3.0 What Special Definitions Apply to Procedure 2?

The definitions in Procedure 2 include those provided in PS-11 of Appendix B, with the following additions:

- 3.1 "Absolute Correlation Audit (ACA)" means an evaluation of your PM CEMS response to a series of reference standards covering the full measurement range of the instrument (e.g., 4 mA to 20 mA).
- 3.2 "Correlation Range" means the range of PM CEMS responses used in the complete set of correlation test data.
- 3.3 "PM CEMS Correlation" means the site-specific relationship (i.e., a regression equation) between the output from your PM CEMS (e.g., mA) and the particulate concentration, as determined by the reference method. The PM CEMS correlation is expressed in the same units as the PM concentration measured by your PM CEMS (e.g., mg/acm). You must derive this relation from PM CEMS response data and manual reference method data that were gathered simultaneously. These data must be representative of the full range of source and control device operating conditions that you expect to occur. You must develop the correlation by performing the steps presented in sections 12.2 and 12.3 of PS-11.
- 3.4 "Reference Method Sampling Location" means the location in your source's exhaust duct from which you collect manual reference method data for developing your PM CEMS correlation and for performing relative response audits (RRAs) and response correlation audits (RCAs).
- 3.5 "Response Correlation Audit (RCA)" means the series of tests specified in <u>section 10.3(8)</u> of this procedure that you conduct to ensure the continued validity of your PM CEMS correlation.
- 3.6 "Relative Response Audit (RRA)" means the brief series of tests specified in <u>section 10.3(6)</u> of this procedure that you conduct between consecutive RCAs to ensure the continued validity of your PM CEMS correlation.
- 3.7 "Sample Volume Audit (SVA)" means an evaluation of your PM CEMS measurement of sample volume if your PM CEMS determines PM concentration based on a measure of PM mass in an extracted sample volume and an independent determination of sample volume.