```
1 from __future__ import division
   from __future__ import print_function
   import random
 3
   import gensim
   from random import randint
 5 from translate import Translator
   import numpy as np
   from transliterate import translit
   import argparse, sys
   import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
9 from scipy.spatial import distance
   import seaborn as sns
10
   import pandas as pd
   from nltk.corpus import wordnet
12
   from tabulate import tabulate
   def checkStoredWords(kwords, word):
13
14
15
            This function updates a list of known words with a new word. If the spell type and
16
       language exists in the list the value is append by 1 otherwise, it is appended to
       the end of the list with a value of 1.
17
18
       :param kwords: List of spell types and language with associated frequencies.
19
       :param word: One being the spell type and the other being the origin language.
20
        :type kwords: [[[str, str], int]...]
       :type word: str
21
       :return: the updated list of known words.
22
23
24
       found = False
25
       for kword in kwords:
            if kword[0] == word:
26
                kword[1] += 1
27
                found = True
28
       if found == False:
            kwords.append([word, int(1)])
29
       return kwords
30
31
32
33
   def count_instances(fname):
34
35
36
            Reads supplied file, where it splits it up. Then it appends each word to the data
       set building a list of words and frequencies using checkStoredWords(kwords, word).
37
38
       :param fname: This is the name of the CSV file in which the spell data is stored.
39
       :type fname: str
40
       :return: returns a list of languages and the probabilities for each one.
41
42
       file = open(fname, 'r')
43
       data = []
44
       for line in file:
45
            temp = line.rstrip()
46
            temp = temp.split(",")
47
            data = checkStoredWords(data, temp)
48
       file.close()
49
       data = calcProb(data)
       return data
50
51
52
53 def totalSpells(data):
       11 11 11
55
            Counts the number of spells in the dataset.
56
       :param data: List of spell types and origin language with frequency.
57
        :type data: [[[str,str], int]...]
58
        :return: an integer value of total number of spells.
59
60
       total = 0
61
       for d in data:
62
            total += d[1]
63
       return total
64
65
   def calcProb(data):
66
67
68
             Calculates the probabilities for spells of each type.
69
```

```
70
         :param data: List of spell types and origin language with frequency.
         :type data: [[[str, str], int]...]
 71
         :return: A list of type of spells and their associated probabilities.
 72
 73
 74
        total = totalSpells(data)
        prob = 0.0
 75
        for d in data:
 76
                  prob = d[1] / total
 77
                  d.append(prob)
 78
        return data
 79
 80
    def generateScale(data):
 81
 82
              This stacks the probabilities of spells so that each spell has a boundary in which
 83
        it a spell can be selected over another.
 84
 85
        :param data: list of spell names and their associated frequencies and probabilities.
 86
         :type data: [[[str,str],int,float]...]
         return: a list of spells and the value between 0-1 in which that name will be selected.
 87
 88
 89
        value = 0
        index = -1
 90
        scale = []
 91
        for d in data:
 92
             value += d[2]
 93
             index += 1
             scale.append((value, d[0]))
 94
        return scale
 95
 96
 97
    def getSpellType(scale, rndNum):
 98
 99
              Selects a spell according to the random number passed.
100
101
         :param scale: A list of tuples which contains the probability associated with each spell and type.
102
         :param rndNum: The random number used to select a spell type.
         :type scale: [(str,str,float)..]
103
        :type rndNum: float
104
         :return: A string which is the spell type.
105
106
        for i in range(-1, len(scale) - 1):
107
             if i == -1:
108
                 temp2 = scale[i + 1]
109
                 if rndNum >= 0:
                     if rndNum < temp2[0]:</pre>
110
                         return temp2[1]
111
             else:
112
                 temp = scale[i]
113
                 temp2 = scale[i + 1]
                 if rndNum >= temp[0]:
114
                     if rndNum < temp2[0]:</pre>
115
                         return temp2[1]
116
117
        temp2 = scale[0]
118
        return temp2[1]
119
120
    def is_valid(string):
121
        check to see whether a word consists of alpha characters.
