# CA314 MyScrabble Product & Class Design

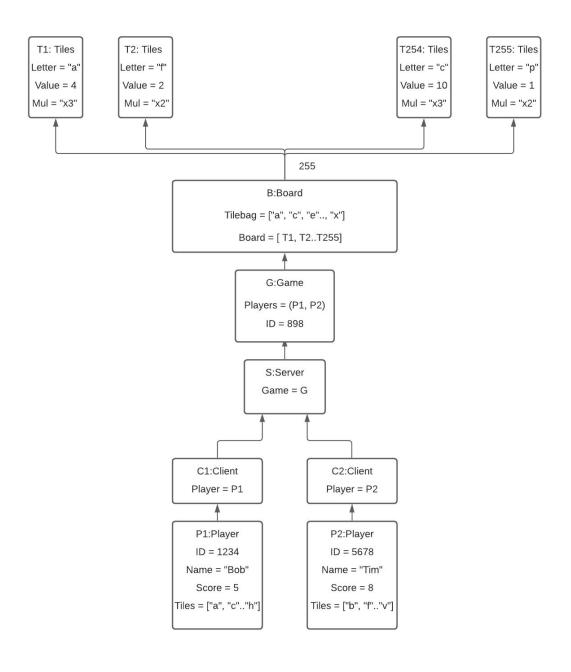
Group 1

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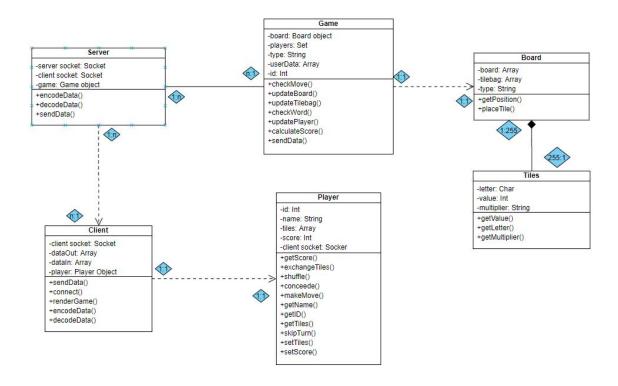
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## **Object Diagrams**

### Example of objects interacting during a game

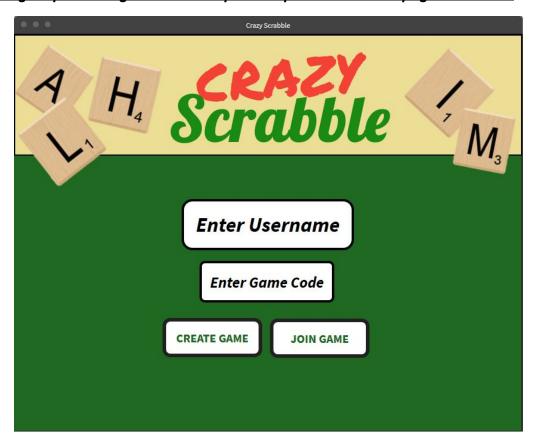


# Refined Class Diagrams

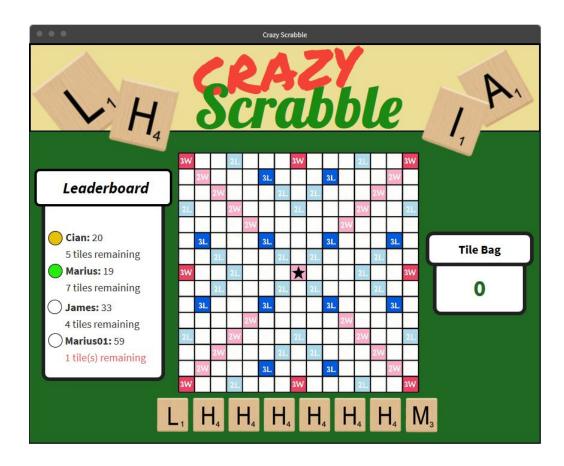


### **User Interface Mock-ups**

(1) Image representing the UI mockup developed for the main page of the site.



