
Match Harry Potter Spells With Their Definition Documentation

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ABOUT

- The aim of this project is to evaluate Word2Vec and GloVe representation of words.
- As a result of doing this research, I program will exist to generate Harry Potter Spells from their definitions. This is the technical documentation outlining the functions created.

Harry Potter Spell Generator Functions

`hp_spells.calcProb(data)`

Calculates the probabilities for spells of each type.

Parameters `data ([[str, str], int]..)]` – List of spell types and origin language with frequency.

Returns A list of type of spells and their associated probabilities.

`hp_spells.checkStoredWords(kwords, word)`

This function updates a list of known words with a new word. If the spell type and language exists in the list the value is append by 1 otherwise, it is appended to the end of the list with a value of 1.

Parameters

- **kwords** ([[str, str], int]..)] – List of spell types and language with associated frequencies.
- **word** (str) – One being the spell type and the other being the origin language.

Returns the updated list of known words.

`hp_spells.contains(string, char)`

Checks to see if a string contains a character.

Parameters

- **string** (str) – The string to be checked.
- **char** (str) – The character to be looked for.

Returns Boolean value.

`hp_spells.count_instances(fname)`

Reads supplied file, where it splits it up. Then it appends each word to the data set building a list of words and frequencies using `checkStoredWords(kwords, word)`.

Parameters `fname` (*str*) – This is the name of the CSV file in which the spell data is stored.

Returns returns a list of languages and the probabilities for each one.

`hp_spells.f` (*str*)

Returns the first two characters from the string.

Parameters `str` (*str*) – A word that is passed.

Returns a string that only contains the first two letters.

`hp_spells.generateScale` (*data*)

This stacks the probabilities of spells so that each spell has a boundary in which it a spell can be selected over another.

Parameters `data` (`[[[str, str], int, float] . .]`) – list of spell names and their associated frequencies and probabilities.

Returns a list of spells and the value between 0-1 in which that name will be selected.

`hp_spells.generateSpell` (*sentence*)

Generates a Spell from a sentence.

Parameters `sentence` (*str*) – string which is the definition of the spell you want to create.

Returns list containing the spell and the spell type.

`hp_spells.getSpellType` (*scale*, *rndNum*)

Selects a spell according to the random number passed.

Parameters

- **scale** (`[(str, str, float) . .]`) – A list of tuples which contains the probability associated with each spell and type.
- **rndNum** (*float*) – The random number used to select a spell type.

Returns A string which is the spell type.

`hp_spells.langCode` (*language*)

Converts a language name into a language code for the translator.

Parameters `language` (*tr*) – Full name of the language, for example latin.

Returns The string code for the language.

`hp_spells.pigLatin` (*source*)

Takes a source string and converts it from english to pig latin.

Parameters `source` (*str*) – Takes string of english words and changes it into pig latin.

Returns a string containing pig latin words.

`hp_spells.sentenceToWord` (*sentence*)

Takes a string and converts it into a vector. Then from that it picks a similar word that doesn't contain an underscore.

Parameters **sentence** (*str*) – A string which contains a sentence to be converted into one word.

Returns A string containing a similar word.

`hp_spells.totalSpells` (*data*)

Counts the number of spells in the dataset.

Parameters **data** (*[[[str, str], int]..]*) – List of spell types and origin language with frequency.

Returns an integer value of total number of spells.

`hp_spells.translate2` (*word, lang*)

Translates a word to a target language.

Parameters

- **word** (*str*) – The word you want to convert.
- **lang** (*str*) – the lang code of the language you want to convert to.

Returns a string containing the translated word in the latin alphabet.

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