122
123
         :param string: The string to be checked.
124
         :type string: str
125
        :return: Boolean value.
126
        if string.isalpha():
127
             return False
128
        return True
129
130
131
132
    def langCode(language): #this now works with python 2.7 i believe.
133
134
        Converts a language name into a language code for the translator.
135
136
         :param language: Full name of the language, for example latin.
137
         :type language: tr
         :return: The string code for the language.
138
```

```
HHHH
139
        return {
140
             'Latin': 'la',
141
             'Greek': 'el',
142
             'Portuguese': 'pt',
             'West African Sidiki': 'it', # CANT BE TRANSLATED. - Returns italian
143
             'Aramaic': 'el', # CANT BE TRANSLATED - RETURNS GREEK
144
             'Pig Latin': 'PL', # implement a seperate function to convert to pig latin.
145
             'English': 'en',
146
             'French': 'fr',
147
             'Spanish': 'es'
             'Italian': 'it',
148
        }.get(language, 'la') # returns latin as default - if language is not found.
149
150
    def translate2(word, lang):
151
152
              Translates a word to a target language.
153
154
         :param word: The word you want to convert.
155
         :param lang: the lang code of the language you want to convert to.
        :type word: str
156
        :type lang: str
157
         return: a string containing the translated word in the latin alphabet.
158
        translator = Translator(to_lang=lang)
159
        try:
160
             out = translator.translate(word)
161
             if lang == 'el':
162
                 return translit(word, lang, reversed=True)
163
             return out
        except:
164
             log("Error Cannot translate: " + word)
165
166
    def log(text):
        logfile = open("log.txt", "a")
167
        logfile.write(text.encode("utf-8") + "\n")
168
        logfile.close()
169
170
    def sentenceToWord(sentence, model, oword):
171
172
        Takes a string and converts it into a vector. Then from that it picks a similar word that doesn't
173
    contain an underscore.
174
         :param sentence: A string which contains a sentence to be converted into one word.
175
        :type sentence: str
176
         :return: A string containing a similar word.
177
178
179
        sentence = sentence.split()
        output = []
180
        top_val = 20
181
        selected = []
182
        bogus_words = 0
183
        for word in sentence:
             try:
184
                 output.append(model[word])
185
             except KeyError:
186
                 log("key error in vector file" + word)
187
        output = np.array(output)
188
        vector_sum = output.sum(axis=0)
189
        output = model.most_similar(positive=[vector_sum], topn=top_val)
190
        final_output = output[randint(0, (top_val - 1))]
        while is_valid(final_output[0]):
191
             num = randint(0, top_val - 1)
192
             final_output = output[num]
193
             if num in selected:
194
                 if len(selected) == top_val:
                     top\_val = top\_val * 2
195
                     output = model.most_similar(positive=[vector_sum], topn=top_val)
196
             else:
197
                 selected.append(num)
198
             bogus_words+=1
199
        # print(final_output[0])
200
        return final_output, bogus_words
201
202
    def pigLatin(source):
203
204
205
              Takes a source string and converts it from english to pig latin.
206
         :param source: Takes string of english words and changes it into pig latin.
207
```

```
208
        :type source: str
        :return: a string containing pig latin words.
209
210
211
        letters = ['sh', 'gl', 'ch', 'ph', 'tr', 'br', 'fr', 'bl', 'gr', 'st', 'sl', 'cl', 'pl', 'fl']
212
        source = source.split()
213
        for k in range(len(source)):
214
             i = source[k]
215
            if i[0] in ['a', 'e', 'i', 'o', 'u']:
                source[k] = i + 'ay'
216
            elif f(i) in letters:
217
                source[k] = i[2:] + i[:2] + 'ay'
218
            elif i.isalpha() == False:
219
                source[k] = i
220
            else:
                source[k] = i[1:] + i[0] + 'ay'
221
        return ' '.join(source)
222
223
    def f(str):
224
225
        Returns the first two chacters from the string.
