

## HW 4

1a. i. Accuracy  $\Rightarrow$ 

$$\frac{12}{15} = \frac{4}{5} = 80\%$$

iv. F1 Score  $\Rightarrow$ 

$$= 2 * \left( \frac{.8 \times 2/3}{.8 + 2/3} \right)$$

$$= 72.72\%$$

ii. Precision  $\Rightarrow$ 

$$\frac{4}{4+1} = 80\%$$

iii. Recall  $\Rightarrow$ 

$$\frac{4}{4+2} = \frac{2}{3} = 66.67\%$$

1b.

		Predicted	
		0	1
Actual	0	8	1
	1	2	4

1c.  $P(\text{gender-actual} = \text{"women"})$  is the probability that the actual gender is women.

$P(\text{gender-predicted} = \text{"women"} | \text{gender-actual} = \text{"women"})$  is the probability that the predicted gender is women given that the actual gender is women.

1d. Recall should be high, because we want to return as many potential women records at the expense of being wrong once in a while. F1 Score seems to balance recall and precision.

2a.i.  $\frac{1}{3}$

ii.  $\frac{2}{6} = \frac{1}{3}$

iii.  $\frac{1}{3}$

iv.  $\frac{1}{2}$

2b.  $P(\text{love, movie}) = \frac{1}{6}$

if independent  $\rightarrow P(\text{love, movie}) = P(\text{love}) * P(\text{movie})$

$$= \frac{1}{6} * \frac{1}{6} = \frac{1}{36} = \frac{1}{9}$$

$\frac{1}{6} \neq \frac{1}{9}$  is not independent

3a.i.

	trendy	jeans	old	blue	red	wool
+fa	1	1	0	0	0	0
+fb	0	1	2	1	0	0
+fc	1	1	1	1	1	1
*idf	2	1.75	2	2	2.5	2.5
	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓

+idf a

+idf b

+idf c

+idf  $\rightarrow$

3b.

$(os(b, g)) = \frac{1.75^2 + 8}{\sqrt{1.75^2 + 4^2 + 2^2} * \sqrt{1.75^2 + 2^2}} = \frac{11.06}{4.8 * 2.66} = 0.87$

$\sqrt{1.75^2 + 4^2 + 2^2} * \sqrt{1.75^2 + 2^2}$

$= \frac{11.06}{4.8 * 2.66} = 0.87$

$$\cos(42) = \frac{1.75^2 + 4}{\sqrt{2^2 + 1.75^2} + \sqrt{1.75^2 + 2^2}} = \frac{7.06}{5.25 + 2.66}$$

$$= .51$$

Since  $\cos(b, a) > \cos(c, a) \rightarrow a$  is more similar to  $b$

3c.	trendy	-1	0	1	2	-2
	jems	2	3	-3	0	2.5

$$\text{Avg} \Rightarrow \quad 0.5 \quad 1.5 \quad -1 \quad 1 \quad .25$$

4a.

Squad I love go to store he work at rest is close today am end

Not Normalized

Start  
I  
love  
go  
to  
store  
he  
work  
at  
rest.  
is  
close  
today  
am



$$4b. 0.2 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 \times 0.5 = \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{4} = 0.25$$

4c. You would need to remove the stopword "the".  
Since that's what we did when we constructed the confusion matrix. Then we need to use perplexity because it accounts for the different sizes of test corpora.