

Artificial language learning workshop: Lecture 3

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PsychoPy

<http://psychopy.org/installation.html>



Supported by

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Installation ¶

Download

For the easiest installation download and install the Standalone package for your system:

The latest stable release (the version we recommend you install is 1.90.1) and you can get that here:

- [PsychoPy 1.90.1](#)
- Ubuntu or debian-based systems:

- `sudo apt-get install psychopy`

- NB: the neurodebian package has newer versions than the default debian package:

- <http://neuro.debian.net/>

For previous recent versions see the [PsychoPy releases on github](#)

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Installation

- [Download](#)
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Manual install

- [Dependencies](#)
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- [Neurodebian](#)
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- [Developers](#)

Previous topic

Classroom

🏷️ 1.90.0








🔑 b8e9449

Verified

Release 1.90.0

 peircej released this on 15 Mar · [687 commits](#) to master since this release

▼ **Assets** 7

 PsychoPy-1.90.0.zip	12.9 MB
 StandalonePsychoPy2-1.90.0-MacOS.dmg	303 MB
 StandalonePsychoPy2-1.90.0-win32.exe	280 MB
 StandalonePsychoPy2_PY3-1.90.0-MacOS.dmg	332 MB
 StandalonePsychoPy2_PY3-1.90.0-win32.exe	255 MB
 Source code (zip)	
 Source code (tar.gz)	

Materials

https://github.com/jamesbrandscience/SSoL_2018

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Materials for students

[21 commits](#)[1 branch](#)[0 releases](#)[2 contributors](#)Branch: **master** ▾[New pull request](#)[Find file](#)[Clone or download ▾](#)

jamesbrandresearch update

[ALL_experiment](#)[ALL_lecture_pdf](#)[ALL_lecture_ppt](#)[Experimental_diachronics.pdf](#)[Experimental_diachronics.pptx](#)

Clone with HTTPS [?]

Use Git or checkout with SVN using the web URL.

<https://github.com/jamesbrandscience/>[Open in Desktop](#)[Download ZIP](#)

Recap

What ALL is and why it is useful

Validity of ALL paradigm

Different types of ALL experiments

Still to do

A few more examples of ALL

Taking part in an ALL experiment (PsychoPy)

Understanding the design and architecture

Interpreting the output and looking at results

ALL and communication

Part V: ALL and communication

ALL and communication

A question...

How does communication affect the
evolution of language

ALL and communication

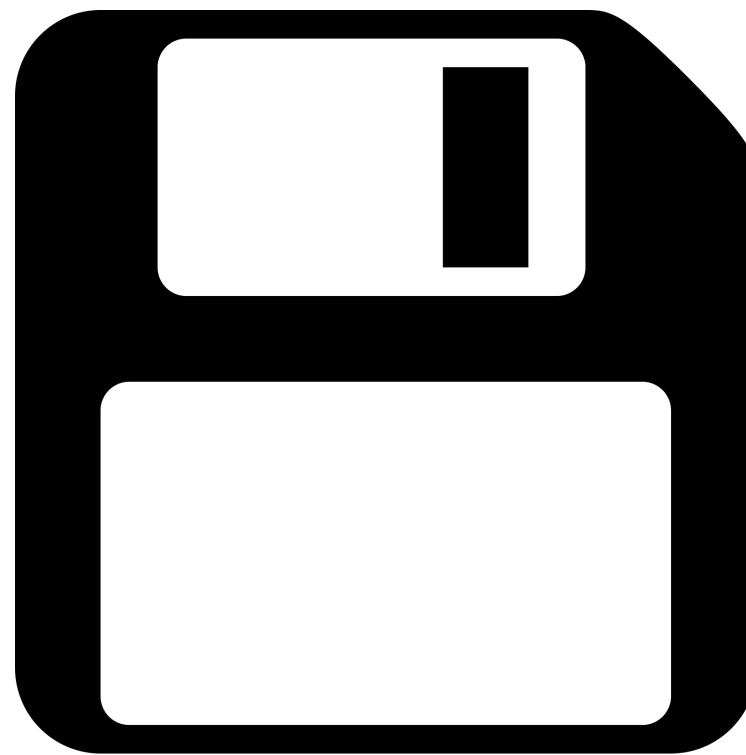
A prediction...

We start off with icons that evolve
to become symbolic

Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

An example...



Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

An example...



Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

A theory...

Pressures for efficient
communication result in the
evolution of more symbolic
graphical forms

Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

A problem...