226
227
        :param str: A word that is passed.
228
        :type str: str
        :return: a string that only contains the first two letters.
229
230
        HHH
231
        if len(str) ==1:
232
             return str[0]
        return str[0] + str[1]
233
234
235
    def generateSpell(sentence, model, oword):
236
        Generates a Spell from a sentence.
237
238
        :param sentence: string which is the definition of the spell you want to create.
239
        :type sentence: str
        return: list containing the spell and the spell type.
240
        :param model: loaded vector orepresentation of words.
241
             :type model: data file loaded.
242
243
244
        spell = []
        vector, temp_bogus = sentenceToWord(sentence, model, oword)
245
        vector = vector[0]
246
        scale = generateScale(count_instances('spell_prob.csv'))
247
        selection = random.random()
248
        spell_meta = getSpellType(scale, selection)
249
        try:
250
            target_lang = langCode(spell_meta[1])
251
        except:
252
             log("langCode function didn't work. Using default latin.")
             target_lang = "la"
253
254
        if target_lang == "PL":
255
            spell.append(pigLatin(vector))
        else:
256
             spell.append(translate2(vector, target_lang))
257
        spell.append(spell_meta[0])
258
        spell.append(vector) #The original word before translation is also added onto the end for evaluation
259
    purposes.
260
        return spell, temp_bogus
262
263
    def load_vectors(path, is_binary):
264
        This loads the vectors supplied by the path.
265
        @param path: The path to the vector file
266
        @type path: str
267
        @param is_binary: states whether file is a binary file.
        @type is_binary: boolean
268
269
        print("Loading: ", path)
270
        model = gensim.models.Word2Vec.load_word2vec_format(path, binary=is_binary)
271
        model.init_sims(replace=True)
272
        print("Loaded: ", path)
        return model
273
274
275
276
```

```
def is_synonym(n_word, o_word):
277
278
        This function uses a combination of NLTK's wordnet to
279
        list all synonyms for a word and to check if a new word is a synonym.
280
        @param n_word: The new word generated.
281
        @type n_word: str
        @param o_word: The original word in the definition.
282
        @type o_word: str
283
284
        synonyms=[]
285
        synsets = wordnet.synsets(o_word)
        for synset in synsets:
286
            synonyms = synonyms+ synset.lemma_names()
287
288
        return n_word in synonyms
289
290
    def run_experiment(model, num_experiments):
291
292
            This function runs the experiments with the paramters set.
293
            It then returns all the necessary data for processing and output.
            @param model: The vectors loaded.
294
            @type model: The loaded vector object
295
            @param num_experiments: The number of experiments to run.
296
            @type num_experiments: int
297
        average = 0.0
298
        iterationCount = 0
299
        scores = []
300
        cos_dists = []
301
        avg_cos_dists = []
        syn_experiments = []
302
        bword_counts = []
303
        scores_per_spell=[[] for x in range(10)]#tracks each spell score MUST BE CHANGED TO NUM ENTRIES.
304
        table1 = []
305
        table2 = []
        bwords_spell= [[] for x in range(10)] #tracks the number of bogus words against size
306
        for i in range(0, num_experiments):
307
            table1 = []
308
            table2 = []
            print("-----", i, "-----")
309
            log("-----"+str(i) + "-----")
310
            bogus_words = 0
311
            spellFile = open("spells.csv")
312
            entry = []
            score = 0
313
            count = 0
314
            syn\_counts = 0
315
            for line in spellFile:
316
                count+=1
                line = line.strip("\n")
317
                entry = line.split(",")
318
                #sen_len.append(len(entry[1].split(" ")))#records length of the sentence.