(2) <u>Image representing the UI mockup of the game in progress.</u>

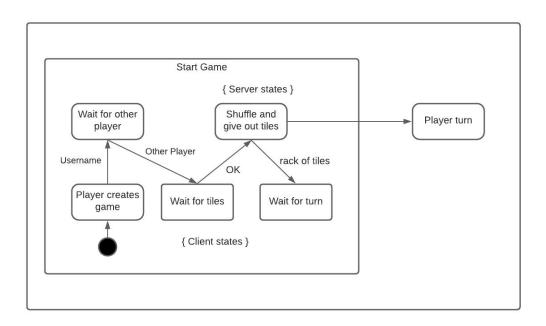


### (3) Image representing the UI mockup developed for join game state.

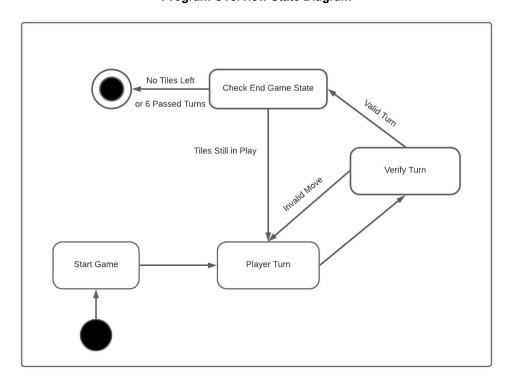


# **State Machines**

#### **Start Game State Machine**

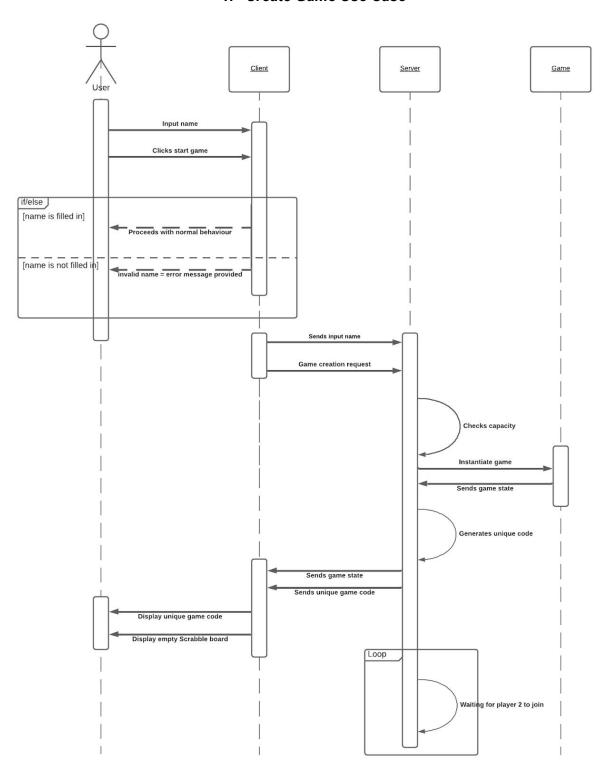


#### **Program Overview State Diagram**

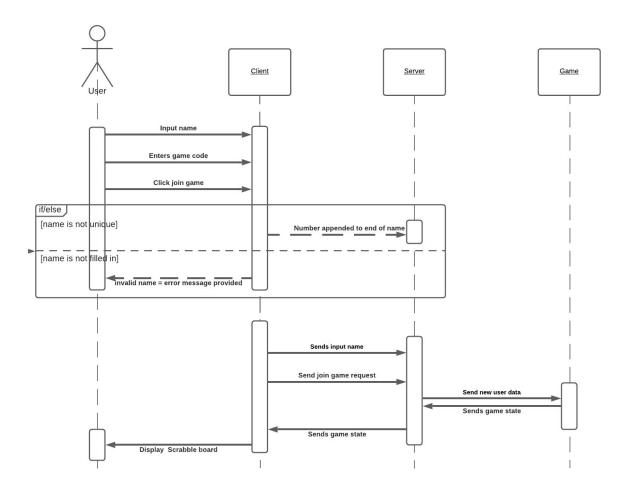


# Sequence Diagrams

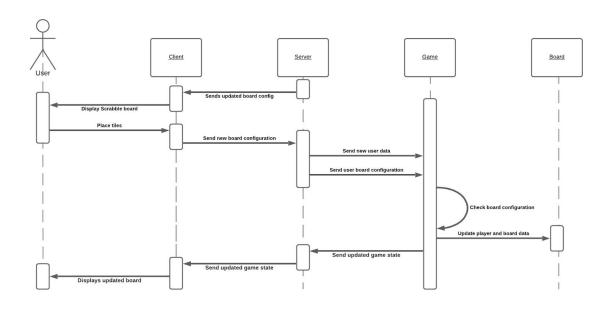
### 1. Create Game Use Case



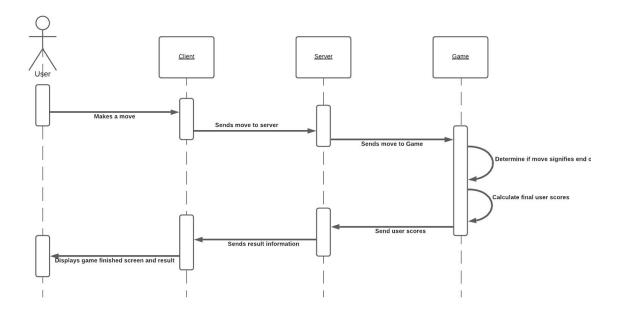
### 2. Join Game Use Case



### 3. Make Move Use Case

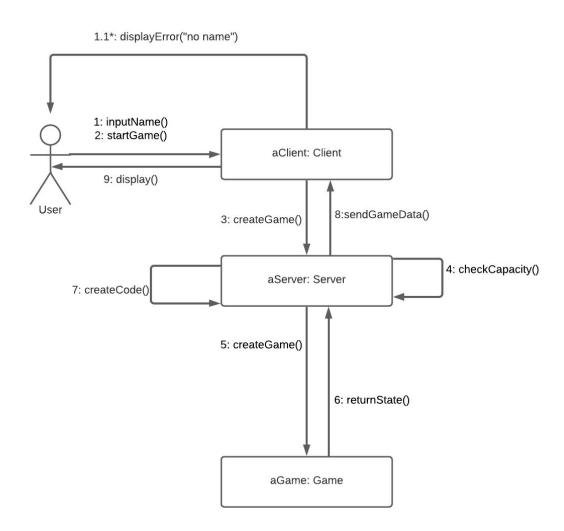


### 4. End Game Use Case

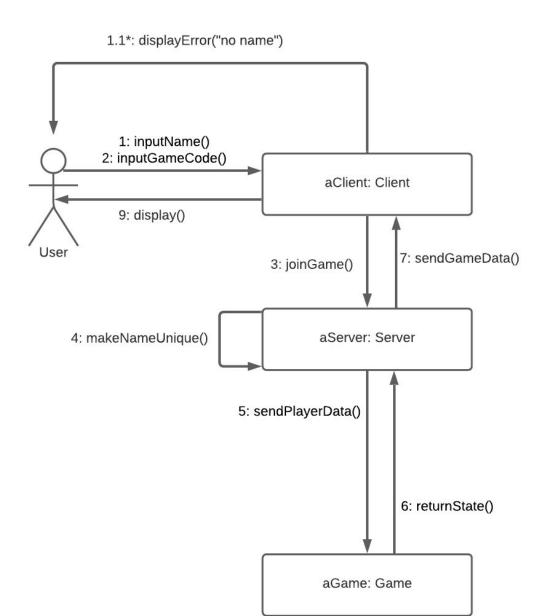


# **Collaboration Diagrams**

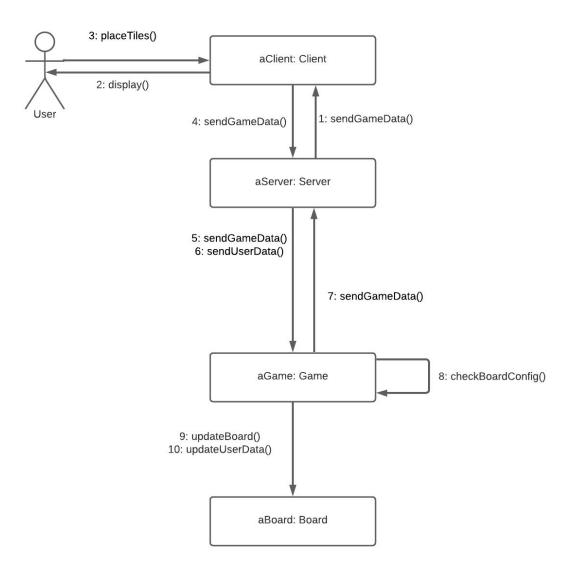
#### 1. Create Game Use Case



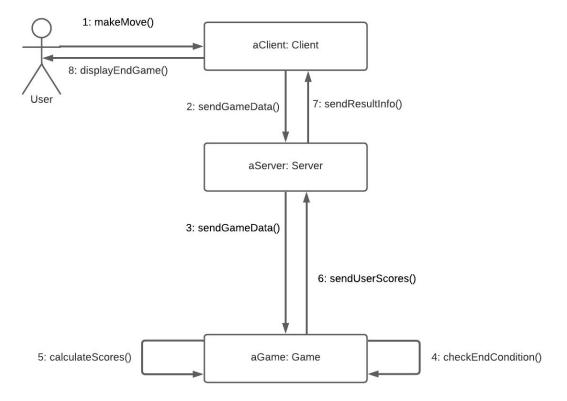
#### 2. Join Game Use Case



#### 3. Make Move Use Case

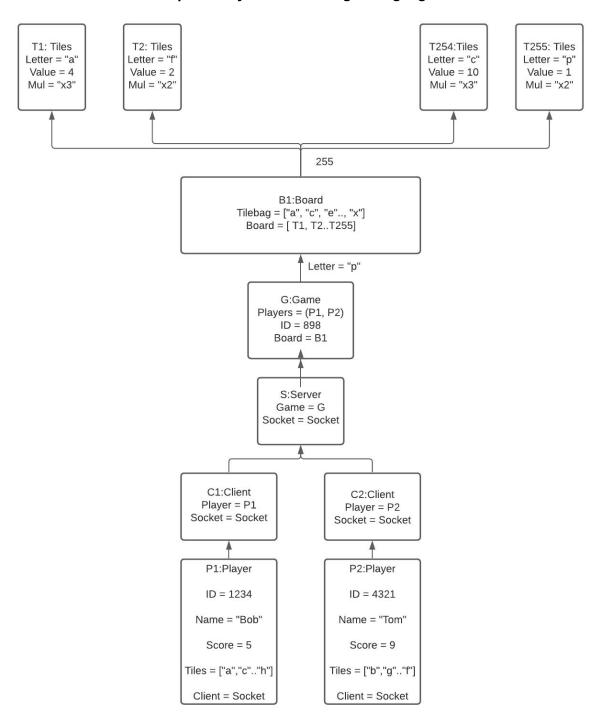


#### 4. End Game Use Case

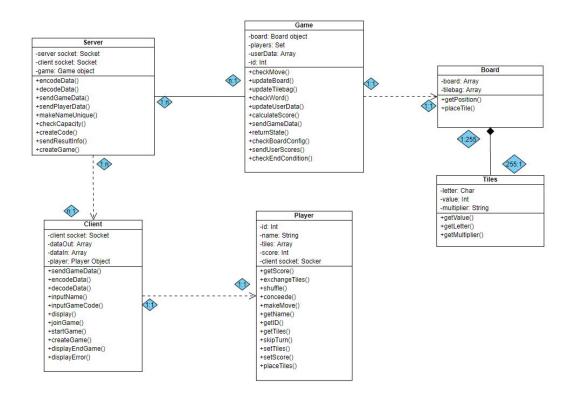


### Revised Object Diagrams

### Example of objects interacting during a game



### Refined Class Diagrams



### Class Skeletons

```
class Server:
         __init__(self, socket, client_sockets, game):
      Initializes an instance of the server class.
      :param socket: socket object for the server
      :param clients: a list of client objects
      :param game: a game object which handles the logic
      self.socket = socket
      self.clients = clients
      self.game = game
      def encode(self, data):
      :param data: Encoding data to be sent via
      socket to either a Client or Game object.
      return encoded_data
      def decode(self, data):
      :param data: Converts data into the correct
      format/structure to be parsed and then utilised.
      return decoded data
```

```
def send_game_data(self, data, target):
      Sends updated and encoded game state data to the client,'
      packaged/structured correctly for being
      interpreted by the Client.
      :param data: JSON object
      :param target: Client socket object