Using pre-existing character systems may not provide a clear understanding of what is actually going on

Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

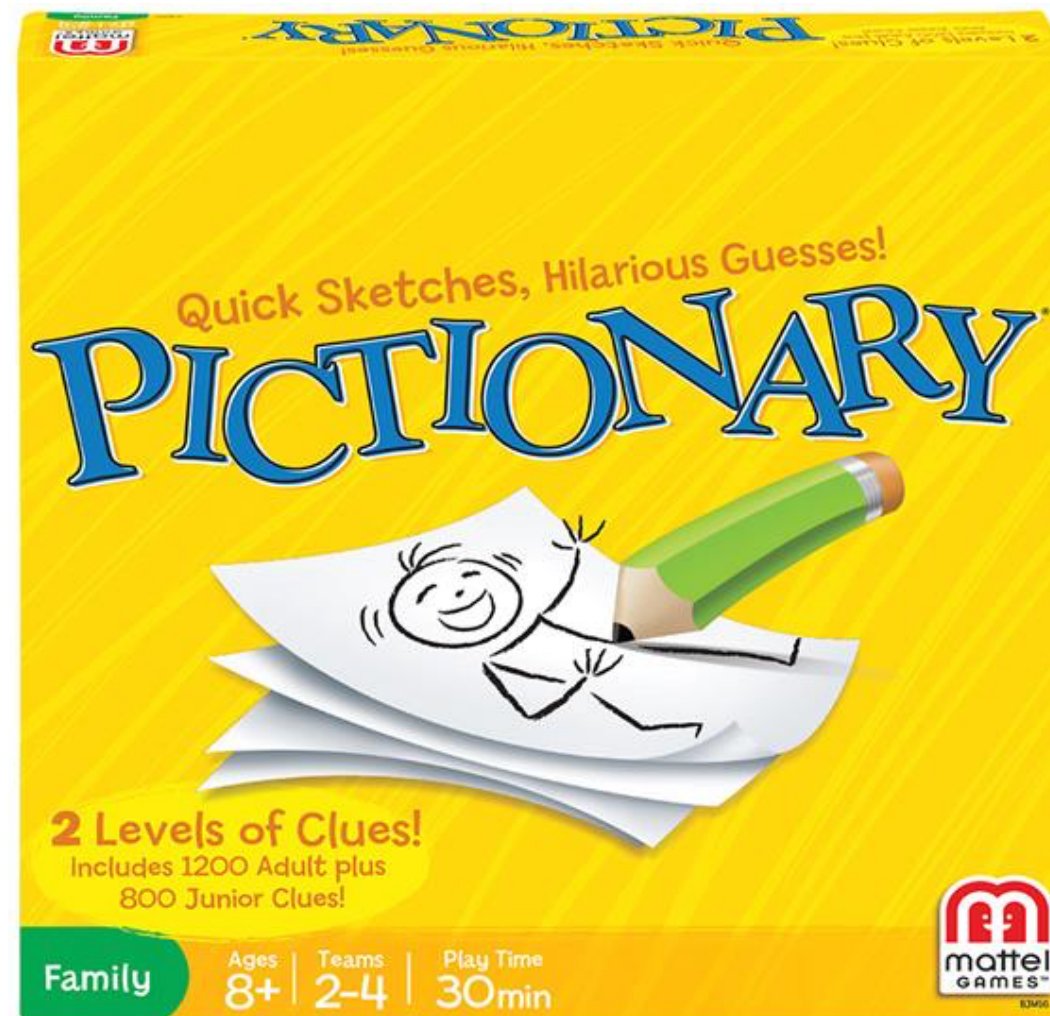
A solution...

Get participants into a laboratory
and see how communication
influences the evolution of
graphical systems

Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

An experiment...



Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

An experiment...



Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

An experiment...



Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

An experiment...



Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

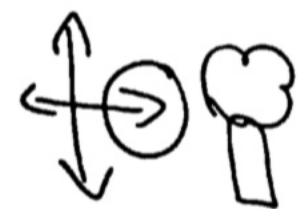
An experiment...



Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

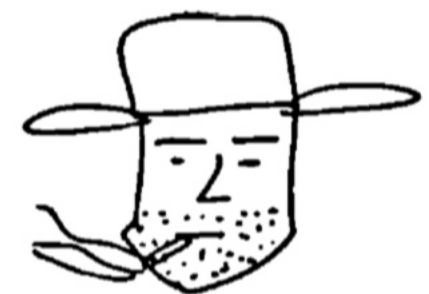
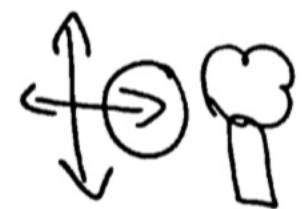
An experiment...



Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

An experiment...



Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

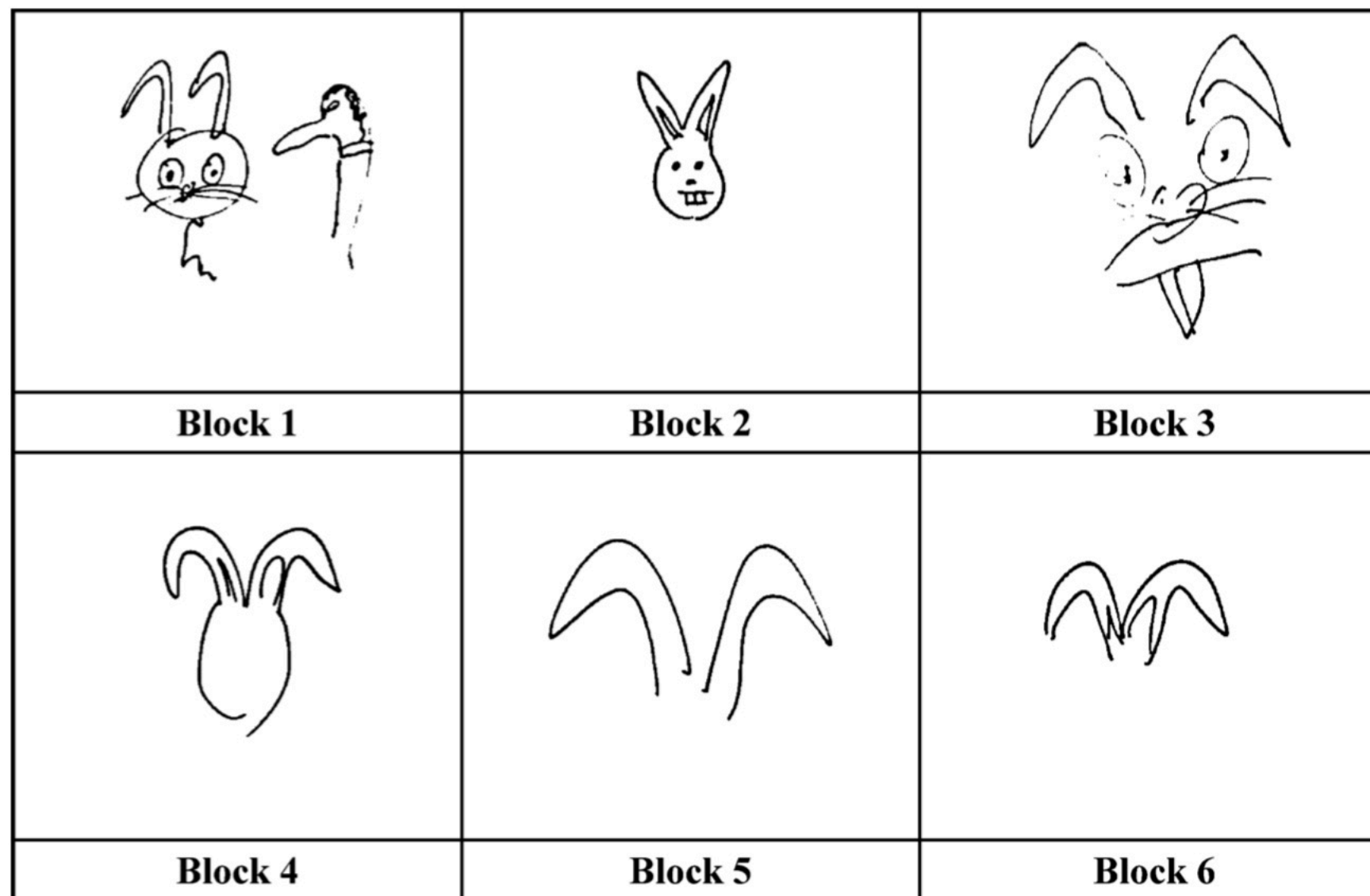


Fig. 2. Six increasingly schematic depictions of “cartoon” from Experiment 1.

Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

A design...

- Make participants generate their own graphical representations of concepts
- Impose a pressure to communicate efficiently and accurately
- Observe how repeated communication influences graphical representations

Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

A result...