319
                #print(len(entry[1].split(" ")))
320
                spell, temp_bogus = generateSpell(entry[1], model,entry[3] )
321
                bwords_spell[len(entry[1].split(" "))].append(temp_bogus) #stores the bogus words.
322
                bogus_words+= temp_bogus
323
                if args.verbose:
324
                     print("Your new spell is: ", spell[0])
                if spell[2].lower() not in entry[1].split():
325
326
                    scores_per_spell[len(entry[1].split(" "))].append(1) #keeps track of originality scores.
327
                else:
328
                     scores_per_spell[len(entry[1].split(" "))].append(0)
329
                table1.append([spell[0]])
                table2.append([spell[2]])
                #calculate the cosine similarity.
331
                og_wd = model[entry[-1].strip()]
332
                nw_wd = model[spell[-1]]
                cos_dists.append(distance.cosine(og_wd, nw_wd))#added log to improve output graph.
333
                if is_synonym(spell[2].lower(), entry[-1]):
334
                     syn_counts +=1
335
            #print(tabulate(table1, headers=["Translated"]))
336
            print("Experiment Results")
337
            print("Num of spells that don't feature in definition: ", score)
338
            print("Percentage: ", ((float(score)/count) * 100),"%")
339
            print("Average Cosine-simalarity:", float(sum(cos_dists) / len(cos_dists)))
            print("Num of spells which are synonyms: ", syn_counts)
340
            print("Num of words selected that are not real words: ", bogus_words)
341
            scores.append((float(score)/count) * 100)
342
            syn_experiments.append(syn_counts)
343
            bword_counts.append(bogus_words)
344
            spellFile.close()
            iterationCount +=1
345
```

```
average += (float(score)/count)*100
346
            avg_cos_dists.append(float(sum(cos_dists) / len(cos_dists)))
347
        return scores, syn_experiments, average, avg_cos_dists, iterationCount, bword_counts, scores_per_spell,
348
    bwords_spell
349
350
              ______
351
    # Main part of the program.
352
    # ============
353
    if __name__ == '__main__':
        parser = argparse.ArgumentParser(
354
                'Use Word2Vec or GloVe datasets to generate Harry Potter Spells')
355
        parser.add_argument('--glove', action='store_const', const = 'glove',
356
                help='Use the GloVe dataset instead of the default Word2Vec.')
357
        parser.add_argument('--exp',
        help="Specifies the number of experiments on this run. Default is 20.",
358
                action='store', type=int)
359
        parser.add_argument('--verbose', action='store_const', const = 'verbose',
360
                help='Prints out the spell names')
361
        parser.add_argument('--comp', action= 'store_const', const='comp',
362
                help = "Runs the word2vec vectors, and the GloVe vectors")
        args = parser.parse_args()
363
364
        logFile = open("log.txt", 'w' ) #the log file is blank at start of each execution
365
        logFile.close() #closes the log file
        num\_experiments = 20
366
        if args.exp != None:
367
            num_experiments = args.exp
368
369
        if args.comp: # comparison mode.
            print("Compare Mode")
370
            log("-----")
371
            print("Vectors used: Word2Vec")
372
            log("-----"+ "Vectors used: Word2Vec"+ "-----")
373
            model = load_vectors("../../vectors/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin", True)
374
            #Run word2vec experiments and then stores data in dataframe.
375
            w_scores, w_syn_experiments, w_average, w_avg_cos_dists, iterationCount, w_bword_counts,
376
    w_spells_per, w_bwords_per= run_experiment(model, num_experiments)
377
            w_vec=["word2vec" for x in w_scores]
            del model
378
            print("Vectors used: GloVe")
379
            log("-----" + "Vectors used: GloVe"+ "-----")
380
            model = load_vectors("../../vectors/glove.txt.vw", False)