      return # HTTP JSON data i.e status codes for whether the data was
sent successfully
      def send_player_data(self, data, target):
      Sends data to the game, packaged/structured
      correctly for being interpreted by the recipient class.
      :param data: JSON Object
      :param target: Game instance for that Player.
      return # does not return anything i.e Void
      def make_name_unique(self, name):
      Takes an entered Player username that already exists
      in the target game, and makes it unique (by appending
      digits).
      :param name: String representation of username.
      return unique_name
      def check capacity(self):
      Checks whether there is sufficient server
      capacity for a new client connection / game.
      return # boolean
      def create code(self):
      Generates a unique ID code to represent
      the game and allow users to join.
      return game_code
      def send_result_info(self):
      Only used when game is ending, sends final results
      of game to client and also let's client know that
      the connection can be closed and the game has ended.
      return # JSON object
      def create_game(self):
      Initializes a game object when a game creation
      request is received.
```

```
class Client:
      def __init__(self, socket, data_out, data_in, player):
      Initializes an instance of the client class.
      :param socket: socket object for the client
      :param data_out: JSON object
      :param data_in: JSON object
      :player: Player object
      self.socket = socket
      self.data_out = data_out
      self.data_in = data_in
      self.player = player
      def send_game_data(self, data, target):
      Sends updated and encoded game state data to the server,'
      packaged/structured correctly for being
      interpreted by the Server.
      :param data: JSON object
      :param target: server socket object
      return # void
      def encode(self, data):
      :param data: Encoding data to be sent via
      socket to server.
      return encoded_data
      def decode(self, data):