- Representations start off being iconic and complex
- But with repeated communication trials, they become less complex but more symbolic
- Graphical systems evolve from icons to symbols as a result of communicative pressures

Garrod et al. (2007)

ALL and communication

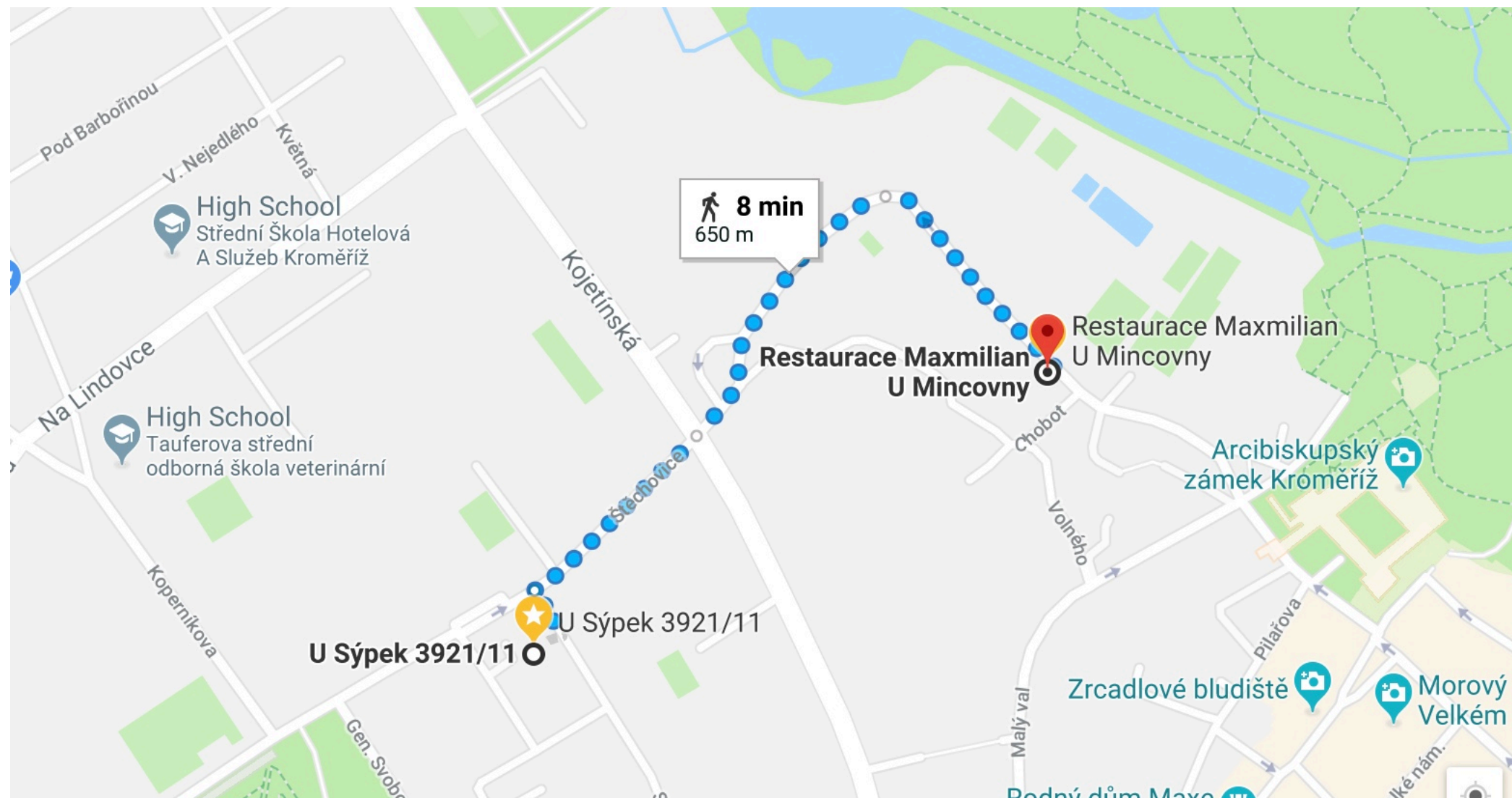
A prediction...

Language has evolved to become
learnable and communicatively
efficient

Kirby et al. (2015)

ALL and communication

An example...



ALL and communication

An example...



ALL and communication

A theory...

We need to use language that is
efficient to understand but also
easy to acquire

[Kirby et al. \(2015\)](#)

ALL and communication

A problem...

We do not know how this trade-off
between language learning and
language use comes from

ALL and communication













A solution...