381
382
            # run experiments and move results into data frame.
            g_scores, g_syn_experiments, g_average, g_avg_cos_dists, iterationCount, g_bword_counts,
383
    g_spells_per, g_bwords_per= run_experiment(model, num_experiments)
384
            g_vec = ["glove" for x in g_scores]
385
386
            scores=w_scores + g_scores
            syn_experiments = w_syn_experiments + g_syn_experiments
387
            avg_cos_dists = w_avg_cos_dists + g_avg_cos_dists
388
            bword_counts = w_bword_counts + g_bword_counts
389
            vectors = w_vec + g_vec
390
            ##for the ts plots
391
            g_vec = ["GloVe" for x in g_spells_per]
392
            w_vec = ["Word2Vec" for x in w_spells_per]
393
            bwords_per = w_bwords_per + g_bwords_per
394
            spells_per = w_spells_per + g_spells_per
            vec = w_vec + g_vec
395
            ##adds values for empty rows.#might want to remove empty rows later.
396
            for row in spells_per:
397
                if len(row) == 0:
                    row.append(⊙)
398
            for row in bwords_per:
                if len(row) == 0:
400
                    row.append(⊙)
401
402
            spells_per_avg = [float(sum(1)/len(1)) for 1 in spells_per]
            length= [x \text{ for } x \text{ in } range(1, len(w_spells_per)+1)] + [x \text{ for } x \text{ in } range(1, len(g_spells_per)+1)]
403
            bwords_per_avg = [float(sum(1)/len(1)) for 1 in bwords_per]
404
            len_results = pd.DataFrame({"originality":spells_per_avg,"length":length,"bwords":bwords_per_avg,
405
    "vectors":vec})
406
            box_len = []
407
            box_score= []
408
            box_vec=[]
409
410
            for i in range(0,len(w_spells_per)):
411
                for row in w_spells_per[i]:
412
                    box_len.append(i+1)
413
                    box_score.append(row)
                    box_vec.append("word2vec")
414
```

```
415
                for row2 in g_spells_per[i]:
416
                    box_len.append(i+1)
417
                    box_score.append(row2)
418
                    box_vec.append("GloVe")
419
            box_data = pd.DataFrame({"length":box_len, "originality":box_score, "vectors":box_vec})
420
            #originality vs size plots.
421
            ax = sns.tsplot(time="length", value="originality",
422
    unit="vectors", condition="vectors", data=len_results )
423 #
             sns.plt.xticks([0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10])
            sns.plt.show()
424
425
            ax = sns.distplot(box_score)
426
            sns.plt.show()
427
            #box plot
            ax = sns.boxplot(x="length", y = "originality", hue="vectors", data=box_data)
428
            sns.plt.show()
429
430
            box_len = []
431
            box_score= []
            box_vec=[]
432
433
434
            for i in range(0,len(w_bwords_per)):
                for row in w_bwords_per[i]:
435
                    box_len.append(i+1)
436
                    box_score.append(row)
437
                    box_vec.append("word2vec")
438
                for row2 in g_bwords_per[i]:
439
                    box_len.append(i+1)
                    box_score.append(row2)
440
                    box_vec.append("GloVe")
441
442
            box_data = pd.DataFrame({"length":box_len, "bwords":box_score, "vectors":box_vec})
           #gibberish vs size plots
443
            ax = sns.tsplot(time="length", value="bwords", unit="vectors", condition="vectors", data=len_results
444
445
             sns.plt.xticks([0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9,10])
446
            sns.plt.show()
447
            #histogram
            ax = sns.distplot(box_score)
448
            sns.plt.show()
449
            #box plot
450
            ax = sns.boxplot(x="length", y = "bwords", hue="vectors", data=box_data)
            #sns.despine(offset=10, trim=True)
451
            sns.plt.show()
452
453
454
455
            ##output results.
