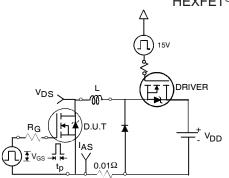


Fig 21a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

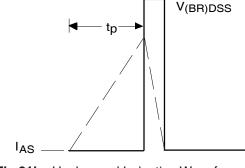


Fig 21b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

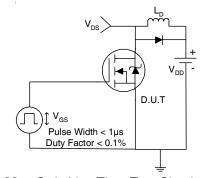


Fig 22a. Switching Time Test Circuit

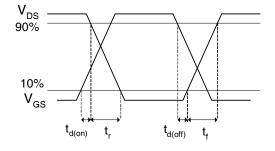


Fig 22b. Switching Time Waveforms

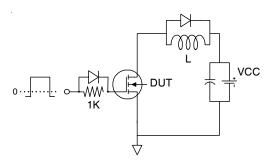


Fig 23a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

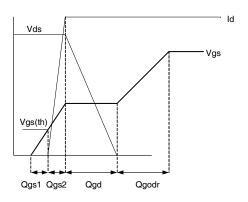
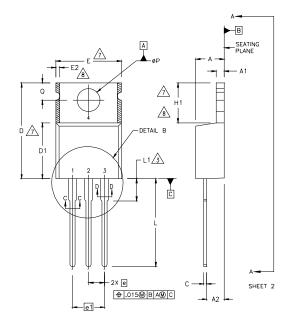
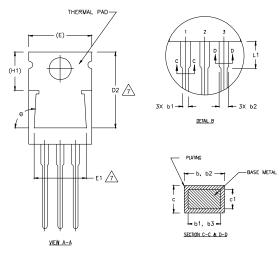


Fig 23b. Gate Charge Waveform

## TO-220AB Package Outline (Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches))





#### NOTES:

- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
- 3 LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
- DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.



- DIMENSION b1 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.
- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E.H1,D2 & E1
- DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

	SYMBOL	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES	
		MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	NOTES
	Α	3.56	4.82	.140	.190	
	A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055	
	A2	2.04	2.92	.080	.115	
	b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
	ь1	0.38	0.96	.015	.038	5
	b2	1.15	1,77	.045	.070	
	b3	1.15	1.73	.045	.068	
	С	0.36	0.61	.014	.024	
	c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	5
	D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4
	D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355	
	D2	12.19	12.88	.480	.507	7
	Ε	9.66	10.66	.380	.420	4,7
	E1	8.38	8.89	.330	.350	7
	е	2.54	BSC	.100	BSC	
	e1	5.	08	.200	BSC	
	H1	5.85	6.55	.230	.270	7,8
	L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	
	L1	-	6.35	_	.250	3
	ØΡ	3.54	4,08	.139	.161	
	Q	2.54	3,42	.100	.135	
	Ø	90'-	-93*	90*	-93 <b>*</b>	
L						

#### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

#### HEXFET

1.- GATE 2.- DRAIN 3.- SOURCE

ICBTs, CoPACK

1,- GATE 2.- COLLECTOR 3.- EMITTER

## DIODES

1,- ANODE/OPEN 2,- CATHODE 3,- ANODE

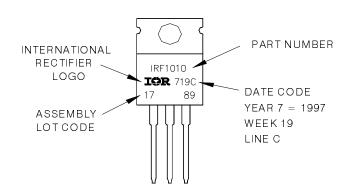
## TO-220AB Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010

LOT CODE 1789

ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997 IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-220AB packages are not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

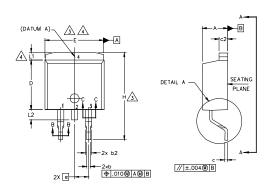
Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at http://www.irf.com/package/

8 www.irf.com

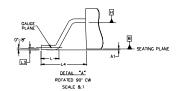
## IOR Rectifier

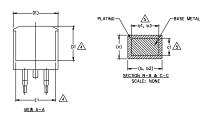
## D<sup>2</sup>Pak (TO-263AB) Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)









#### NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].

O.127 [.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY AT DATUM H.

4. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.

5. DIMENSION 61 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.

- 6. DATUM A & B TO BE DETERMINED AT DATUM PLANE H.
- 7. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- 8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-263AB.

S			N		
M B O	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES	0 T
L	MIN.	MAX,	MIN.	MAX.	Ė S
Α	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	
A1	0.00	0.254	.000	.010	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	5
b2	1,14	1.78	.045	.070	
b3	1,14	1.73	.045	.068	5
С	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	5
c2	1,14	1.65	.045	.065	
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	3
D1	6.86	-	.270		4
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4
E1	6.22	-	.245		4
e	2.54	BSC	.100	BSC	
Н	14,61	15.88	.575	.625	
L	1,78	2.79	.070	.110	
L1	-	1.65	-	.066	4
L2	1,27	1.78	-	.070	
L3	0.25	BSC	.010	BSC	
L4	4.78	5.28	.188	.208	

#### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

#### HEXFET

1.- GATE 2, 4.- DRAIN 3.- SOURCE

#### IGBTs, CoPACK

1.- GATE
2, 4.- COLLECTOR
3.- EMITTER

#### DIODES

1.- ANODE \* 2, 4.- CATHODE

\* PART DEPENDENT.