Test how languages evolve by
placing communicative and
learning pressures on the
participants

[Kirby et al. \(2015\)](#)

ALL and communication

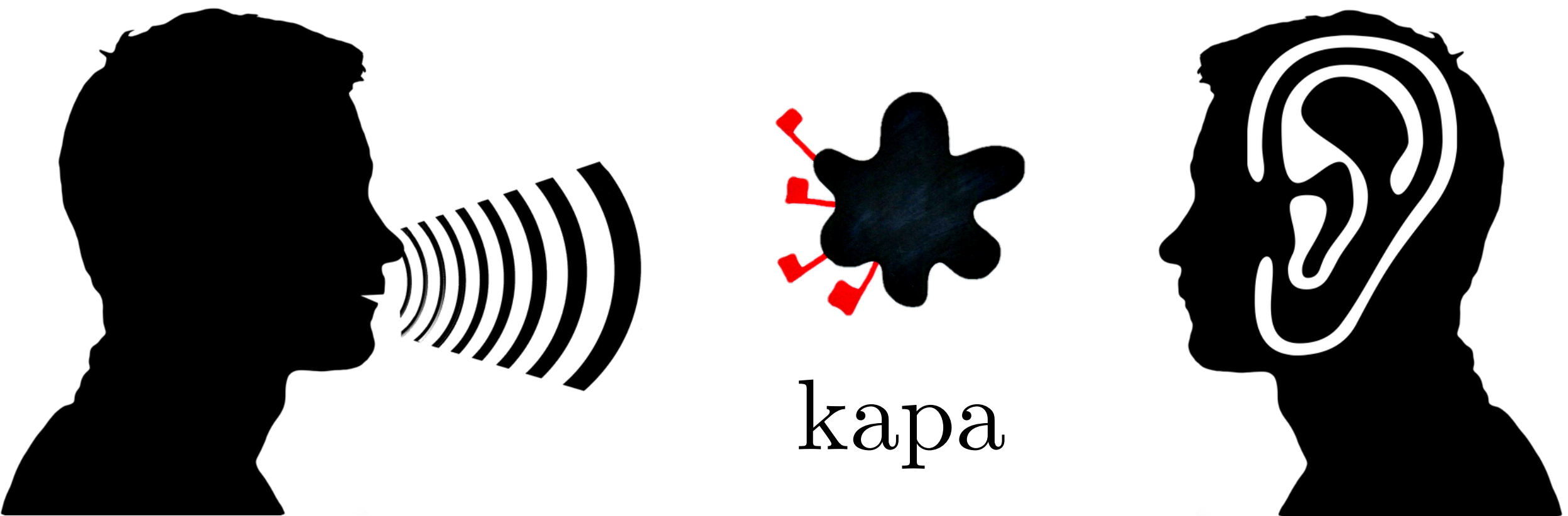
An experiment...

	pihino		kapa		newhomo
	nemone		gakho		kamone
	piga		wuwele		gaku
	kawake		nepi		hokako

Kirby et al. (2015)

ALL and communication













An experiment...



Kirby et al. (2015)

ALL and communication

An experiment...

	ege-wawu		mega		gamene-wawu
	ege-wawa		mega-wawa		gamene-wawa
	ege-wuwu		mega-wuwu		gamene-wuwu
	ege		wulagi		gamane

Kirby et al. (2015)

ALL and communication

A design...

- Pairs of participants learn the same language
- They then have to communicate that language with a partner
- Pass on the newly communicated language to the next pair of participants

Kirby et al. (2015)

ALL and communication

A result...

- Systems emerge that can be learnt more easily
- Systems emerge that can be communicatively effective i.e. expressivity

Kirby et al. (2015)

ALL without the language

Part VI: ALL without the language

ALL without the language

A question...

How can we test predictions about
language without using language

ALL without the language

A prediction...

There are ways to communicate
non-linguistically but still
incorporate linguistic properties

ALL without the language

An example...

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-7ijI-g4jHg>

ALL without the language

A theory...

We can use non-linguistic sounds
to communicate meanings to each
other

ALL without the language

A problem...

We tend to use non-linguistic communication in everyday speech

ALL without the language

A solution...



Give participants a slide whistle so they have a novel communication modality

Verhoef et al. (2015)

ALL without the language

An experiment...



Verhoef et al. (2015)

ALL without the language

An experiment...



Verhoef et al. (2015)

ALL without the language

An experiment...



Verhoef et al. (2015)

ALL without the language

A design...

- Participants create their own non-linguistic signals to communicate meanings
- These signals are recorded and passed onto the next generation of learners
- Meaning stimuli are either easy or difficult to communicate with iconic whistles

Verhoef et al. (2015)

ALL without the language

A result

- Iconic whistles emerge over the course of iterated learning, but only for the easy to represent meanings
- Participants can utilise theoretically motivated communication without linguistic sounds

Verhoef et al. (2015)