      :param data: Converts data into the correct
      format/structure to be parsed and then utilised.
      return decoded_data
      def input_name(self, name):
      Updates player object's name
      :param name: player inputted name
      return #void
      def input_game_code(self, code):
      :param code: player inputted code
      return code
      def display(self):
```

```
Render board object to users screen
      return #void
      def join_game(self, code, target):
      Passes player name and code to the server
      :param code: player inputted code
      :param target: object for code to be sent to
      return #void
      def start_game(self):
      Send game creation request to server
      return #void
      def create game(self, name):
      Creates a game
      :param name: player name to be set
      return #void
class Player:
      def __init__(self, id, name, tiles, score, client_socket):
      Initializes an instance of the Player class.
      :param id: player unique id
      :param name: player unique name
      :param tiles: instantiates player tiles as empty list
      :param score: instantiates player score as 0
      :param client_socket: the player's client socket
      self.id = id
      self.name = name
      self.tiles = []
      self.score = 0
      self.client_socket = client_socket
      def get_score(self):
      Return player score
      return self.score
      def exchange_tiles(self):
      Send request to exchange tiles
      return #void
      def shuffle(self):
```

```
Shuffles tiles on screen
      return #void
      def make_move(self):
      Send updated board to client
      return #void
      def get_name(self):
      Return player name
      return self.name
      def get_ID(self):
      Return id
      return self.id
      def get_tiles(self):
      Return player's tiles
      return self.tiles
      def skip_turn(self):
      send request to server to move to next player
      return #void
      def set_tiles(self, tiles):
     Update player tiles
      :param tiles: new tile list to be switched
      def set_score(self, score):