## D<sup>2</sup>Pak (TO-263AB) Part Marking Information

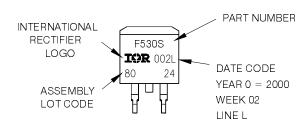
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH

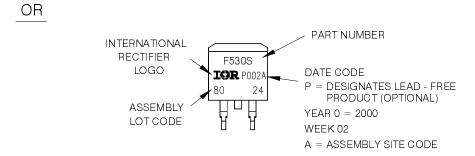
LOT CODE 8024

ASSEMBLED ON WW 02, 2000

IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead — Free"





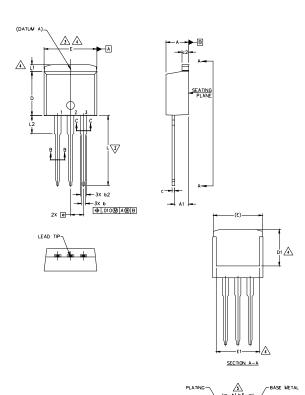
Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <a href="http://www.irf.com/package/">http://www.irf.com/package/</a>

## IRFB/S/SL3607PbF

## TO-262 Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)





#### NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
- 2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].

3\Dimension D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.

4. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSION E, L1, D1 & E1.

5. DIMENSION 61 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.

- 6. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
- 7.- OUTLINE CONFORM TO JEDEC TO-262 EXCEPT A1(max.), b(min.) AND D1(min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS DERIVED THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

S			N		
M B O L	MILLIM	ETERS	INC	HES	O T E S
L	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	S
Α	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	
A1	2.03	3.02	.080	.119	
ь	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	
ь1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	5
b2	1,14	1.78	.045	.070	
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	5
С	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	
c1	0.38	0.58	.015	.023	5
c2	1,14	1.65	.045	.065	
D	8.38	9.65	.330	.380	3
D1	6.86	-	.270	-	4
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	3,4
E1	6,22	-	.245		4
е	2.54	BSC	,100 BSC		
L	13.46	14.10	.530	.555	
L1	-	1,65	-	.065	4
L2	3.56	3,71	.140	,146	

#### LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

#### **HEXFET**

- 2.- DRAIN 3.- SOURCE 4.- DRAIN

## IGBTs, CoPACK

- 2.- COLLECTOR
  3.- EMITTER
  4.- COLLECTOR

## TO-262 Part Marking Information

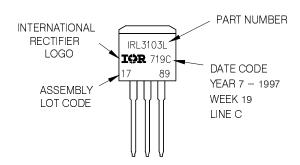
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRL3103L LOT CODE 1789

ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997

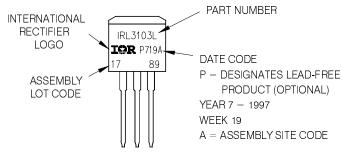
—(b,b2)-SECTION B-B & C-C SCALE: NONE

IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead - Free"



OR

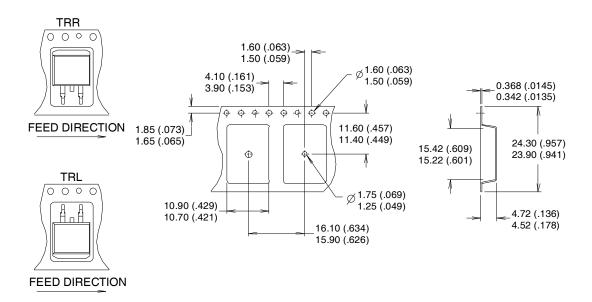


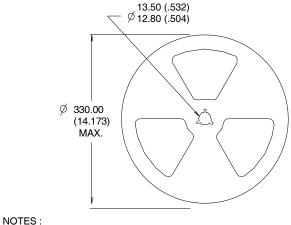
Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at http://www.irf.com/package/

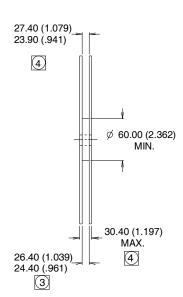
10 www.irf.com

## D<sup>2</sup>Pak (TO-263AB) Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)







- COMFORMS TO EIA-418.
- CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.
- DIMENSION MEASURED @ HUB.
- INCLUDES FLANGE DISTORTION @ OUTER EDGE. 4

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at http://www.irf.com/package/

Data and specifications subject to change without notice. This product has been designed and qualified for the Industrial market. Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.



IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105

TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

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