### James Vaughn – Lane Lines – May 29, 2017

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### \*\*Finding Lane Lines on the Road\*\*

The goals / steps of this project are the following: \* Make a pipeline that finds lane lines on the road

\* Reflect on your work in a written report

### ### Reflection

# ### 1. Describe your pipeline. As part of the description, explain how you modified the draw\_lines() function.

Pipeline consisted of 8 steps.

- 1) I read each image
- Converted RGB to grayscale using grayscale function; single channel
- 3) Applied Gaussian blur to reduce contrast noise
- 4) Applied canny to find dotted-edges
- Applied a mask to isolate the road lanes; set vertices at bottom left/right and slightly above mid-line
- 6) Applied Hough lines to draw lines (e.g. connected dotted-edges)
- 7) Adjusted line weight
- 8) Reversed RGB to BGR to show correct image color
- Saved images with new name → "outcome\_"+file

#### Test Images

Build your pipeline to work on the images in the directory "test\_images"
You should make sure your pipeline works well on these images before you try the videos

```
In [66] import os 
cut_inspe_file_names = os.listdir("test_inspe_2/")

for inspe_file_name is test_inspe_file_names:
    print(inspe_file_name)
    inspe_sin_inverd(ivest_inspe_file_name)
    inspe_sin_inverd(ivest_inspe_file_name)

    gray = grayscale(insp)
    gray = grayscale(insp)
    gray = grayscale(insp)
    pri.inshow(edps)

    inshape = inspe_shape
    vertices = pp.tray([f(15)*inshape(1],inshape(0]*-58),(.49*inshape(1],inshape(0]*-58), (6, inshape(0)), (inshape(1), tarpet = repio_fo_f_interest(edpse_vertices)
    pri.inshow(inspe_file_name, inspe_file_name, result)

    result = weighted_insp(lines,insp.up.i180,35,5,2)
    pri.inshow(inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,result)
    result = weighted_insp(lines,insp.up.i180,35,5,2)
    pri.inshow(inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,result)
    result = weighted_insp(lines,insp.up.i180,35,5,2)
    pri.inshow(inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,result)
    pri.inshow(inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,result)
    result = vei_name(inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,result)
    result = vei_name(inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_name,inspe_file_na
```



In order to draw a single line on the left and right lanes, I modified the draw\_lines() function by ...

- 1) #iterate through each line points (x1,y1,x2,y2)
- 2) # calculate slopes and centers #slope = (y2-y1)/(x2-x1) #center = [(x2+x1)/2,(y2+y1)/2]
- 3) #separate right and left by measuring slope
- 4) #if slope is between 0 and 0.6 then put the slope and center value in the left list
- 5) #if slope is between 0 and -.5 then put the slop and center values in the right lists

- 6) #average over all right/left center, slope values to get single center and slope
- 7) #find new (x1,y1,x2,y2) from the center and slope values and fitting to bottom of image and the specified height

## ### 2. Identify potential shortcomings with your current pipeline

- Images must be the same size, can be problematic
- Images must be of sufficient resolution
- Road lines may shift as car travels uphill, around curves
- Not all roads have line markers

## ### 3. Suggest possible improvements to your pipeline

- Add a dynamic area of interest
- Use object detection to interpolate road position