456
            print("-----word2vec Experiment Results-----")
457
            print("The mean average percentage over ", iterationCount , "tests: ",
458
                    (w_average/iterationCount), "%")
            print("The mean cosine simalarity over ", iterationCount, "tests: ",
459
                    float(sum(w_avg_cos_dists)/ len(w_avg_cos_dists)))
460
            print("The mean amount of synonyms", (sum(w_syn_experiments)/ iterationCount))
461
            print("Average number of words that are not fit for translation:
462
    ",float(sum(w_bword_counts)/iterationCount))
463
464
            print("-----")
465
            print("The mean average percentage over ", iterationCount , "tests: ",
466
                    (g_average/iterationCount), "%")
            print("The mean cosine simalarity over ", iterationCount, "tests: ",
467
                    float(sum(g_avg_cos_dists)/ len(g_avg_cos_dists)))
468
            print("The mean amount of synonyms", (sum(g_syn_experiments)/ iterationCount))
469
            print("Average number of words that are not fit for translation:
470 ",float(sum(g_bword_counts)/iterationCount))
471
472
            results = pd.DataFrame({"scores":scores, "similarity":avg_cos_dists, "synonyms":syn_experiments,
473
    "vectors":vectors, "bwords":bword_counts})
474
475
            sim = sns.violinplot(x="vectors", y="similarity", data=results)
476
            sns.plt.title("Comparison of Similarity over "+str( iterationCount)+ " experiments")
477
            sns.plt.show()
478
            sc = sns.violinplot(x="vectors", y="scores", data=results)
            sns.plt.title("Comparison of accuracy scores over "+str(iterationCount)+ " experiments")
479
480
            bw = sns.violinplot(x="vectors", y="bwords", data=results)
481
            sns.plt.title("Comparison of invalid words over "+ str(iterationCount)+ " experiments")
482
            sns.plt.show()
            sns.plt.title("Comparison of synonyms over " +str( iterationCount) +" experiments")
483
```

```
syn = sns.violinplot(x="vectors", y="synonyms", data=results)
484
            sns.plt.show()
485
486
        else: # test an individual mode.
487
            if args.glove:
                print("Vectors used: GloVe")
488
                log("-----" + "Vectors used: GloVe"+ "-----")
489
                model = load_vectors("../../vectors/glove.txt.vw", False)
490
            else:
491
                print("Vectors used: Word2Vec")
                log("-----"+ "Vectors used: Word2Vec"+ "-----")
492
                model = load_vectors("../../vectors/GoogleNews-vectors-negative300.bin", True)
493
494
495
            scores, syn_experiments, average, avg_cos_dists, iterationCount, bword_counts, spells_per=
496 run_experiment(model, num_experiments)
            print("-----")
497
            print("The mean average percentage over ", iterationCount , "tests: ",
498
                    (average/iterationCount), "%")
499
            print("The mean cosine simalarity over ", iterationCount, "tests: ",
                    float(sum(avg_cos_dists)/ len(avg_cos_dists)))
500
            print("The mean amount of synonyms", (sum(syn_experiments)/ iterationCount))
501
            print("Average number of words that are not fit for translation:
502
    ",float(sum(bword_counts)/iterationCount))
503
            results = pd.DataFrame({'scores': scores, 'similarity': avg_cos_dists})
504
            #loop through and add an entry to any empty fields.
            for row in spells_per:
505
               if len(row) == 0:
506
                    row.append(⊙)
507
            spells_per_avg = [float(sum(1)/len(1)) for 1 in spells_per]
508
            length= [x for x in range(0, len(spells_per_avg))]
509
510
            vec = ["vector" for x in spells_per_avg]
511
            len_results = pd.DataFrame({"scores":spells_per_avg, "length":length, "vec":vec})
512
513
            ax = sns.tsplot(time="length", value="scores", unit="vec", condition="vec", data=len_results )
514
            sns.plt.show()
515
           # ts_plot(len_results, "scores")
516
            ax2 = sns.violinplot(x=results["similarity"])
            sns.plt.show()
517
            ax = sns.violinplot(x="scores", y="similarity", data=results)
518
            sns.plt.show()
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