      Update player score
      :param score: new player score
      return #void
      def place_tiles(self):
      Update game board
      return #void
class Game:
      def __init__(self, board, players, user_data, ID):
```

```
Initializes an instance of the Game class.
:param board: board object
:param players: set of player objects
:param user_data: array of user data
:param ID: game unique id
self.board = board
self.players = players
self.user_data = user_data
self.ID = ID
def check_move(self):
Check board configuration for illegal move
return # bool
def update board(self):
Update board object with new configuration
return # void
def update_tilebag(self):
Update board tile bag
return #void
def check_word(self, word):
Check the dictionary if the word is legal
:param word: word made by player
return #void
def update_user_data(self):
Update user data
return #void
def calculate_score(self):
Calculate word score
return score
def send_game_data(self):
Send updated game object to server
return #void
def return_state(self):
```

```
Return state of game
      return state
      def check_board_config(self, board):
      Check if board config is valid
      :param board: board object
      return # bool
      def send_user_scores(self):
      Send player's scores to server
      return self.players
      def check end conditoin(self):
      Checks if game should end
      return # bool
class Board:
      def
          __init__(self, board, tilebag, type):
      Initializes an instance of the Board class.
      :param board: the matrix (python lists)
      representation of the board.
      :param tilebag: an array to hold a series of random
      Tile objects.
      :param type: sets the type of the current Board
      based on the game type.
      self.board = board
      self.tilebag = tilebag
      self.type = type
      def get_position(self, pos):
      Getter to return the Tile object at
      a particular position on the board.
      return board[pos]
      def place_tile(self):
      Place a new Tile "onto" the board.
      return board
class Tile:
  def __init__(self, letter, value, multiplier):
      Initializes an instance of the Tile class.
```

```
:param letter: string/char representation of a letter (A-Z)
   :param value: an integer value to represent the value
   of the letter / tile.
   :param multiplier: sets the multiplier type of the tile.
   This is used for managing multiplier tiles on the board.
   self.letter = letter
   self.value = value
   self.multiplier = multiplier
def get_value(self):
   Getter to return value attribute of
   the tile object.
   return self.value
def get_letter(self):
   Getter to return letter attribute of
   the tile object.
   return self.letter
def get_multiplier(self):
   Getter to return the multiplier
   attribute of the tile object.
   return self.multiplier
```

### Minutes/Notes of Team Meetings

All members were present during our meetings.

### Meeting 01 - 03/11/2020

Sprint #1 Meeting

- First meeting was an overall collaborative review of the next section of the document and we began to work through the key points and items that needed to be addressed in Section 3.2.
- We assigned each team member their specific roles:
  - Object Diagrams -> Stefan
  - Refined Class Diagrams -> Maciej & James
  - UI Mock-ups -> Cian
  - State Machines -> Marius

### Meeting 02 - 10/11/2020

Sprint #2 Meeting

- This meeting began with the group sharing their independent work set for them during the previous week.
- The team then worked on the Collaboration and Sequence Diagrams together using lucidchart.
- We then split up the work as follows:
  - James and Maciej will work together on the refined class and object diagrams.
  - Stefan, Marius and Cian designed the class skeletons.

### Meeting 03 - 17/11/2020

Sprint #3 Meeting

- In this meeting, we reviewed each other's work that we had assigned and provided feedback.
- We concluded that some changes needed to be made and applied them. Following this, we stepped through the document with these additional sections completed and verified the quality throughout.
- Lastly, we finalized the document by refining the structure and appearance.